113th CONGRESS 1st Session



To reauthorize trade facilitation and trade enforcement functions and activities, and for other purposes.

## IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

Mr. BAUCUS (for himself and Mr. HATCH) introduced the following bill; which was read twice and referred to the Committee on \_\_\_\_\_\_

# A BILL

To reauthorize trade facilitation and trade enforcement functions and activities, and for other purposes.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

## **3** SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE; TABLE OF CONTENTS.

- 4 (a) SHORT TITLE.—This Act may be cited as the
- 5 "Trade Facilitation and Trade Enforcement Reauthoriza-
- 6 tion Act of 2013".
- 7 (b) TABLE OF CONTENTS.—The table of contents for
- 8 this Act is as follows:

Sec. 1. Short title; table of contents.Sec. 2. Definitions.

TITLE I—CUSTOMS ORGANIZATION

Subtitle A—Functions Other Than Investigative Functions

- Sec. 101. Establishment of U.S. Customs and Border Protection Agency; Commissioner.
- Sec. 102. Officers and employees.
- Sec. 103. Separate budget requests for U.S. Customs and Border Protection Agency.
- Sec. 104. Revolving fund.
- Sec. 105. Advances in foreign countries.
- Sec. 106. Advances for enforcement of customs provisions.
- Sec. 107. Certification of reason for advance.
- Sec. 108. Payments in foreign countries; claims for reimbursement.
- Sec. 109. Customs administration.
- Sec. 110. Personnel.
- Sec. 111. Authorization of appropriations.

#### Subtitle B—Investigative Functions

- Sec. 121. Establishment of U.S. Immigration and Customs Enforcement Agency.
- Sec. 122. Separate budget requests for U.S. Immigration and Customs Enforcement Agency.
- Sec. 123. Undercover investigative operations.
- Sec. 124. Authorization of appropriations.

#### Subtitle C—Joint Strategic Plan on Trade Facilitation and Trade Enforcement

Sec. 131. Joint strategic plan on trade facilitation and trade enforcement.

# TITLE II—TRADE FACILITATION, TRADE ENFORCEMENT, AND TRANSPARENCY

#### Subtitle A—Trade Facilitation and Transparency

- Sec. 201. Improving partnership programs.
- Sec. 202. Trade facilitation partnership program.
- Sec. 203. Centers of Excellence and Expertise.
- Sec. 204. Mutual recognition agreements.
- Sec. 205. Customs Operations Advisory Committee.
- Sec. 206. Automated Commercial Environment computer system.
- Sec. 207. International Trade Data System.
- Sec. 208. Electronic submission of public comments.

#### Subtitle B—Trade Enforcement

#### CHAPTER 1—COMMERCIAL TARGETING

- Sec. 211. Commercial Targeting Division and National Targeting and Analysis Groups.
- Sec. 212. Annual illegal drug control law enforcement strategy.
- Sec. 213. Report on oversight of revenue protection and enforcement measures by the inspector general.
- Sec. 214. Report on security and revenue measures with respect to merchandise transported in bond.
- Sec. 215. Importer of record program.

Sec. 221. Interagency Import Safety Working Group.

Sec. 222. Joint import safety rapid response plan.

Sec. 223. Training.

#### Chapter 3—Import-related Protection of Intellectual Property Rights

# SUBCHAPTER A—NATIONAL INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY RIGHTS COORDINATION CENTER

Sec. 231. National Intellectual Property Rights Coordination Center.

SUBCHAPTER B—AMENDMENTS TO THE TARIFF ACT OF 1930

- Sec. 241. Provision to rights owners of information about and samples of merchandise suspected of infringing trademarks or copyrights.
- Sec. 242. Enforcement by the U.S. Customs and Border Protection Agency of works for which a copyright registration is pending.
- Sec. 243. Seizure of circumvention devices.

#### SUBCHAPTER C—OTHER MATTERS

- Sec. 251. Definition of intellectual property rights.
- Sec. 252. Joint strategic plan for the enforcement of intellectual property rights.
- Sec. 253. Personnel dedicated to the enforcement of intellectual property rights.
- Sec. 254. Training with respect to the enforcement of intellectual property rights.
- Sec. 255. Information for travelers regarding violations of intellectual property rights.
- Sec. 256. International cooperation and information sharing.
- Sec. 257. Sense of Congress regarding recordation process.
- Sec. 258. Report on intellectual property rights enforcement.

Chapter 4—Coordination of Trade Enforcement Priorities

Sec. 261. Establishment of priority trade enforcement coordination centers.

# TITLE III—EVASION OF ANTIDUMPING AND COUNTERVAILING DUTY ORDERS

- Sec. 301. Short title.
- Sec. 302. Procedures for investigating claims of evasion of antidumping and countervailing duty orders.
- Sec. 303. Annual report on prevention and investigation of evasion of antidumping and countervailing duty orders.

#### TITLE IV—MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS

- Sec. 401. Consultation on trade and customs revenue functions.
- Sec. 402. Drawback simplification.
- Sec. 403. Penalties for customs brokers.
- Sec. 404. Amendments to chapter 98 of the Harmonized Tariff Schedule of the United States.
- Sec. 405. Charter flights.
- Sec. 406. Pilot program to designate additional 24-hour commercial ports of entry.

- Sec. 407. Elimination of consumptive demand exception to prohibition on importation of goods made with convict labor, forced labor, or indentured labor; report.
- Sec. 408. Honey transshipment.
- Sec. 409. Contraband archaeological or ethnological materials.
- Sec. 410. De minimis value and entry under regulations.
- Sec. 411. Repeal of authority of U.S. Customs and Border Protection Agency to enter into certain reimbursable fee agreements.

### 1 SEC. 2. DEFINITIONS.

2 In this Act:

3 COMMERCIAL OPERATIONS.—The (1)term "commercial operations", with respect to the U.S. 4 5 Customs and Border Protection Agency, means the 6 operations described in section 1(c)(2) of the Act of 7 March 3, 1927 (44 Stat. 1381, chapter 348; 19 8 U.S.C. 2071), as amended by section 101 of this 9 Act.

10 (2) COMMISSIONER.—The term "Commis11 sioner" means the Commissioner of U.S. Customs
12 and Border Protection (as established under section
13 1 of the Act of March 3, 1927 (44 Stat. 1381, chap14 ter 348; 19 U.S.C. 2071), as amended by section
15 101 of this Act).

16 (3) CUSTOMS OPERATIONS ADVISORY COM17 MITTEE.—The term "Customs Operations Advisory
18 Committee" means the Advisory Committee estab19 lished under section 205 of this Act or any successor
20 committee.

1	(4) CUSTOMS AND TRADE LAWS OF THE
2	UNITED STATES.—The term "customs and trade
3	laws of the United States" includes the following:
4	(A) The Tariff Act of 1930 (19 U.S.C.
5	1202 et seq.).
6	(B) Section 249 of the Revised Statutes
7	(19 U.S.C. 3).
8	(C) Section 2 of the Act of March 4, 1923
9	(42 Stat. 1453, chapter 251; 19 U.S.C. 6).
10	(D) The Act of March 3, 1927 (44 Stat.
11	1381, chapter 348; 19 U.S.C. 2071 et seq.).
12	(E) Section 13031 of the Consolidated
13	Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act of 1985
14	(19 U.S.C. 58c).
15	(F) Section 251 of the Revised Statutes
16	(19 U.S.C. 66).
17	(G) Section 1 of the Act of June 26, 1930
18	(46 Stat. 817, chapter 617; 19 U.S.C. 68).
19	(H) The Foreign Trade Zones Act (19
20	U.S.C. 81a et seq.).
21	(I) Section 1 of the Act of March 2, 1911
22	(36 Stat. 965, chapter 191; 19 U.S.C. 198).
23	(J) The Trade Act of $1974$ (19 U.S.C.
24	2102 et seq.).

1	(K) The Trade Agreements Act of 1979
2	(19 U.S.C. 2501 et seq.).
3	(L) The North American Free Trade
4	Agreement Implementation Act (19 U.S.C.
5	3301 et seq.).
6	(M) The Uruguay Round Agreements Act
7	(19 U.S.C. 3501 et seq.).
8	(N) The Caribbean Basin Economic Recov-
9	ery Act (19 U.S.C. 2701 et seq.).
10	(O) The Andean Trade Preference Act (19
11	U.S.C. 3201 et seq.).
12	(P) The African Growth and Opportunity
13	Act (19 U.S.C. 3701 et seq.).
14	(Q) The Customs Enforcement Act of
15	1986 (Public Law 99–570; 100 Stat. 3207–79).
16	(R) The Customs and Trade Act of 1990
17	
17	(Public Law 101–382; 104 Stat. 629).
17	<ul><li>(Public Law 101–382; 104 Stat. 629).</li><li>(S) The Customs Procedural Reform and</li></ul>
18	(S) The Customs Procedural Reform and
18 19	(S) The Customs Procedural Reform and Simplification Act of 1978 (Public Law 95–
18 19 20	<ul><li>(8) The Customs Procedural Reform and Simplification Act of 1978 (Public Law 95– 410; 92 Stat. 888).</li></ul>
18 19 20 21	<ul> <li>(S) The Customs Procedural Reform and Simplification Act of 1978 (Public Law 95– 410; 92 Stat. 888).</li> <li>(T) The Trade Act of 2002 (Public Law</li> </ul>

1	(V) The Act of March 28, 1928 (45 Stat.
2	374, chapter 266; 19 U.S.C. 2077 et seq.)
3	(W) The Act of August 7, 1939 (53 Stat.
4	1263, chapter 566).
5	(X) Any other provision of law imple-
6	menting a trade agreement.
7	(Y) Any other provision of law vesting cus-
8	toms revenue functions in the Secretary of the
9	Treasury.
10	(Z) Any other provision of law relating to
11	trade facilitation or trade enforcement that is
12	administered by the U.S. Customs and Border
13	Protection Agency on behalf of any Federal
14	agency that is required to participate in the
15	International Trade Data System.
16	(AA) Any other provision of customs or
17	trade law administered by the U.S. Customs
18	and Border Protection Agency or the U.S. Im-
19	migration and Customs Enforcement Agency.
20	(5) CUSTOMS REVENUE FUNCTION.—The term
21	"customs revenue function" has the meaning given
22	that term in section 415 of the Homeland Security
23	Act of 2002 (6 U.S.C. 215).
24	(6) PRIVATE SECTOR ENTITY.—The term "pri-
25	vate sector entity" means—

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1	(A) an importer;
2	(B) an exporter;
3	(C) a forwarder;
4	(D) an air, sea, or land carrier or shipper;
5	(E) a contract logistics provider;
6	(F) a customs broker; or
7	(G) any other person (other than an em-
8	ployee of a government) involved in the impor-
9	tation or exportation of merchandise into or out
10	of the United States.
11	(7) TRADE ENFORCEMENT.—The term "trade
12	enforcement" means the enforcement of the customs
13	and trade laws of the United States.
14	(8) TRADE FACILITATION.—The term "trade
15	facilitation" refers to policies and activities of the
16	U.S. Customs and Border Protection Agency with
17	respect to facilitating the movement of merchandise
18	into and out of the United States in a manner that
19	complies with the customs and trade laws of the
20	United States.
21	(9) TRADE SUPPORT NETWORK.—The term
22	"Trade Support Network" means the network of
23	private sector entities that provide input on the de-
24	velopment of modernization projects of the U.S.
25	Customs and Border Protection Agency.

## TITLE I—CUSTOMS 1 **ORGANIZATION** 2 Subtitle A—Functions Other Than 3 **Investigative Functions** 4 5 SEC. 101. ESTABLISHMENT OF U.S. CUSTOMS AND BORDER 6 **PROTECTION AGENCY; COMMISSIONER.** 7 (a) IN GENERAL.—The first section of the Act of 8 March 3, 1927 (44 Stat. 1381, chapter 348; 19 U.S.C. 9 2071), is amended to read as follows: 10 "SECTION 1. ESTABLISHMENT OF U.S. CUSTOMS AND BOR-11 DER PROTECTION AGENCY; COMMISSIONER. 12 "(a) Establishment of U.S. Customs and Bor-13 DER PROTECTION AGENCY.—There is established in the 14 Department of Homeland Security the U.S. Customs and 15 Border Protection Agency. 16 "(b) Establishment of Commissioner of U.S. CUSTOMS AND BORDER PROTECTION.—The head of the 17 18 U.S. Customs and Border Protection Agency shall be a 19 Commissioner of U.S. Customs and Border Protection (in 20 this Act referred to as the 'Commissioner'), who shall— 21 "(1) be appointed by the President, by and with 22 the advice and consent of the Senate; 23 "(2) carry out the duties described in sub-24 section (c); and

1	"(3) report directly to the Secretary of Home-
2	land Security.
3	"(c) DUTIES.—
4	"(1) IN GENERAL.—The duties of the Commis-
5	sioner shall include—
6	"(A) coordinating and integrating the se-
7	curity, trade facilitation, and trade enforcement
8	functions of the U.S. Customs and Border Pro-
9	tection Agency;
10	"(B) directing the administration of the
11	commercial operations as described in para-
12	graph (2) and the noncommercial operations of
13	the Agency;
14	"(C) otherwise safeguarding the homeland
15	security interests of the United States;
16	"(D) ensuring that the overall economic se-
17	curity of the United States is not diminished by
18	efforts, activities, and programs aimed at secur-
19	ing the homeland (as defined in section 2 of the
20	Homeland Security Act of 2002 (6 U.S.C.
21	101)); and
22	"(E) carrying out the duties and powers
23	prescribed by law and such other duties as the
24	Secretary of Homeland Security or the Sec-

1	retary of the Treasury, as appropriate, may as-
2	sign.
3	"(2) Commercial operations.—The commer-
4	cial operations of the U.S. Customs and Border Pro-
5	tection Agency shall include—
6	"(A) administering any customs revenue
7	function (as defined in section 415 of the
8	Homeland Security Act of 2002 (6 U.S.C.
9	215));
10	"(B) coordinating efforts of the Depart-
11	ment of Homeland Security with respect to
12	trade facilitation and, as appropriate, trade en-
13	forcement;
14	"(C) coordinating with the Director of
15	U.S. Immigration and Customs Enforcement
16	with respect to—
17	"(i) investigations relating to trade
18	enforcement; and
19	"(ii) the development and implementa-
20	tion of the joint strategic plan on trade fa-
21	cilitation and trade enforcement required
22	under section 123A of the Customs and
23	Trade Act of 1990;
24	"(D) coordinating, on behalf of the De-
25	partment of Homeland Security, efforts among

1	Federal agencies with respect to trade facilita-
2	tion and, as appropriate, trade enforcement, in-
3	cluding representing the Department of Home-
4	land Security in interagency fora addressing
5	such efforts;
6	"(E) coordinating the efforts of the U.S.
7	Customs and Border Protection Agency with
8	the efforts of customs authorities of foreign
9	countries to facilitate international trade and
10	enforce customs and trade laws;
11	"(F) collecting, assessing, and dissemi-
12	nating information as appropriate and in ac-
13	cordance with law, regarding cargo destined for
14	the United States, to enhance trade facilitation
15	and, as appropriate, trade enforcement; and
16	"(G) otherwise advising the Secretary of
17	Homeland Security with respect to the develop-
18	ment of policies associated with trade facilita-
19	tion and, as appropriate, trade enforcement.
20	"(d) Consultations.—
21	"(1) RESOURCE NEEDS.—In carrying out the
22	duties described in subsection (c), the Commissioner
23	shall consult with the Committee on Finance and
24	Committee on Appropriations of the Senate and the
25	Committee on Ways and Means and the Committee

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on Appropriations of the House of Representatives
 on a regular and timely basis regarding the resource
 needs of the U.S. Customs and Border Protection
 Agency to safeguard the economic security interests
 of the United States at land borders and ports of
 entry.

(2)7 INTERNATIONAL NEGOTIATIONS.—The 8 Commissioner shall consult with the Committee on 9 Finance of the Senate and the Committee on Ways 10 and Means of the House of Representatives on a 11 regular and timely basis regarding the status and 12 substance of international negotiations relating to 13 the customs and trade laws of the United States, or 14 of foreign countries, in which personnel of the U.S. 15 Customs and Border Protection Agency are partici-16 pating.

17 "(3) PRIVATE SECTOR INPUT.—In carrying out 18 the duties described in subsection (c), the Commis-19 sioner shall solicit and consider on a regular basis 20 input from private sector entities, including the Cus-21 toms Operations Advisory Committee, the Trade 22 Support Network, and other entities affected by the 23 efforts of the Federal Government relating to trade 24 facilitation and trade enforcement, with respect to—

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1	"(A) the implementation of new or amend-
2	ed customs and trade laws; and
3	"(B) the development, implementation, or
4	revision of policies or regulations administered
5	by the U.S. Customs and Border Protection
6	Agency.
7	"(e) Compensation.—The Commissioner shall be
8	compensated at the rate of pay for level III of the Execu-
9	tive Schedule as provided in section 5314 of title 5, United
10	States Code.
11	"(f) Absence or Disability of Commissioner.—
12	The Deputy Commissioner for Trade, appointed pursuant
13	to section 2, shall act as Commissioner during the absence
14	or disability of the Commissioner or in the event that the
15	position of Commissioner is vacant.
16	"(g) DEFINITIONS.—In this Act, the terms 'Customs
17	Operations Advisory Committee', 'customs and trade laws
18	of the United States', 'private sector entity', 'trade en-
19	forcement', 'trade facilitation', and 'Trade Support Net-
20	work' have the meanings given those terms in section 2
21	of the Trade Facilitation and Trade Enforcement Reau-
22	thorization Act of 2013.".
23	(b) Administrative Continuity.—The Act of
24	March 3, 1927 (44 Stat. 1381, chapter 348; 19 U.S.C.

2071 et seq.), is amended by striking section 3 (19 U.S.C.
 2073) and all that follows and inserting the following:

# 3 "SEC. 3. TRANSFER OF FUNCTIONS, ASSETS, LIABILITIES, 4 AND DUTIES.

5 "(a) IN GENERAL.—Section 411 of the Homeland 6 Security Act of 2002 (6 U.S.C. 211) is repealed, and the 7 functions and associated personnel, assets, and liabilities, 8 identified under such section 411 on the day before the 9 date of the enactment of the Trade Facilitation and Trade 10 Enforcement Reauthorization Act of 2013 are transferred 11 to the U.S. Customs and Border Protection Agency.

12 "(b) CONTINUATION IN OFFICE.—The individual 13 serving as Commissioner of Customs in the Department of Homeland Security on the day before the date of the 14 15 enactment of the Trade Facilitation and Trade Enforcement Reauthorization Act of 2013 may serve as the Com-16 missioner of the U.S. Customs and Border Protection 17 18 Agency established under section 1 until the earlier of— 19 "(1) the date on which that individual is no 20 longer eligible to serve as Commissioner of Customs; 21 or

"(2) the date on which an individual nominated
by the President to be the Commissioner of U.S.
Customs and Border Protection is confirmed by the
Senate.".

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1	(c) Conforming Amendments.—
2	(1) TITLE 5.—Section 5314 of title 5, United
3	States Code, is amended by striking "Commissioner
4	of Customs, Department of Homeland Security."
5	and inserting "Commissioner of U.S. Customs and
6	Border Protection, Department of Homeland Secu-
7	rity.".
8	(2) TABLE OF CONTENTS.—The table of con-
9	tents for the Homeland Security Act of 2002 is
10	amended by striking the item relating to section 411
11	and inserting the following:
	"Sec. 411. [Reserved].".
12	SEC. 102. OFFICERS AND EMPLOYEES.
13	(a) IN GENERAL.—Section 2 of the Act of March 3,
14	1927 (44 Stat. 1381, chapter 348; 19 U.S.C. 2072), is
15	amended to read as follows:
16	"SEC. 2. DEPUTY COMMISSIONERS; TRADE ADVOCATE;
17	OTHER OFFICERS.
18	"(a) Establishment of Deputy Commis-
19	SIONERS.—
20	"(1) IN GENERAL.—There shall be in the U.S.
21	Customs and Border Protection Agency established
22	under section 1 not more than 3 and not fewer than
23	2 deputy commissioners, each of whom shall report
24	directly to the Commissioner.
20 21 22	"(1) IN GENERAL.—There shall be in the U.S. Customs and Border Protection Agency established under section 1 not more than 3 and not fewer that

1	"(2) Senior executive service position.—
2	The position of a deputy commissioner established
3	under paragraph (1) shall be a Senior Executive
4	Service position (as defined in section 3132(a) of
5	title 5, United States Code).
6	"(b) Deputy Commissioner for Trade.—
7	"(1) IN GENERAL.—One of the deputy commis-
8	sioners established under subsection $(a)(1)$ shall be
9	the Deputy Commissioner for Trade.
10	"(2) DUTIES.—The duties of the Deputy Com-
11	missioner for Trade shall include—
12	"(A) overseeing the commercial operations
13	of the U.S. Customs and Border Protection
14	Agency (as described in section $1(c)(2)$ );
15	"(B) overseeing the Office of Trade estab-
16	lished under section 4 and the Office of Inter-
17	national Affairs established under section 5;
18	"(C) overseeing the development and im-
19	plementation of all policies and regulations ad-
20	ministered by the Agency pursuant to the cus-
21	toms and trade laws of the United States;
22	"(D) coordinating the establishment of
23	standards and policies for developing, deliv-
24	ering, and evaluating training programs for

1 personnel of the Agency with responsibility for 2 trade facilitation and trade enforcement; 3 "(E) overseeing the development and im-4 plementation of information technology, re-5 search, and communication functions, including 6 automation and modernization strategies, that 7 support the commercial operations of the Agen-8 cy, including the implementation of the Auto-9 mated Commercial Environment computer sys-10 tem authorized under section 13031(f)(5) of the 11 Consolidated Omnibus Budget and Reconcili-12 ation Act of 1985 (19 U.S.C. 58c(f)(5)); and 13 "(F) overseeing the administration of the 14 financial management activities of the Agency, 15 including accounting, budgeting, procurement, 16 logistics, financial systems, policy, planning, 17 and audit oversight. 18 "(3) QUALIFICATIONS.—An individual ap-19 pointed to be the Deputy Commissioner for Trade 20 shall have a minimum of 10 years of professional ex-21 perience in the operation of the customs and trade 22 laws of the United States, not less than 3 of which 23 shall involve either working with or for the private 24 sector on matters relating to trade facilitation or 25 trade enforcement.

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"(4) Absence or disability of deputy com-
MISSIONER FOR TRADE.—The Assistant Commis-
sioner of the Office of Trade, established under sec-
tion 4, shall act as the Deputy Commissioner for
Trade during the absence or disability of the Deputy
Commissioner for Trade or in the event that the po-
sition of Deputy Commissioner for Trade is vacant.
"(c) TRADE ADVOCATE.—
"(1) Establishment.—
"(A) IN GENERAL.—There shall be in the
office of the Commissioner a Trade Advocate,
who shall be appointed by and report directly to
the Commissioner.
"(B) SENIOR EXECUTIVE SERVICE POSI-
TION.—The position of Trade Advocate shall be
a Senior Executive Service position (as defined
in section 3132(a) of title 5, United States
Code).
"(2) DUTIES.—The duties of the Trade Advo-
cate shall include—
"(A) developing and maintaining strategic
communications with private sector entities and
the public to enhance trade facilitation and
trade enforcement;

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1	"(B) serving as the primary liaison be-
2	tween the U.S. Customs and Border Protection
3	Agency and private sector entities and the pub-
4	lic with respect to the Agency's trade facilita-
5	tion and trade enforcement functions;
6	"(C) consulting with private sector entities,
7	including the Customs Operations Advisory
8	Committee and the Trade Support Network, for
9	their input with respect to—
10	"(i) the development, implementation,
11	and impact of policies and regulations ad-
12	ministered by the Agency;
13	"(ii) the development of the joint stra-
14	tegic plan on trade facilitation and trade
15	enforcement required under section 123A
16	of the Customs and Trade Act of 1990;
17	"(iii) the assessment of the effective-
18	ness of the trade facilitation and trade en-
19	forcement activities of the Agency;
20	"(iv) trade modernization activities,
21	including the development and implementa-
22	tion of the Automated Commercial Envi-
23	ronment computer system authorized
24	under section $13031(f)(5)$ of the Consoli-
25	dated Omnibus Budget and Reconciliation

1	Act of 1985 (19 U.S.C. $58c(f)(5)$ ) and
2	support for the establishment of the Inter-
3	national Trade Data System under the
4	oversight of the Department of the Treas-
5	ury pursuant to section 411(d) of the Tar-
6	iff Act of 1930 (19 U.S.C. 1411(d));
7	"(v) the identification of private sec-
8	tor resources and capabilities that will sup-
9	plement the trade facilitation and trade en-
10	forcement activities of the Agency;
11	"(D) advising the Commissioner with re-
12	spect to the consultations described in subpara-
13	graph (C);
14	"(E) promoting existing public-private
15	partnerships and developing new public-private
16	partnerships to enhance the trade facilitation
17	and trade enforcement activities of the Agency;
18	and
19	"(F) otherwise consulting with private sec-
20	tor entities and the public as directed by the
21	Commissioner or by law.
22	"(3) QUALIFICATIONS.—An individual ap-
23	pointed to be the Trade Advocate shall have a min-
24	imum of 10 years of professional experience working
25	with the customs and trade laws of the United

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1	States, not less than 3 of which shall have been
2	spent working in the private sector.
3	"(4) Elimination of office of trade rela-

4 TIONS.—

"(A) TRANSFER.—Not later than 30 days 5 6 after the date of the enactment of the Trade 7 Facilitation and Trade Enforcement Reauthor-8 ization Act of 2013, the Secretary of Homeland 9 Security shall transfer the assets, functions, 10 personnel, and liabilities of the Office of Trade 11 Relations of the U.S. Customs and Border Pro-12 tection Agency to the Trade Advocate estab-13 lished under paragraph (1).

14 "(B) ELIMINATION.—Not later than 30
15 days after the date of the enactment of the
16 Trade Facilitation and Trade Enforcement Re17 authorization Act of 2013, the Office of Trade
18 Relations shall be abolished.

19 "(C) LIMITATION ON FUNDS.—No funds
20 appropriated to the Agency or the Department
21 of Homeland Security may be used to transfer
22 the assets, functions, personnel, and liabilities
23 of the Office of Trade Relations to an office or
24 official other than the Trade Advocate estab25 lished under paragraph (1).

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1 "(d) OTHER OFFICERS.—The Commissioner may ap-2 point such other officers as are necessary to manage the individual offices within the U.S. Customs and Border 3 4 Protection Agency. Any appointment of personnel under 5 this subsection shall be subject to the provisions of the civil service laws, and the salaries shall be fixed in accord-6 7 ance with chapter 51 and subchapter III of chapter 53 8 of title 5, United States Code.".

9 (b) TRADE OFFICES AND FUNCTIONS.—The Act of 10 March 3, 1927 (44 Stat. 1381, chapter 348; 19 U.S.C. 11 2071 et seq.), is amended by adding at the end the fol-12 lowing:

## 13 "SEC. 4. OFFICE OF TRADE.

14 "(a) ESTABLISHMENT OF OFFICE OF TRADE.—
15 There shall be in the U.S. Customs and Border Protection
16 Agency an Office of Trade, which shall be headed by an
17 Assistant Commissioner for Trade.

18 "(b) TRANSFER OF ASSETS, FUNCTION, AND PER-19 SONNEL; ELIMINATION OF OFFICES.—

20 "(1) Office of international trade.—

21 "(A) TRANSFER.—Not later than 30 days
22 after the date of the enactment of the Trade
23 Facilitation and Trade Enforcement Reauthor24 ization Act of 2013, the Secretary of Homeland
25 Security shall transfer the assets, functions,

	24
1	personnel, and liabilities of the Office of Inter-
2	national Trade to the Office of Trade estab-
3	lished under subsection (a).
4	"(B) ELIMINATION.—Not later than 30
5	days after the date of the enactment of the
6	Trade Facilitation and Trade Enforcement Re-
7	authorization Act of 2013, the Office of Inter-
8	national Trade shall be abolished.
9	"(C) LIMITATION ON FUNDS.—No funds
10	appropriated to the U.S. Customs and Border
11	Protection Agency or the Department of Home-
12	land Security may be used to transfer the as-
13	sets, functions, personnel, and liabilities of the
14	Office of International Trade to an office other
15	than the Office of Trade established under sub-
16	section (a).
17	"(D) OFFICE OF INTERNATIONAL TRADE
18	DEFINED.—In this paragraph, the term 'Office
19	of International Trade' means the Office of
20	International Trade established under sub-
21	section (d) of section 2 of this Act, as added by
22	section 402 of the Security and Accountability
23	for Every Port Act of 2006 (Public Law 109–
24	347; 120 Stat. 1924), and as in effect on the
25	day before the date of the enactment of the

1	Trade Facilitation and Trade Enforcement Re-
2	authorization Act of 2013.
3	"(2) Other transfers.—
4	"(A) IN GENERAL.—The Commissioner is
5	authorized to transfer any other assets, func-
6	tions, or personnel within the U.S. Customs
7	and Border Protection Agency to the Office of
8	Trade established under subsection (a).
9	"(B) Congressional notification.—
10	Not less than 90 days prior to the transfer of
11	assets, functions, or personnel under subpara-
12	graph (A), the Commissioner shall notify the
13	Committee on Finance of the Senate and the
14	Committee on Ways and Means of the House of
15	Representatives of the specific assets, functions,
16	or personnel to be transferred, and the reason
17	for the transfer.
18	"(c) Assistant Commissioner for Trade.—
19	"(1) Appointment.—
20	"(A) IN GENERAL.—The Commissioner
21	shall appoint an Assistant Commissioner for
22	Trade who shall—
23	"(i) be the head of the Office of
24	Trade; and

	20
1	"(ii) report to the Deputy Commis-
2	sioner for Trade of the U.S. Customs and
3	Border Protection Agency.
4	"(B) SENIOR EXECUTIVE SERVICE POSI-
5	TION.—The position of Assistant Commissioner
6	for Trade shall be a Senior Executive Service
7	position (as defined in section 3132(a) of title
8	5, United States Code).
9	"(2) QUALIFICATIONS.—An individual ap-
10	pointed to be the Assistant Commissioner for Trade
11	shall have a minimum of 10 years of professional ex-
12	perience in the operation of the customs and trade
13	laws of the United States, not less than 3 of which
14	shall involve either working with or for the private
15	sector on matters relating to trade facilitation or
16	trade enforcement.
17	"(3) DUTIES.—The duties of the Assistant
18	Commissioner for Trade shall include—
19	"(A) directing the development and imple-
20	mentation, pursuant to the customs and trade
21	laws of the United States, of policies and regu-
22	lations administered by the U.S. Customs and
23	Border Protection Agency;
24	"(B) advising the Deputy Commissioner
25	for Trade with respect to the impact on trade

1	facilitation and trade enforcement of any policy
2	or regulation otherwise proposed or adminis-
3	tered by the Agency;
4	"(C) cooperating with the Assistant Com-
5	missioner for Field Operations with respect to
6	the trade facilitation and trade enforcement ac-
7	tivities of the Agency carried out at the land
8	borders and ports of entry of the United States;
9	"(D) directing the development and imple-
10	mentation of matters relating to the priority
11	trade issues identified by the Commissioner in
12	the joint strategic plan on trade facilitation and
13	trade enforcement required under section 123A
14	of the Customs and Trade Act of 1990;
15	"(E) otherwise advising the Commissioner
16	with respect to the development and implemen-
17	tation of the joint strategic plan;
18	"(F) directing the trade enforcement ac-
19	tivities of the Agency, including the activities of
20	the National Targeting and Analysis Groups es-
21	tablished under section 211 of the Trade Facili-
22	tation and Trade Enforcement Reauthorization
23	Act of 2013;
24	"(G) overseeing the trade modernization
25	activities of the Agency, including the develop-

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1	ment and implementation of the Automated
2	Commercial Environment computer system au-
3	thorized under section $13031(f)(5)$ of the Con-
4	solidated Omnibus Budget and Reconciliation
5	Act of 1985 (19 U.S.C. $58c(f)(5)$ ) and support
6	for the establishment of the International Trade
7	Data System under the oversight of the Depart-
8	ment of the Treasury pursuant to section
9	411(d) of the Tariff Act of 1930 (19 U.S.C.
10	1411(d));
11	"(H) directing the administration of cus-
12	toms revenue functions as otherwise provided
13	by law or delegated by the Commissioner; and
14	"(I) preparing an annual report to be sub-
15	mitted to the Committee on Finance of the Sen-
16	ate and the Committee on Ways and Means of
17	the House of Representatives not later than
18	March 1 of each calendar year that includes—
19	"(i) a summary of the changes to cus-
20	toms policies and regulations adopted by
21	the Agency during the preceding calendar
22	year; and
23	"(ii) a description of the public vet-
24	ting and interagency consultation that oc-
25	curred with respect to each such change.

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"(4) CONTINUATION IN OFFICE.—The indi-1 2 vidual serving as the Assistant Commissioner of the 3 Office of International Trade on the day before the 4 date of the enactment of the Trade Facilitation and 5 Trade Enforcement Reauthorization Act of 2013 6 may serve as the Assistant Commissioner for Trade 7 on or after such date of enactment, at the discretion 8 of the Commissioner. 9 **"SEC. 5. OFFICE OF INTERNATIONAL AFFAIRS.** 10 Establishment of "(a) OFFICE OF INTER-11 NATIONAL AFFAIRS.—There shall be in the U.S. Customs 12 and Border Protection Agency an Office of International 13 Affairs, which shall be headed by an Assistant Commis-14 sioner for International Affairs. 15 "(b) Assistant Commissioner FOR INTER-16 NATIONAL AFFAIRS.— 17 "(1) Appointment.— 18 "(A) IN GENERAL.—The Commissioner 19 shall appoint an Assistant Commissioner for 20 International Affairs who shall— "(i) be the head of the Office of Inter-21 22 national Affairs; and

23 "(ii) report to the Deputy Commis24 sioner for Trade of the U.S. Customs and
25 Border Protection Agency.

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1	"(B) SENIOR EXECUTIVE SERVICE POSI-
2	TION.—The position of Assistant Commissioner
3	for International Affairs shall be a Senior Exec-
4	utive Service position (as defined in section
5	3132(a) of title 5, United States Code).
6	"(2) QUALIFICATIONS.—An individual ap-
7	pointed to be the Assistant Commissioner for Inter-
8	national Affairs shall have a minimum of 10 years
9	of professional experience in the operation of the
10	customs and trade laws of the United States, not
11	less than 3 of which shall involve either working
12	with or for the private sector on matters relating to
13	trade facilitation or trade enforcement.
14	"(3) DUTIES.—The duties of the Assistant
15	Commissioner for International Affairs shall in-
16	clude—
17	"(A) coordinating the initiatives, programs,
18	and activities of the U.S. Customs and Border
19	Protection Agency in foreign countries, includ-
20	ing employees of the Agency in foreign coun-
21	tries;
22	"(B) advising the Commissioner with re-
23	spect to matters arising in the World Customs
24	Organization and, if appropriate, the World

1	Trade Organization and other international or-
2	ganizations;
3	"(C) ensuring that the policies and regula-
4	tions of the Agency are consistent with the obli-
5	gations of the United States pursuant to inter-
6	national agreements;
7	"(D) coordinating with other Federal agen-
8	cies on international efforts to enhance trade
9	facilitation and trade enforcement by the Agen-
10	cy;
11	"(E) coordinating with the customs au-
12	thorities of foreign countries with respect to
13	trade facilitation and, as appropriate, trade en-
14	forcement; and
15	"(F) providing training and capacity build-
16	ing to customs authorities of foreign countries.
17	"(4) CONTINUATION IN OFFICE.—The indi-
18	vidual serving as the Assistant Commissioner of the
19	Office of International Affairs on the day before the
20	date of the enactment of the Trade Facilitation and
21	Trade Enforcement Reauthorization Act of 2013
22	may serve as the Assistant Commissioner for Inter-
23	national Affairs on or after such date of enactment,
24	at the discretion of the Commissioner.

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1	"SEC. 6. COORDINATION BETWEEN THE ASSISTANT COM-
2	MISSIONER FOR TRADE AND THE ASSISTANT
3	COMMISSIONER FOR FIELD OPERATIONS.
4	"To advance the security, trade facilitation, and
5	trade enforcement missions of the U.S. Customs and Bor-
6	der Protection Agency, the Commissioner shall ensure that
7	the Assistant Commissioner for Trade and the Assistant
8	Commissioner for Field Operations of the Agency work to-
9	gether on—
10	((1)) trade facilitation and trade enforcement
11	activities at United States ports of entry;
12	((2)) operational training of personnel within
13	the Office of Field Operations at United States
14	ports of entry to administer trade facilitation and
15	trade enforcement activities;
16	"(3) evaluating the operational effectiveness of
17	the trade facilitation and trade enforcement activi-
18	ties at United States ports of entry by personnel of
19	the Office of Field Operations;
20	"(4) cooperating with the Trade Advocate es-
21	tablished under section 2(c) to ensure that any in-
22	formation received from private sector entities re-
23	garding the trade facilitation and trade enforcement

24 activities of the Agency is considered;

25  $\ensuring the uniform administration and$ 26 implementation among United States ports of entry

garding the trade facilitation and trade enforcement

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1 of new or revised customs and trade laws, policies, 2 or regulations related to the trade facilitation and 3 trade enforcement activities of the Agency; "(6) implementing the operational provisions of 4 5 the joint strategic plan on trade facilitation and 6 trade enforcement required under section 123A of 7 the Customs and Trade Act of 1990 related to the 8 trade facilitation and trade enforcement activities of 9 the Agency at United States ports of entry; 10 "(7) in cooperation with the Office of Inter-11 national Affairs established under section 5, ensur-12 ing that trade facilitation and trade enforcement ac-13 tivities comply with obligations of the United States 14 pursuant to international agreements; 15 "(8) ensuring the prompt collection of available 16 data regarding cargo that violates the customs and 17 trade laws of the United States, and the prompt 18 issuance of Trade Alerts pursuant to section 211 of 19 the Trade Facilitation and Trade Enforcement Re-20 authorization Act of 2013; and 21 "(9) otherwise overseeing the trade facilitation 22 and trade enforcement activities of personnel within 23 the Office of Field Operations at United States 24 ports of entry.

1 **"SEC. 7. ESTABLISHMENT OF TRADE FACILITATION AND** 2 TRADE ENFORCEMENT DIVISION IN OFFICE 3 OF FIELD **OPERATIONS;** DIVISION PER-4 SONNEL. 5 "(a) ESTABLISHMENT.—There is established in the 6 Office of Field Operations of the U.S. Customs and Bor-7 der Protection Agency a Trade Facilitation and Trade En-8 forcement Division. 9 "(b) DIVISION PERSONNEL.— 10 "(1) HEADQUARTERS PERSONNEL.—The Com-11 missioner shall assign sufficient personnel to operate 12 the Trade Facilitation and Trade Enforcement Divi-13 sion in the Office of Field Operations established 14 under subsection (a). 15 "(2) Commercial enforcement officers.— 16 "(A) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 180 17 days after the date of the enactment of the 18 Trade Facilitation and Trade Enforcement Re-19 authorization Act of 2013, the Commissioner 20 shall designate and dedicate within the Office of 21 Field Operations not fewer than 40 commercial 22 enforcement officers. "(B) Commissioner 23 ASSIGNMENT.—The 24 shall assign the commercial enforcement officers 25 authorized under this subsection among the 40 26 United States ports of entry that experienced

1	the highest volume of trade during fiscal year
2	2013.
3	"(C) DUTIES.—The duties of a commercial
4	enforcement officer shall be—
5	"(i) to supervise all trade enforcement
6	activities of personnel of the Office of Field
7	Operations at the port of entry to which
8	the commercial enforcement officer has
9	been assigned;
10	"(ii) to coordinate with the Office of
11	Trade all trade enforcement activities at
12	that port of entry;
13	"(iii) to direct the training of per-
14	sonnel at that port of entry to effectuate
15	the trade enforcement activities of the Of-
16	fice of Field Operations; and
17	"(iv) to otherwise conduct trade en-
18	forcement activities at that port of entry.
19	"SEC. 8. CUSTOMS FACILITATION AND ENFORCEMENT
20	INTERAGENCY COMMITTEE.
21	"(a) ESTABLISHMENT.—The Commissioner shall es-
22	tablish a Customs Facilitation and Enforcement Inter-
23	agency Committee (in this section referred to as the 'Com-
24	mittee') to improve coordination and collaboration among

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Federal agencies with respect to trade facilitation and 1 2 trade enforcement. 3 "(b) FUNCTIONS.—The functions of the Committee 4 shall include— 5 "(1) advising the Commissioner with respect to 6 policies or regulations of the U.S. Customs and Bor-7 der Protection Agency that may significantly af-8 fect-9 "(A) the trade facilitation and trade en-10 forcement missions of the Agency; or 11 "(B) the international trade policy, trade 12 commitments, or trade competitiveness of the 13 United States; 14 "(2) consulting with the Commissioner with re-15 spect to the development and implementation of poli-16 cies of agencies that are represented on the Com-17 mittee that significantly affect the trade facilitation 18 and trade enforcement missions of the Agency; 19 "(3) reviewing recommendations of and ad-20 dressing concerns identified by the Customs Facilita-21 tion and Enforcement Review Group established 22 under subsection (d); and "(4) such other functions as are agreed on by 23 24 the Commissioner and the members of the Com-25 mittee.

1	"(c) Membership.—The members of the Committee
2	shall be the following:
3	"(1) The Commissioner.
4	"(2) The Deputy Commissioner for Trade of
5	the U.S. Customs and Border Protection Agency.
6	"(3) The Assistant Secretary for Tax Policy of
7	the Department of the Treasury.
8	"(4) The Administrator of the Animal and
9	Plant Health Inspection Service of the Department
10	of Agriculture.
11	"(5) The Director of the Bureau of Alcohol, To-
12	bacco, Firearms, and Explosives of the Department
13	of Justice.
14	"(6) The Chairman of the Consumer Product
15	Safety Commission.
16	"(7) The Administrator of the Environmental
17	Protection Agency.
18	"(8) The Commissioner of Food and Drugs of
19	the Department of Health and Human Services.
20	"(9) The Administrator of the Food Safety and
21	Inspection Service of the Department of Agriculture.
22	"(10) The Director of U.S. Immigration and
23	Customs Enforcement of the Department of Home-
24	land Security.

1	"(11) The Administrator of the National High-
2	way Traffic Safety Administration of the Depart-
3	ment of Transportation.
4	"(12) The Assistant Administrator for Fish-
5	eries of the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Ad-
6	ministration of the Department of Commerce.
7	"(13) The Under Secretary for International
8	Trade of the Department of Commerce.
9	"(14) A Deputy United States Trade Rep-
10	resentative.
11	"(15) Senior officials of such other Federal
12	agencies as the Commissioner determines appro-
13	priate.
14	"(d) Customs Facilitation and Enforcement
15	Review Group.—
16	"(1) ESTABLISHMENT.—The Committee shall
17	establish a Customs Facilitation and Enforcement
18	Review Group (in this subsection referred to as the
19	'Review Group') as a subordinate body of the Com-
20	mittee.
21	"(2) MEMBERSHIP.—The members of the Re-
22	view Group shall be—
23	"(A) the Deputy Commissioner for Trade
24	of the U.S. Customs and Border Protection
25	Agency or another senior official of the Agency

1	designated by the Commissioner, who shall
2	serve as chairperson of the Review Group; and
3	"(B) a senior official of each agency rep-
4	resented on the Committee.
5	"(3) MEETINGS.—The Deputy Commissioner
6	for Trade shall convene the Review Group as needed
7	to carry out the functions of the Review Group
8	under paragraph (4) and any other duties assigned
9	to the Review Group by the Committee.
10	"(4) FUNCTIONS.—The functions of the Review
11	Group shall include—
12	"(A) reviewing, and advising the Com-
13	mittee with respect to, proposed policies, proce-
14	dures, regulations, and activities of the U.S.
15	Customs and Border Protection Agency that
16	may significantly affect—
17	"(i) the trade facilitation and trade
18	enforcement missions of the Agency; or
19	"(ii) the international trade policy,
20	trade commitments, or trade competitive-
21	ness of the United States;
22	"(B) advising the Committee with respect
23	to the development and implementation of poli-
24	cies, procedures, regulations, and activities of
25	agencies represented on the Committee that sig-

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1	nificantly affect the trade facilitation and trade
2	enforcement missions of the Agency; and
3	"(C) such other functions as the Com-
4	mittee may direct.".
5	(c) Conforming Amendment.—Section 5315 of
6	title 5, United States Code, is amended by adding at the
7	end the following:
8	"Deputy Commissioners of U.S. Customs and
9	Border Protection, Department of Homeland Secu-
10	rity (3).".
11	(d) Conforming Repeal.—Section 650 of the Tar-
12	iff Act of 1930 (19 U.S.C. 1650) is repealed.
14	
13	SEC. 103. SEPARATE BUDGET REQUESTS FOR U.S. CUSTOMS
13	SEC. 103. SEPARATE BUDGET REQUESTS FOR U.S. CUSTOMS
13 14	SEC. 103. SEPARATE BUDGET REQUESTS FOR U.S. CUSTOMS AND BORDER PROTECTION AGENCY.
13 14 15 16	<ul> <li>SEC. 103. SEPARATE BUDGET REQUESTS FOR U.S. CUSTOMS</li> <li>AND BORDER PROTECTION AGENCY.</li> <li>(a) IN GENERAL.—The President shall include in</li> </ul>
13 14 15 16	<ul> <li>SEC. 103. SEPARATE BUDGET REQUESTS FOR U.S. CUSTOMS</li> <li>AND BORDER PROTECTION AGENCY.</li> <li>(a) IN GENERAL.—The President shall include in</li> <li>each budget transmitted to Congress under section 1105</li> </ul>
<ol> <li>13</li> <li>14</li> <li>15</li> <li>16</li> <li>17</li> </ol>	<ul> <li>SEC. 103. SEPARATE BUDGET REQUESTS FOR U.S. CUSTOMS AND BORDER PROTECTION AGENCY. (a) IN GENERAL.—The President shall include in each budget transmitted to Congress under section 1105 of title 31, United States Code, two separate budget re-</li></ul>
<ol> <li>13</li> <li>14</li> <li>15</li> <li>16</li> <li>17</li> <li>18</li> </ol>	<ul> <li>SEC. 103. SEPARATE BUDGET REQUESTS FOR U.S. CUSTOMS AND BORDER PROTECTION AGENCY.</li> <li>(a) IN GENERAL.—The President shall include in each budget transmitted to Congress under section 1105 of title 31, United States Code, two separate budget re- quests for the U.S. Customs and Border Protection Agen-</li> </ul>
<ol> <li>13</li> <li>14</li> <li>15</li> <li>16</li> <li>17</li> <li>18</li> <li>19</li> </ol>	<ul> <li>SEC. 103. SEPARATE BUDGET REQUESTS FOR U.S. CUSTOMS AND BORDER PROTECTION AGENCY.</li> <li>(a) IN GENERAL.—The President shall include in each budget transmitted to Congress under section 1105 of title 31, United States Code, two separate budget re- quests for the U.S. Customs and Border Protection Agen- cy—</li> </ul>
<ol> <li>13</li> <li>14</li> <li>15</li> <li>16</li> <li>17</li> <li>18</li> <li>19</li> <li>20</li> </ol>	<ul> <li>SEC. 103. SEPARATE BUDGET REQUESTS FOR U.S. CUSTOMS AND BORDER PROTECTION AGENCY.</li> <li>(a) IN GENERAL.—The President shall include in each budget transmitted to Congress under section 1105 of title 31, United States Code, two separate budget re- quests for the U.S. Customs and Border Protection Agen- cy—</li> <li>(1) one for the commercial operations of the</li> </ul>
<ol> <li>13</li> <li>14</li> <li>15</li> <li>16</li> <li>17</li> <li>18</li> <li>19</li> <li>20</li> <li>21</li> </ol>	SEC. 103. SEPARATE BUDGET REQUESTS FOR U.S. CUSTOMS AND BORDER PROTECTION AGENCY. (a) IN GENERAL.—The President shall include in each budget transmitted to Congress under section 1105 of title 31, United States Code, two separate budget re- quests for the U.S. Customs and Border Protection Agen- cy— (1) one for the commercial operations of the Agency; and

(1) IN GENERAL.—Section 414 of the Home land Security Act of 2002 (6 U.S.C. 214) is re pealed.

4 (2) CONFORMING AMENDMENT.—The table of
5 contents for the Homeland Security Act of 2002 is
6 amended by striking the item relating to section 414
7 and inserting the following:

"Sec. 414. [Reserved].".

#### 8 SEC. 104. REVOLVING FUND.

9 The matter under the heading "REVOLVING FUND,
10 BUREAU OF CUSTOMS" in the Treasury and Post Office
11 Departments Appropriation Act, 1950 (63 Stat. 360,
12 chapter 286; 19 U.S.C. 2074), is amended by striking
13 "United States Customs Service" and inserting "U.S.
14 Customs and Border Protection Agency".

#### 15 SEC. 105. ADVANCES IN FOREIGN COUNTRIES.

16 The matter under the heading "BUREAU OF CUS-17 TOMS" in the Treasury Department Appropriation Act 18 1940 (53 Stat. 660, chapter 115; 19 U.S.C. 2076) is 19 amended in the last proviso by striking "Bureau of Cus-20 toms" and inserting "U.S. Customs and Border Protec-21 tion Agency or the U.S. Immigration and Customs En-22 forcement Agency".

## 1SEC. 106. ADVANCES FOR ENFORCEMENT OF CUSTOMS2PROVISIONS.

3 Section 2 of the Act of March 28, 1928 (45 Stat.
4 374, chapter 266; 19 U.S.C. 2077), is amended to read
5 as follows:

### 6 "SEC. 2. ADVANCES FOR ENFORCEMENT OF CUSTOMS PRO7 VISIONS.

8 "The Commissioner of U.S. Customs and Border 9 Protection and the Director of U.S. Immigration and Cus-10 toms Enforcement, with the approval of the Secretary of 11 Homeland Security and the Secretary of the Treasury, are each authorized to direct the advance of funds by the Fis-12 13 cal Service of the Department of the Treasury in connection with the enforcement of the customs and trade laws 14 15 of the United States (as defined in section 2 of the Trade Facilitation and Trade Enforcement Reauthorization Act 16 of 2013).". 17

#### 18 SEC. 107. CERTIFICATION OF REASON FOR ADVANCE.

Section 3 of the Act of March 28, 1928 (45 Stat.
374, chapter 266; 19 U.S.C. 2078), is amended by striking "Commissioner of Customs" and inserting "Commissioner of U.S. Customs and Border Protection or the Director of U.S. Immigration and Customs Enforcement".

## SEC. 108. PAYMENTS IN FOREIGN COUNTRIES; CLAIMS FOR REIMBURSEMENT.

3 Section 4 of the Act of March 28, 1928 (45 Stat.
4 374, chapter 266; 19 U.S.C. 2079), is amended to read
5 as follows:

## 6 "SEC. 4. PAYMENTS IN FOREIGN COUNTRIES; CLAIMS FOR 7 REIMBURSEMENT.

8 "The provisions of this Act shall not affect payments 9 made for the U.S. Customs and Border Protection Agency 10 or the U.S. Immigration and Customs Enforcement Agen-11 cy in foreign countries, or the right of any officer or employee of either such Agency to claim reimbursement for 12 13 personal funds expended in connection with the enforcement of the customs and trade laws of the United States 14 (as defined in section 2 of the Trade Facilitation and 15 Trade Enforcement Reauthorization Act of 2013).". 16

#### 17 SEC. 109. CUSTOMS ADMINISTRATION.

18 Section 113 of the Customs and Trade Act of 199019 (19 U.S.C. 2082) is amended to read as follows:

#### 20 "SEC. 113. CUSTOMS ADMINISTRATION.

21 "(a) IN GENERAL.—The Commissioner of U.S. Cus22 toms and Border Protection and the Director of U.S. Im23 migration and Customs Enforcement each shall—

24 "(1) develop and implement accounting systems
25 that accurately determine and report the allocation
26 of the personnel and other resources of the U.S.

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Customs and Border Protection Agency and the
 U.S. Immigration and Customs Enforcement Agency
 among the various operational functions of each
 Agency, such as merchandise processing, passenger
 processing, drug enforcement, trade facilitation, and
 trade enforcement; and

7 "(2) develop and implement periodic labor dis-8 tribution surveys of major workforce activities within 9 the U.S. Customs and Border Protection Agency 10 and the U.S. Immigration and Customs Enforce-11 ment Agency to determine the cost of the various 12 operational functions of each Agency and the extent 13 to which the costs of one Agency are covered by the 14 other Agency.

15 "(b) SURVEY REPORTS.—Not later than one year after the date of the enactment of the Trade Facilitation 16 17 and Trade Enforcement Reauthorization Act of 2013, the Commissioner of U.S. Customs and Border Protection and 18 the Director of U.S. Immigration and Customs Enforce-19 ment shall each submit to the Committee on Finance of 20 21 the Senate and the Committee on Ways and Means of the 22 House of Representatives a report on the results of the first surveys implemented under subsection (a)(2).". 23

#### 1 SEC. 110. PERSONNEL.

2 (a) IN GENERAL.—Subsection (a) of section 401 of
3 the Security and Accountability for Every Port Act of
4 2006 (6 U.S.C. 115) is amended to read as follows:

5 "(a) DIRECTOR OF TRADE POLICY.—

6 "(1) IN GENERAL.—There shall be in the Office
7 of Policy of the Department of Homeland Security
8 a Director of Trade Policy, who shall—

9 "(A) coordinate with the Commissioner of 10 U.S. Customs and Border Protection and the 11 Director of U.S. Immigration and Customs En-12 forcement to ensure that the economic security 13 interests of the United States associated with 14 international trade, including trade facilitation 15 and trade enforcement (as defined in section 2) 16 of the Trade Facilitation and Trade Enforce-17 ment Reauthorization Act of 2013), are consid-18 ered in the development and implementation of 19 policies within the Department of Homeland 20 Security;

21 "(B) engage with law enforcement and 22 customs authorities of foreign countries and 23 private sector entities to build on existing ef-24 forts to develop, strengthen, and implement 25 international standards for securing key sys-

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tems of the global economy and more effectively facilitating trade; and

3 "(C) submit to the Committee on Finance of the Senate and the Committee on Ways and 4 5 Means of the House of Representatives, not 6 later than December 15 of each year, a report 7 describing how the Department of Homeland 8 Security accounted for the economic security in-9 terests of the United States associated with 10 international trade, including trade facilitation 11 and trade enforcement, in developing and imple-12 menting policies during the preceding fiscal 13 year.

14 "(2) QUALIFICATIONS.—The Director of Trade
15 Policy shall have significant experience in the devel16 opment, operation, or administration of the customs
17 and trade laws of the United States (as defined in
18 section 2 of the Trade Facilitation and Trade En19 forcement Reauthorization Act of 2013).".

(b) NEW PERSONNEL.—Subsection (c) of section 412
of the Homeland Security Act of 2002 (6 U.S.C. 212(c))
is amended to read as follows:

23 "(c) NEW PERSONNEL.—Not later than 90 days
24 after the date of the enactment of the Trade Facilitation
25 and Trade Enforcement Reauthorization Act of 2013, the

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Secretary of the Treasury shall designate and dedicate not
 fewer than 5 and not more than 20 full-time equivalent
 personnel to work exclusively with the Deputy Assistant
 Secretary of the Treasury for Tax, Trade, and Tariff Pol icy in the performance and oversight of customs revenue
 functions.".

#### 7 SEC. 111. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.

8 (a) IN GENERAL.—Section 301 of the Customs Pro9 cedural Reform and Simplification Act of 1978 (19 U.S.C.
10 2075) is amended—

(1) by redesignating subsection (h) as sub-section (i); and

13 (2) by striking subsections (a) through (g) and14 inserting the following:

15 "(a) IN GENERAL.—

"(1) FISCAL YEAR 2014 AND EACH FISCAL YEAR
THEREAFTER.—For fiscal year 2014 and each fiscal
year thereafter, there are authorized to be appropriated to the Department of Homeland Security for
the U.S. Customs and Border Protection Agency
only such sums as may hereafter be authorized by
law.

23 "(2) REQUIREMENT FOR AUTHORIZATION.—
24 The authorization of appropriations for the U.S.
25 Customs and Border Protection Agency for fiscal

1	year 2014 and each fiscal year thereafter shall speci-
2	fy—
3	"(A) the amount authorized for the fiscal
4	year for the salaries and expenses of the Agency
5	in conducting commercial operations (as de-
6	scribed in section $1(c)(2)$ of the Act of March
7	3, 1927 (44 Stat. 1381, chapter 348; 19 U.S.C.
8	2071)); and
9	"(B) the amount authorized for the fiscal
10	year for the salaries and expenses of the Agency
11	for noncommercial operations.
12	"(b) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—There
13	are authorized to be appropriated for the salaries and ex-
14	penses of the U.S. Customs and Border Protection Agency
15	that are incurred in commercial operations such sums as
16	are necessary for fiscal years 2014 through 2018.
17	"(c) Customs User Fee Account.—The monies
18	authorized to be appropriated pursuant to subsection (b)
19	for any fiscal year, except for such sums as may be nec-
20	essary for the salaries and expenses of the U.S. Customs
21	and Border Protection Agency that are incurred in con-
22	nection with the processing of merchandise that is exempt
23	from the fees imposed pursuant to paragraphs (9) and
24	(10) of section 13031(a) of the Consolidated Omnibus
25	Budget Reconciliation Act of 1985 (19 U.S.C. 58c(a)),

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shall be appropriated from the Customs User Fee Ac count.

3 "(d) MANDATORY 10-DAY DEFERMENT.—No part of 4 the funds appropriated pursuant to subsection (a) for any 5 fiscal year may be used to provide less time for the collec-6 tion of estimated duties than the 10-day deferment proce-7 dure in effect on January 1, 1981.

"(e) OVERTIME PAY LIMITATIONS; WAIVER.-No 8 9 part of the funds appropriated pursuant to subsection (a) 10 for any fiscal year may be used for administrative expenses to pay any employee of the U.S. Customs and Bor-11 12 der Protection Agency overtime pay in an amount exceeding \$35,000 unless the Secretary of Homeland Security, 13 or the designee of the Secretary, determines on an indi-14 15 vidual basis that payment of overtime pay to such employee in an amount exceeding \$35,000 is necessary for 16 national security purposes, to prevent excessive costs, or 17 to meet emergency requirements of the Agency. 18

19 "(f) PAY COMPARABILITY AUTHORIZATION.—For fis-20 cal year 2014 and each fiscal year thereafter, there are 21 authorized to be appropriated to the Department of 22 Homeland Security for salaries of the U.S. Customs and 23 Border Protection Agency such additional sums as may 24 be provided by law to reflect pay rate changes made in

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accordance with subchapter I of chapter 53 of title 5,
 United States Code.

3 "(g) Use of Savings Resulting From Adminis-TRATIVE CONSOLIDATIONS.—If savings in salaries and ex-4 5 penses result from the consolidation of administrative functions within the U.S. Customs and Border Protection 6 7 Agency, the Commissioner of U.S. Customs and Border 8 Protection shall apply the savings, to the extent the sav-9 ings are not needed to meet emergency requirements of 10 the Agency, to strengthening the commercial operations of the Agency. 11

"(h) ALLOCATION OF RESOURCES; REPORT TO CONGRESSIONAL COMMITTEES.—The Commissioner of U.S.
Customs and Border Protection shall notify the Committee on Finance of the Senate and the Committee on
Ways and Means of the House of Representatives at least
180 days prior to taking any action that would—

18 "(1) result in any significant reduction in force
19 of employees of the U.S. Customs and Border Pro20 tection Agency other than by means of attrition;

21 "(2) result in any significant reduction in hours
22 of operation or services rendered at any office of the
23 Agency or any United States port of entry;

24 "(3) eliminate or relocate any office of the25 Agency;

51"(4) eliminate any United States port of entry; 1 2  $\mathbf{or}$ 3 "(5) significantly reduce the number of employ-4 ees assigned to any office or any function of the 5 Agency.". 6 (b) **RESOURCE** OPTIMIZATION MODEL.—Subsection 7 (i) of section 301 of the Customs Procedural Reform and 8 Simplification Act of 1978, as redesignated by subsection 9 (a), is amended by striking "Resource Allocation Model" 10 each place it appears in the text and in the heading and 11 inserting "Resource Optimization Model". 12 (c) CONFORMING AMENDMENTS.— 13 (1) IN GENERAL.—Subsection (c) of section 5 14 of the Act of February 13, 1911 (36 Stat. 901, 15 chapter 46; 19 U.S.C. 267), is amended to read as follows: 16 17 "(c) LIMITATIONS.— 18 "(1) FISCAL YEAR CAP.—The aggregate of 19 overtime pay under subsection (a) (including com-20 muting compensation under subsection (a)(2)(B)21 and premium pay under subsection (b) that an em-22 ployee of the U.S. Customs and Border Protection 23 Agency may be paid in any fiscal year may not ex-24 ceed \$35,000 unless the Secretary of Homeland Se-

curity, or the designee of the Secretary, determines

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1	on an individual basis that payment of overtime pay
2	to such employee in an amount exceeding \$35,000 is
3	necessary for national security purposes, to prevent
4	excessive costs, or to meet emergency requirements
5	of the Agency.
6	"(2) Exclusivity of pay under this sec-
7	TION.—An employee of the Agency who receives
8	overtime pay under subsection (a), or premium pay
9	under subsection (b) for time worked, may not re-
10	ceive pay or other compensation for that work under
11	any other provision of law.".
12	(2) Basic pay.—Section 8331(3)(G) of title 5,
13	United States Code, is amended—
14	(A) by striking "a customs officer" and all
15	that follows through "1911)" and inserting "an
16	employee of the U.S. Customs and Border Pro-
17	tection Agency";
18	(B) by striking "subsection (a) of such sec-
19	tion 5" and inserting "subsection (c) of section
20	5 of the Act of February 13, 1911 (36 Stat.
21	901, chapter 46; 19 U.S.C. 267)"; and
22	(C) by striking "customs officers" and in-
23	serting "such employees".

#### 53Subtitle B—Investigative Functions 1 2 SEC. 121. ESTABLISHMENT OF U.S. IMMIGRATION AND CUS-3 TOMS ENFORCEMENT AGENCY. (a) IN GENERAL.—Section 442 of the Homeland Se-4 curity Act of 2002 (6 U.S.C. 252) is amended to read 5 as follows: 6 7 "SEC. 442. ESTABLISHMENT OF U.S. IMMIGRATION AND 8 CUSTOMS ENFORCEMENT AGENCY; DIREC-9 TOR. 10 "(a) ESTABLISHMENT OF AGENCY.—There shall be 11 in the Department of Homeland Security an agency to be 12 known as the U.S. Immigration and Customs Enforce-13 ment Agency. 14 "(b) Establishment of Director.— 15 "(1) IN GENERAL.—The head of the U.S. Im-16 migration and Customs Enforcement Agency shall 17 be a Director of U.S. Immigration and Customs En-18 forcement (in this section referred to as the 'Direc-19 tor'), who shall— 20 "(A) be appointed by the President, by and

with the advice and consent of the Senate;

22 "(B) carry out the duties and powers de-23 scribed in subsection (c), prescribed by law, and 24 prescribed by the Secretary of Homeland Secu-25 rity;

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"(C) report directly to the Secretary of
Homeland Security; and
"(D) have a minimum of 5 years profes-
sional experience in law enforcement, and a
minimum of 5 years of management experience.
"(2) Committee referral.—As an exercise
of the rulemaking power of the Senate, any nomina-
tion for Director shall be referred to the Committee
on Finance. If the Committee on Finance has not
reported such nomination at the close of the 30th
day after its referral to such Committee, the Com-
mittee shall be automatically discharged from fur-
ther consideration of such nomination and such
nomination shall be referred to the Committee on
the Judiciary.
"(3) Compensation.—The Director shall be
compensated at the rate of pay for level III of the
Executive Schedule as provided in section 5314 of

19 title 5, United States Code.

20 "(c) DUTIES OF DIRECTOR.—The duties of the Di-21 rector shall include—

22 "(1) establishing and overseeing the administra-23 tion of policies with respect to functions—

24 "(A) performed under the detention and25 removal program, the intelligence program, and

1	the investigations program that were trans-
2	ferred to the Under Secretary for Border and
3	Transportation Security by section 441 and del-
4	egated to the Assistant Secretary for U.S. Im-
5	migration and Customs Enforcement on the day
6	before the date of the enactment of the Trade
7	Facilitation and Trade Enforcement Reauthor-
8	ization Act of 2013; and
9	"(B) otherwise vested in the Assistant Sec-
10	retary on the day before such date of enact-
11	ment;
12	"(2) advising the Secretary with respect to any
13	policy or operation of the U.S. Immigration and
14	Customs Enforcement Agency that may affect the
15	U.S. Citizenship and Immigration Services estab-
16	lished under subtitle E, including potentially con-
17	flicting policies and operations;
18	"(3) conducting and coordinating investigations
19	of violations of the customs and trade laws of the
20	United States (as defined in section 2 of the Trade
21	Facilitation and Trade Enforcement Reauthorization
22	Act of 2013) and, when appropriate, referring al-
23	leged violations of such laws for criminal prosecu-
24	tion;

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1 "(4) coordinating efforts with law enforcement 2 and customs authorities of foreign countries to in-3 vestigate violations of customs and trade laws; and 4 "(5) coordinating with the Commissioner of 5 U.S. Customs and Border Protection with respect to 6 investigations of violations of the customs and trade 7 laws of the United States and ensuring the develop-8 ment and implementation of the joint strategic plan 9 on trade facilitation and trade enforcement required 10 under section 123A of the Customs and Trade Act 11 of 1990.

12 "(d) DEPUTY DIRECTOR.—The Director is author-13 ized to appoint, in the U.S. Immigration and Customs En-14 forcement Agency established under subsection (a), one 15 Deputy Director who shall assist the Director in the man-16 agement of the Agency and who shall act for the Director 17 during the absence or disability of the Director or in the 18 event that the position of Director is vacant.

"(e) ADDITIONAL OFFICERS.—The Director may appoint such officers as are necessary to manage the individual offices within the U.S. Immigration and Customs
Enforcement Agency.

23 "(f) PROGRAM TO COLLECT INFORMATION RELAT24 ING TO FOREIGN STUDENTS.—The Director shall be re25 sponsible for administering the program to collect infor-

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mation relating to nonimmigrant foreign students and
other exchange program participants described in section
641 of the Illegal Immigration Reform and Immigrant Re-
sponsibility Act of 1996 (8 U.S.C. 1372), including the
Student and Exchange Visitor Information System estab-
lished pursuant to that section, and shall use such infor-
mation to carry out the enforcement functions of the U.S.
Immigration and Customs Enforcement Agency.
"(g) CHIEF OF POLICY AND STRATEGY.—
"(1) IN GENERAL.—There shall be a position of
Chief of Policy and Strategy for the U.S. Immigra-
tion and Customs Enforcement Agency.
"(2) FUNCTIONS.—In consultation with per-
sonnel in local offices of the Agency, the Chief of
Policy and Strategy shall be responsible for—
"(A) making policy recommendations and
performing policy research and analysis on im-
migration enforcement issues; and
"(B) coordinating immigration policy
issues with the Chief of Policy and Strategy for
the Bureau of Citizenship and Immigration
Services established under section 451(c), as
appropriate.
"(h) LEGAL ADVISOR.—There shall be a principal
legal advisor to the Director. The legal advisor shall pro-

vide specialized legal advice to the Director and shall rep resent the U.S. Immigration and Customs Enforcement
 Agency in all exclusion, deportation, and removal pro ceedings before the Executive Office for Immigration Re view.".

6 (b) Compensation.—

7 (1) IN GENERAL.—Section 5314 of title 5,
8 United States Code, is amended by adding at the
9 end the following:

10 "Director of U.S. Immigration and Customs11 Enforcement, Department of Homeland Security.".

(2) CONTINUATION IN OFFICE.—The individual
serving as Assistant Secretary for U.S. Immigration
and Customs Enforcement of the Department of
Homeland Security on the day before the date of the
enactment of this Act may serve as Director of U.S.
Immigration and Customs Enforcement until the
earlier of—

19 (A) the date on which that individual is no
20 longer eligible to serve as Assistant Secretary;
21 or

(B) the date on which an individual nominated by the President to be the Director of
U.S. Immigration and Customs Enforcement is
confirmed by the Senate.

1	(3) REFERENCE.—On and after the date of the
2	enactment of this Act, any reference to the Assistant
3	Secretary for U.S. Immigration and Customs En-
4	forcement or the Assistant Secretary of the Bureau
5	of Border Security of the Department of Homeland
6	Security, shall be deemed to be a reference to the
7	Director of U.S. Immigration and Customs Enforce-
8	ment.
9	(c) Conforming Amendments.—
10	(1) The heading for subtitle D of title IV of the
11	Homeland Security Act of 2002 is amended to read
12	as follows:
13	<b>"Subtitle D—Enforcement</b>
14	Functions".
15	(2) The table of contents for the Homeland Se-
15 16	(2) The table of contents for the Homeland Se- curity Act of 2002 is amended—
16	curity Act of 2002 is amended—
16 17	curity Act of 2002 is amended— (A) by striking the item relating to section
16 17	curity Act of 2002 is amended— (A) by striking the item relating to section 442 and inserting the following: "Sec. 442. Establishment of U.S. Immigration and Customs Enforcement
16 17 18	curity Act of 2002 is amended— <ul> <li>(A) by striking the item relating to section</li> <li>442 and inserting the following:</li> </ul> <li>"Sec. 442. Establishment of U.S. Immigration and Customs Enforcement Agency; Director.";</li>
16 17 18 19	curity Act of 2002 is amended— (A) by striking the item relating to section 442 and inserting the following: "Sec. 442. Establishment of U.S. Immigration and Customs Enforcement Agency; Director."; and
16 17 18 19 20	<ul> <li>curity Act of 2002 is amended— <ul> <li>(A) by striking the item relating to section</li> <li>442 and inserting the following:</li> </ul> </li> <li>"Sec. 442. Establishment of U.S. Immigration and Customs Enforcement Agency; Director."; <ul> <li>and</li> <li>(B) by striking the item relating to subtitle</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
16 17 18 19 20	<ul> <li>curity Act of 2002 is amended— <ul> <li>(A) by striking the item relating to section</li> <li>442 and inserting the following:</li> </ul> </li> <li>"Sec. 442. Establishment of U.S. Immigration and Customs Enforcement Agency; Director."; <ul> <li>and</li> <li>(B) by striking the item relating to subtitle</li> <li>D of title IV and inserting the following:</li> </ul> </li> </ul>

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amended by striking "Assistant Secretary of the Bu-1 2 reau of Border Security" and inserting "Director of 3 U.S. Immigration and Customs Enforcement". 4 SEC. 122. SEPARATE BUDGET REQUESTS FOR U.S. IMMI-5 GRATION AND **CUSTOMS ENFORCEMENT** 6 AGENCY. 7 The President shall include in each budget trans-8 mitted to Congress under section 1105 of title 31, United 9 States Code, two separate budget requests for the U.S. 10 Immigration and Customs Enforcement Agency— 11 (1) one for the customs operations of the Agen-12 cy; and 13 (2) one for the operations of the Agency other 14 than customs operations. 15 SEC. 123. UNDERCOVER INVESTIGATIVE OPERATIONS. 16 Section 3131 of the Customs Enforcement Act of 17 1986 (19 U.S.C. 2081) is amended— 18 (1) in the section heading, by striking "CUS-19 TOMS SERVICE" and inserting "U.S. IMMIGRA-20 TION AND CUSTOMS ENFORCEMENT AGENCY"; 21 (2) in subsection (a)— 22 (A) in the matter preceding paragraph 23 (1)— (i) by striking "United States Cus-24 25 toms Service (hereinafter in this section re-

1	ferred to as the 'Service')" and inserting
2	"U.S. Immigration and Customs Enforce-
3	ment Agency (in this section referred to as
4	the 'Agency')''; and
5	(ii) by striking "the Treasury" and in-
6	serting "Homeland Security";
7	(B) in paragraph (1)—
8	(i) in the matter preceding subpara-
9	graph (A), by striking "for the Service";
10	and
11	(ii) in subparagraph (A), by striking
12	clauses (i) through (v) and inserting the
13	following:
14	"(i) sections 1341 and 3324 of title
15	31, United States Code,
16	"(ii) section 8141 of title 40, United
17	States Code, and
18	"(iii) sections 3901, 6301, and 6306,
19	and chapter 45, of title 41, United States
20	Code, and";
21	(C) in paragraph (2), by striking "Service"
22	and inserting "Agency"; and
23	(D) in the flush text at the end, by strik-
24	ing "Commissioner of Customs (or, if des-
25	ignated by the Commissioner the Deputy or an

1	Assistant Commissioner of Customs)" and in-
2	serting "Director of U.S. Immigration and Cus-
3	toms Enforcement (or such other officer within
4	the Agency as the Director may designate)";
5	(3) in subsection (b), by striking "Service, as
6	much in advance as the Commissioner or his des-
7	ignee determines is practicable, shall report the cir-
8	cumstances to the Secretary of the Treasury" and
9	inserting "Agency, as much in advance as the Direc-
10	tor (or such other officer within the Agency as the
11	Director may designate) determines is practicable,
12	shall report the circumstances to the Secretary of
13	Homeland Security and the Secretary of the Treas-
14	ury";
15	(4) in subsection (d)—
16	(A) in paragraph (1)—
17	(i) in the matter preceding subpara-
18	graph (A), by striking "Service" and in-
19	serting "Director of U.S. Immigration and
20	Customs Enforcement''; and
21	(ii) in subparagraph (A), by inserting
22	"the Secretary of Homeland Security and"
23	after "in writing to"; and
24	(B) in paragraph (2), in the matter pre-
25	ceding subparagraph (A)—

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1	(i) by striking "Service" and inserting
2	"Director"; and
3	(ii) by striking "as to its undercover
4	investigative operations" and inserting
5	"with respect to the undercover investiga-
6	tive operations of the Agency"; and
7	(5) in subsection (e), by striking "Service" each
8	place it appears and inserting "Agency".
9	SEC. 124. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.
10	Title III of the Customs Procedural Reform and Sim-
11	plification Act of 1978 (19 U.S.C. 2075) is amended by
12	inserting after section 301 the following:
13	"SEC. 302. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS FOR CER-
13 14	"SEC. 302. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS FOR CER- TAIN CUSTOMS ENFORCEMENT ACTIVITIES.
14	TAIN CUSTOMS ENFORCEMENT ACTIVITIES.
14 15	<b>TAIN CUSTOMS ENFORCEMENT ACTIVITIES.</b> "(a) IN GENERAL.—
14 15 16	TAIN CUSTOMS ENFORCEMENT ACTIVITIES. "(a) IN GENERAL.— "(1) FISCAL YEAR 2014 AND EACH FISCAL YEAR
14 15 16 17	TAIN CUSTOMS ENFORCEMENT ACTIVITIES. "(a) IN GENERAL.— "(1) FISCAL YEAR 2014 AND EACH FISCAL YEAR THEREAFTER.—For fiscal year 2014 and each fiscal
14 15 16 17 18	TAIN CUSTOMS ENFORCEMENT ACTIVITIES. "(a) IN GENERAL.— "(1) FISCAL YEAR 2014 AND EACH FISCAL YEAR THEREAFTER.—For fiscal year 2014 and each fiscal year thereafter, there are authorized to be appro-
14 15 16 17 18 19	TAIN CUSTOMS ENFORCEMENT ACTIVITIES. "(a) IN GENERAL.— "(1) FISCAL YEAR 2014 AND EACH FISCAL YEAR THEREAFTER.—For fiscal year 2014 and each fiscal year thereafter, there are authorized to be appro- priated to the Department of Homeland Security for
<ol> <li>14</li> <li>15</li> <li>16</li> <li>17</li> <li>18</li> <li>19</li> <li>20</li> </ol>	TAIN CUSTOMS ENFORCEMENT ACTIVITIES. "(a) IN GENERAL.— "(1) FISCAL YEAR 2014 AND EACH FISCAL YEAR THEREAFTER.—For fiscal year 2014 and each fiscal year thereafter, there are authorized to be appro- priated to the Department of Homeland Security for the U.S. Immigration and Customs Enforcement
<ol> <li>14</li> <li>15</li> <li>16</li> <li>17</li> <li>18</li> <li>19</li> <li>20</li> <li>21</li> </ol>	TAIN CUSTOMS ENFORCEMENT ACTIVITIES. "(a) IN GENERAL.— "(1) FISCAL YEAR 2014 AND EACH FISCAL YEAR THEREAFTER.—For fiscal year 2014 and each fiscal year thereafter, there are authorized to be appro- priated to the Department of Homeland Security for the U.S. Immigration and Customs Enforcement Agency only such sums as may hereafter be author-
<ol> <li>14</li> <li>15</li> <li>16</li> <li>17</li> <li>18</li> <li>19</li> <li>20</li> <li>21</li> <li>22</li> </ol>	TAIN CUSTOMS ENFORCEMENT ACTIVITIES. "(a) IN GENERAL.— "(1) FISCAL YEAR 2014 AND EACH FISCAL YEAR THEREAFTER.—For fiscal year 2014 and each fiscal year thereafter, there are authorized to be appro- priated to the Department of Homeland Security for the U.S. Immigration and Customs Enforcement Agency only such sums as may hereafter be author- ized by law.

1	year 2014 and each fiscal year thereafter shall speci-
2	fy—
3	"(A) the amount authorized for the fiscal
4	year for the salaries and expenses of the Agency
5	in conducting customs operations; and
6	"(B) the amount authorized for the fiscal
7	year for the salaries and expenses of the Agency
8	for other than customs operations.
9	"(b) Authorization of Appropriations.—There
10	are authorized to be appropriated for the salaries and ex-
11	penses of the U.S. Immigration and Customs Enforcement
12	Agency that are incurred in customs operations such sums
13	as are necessary for fiscal years 2014 through 2018.".
14	Subtitle C—Joint Strategic Plan on
15	Trade Facilitation and Trade
16	Enforcement
17	SEC. 131. JOINT STRATEGIC PLAN ON TRADE FACILITATION
18	AND TRADE ENFORCEMENT.
19	(a) IN GENERAL.—Subtitle C of title I of the Cus-
20	toms and Trade Act of 1990 (Public Law 101–382; 104
21	Stat. 629) is amended by inserting after section 123 (19
22	U.S.C. 2083) the following:

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## "SEC. 123A. JOINT STRATEGIC PLAN ON TRADE FACILITA TION AND TRADE ENFORCEMENT.

3 "(a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than one year after the date of the enactment of the Trade Facilitation and Trade 4 5 Enforcement Reauthorization Act of 2013, and every 2 years thereafter, the Commissioner of U.S. Customs and 6 7 Border Protection and the Director of U.S. Immigration 8 and Customs Enforcement shall jointly develop and sub-9 mit to the Committee on Finance of the Senate and the Committee on Ways and Means of the House of Rep-10 11 resentatives a joint strategic plan on trade facilitation and trade enforcement. 12

13 "(b) CONTENTS.—The joint strategic plan required
14 by subsection (a) shall be comprised of a comprehensive
15 multiyear plan for trade facilitation and trade enforcement
16 and shall include—

17 "(1) a summary of actions taken during the 2-18 year period preceding the submission of the report 19 to improve trade facilitation and trade enforcement, 20 including a description and analysis of specific per-21 formance measures to evaluate the progress of the 22 U.S. Customs and Border Protection Agency and 23 the U.S. Immigration and Customs Enforcement 24 Agency with respect to trade facilitation and trade 25 enforcement;

"(2) a statement of objectives and plans for 1 2 further improving trade facilitation and trade en-3 forcement; 4 "(3) a statement of objectives and plans to 5 strengthen the economic security and competitive-6 ness of the United States; "(4) a designation of priority trade issues that 7 8 that can be addressed in order to enhance trade fa-9 cilitation and trade enforcement and a description of 10 strategies, plans, and metrics for addressing each 11 such issue; 12 "(5) a description of efforts made to improve 13 consultation and coordination among Federal agen-14 cies, and in particular between the U.S. Customs 15 and Border Protection Agency and the U.S. Immi-16 gration and Customs Enforcement Agency, to en-17 hance trade facilitation and trade enforcement; 18 "(6) a description of efforts to work with the 19 World Customs Organization, the World Trade Or-20 ganization, and other international organizations 21 with respect to enhancing trade facilitation and 22 trade enforcement; "(7) a description of efforts made to improve 23 24 consultation and coordination with the private sector

25 to enhance trade facilitation and trade enforcement;

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1	"(8) a description of the training that has oc-
2	curred during the 2-year period preceding the sub-
3	mission of the report within the U.S. Customs and
4	Border Protection Agency and the U.S. Immigration
5	and Customs Enforcement Agency to improve trade
6	facilitation and trade enforcement;
7	"(9) a specific identification of any domestic or
8	international best practices or technologies that may
9	further improve trade facilitation and trade enforce-
10	ment; and
11	((10) any legislative recommendations to fur-
12	ther improve trade facilitation and trade enforce-
13	ment.
14	"(c) CONSULTATIONS.—In developing the joint stra-
15	tegic plan required by subsection (a), the Commissioner
16	of U.S. Customs and Border Protection and the Director
17	of U.S. Immigration and Customs Enforcement shall con-
18	sult with—
19	"(1) appropriate officials of agencies rep-
20	resented on the Customs Facilitation and Enforce-
21	ment Interagency Committee established under sec-
22	tion 8 of the Act of March 3, 1927, and such other
23	agencies as the Commissioner or the Director deter-
24	mine appropriate; and

"(2) the Customs Operations Advisory Com mittee and the Trade Support Network, as appro priate.

4 "(d) DEFINITIONS.—In this section, the terms 'Cus5 toms Operations Advisory Committee', 'trade enforce6 ment', 'trade facilitation', and 'Trade Support Network'
7 have the meanings given those terms in section 2 of the
8 Trade Facilitation and Trade Enforcement Reauthoriza9 tion Act of 2013.".

10 (b) CONFORMING AMENDMENT.—The table of con11 tents for the Customs and Trade Act of 1990 is amended
12 by inserting after the item relating to section 123 the fol13 lowing:

"Sec. 123A. Joint strategic plan on trade facilitation and trade enforcement.".

# 14 TITLE II—TRADE FACILITATION, 15 TRADE ENFORCEMENT, AND 16 TRANSPARENCY 17 Subtitle A—Trade Facilitation and 18 Transparency

19 SEC. 201. IMPROVING PARTNERSHIP PROGRAMS.

(a) IN GENERAL.—In order to advance the security,
trade facilitation, and trade enforcement missions of the
U.S. Customs and Border Protection Agency, the Commissioner shall ensure that partnership programs of the
Agency established before the date of the enactment of
this Act, such as the Customs–Trade Partnership Against

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Terrorism established under subtitle B of title II of the
 Security and Accountability for Every Port Act of 2006
 (6 U.S.C. 961 et seq.), and partnership programs of the
 Agency established after such date of enactment, provide
 trade benefits to private sector entities that meet the re quirements for participation in those programs established
 by the Commissioner under this section.

8 (b) ELEMENTS.—In developing and operating part9 nership programs under subsection (a), the Commissioner
10 shall—

(1) consult with private sector entities, the public, and other Federal agencies when appropriate, to
ensure that participants in those programs receive
commercially significant and measurable trade benefits;

(2) ensure an integrated and transparent system of trade benefits and compliance requirements
for all partnership programs of the U.S. Customs
and Border Protection Agency;

20 (3) consider consolidating partnership programs
21 in situations in which doing so would support the
22 objectives of such programs, increase participation in
23 such programs, enhance the trade benefits provided
24 to participants in such programs, and enhance the
25 allocation of the resources of the Agency;

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1	(4) coordinate with other Federal agencies with
2	authority to detain and release merchandise entering
3	the United States—
4	(A) to ensure coordination in the release of
5	such merchandise through the Automated Com-
6	mercial Environment computer system, or its
7	predecessor, and the International Trade Data
8	System;
9	(B) to ensure that the partnership pro-
10	grams of those agencies are compatible with the
11	partnership programs of the U.S. Customs and
12	Border Protection Agency; and
13	(C) to develop criteria for authorizing the
14	release, on an expedited basis, of merchandise
15	for which documentation is required from one
16	or more of those agencies to clear or license the
17	merchandise for entry into the United States;
18	and
19	(5) ensure that trade benefits are provided to
20	participants in partnership programs.
21	(c) REPORT REQUIRED.—Not later than the date
22	that is 180 days after the date of the enactment of this
23	Act, and December 31 of each year thereafter, the Com-
24	missioner shall submit to the Committee on Finance of

1	the Senate and the Committee on Ways and Means of the
2	House of Representatives a report that—
3	(1) identifies each partnership program referred
4	to in subsection (a), including the program referred
5	to in section 499A of the Tariff Act of 1930, as
6	added by section 202;
7	(2) for each such program, identifies—
8	(A) the requirements for participants in
9	the program;
10	(B) the commercially significant and meas-
11	urable trade benefits provided to participants in
12	the program;
13	(C) the number of participants in the pro-
14	gram; and
15	(D) in the case of a program that provides
16	for participation at multiple tiers, the number
17	of participants at each such tier;
18	(3) identifies the number of participants en-
19	rolled in more than one such partnership program;
20	(4) assesses the effectiveness of each such part-
21	nership program in advancing the security, trade fa-
22	cilitation, and trade enforcement missions of the
23	U.S. Customs and Border Protection Agency, based
24	on historical developments, the level of participation

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in the program, and the evolution of benefits pro vided to participants in the program;

3 (5) summarizes the efforts of the Agency to
4 work with other Federal agencies with authority to
5 detain and release merchandise entering the United
6 States to ensure that partnership programs of those
7 agencies are compatible with partnership programs
8 of the Agency;

9 (6) identifies from among those agencies the 10 agencies that are collaborating with the Commis-11 sioner to provide benefits pursuant to subsection (f) 12 of section 499A of the Tariff Act of 1930, as added 13 by section 202;

14 (7) summarizes criteria developed with those
15 agencies for authorizing the release, on an expedited
16 basis, of merchandise for which documentation is re17 quired from one or more of those agencies to clear
18 or license the merchandise for entry into the United
19 States;

20 (8) summarizes the efforts of the Agency to
21 work with private sector entities and the public to
22 develop and improve partnership programs referred
23 to in subsection (a);

1 (9) describes measures taken by the Agency to 2 make private sector entities aware of the trade bene-3 fits available to participants in such programs; and 4 (10) summarizes the plans, targets, and goals 5 of the Agency with respect to such programs for the 6 2 years following the submission of the report. 7 SEC. 202. TRADE FACILITATION PARTNERSHIP PROGRAM. 8 (a) IN GENERAL.—Title IV of the Tariff Act of 1930 9 (19 U.S.C. 1401 et seq.) is amended by adding at the end 10 the following: 11 "SEC. 499A. TRADE FACILITATION PARTNERSHIP PRO-12 GRAM.

13 "(a) IN GENERAL.—The Commissioner of U.S. Cus-14 toms and Border Protection (in this section referred to 15 as the 'Commissioner') shall establish a voluntary govern-16 ment–private sector program or modify an existing such 17 program to enhance trade facilitation and trade enforce-18 ment and to provide trade benefits developed under sub-19 section (c) to qualified persons.

20 "(b) QUALIFIED PERSON DEFINED.—For purposes
21 of this section, the term 'qualified person' means a person
22 that—

23 "(1) is involved in the entry of merchandise
24 into the United States, including as an intermodal
25 transportation system provider, contract logistics

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1	provider, air, land, or sea carrier, customs broker,
2	importer, or forwarder; and
3	((2) demonstrates compliance with the require-
4	ments established under subsection (e) in accordance
5	with the procedures established under subsection
6	(d).
7	"(c) Trade Benefits.—
8	"(1) IN GENERAL.—The Commissioner shall, in
9	consultation with the entities specified in paragraph
10	(3), develop enhanced commercially significant and
11	measurable trade benefits to be provided to qualified
12	persons.
13	"(2) REQUIREMENTS.—The trade benefits de-
14	veloped under paragraph (1) shall—
15	"(A) be designed to expedite the release of
16	merchandise of qualified persons upon arrival of
17	the merchandise in the United States; and
18	"(B) include—
19	"(i) consideration of the status of per-
20	sons as qualified persons for the purposes
21	of commercial targeting under section
22	211(c) of the Trade Facilitation and Trade
23	Enforcement Reauthorization Act of 2013;
24	"(ii) to the extent practicable, giving
25	priority to qualified persons with respect to

1	the clearance of merchandise during activi-
2	ties to resume trade after any disruption to
3	the processing of merchandise entering the
4	United States;
5	"(iii) providing preclearance of mer-
6	chandise for qualified persons that dem-
7	onstrate the highest levels of compliance
8	with the customs and trade laws of the
9	United States, regulations of the U.S. Cus-
10	toms and Border Protection Agency, and
11	requirements established under subsection
12	(e); and
13	"(iv) any other trade benefits the
14	Commissioner determines appropriate for
15	achieving the goals of the program under
16	subsection (a).
17	"(3) ENTITIES SPECIFIED.—The entities speci-
18	fied in this paragraph are—
19	"(A) the Customs Operations Advisory
20	Committee established under section 205 of the
21	Trade Facilitation and Trade Enforcement Re-
22	authorization Act of 2013;
23	"(B) the Trade Support Network (as de-
24	fined in section 2 of that Act);

1	"(C) the Committee on Finance of the
2	Senate; and
3	"(D) the Committee on Ways and Means
4	of the House of Representatives.
5	"(d) PROCEDURES.—The Commissioner shall estab-
6	lish procedures with respect to the following:
7	"(1) Submission and approval of applications to
8	receive trade benefits under the program under sub-
9	section (a).
10	((2) Verification that an applicant to receive
11	trade benefits under the program is a qualified per-
12	son.
13	"(3) Reverification that a person receiving
14	trade benefits under the program continues to be a
15	qualified person.
16	"(4) Withdrawal of trade benefits from a per-
17	son that the Commissioner determines is not a quali-
18	fied person.
19	"(5) Appeals of decisions of the Commissioner
20	under this section.
21	"(e) Requirements.—
22	"(1) IN GENERAL.—The Commissioner, in con-
23	sultation with the entities specified in subsection
24	(c)(3)—

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1	"(A) shall establish requirements for re-
2	ceiving trade benefits under the program under
3	subsection (a); and
4	"(B) may establish multiple tiers of re-
5	quirements and trade benefits under the pro-
6	gram.
7	"(2) MINIMUM REQUIREMENTS.—The minimum
8	requirements for a person to receive trade benefits
9	under the program under subsection (a) are the fol-
10	lowing:
11	"(A) The certification of the person as a
12	member of the Customs–Trade Partnership
13	Against Terrorism established under subtitle B
14	of title II of the Security and Accountability for
15	Every Port Act of 2006 (6 U.S.C. 961 et seq.)
16	or an equivalent certification in a successor pro-
17	gram.
18	"(B) A history of compliance by the person
19	with the customs and trade laws of the United
20	States and regulations of the U.S. Customs and
21	Border Protection Agency.
22	"(f) INTERAGENCY PROGRAM BENEFITS.—The Com-
23	missioner shall collaborate with the head of each Federal
24	agency with authority to detain and release merchandise
25	entering the United States to develop benefits to be pro-

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vided to persons that receive trade benefits under the pro gram under subsection (a) and that import merchandise
 into the United States that requires clearance by that
 agency, including—

5 "(1) the submission to, and retrieval of infor6 mation from, that agency relating to the entry and
7 release of that merchandise through the Automated
8 Commercial Environment, or its predecessor, and
9 the International Trade Data System;

"(2) the preclearance of that merchandise by
that agency through the Automated Commercial Environment or its predecessor to the extent possible;
and

14 "(3) any other benefits that the Commissioner 15 and the head of that agency determine appropriate. 16 "(g) Confidential Information Safeguards.— 17 The Commissioner, in consultation with the Customs Op-18 erations Advisory Committee established under section 19 205 of the Trade Facilitation and Trade Enforcement Re-20 authorization Act of 2013, shall establish procedures to 21 safeguard confidential data collected, stored, or shared 22 with the U.S. Customs and Border Protection Agency or 23 any other Federal agency pursuant to this section.

24 "(h) CUSTOMS AND TRADE LAWS OF THE UNITED25 STATES DEFINED.—In this section, the term 'customs

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and trade laws of the United States' has the meaning
 given that term in section 2 of the Trade Facilitation and
 Trade Enforcement Reauthorization Act of 2013.".

4 (b) FEDERAL REGISTER NOTICE.—Not later than 90
5 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Com6 missioner shall publish a notice in the Federal Register
7 setting forth the requirements of section 499A of the Tar8 iff Act of 1930, as added by subsection (a), and seeking
9 public comments on the development and implementation
10 of the program under that section.

## 11 SEC. 203. CENTERS OF EXCELLENCE AND EXPERTISE.

The Commissioner shall, in consultation with private
sector entities, develop and implement Agency-wide Centers of Excellence and Expertise that—

(1) build the expertise of the U.S. Customs and
Border Protection Agency in particular industry operations, supply chains, and compliance requirements;

(2) ensure the uniform implementation across
United States ports of entry of policies and regulations affecting major import sectors;

(3) centralize decisionmaking of the Agencythat impacts particular industries;

24 (4) enhance trade facilitation and trade enforce-25 ment; and

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(5) formalize an account-based approach to the
 importation of merchandise into the United States
 by persons the Commissioner determines have a his tory of compliance with the customs and trade laws
 of the United States.

## 6 SEC. 204. MUTUAL RECOGNITION AGREEMENTS.

7 (a) NEGOTIATING OBJECTIVE.—It shall be a negoti-8 ating objective of the United States in any negotiation for 9 a mutual recognition agreement with a foreign country on 10 partnership programs, such as the Customs–Trade Partnership Against Terrorism established under subtitle B of 11 12 title II of the Security and Accountability for Every Port 13 Act of 2006 (6 U.S.C. 961 et seq.), to seek to ensure the compatibility of the partnership programs of that country 14 15 with the partnership programs of the U.S. Customs and Border Protection Agency to enhance trade facilitation 16 17 and trade enforcement.

(b) CONSULTATIONS.—Not later than 30 days before entering into a mutual recognition agreement described in subsection (a), the Secretary of Homeland Security shall consult with the Committee on Finance of the Senate and the Committee on Ways and Means of the House of Representatives with respect to how the provisions of the agreement will advance the security, trade facilitation, and

1	trade enforcement missions of the U.S. Customs and Bor-
2	der Protection Agency.
3	SEC. 205. CUSTOMS OPERATIONS ADVISORY COMMITTEE.
4	(a) ESTABLISHMENT.—Not later than December 31,
5	2013, the Secretary of the Treasury and the Secretary of
6	Homeland Security shall jointly establish a Customs Oper-
7	ations Advisory Committee (in this section referred to as
8	the "Advisory Committee").
9	(b) Membership.—
10	(1) IN GENERAL.—The Advisory Committee
11	shall be comprised of—
12	(A) 20 individuals appointed under para-
13	graph $(2);$
14	(B) the Commissioner and the Assistant
15	Secretary for Tax Policy of the Department of
16	the Treasury, who shall jointly co-chair meet-
17	ings of the Advisory Committee; and
18	(C) the Assistant Secretary for Policy of
19	the Department of Homeland Security and the
20	Director of U.S. Immigration and Customs En-
21	forcement, who shall serve as deputy co-chairs
22	of meetings of the Advisory Committee.
23	(2) Appointment.—
24	(A) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 180
25	days after the date of the enactment of this

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1 Act, the Secretary of the Treasury and the Sec-2 retary of Homeland Security shall jointly ap-3 point 20 individuals from the private sector to 4 the Advisory Committee, not more than 10 of 5 whom shall be of the same political party. 6 (B) TERMS.—Each individual appointed to 7 the Advisory Committee under this paragraph 8 shall be appointed for a term of up to 3 years, 9 and may be reappointed to subsequent terms, 10 but may not serve more than 2 terms sequentially. 11 12 QUALIFICATIONS.—The (3)individuals ap-13 pointed to the Advisory Committee shall be broadly 14 representative of the sectors of the United States 15 economy affected by the commercial operations of 16 the U.S. Customs and Border Protection Agency 17 and the investigations of the U.S. Immigration and 18 Customs Enforcement Agency. 19 TRANSFER OF MEMBERSHIP.—The Sec-(4)20 retary of the Treasury and the Secretary of Home-21 land Security may transfer members serving on the 22 Advisory Committee on Commercial Operations of 23 the United States Customs Service established under 24 section 9503(c) of the Omnibus Budget Reconcili-25 ation Act of 1987 (19 U.S.C. 2071 note) on the day

before the date of the enactment of this Act to the
 Advisory Committee established under subsection
 (a).

4 (c) DUTIES.—The Advisory Committee established
5 under subsection (a) shall—

6 (1) advise the Secretary of the Treasury and 7 the Secretary of Homeland Security on all matters 8 involving the commercial operations of the U.S. Cus-9 toms and Border Protection Agency and the inves-10 tigations of the U.S. Immigration and Customs En-11 forcement Agency, including advising with respect to 12 significant changes that are proposed with respect to 13 policies or regulations of either such Agency;

(2) provide recommendations to the Secretary
of the Treasury and the Secretary of Homeland Security on improvements to the commercial operations
of the U.S. Customs and Border Protection Agency
and the investigations of the U.S. Immigration and
Customs Enforcement Agency; and

20 (3) perform such other functions relating to the
21 commercial operations of the U.S. Customs and Bor22 der Protection Agency and the investigations of the
23 U.S. Immigration and Customs Enforcement Agency
24 as prescribed by law or as the Secretary of the

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Treasury and the Secretary of Homeland Security
 jointly direct.
 (d) MEETINGS.—
 (1) IN GENERAL.—The Advisory Committee

shall meet at the call of the Secretary of the Treasury and the Secretary of Homeland Security or at
the call of not less than <sup>2</sup>/<sub>3</sub> of the membership of the
Advisory Committee.

9 (2) NUMBER OF MEETINGS.—The Advisory 10 Committee shall, at a minimum, meet at least 4 11 times each calendar year. Additional meetings may 12 be called of such special task forces or other groups 13 made up of members of the Advisory Committee as 14 the Advisory Committee determines appropriate.

(3) ADDITION OF AGENDA ITEMS.—Any member of the Advisory Committee may recommend additional items for the agenda of a meeting before the
meeting.

(4) OPEN MEETINGS.—A meeting of the Advisory Committee shall be open to the public unless
the Secretary of the Treasury and the Secretary of
Homeland Security determine that the meeting will
include matters the disclosure of which would seriously compromise the development of policies, priorities, or negotiating objectives or positions that could

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impact the commercial operations of the U.S. Cus-
toms and Border Protection Agency or the investiga-
tions of the U.S. Immigration and Customs Enforce-
ment Agency.
(e) Reports.—
(1) ANNUAL REPORT.—Not later than Decem-
ber 31 of each calendar year, the Advisory Com-
mittee shall submit to the Committee on Finance of
the Senate and the Committee on Ways and Means
of the House of Representatives a report that—
(A) describes the activities of the Advisory
Committee during the preceding fiscal year; and
(B) sets forth any recommendations of the
Advisory Committee regarding the commercial
operations of the U.S. Customs and Border
Protection Agency and the investigations of the
U.S. Immigration and Customs Enforcement
Agency during the preceding fiscal year.
(2) Additional reports.—The members of
the Advisory Committee appointed under subsection
(b)(2) may submit directly to the Committee on Fi-
nance of the Senate and the Committee on Ways
and Means of the House of Representatives such ad-
ditional reports on the commercial operations of the
U.S. Customs and Border Protection Agency and

the investigations of the U.S. Immigration and Cus toms Enforcement Agency as such members deter mine appropriate.
 (f) APPLICABILITY OF FEDERAL ADVISORY COM-

5 MITTEE ACT.—The provisions of the Federal Advisory
6 Committee Act (5 U.S.C. App.) shall apply to the Advisory
7 Committee, except as follows:

8 (1) Subsections (a) and (b) of section 10 of
9 such Act (relating to open meetings and availability
10 of information) shall not apply.

11 (2) Section 11 of such Act (relating to the
12 availability of transcripts of meetings) shall not
13 apply.

14 (3) Section 14(a)(2) of such Act (relating to
15 termination) shall be applied by substituting "4-year
16 period" for "two-year period".

(g) CONFORMING REPEAL.—Effective January 31,
2014, section 9503(c) of the Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act of 1987 (19 U.S.C. 2071 note) is repealed.

(h) REFERENCES.—On or after January 31, 2014,
any reference in law to the Advisory Committee on Commercial Operations of the United States Customs Service
established under section 9503(c) of the Omnibus Budget
Reconciliation Act of 1987 (19 U.S.C. 2071 note) shall

1	be deemed to be a reference to the Customs Operations
2	Advisory Committee established under subsection (a).
3	(i) Conforming Amendments.—
4	(1) SAFE PORT ACT.—The Security and Ac-
5	countability for Every Port Act of 2006 (6 U.S.C.
6	901 et seq.) is amended—
7	(A) in section 2, by striking paragraph (2)
8	and inserting the following:
9	"(2) CUSTOMS OPERATIONS ADVISORY COM-
10	MITTEE.—The term 'Customs Operations Advisory
11	Committee' means the Advisory Committee estab-
12	lished under section 205 of the Trade Facilitation
13	and Trade Enforcement Reauthorization Act of
14	2013 or any successor committee."; and
15	(B) by striking "Commercial Operations
16	Advisory Committee" each place it appears and
17	inserting "Customs Operations Advisory Com-
18	mittee".
19	(2) TARIFF ACT OF 1930.—Section 411(d) of
20	the Tariff Act of $1930$ (19 U.S.C. $1411(d)$ ) is
21	amended—
22	(A) in paragraph $(1)(D)$ , by striking
23	"Commercial Operations Advisory Committee"
24	and inserting "Customs Operations Advisory
25	Committee"; and

1	(B) by striking paragraph (7) and insert-
2	ing the following:
3	"(7) CUSTOMS OPERATIONS ADVISORY COM-
4	MITTEE DEFINED.—In this section, the term 'Cus-
5	toms Operations Advisory Committee' means the
6	Advisory Committee established under section 205 of
7	the Trade Facilitation and Trade Enforcement Re-
8	authorization Act of 2013 or any successor com-
9	mittee.".
10	(3) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The amendments made
11	by this subsection shall take effect on January 1,
12	2014.
13	SEC. 206. AUTOMATED COMMERCIAL ENVIRONMENT COM-
13 14	SEC. 206. AUTOMATED COMMERCIAL ENVIRONMENT COM- PUTER SYSTEM.
14	PUTER SYSTEM.
14 15 16	<b>PUTER SYSTEM.</b> (a) FUNDING.—Section 13031(f)(5) of the Consoli-
14 15 16	<b>PUTER SYSTEM.</b> (a) FUNDING.—Section 13031(f)(5) of the Consoli- dated Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act of 1985 (19)
14 15 16 17	<b>PUTER SYSTEM.</b> (a) FUNDING.—Section 13031(f)(5) of the Consoli- dated Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act of 1985 (19 U.S.C. 58c(f)(5)) is amended—
14 15 16 17 18	PUTER SYSTEM. (a) FUNDING.—Section 13031(f)(5) of the Consoli- dated Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act of 1985 (19 U.S.C. 58c(f)(5)) is amended— (1) in subparagraph (A)—
14 15 16 17 18 19	PUTER SYSTEM. (a) FUNDING.—Section 13031(f)(5) of the Consoli- dated Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act of 1985 (19 U.S.C. 58c(f)(5)) is amended— (1) in subparagraph (A)— (A) by striking "2003, 2004, and 2005"
14 15 16 17 18 19 20	PUTER SYSTEM. (a) FUNDING.—Section 13031(f)(5) of the Consoli- dated Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act of 1985 (19 U.S.C. 58c(f)(5)) is amended— (1) in subparagraph (A)— (A) by striking "2003, 2004, and 2005" and inserting "2014 through 2018"; and
<ol> <li>14</li> <li>15</li> <li>16</li> <li>17</li> <li>18</li> <li>19</li> <li>20</li> <li>21</li> </ol>	PUTER SYSTEM. (a) FUNDING.—Section 13031(f)(5) of the Consoli- dated Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act of 1985 (19 U.S.C. 58c(f)(5)) is amended— (1) in subparagraph (A)— (A) by striking "2003, 2004, and 2005" and inserting "2014 through 2018"; and (B) by striking "\$350,000,000" and in-

1	"(B)(i) From amounts that are available in the Ac-
2	count, there are authorized to be appropriated—
3	"(I) for each of fiscal years 2014 through 2016,
4	\$140,000,000 to complete the development of the
5	Automated Commercial Environment computer sys-
6	tem;
7	"(II) for each of fiscal years 2017 and 2018,
8	\$115,000,000 for the operation and maintenance of
9	the Automated Commercial Environment computer
10	system; and
11	"(III) for fiscal years 2014 through 2018, such
12	amounts as are available in the Account after the
13	obligation of amounts pursuant to the authorizations
14	of appropriations under subclauses (I) and (II) and
15	subparagraph (C) for other purposes related to the
16	functions of the Department of Homeland Security.
17	"(ii) Amounts authorized to be appropriated pursu-
18	ant to this subparagraph shall remain available until ex-
19	pended.
20	"(iii) Not more than 1 percent of the amounts au-
21	thorized to be appropriated from the Account under sub-
22	clauses (I) and (II) of clause (i) may be used as matching
23	funds to assist Federal agencies (other than the Depart-
24	ment of Homeland Security) with authority to detain and
25	

25 release merchandise entering the United States in devel-

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oping their respective automated release programs that
 are integrated with the Automated Commercial Environ ment computer system.".

4 (b) REPORT.—Section 311(b)(3) of the Customs Bor5 der Security Act of 2002 (19 U.S.C. 2075 note) is amend6 ed to read as follows:

7 "(3) Report.—

8 "(A) IN GENERAL.—Not later than De-9 cember 31, 2013, the Commissioner of U.S. 10 Customs and Border Protection shall submit to 11 the Committee on Appropriations and the Com-12 mittee on Finance of the Senate and the Com-13 mittee on Appropriations and the Committee on 14 Ways and Means of the House of Representa-15 tives a report—

"(i) describing the plans of the U.S. 16 17 Customs and Border Protection Agency, 18 including deadlines, for incorporating all 19 cargo release data elements into the Auto-20 mated Commercial Environment computer 21 system not later than September 30, 2015, 22 to conform with the admissibility criteria 23 of agencies participating in the Inter-24 national Trade Data System identified

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1	pursuant to subsection $(d)(4)(A)(iii)$ of
2	section 411 of the Tariff Act of 1930;
3	"(ii) identifying the components of the
4	National Customs Automation Program
5	specified in subsection $(a)(2)$ of such sec-
6	tion 411 that have not been implemented;
7	"(iii) identifying the priorities of the
8	Agency for incorporating entry summary
9	data elements, cargo manifest data ele-
10	ments, and cargo financial data elements
11	into the Automated Commercial Environ-
12	ment computer system;
13	"(iv) describing the objectives, plans,
14	and deadlines of the Agency for imple-
15	menting the components identified under
16	clause (ii) and the priorities identified
17	under cause (iii) not later than September
18	30, 2016; and
19	"(v) describing any additional compo-
20	nent of the National Customs Automation
21	Program initiated by the Commissioner to
22	complete the development, establishment,
23	and implementation of the Automated
24	Commercial Environment computer sys-
25	tem.

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1 "(B) UPDATE OF REPORTS.—Not later than June 30, 2014, and every 180 days there-2 3 after, the Commissioner shall submit to the 4 Committee on Appropriations and the Com-5 mittee on Finance of the Senate and the Com-6 mittee on Appropriations and the Committee on 7 Ways and Means of the House of Representa-8 tives an updated report addressing each of the 9 matters referred to in subparagraph (A).".

10 (c) GOVERNMENT ACCOUNTABILITY OFFICE RE-11 PORT.—Not later than one year after the date of the en-12 actment of this Act, the Comptroller General of the United 13 States shall submit to the Committee on Appropriations 14 and the Committee on Finance of the Senate and the 15 Committee on Appropriations and the Committee on Ways 16 and Means of the House of Representatives a report—

(1) evaluating the cost and effectiveness of the
efforts of the U.S. Customs and Border Protection
Agency to complete the development, establishment,
and implementation of the Automated Commercial
Environment computer system;

(2) assessing the extent to which any additional
functionality may be added into the Automated
Commercial Environment computer system at a reasonable cost; and

1	(3) assessing the progress of other Federal
2	agencies in accessing and utilizing the Automated
3	Commercial Environment computer system.
4	SEC. 207. INTERNATIONAL TRADE DATA SYSTEM.
5	(a) Information Technology Infrastruc-
6	TURE.—Section 411(d) of the Tariff Act of 1930 (19
7	U.S.C. 1411(d)) is amended—
8	(1) by redesignating paragraphs (4) through
9	(7) as paragraphs (5) through (8), respectively; and
10	(2) by inserting after paragraph $(3)$ the fol-
11	lowing:
12	"(4) INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY INFRASTRUC-
13	TURE.—
14	"(A) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary shall
15	work with the head of each agency participating
16	in the ITDS and the Interagency Steering
17	Committee to ensure that each such agency—
18	"(i) develops and maintains the nec-
19	essary information technology infrastruc-
20	ture to support the operation of the ITDS
21	and to submit all data to the ITDS elec-
22	tronically;
23	"(ii) enters into a memorandum of
24	understanding, or takes such other action
25	as is necessary, to provide for the informa-

1	tion sharing between the agency and the
2	U.S. Customs and Border Protection
3	Agency necessary for the operation and
4	maintenance of the ITDS; and
5	"(iii) not later than June 30, 2014,
6	identifies and transmits to the Commis-
7	sioner of U.S. Customs and Border Protec-
8	tion the admissibility criteria and data ele-
9	ments required by the agency to authorize
10	the release of cargo by the U.S. Customs
11	and Border Protection Agency for incorpo-
12	ration into the operational functionality of
13	the Automated Commercial Environment
14	computer system.
15	"(B) RULE OF CONSTRUCTION.—Nothing
16	in this paragraph shall be construed to require
17	any action to be taken that would compromise
18	an ongoing law enforcement investigation or na-
19	tional security.".
20	(b) Authorization of Appropriations.—Section
21	13031(f)(5) of the Consolidated Omnibus Budget Rec-
22	onciliation Act of 1985 (19 U.S.C. 58c(f)(5)), as amended
23	by section 206(a), is further amended by striking subpara-

"(C) There are authorized to be appropriated to the
 Secretary of the Treasury from amounts available in the
 Account \$25,000,000 for each of fiscal years 2014
 through 2018, to remain available until expended, to carry
 out the provisions of section 411(d)(4) of the Tariff Act
 of 1930.".

7 (c) GOVERNMENT ACCOUNTABILITY OFFICE RE-8 PORT.—Not later than June 30, 2015, the Comptroller 9 General of the United States shall submit to the Com-10 mittee on Appropriations and the Committee on Finance 11 of the Senate and the Committee on Appropriations and 12 the Committee on Ways and Means of the House of Rep-13 resentatives a report—

(1) evaluating the development and maintenance of the information technology infrastructure
necessary to support the operations of the International Trade Data System; and

(2) assessing the number of memoranda of understanding and other actions taken by the U.S.
Customs and Border Protection Agency and other
Federal agencies to ensure the sharing of electronic
import and export data.

1	SEC. 208. ELECTRONIC SUBMISSION OF PUBLIC COM-
2	MENTS.
3	Not later than one year after the date of the enact-
4	ment of this Act, the Commissioner shall provide—
5	(1) for the electronic submission and posting of
6	any public comments solicited by the U.S. Customs
7	and Border Protection Agency on the Internet
8	website of the Agency; and
9	(2) for the prompt posting of public comments
10	associated with any rulemaking of the Agency on the
11	Federal Government Internet website for Federal
12	regulations, www.regulations.gov, or any successor
13	website.
14	Subtitle B—Trade Enforcement
15	CHAPTER 1—COMMERCIAL TARGETING
16	SEC. 211. COMMERCIAL TARGETING DIVISION AND NA-
17	TIONAL TARGETING AND ANALYSIS GROUPS.
18	(a) Establishment of Commercial Targeting
19	DIVISION.—
20	(1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of Homeland
21	Security shall establish and maintain within the Of-
22	fice of Trade of the U.S. Customs and Border Pro-
23	tection Agency, established under section 4 of the
24	Act of March 3, 1927, as added by section 102, a
25	Commercial Targeting Division.

1	(2) Composition.—The Commercial Targeting
2	Division shall be composed of—
3	(A) headquarters personnel led by an Ex-
4	ecutive Director, who shall report to the Assist-
5	ant Commissioner for Trade; and
6	(B) individual National Targeting and
7	Analysis Groups, each led by a Director who
8	shall report to the Executive Director of the
9	Commercial Targeting Division.
10	(3) DUTIES.—The Commercial Targeting Divi-
11	sion shall be dedicated—
12	(A) to the development and conduct of
13	commercial targeting with respect to cargo des-
14	tined for the United States in accordance with
15	subsection (c); and
16	(B) to issuing Trade Alerts described in
17	subsection (d).
18	(b) NATIONAL TARGETING AND ANALYSIS
19	GROUPS.—
20	(1) IN GENERAL.—The Commissioner shall de-
21	termine the priorities of the National Targeting and
22	Analysis Groups referred to in subsection (a)(2)(B),
23	to include the enforcement, with respect to the im-
24	portation of merchandise into the United States,
25	of—

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1	(A) intellectual property rights;
2	(B) health and safety laws and regulations;
3	(C) agriculture-related laws and regula-
4	tions;
5	(D) textile- and apparel-related laws and
6	regulations;
7	(E) general revenue laws and regulations;
8	and
9	(F) non-general revenue laws and regula-
10	tions, including with respect to antidumping
11	and countervailing duties.
12	(c) Commercial Targeting.—In carrying out its
13	duties with respect to commercial targeting, the Commer-
14	cial Targeting Division shall—
15	(1) establish targeting methodologies and
16	standards for—
17	(A) assessing the risk that cargo destined
18	for the United States may violate the customs
19	and trade laws of the United States; and
20	(B) issuing, as appropriate, Trade Alerts
21	described in subsection (d);
22	(2) to the extent practicable and otherwise au-
23	thorized by law, use, to administer the methodologies
24	and standards established under paragraph (1)—
25	(A) publicly available information;

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1 (B) information available from the Auto-2 mated Commercial System, the Automated 3 Commercial Environment computer system, the 4 Automated Targeting System, the Automated 5 Export System, the International Trade Data 6 System, the TECS (formerly known as the 7 "Treasury Enforcement Communications Sys-8 tem"), and the case management system of the 9 U.S. Immigration and Customs Enforcement 10 Agency, and any successors to those systems; 11 and 12 (C) information made available to the 13 Commercial Targeting Division, including infor-14 mation provided by private sector entities; and 15 (3) coordinate targeting efforts with other Fed-16 eral agencies with authority to detain and release 17 merchandise entering the United States. 18 (d) TRADE ALERTS.— 19 (1) ISSUANCE.—Based upon the application of 20 the targeting methodologies and standards estab-21 lished under subsection (c), the Executive Director 22 of the Commercial Targeting Division and the Direc-23 tors of the National Targeting and Analysis Groups 24 may issue Trade Alerts to port directors providing 25 guidance for further inspection, physical examina-

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1	tion, or testing, of specific merchandise if certain
2	risk-assessment thresholds are met to improve com-
3	pliance with the customs and trade laws of the
4	United States and regulations administered by the
5	U.S. Customs and Border Protection Agency.
6	(2) Determinations not to implement
7	TRADE ALERTS.—A port director may determine not
8	to follow a Trade Alert issued under paragraph (1)
9	that requires further inspection, physical examina-
10	tion, or testing if the port director—
11	(A) finds that such a determination is jus-
12	tified by security interests; and
13	(B) notifies the Trade Facilitation and
14	Trade Enforcement Division of the Office of
15	Field Operations of the determination not to
16	follow the Trade Alert and the reasons for the
17	determination not later than 48 hours after
18	making the determination.
19	(3) Summary of determinations not to im-
20	PLEMENT.—The Trade Facilitation and Trade En-
21	forcement Division shall—
22	(A) compile an annual summary of all de-
23	terminations by port directors under paragraph
24	(2) and the reasons for those determinations;

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(B) conduct an evaluation of the utilization
 of Trade Alerts issued under paragraph (1);
 and

4 (C) submit the summary compiled under 5 subparagraph (A) and the evaluation conducted 6 under subparagraph (B) to the Committee on 7 Finance of the Senate and the Committee on 8 Ways and Means of the House of Representa-9 tives not later than December 31 of each year. 10 (4) INSPECTION DEFINED.—In this subsection, 11 the term "inspection" means the comprehensive 12 evaluation process used by the U.S. Customs and 13 Border Protection Agency, other than physical ex-14 amination or testing, to permit the entry of mer-15 chandise into the United States, or the clearance of 16 merchandise for transportation in bond through the 17 United States, for purposes of—

18 (A) assessing duties;

19 (B) identifying restricted or prohibited20 items; and

21 (C) ensuring compliance with the customs
22 and trade laws of the United States and regula23 tions administered by the Agency.

24 (e) USE OF TRADE DATA FOR COMMERCIAL EN25 FORCEMENT PURPOSES.—Section 343(a)(3)(F) of the

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Trade Act of 2002 (19 U.S.C. 2071 note) is amended to
 read as follows:

3 "(F) The information collected pursuant to 4 the regulations shall be used for ensuring avia-5 tion, maritime, and surface transportation safe-6 ty and security, and may be used for commer-7 cial enforcement purposes. A person that provides information pursuant to the regulations 8 9 that is used to detect a violation of any statute 10 or regulation relating to commercial enforce-11 ment shall be subject to commercial penalties 12 pursuant to that statute or regulation only if 13 the person is found to have committed fraud in 14 providing the information.".

15 SEC. 212. ANNUAL ILLEGAL DRUG CONTROL LAW EN-16 FORCEMENT STRATEGY.

17 (a) IN GENERAL.—Section 123 of the Customs and
18 Trade Act of 1990 (19 U.S.C. 2083) is amended to read
19 as follows:

20 "SEC. 123. ANNUAL ILLEGAL DRUG CONTROL LAW EN21 FORCEMENT STRATEGY.

"(a) REPORTS ON VIOLATION ESTIMATES.—Not
later than one year after the date of the enactment of the
Trade Facilitation and Trade Enforcement Reauthorization Act of 2013, and annually thereafter, the Commis-

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sioner of U.S. Customs and Border Protection and the Di-1 2 rector of U.S. Immigration and Customs Enforcement 3 shall jointly develop and submit to the chairperson and 4 ranking member of the Committee on Finance of the Sen-5 ate and of the Committee on Ways and Means of the 6 House of Representatives (in this section referred to as 7 the 'Committees') in accordance with subsection (d) a re-8 port that contains an estimate of—

9 "(1) the number and extent of violations of the
10 illegal drug control laws specified in subsection (b)
11 that are likely to occur during the year following the
12 report; and

"(2) the relative incidence of the violations described in paragraph (1) among the various United
States ports of entry and customs regions within the
customs territory of the United States during the
year preceding the report.

18 "(b) ILLEGAL DRUG CONTROL LAWS SPECIFIED.—
19 The Commissioner of U.S. Customs and Border Protec20 tion and the Director of U.S. Immigration and Customs
21 Enforcement, after consultation with the Committees—

"(1) shall, not later than 180 days after the
date of the enactment of the Trade Facilitation and
Trade Enforcement Reauthorization Act of 2013,
prepare a list of those provisions of the illegal drug

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1 control laws of the United States with respect to 2 which the U.S. Customs and Border Protection 3 Agency and the U.S. Immigration and Customs En-4 forcement Agency have enforcement responsibility 5 and to which the reports required by subsection (a) 6 will apply; and 7 "(2) may periodically update the list developed 8 under paragraph (1), as warranted. 9 "(c) ENFORCEMENT STRATEGY.—Not later than 90 10 days after submitting a report under subsection (a), the 11 Commissioner of U.S. Customs and Border Protection and the Director of U.S. Immigration and Customs Enforce-12 13 ment shall jointly— 14 "(1) develop or update a strategy for enforcing 15 the illegal drug control laws specified in subsection 16 (b) in a nationally uniform manner and addressing 17 the violations estimated in the report during the pe-18 riod covered by the report; and 19 "(2) submit to the chairperson and ranking 20 member of each of the Committees a confidential re-21 port setting forth the details of the strategy de-22 scribed in paragraph (1). 23 "(d) CONFIDENTIALITY.—The contents of any report 24 submitted to the chairperson and ranking member of each 25 of the Committees under subsection (a) or (c) are con-

fidential and the disclosure of the contents is restricted
 to—
 "(1) officers and employees of the United

- 4 States designated by the Commissioner of U.S. Cus5 toms and Border Protection or the Director of U.S.
  6 Customs and Immigration Enforcement to have ac7 cess to the contents of the report;
- 8 "(2) the chairperson and ranking member of9 each of the Committees; and
- "(3) such Members of Congress and staff of
  such Members as the chairperson or ranking member of either of the Committees may authorize to
  have access to the contents of the report.".
- (b) CONFORMING AMENDMENT.—The table of contents for the Customs and Trade Act of 1990 is amended
  by striking the item relating to section 123 and inserting
  the following:

"Sec. 123. Annual illegal drug control law enforcement strategy.".

## 18 SEC. 213. REPORT ON OVERSIGHT OF REVENUE PROTEC-

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## TION AND ENFORCEMENT MEASURES BY THE INSPECTOR GENERAL.

Not later than June 30, 2015, the Inspector General
of the Department of the Treasury shall submit to the
Committee on Finance of the Senate and the Committee
on Ways and Means of the House of Representatives a
report assessing the following:

1	(1) The effectiveness of the measures taken by
2	the U.S. Customs and Border Protection Agency
3	with respect to revenue protection, including—
4	(A) the collection of countervailing and
5	antidumping duties;
6	(B) the assessment and collection of com-
7	mercial fines and penalties; and
8	(C) the adequacy of the policies of the
9	Agency with respect to monitoring and tracking
10	of merchandise transported in bond and col-
11	lecting duties, as appropriate.
12	(2) The effectiveness of actions taken by the
13	Agency to measure accountability and performance
14	with respect to revenue protection.
15	(3) The number of entries resulting in the un-
16	derpayment of duties and a summary of the actions
17	taken to address the underpayment of duties.
18	(4) The effectiveness of training with respect to
19	the collection of duties provided for personnel of the
20	Agency.
21	SEC. 214. REPORT ON SECURITY AND REVENUE MEASURES
22	WITH RESPECT TO MERCHANDISE TRANS-
23	PORTED IN BOND.
24	(a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than December 31 of
25	2014, 2015, and 2016, the Secretary of Homeland Secu-

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rity and the Secretary of the Treasury shall jointly submit 1 to the Committee on Finance of the Senate and the Com-2 3 mittee on Ways and Means of the House of Representa-4 tives a report on efforts undertaken by the U.S. Customs 5 and Border Protection Agency to ensure the secure transportation of merchandise in bond through the United 6 7 States and the collection of revenue owed upon the entry 8 of such merchandise into the United States for consump-9 tion.

(b) CONTENTS.—The report required by subsection
(a) shall include information, for the 2 fiscal years preceding the submission of the report, on—

13 (1) the overall number of entries of merchan14 dise for transportation in bond through the United
15 States;

16 (2) the ports at which merchandise arrives in
17 the United States for transportation in bond and at
18 which records of the arrival of such merchandise are
19 generated;

20 (3) the average time taken to reconcile such
21 records with the records at the final destination of
22 the merchandise in the United States to demonstrate
23 that the merchandise reaches its final destination or
24 is reexported;

1	(4) the average time taken to transport mer-
2	chandise in bond from the port at which the mer-
3	chandise arrives in the United States to the final
4	destination of the merchandise in the United States;
5	(5) the total amount of duties, taxes, and fees
6	owed with respect to shipments of merchandise
7	transported in bond and the total amount of such
8	duties, taxes, and fees paid;
9	(6) the total number of notifications by carriers
10	of merchandise being transported in bond that the
11	destination of the merchandise has changed while in
12	transit in the United States; and
13	(7) the number of entries that remain
14	unreconciled.
15	SEC. 215. IMPORTER OF RECORD PROGRAM.
16	(a) ESTABLISHMENT.—Not later than 180 days after
17	the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of
18	Homeland Security shall establish an importer of record
19	program to assign and maintain importer of record num-
20	bers.
21	(b) REQUIREMENTS.—The Secretary of Homeland
22	Security shall ensure that, as part of the importer of
23	record program, the U.S. Customs and Border Protection
24	Agency—

1	(1) develops criteria that importers must meet
2	in order to obtain an importer of record number;
3	(2) provides a process by which importers are
4	assigned importer of record numbers;
5	(3) maintains a centralized database of im-
6	porter of record numbers, including a history of im-
7	porter of record numbers associated with each im-
8	porter;
9	(4) evaluates the accuracy of the database on a
10	regular basis; and
11	(5) takes measures to ensure that duplicate im-
12	porter of record numbers are not issued to the same
13	importer.
14	(c) REPORT.—Not later than one year after the date
15	of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Homeland
16	Security shall submit to the Committee on Finance of the
17	Senate and the Committee on Ways and Means of the
18	House of Representatives a report on the importer of
19	record program established under subsection (a).
20	(d) NUMBER DEFINED.—In this subsection, the term
21	"number", with respect to an importer of record, means
22	a filing identification number described in section 24.5 of
23	title 19, Code of Federal Regulations (or any cor-
24	responding similar regulation).

#### CHAPTER 2—IMPORT HEALTH AND 1 2 SAFETY 3 SEC. 221. INTERAGENCY IMPORT SAFETY WORKING GROUP. 4 (a) ESTABLISHMENT.—There is established an inter-5 agency Import Safety Working Group. 6 (b) MEMBERSHIP.—The interagency Import Safety 7 Working Group shall consist of the following officials or 8 their designees: 9 (1) The Secretary of Homeland Security, who 10 shall serve as the Chair. 11 (2) The Secretary of Health and Human Serv-12 ices, who shall serve as the Vice Chair. 13 (3) The Secretary of the Treasury. 14 (4) The Secretary of Commerce. 15 (5) The Secretary of Agriculture. 16 (6) The United States Trade Representative. 17 (7) The Director of the Office of Management 18 and Budget. 19 (8) The Commissioner of Food and Drugs. 20 (9) The Commissioner of U.S. Customs and 21 Border Protection. 22 (10) The Chairman of the Consumer Product 23 Safety Commission. 24 (11) The Director of U.S. Immigration and 25 Customs Enforcement.

1 (12) The head of any other Federal agency des-2 ignated by the President to participate in the inter-3 agency Import Safety Working Group, as appro-4 priate. 5 (c) DUTIES.—The duties of the interagency Import 6 Safety Working Group shall include— 7 (1) consulting on the development of the joint 8 import safety rapid response plan required by sec-9 tion 222;10 (2) periodically evaluating the adequacy of the 11 plans, practices, and resources of the Federal Gov-12 ernment dedicated to ensuring the safety of mer-13 chandise imported in the United States and the ex-14 peditious entry of such merchandise, including— 15 (A) minimizing the duplication of efforts 16 among agencies the heads of which are mem-17 bers of the interagency Import Safety Working 18 Group and ensuring the compatibility of the 19 policies and regulations of those agencies; and 20 (B) recommending additional administra-21 tive actions, as appropriate, designed to ensure the safety of merchandise imported into the 22 23 United States and the expeditious entry of such 24 merchandise and considering the impact of 25 those actions on private sector entities;

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1	(3) reviewing the engagement and cooperation
2	of foreign governments and foreign manufacturers in
3	facilitating the inspection and certification, as appro-
4	priate, of such merchandise to be imported into the
5	United States and the facilities producing such mer-
6	chandise to ensure the safety of the merchandise
7	and the expeditious entry of the merchandise into
8	the United States; and
9	(4) identifying best practices, in consultation
10	with private sector entities as appropriate, to assist
11	United States importers in taking all appropriate
12	steps to ensure the safety of merchandise imported
13	into the United States, including with respect to—
14	(A) the inspection of manufacturing facili-
15	ties in foreign countries;
16	(B) the inspection of merchandise destined
17	for the United States before exportation from a
18	foreign country or before distribution in the
19	United States; and
20	(C) the protection of the international sup-
21	ply chain (as defined in section 2 of the Secu-
22	rity and Accountability For Every Port Act of
23	2006 (6 U.S.C. 901));
24	(5) identifying best practices to assist Federal,
25	State, and local governments and agencies, and port

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authorities, to improve communication and coordina tion among such agencies and authorities with re spect to ensuring the safety of merchandise imported
 into the United States and the expeditious entry of
 such merchandise; and

6 (6) otherwise identifying appropriate steps to 7 increase the accountability of United States import-8 ers and the engagement of foreign government agen-9 cies with respect to ensuring the safety of merchan-10 dise imported into the United States and the expedi-11 tious entry of such merchandise.

#### 12 SEC. 222. JOINT IMPORT SAFETY RAPID RESPONSE PLAN.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than December 31,
2014, the Secretary of Homeland Security, in consultation
with the interagency Import Safety Working Group, shall
develop a plan (to be known as the "joint import safety
rapid response plan") that sets forth protocols and defines
practices for the U.S. Customs and Border Protection
Agency to use—

(1) in taking action in response to, and coordinating Federal responses to, an incident in which
cargo destined for or merchandise entering the
United States has been identified as posing a threat
to the health or safety of consumers in the United
States; and

(2) in recovering from or mitigating the effects
 of actions and responses to an incident described in
 paragraph (1).

4 (b) CONTENTS.—The joint import safety rapid re5 sponse plan shall address—

6 (1) the statutory and regulatory authorities and 7 responsibilities of the U.S. Customs and Border Pro-8 tection Agency and other Federal agencies in re-9 sponding to an incident described in subsection 10 (a)(1);

11 (2) the protocols and practices to be used by 12 the Agency when taking action in response to, and 13 coordinating Federal responses to, such an incident; 14 (3) the measures to be taken by the Agency and 15 other Federal agencies in recovering from or miti-16 gating the effects of actions taken in response to 17 such an incident after the incident to ensure the re-18 sumption of the entry of merchandise into the 19 United States; and

20 (4) exercises that the Agency may conduct in
21 conjunction with Federal, State, and local agencies,
22 and private sector entities, to simulate responses to
23 such an incident.

24 (c) UPDATES OF PLAN.—The Secretary of Homeland25 Security shall review and update the joint import safety

rapid response plan, as appropriate, after conducting exer cises under subsection (d).

3 (d) Import Health and Safety Exercises.—

4 (1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of Homeland 5 Security and the Commissioner shall periodically en-6 gage in the exercises referred to in subsection (b)(4), 7 in conjunction with Federal, State, and local agen-8 cies and private sector entities, as appropriate, to 9 test and evaluate the protocols and practices identi-10 fied in the joint import safety rapid response plan at 11 United States ports of entry.

12 (2) REQUIREMENTS FOR EXERCISES.—In con13 ducting exercises under paragraph (1), the Secretary
14 and the Commissioner shall—

(A) make allowance for the resources,
needs, and constraints of United States ports of
entry of different sizes in representative geographic locations across the United States;

(B) base evaluations on current risk assessments of merchandise entering the United
States at representative United States ports of
entry located across the United States;

(C) ensure that such exercises are conducted in a manner consistent with the National Incident Management System, the Na-

1	tional Response Plan, the National Infrastruc-
2	ture Protection Plan, the National Prepared-
3	ness Guidelines, the Maritime Transportation
4	System Security Plan, and other such national
5	initiatives of the Department of Homeland Se-
6	curity, as appropriate; and
7	(D) develop metrics with respect to the re-
8	sumption of the entry of merchandise into the
9	United States after an incident described in
10	subsection $(a)(1)$ .
11	(3) Requirements for testing and evalua-
12	TION.—The Secretary and the Commissioner shall
13	ensure that the testing and evaluation carried out in
14	conducting exercises under paragraph (1)—
15	(A) are performed using clear and objec-
16	tive performance measures; and
17	(B) result in the identification of specific
18	recommendations or best practices for respond-
19	ing to an incident described in subsection
20	(a)(1).
21	(4) DISSEMINATION OF RECOMMENDATIONS
22	AND BEST PRACTICES.—The Secretary and the
23	Commissioner shall—
24	(A) share the recommendations or best
25	practices identified under paragraph $(3)(B)$

1among the members of the interagency Import2Safety Working Group and with, as appro-3priate—

4 (i) State, local, and tribal govern-5 ments;

6	(ii) foreign governments; and
7	(iii) private sector entities; and
8	(B) use such recommendations and best
9	practices to update the joint import safety rapid
10	response plan.

#### 11 SEC. 223. TRAINING.

12 The Commissioner shall ensure that personnel of the 13 U.S. Customs and Border Protection Agency assigned to 14 United States ports of entry are trained to effectively ad-15 minister the provisions of this chapter and to otherwise 16 assist in ensuring the safety of merchandise imported into 17 the United States and the expeditious entry of such mer-18 chandise.

1	CHAPTER 3-IMPORT-RELATED PROTEC-
2	TION OF INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY
3	RIGHTS
4	Subchapter A—National Intellectual
5	<b>Property Rights Coordination Center</b>
6	SEC. 231. NATIONAL INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY RIGHTS
7	COORDINATION CENTER.
8	(a) ESTABLISHMENT.—The Secretary of Homeland
9	Security shall—
10	(1) establish within the U.S. Immigration and
11	Customs Enforcement Agency a National Intellec-
12	tual Property Rights Coordination Center; and
13	(2) appoint an Assistant Director to head the
14	National Intellectual Property Rights Coordination
15	Center.
16	(b) DUTIES.—The Assistant Director of the National
17	Intellectual Property Rights Coordination Center shall—
18	(1) coordinate the investigation of sources of
19	merchandise that infringes intellectual property
20	rights to identify organizations that produce, smug-
21	gle, or distribute such merchandise;
22	(2) coordinate training with other domestic and
23	international law enforcement agencies on investiga-
24	tive best practices—

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1 (A) to develop and expand the capability of 2 such agencies to enforce intellectual property 3 rights; and 4 (B) to develop metrics to assess whether 5 the training improved enforcement of intellec-6 tual property rights; (3) coordinate, with the U.S. Customs and Bor-7 8 der Protection Agency, activities conducted by the 9 United States to prevent the importation or expor-10 tation of merchandise that infringes intellectual 11 property rights; 12 (4) support the international interdiction of merchandise destined for the United States that in-13 14 fringes intellectual property rights; 15 (5) collect and integrate information regarding 16 infringements of intellectual property rights from do-17 mestic and international law enforcement agencies 18 and other non-Federal sources; 19 (6) develop a single platform or portal to re-20 ceive information regarding infringements of intellec-21 tual property rights from such agencies and other 22 sources and a database to organize and search that 23 information;

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1	(7) disseminate information regarding infringe-
2	ments of intellectual property rights to other Federal
3	agencies, as appropriate;
4	(8) develop and implement risk-based alert sys-
5	tems to be shared with the U.S. Customs and Bor-
6	der Protection Agency to improve the targeting of
7	persons that repeatedly infringe intellectual property
8	rights;
9	(9) coordinate with the United States attorneys'
10	offices to develop expertise in, and assist with the in-
11	vestigation and prosecution of, crimes relating to the
12	infringement of intellectual property rights; and
13	(10) carry out such other duties as the Sec-
14	retary of Homeland Security may assign.
15	(c) Coordination With Other Agencies.—In
16	carrying out the duties described in subsection (b), the As-
17	sistant Director of the National Intellectual Property
18	Rights Coordination Center shall coordinate with—
19	(1) the U.S. Customs and Border Protection
20	Agency;
21	(2) the Food and Drug Administration;
22	(3) the Department of Justice;
23	(4) the Department of Commerce, including the
24	United States Patent and Trademark Office;
25	(5) the United States Postal Inspection Service;

1	(6) the Office of the United States Trade Rep-
2	resentative;
3	(7) any Federal, State, local, or international
4	law enforcement agencies the Director of U.S. Immi-
5	gration and Customs Enforcement considers appro-
6	priate; and
7	(8) any other entities the Director considers ap-
8	propriate.
9	(d) PRIVATE SECTOR OUTREACH.—
10	(1) IN GENERAL.—The Assistant Director of
11	the National Intellectual Property Rights Coordina-
12	tion Center shall work with the U.S. Customs and
13	Border Protection Agency and other Federal agen-
14	cies to conduct outreach to private sector entities to
15	determine trends in and methods of infringing intel-
16	lectual property rights.
17	(2) INFORMATION SHARING.—The Assistant Di-
18	rector shall share information and best practices
19	with respect to the enforcement of intellectual prop-
20	erty rights with private sector entities, as appro-
21	priate, to coordinate public and private sector efforts
22	to combat the infringement of intellectual property
23	rights.

1	Subchapter B—Amendments to the Tariff Act
2	of 1930
3	SEC. 241. PROVISION TO RIGHTS OWNERS OF INFORMA-
4	TION ABOUT AND SAMPLES OF MERCHAN-
5	DISE SUSPECTED OF INFRINGING TRADE-
6	MARKS OR COPYRIGHTS.
7	The Tariff Act of 1930 is amended by inserting after
8	section 526 (19 U.S.C. 1526) the following:
9	"SEC. 526A. PROVISION TO RIGHTS OWNERS OF INFORMA-
10	TION ABOUT AND SAMPLES OF MERCHAN-
11	DISE SUSPECTED OF INFRINGING TRADE-
12	MARKS OR COPYRIGHTS.
13	"(a) IN GENERAL.—Subject to subsections (c) and
14	(d), if the Commissioner of U.S. Customs and Border Pro-
15	tection suspects that merchandise is being imported into
16	the United States in violation of section 526 or section
17	602, 1201(a)(1), or 1201(b)(1) of title 17, United States
18	Code, and determines that the examination or testing of
19	the merchandise by a person described in subsection (b)
20	would assist the Commissioner in determining if the mer-
21	chandise is being imported in violation of that section, the
22	Commissioner, to permit the person to conduct the exam-
23	ination and testing—
24	"(1) shall provide to the person information

24 "(1) shall provide to the person information25 that appears on the merchandise and its packaging

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1	and labels, including unredacted images of the mer-
2	chandise and its packaging and labels; and
3	((2) may, subject to any applicable bonding re-
4	quirements, provide to the person unredacted sam-
5	ples of the merchandise.
6	"(b) PERSON DESCRIBED.—A person described in
7	this subsection is—
8	((1) in the case of merchandise suspected of
9	being imported in violation of section 526, the owner
10	of the trademark suspected of being copied or simu-
11	lated by the merchandise;
12	((2) in the case of merchandise suspected of
13	being imported in violation of section 602 of title 17,
14	United States Code, the owner of the copyright sus-
15	pected of being infringed by the merchandise;
16	"(3) in the case of merchandise suspected of
17	being primarily designed or produced for the pur-
18	pose of circumventing a technological measure that
19	effectively controls access to a work protected under
20	that title, and being imported in violation of section
21	1201(a)(2) of that title, the owner of a copyright in
22	the work; and
23	"(4) in the case of merchandise suspected of
24	being primarily designed or produced for the pur-
25	

25 pose of circumventing protection afforded by a tech-

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1 nological measure that effectively protects a right of 2 an owner of a copyright in a work or a portion of 3 a work, and being imported in violation of section 4 1201(b)(1) of that title, the owner of the copyright. 5 "(c) LIMITATION.—Subsection (a) applies only with respect to merchandise suspected of infringing a trade-6 7 mark or copyright that is recorded with the U.S. Customs 8 and Border Protection Agency.

9 "(d) EXCEPTION.—The Commissioner of U.S. Cus-10 toms and Border Protection may not provide under sub-11 section (a) information, photographs, or samples to a per-12 son described in subsection (b) if providing such informa-13 tion, photographs, or samples would compromise an ongoing law enforcement investigation or national security.". 14 15 SEC. 242. ENFORCEMENT BY THE U.S. CUSTOMS AND BOR-16 DER PROTECTION AGENCY OF WORKS FOR 17 WHICH A COPYRIGHT REGISTRATION IS 18 PENDING.

19 Not later than 180 days after the date of the enact-20 ment of this Act, the Secretary of Homeland Security shall 21 establish a process pursuant to which the Commissioner 22 shall enforce a copyright for which the owner has sub-23 mitted an application for registration under title 17, 24 United States Code, with the Copyright Office of the Li-25 brary of Congress to the same extent and in the same

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manner as if the copyright were registered with the Copy right Office, including by sharing information, images,
 and samples of merchandise suspected of infringing the
 copyright under section 526A of the Tariff Act of 1930,
 as added by section 241.

#### 6 SEC. 243. SEIZURE OF CIRCUMVENTION DEVICES.

7 (a) IN GENERAL.—Section 596(c)(2) of the Tariff
8 Act of 1930 (19 U.S.C. 1595a(c)(2)) is amended—

9 (1) in subparagraph (E), by striking "or";
10 (2) in subparagraph (F), by striking the period
11 and inserting "; or"; and

12 (3) by adding at the end the following:

"(G) the U.S. Customs and Border Protection Agency determines it is a technology, product, service, device, component, or part thereof
the importation of which is prohibited under
subsection (a)(2) or (b)(1) of section 1201 of
title 17, United States Code.".

19 (b) PUBLICATION.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—Except as provided in paragraph (2), not later than 30 days after seizing merchandise pursuant to subparagraph (G) of section
596(c)(2) of the Tariff Act of 1930, as added by
subsection (a), the Commissioner shall publish on
the Internet website of the U.S. Customs and Bor-

1	der Protection Agency information regarding the
2	merchandise seized to permit any person to identify
3	the merchandise and determine whether the mer-
4	chandise is—
5	(A) a technology, product, service, device,
6	component, or part thereof described in section
7	1201(a)(2) of title 17, United States Code,
8	that—
9	(i) is primarily designed or produced
10	for the purpose of circumventing a techno-
11	logical measure that effectively controls ac-
12	cess to a work for which the person has a
13	copyright that is registered under title 17,
14	United States Code, or that is otherwise
15	recorded with the Agency;
16	(ii) has only limited commercially sig-
17	nificant purpose or use other than to cir-
18	cumvent such a technological measure; or
19	(iii) is marketed for use in circum-
20	venting such a technological measure; or
21	(B) a technology, product, service, device,
22	component, or part thereof described in section
23	1201(b)(1) of title 17, United States Code,
24	that—

1	(i) is primarily designed or produced
2	for the purpose of circumventing protection
3	afforded by a technological measure that
4	effectively protects a right of the person in
5	a work or a portion of a work that is reg-
6	istered under title 17, United States Code,
7	or that is otherwise recorded with the
8	Agency;
9	(ii) has only limited commercially sig-
10	nificant purpose or use other than to cir-
11	cumvent protection afforded by such a
12	technological measure; or
13	(iii) is marketed for use in circum-
14	venting protection afforded such a techno-
15	logical measure.
16	(2) EXCEPTION.—The Commissioner may not
17	publish information under paragraph (1) if pub-
18	lishing that information would compromise an ongo-
19	ing law enforcement investigation or national secu-
20	rity.
21	(c) APPLICATION.—Not later than 30 days after pub-
22	lishing the information required under subsection (b) with
23	respect to seized merchandise, any person that determines
24	that the seized merchandise is merchandise that infringes
25	a right of the person as described in subsection (b) (or

1	an agent of such a person) may submit to the U.S. Cus-
2	toms and Border Protection Agency an application that—
3	(1) identifies the person as a person that holds
4	such a right (or an agent of such a person); and
5	(2) requests the information described in sub-
6	section (d).
7	(d) DISCLOSURE.—Subject to subsection (f), the
8	Commissioner shall disclose to a person that submitted an
9	application described in subsection (c) with respect to
10	seized merchandise the following information:
11	(1) The date of importation of the seized mer-
12	chandise.
13	(2) The United States port of entry at which
14	the merchandise was seized.
15	(3) A description of the merchandise.
16	(4) The quantity of merchandise seized.
17	(5) The country of origin of the merchandise.
18	(6) The name and address of the foreign manu-
19	facturer of the merchandise.
20	(7) The name and address of the exporter of
21	the merchandise.
22	(8) The name and address of the importer of
23	the merchandise.
24	(e) EXPEDITED DISCLOSURE.—Subject to subsection
25	(f), the Commissioner may, on an expedited basis, disclose

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information pursuant to subsection (d) with respect to
 merchandise seized pursuant to subparagraph (G) of sec tion 526(c)(2) of the Tariff Act of 1930, as added by sub section (a), and with respect to which information is pub lished pursuant to subsection (b), to a person that has
 previously submitted an application under subsection (c)
 with respect to such merchandise.

8 (f)LIMITATION ON DISCLOSURE.—The Commis-9 sioner may not disclose information under subsection (d) 10 or (e) with respect to merchandise seized pursuant to subparagraph (G) of section 526(c)(2) of the Tariff Act of 11 12 1930, as added by subsection (a), until the Commissioner 13 has made a final determination with respect to whether the merchandise is a technology, product, service, device, 14 15 component, or part thereof the importation of which is prohibited under subsection (a)(2) or (b)(1) of section 16 17 1201 of title 17, United States Code.

18 Subchapter C—Other Matters

19 SEC.251.DEFINITION OF INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY20RIGHTS.

In this subchapter, the term "intellectual property
rights" refers to copyrights, trademarks, and other forms
of intellectual property rights that are enforced by the
U.S. Customs and Border Protection Agency or the U.S.
Immigration and Customs Enforcement Agency.

## 1SEC. 252. JOINT STRATEGIC PLAN FOR THE ENFORCEMENT2OF INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY RIGHTS.

The Commissioner and the Director of U.S. Immigration and Customs Enforcement shall include in the joint
strategic plan on trade facilitation and trade enforcement
required by section 123A of the Customs and Trade Act
of 1990, as amended by section 131—

8 (1) a description of the efforts of the Depart9 ment of Homeland Security to enforce intellectual
10 property rights;

(2) a list of the 10 United States ports of entry
at which the U.S. Customs and Border Protection
Agency has seized the most merchandise, both by
volume and by value, that infringes intellectual property rights during the most recent 2-year period for
which data are available; and

(3) a recommendation for the optimal allocation
of personnel, resources, and technology to ensure
that the U.S. Customs and Border Protection Agency and the U.S. Immigration and Customs Enforcement Agency are adequately enforcing intellectual
property rights.

#### 23 SEC. 253. PERSONNEL DEDICATED TO THE ENFORCEMENT

24

#### OF INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY RIGHTS.

25 (a) PERSONNEL OF THE U.S. CUSTOMS AND BORDER26 PROTECTION AGENCY.—The Commissioner and the Di-

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rector of U.S. Immigration and Customs Enforcement
 shall ensure that sufficient personnel are assigned
 throughout the U.S. Customs and Border Protection
 Agency and the U.S. Immigration and Customs Enforce ment Agency, respectively, who have responsibility for pre venting the importation of merchandise that infringes in tellectual property rights into the United States.

8 (b) STAFFING OF NATIONAL INTELLECTUAL PROP9 ERTY RIGHTS COORDINATION CENTER.—The Commis10 sioner shall—

(1) assign not fewer than 3 full-time employees
of the U.S. Customs and Border Protection Agency
to the National Intellectual Property Rights Coordination Center established under section 231; and

(2) ensure that sufficient personnel are assigned to United States ports of entry to carry out
the directives of the Center.

18 SEC. 254. TRAINING WITH RESPECT TO THE ENFORCEMENT

19

#### OF INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY RIGHTS.

(a) TRAINING.—The Commissioner shall ensure that
officers of the U.S. Customs and Border Protection Agency are trained to effectively detect and identify merchandise destined for the United States that infringes intellectual property rights, including through the use of technologies identified under subsection (c).

(b) CONSULTATION WITH PRIVATE SECTOR.—The
 Commissioner shall consult with private sector entities to
 better identify opportunities for collaboration between the
 U.S. Customs and Border Protection Agency and such en tities with respect to training for officers of the Agency
 to enforce intellectual property rights.

7 (c) IDENTIFICATION OF NEW TECHNOLOGIES.—In
8 consultation with private sector entities, the Commissioner
9 shall identify—

10 (1) technologies with the cost-effective capa11 bility to detect and identify merchandise at United
12 States ports of entry that infringes intellectual prop13 erty rights; and

14 (2) cost-effective programs for training officers
15 of the U.S. Customs and Border Protection Agency
16 to use such technologies.

17 (d) DONATIONS OF TECHNOLOGY.—Not later than 18 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the 19 Commissioner shall promulgate regulations to enable the 20 U.S. Customs and Border Protection Agency to receive do-21 nations of hardware, software, equipment, and similar 22 technologies, and to accept training and other support 23 services from private sector entities, for the purpose of en-24 forcing intellectual property rights.

## 1SEC. 255. INFORMATION FOR TRAVELERS REGARDING VIO-2LATIONS OF INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY3RIGHTS.

4 (a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of Homeland Secu-5 rity shall develop and carry out an educational campaign to inform travelers entering or leaving the United States 6 7 about the legal, economic, and public health and safety 8 implications of acquiring merchandise that infringes intel-9 lectual property rights outside the United States and im-10 porting such merchandise into the United States in viola-11 tion of United States law.

12 (b) DECLARATION FORMS.—The Commissioner shall ensure that all versions of Declaration Form 6059B of the 13 14 U.S. Customs and Border Protection Agency, or a successor form, printed on or after the date that is 30 days 15 16 after the date of the enactment of this Act include a written warning to inform travelers arriving in the United 17 18 States that importation of merchandise into the United 19 States that infringes intellectual property rights may sub-20 ject travelers to civil or criminal penalties and may pose 21 serious risks to safety or health.

## 22 SEC. 256. INTERNATIONAL COOPERATION AND INFORMA23 TION SHARING.

(a) COOPERATION.—The Secretary of Homeland Security shall coordinate with the competent law enforcement and customs authorities of foreign countries, includ-

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ing by sharing information relevant to enforcement ac tions, to enhance the efforts of United States and such
 authorities to enforce intellectual property rights.

4 (b) TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE.—The Secretary of 5 Homeland Security shall provide technical assistance to 6 competent law enforcement and customs authorities of for-7 eign countries to enhance the ability of such authorities 8 to enforce intellectual property rights.

9 (c) INTERAGENCY COLLABORATION.—The Commis-10 sioner and the Director of U.S. Immigration and Customs 11 Enforcement shall lead interagency efforts to collaborate 12 with law enforcement and customs authorities of foreign 13 countries to enforce intellectual property rights.

## 14 SEC. 257. SENSE OF CONGRESS REGARDING RECORDATION 15 PROCESS.

16 It is the sense of Congress that the Commissioner 17 should work with the Under Secretary for Intellectual 18 Property and Director of the United States Patent and 19 Trademark Office of the Department of Commerce and 20 the Register of Copyrights of the Library of Congress to 21 consider a system under which—

(1) a trademark may be recorded with the U.S.
Customs and Border Protection Agency simultaneously with the issuance of trademark registration

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1	by the United States Patent and Trademark Office;
2	and
3	(2) a copyright may be recorded with the U.S.
4	Customs and Border Protection Agency simulta-
5	neously with the registration of a copyright by the
6	Register of Copyrights.
7	SEC. 258. REPORT ON INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY RIGHTS
8	ENFORCEMENT.
9	Not later than June 30, 2014, and annually there-
10	after, the Commissioner and the Director of U.S. Immi-
11	gration and Customs Enforcement shall jointly submit to
12	the Committee on Finance of the Senate and the Com-
13	mittee on Ways and Means of the House of Representa-
14	tives a report that contains the following:
15	(1) With respect to the enforcement of intellec-
16	tual property rights, the following:
17	(A) The number of referrals from the U.S.
18	Customs and Border Protection Agency to the
19	U.S. Immigration and Customs Enforcement
20	Agency relating to infringements of intellectual
21	property rights during the preceding year.
22	(B) The number of investigations relating

(B) The number of investigations relating
to the infringement of intellectual property
rights referred by the U.S. Immigration and
Customs Enforcement Agency to a United

1	States Attorney's office for prosecution and the
2	United States Attorneys' offices to which those
3	investigations were referred.
4	(C) The number of such investigations ac-
5	cepted by each such United States Attorney's
6	office and the status or outcome of each such
7	investigation.
8	(D) The number of such investigations
9	that resulted in the imposition of civil or crimi-
10	nal penalties.
11	(E) A description of the efforts of the U.S.
12	Custom and Border Protection Agency and the
13	U.S. Immigration and Customs Enforcement
14	Agency to improve the success rates of inves-
15	tigations and prosecutions relating to the in-
16	fringement of intellectual property rights.
17	(2) An estimate of the average time required by
18	the Office of Trade of the U.S. Customs and Border
19	Protection Agency to respond to a request from port
20	personnel for advice with respect to whether mer-
21	chandise detained by the Agency infringed intellec-
22	tual property rights, distinguished by types of intel-
23	lectual property rights infringed.
24	(3) A summary of the outreach efforts of the
25	U.S. Customs and Border Protection Agency and

1	the U.S. Immigration and Customs Enforcement
2	Agency with respect to—
3	(A) the interdiction and investigation of,
4	and the sharing of information between those
5	Agencies and other Federal agencies to prevent
6	the infringement of intellectual property rights;
7	(B) collaboration with private sector enti-
8	ties—
9	(i) to identify trends in the infringe-
10	ment of, and technologies that infringe, in-
11	tellectual property rights;
12	(ii) to identify opportunities for en-
13	hanced training of officers of those Agen-
14	cies; and
15	(iii) to develop best practices to en-
16	force intellectual property rights; and
17	(C) coordination with foreign governments
18	and international organizations with respect to
19	the enforcement of intellectual property rights.
20	(4) A summary of the efforts of the U.S. Cus-
21	toms and Border Protection Agency and the U.S.
22	Immigration and Customs Enforcement Agency to
23	address the challenges with respect to the enforce-
24	ment of intellectual property rights presented by
25	Internet commerce and the transit of small packages

1 and an identification of the volume, value, and type 2 of merchandise seized for infringing intellectual 3 property rights as a result of such efforts. 4 (5) A summary of training relating to the en-5 forcement of intellectual property rights conducted 6 under section 254 and expenditures for such train-7 ing.

#### CHAPTER 4—COORDINATION OF TRADE 8 9 **ENFORCEMENT PRIORITIES**

10 SEC. 261. ESTABLISHMENT OF PRIORITY TRADE ENFORCE-11

MENT COORDINATION CENTERS.

12 The Secretary of Homeland Security may establish 13 in the U.S. Immigration and Customs Enforcement Agen-14 cy additional enforcement coordination centers-

15 (1) to address the issues relating to trade en-16 forcement designated as priority trade issues in the 17 joint strategic plan on trade facilitation and trade 18 enforcement required by section 123A of the Cus-19 toms and Trade Act of 1990, as added by section 20 131; and

21 (2) that are modeled on the structure of the 22 National Intellectual Property Rights Coordination Center established under section 231. 23

# 1 TITLE III—EVASION OF ANTI 2 DUMPING AND COUNTER 3 VAILING DUTY ORDERS

#### 4 SEC. 301. SHORT TITLE.

5 This title may be cited as the "Enforcing Orders and6 Reducing Customs Evasion Act of 2013".

7 SEC. 302. PROCEDURES FOR INVESTIGATING CLAIMS OF
8 EVASION OF ANTIDUMPING AND COUNTER9 VAILING DUTY ORDERS.

(a) IN GENERAL.—The Tariff Act of 1930 is amended by inserting after section 516A (19 U.S.C. 1516a) the
following:

13 "SEC. 517. PROCEDURES FOR INVESTIGATING CLAIMS OF

14 EVASION OF ANTIDUMPING AND COUNTER-15 VAILING DUTY ORDERS.

16 "(a) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:

17 "(1) ADMINISTERING AUTHORITY.—The term
18 'administering authority' has the meaning given that
19 term in section 771(1).

20 "(2) COMMISSIONER.—The term 'Commis21 sioner' means the Commissioner of U.S. Customs
22 and Border Protection, acting pursuant to the dele23 gation by the Secretary of the Treasury of the au24 thority of the Secretary with respect to customs rev-

1	enue functions (as defined in section 415 of the
2	Homeland Security Act of 2002 (6 U.S.C. 215)).
3	"(3) Covered Merchandise.—The term 'cov-
4	ered merchandise' means merchandise that is subject
5	to—
6	"(A) an antidumping duty order issued
7	under section 736;
8	"(B) a finding issued under the Anti-
9	dumping Act, 1921; or
10	"(C) a countervailing duty order issued
11	under section 706.
12	"(4) ENTER; ENTRY.—The terms 'enter' and
13	'entry' refer to the entry, or withdrawal from ware-
14	house for consumption, of merchandise in the cus-
15	toms territory of the United States.
16	"(5) EVASION.—
17	"(A) IN GENERAL.—Except as provided in
18	subparagraph (B), the term 'evasion' refers to
19	entering covered merchandise into the customs
20	territory of the United States by means of any
21	document or electronically transmitted data or
22	information, written or oral statement, or act
23	that is material and false, or any omission that
24	is material, and that results in any cash deposit
25	or other security or any amount of applicable

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1	antidumping or countervailing duties being re-
2	duced or not being applied with respect to the
3	merchandise.
4	"(B) EXCEPTION FOR CLERICAL ERROR.—
5	"(i) IN GENERAL.—Except as pro-
6	vided in clause (ii), the term 'evasion' does
7	not include entering covered merchandise
8	into the customs territory of the United
9	States by means of—
10	"(I) a document or electronically
11	transmitted data or information, writ-
12	ten or oral statement, or act that is
13	false as a result of a clerical error; or
14	"(II) an omission that results
15	from a clerical error.
16	"(ii) Patterns of negligent con-
17	DUCT.—If the Commissioner determines
18	that a person has entered covered mer-
19	chandise into the customs territory of the
20	United States by means of a clerical error
21	referred to in subclause (I) or (II) of
22	clause (i) and that the clerical error is part
23	of a pattern of negligent conduct on the
24	part of that person, the Commissioner may
25	determine, notwithstanding clause (i), that

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1	the person has entered such covered mer-
2	chandise into the customs territory of the
3	United States through evasion.
4	"(iii) Electronic repetition of
5	ERRORS.—For purposes of clause (ii), the
6	mere nonintentional repetition by an elec-
7	tronic system of an initial clerical error
8	does not constitute a pattern of negligent
9	conduct.
10	"(iv) Rule of construction.—A
11	determination by the Commissioner that a
12	person has entered covered merchandise
13	into the customs territory of the United
14	States by means of a clerical error referred
15	to in subclause (I) or (II) of clause (i)
16	rather than through evasion shall not be
17	construed to excuse that person from the
18	payment of any duties applicable to the
19	merchandise.
20	"(b) Investigations.—
21	"(1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 10 business
22	days after receiving an allegation described in para-
23	graph $(2)$ or a referral described in paragraph $(3)$ ,
24	the Commissioner shall initiate an investigation if
25	the Commissioner determines that the information

1	provided in the allegation or the referral, as the case
2	may be, reasonably suggests that covered merchan-
3	dise has been entered into the customs territory of
4	the United States through evasion.
5	"(2) Allegation described.—An allegation
6	described in this paragraph is an allegation that a
7	person has entered covered merchandise into the
8	customs territory of the United States through eva-
9	sion that is—
10	"(A) filed with the Commissioner by a per-
11	son that is a producer in the United States of
12	merchandise—
13	"(i) that is like, or in the absence of
14	like, most similar in characteristics and
15	uses with, such covered merchandise; or
16	"(ii) into which merchandise described
17	in clause (i) is incorporated; and
18	"(B) accompanied by information reason-
19	ably available to the person that filed the alle-
20	gation.
21	"(3) Referral described.—A referral de-
22	scribed in this paragraph is information submitted
23	to the Commissioner by any other Federal agency,
24	including the Department of Commerce or the
25	United States International Trade Commission, that

1	maganably anamata that a naman has antaned any
1	reasonably suggests that a person has entered cov-
2	ered merchandise into the customs territory of the
3	United States through evasion.
4	"(4) Consolidation of Allegations and
5	REFERRALS.—
6	"(A) IN GENERAL.—The Commissioner
7	may consolidate multiple allegations described
8	in paragraph (2) and referrals described in
9	paragraph (3) into a single investigation if the
10	Commissioner determines it is appropriate to do
11	SO.
12	"(B) EFFECT ON TIMING REQUIRE-
13	MENTS.—If the Commissioner consolidates mul-
14	tiple allegations or referrals into a single inves-
15	tigation under subparagraph (A), the date on
16	which the Commissioner receives the first such
17	allegation or referral shall be used for purposes
18	of the requirement under paragraph $(1)$ with
19	respect to the timing of the initiation of the in-
20	vestigation.
21	"(5) INFORMATION-SHARING TO PROTECT
22	HEALTH AND SAFETY.—If, during the course of con-
23	ducting an investigation under paragraph $(1)$ with
24	respect to covered merchandise, the Commissioner
25	has reason to suspect that such covered merchandise

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may pose a health or safety risk to consumers, the
 Commissioner shall provide, as appropriate, informa tion to the appropriate Federal agencies for pur poses of mitigating the risk.

5 "(c) DETERMINATIONS.—

6 "(1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 270 cal-7 endar days after the date on which the Commis-8 sioner initiates an investigation under subsection (b) 9 with respect to covered merchandise, the Commis-10 sioner shall make a determination, based on sub-11 stantial evidence, with respect to whether such cov-12 ered merchandise was entered into the customs terri-13 tory of the United States through evasion.

14 "(2) AUTHORITY TO COLLECT AND VERIFY AD15 DITIONAL INFORMATION.—In making a determina16 tion under paragraph (1) with respect to covered
17 merchandise, the Commissioner may collect such ad18 ditional information as is necessary to make the de19 termination through such methods as the Commis20 sioner considers appropriate, including by—

21 "(A) issuing a questionnaire with respect
22 to such covered merchandise to—

23 "(i) a person that filed an allegation
24 under paragraph (2) of subsection (b) that
25 resulted in the initiation of an investiga-

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1	tion under paragraph $(1)$ of that sub-
2	section with respect to such covered mer-
3	chandise;
4	"(ii) a person alleged to have entered
5	such covered merchandise into the customs
6	territory of the United States through eva-
7	sion;
8	"(iii) a person that is a foreign pro-
9	ducer or exporter of such covered merchan-
10	dise; or
11	"(iv) the government of a country
12	from which such covered merchandise was
13	exported; and
14	"(B) conducting verifications, including on-
15	site verifications, of any relevant information.
16	"(3) Adverse inference.—If the Commis-
17	sioner finds that a person described in clause (i),
18	(ii), or (iii) of paragraph (2)(A) has failed to cooper-
19	ate by not acting to the best of the person's ability
20	to comply with a request for information, the Com-
21	missioner may, in making a determination under
22	paragraph (1), use an inference that is adverse to
23	the interests of that person in selecting from among
24	the facts otherwise available to make the determina-
25	tion.

"(4) NOTIFICATION.—Not later than 5 business
 days after making a determination under paragraph
 (1) with respect to covered merchandise, the Com missioner—

5 "(A) shall provide to each person that filed 6 an allegation under paragraph (2) of subsection 7 (b) that resulted in the initiation of an inves-8 tigation under paragraph (1) of that subsection 9 with respect to such covered merchandise a no-10 tification of the determination and may, in ad-11 dition, include an explanation of the basis for 12 the determination; and

"(B) may provide to importers, in such 13 14 manner as the Commissioner determines appro-15 priate, information discovered in the investiga-16 tion that the Commissioner determines will help 17 educate importers with respect to importing 18 merchandise into the customs territory of the 19 United States in accordance with all applicable 20 laws and regulations.

21 "(d) Effect of Determinations.—

22 "(1) IN GENERAL.—If the Commissioner makes
23 a determination under subsection (c) that covered
24 merchandise was entered into the customs territory

1	of the United States through evasion, the Commis-
2	sioner shall—
3	"(A)(i) suspend the liquidation of unliqui-
4	dated entries of such covered merchandise that
5	are subject to the determination and that enter
6	on or after the date of the initiation of the in-
7	vestigation under subsection (b) with respect to
8	such covered merchandise and on or before the
9	date of the determination; or
10	"(ii) if the Commissioner has already sus-
11	pended the liquidation of such entries pursuant
12	to subsection $(e)(1)$ , continue to suspend the
13	liquidation of such entries;
14	"(B) pursuant to the Commissioner's au-
15	thority under section 504(b)—
16	"(i) extend the period for liquidating
17	unliquidated entries of such covered mer-
18	chandise that are subject to the determina-
19	tion and that entered before the date of
20	the initiation of the investigation; or
21	"(ii) if the Commissioner has already
22	extended the period for liquidating such
23	entries pursuant to subsection $(e)(1)$ , con-
24	tinue to extend the period for liquidating
25	such entries;

1	"(C) notify the administering authority of
2	the determination and request that the admin-
3	istering authority—
4	"(i) identify the applicable anti-
5	dumping or countervailing duty assessment
6	rates for entries described in subpara-
7	graphs (A) and (B); or
8	"(ii) if no such assessment rate for
9	such an entry is available at the time,
10	identify the applicable cash deposit rate to
11	be applied to the entry, with the applicable
12	antidumping or countervailing duty assess-
13	ment rate to be provided as soon as that
14	rate becomes available;
15	"(D) require the posting of cash deposits
16	and assess duties on entries described in sub-
17	paragraphs (A) and (B) in accordance with the
18	instructions received from the administering au-
19	thority under paragraph (2); and
20	"(E) take such additional enforcement
21	measures as the Commissioner determines ap-
22	propriate, such as—
23	"(i) initiating proceedings under sec-
24	tion 592 or 596;

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1	"(ii) implementing, in consultation
2	with the relevant Federal agencies, rule
3	sets or modifications to rules sets for iden-
4	tifying, particularly through the Auto-
5	mated Targeting System and the Auto-
6	mated Commercial Environment, import-
7	ers, other parties, and merchandise that
8	may be associated with evasion;
9	"(iii) requiring, with respect to mer-
10	chandise for which the importer has re-
11	peatedly provided incomplete or erroneous
12	entry summary information in connection
13	with determinations of evasion, the im-
14	porter to deposit estimated duties at the
15	time of entry; and
16	"(iv) referring the record in whole or
17	in part to the U.S. Immigration and Cus-
18	toms Enforcement Agency for civil or
19	criminal investigation.
20	"(2) Cooperation of administering au-
21	THORITY.—
22	"(A) IN GENERAL.—Upon receiving a noti-
23	fication from the Commissioner under para-
24	graph $(1)(C)$ , the administering authority shall
25	promptly provide to the Commissioner the ap-

1 plicable cash deposit rates and antidumping or 2 countervailing duty assessment rates and any 3 necessary liquidation instructions. 4 "(B) Special rule for cases in which 5 THE PRODUCER OR EXPORTER IS UNKNOWN.-6 If the Commissioner and the administering au-7 thority are unable to determine the producer or 8 exporter of the merchandise with respect to 9 which a notification is made under paragraph 10 (1)(C), the administering authority shall iden-11 tify, as the applicable cash deposit rate or anti-12 dumping or countervailing duty assessment 13 rate, the cash deposit or duty (as the case may 14 be) in the highest amount applicable to any 15 producer or exporter, including the 'all-others' 16 rate of the merchandise subject to an anti-17 dumping order or countervailing duty order 18 under section 736 or 706, respectively, or a 19 finding issued under the Antidumping Act, 20 1921, or any administrative review conducted 21 under section 751.

"(e) INTERIM MEASURES.—Not later than 90 calendar days after initiating an investigation under subsection (b) with respect to covered merchandise, the Commissioner shall decide based on the investigation if there

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is a reasonable suspicion that such covered merchandise
 was entered into the customs territory of the United
 States through evasion and, if the Commissioner decides
 there is such a reasonable suspicion, the Commissioner
 shall—

6 "(1) suspend the liquidation of each unliqui-7 dated entry of such covered merchandise that en-8 tered on or after the date of the initiation of the in-9 vestigation;

"(2) pursuant to the Commissioner's authority
under section 504(b), extend the period for liquidating each unliquidated entry of such covered merchandise that entered before the date of the initiation of the investigation; and

15 "(3) pursuant to the Commissioner's authority 16 under section 623, take such additional measures as 17 the Commissioner determines necessary to protect 18 the revenue of the United States, including requiring 19 a single transaction bond or additional security or 20 the posting of a cash deposit with respect to such 21 covered merchandise.

22 "(f) Administrative Review.—

23 "(1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 30 business
24 days after the Commissioner makes a determination
25 under subsection (c) with respect to whether covered

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1	merchandise was entered into the customs territory
2	of the United States through evasion, a person de-
3	termined to have entered such covered merchandise
4	through evasion or a person that filed an allegation
5	under paragraph $(2)$ of subsection $(b)$ that resulted
6	in the initiation of an investigation under paragraph
7	(1) of that subsection with respect to such covered
8	merchandise may file an appeal with the Commis-
9	sioner for de novo review of the determination.
10	"(2) TIMELINE FOR REVIEW.—Not later than
11	60 business days after an appeal of a determination
12	is filed under paragraph (1), the Commissioner shall
13	complete the review of the determination.
14	"(g) Judicial Review.—
15	"(1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 30 business
16	days after the Commissioner completes a review
17	under subsection (f) of a determination under sub-
18	section (c) with respect to whether covered merchan-
19	dise was entered into the customs territory of the
20	United States through evasion, a person determined
21	to have entered such covered merchandise through
22	evasion or a person that filed an allegation under
23	paragraph (2) of subsection (b) that resulted in the
24	initiation of an investigation under paragraph $(1)$ of
25	that subsection with respect to such covered mer-

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chandise may commence a civil action in the United
 States Court of International Trade by filing concur rently a summons and complaint contesting any fac tual findings or legal conclusions upon which the de termination is based.

6 "(2) STANDARD OF REVIEW.—In a civil action 7 under this subsection, the court shall hold unlawful 8 any determination, finding, or conclusion found to be 9 arbitrary, capricious, an abuse of discretion, or oth-10 erwise not in accordance with law.

11 "(h) RULE OF CONSTRUCTION WITH RESPECT TO OTHER CIVIL AND CRIMINAL PROCEEDINGS AND INVES-12 13 TIGATIONS.—No determination under subsection (c) or action taken by the Commissioner pursuant to this section 14 15 shall be construed to limit the authority to carry out, or the scope of, any other proceeding or investigation pursu-16 17 ant to any other provision of Federal or State law, including sections 592 and 596.". 18

19 (b) CONFORMING AMENDMENT.—Section 1581(c) of
20 title 28, United States Code, is amended by inserting "or
21 517" after "516A".

(c) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The amendments made by
this section shall take effect on the date that is 180 days
after the date of the enactment of this Act.

(d) REGULATIONS.—Not later than the date that is
 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the
 Secretary of the Treasury shall prescribe such regulations
 as may be necessary to implement the amendments made
 by this section.

6 (e) APPLICATION TO CANADA AND MEXICO.—Pursu7 ant to article 1902 of the North American Free Trade
8 Agreement and section 408 of the North American Free
9 Trade Agreement Implementation Act (19 U.S.C. 3438),
10 the amendments made by this section shall apply with re11 spect to goods from Canada and Mexico.

12 SEC. 303. ANNUAL REPORT ON PREVENTION AND INVES-

## 13 TIGATION OF EVASION OF ANTIDUMPING 14 AND COUNTERVAILING DUTY ORDERS.

15 (a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than January 15 of each calendar year that begins on or after the date that 16 17 is 270 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Commissioner, in consultation with the Secretary of 18 19 Commerce and the Director of U.S. Immigration and Cus-20 toms Enforcement, shall submit to the Committee on Fi-21 nance of the Senate and the Committee on Ways and 22 Means of the House of Representatives a report on the 23 efforts being taken to prevent and investigate the entry 24 of covered merchandise into the customs territory of the 25 United States through evasion.

1 (b) CONTENTS.—Each report required under sub-2 section (a) shall include— 3 (1) for the calendar year preceding the submis-4 sion of the report— 5 (A) a summary of the efforts of the U.S. 6 Customs and Border Protection Agency to pre-7 vent and investigate the entry of covered mer-8 chandise into the customs territory of the 9 United States through evasion; 10 (B) the number of allegations of evasion 11 received under subsection (b) of section 517 of 12 the Tariff Act of 1930, as added by section 13 302, and the number of such allegations result-14 ing in investigations by the U.S. Customs and 15 Border Protection Agency or any other agency; 16 (C) a summary of investigations initiated 17 under subsection (b) of such section 517, in-18 cluding-19 (i) the number and nature of the in-20 vestigations initiated, conducted, and com-21 pleted; and 22 (ii) the resolution of each completed 23 investigation; 24 (D) the number of investigations initiated 25 under that subsection not completed during the

1	time provided for making determinations under
2	subsection (c) of such section 517 and an expla-
3	nation for why the investigations could not be
4	completed on time;
5	(E) the amount of additional duties that
6	were determined to be owed as a result of such
7	investigations, the amount of such duties that
8	were collected, and, for any such duties not col-
9	lected, a description of the reasons those duties
10	were not collected;
11	(F) with respect to each such investigation
12	that led to the imposition of a penalty, the
13	amount of the penalty;
14	(G) an identification of the countries of or-
15	igin of covered merchandise determined under
16	subsection (c) of such section 517 to be entered
17	into the customs territory of the United States
18	through evasion;
19	(H) the amount of antidumping and coun-
20	tervailing duties collected as a result of any in-
21	vestigations or other actions by the U.S. Cus-
22	toms and Border Protection Agency or any
23	other agency;
24	(I) a description of the allocation of per-
25	sonnel and other resources of the U.S. Customs

1	and Border Protection Agency and the U.S. Im-
2	migration and Customs Enforcement Agency to
3	prevent and investigate evasion, including any
4	assessments conducted regarding the allocation
5	of such personnel and resources; and
6	(J) a description of training conducted to
7	increase expertise and effectiveness in the pre-
8	vention and investigation of evasion; and
9	(2) a description of processes and procedures of
10	the U.S. Customs and Border Protection Agency to
11	prevent and investigate evasion, including—
12	(A) the specific guidelines, policies, and
13	practices used by the Agency to ensure that al-
14	legations of evasion are promptly evaluated and
15	acted upon in a timely manner;
16	(B) an evaluation of the efficacy of those
17	guidelines, policies, and practices;
18	(C) an identification of any changes since
19	the last report required by this section, if any,
20	that have materially improved or reduced the
21	effectiveness of the Agency in preventing and
22	investigating evasion;
23	(D) a description of the development and
24	implementation of policies for the application of
25	single entry and continuous bonds for entries of

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covered merchandise to sufficiently protect the collection of antidumping and countervailing duties commensurate with the level of risk of not collecting those duties;

(E) a description of the processes and procedures for increased cooperation and information sharing with the Department of Commerce, the U.S. Immigration and Customs Enforcement Agency, and any other relevant Federal agencies to prevent and investigate evasion; and

11 (F) an identification of any recommended 12 policy changes for other Federal agencies or 13 legislative changes to improve the effectiveness 14 of the U.S. Customs and Border Protection 15 Agency in preventing and investigating evasion. 16 PUBLIC SUMMARY.—The Commissioner shall (c) 17 make available to the public a summary of the report re-18 quired by subsection (a) that includes, at a minimum—

(1) a description of the type of merchandise
with respect to which investigations were initiated
under subsection (b) of section 517 of the Tariff Act
of 1930, as added by section 302;

(2) the amount of additional duties determined
to be owed as a result of such investigations and the
amount of such duties that were collected;

1	(3) an identification of the countries of origin
2	of covered merchandise determined under subsection
3	(c) of such section 517 to be entered into the cus-
4	toms territory of the United States through evasion;
5	and
6	(4) a description of the types of measures used
7	by the U.S. Customs and Border Protection Agency
8	to prevent and investigate evasion.
9	(d) DEFINITIONS.—In this section, the terms "cov-
10	ered merchandise" and "evasion" have the meanings given
11	those terms in section 517(a) of the Tariff Act of 1930,
12	as added by section 302.
13	TITLE IV—MISCELLANEOUS
14	PROVISIONS
14 15	<b>PROVISIONS</b> SEC. 401. CONSULTATION ON TRADE AND CUSTOMS REV-
15	SEC. 401. CONSULTATION ON TRADE AND CUSTOMS REV-
15 16	SEC. 401. CONSULTATION ON TRADE AND CUSTOMS REV- ENUE FUNCTIONS.
15 16 17	<b>SEC. 401. CONSULTATION ON TRADE AND CUSTOMS REV-</b> <b>ENUE FUNCTIONS.</b> Section 401(c) of the Safety and Accountability for
15 16 17 18	SEC. 401. CONSULTATION ON TRADE AND CUSTOMS REV- ENUE FUNCTIONS. Section 401(c) of the Safety and Accountability for Every Port Act (6 U.S.C. 115(c)) is amended—
15 16 17 18 19	SEC. 401. CONSULTATION ON TRADE AND CUSTOMS REV- ENUE FUNCTIONS. Section 401(c) of the Safety and Accountability for Every Port Act (6 U.S.C. 115(c)) is amended— (1) in paragraph (1), by striking "on Depart-
15 16 17 18 19 20	SEC. 401. CONSULTATION ON TRADE AND CUSTOMS REV- ENUE FUNCTIONS. Section 401(c) of the Safety and Accountability for Every Port Act (6 U.S.C. 115(c)) is amended— (1) in paragraph (1), by striking "on Department policies and actions that have" and inserting
<ol> <li>15</li> <li>16</li> <li>17</li> <li>18</li> <li>19</li> <li>20</li> <li>21</li> </ol>	SEC. 401. CONSULTATION ON TRADE AND CUSTOMS REV- ENUE FUNCTIONS. Section 401(c) of the Safety and Accountability for Every Port Act (6 U.S.C. 115(c)) is amended— (1) in paragraph (1), by striking "on Depart- ment policies and actions that have" and inserting "not later than 30 days after proposing, and not
<ol> <li>15</li> <li>16</li> <li>17</li> <li>18</li> <li>19</li> <li>20</li> <li>21</li> <li>22</li> </ol>	<ul> <li>SEC. 401. CONSULTATION ON TRADE AND CUSTOMS REV- ENUE FUNCTIONS.</li> <li>Section 401(c) of the Safety and Accountability for</li> <li>Every Port Act (6 U.S.C. 115(c)) is amended— <ul> <li>(1) in paragraph (1), by striking "on Department policies and actions that have" and inserting</li> <li>"not later than 30 days after proposing, and not later than 30 days before finalizing, any Department</li> </ul> </li> </ul>

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1 ing "not later than 60 days before proposing, and 2 not later than 60 days before finalizing,". 3 SEC. 402. DRAWBACK SIMPLIFICATION. 4 (a) IN GENERAL.—Section 313 of the Tariff Act of 5 1930 (19 U.S.C. 1313) is amended to read as follows: 6 "SEC. 313. DRAWBACK. 7 "(a) DEFINITIONS.—In this section: 8 "(1) BILL OF MATERIALS; FORMULA.—The 9 terms 'bill of materials' and 'formula' mean records 10 kept in the ordinary course of business that identify 11 each component incorporated into merchandise or 12 that identify the quantity of each element, material, 13 chemical, mixture, or other substance incorporated 14 into merchandise. 15 (2)COMMISSIONER.—The term 'Commissioner' means the Commissioner of U.S. Customs 16 17 and Border Protection. 18 "(3) Destroyed merchandise.—The term 19 'destroyed merchandise' means merchandise that has 20 undergone destruction. 21 "(4) DESTRUCTION.—The term 'destruction' 22 means a process by which merchandise loses all com-23 mercial value, other than the value of any material 24 that may be recovered when the merchandise is de-25 stroyed.

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1	"(5) DIRECT IDENTIFICATION.—The term 'di-
2	rect identification' means the identification of mer-
3	chandise that is exported or destroyed to claim
4	drawback with respect to imported merchandise as
5	the imported merchandise or merchandise into which
6	the imported merchandise is incorporated using—
7	"(A) the serial number or other unique
8	identifier of the exported merchandise or de-
9	stroyed merchandise and the imported merchan-
10	dise; or
11	"(B) such accounting methods as are pro-
12	vided for by regulation by the Commissioner.
13	"(6) DIRECTLY.—The term 'directly' means a
14	transfer of merchandise from one person to another
15	person without any intermediate transfer.
16	"(7) FUNGIBLE.—The term 'fungible' means,
17	with respect to merchandise, merchandise that is
18	interchangeable for commercial purposes with other
19	merchandise and has properties that are essentially
20	identical to the properties of the other merchandise.
21	"(8) GOOD SUBJECT TO CHILE FTA DRAW-
22	BACK.—The term 'good subject to Chile FTA draw-
23	back' has the meaning given that term in section
24	203(a) of the United States-Chile Free Trade Agree-
25	ment Implementation Act (19 U.S.C. 3805 note).

1	"(9) Good subject to nafta drawback.—
2	The term 'good subject to NAFTA drawback' has
3	the meaning given that term in section 203(a) of the
4	North American Free Trade Agreement Implemen-
5	tation Act (19 U.S.C. 3333(a)).
6	"(10) HTS.—The term 'HTS' means the Har-
7	monized Tariff Schedule of the United States.
8	"(11) INCORPORATED.—The term "incor-
9	porated' means any operation by which merchandise
10	becomes classifiable in a different 8-digit HTS sub-
11	heading number.
12	"(12) INDIRECTLY.—The term 'indirectly'
13	means a transfer of merchandise from one person to
14	another person with one or more intermediate trans-
15	fers.
16	"(13) LINE ITEM.—
17	"(A) Imported merchandise.—The term
18	'line item', with respect to imported merchan-
19	dise, means the identification, in an entry filed
20	pursuant to section 484, of merchandise im-
21	ported from one country by net quantity, en-
22	tered value, 8-digit HTS subheading number,
23	and applicable duties, taxes, and fees.
24	"(B) EXPORTED MERCHANDISE.—The
25	term 'line item', with respect to exported mer-

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1	chandise, means the identification of the mer-
2	chandise by 8-digit HTS subheading number or
3	Schedule B number, declared value, and quan-
4	tity.
5	"(14) NAFTA COUNTRY.—The term 'NAFTA
6	country' has the meaning given that term in section
7	2 of the North American Free Trade Agreement Im-
8	plementation Act (19 U.S.C. 3301).
9	"(15) Schedule B.—The term 'Schedule B'
10	means the Department of Commerce Schedule B,
11	Statistical Classification of Domestic and Foreign
12	Commodities Exported from the United States.
13	"(16) Substitute merchandise.—The term
14	'substitute merchandise' means merchandise that is
15	substituted for other merchandise for drawback pur-
16	poses pursuant to subsection (g).
17	"(17) VESSEL.—The term 'vessel' includes ves-
18	sels, parts of vessels, aircraft, and parts of aircraft.
19	"(b) ELIGIBILITY FOR DRAWBACK.—
20	"(1) IN GENERAL.—A person described in sub-
21	section (c) is eligible for drawback of duties, taxes,
22	and fees imposed under Federal law paid on im-
23	ported merchandise in an amount determined under
24	subsection (h) if—

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1	"(A) the imported merchandise meets the
2	requirements of subsection (d);
3	"(B)(i) merchandise that meets the re-
4	quirements of subsection (e) is exported; or
5	"(ii) merchandise that meets the require-
6	ments of subsection (f) is destroyed; and
7	"(C) the person files a claim for drawback
8	with respect to the imported merchandise in ac-
9	cordance with subsection (i).
10	"(2) Multiple drawback claims.—If a per-
11	son claims drawback under paragraph (1) with re-
12	spect to imported merchandise based on exported
13	merchandise or destroyed merchandise, the exported
14	merchandise or destroyed merchandise (as the case
15	may be) may not be the basis of any other claim for
16	drawback, except that appropriate credit and deduc-
17	tions for claims covering components or ingredients
18	of exported merchandise or destroyed merchandise
19	shall be made in determining the amount of draw-
20	back under subsection (h).
21	"(c) Persons Eligible to Claim Drawback.—
22	"(1) IN GENERAL.—A person may claim draw-
23	back under this section if the person—
24	"(A)(i) imports the merchandise on which
25	the claim is based; or

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1	"(ii) obtains the authorization of the im-
2	porter to claim the drawback; and
3	"(B)(i) exports or destroys the merchan-
4	dise that was exported or destroyed to claim
5	drawback with respect to the imported mer-
6	chandise; or
7	"(ii) obtains the authorization of the ex-
8	porter or the person that destroyed the mer-
9	chandise (as the case may be) to claim draw-
10	back.
11	"(2) LIABILITY FOR CLAIMS.—
12	"(A) IN GENERAL.—Any person making a
13	claim for drawback with respect to imported
14	merchandise shall be liable for the full amount
15	of the drawback claimed against the imported
16	merchandise.
17	"(B) LIABILITY OF IMPORTERS.—An im-
18	porter shall be liable for any drawback claim
19	made by another person with respect to im-
20	ported merchandise in an amount equal to the
21	lesser of—
22	"(i) the amount of duties, taxes, and
23	fees that the person claimed with respect
24	to the imported merchandise; or

1	"(ii) the amount of duties, taxes, and
2	fees that the importer authorized the other
3	person to claim with respect to the im-
4	ported merchandise.
5	"(C) JOINT AND SEVERAL LIABILITY.—
6	Persons described in subparagraph (A) and (B)
7	shall be jointly and severally liable for the
8	amount described in subparagraph (B).
9	"(D) Order of recovery.—The Sec-
10	retary of the Treasury shall seek to recover the
11	amount of the drawback from a person de-
12	scribed in subparagraph (A) before seeking re-
13	covery from an importer described in subpara-
14	graph (B).
15	"(d) Requirements for Imported Merchan-
16	DISE.—Imported merchandise meets the requirements of
17	this subsection if—
18	((1) all applicable duties, taxes, and fees have
19	been paid on the imported merchandise; and
20	((2)) the imported merchandise is entered or
21	withdrawn from warehouse for consumption.
22	"(e) Requirements for Exported Merchan-
23	DISE.—

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1	"(1) IN GENERAL.—Exported merchandise
2	meets the requirements of this subsection if the ex-
3	ported merchandise is—
4	"(A) the imported merchandise;
5	"(B) merchandise that is substituted for
6	the imported merchandise pursuant to sub-
7	section (g);
8	"(C) merchandise into which the imported
9	merchandise or substitute merchandise is incor-
10	porated; or
11	"(D) merchandise that is substituted, pur-
12	suant to subsection (g), for merchandise into
13	which the imported merchandise or substitute
14	merchandise is incorporated.
15	"(2) Special rules with respect to incor-
16	PORATION OF MERCHANDISE INTO OTHER MER-
17	CHANDISE.—For purposes of subparagraphs (C) and
18	(D) of paragraph (1), imported merchandise or sub-
19	stitute merchandise is incorporated into other mer-
20	chandise
21	"(A) if the bill of materials or formula for
22	such other merchandise submitted with the
23	claim for drawback under subsection (i) in-
24	cludes the imported merchandise or substitute
25	merchandise; and

1	"(B) without regard to the number of
2	times the imported merchandise or substitute
3	merchandise is incorporated into such other
4	merchandise.
5	"(f) Requirements for Destroyed Merchan-
6	DISE.—
7	"(1) IN GENERAL.—Destroyed merchandise
8	meets the requirements of this subsection if—
9	"(A) the merchandise is—
10	"(i) the imported merchandise;
11	"(ii) merchandise that is substituted
12	for the imported merchandise pursuant to
13	subsection (g);
14	"(iii) merchandise into which the im-
15	ported merchandise or substitute merchan-
16	dise is incorporated; or
17	"(iv) merchandise that is substituted,
18	pursuant to subsection (g), for merchan-
19	dise into which the imported merchandise
20	or substitute merchandise is incorporated;
21	and
22	"(B) the merchandise—
23	"(i) is not exported because of its de-
24	struction; and

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1	"(ii) was not used in the United
2	States before its destruction.
3	"(2) TREATMENT OF RETURNED MERCHAN-
4	DISE.—For purposes of paragraph (1)(B)(ii), mer-
5	chandise is not used in the United States solely be-
6	cause the merchandise is—
7	"(A) sold at retail by the importer or an-
8	other person that received the merchandise
9	from the importer under a certificate of deliv-
10	ery; and
11	"(B) subsequently returned to and accept-
12	ed by the importer or other person described in
13	subparagraph (A).
14	"(g) Substitution.—
15	"(1) IN GENERAL.—Except as provided in this
16	subsection, merchandise may be substituted for
17	other merchandise if it can be demonstrated that the
18	merchandise was classifiable under the same 8-digit
19	HTS subheading number as such other merchandise
20	at some point during the 5-year period beginning on
21	the date on which the merchandise was imported.
22	"(2) CLASSIFICATION.—The Schedule B num-
23	ber for merchandise may be used for purposes of de-
24	termining under paragraph $(1)$ if the merchandise is
25	or has been classified under the same 8-digit HTS

1	subheading number as other merchandise, without
2	regard to whether the Schedule B number encom-
3	passes more than one 8-digit HTS subheading num-
4	ber.
5	"(3) Special substitution rules.—
6	"(A)(i) Merchandise that is classifiable
7	under any heading or subheading of the HTS
8	specified in clause (ii) may be substituted for
9	other merchandise if the merchandise is classifi-
10	able under the same 8-digit HTS subheading
11	number as the other merchandise under the
12	HTS as in effect on January 1, 2000.
13	"(ii) A heading or subheading of the HTS
14	specified in this clause is—
15	"(I) any of headings 2707 through
16	2715, 2901, or 2902;
17	"(II) any of headings 3901 through
18	3914 (as such headings apply to the pri-
19	mary forms provided under Note 6 to
20	chapter 39 of the HTS); or
21	"(III) subheading 2903.21.00,
22	2909.19.14, 2917.36, 2917.39.04,
23	2917.39.15, 2926.10.00, 3811.21.00, or
24	3811.90.00.

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1 "(B) Merchandise that is classifiable under 2 subheading 2204.21.50, 2204.29.20, or 3 2204.29.60 of the HTS may be substituted for 4 other merchandise that is classifiable under any 5 such subheading. 6 "(C) Merchandise that is classifiable under 7 subheading 2204.21.80, 2204.29.40, or 8 2204.29.80 of the HTS may be substituted for 9 other merchandise that is classifiable under any 10 such subheading. 11 "(4) Special rule for ethyl alcohol.— 12 Notwithstanding any other provision of law, in the 13 case of any duty paid under subheading 9901.00.50 14 of the HTS on imports of ethyl alcohol or a mixture 15 of ethyl alcohol, such duty may not be refunded if 16 the exported merchandise upon which a drawback 17 claim is based does not contain ethyl alcohol or a 18 mixture of ethyl alcohol. 19 "(h) Amount of Drawback.— 20 "(1) CLAIMS BASED ON EXPORTATION OF IM-21 PORTED OR SUBSTITUTE MERCHANDISE.—If a per-22 son claims drawback with respect to imported mer-23 chandise based on the exportation of the imported

merchandise or substitute merchandise, the amount

1	of drawback paid pursuant to this section shall be
2	equal to 99 percent of the product of—
3	"(A) the number of units of the imported
4	merchandise or substitute merchandise exported
5	to claim drawback with respect to the imported
6	merchandise, and
7	"(B) the lesser of—
8	"(i) the amount of duties, taxes, and
9	fees paid with respect to the line item for
10	the imported merchandise divided by the
11	total number of units of the imported mer-
12	chandise included in the line item, or
13	"(ii) the amount of duties, taxes, and
14	fees that would apply to the exported mer-
15	chandise if the exported merchandise were
16	imported divided by the number of units of
17	the exported merchandise.
18	"(2) CLAIMS BASED ON DESTRUCTION OF IM-
19	PORTED MERCHANDISE, MERCHANDISE INTO WHICH
20	IMPORTED MERCHANDISE IS INCORPORATED, OR
21	MERCHANDISE SUBSTITUTED FOR MERCHANDISE
22	INTO WHICH IMPORTED MERCHANDISE IS INCOR-
23	PORATED.—If a person claims drawback with re-
24	spect to imported merchandise based on the destruc-
25	tion of the imported merchandise, merchandise into

1	which the imported merchandise is incorporated, or
2	merchandise substituted for merchandise into which
3	the imported merchandise is incorporated, the
4	amount of drawback paid pursuant to this section
5	shall be equal to 99 percent of—
6	"(A) the product of—
7	"(i) the number of units of the im-
8	ported merchandise destroyed to claim
9	drawback with respect to the imported
10	merchandise or incorporated into merchan-
11	dise for which the destroyed merchandise
12	is substituted, and
13	"(ii) the amount of duties, taxes, and
14	fees paid with respect to the line item for
15	the imported merchandise divided by the
16	total number of units of the imported mer-
17	chandise included in the line item, minus
18	"(B) the value of any materials recovered
19	during the destruction of the destroyed mer-
20	chandise (including the value of any tax benefit
21	or royalty payment with respect to such mate-
22	rials).
23	"(3) Claims based on exportation of mer-
24	CHANDISE INTO WHICH IMPORTED OR SUBSTITUTE
25	MERCHANDISE IS INCORPORATED OR MERCHANDISE

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1 SUBSTITUTED FOR MERCHANDISE INTO WHICH IM-2 PORTED OR SUBSTITUTE MERCHANDISE IS INCOR-3 PORATED.—If a person claims drawback with re-4 spect to imported merchandise based on the expor-5 tation of merchandise into which the imported mer-6 chandise or substitute merchandise is incorporated, 7 or merchandise substituted for merchandise into 8 which the imported merchandise or substitute mer-9 chandise is incorporated, the amount of drawback 10 paid pursuant to this section shall be equal to 99 11 percent of the product of— 12 "(A) the number of units of the imported 13 merchandise or substitute merchandise incor-14 porated into the exported merchandise or the 15 merchandise for which the exported merchan-16 dise is substituted, and 17 "(B)(i) in the case of exported merchan-18 dise into which the imported merchandise is in-19 corporated or exported merchandise substituted 20 for merchandise into which the imported mer-21 chandise is incorporated, the amount of duties, 22 taxes, and fees paid with respect to the line 23 item for the imported merchandise divided by 24 the number of units of the imported merchan-

25 dise included in the line item, or

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1	"(ii) in the case of exported merchandise
2	into which substitute merchandise is incor-
3	porated or exported merchandise substituted for
4	merchandise into which substitute merchandise
5	is incorporated, the lesser of—
6	"(I) the amount of duties, taxes, and
7	fees paid with respect to the line item for
8	the imported merchandise divided by the
9	total number of units of the imported mer-
10	chandise included in the line item, or
11	"(II) the amount of duties, taxes, and
12	fees that would apply to the substitute
13	merchandise, if the substitute merchandise
14	were imported, divided by the number of
15	units of the substitute merchandise incor-
16	porated into the exported merchandise or
17	the merchandise for which the exported
18	merchandise is substituted.
19	"(4) Claims based on destruction of sub-
20	STITUTE MERCHANDISE, MERCHANDISE INTO WHICH
21	SUBSTITUTE MERCHANDISE IS INCORPORATED, OR
22	MERCHANDISE SUBSTITUTED FOR MERCHANDISE
23	INTO WHICH SUBSTITUTE MERCHANDISE IS INCOR-
24	PORATED.—If a person claims drawback with re-
25	spect to imported merchandise based on the destruc-

1	tion of substitute merchandise, merchandise into
2	which substitute merchandise is incorporated, or
3	merchandise substituted for merchandise into which
4	substitute merchandise is incorporated, the amount
5	of drawback paid pursuant to this section shall be
6	equal to 99 percent of the lesser of—
7	"(A) the amount of—
8	"(i) duties, taxes, and fees that would
9	apply to the substitute merchandise de-
10	stroyed, incorporated into destroyed mer-
11	chandise, or incorporated into merchandise
12	for which the destroyed merchandise is
13	substituted, if the substitute merchandise
14	were imported, minus
15	"(ii) the value of any materials recov-
16	ered during the destruction of the de-
17	stroyed merchandise (including the value
18	of any tax benefit or royalty payment with
19	respect to such materials), or
20	"(B) the amount of drawback the person
21	could have claimed under paragraph (2) if the
22	person had destroyed the imported merchan-
23	dise.
24	"(5) LIMITATION FOR DUTIES, TAXES, AND
25	FEES PREVIOUSLY REFUNDED.—The amount of du-

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1	ties, taxes, and fees that may be refunded as draw-
2	back with respect to imported merchandise pursuant
3	to this subsection shall be reduced by the amount of
4	any duties, taxes, and fees previously refunded to a
5	person with respect to such merchandise.
6	"(i) FILING REQUIREMENTS.—The requirements for
7	filing a claim for drawback under this subsection are the
8	following:
9	"(1) Electronic filing.—The claim shall be
10	filed electronically.
11	"(2) TIME LIMIT FOR CLAIM.—The claim shall
12	be filed not later than 5 years after the date—
13	"(A) on which the merchandise with re-
14	spect to which drawback is claimed is imported;
15	or
16	"(B) if the claim is based on merchandise
17	imported on more than one date, the earliest
18	date on which any such merchandise was im-
19	ported.
20	"(3) Identification of merchandise.—The
21	claim shall include an identification of the merchan-
22	dise with respect to which the claim is filed as fol-
23	lows:
24	"(A) If drawback is claimed with respect
25	to imported merchandise based on the expor-

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1	tation of merchandise, a demonstration that the
2	exported merchandise meets the requirements
3	of subsection (e) using—
4	"(i)(I) the information contained in
5	the line item for the imported merchandise
6	and information contained in the line item
7	for the exported merchandise; and
8	"(II) in the case of imported mer-
9	chandise or substitute merchandise incor-
10	porated into the exported merchandise or
11	merchandise that is substituted for mer-
12	chandise into which imported merchandise
13	or substitute merchandise is incorporated,
14	a bill of materials or formula identifying
15	the imported merchandise or substitute
16	merchandise and the exported merchandise
17	by the 8-digit HTS subheading number
18	and the quantity of the imported merchan-
19	dise or substitute merchandise and the ex-
20	ported merchandise; or
21	"(ii) direct identification.
22	"(B) If drawback is claimed with respect
23	to imported merchandise based on the destruc-
24	tion of merchandise, an identification of the im-

1	ported merchandise and the destroyed merchan-
2	dise using—
3	"(i)(I) the information contained in
4	the line item for the imported merchandise
5	and information identifying the destroyed
6	merchandise by 8-digit HTS subheading
7	number and quantity; and
8	"(II) in the case of imported mer-
9	chandise or substitute merchandise incor-
10	porated into the destroyed merchandise or
11	merchandise that is substituted for mer-
12	chandise into which imported merchandise
13	or substitute merchandise is incorporated,
14	a bill of materials or formula identifying
15	the imported merchandise or substitute
16	merchandise and the destroyed merchan-
17	dise by the 8-digit HTS subheading num-
18	ber and the quantity of the imported mer-
19	chandise or substitute merchandise and the
20	destroyed merchandise; or
21	"(ii) using direct identification.
22	"(4) Proof of exportation.—If drawback is
23	claimed with respect to imported merchandise based
24	on the exportation of merchandise, the claim shall
25	include, as proof of exportation, one of the following:

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1 "(A) The record of exportation entered in 2 the automated export system of the United 3 States Government or, if the exporter is unable 4 to use that system, information similar to the 5 information contained in such a record that is 6 kept by the exporter in the ordinary course of 7 business. 8 "(B) In the case of a deemed export, any 9 record that establishes the deemed export, or a 10 copy of such a record, that is kept by the ex-11 porter in the ordinary course of business. 12 "(5) PROOF OF AUTHORIZATION.—The claim 13 shall include, as proof of the authorization under 14 subsection (c)(1) of the importer, exporter, or person 15 who destroyed merchandise, as appropriate, for an-16 other person to claim drawback, records kept in the 17 ordinary course of business demonstrating the au-18 thorization. 19 "(j) Special Rules.— 20 "(1) VESSELS BUILT FOR RESIDENTS OF A 21 FOREIGN COUNTRY.—Drawback under this section 22 may be claimed for materials imported and used in 23 the construction and equipment of vessels built for 24 foreign account and ownership, or for the govern-

ment of any foreign country, notwithstanding that

1	such vessels may not within the strict meaning of
2	the term be exported.
3	"(2) AGRICULTURAL PRODUCTS.—No drawback
4	may be claimed under this section for an agricul-
5	tural product with respect to which an over-quota
6	rate of duty has been paid, unless the product is
7	identified as the imported agricultural product using
8	direct identification.
9	"(3) Certain exported merchandise.—
10	"(A) IN GENERAL.—Except as provided in
11	subparagraph (B), upon the exportation of fla-
12	voring extracts, flavors, medicines, medicinal
13	preparations, or perfumes manufactured or pro-
14	duced in the United States in part from domes-
15	tic alcohol on which an internal revenue tax has
16	been paid, there shall be allowed a drawback in
17	an amount equal to the tax found to have been
18	paid on the alcohol so used.
19	"(B) LIMITATION.—If drawback has been
20	claimed under section 5114 of the Internal Rev-
21	enue Code of 1986 with respect to flavoring ex-
22	tracts, flavors, medicines, medicinal prepara-
23	tions, or perfumes manufactured or produced in
24	the United States, the amount of drawback

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1	under this paragraph shall be limited to $\$1$ per
2	proof gallon.
3	"(C) FORM OF CLAIM.—A claim for draw-
4	back under this paragraph shall be submitted in
5	such form, at such times, and under such con-
6	ditions as the Secretary of the Treasury shall
7	prescribe by regulation.
8	"(4) PAYMENT FROM RECEIPTS OF PUERTO
9	RICO.—A drawback under this section for merchan-
10	dise shall be paid from the customs receipts of Puer-
11	to Rico if the duties for such merchandise were
12	originally paid into the Treasury of Puerto Rico.
13	"(k) Drawback on Exported Goods Under Cer-
14	TAIN FREE TRADE AGREEMENTS.—
15	"(1) Special rules for NAFTA countries.—
16	"(A) IN GENERAL.—Subject to section
17	508(b)(2)(B) of the Tariff Act of 1930 (19)
18	U.S.C. 1508(b)(2)(B)), and for purposes of this
19	section, if merchandise that is exported to a
20	NAFTA country is a good subject to NAFTA
21	drawback, no customs duties on the good may
22	be refunded, waived, or reduced in an amount
23	that exceeds the lesser of—

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1	"(i) the total amount of customs du-
2	ties paid or owed on the good on importa-
3	tion into the United States; or
4	"(ii) the total amount of customs du-
5	ties paid on the good on importation into
6	the NAFTA country.
7	"(B) Special rule for canada.—If
8	Canada ceases to be a NAFTA country and the
9	suspension of the operation of the United
10	States-Canada Free-Trade Agreement there-
11	after terminates, then for purposes of this sec-
12	tion, the shipment to Canada during the period
13	such Agreement is in operation of merchandise
14	made from or substituted for a good eligible for
15	drawback under section 204(a) of the United
16	States-Canada Free-Trade Agreement Imple-
17	mentation Act of 1988 (Public Law 100–449;
18	19 U.S.C. 2112 note) does not constitute an ex-
19	portation.
20	"(C) FUNGIBLE MERCHANDISE EXPORTED
21	to nafta countries.—The exportation to a
22	NAFTA country of merchandise that is fungible
23	with and substituted for imported merchandise,
24	other than merchandise described in paragraphs
25	(1) through (8) of section 203(a) of the North

1	American Free Trade Agreement Implementa-
2	tion Act (19 U.S.C. 3333(a)), shall not be
3	treated as an exportation of substitute mer-
4	chandise for purposes of drawback under this
5	section.
6	"(D) Proof of exportation to canada
7	OR MEXICO.—Notwithstanding subsection
8	(i)(4), a person filing a claim under this para-
9	graph shall submit, as proof of exportation, the
10	entry records from Canada or Mexico.
11	"(2) Special rules for chile.—
12	"(A) IN GENERAL.—For purposes of this
13	section, if merchandise that is exported to Chile
14	is a good subject to Chile FTA drawback, no
15	customs duties on the good may be refunded,
16	waived, or reduced, except as provided in sub-
17	paragraph (B).
18	"(B) Amount of customs duties.—The
19	customs duties referred to in subparagraph (A)
20	may be refunded, waived, or reduced by—
21	"(i) 100 percent during the 8-year pe-
22	riod beginning on January 1, 2004;
23	"(ii) 75 percent during the 1-year pe-
24	riod beginning on January 1, 2012;

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1	"(iii) 50 percent during the 1-year pe-
2	riod beginning on January 1, 2013; and
3	"(iv) 25 percent during the 1-year pe-
4	riod beginning on January 1, 2014.
5	"(C) FUNGIBLE MERCHANDISE EXPORTED
6	TO CHILE.—Beginning on January 1, 2015, the
7	exportation to Chile of merchandise that is fun-
8	gible with and substituted for imported mer-
9	chandise, other than merchandise described in
10	paragraphs $(1)$ through $(5)$ of section $203(a)$ of
11	the United States-Chile Free Trade Agreement
12	Implementation Act (19 U.S.C. 3805 note),
13	shall not be treated as an exportation of sub-
14	stitute merchandise for purposes of drawback
15	under this section. The preceding sentence shall
16	not be construed to permit the substitution of
17	merchandise under this section with respect to
18	merchandise described in paragraph $(2)$ of sec-
19	tion 203(a) of the United States-Chile Free
20	Trade Agreement Implementation Act.".
21	(b) Technical and Conforming Amendments.—
22	(1) Refunds.—Section 505(b) of the Tariff
23	Act of 1930 (19 U.S.C. 1505(b)) is amended by
24	adding at the end the following: "Refunds of excess
25	moneys deposited, as determined on a liquidation or

1	reliquidation, shall be reduced by any amount paid,
2	on an accelerated basis or otherwise, to a person
3	claiming drawback pursuant to section 313."
4	(2) REVIEW OF PROTESTS.—The second sen-
5	tence of section $515(a)$ of the Tariff Act of 1930 (19
6	U.S.C. 1515(a)) is amended by striking the period
7	at the end and inserting "in accordance with section
8	505.".
9	(3) Refunds, waivers, and reductions of
10	DUTY UNDER NAFTA.—Section 508(b)(2)(B)(i)(III)
11	of the Tariff Act of 1930 (19 U.S.C.
12	1508(b)(2)(B)(i)(III)) is amended by striking "sec-
13	tion $313(n)(2)$ or $(0)(1)$ " and inserting "section
14	313(k)(1)".
15	(c) Effective Date.—
16	(1) IN GENERAL.—Except as provided in para-
17	graph (2), the amendments made by this section
18	shall apply to drawback claims filed with respect to
19	merchandise that enters the United States on or
20	after the date that is 2 years after the date of the
21	enactment of this Act.
22	(2) TRANSITION RULE.—During the 1-year pe-
23	riod beginning on the date specified in paragraph
24	(1), a person may elect to file a claim for drawback
25	under—

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1	(A) section 313 of the Tariff Act of 1930,
2	as amended by this section; or
3	(B) section 313 of the Tariff Act of 1930,
4	as in effect on the day before the date specified
5	in paragraph (1).
6	(d) Government Accountability Office Re-
7	PORT.—Not later than the date that is 4 years after the
8	date of the enactment of this Act, the Comptroller General
9	of the United States shall submit to the Committee on
10	Finance of the Senate and the Committee on Ways and
11	Means of the House of Representatives a report that con-
12	tains—
13	(1) an evaluation of the costs and benefits to
14	the Federal Government, and the benefits to the pri-
15	vate sector, resulting from the implementation of
16	section 313 of the Tariff Act of 1930, as amended
17	by this section; and
18	(2) an assessment of the extent to which the
19	implementation of that section may permit a person
20	claiming drawback with respect to imported mer-
21	chandise to receive drawback in excess of the duties,
22	taxes, or fees paid on the imported merchandise.
23	SEC. 403. PENALTIES FOR CUSTOMS BROKERS.
24	(a) IN GENERAL.—Section $641(d)(1)$ of the Tariff
25	Act of 1930 (19 U.S.C. 1641(d)(1)) is amended—

1	(1) in subparagraph (E), by striking "; or" and
2	inserting a semicolon;
3	(2) in subparagraph (F), by striking the period
4	and inserting "; or"; and
5	(3) by adding at the end the following:
6	"(G) has been convicted of committing or
7	conspiring to commit an act of terrorism de-
8	scribed in section 2332b of title 18, United
9	States Code.".
10	(b) Technical Amendments.—Section 641 of the
11	Tariff Act of 1930 (19 U.S.C. 1641) is amended—
12	(1) in subsection $(g)(2)(B)$ , by striking "Sec-
13	retary's notice" and inserting "notice under sub-
14	paragraph (A)"; and
15	(2) by striking "Customs Service" each place it
16	appears and inserting "U.S. Customs and Border
17	Protection Agency".
18	SEC. 404. AMENDMENTS TO CHAPTER 98 OF THE HAR-
19	MONIZED TARIFF SCHEDULE OF THE UNITED
20	STATES.
21	(a) Articles Exported and Returned, Ad-
22	VANCED OR IMPROVED ABROAD.—Subchapter II of chap-
23	ter 98 of the Harmonized Tariff Schedule of the United
24	States is amended by adding at the end of U.S. Note 3
25	the following:

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1	"(f)(i) For purposes of subheadings 9802.00.40
2	and 9802.00.50, fungible articles exported from the
3	United States for the purposes described in such
4	subheadings-
5	"(A) may be commingled; and
6	"(B) the origin, value, and classification of
7	such articles may be accounted for using an in-
8	ventory management method.
9	"(ii) If a person chooses to use an inventory
10	management method under this subdivision with re-
11	spect to fungible articles, the person shall use the
12	same inventory management method for those arti-
13	cles with respect to which the person claims
14	fungibility.
15	"(iii) For purposes of this subdivision—
16	"(A) the term 'fungible articles' means ar-
17	ticles that are interchangeable for commercial
18	purposes and have essentially identical prop-
19	erties; and
20	"(B) the term 'inventory management
21	method' means any method for managing inven-
22	tory that is based on generally accepted ac-
23	counting principles.".
24	(b) Modification of Provisions Relating to
25	RETURNED PROPERTY.—The article description for sub-

heading 9801.00.10 of the Harmonized Tariff Schedule of
 the United States is amended by inserting after "ex ported" the following: ", or any other products when re turned within 3 years after having been exported".

5 (c) DUTY-FREE TREATMENT FOR CERTAIN UNITED
6 STATES GOVERNMENT PROPERTY RETURNED TO THE
7 UNITED STATES.—Subchapter I of chapter 98 of the Har8 monized Tariff Schedule of the United States is amended
9 by inserting in numerical sequence the following new sub10 heading:

"	9801.00.11	United States Government			
	3601.00.11				
		property, returned to the			
		United States without having			
		been advanced in value or im-			
		proved in condition by any			
		means while abroad, entered			
		by the United States Govern-			
		ment or a contractor to the			
		United States Government,			
		and certified by the importer			
		as United States Government			
		property	Free		".

## 11 SEC. 405. CHARTER FLIGHTS.

Section 13031(e)(1) of the Consolidated Omnibus
Budget Reconciliation Act of 1985 (19 U.S.C. 58c(e)(1))
is amended—

(1) by striking "(1) Notwithstanding section
451 of the Tariff Act of 1930 (19 U.S.C. 1451) or
any other provision of law (other than paragraph
(2))" and inserting the following:

19 "(1)(A) Notwithstanding section 451 of the Tariff20 Act of 1930 (19 U.S.C. 1451) or any other provision of

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law (other than subparagraph (B) and paragraph (2))";
 and

3 (2) by adding at the end the following:

4 "(B)(i) An appropriate officer of the U.S. Customs 5 and Border Protection Agency may assign a sufficient 6 number of employees from the Agency (if available) to per-7 form services described in clause (ii) for a charter air car-8 rier (as defined in section 40102 of title 49, United States 9 Code) for a charter flight arriving after normal operating 10 hours at an airport that is an established port of entry 11 serviced by the Agency, notwithstanding that overtime 12 funds for those services are not available, if the charter 13 air carrier—

"(I) not later than 4 hours before the flight arrives, specifically requests that such services be provided; and

17 "(II) pays any overtime fees incurred in connec-18 tion with such services.

"(ii) Services described in this clause are customs
services for passengers and their baggage or any other
such service that could lawfully be performed during regular hours of operation.".

1	SEC. 406. PILOT PROGRAM TO DESIGNATE ADDITIONAL 24-
2	HOUR COMMERCIAL PORTS OF ENTRY.
3	(a) Establishment of Pilot Program.—The
4	President shall establish a pilot program under which the
5	President shall—
6	(1) pursuant to the Act of August 1, 1914 (38
7	Stat. 623, chapter 223; 19 U.S.C. 2), designate cer-
8	tain land border crossings as 24-hour commercial
9	ports of entry in accordance with subsections (b)
10	and (c); and
11	(2) ensure that each land border crossing des-
12	ignated as a commercial port of entry under the
13	pilot program has sufficient resources—
14	(A) to carry out the functions of a com-
15	mercial port of entry, including accepting en-
16	tries of merchandise, collecting duties, and en-
17	forcing the customs and trade laws of the
18	United States; and
19	(B) to perform those functions 24 hours a
20	day.
21	(b) DESIGNATION.—Not later than 180 days after
22	the date of the enactment of this Act, the President shall,
23	after considering the criteria set forth in subsection (c)
24	and any input provided by the public, designate not fewer
25	than 2 and not more than 6 land border crossings, equally
26	divided between land border crossings on the northern and

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southern borders of the United States, as 24-hour com mercial ports of entry under the pilot program established
 under subsection (a).

4 (c) CRITERIA.—In designating a land border crossing
5 as a 24-hour commercial port of entry under the pilot pro6 gram established under subsection (a), the President shall
7 consider the following:

8 (1) The number of 24-hour commercial ports of
9 entry already located in the State in which the land
10 border crossing is located.

(2) The costs associated with operating the land
border crossing as a 24-hour commercial port of
entry, including whether the Federal Government
would be required to acquire or lease additional
land.

16 (3) The positive economic impact of designating
17 the land border crossing as a 24-hour commercial
18 port of entry on the community in which the land
19 border crossing is located.

20 (4) Any commitment of resources by the gov21 ernment of Canada or Mexico, as applicable, to a
22 similar designation of a corresponding foreign port
23 of entry.

24 (5) The support demonstrated by the govern-25 ment of the State or locality in which the land bor-

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der crossing is located, including through infrastruc ture improvements, to facilitate the operation of the
 land border crossing as a 24-hour commercial port
 of entry.
 (d) TERMINATION.—
 (1) DETERMINATION OF ECONOMIC BENEFIT.—
 Not later than the date that is 2 years after the date

8 on which a land border crossing designated as a 24-9 hour commercial port of entry under the pilot pro-10 gram established under subsection (a) becomes fully 11 operational as a 24-hour commercial port of entry, 12 the President shall—

13 (A) determine whether the operation of the
14 land border crossing as a port of entry 24
15 hours a day provides a net economic benefit to
16 the United States; and

(B) submit to the Committee on Finance
of the Senate and Committee on Ways and
Means of the House of Representatives a report
on that determination and the reasons for that
determination.

(2) TERMINATION.—If the President determines under paragraph (1) that operating a land
border crossing as a port of entry 24 hours a day
does not provide a net economic benefit to the

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United States, the land border crossing shall cease
 to operate as a port of entry 24 hours a day on the
 date on which the President submits the report
 under paragraph (1)(B).

5 (e) REPORT.—Not later than 90 days before the President makes a determination under subsection (d)(1)6 7 with respect to a land border crossing designated as a 24-8 hour commercial port of entry under the pilot program 9 established under subsection (a), the President shall sub-10 mit to the Committee on Finance of the Senate and Committee on Ways and Means of the House of Representa-11 12 tives a report that provides—

(1) a comparison of the vehicle traffic, the estimated total volume of commercial merchandise entered, and the wait times at the land border crossing—

17 (A) during the 2-year period preceding the
18 designation of the land border crossing as a 2419 hour commercial port of entry; and

20 (B) after the land border crossing becomes
21 fully operational as a 24-hour commercial port
22 of entry;

(2) a comparison of the total value of commercial merchandise transported through the land border crossing—

1	(A) during the 2-year period preceding the				
2	designation of the land border crossing as a 24-				
3	hour commercial port of entry; and				
4	(B) after the land border crossing becomes				
5	fully operational as a 24-hour commercial port				
6	of entry; and				
7	(3) a comparison of wait times at other ports				
8	of entry in the State in which the land border cross-				
9	ing is located—				
10	(A) during the 2-year period preceding the				
11	designation of the land border crossing as a 24-				
12	hour commercial port of entry; and				
13	(B) after the land border crossing becomes				
14	fully operational as a 24-hour commercial port				
15	of entry.				
16	SEC. 407. ELIMINATION OF CONSUMPTIVE DEMAND EXCEP-				
17	TION TO PROHIBITION ON IMPORTATION OF				
18	GOODS MADE WITH CONVICT LABOR,				
19	FORCED LABOR, OR INDENTURED LABOR; RE-				
20	PORT.				
21	(a) Elimination of Consumptive Demand Ex-				
22	CEPTION.—				
23	(1) IN GENERAL.—Section 307 of the Tariff				
24	Act of 1930 (19 U.S.C. 1307) is amended by strik-				

ing "The provisions of this section" and all that fol lows through "of the United States.".

3 (2) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The amendment made
4 by paragraph (1) shall take effect on the date that
5 is 15 days after the date of the enactment of this
6 Act.

7 (b) REPORT REQUIRED.—Not later than 180 days 8 after the date of the enactment of this Act, and annually 9 thereafter, the Commissioner shall submit to the Com-10 mittee on Finance of the Senate and the Committee on 11 Ways and Means of the House of Representatives a report 12 on compliance with section 307 of the Tariff Act of 1930 13 (19 U.S.C. 1307) that includes the following:

(1) The number of instances in which merchandise was denied entry pursuant to that section during the 1-year period preceding the submission of
the report.

18 (2) A description of the merchandise denied19 entry pursuant to that section.

20 (3) Such other information as the Commis21 sioner considers appropriate with respect to moni22 toring and enforcing compliance with that section.

## 23 SEC. 408. HONEY TRANSSHIPMENT.

(a) IN GENERAL.—The Commissioner of U.S. Cus-toms and Border Protection shall direct appropriate per-

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sonnel and resources of the U.S. Customs and Border Pro tection Agency to address concerns that honey is being
 imported into the United States in violation of the customs
 and trade laws of the United States.

5 (b) COUNTRY OF ORIGIN.—

6 (1) IN GENERAL.—The Commissioner of U.S. 7 Customs and Border Protection shall compile a 8 database of the individual characteristics of honey 9 produced in foreign countries to facilitate the 10 verification of country of origin markings of im-11 ported honey.

12 (2) ENGAGEMENT WITH FOREIGN GOVERN13 MENTS.—The Commissioner shall seek to engage the
14 customs agencies of foreign governments for assist15 ance in compiling the database described in para16 graph (1).

17 (3) CONSULTATION WITH INDUSTRY.—In compiling the database described in paragraph (1), the
19 Commissioner shall consult with entities in the
20 honey industry regarding the development of indus21 try standards for honey identification.

(4) CONSULTATION WITH FOOD AND DRUG ADMINISTRATION.—In compiling the database described in paragraph (1), the Commissioner shall
consult with the Commissioner of Food and Drugs.

(c) REPORT REQUIRED.—Not later than 180 days
 after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Commis sioner of U.S. Customs and Border Protection shall sub mit to Congress a report that—

5 (1) describes and assesses the limitations in the
6 existing analysis capabilities of laboratories with re7 spect to determining the country of origin of honey
8 samples or the percentage of honey contained in a
9 sample; and

10 (2) includes any recommendations of the Com-11 missioner for improving such capabilities.

(d) SENSE OF CONGRESS.—It is the sense of Congress that the Commissioner of Food and Drugs should
promptly establish a national standard of identity for
honey for the Commissioner of U.S. Customs and Border
Protection to use to ensure that imports of honey are—
(1) classified accurately for purposes of assessing duties; and

(2) denied entry into the United States if suchimports pose a threat to the health or safety of con-

21 sumers in the United States.

22 SEC. 409. CONTRABAND ARCHAEOLOGICAL OR ETHNO23 LOGICAL MATERIALS.

(a) IN GENERAL.—The Commissioner shall ensurethat appropriate personnel of the U.S. Customs and Bor-

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der Protection Agency are trained in the detection, identi fication, and detention of archaeological or ethnological
 materials the importation of which violates the customs
 and trade laws of the United States.

5 (b) TRAINING.—The Commissioner is authorized to
6 accept training and other support services from experts
7 outside of the Federal Government in the detection, identi8 fication, and detention of archaeological or ethnological
9 materials described in subsection (a).

## 10SEC. 410. DE MINIMIS VALUE AND ENTRY UNDER REGULA-11TIONS.

12 (a) INCREASE IN MAXIMUM VALUE OF ARTICLES
13 THAT MAY BE IMPORTED DUTY-FREE BY ONE PERSON
14 ON ONE DAY.—

15 (1) IN GENERAL.—Section 321(a)(2)(C) of the 16 Tariff Act of 1930 (19 U.S.C. 1321(a)(2)(C)) is 17 amended by striking "\$200" and inserting "\$800". 18 (2) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The amendment made 19 by paragraph (1) shall apply with respect to articles 20 entered, or withdrawn from warehouse for consump-21 tion, on or after the 15th day after the date of the 22 enactment of this Act.

(b) ENTRY UNDER REGULATIONS.—Section 498 of
the Tariff Act of 1930 (19 U.S.C. 1498) is amended—

1	(1) in subsection (a), by striking paragraph $(1)$
2	and inserting the following:
3	"(1) Merchandise, when different commercial
4	facilitation and risk considerations that may vary for
5	different classes or kinds of merchandise or different
6	classes of transactions may dictate;";
7	(2) by redesignating subsection $(b)$ as sub-
8	section (c); and
9	(3) by inserting after subsection (a) the fol-
10	lowing:
11	"(b) Entry of Merchandise Valued at \$2,500
12	OR LESS.—
13	"(1) IN GENERAL.—Except as provided in para-
14	graph (2), the Secretary of the Treasury shall pre-
15	scribe rules and regulations for the declaration and
16	entry of merchandise if the aggregate value of the
17	shipment of merchandise does not exceed \$2,500.
18	"(2) EXCEPTION.—The rules and regulations
19	prescribed under paragraph (1) shall not apply to
20	merchandise that—
21	"(A) has a value in excess of \$250; and
22	"(B) is classified under section VII, VIII,
23	XI, or XII, chapter 94, or subchapter III or IV
24	of chapter 99 of the Harmonized Tariff Sched-
25	ule of the United States.".

1	SEC. 411. REPEAL OF AUTHORITY OF U.S. CUSTOMS AND
2	BORDER PROTECTION AGENCY TO ENTER
3	INTO CERTAIN REIMBURSABLE FEE AGREE-
4	MENTS.
5	Section 560 of the Department of Homeland Security

Section 560 of the Department of Homeland Security
Appropriations Act, 2013 (division D of the Consolidated
and Further Continuing Appropriations Act, 2013) is repealed.