109th CONGRESS 2d Session

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To enhance and improve the trade relations of the United States by strengthening United States trade enforcement efforts and encouraging United States trading partners to adhere to the rules and norms of international trade, and for other purposes.

IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

Mr. GRASSLEY (for himself and Mr. BAUCUS) introduced the following bill; which was read twice and referred to the Committee on

A BILL

- To enhance and improve the trade relations of the United States by strengthening United States trade enforcement efforts and encouraging United States trading partners to adhere to the rules and norms of international trade, and for other purposes.
 - 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
 - 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.

- 4 This Act may be cited as the "United States Trade
- 5 Enhancement Act of 2006".

1**TITLE I—ENFORCEMENT**2**PROVISIONS**

3 SEC. 101. SUSPENSION OF NEW SHIPPER REVIEW PROVI-

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SION.

(a) SUSPENSION OF THE AVAILABILITY OF BONDS
TO NEW SHIPPERS.—Clause (iii) of section 751(a)(2)(B)
of the Tariff Act of 1930 (19 U.S.C. 1675(a)(2)(B)(iii))
shall not be effective during the period beginning on April
1, 2006, and ending on June 30, 2009.

10 (b) REPORT ON THE IMPACT OF THE SUSPENSION.— 11 Not later than December 31, 2008, the Secretary of the 12 Treasury, in consultation with the Secretary of Commerce, the United States Trade Representative, and the Sec-13 14 retary of Homeland Security, shall submit to the Committee on Ways and Means of the House of Representa-15 tives and the Committee on Finance of the Senate a report 16 17 containing-

(1) recommendations on whether the suspension
of section 751(a)(2)(B)(iii) of the Tariff Act of 1930
should be extended beyond the date provided in subsection (a); and

(2) an assessment of the effectiveness of any
administrative measure that was implemented to address the difficulties that necessitated the suspension
under subsection (a), including—

1	(A) any problem in the collection of anti-
2	dumping duties on imports from new shippers;
3	and
4	(B) any burden imposed on legitimate
5	trade and commerce by the suspension of bonds
6	to new shippers.
7	(c) Report on Collection Problems and Anal-
8	ysis of Proposed Solutions.—
9	(1) REPORT.—Not later than 180 days after
10	the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary
11	of the Treasury, in consultation with the Secretary
12	of Homeland Security and the Secretary of Com-
13	merce, shall submit to the Committee on Ways and
14	Means of the House of Representatives and the
15	Committee on Finance of the Senate a report de-
16	scribing—
17	(A) any major problem experienced in the
18	collection of duties during the 4 most recent fis-
19	cal years for which data are available, including
20	any fraudulent activity intended to avoid pay-
21	ment of duties; and
22	(B) an estimate of the total amount of du-
23	ties that were uncollected during the most re-
24	cent fiscal year for which data are available, in-

1	cluding, with respect to each product, a descrip-
2	tion of why the duties were uncollected.
3	(2) Recommendations.—The report shall in-
4	clude—
5	(A) recommendations on any additional ac-
6	tion needed to address problems related to the
7	collection of duties; and
8	(B) for each recommendation—
9	(i) an analysis of how the rec-
10	ommendation would address the specific
11	problem; and
12	(ii) an assessment of the impact that
13	implementing the recommendation would
14	have on international trade and commerce
15	(including any additional costs imposed on
16	United States businesses).
17	SEC. 102. TRADE ENFORCEMENT PERSONNEL.
18	(a) Deputy United States Trade Representa-
19	TIVES; GENERAL COUNSEL.—Section 141(b)(2) of the
20	Trade Act of 1974 (19 U.S.C. $2171(b)(2)$) is amended to
21	read as follows:
22	"(2) There shall be in the Office three Deputy United
23	States Trade Representatives, 1 Chief Agricultural Nego-
24	tiator, and 1 General Counsel. The 3 Deputy United
25	States Trade Representatives, the Chief Agricultural Ne-

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gotiator, and the General Counsel, shall be appointed by 1 2 the President, by and with the advice and consent of the 3 Senate. As an exercise of the rulemaking authority of the 4 Senate, any nomination of a Deputy United States Trade 5 Representative, the Chief Agricultural Negotiator, or the General Counsel, submitted to the Senate for its advice 6 7 and consent, and referred to a committee, shall be referred 8 to the Committee on Finance. Each Deputy United States 9 Trade Representative, the Chief Agricultural Negotiator, 10 and the General Counsel, shall hold office at the pleasure 11 of the President. Each Deputy United States Trade Rep-12 resentative and the Chief Agricultural Negotiator shall 13 have the rank of Ambassador.". 14 (b) FUNCTIONS OF POSITION.—Section 141(c) of the

15 Trade Act of 1974 (19 U.S.C. 2171(c)) is amended—

16 (1) by moving paragraph (5) 2 ems to the left;17 and

18 (2) by adding at the end the following new19 paragraph:

20 "(6) A principal function of the General Counsel shall
21 be to ensure that United States trading partners comply
22 with obligations assumed under trade agreements to which
23 the United States is a party. The General Counsel shall
24 assist the United States Trade Representative in inves25 tigating and prosecuting disputes pursuant to trade agree-

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ments to which the United States is a party, including 1 2 before the World Trade Organization, and shall assist the 3 United States Trade Representative in carrying out the 4 Trade Representative's functions under subsection (d). 5 The General Counsel shall make recommendations with respect to the administration of United States trade laws 6 7 relating to foreign government barriers to United States 8 goods, services, investment, and intellectual property, and 9 with respect to government procurement and other trade 10 matters. The General Counsel shall perform such other functions as the Trade Representative may direct.". 11 12 (c) Compensation; Effective Date.—

13 (1) IN GENERAL.—Section 5315 of title 5,
14 United States Code, is amended by adding at the
15 end the following new item:

16 "General Counsel of the Office of the United17 States Trade Representative.".

18 (2) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The amendment made
19 by this subsection shall take effect on the date that
20 an individual nominated by the President to the po21 sition of General Counsel of the Office of the United
22 States Trade Representative is confirmed by the
23 United States Senate.

24 (d) CONTINUATION IN OFFICE.—The individual serv-25 ing as General Counsel in the Office of the United States

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Trade Representative on the day before the date of the
 enactment of this Act may serve in the General Counsel
 position established pursuant to subsection (a) as Acting
 General Counsel until the date that an individual nomi nated to such position by the President is confirmed by
 the United States Senate.

7 (e) TRADE ENFORCEMENT WORKING GROUP.—Not
8 later than 90 days after the date of the enactment of this
9 Act, the United States Trade Representative shall estab10 lish an interagency Trade Enforcement Working Group.

11 (1) CHAIRPERSON.—The Trade Enforcement 12 Working Group shall be chaired by the General 13 Counsel of the Office of the United States Trade 14 Representative and shall include the Assistant Sec-15 retary for Market Access and Compliance in the De-16 partment of Commerce, as well as other appropriate 17 representatives from the Department of Commerce, 18 and the Departments of State, Treasury, and Agri-19 culture, and such other departments and agencies as 20 the Trade Representative considers appropriate.

(2) DUTIES.—The Trade Enforcement Working
Group shall assist the General Counsel of the Office
of the United States Trade Representative in carrying out the principal functions described in section
141(c)(6) of the Trade Act of 1974.

(f) Identification of Trade Enforcement Pri ORITIES.—

3 (1) IN GENERAL.—Section 310 of the Trade
4 Act of 1974 (19 U.S.C. 2420) is amended to read
5 as follows:

6 "SEC. 310. IDENTIFICATION OF TRADE ENFORCEMENT PRI7 ORITIES.

8 "(a) IDENTIFICATION AND ANNUAL REPORT.—On or 9 before the date that is 90 days after the date that the 10 report required by section 181(b) is due to be submitted 11 each calendar year, the United States Trade Representa-12 tive shall—

13 "(1) identify the trade enforcement priorities of14 the United States;

"(2) identify trade enforcement actions undertaken by the United States during the preceding
year and provide an assessment of the impact such
trade enforcement actions have had in addressing
foreign trade barriers;

"(3) determine the priority foreign country
trade practices on which the Trade Representative
will focus the trade enforcement efforts of the
United States; and

24 "(4) submit to the Committee on Finance of25 the Senate and the Committee on Ways and Means

of the House of Representatives a written report on
 the priorities, actions, and assessments required by
 paragraphs (1) and (2), as well as a nonconfidential
 summary of the determination required by para graph (3), and cause such report and summary to
 be published in the Federal Register.

7 "(b) FACTORS TO CONSIDER.—In reaching the de8 termination required by subsection (a)(3), the Trade Rep9 resentative shall take into account all relevant factors, in10 cluding—

"(1) the economic significance of any potential
inconsistency between an obligation assumed by a
foreign government pursuant to a trade agreement
to which the United States is a party, and the policies or practices of such foreign government;

"(2) the major barriers and trade distorting
practices described in the National Trade Estimate
Report required under section 181(b);

"(3) the findings in other relevant reports addressing international trade and investment prepared by the United States Trade Representative
during the 12 months preceding the date on which
the report required by subsection (a)(4) is due to be
submitted;

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1	"(4) the implications of a foreign government's
2	procurement plans and policies;
3	((5) the international competitive position and
4	export potential of United States products and serv-
5	ices; and
6	"(6) the extent to which United States intellec-
7	tual property rights are being infringed upon.
8	"(c) Consultation Prior to Report.—Not later
9	than 45 days before the date on which the report required
10	by subsection $(a)(4)$ is due to be submitted, the General
11	Counsel of the Office of the United States Trade Rep-
12	resentative shall—
13	"(1) appear before an open session of the Com-
14	mittee on Finance of the Senate and the Committee
15	on Ways and Means of the House of Representatives
16	to receive congressional input on the determination
17	and assessment required by subsection $(a)(3)$; and
18	((2)) provide an opportunity (after giving not
19	less than 30 days notice) for the presentation of
20	views by interested persons with respect to the deter-
21	mination and assessment required by subsection
22	(a)(3), including a public hearing if requested by
23	any interested person.
24	"(d) Consultation After Report.—Not later

25 than 30 days after the date on which the report required

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1 by subsection (a)(4) is due to be submitted each calendar
2 year, the General Counsel of the Office of the United
3 States Trade Representative shall appear before closed
4 sessions of the Committee on Finance of the Senate and
5 the Committee on Ways and Means of the House of Rep6 resentatives to brief each committee on the determination
7 required by subsection (a)(3).".

8 (2) CONFORMING AMENDMENT.—The table of 9 contents for the Trade Act of 1974 is amended by 10 striking the item relating to section 310, and insert-11 ing the following new item:

"Sec. 310. Identification of trade enforcement priorities.".

(g) TECHNICAL AMENDMENTS.—Section 141(e) of
the Trade Act of 1974 (19 U.S.C. 2171(e)) is amended—
(1) in paragraph (1), by striking "5314" and
inserting "5315"; and
(2) in paragraph (2), by striking "the max-

imum rate of pay for grade GS-18, as provided in
section 5332" and inserting "the maximum rate of
pay for level IV of the Executive Schedule, as provided in section 5315".

TITLE II—INTERNATIONAL MON ETARY AND FINANCIAL POL ICY

4 SEC. 201. SHORT TITLE.

5 This title may be cited as the "International Mone-6 tary and Financial Policy Cooperation Act of 2006".

7 SEC. 202. FINDINGS.

8 Congress finds as follows:

9 (1) Section 3004 of the Omnibus Trade and 10 Competitiveness Act of 1988 (22 U.S.C. 5304) re-11 quires the Secretary of the Treasury to undertake 12 multilateral or bilateral negotiations with countries 13 that have material global current account surpluses 14 and have significant bilateral trade surpluses with 15 the United States if the Secretary considers that 16 such a country is manipulating its currency for purposes of preventing effective balance of payments ad-17 18 justment or gaining unfair competitive advantage in 19 international trade.

(2) The global economy has changed dramati(2) The global economy has changed dramati(2) cally since 1988, with increased capital account
(2) openness, a sharp increase in the flow of funds
(3) internationally, and an ever growing number of
(4) emerging market economies becoming systemically
(5) important to the global flow of goods, services, and

capital. In addition, practices such as the mainte nance of multiple currency regimes have become
 rare.

4 (3) As a result of the evolutionary changes in
5 the international monetary and financial system, the
6 1988 concept of currency manipulation appears in7 creasingly dated.

8 (4) While some degree of surpluses and deficits 9 in payments balances may be expected, particularly 10 in response to increasing economic globalization, 11 large and growing imbalances raise concerns of pos-12 sible disruption to financial markets. In part, such 13 imbalances often reflect exchange rate policies that 14 foster fundamental misalignment of currencies.

(5) Currencies in fundamental misalignment
can seriously impair the ability of international markets to adjust appropriately to global capital and
trade flows, threatening trade flows and causing economic harm to the United States.

20 (6) The effects of a fundamentally misaligned
21 currency may be so harmful that it is essential to
22 correct the fundamental misalignment without re23 gard to the purpose of any policy that contributed
24 to the misalignment.

1 (7) Article IV of the International Monetary 2 Fund Articles of Agreement states that in order to 3 facilitate the exchange of goods, services, and capital among countries, to sustain sound economic growth, 4 5 and to foster financial and economic stability, each 6 member of the International Monetary Fund shall 7 avoid manipulating exchange rates in order to pre-8 vent effective balance of payments adjustment or to 9 gain an unfair competitive advantage over other 10 members.

11 (8) The failure of a government to acknowledge 12 a fundamental misalignment of its currency or to 13 take steps to correct such a fundamental misalign-14 ment, either through inaction or mere token action, 15 is a form of exchange rate manipulation and is in-16 consistent with that government's obligations under 17 Article IV of the International Monetary Fund Arti-18 cles of Agreement.

19 SEC. 203. DEFINITIONS.

20 In this title:

21 (1) SECRETARY.—The term "Secretary" means
22 the Secretary of the Treasury.

(2) FUNDAMENTAL MISALIGNMENT.—The term
"fundamental misalignment" means a material sustained disparity between the observed levels of an ef-

1	fective exchange rate for a currency and the cor-
2	responding levels of an effective exchange rate for
3	that currency that would be consistent with funda-
4	mental macroeconomic conditions based on a gen-
5	erally accepted economic rationale.
6	(3) Effective exchange rate.—The term
7	"effective exchange rate" means a weighted average
8	of bilateral exchange rates, expressed in either nomi-
9	nal or real terms.
10	(4) GENERALLY ACCEPTED ECONOMIC RATION-
11	ALE.—The term "generally accepted economic ra-
12	tionale" means an explanation drawn on widely rec-
13	ognized macroeconomic theory for which there is a
14	significant degree of empirical support.
14 15	significant degree of empirical support. SEC. 204. REPEAL OF THE EXCHANGE RATES AND INTER-
15	SEC. 204. REPEAL OF THE EXCHANGE RATES AND INTER-
15 16	SEC. 204. REPEAL OF THE EXCHANGE RATES AND INTER- NATIONAL ECONOMIC POLICY COORDINA-
15 16 17	SEC. 204. REPEAL OF THE EXCHANGE RATES AND INTER- NATIONAL ECONOMIC POLICY COORDINA- TION ACT OF 1988.
15 16 17 18	SEC. 204. REPEAL OF THE EXCHANGE RATES AND INTER- NATIONAL ECONOMIC POLICY COORDINA- TION ACT OF 1988. Subtitle A of title III of the Omnibus Trade and
15 16 17 18 19	SEC. 204. REPEAL OF THE EXCHANGE RATES AND INTER- NATIONAL ECONOMIC POLICY COORDINA- TION ACT OF 1988. Subtitle A of title III of the Omnibus Trade and Competitiveness Act of 1988 (22 U.S.C. 5301–5306) is
15 16 17 18 19 20	SEC. 204. REPEAL OF THE EXCHANGE RATES AND INTER- NATIONAL ECONOMIC POLICY COORDINA- TION ACT OF 1988. Subtitle A of title III of the Omnibus Trade and Competitiveness Act of 1988 (22 U.S.C. 5301–5306) is repealed.
15 16 17 18 19 20 21	SEC. 204. REPEAL OF THE EXCHANGE RATES AND INTER- NATIONAL ECONOMIC POLICY COORDINA- TION ACT OF 1988. Subtitle A of title III of the Omnibus Trade and Competitiveness Act of 1988 (22 U.S.C. 5301–5306) is repealed. SEC. 205. ADVISORY COMMITTEE ON INTERNATIONAL MON-
 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 	SEC. 204. REPEAL OF THE EXCHANGE RATES AND INTER- NATIONAL ECONOMIC POLICY COORDINA- TION ACT OF 1988. Subtitle A of title III of the Omnibus Trade and Competitiveness Act of 1988 (22 U.S.C. 5301–5306) is repealed. SEC. 205. ADVISORY COMMITTEE ON INTERNATIONAL MON- ETARY AND FINANCIAL POLICY.
 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 	SEC. 204. REPEAL OF THE EXCHANGE RATES AND INTER- NATIONAL ECONOMIC POLICY COORDINA- TION ACT OF 1988. Subtitle A of title III of the Omnibus Trade and Competitiveness Act of 1988 (22 U.S.C. 5301–5306) is repealed. SEC. 205. ADVISORY COMMITTEE ON INTERNATIONAL MON- ETARY AND FINANCIAL POLICY. (a) ESTABLISHMENT.—

1 and Financial Policy (in this title referred to as the 2 "Committee") to advise the Secretary in the prepa-3 ration of an annual report to Congress on Inter-4 national Economic Policy and Currency Exchange 5 Rates (described in section 206) and to otherwise 6 advise the President with respect to international 7 monetary and financial policy and the impact of the 8 policy on the economy of the United States.

9 (2) MEMBERSHIP.—The Committee shall be 10 comprised of no more than 7 individuals drawn from 11 outside of the Federal Government. Members of the 12 Committee shall be recommended by the Secretary 13 on the basis of their objectivity and demonstrated 14 expertise in finance, economics, or currency ex-15 change, and appointed by the President for a term 16 of 4 years or until the Committee expires. An indi-17 vidual may be reappointed to the Committee for ad-18 ditional terms. Appointments to the Committee shall 19 be made without regard to political affiliation.

(b) DURATION OF COMMITTEE.—The Committee
shall terminate on the date that is 4 years after the date
of the enactment of this Act unless renewed by the President pursuant to section 14 of the Federal Advisory Committee Act (5 U.S.C. App.) for a subsequent 4-year period.
The President may continue to renew the Committee for

successive 4-year periods by taking appropriate action
 prior to the date on which the Committee would otherwise
 terminate.

4 (c) PUBLIC MEETINGS.—The Committee shall hold 5 at least 1 public meeting each year for the purpose of ac-6 cepting public comments. The Committee shall also meet 7 as needed at the call of the Secretary or at the call of 8 two-thirds of the members of the Committee.

9 (d) CHAIRPERSON.—The Committee shall elect from 10 among its members a chairperson for a term of 4 years 11 or until the Committee terminates. A chairperson of the 12 Committee may be reelected chairperson but is ineligible 13 to serve consecutive terms as chairperson.

(e) STAFF.—The Secretary shall make available to
the Committee such staff, information, personnel, administrative services, and assistance as the Committee may
reasonably require to carry out its activities.

18 (f) APPLICATION OF FEDERAL ADVISORY COM-19 MITTEE ACT.—

20 (1) IN GENERAL.—The provisions of the Fed21 eral Advisory Committee Act (5 U.S.C. App.) apply
22 to the Committee.

23 (2) EXCEPTION.—Except for the annual public
24 meeting required under subsection (c), meetings of
25 the Committee shall be exempt from the require-

1 ments of subsections (a) and (b) of sections 10 and 2 11 of the Federal Advisory Committee Act (relating 3 to open meetings, public notice, public participation, 4 and public availability of documents), whenever and 5 to the extent it is determined by the President or the 6 Secretary that such meetings will be concerned with 7 matters the disclosure of which would seriously com-8 promise the development by the United States Gov-9 ernment of international monetary and financial pol-10 icy.

11 SEC. 206. REPORTING REQUIREMENTS.

12 (a) REPORTS REQUIRED.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary, after consulting with the Chairman of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System and the Committee, shall submit to Congress, on or before October 15 of each year, a written report on international economic policy and currency exchange
rates.

20 (2) INTERIM REPORT.—The Secretary, after
21 consulting with the Chairman of the Board of Gov22 ernors of the Federal Reserve System and the Com23 mittee, shall submit to Congress, on or before April
24 15 of each year, a written report on interim develop-

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1	ments with respect to international economic policy
2	and currency exchange rates.
3	(b) CONTENTS OF REPORT.—Each report submitted
4	under subsection (a) shall contain—
5	(1) an analysis of currency market develop-
6	ments and the relationship between the United
7	States dollar and the currencies of major economies
8	and United States trading partners;
9	(2) a review of the economic and financial poli-
10	cies of major economies and United States trading
11	partners and an evaluation of how such policies im-
12	pact currency exchange rates;
13	(3) a description of any currency intervention
14	by the United States or other major economies or
15	United States trading partners, or other actions un-
16	dertaken to adjust the actual exchange rate of the
17	dollar;
18	(4) an evaluation of the factors that underlie
19	conditions in the currency markets, including—
20	(A) monetary and financial conditions;
21	(B) foreign exchange reserve accumulation;
22	(C) macroeconomic trends;
23	(D) trends in current and financial ac-
24	count balances;

1	(E) the size, composition, and growth of
2	international capital flows;
3	(F) the impact of the external sector on
4	economic growth;
5	(G) the size and growth of external indebt-
6	edness;
7	(H) trends in the net level of international
8	investment; and
9	(I) capital controls, trade, and exchange
10	restrictions;
11	(5) a list of currencies of the major economies
12	or economic areas that are in fundamental misalign-
13	ment (as defined in section $203(2)$), and a descrip-
14	tion of any economic models or methodologies used
15	to establish the list;
16	(6) a description of any reason or circumstance
17	that accounts for why each currency identified under
18	paragraph (5) is in fundamental misalignment based
19	on a generally accepted economic rationale;
20	(7) a list of each currency identified under
21	paragraph (5) for which the fundamental misalign-
22	ment causes, or contributes to, a material adverse
23	impact on the economy of the United States, includ-
24	ing a description of any reason or circumstance that

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explains why the fundamental misalignment is not
 accounted for under paragraph (6); and

3 (8) the results of any prior consultations con-4 ducted or other steps taken pursuant to section 207. 5 (c) DEVELOPMENT OF REPORT.—The Secretary shall consult with the Chairman of the Board of Governors of 6 7 the Federal Reserve System and the Committee with re-8 spect to the preparation of each report required under subsection (a). Any comments provided by the Chairman 9 10 of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System 11 and the Committee shall be submitted to the Secretary 12 not later than the date that is 15 days before the date 13 each report is due under subsection (a). The Secretary 14 shall submit the report after taking into account all com-15 ments received.

16 SEC. 207. SUBSEQUENT ACTIONS.

(a) NEGOTIATIONS AND CONSULTATIONS.—With respect to each currency identified under section 206(b)(7),
the Secretary shall—

(1) seek to enter into bilateral consultations
with the government responsible for the currency in
order to facilitate the adoption of appropriate policies to eliminate the fundamental misalignment;

24 (2) seek the advice of the International Mone-25 tary Fund with respect to the Secretary's findings in

the report submitted to Congress under section 206;
 and

3 (3) encourage other governments, whether bilat4 erally or in appropriate multinational fora, to join
5 the United States in seeking the adoption of appro6 priate policies by such government to eliminate the
7 fundamental misalignment.

8 (b) Additional Action.—

9 (1) IN GENERAL.—If, not later than 60 days 10 after the date on which a currency is identified 11 under section 206(b)(7), the government responsible 12 for such currency fails to enter into bilateral con-13 sultations with the United States in order to facili-14 tate the adoption of appropriate policies to eliminate 15 the fundamental misalignment, the following shall 16 apply until a notification described in paragraph (2) 17 is provided to Congress:

(A) The Overseas Private Investment Corporation shall not approve any new financing
(including insurance, reinsurance, or guarantee)
with respect to a project located within the territory governed by such government.

(B) The Secretary shall instruct the
United States Executive Director at each multilateral bank to oppose the approval of any new

financing (including loans, other credits, insur ance, reinsurance, or guarantee) to such gov ernment or for a project within the territory
 governed by such government.

5 (C) The United States shall request that 6 the International Monetary Fund engage in dis-7 cussions with such government, including 8 through special consultations, if appropriate, in 9 order to facilitate the adoption of appropriate 10 policies to eliminate the fundamental misalign-11 ment.

12 (2) NOTIFICATION.—The Secretary shall 13 promptly notify Congress when bilateral consulta-14 tions are initiated with a government pursuant to 15 this subsection, and shall cause such notice to be 16 published in the Federal Register.

17 (c) FAILURE TO ADOPT CHANGES.—

18 (1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 180 days 19 after the date on which a currency is identified 20 under section 206(b)(7), the Secretary shall deter-21 mine whether the government responsible for such 22 currency has failed to adopt appropriate policies to 23 eliminate the fundamental misalignment, and shall 24 promptly report such determination to Congress. If 25 the Secretary determines that the government re-

sponsible for such currency has failed to adopt ap propriate policies to eliminate the fundamental mis alignment, the following shall apply until a notifica tion described in paragraph (2) is provided to Con gress:

6 (A) The Overseas Private Investment Cor7 poration shall not approve any new financing
8 (including insurance, reinsurance, or guarantee)
9 with respect to a project located within the ter10 ritory governed by such government.

11 (B) The Secretary shall instruct the 12 United States Executive Director at each multi-13 lateral bank to oppose the approval of any new 14 financing (including loans, other credits, insur-15 ance, reinsurance, or guarantee) to such gov-16 ernment or for a project within the territory 17 governed by such government.

18 (C) The United States shall inform the 19 Managing Director of the International Mone-20 tary Fund of the failure of such government to 21 address a fundamental misalignment of its cur-22 rency that is causing a material adverse impact 23 on the economy of the United States, and shall 24 request that the Managing Director of the 25 International Monetary Fund consult with such

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government regarding the observance of the 1 2 government's obligations under Article IV of 3 the International Monetary Fund Articles of 4 Agreement, including through special consulta-5 tions, if necessary, and formally report the re-6 sults of such consultations to the Executive 7 Board of the International Monetary Fund 8 within 180 days of the date of such request. 9 (2)NOTIFICATION.—The Secretary shall 10 promptly notify Congress when such government 11 adopts appropriate policies to eliminate the funda-12 mental misalignment, and shall cause such notice to 13 be published in the Federal Register. 14 (3) WAIVER.—The President may waive any action provided for under this subsection if the Presi-15 16 dent determines that it is in the vital economic inter-17 est of the United States to do so. The President

21 Register.
22 SEC. 208. INTERNATIONAL FINANCIAL INSTITUTION GOV23 ERNANCE ARRANGEMENTS.

shall promptly notify Congress of such determination

(and the reasons for the determination) and shall

cause such notice to be published in the Federal

(a) INITIAL REVIEW.—Notwithstanding any otherprovision of law, before the United States approves a pro-

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1 posed change in the governance arrangement of any inter-2 national financial institution, as defined in section 3 1701(c)(2) of the International Financial Institutions Act 4 (22 U.S.C. 262r(c)(2)), the Secretary shall determine 5 whether any member of the international financial institution that would benefit from the proposed change, in the 6 7 form of increased voting shares or representation, has a 8 currency that is in fundamental misalignment, and if so, 9 whether the fundamental misalignment causes or contrib-10 utes to a material adverse impact on the economy of the United States. The determination shall be reported to 11 12 Congress.

(b) SUBSEQUENT ACTION.—The United States shall
oppose any proposed change in the governance arrangement of any international financial institution (as defined
in subsection (a)), if the Secretary renders an affirmative
determination pursuant to subsection (a).

18 (c) FURTHER ACTION.—The United States shall con-19 tinue to oppose any proposed change in the governance 20 arrangement of an international financial institution, pur-21 suant to subsection (b), until the Secretary determines 22 and reports to Congress that the currency of each member 23 of the international financial institution that would benefit 24 from the proposed change, in the form of increased voting

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shares or representation, is not in fundamental misalign ment.

3 SEC. 209. NONMARKET ECONOMY STATUS.

4 (a) IN GENERAL.—Paragraph (18)(B)(vi) of section 771 of the Tariff Act of 1930 (19 U.S.C. 1677(18)(B)(vi)) 5 is amended by inserting before the end period the fol-6 lowing: ", including whether the currency of the foreign 7 8 country has been identified pursuant to section 206(b)(7)9 of the International Monetary and Financial Policy Co-10 operation Act of 2006 in any written report required by 11 section 206(a) of such Act during the 24-month period immediately preceding the month during which the admin-12 13 istering authority seeks to revoke a determination that such foreign country is a nonmarket economy country". 14 15 (b) TERMINATION.—The amendment made by this

16 section shall be in effect during the 10-year period begin-17 ning on the date of the enactment of this Act.

18 SEC. 210. ADDITIONAL ASSISTANT SECRETARY.

19 (a) IN GENERAL.—

(1) ADDITIONAL ASSISTANT SECRETARY.—Section 5315 of title 5, United States Code, is amended
by striking "(8)" in the item relating to Assistant
Secretaries of the Treasury, and inserting "(9)".

24 (2) DUTIES AND RESPONSIBILITIES.—In desig25 nating the duties, responsibilities, and title of the

Assistant Secretary of the Treasury established pur suant to paragraph (1), the Secretary may redesig nate, in whole or in part, the duties, responsibilities,
 and title of any position of Assistant Secretary of
 the Treasury in existence on the day before the date
 of the enactment of this Act.

7 (b) CONTINUATION IN OFFICE.—The individual serv-8 ing as Assistant Secretary for International Affairs in the 9 Office of International Affairs of the Department of the 10 Treasury on the day before the date of the enactment of this Act may serve in any position designated or redesig-11 12 nated pursuant to subsection (a) until the date a person 13 nominated to such position by the President is confirmed by the United States Senate. 14

15 TITLE III—AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS

17SEC. 301. OFFICE OF THE UNITED STATES TRADE REP-18RESENTATIVE.

Section 141(g)(1)(A) of the Trade Act of 1974 (19
U.S.C. 2171(g)(1)(A)) is amended by striking clauses (i)
and (ii) and inserting the following:

- 22 "(i) \$47,800,000 for fiscal year 2007.
- 23 "(ii) \$49,700,000 for fiscal year 2008.".