- 1 CONTINUATION OF THE OPEN EXECUTIVE SESSION TO CONSIDER A
- 2 CHAIRMAN'S MARK ENTITLED THE "PRESERVING AMERICA'S

3 TRANSIT AND HIGHWAYS ACT OF 2014"

4 THURSDAY, JULY 10, 2014

- 5 U.S. Senate,
- 6 Committee on Finance,

7 Washington, DC.

8 The hearing was reconvened, pursuant to notice, at 9 2:35 p.m., in room 215, Dirksen Senate Office Building, 10 Hon. Ron Wyden (chairman of the committee) presiding. 11 Present: Senators Schumer, Stabenow, Cantwell, 12 Menendez, Carper, Cardin, Brown, Bennet, Casey, Warner, 13 Hatch, Grassley, Crapo, Enzi, Thune, Isakson, Portman, 14 and Toomey.

15 Also present: Democratic Staff: Ryan Abraham, 16 Senior Tax and Energy Counsel; Michael Evans, General 17 Counsel; Kara Getz, Senior Tax Counsel; Jocelyn Moore, Deputy Staff Director; and Joshua Sheinkman, Staff 18 19 Director. Republican Staff: Chris Campbell, Staff 20 Director; Jim Lyons, Tax Counsel; Mark Prater, Deputy 21 Staff Director and Chief Tax Counsel; and Nicholas Wyatt, 22 Tax and Nominations Professional Staff Member. Non-23 Designated Staff: Josh LeVasseur, Chief Clerk and 24 Historian; and Jewel Harper, Deputy Clerk.

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OPENING STATEMENT OF HON. RON WYDEN, A U.S. SENATOR FROM
 OREGON, CHAIRMAN, COMMITTEE ON FINANCE

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4 The Chairman. The Finance Committee will come to 5 order.

Today the Committee is resuming its executive
session to consider the "Preserving America's Transit and
Highways Act of 2014," what is known as the PATH Act.

9 I am going to give a brief opening statement and 10 then I will recognize Senator Hatch.

11 Colleagues, with the Highway Trust Fund getting 12 closer to running on fumes, Congress must get beyond the 13 gridlock where each faction says "It's my way or no 14 highway."

15 Getting beyond this corrosive gridlock is what 16 Senator Hatch and I have sought to do on a bipartisan 17 basis in this mark.

I just want to express publicly my appreciation to Senator Hatch. He has been so patient and so flexible throughout.

21 Senator Hatch, I am very grateful for our 22 partnership.

23 Senator Hatch. I would rather you had not said 24 that.

25 [Laughter.]

1 The Chairman. The bipartisan mark has important 2 priorities for both sides. For example, it includes tax 3 loophole closing to crack down on those who do not pay 4 what they owe, and it includes squeezing more value out 5 of current government spending while setting aside funds 6 to protect endangered pensions and the needs of our 7 workers in a tough global economy.

8 Most importantly, Senator Hatch and I erect a 9 bipartisan bridge to what is needed most -- a long-term 10 bill that rebuilds America's broken infrastructure, which 11 needs \$3.6 trillion of repairs.

12 Each of us knows the consequences of failing to act 13 on both our short-term and long-term transportation 14 Short-term, hundreds of thousands of workers in needs. 15 America could lose their jobs, jobs that pay good wages, 16 a living wage you can support a family on. Long-term, a 17 little league infrastructure harms our ability to compete 18 with big league competition from nations like India and China. 19

In the other body, the House Ways and Means Committee this morning chose to advance a partisan bill. Senator Hatch and I would like the Senate to choose an alternative path, a bipartisan path.

Let me recognize Senator Hatch at this time.

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OPENING STATEMENT OF HON. ORRIN G. HATCH, A U.S. SENATOR
 FROM UTAH

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Senator Hatch. Thank you, Mr. Chairman, for your
cooperation on this matter.

As I have said many times, I am not a fan of pension smoothing, but in the context of this bipartisan highway mark, which is of critical importance to the country, I have given my agreement. And I will further pledge to work with you, Mr. Chairman, and others on the Committee to deal with these other important issues before the end of the year.

I am talking about issues like the multi-employer plans, the abandoned mine land or AML fund, secure rural schools or SRS, and payment in lieu of taxes, generally referred to as PILT, which is extremely important to the Intermountain West.

18 It is, of course, not possible to know with 19 certainty today how these issues will be paid for, but I 20 will do all that I can to get to a resolution that is 21 satisfactory to everyone.

22 The Chairman. Why don't you continue your opening 23 statement, Senator Hatch?

Senator Hatch. Thank you once again, Mr. Chairman.I want to commend you for your willingness to reach

1 across the aisle on this important issue or series of 2 issues.

The Finance Committee has a tradition of working through funding for the Highway Trust Fund in a cooperative, bipartisan fashion and I am glad we are able to continue that tradition with today's markup.

We have already gone through the contours of the Chairman's mark, so I will not spend anymore time detailing the agreement. Instead I want to say a few words about what we have been able to accomplish here.

11 It is important that we act on this and it is 12 important that we act quickly so that States can continue 13 to plan their highway projects without unnecessary 14 interruptions or delays.

We all know the timeline and as I said 2 weeks ago when we first convened this markup, it is important that the Committee act to get something done on this, but it is even more important that we get it done right.

While I will not say that I have gotten everything I wanted out of this deal, I think we have reached an agreement that can work for both Republicans and Democrats, which, given the state of the Senate these days, is quite an accomplishment.

This is, as we all know, just the first step in a process that will hopefully yield a legislative product

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1 that can pass through both the House and the Senate and 2 be signed by the President.

3 As we all know, the House Ways and Means Committee marked up their version of the highway bill earlier 4 5 today. I do have to say that I am disappointed that we were not able to come to an agreement with Ways and Means 6 7 Chairman Dave Camp. I think having a bicameral agreement 8 at the outset would have helped speed this process along. 9 But I also have tremendous respect for Congressman Camp 10 and the difficulties that he has in putting out his bill.

Still looking at their proposal and this one we are 11 12 marking up today, it does not look like we are all that 13 far apart on the issues. I think Chairman Camp has put 14 together a good bill. It is not perfect, but it is good. 15 I think we have done the same and I am confident that we 16 will be able to find a path forward and get a bill across 17 the finish line in time to prevent any undue problems or 18 delays for our States.

Now, Mr. Chairman, I am particularly glad that you have gotten assurances from the Senate Majority Leader that the package we report today will not be altered before it is brought to the floor. That assurance will help protect the product and should bode well for this and any future efforts we undertake here in the Finance Committee.

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1 Once again, I am grateful that the Committee has 2 found a way to cooperate in a bipartisan fashion. And as 3 I have said numerous times, I think the Finance Committee 4 can and should serve as an example for the rest of the 5 Senate as to how both parties can work together and get 6 things done for our constituents.

So I want to thank you once again, Mr. Chairman, foryour work on this project.

9 The Chairman. Thank you very much, Senator Hatch,10 for all your cooperation.

11 Colleagues, when the Committee previously convened 12 to consider the PATH Act on June 24, Senators were given 13 the opportunity to make their opening statements.

Are there any Senators wishing to make additional statements? If so, I ask Senators to keep their statements to no more than 5 minutes.

[No Response.]

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18 The Chairman. All right. The Committee has before 19 it the Chairman's mark on the Preserving America's 20 Transit and Highways Act of 2014, as modified by the 21 Chairman's modification that was incorporated at our 22 initial session.

I have a further modification, called the Chairman's second modification.

The mark is so further modified and the Chairman's

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second modification is deemed incorporated into the Chairman's modified mark.

3 Tom Barthold is here -- we appreciate his 4 professionalism, of course -- from the Joint Committee on 5 Taxation, and Mr. Barthold will describe the second 6 modification.

7 Mr. Barthold. Thank you, Chairman Wyden. Thank8 you, Senator Hatch.

9 I would first like to call to all the members' 10 attention an error in the description of the Chairman's 11 second modification. This occurs on page 12 of JCX-83-12 14, which describes the second modification.

On page 12, item C, the merchandised processing fee, the description of the proposal says that the proposal would extend that fee until January 7, 2024. That is a typographical error. It should say that it extends that fee through September 30th of 2024.

I note that that typographical error has no effect on the revenues that are reported to you on tables JCX-84-14, which shows the revenue effects, and JCX-85-14, which shows the trust fund effects.

With that correction before you, just very briefly,
I will highlight the items in the Chairman's second
modification.

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As was noted, there are revisions to the percentage

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ranges for the applicable rates used in determining
 normal cost and funding targets for gualified plans.

3 I just noted that there are provisions that extend4 customs and merchandise handling fees.

5 In addition, the second modification would provide 6 for two compliance measures -- continuous levy on 7 Medicare providers and a due diligence requirement on tax 8 preparers with respect to the child tax credit.

9 Lastly, there is an additional fuels modification 10 which would tax liquid propane on a Btu basis and there 11 is a provision which modifies the qualifying exempt 12 income standards for cooperative irrigation and mutual 13 ditch companies.

I would be happy to answer in more detail anyquestions that the members might have, Mr. Chairman.

16 The Chairman. Mr. Barthold, thank you. That is17 very helpful.

18 Ryan Abraham is here from my staff, and Nick Wyatt 19 is here from Senator Hatch's staff to answer questions 20 about the second modification.

21 We are also joined by the Deputy Treasury Secretary 22 for Tax Policy, Mr. Mark Mazur. Thank you for joining us 23 today, Mr. Mazur.

24 Do any Senators have any questions regarding the 25 second modification?

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1 [No Response.]

2 The Chairman. If not, I believe at this time we 3 are going to have a colloquy with Senator Brown. It is not a colloguy, Mr. Chairman. 4 Senator Brown. It is an amendment I would like to offer and withdraw. We 5 can call it a colloquy, and I can talk to myself. 6 7 [Laughter.] 8 Senator Brown. Or you can say glowing things about 9 my amendment, and then I will still withdraw it, but we know it has momentum. 10 Mr. Chairman, thank you. 11 12 I am offering Brown Amendment No. 1 to address the 13 problem of misclassification of workers. 14 Tens of thousands of employers, a minority to be 15 sure, but many employers misclassify their employees 16 against the choice of the employee, against the will of 17 the employee. 18 They cut corners to save costs by converting 19 employees -- what normally should be employees into 20 independent contractors. Workers are then denied the 21 vital safeguards that most workers would get. The 22 employers avoid paying payroll tax, offering health and 23 safety protections, avoid paying Social Security, 24 unemployment insurance benefits and worker's comp. 25 We are marking up a bill today to extend funding for

infrastructure. It makes sense to discuss workers'
 misclassification due to the rampant intentional tax
 fraud in the construction and transportation sectors.

Most notably, workers are being paid as 1099
contractors when the reality is that they are actually
employees that should be receiving W-2s.

7 This misclassification leaves workers without the 8 benefits and protections that other workers have, and it 9 is wrong. This is about a level playing field for those 10 workers and for the employers, most of whom are playing 11 it straight and doing it right.

12 The honest law-abiding employer cannot compete 13 against bidders that break the law by misclassifying as 14 independent contractors. It drives good employers out of 15 the market and leaves their employees without work.

My bill does a couple of things. The amendment allows Treasury to issue new guidelines clarifying who, in fact, is an employee. It allows the IRS to reclassify independent contractors who have been found in an audit to meet the common law test of being an employee.

Second, it allows employees to keep the current safe harbor unless their workers are reclassified.

I have carved out industries at the request of those industries, legitimately where historically workers have been independent contractors by choice -- insurance,

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financial services, accountants, doctors, other highly
 compensated professional services. These are industries
 where workers knowingly enter into an independent
 contracting relationship.

5 Cracking down on misclassification should be
6 bipartisan. It will raise \$5.7 billion over 10 years.

Last point. State legislatures in the Ranking
Member's State of Utah and Texas and Louisiana and
Oklahoma have taken similar strong action passed by
Republican legislatures to deal with this
misclassification issue. It is past time for Congress to
do the same.

13 Mr. Chairman, I withdraw the amendment.

14 The Chairman. Thank you, Senator Brown. And we 15 have clarified it is not a colloquy, it is an amendment. 16 The Senator has indicated he would withdraw it.

17 I think Senator Stabenow wants to be heard on this.18 Senator Stabenow. Thank you, Mr. Chairman.

I just want to thank Senator Brown for the
amendment. I think this is an incredibly important issue
and I hope that we are going to be able to address this.
If not today, we certainly need to address this soon.
The Chairman. Thank you, Senator Stabenow.
Senator Brown, first of all, let me say thank you
for filing this. The tax rules on worker classification

are in dire need of reform and I very much appreciate
 your leadership on the issue.

Today many workers are misclassified as independent contractors. That is not fair for workers who lose valuable rights and protections and it is not fair for the employers who play by the rules while their competitors play games.

8 Thank you for your efforts. I will continue to work 9 with you on this important matter.

10 The amendment is withdrawn.

11 The first amendment will be offered by the good 12 Senator from Delaware.

13 Senator Carper. Thank you, Mr. Chairman.

I would like to call up, if I could, Mr. Chairman,
Carper Amendment No. 1, and I do this on behalf of
Senator Cardin and myself.

I would like to replace the text with a modified amendment and this new amendment would effectively strike \$3 billion in offsets from the bill.

First, it would strike the provision that would require information returns on mortgage interest to contain additional information, including the outstanding balance of the mortgage, the address of the encumbered property, property assets, property taxes, if any, paid from escrow in the loan origination dues.

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Second, it would strike the provision permitting the
 IRS to impose a levy of up to 100 percent on tax
 delinquent Medicare service providers.

These provisions would reduce the total amount of the estimated revenue resulting from this legislation by just under \$3 billion, \$2.955 billion over the 10 years budget window.

8 If everyone is agreeable to this substitution, I 9 would like to talk a little bit about the amendment. 10 The Chairman. Without objection, so ordered. 11 Senator Carper. Thank you very much. 12 Colleagues, I come to this job, as many of you know, 13 as a recovering governor and I am still a recovering 14 governor. And as a recovering governor, I know how hard it is for state and local governments to prepare for, to 15 16 plan, to fund, to permit, to contract to build 17 transportation projects, roads, highways, bridges, 18 transit projects, you name it. It is just long, hard and difficult. 19

By providing uncertainty as to whether or not we are going to be there with Federal funds, we make the job at the state and local level just so much more difficult. The definition of insanity is to do the same thing

The definition of insanity is to do the same thing over and over again and expect a different outcome. Over the last 5 years, we have kicked the can down

the road on the Highway Trust Fund 11 times -- 11 times -- since 2009, and that uncertainty has kept states and cities from being able to plan and build large-scale transportation investments that have the biggest impact on our economy.

6 So there is no reason I think to feel that somehow 7 punting on this issue to the next Congress yet again will 8 magically yield a different result.

9 Kick a can down the road has not served us well on 10 our other responsibilities. I am just going to give a 11 couple of examples. We kicked the can down the road in 12 order to get a budget deal. And what did we get? We got 13 a sequester that no one liked, we got no big budget deal, 14 and eventually we got ourselves a government shutdown.

We kicked the can down the road on the Bush tax cuts. And what did we get? We got a deal that hurt our chances for long-term comprehensive tax reform.

We kicked the can down the road again on the debt ceiling. What did we get? We got awfully close to a national default. We rattled the financial markets and we stunted economic growth.

And why any of us think that if we kick the can into next year that the next Congress will be able to summon the courage necessary to write a long-term plan for our Nation's infrastructure is beyond me.

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1 If we extend transportation funding perhaps to the 2 end of this year, I guarantee you that next year we will 3 extend it again and then probably extend it yet again 4 when that expires.

5 It is this Congress responsibility to meet its 6 responsibilities to do that, not the next one.

I stand ready to work with anyone in this chamber
who wants to work to pass a long-term transportation plan
that our states, that our cities, our businesses are
asking for and one that they deserve.

That is why I am again offering this amendment. 11 Ιt 12 will strike a couple of our revenue-generating provisions 13 in this package; not because I disagree with these 14 provisions. I do not. IN fact, several of them came 15 from my own committee that I chair, because I know how 16 the Congress works and if we pass a funding measure that 17 takes us into next year, I have severe doubts about our 18 ability to get a long-term package done this year.

Let me just say this -- \$8 billion takes us to the en end of the year. We essentially run out of money to fund transportation projects at the end of the year; \$11 billion takes us to the end of next May,

I do not know about you. I remember things that myparents used to say to me as a kid growing up.

25

One of the things I will never forget my dad saying

over and over and over again is a job requires the time 1 2 that we allocate to do a job. And if we say we will do 3 it this year, if we cay that we are going to do the funding for this 6-year transportation plan that we need, 4 5 if we are able to do this year, we will do it this year. 6 And if we give ourselves until next May, we will take 7 that long. We will take that long. And my fear is when 8 we get to next May, we will do it again. It is just too 9 easy.

10 The last thing I am going to say. Put ourselves 11 here. It is Christmas, 5 days before Christmas. We have 12 not come up with the funding for a 6-year plan, and 13 people say, "Well, we don't really need to put something 14 together during this lame duck session. We have money to 15 cover us until the end of May. Why don't we just leave 16 and go home?"

17 And you know what? I am afraid that is what we are 18 going to do. I am afraid that is what we are going to 19 do.

This is our responsibility. We can fix it. We can put pressure on us to do the job that we need to do and we do that by setting this number, funding number, at \$8 billion, and I would ask you to join Senator Cardin and me in doing just that.

I thank you, Mr. Chairman.

25

1 The Chairman. Senator Carper, thank you. You have 2 extraordinary expertise on the transportation issue, 3 number one; and, number two, I know that all the concerns 4 that you have registered today are heartfelt.

5 Colleagues, I want it understood that Senator 6 Carper's position was my position at the beginning of the 7 transportation negotiations, but it was clear that it 8 would not be possible to research a bipartisan agreement 9 at less than \$10 billion.

10 So I cannot support this amendment in the spirit of 11 getting a bipartisan short-term transportation bill to 12 the floor.

I do want to state publicly that I am totally committed -- totally committed to working with Senator Carper and others of our colleagues are going to work with him and I to get a long-term funding bill done this year.

18 This is urgent, urgent business and I am committed 19 to working with my friend from Delaware.

20 Senator Hatch I think wanted to speak.

21 Senator Hatch. Well, Mr. Chairman, I appreciate 22 what Senator Carper is trying to do with this amendment. 23 He is trying to create a situation where we will be 24 obliged to put together a long-term solution for the 25 Highway Trust Fund before the end of the year. That does

1 not necessarily mean it will happen.

I think we all share the same goal here. We all want to get to a long-term solution and put an end to these short-term stopgap measures.

5 But I would like to point out that nothing in the Chairman's mark precludes us from reaching an agreement 6 7 on a long-term fix before the end of 2014. If we can 8 reach an agreement on that timetable, that would be 9 great. However, I just do not think it is a good idea to 10 put ourselves under an artificial deadline that is just a few months down the road and especially in a lame duck 11 12 session.

We need breathing room to ensure that the deal we eventually reach is the best one that we can come up with and I think the Chairman's mark as it is currently written provides that.

Therefore, while I understand where Senator Carper is coming from and I appreciate him personally very, very much, I have to oppose this amendment, and I hope others will, as well.

21 The Chairman. Senator Cardin?

22 Senator Cardin. Thank you, Mr. Chairman. And let 23 me thank both Senator Wyden and Senator Hatch for their 24 commitment to have our Committee work on a 6-year 25 reauthorization in this Congress.

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We have 6 months left of this Congress. There is a lot of time left and we need to start working immediately on a long-term reauthorization of the surface transportation.

As Senator Carper, former Governor Carper, pointed out, our States cannot operate under short-term extensions of the transportation programs. They cannot. The projects we are talking about are multiyear projects. They take a long time to get in place.

10 If we are talking about part of new transit system 11 or talking about a major highway or major bridge, you 12 cannot do that on a 6 months or 9 months or a 1-year 13 extension. You need to have the multiyear extension in 14 order to be able to plan for that.

15 So we need to pass a multiyear appropriation. The 16 good news is that this Committee is working in a 17 bipartisan manner. That is good news. Let us continue 18 that.

19 The good news is that one of the major -- the major 20 authorizing committee, the Environment and Public Works 21 Committee that several of us sit on passed a 6-year 22 reauthorization unanimously.

23 So I think the building blocks are there to get it 24 done and I think the amendment that Senator Carper has 25 offered is saying, look, let us make it clear, we are

1 going to get our job in this Congress.

I really do appreciate, though, the good spirit in which we are operating and would just urge us all to work together now to get a multi-payer bill done after this patch we hope will be enacted.

6 The Chairman. The Senator from Maryland, as usual, 7 makes some very important points reflecting how critical 8 this is for the economy and to make sure we are moving we 9 are not just kicking the can down the road, and I will 10 tell my colleague what has colored my judgment -- and I 11 watched the entire markup in the House this morning -- it 12 was completely partisan, straight party lines.

So this would give us a chance to move forward in a bipartisan fashion.

15 Is there any further debate on the Carper amendment? 16 [No Response.]

17 The Chairman. If there is no further debate, then 18 the question is on the Senator's amendment. Would the 19 Senator like recorded vote?

20 Senator Carper. I would ask for a recorded vote,21 Mr. Chairman.

22 The Chairman. The Clerk will call the roll.

23 The Clerk. Mr. Rockefeller?

24 The Chairman. No by proxy.

25 The Clerk. Mr. Schumer?

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1	Senator Schumer. Aye.
2	The Clerk. Ms. Stabenow?
3	Senator Stabenow. No.
4	The Clerk. Ms. Cantwell?
5	Senator Cantwell. Aye.
6	The Clerk. Mr. Nelson?
7	The Chairman. Aye by proxy.
8	The Clerk. Mr. Menendez?
9	Senator Menendez. Aye.
10	The Clerk. Mr. Carper?
11	Senator Carper. Aye.
12	The Clerk. Mr. Cardin?
13	Senator Cardin. Aye.
14	The Clerk. Mr. Brown?
15	Senator Brown. No.
16	The Clerk. Mr. Bennet?
17	Senator Bennet. No.
18	The Clerk. Mr. Casey?
19	Senator Casey. No.
20	The Clerk. Mr. Warner?
21	Senator Warner. Aye.
22	The Clerk. Mr. Hatch?
23	Senator Hatch. No.
24	The Clerk. Mr. Grassley?
25	Senator Grassley. No.

1	The Clerk. Mr. Crapo?
2	Senator Crapo. Aye.
3	The Clerk. Mr. Roberts?
4	Senator Hatch. No by proxy.
5	The Clerk. Mr. Enzi?
6	Senator Enzi. Aye.
7	The Clerk. Mr. Cornyn?
8	Senator Hatch. No by proxy.
9	The Clerk. Mr. Thune
10	Senator Thune. No.
11	The Clerk. Mr. Burr?
12	Senator Hatch. No by proxy.
13	The Clerk. Mr. Isakson?
14	Senator Isakson. No.
15	The Clerk. Mr. Portman?
16	Senator Portman. Pass.
17	The Clerk. Mr. Toomey?
18	Senator Toomey. No.
19	The Clerk. Mr. Chairman?
20	The Chairman. No.
21	How does the gentleman from Ohio want to be
22	recorded?
23	Senator Portman. Mr. Chairman, would you ask the
24	Clerk to give us a tally?
25	The Chairman. I think that is acceptable.

The Clerk. Mr. Chairman, the tally is currently 9
 ayes, 14 nays.

Senator Portman?

4 Senator Portman. Senator Portman is an aye.
5 The Chairman. The Clerk will announce the final
6 tally on the Carper amendment.

The Chairman.

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7 The Clerk. Mr. Chairman, the final tally is 10 8 ayes, 14 nays.

9 The Chairman. The amendment has failed.

10 Senator Hatch, I believe you have an amendment? 11 Senator Hatch. I would like to call up Hatch 12 Amendment No. 3, which would rescind so-called orphan 13 earmarks, which are earmarks for which more than 90 14 percent of the total amount appropriated remains 15 available more than 10 years after the earmark had been 16 enacted into law.

17 I would like to modify my amendment to conform with 18 Wyden Amendment No. 1 and further to modify the amendment such that rescission of the earmarked funds will not 19 20 apply if a recipient of funding impacted by this 21 amendment sends a letter to the Secretary of 22 Transportation before the end of the current fiscal year 23 affirming that the project remains a priority and that 24 the recipient still intends to spend the authorized funds 25 on the project.

Further, I would modify the amendment to add language suggested by our friends at the Budget Committee to prevent any savings generated by the highway bill from being added to the PAYGO scorecards. It has been used in many bills, including in the last highway bill.

6 Mr. Chairman, I appreciate that your amendment shows 7 that the Committee is willing to examine spending options 8 and look for ways to promote efficiencies in

9 infrastructure spending.

10

That is all I have to say.

11 The Chairman. Senator Hatch, thank you. I also 12 want to exceptionally thank Senator Schumer. He and I 13 were on the phone together until very, very late in the 14 evening and I want to thank him for his efforts to try to 15 address this in a bipartisan fashion.

16 All in favor of the Hatch amendment signify by 17 saying aye.

18 [A chorus of ayes.]

19 The Chairman. Any opposed?

20 [No Response.]

21 The Chairman. The amendment has passed.

22 Are there further amendments?

23 The Senator from Ohio?

24 Senator Portman. Mr. Chairman, I would like to 25 offer an amendment. It is Amendment No. 3, the state

1 opt-out.

9

I may not yet offer this amendment, Mr. Chairman.You look nervous.

4 The Chairman. I think it would be very good if the 5 Senator from Ohio talked about his amendment and withdrew 6 it.

7 Senator Portman. And that is my plan, Mr.8 Chairman.

The Chairman. You have made my day.

10 The Senator from Ohio.

11 Senator Portman. Look, we just had a good 12 discussion over long-term versus short-term funding, and 13 I would have to associate myself with the comments of 14 some of my colleagues who said we need a long-term 15 solution. I know Senator Hatch and you agree with that 16 and I commend you for trying to move the process forward 17 in a bipartisan way.

But I will say this is very hard for a lot of us to kick the can down the road, particularly with PAYFORs that have nothing to do with high funding and that should be used for deficit reduction or other purposes.

22 So I would just like to, again, make the point I 23 have made previously in this Committee, which is I think 24 part of a long-term approach that could be done, as my 25 colleagues have aid, before the end of this year, would

be for us to cut Washington out as the expensive middleman.

I know a lot of you have concerns about this. Let me just say that you might be surprised to learn -- I certainly was as we did more research -- that the States, through local and state funding, currently provide for almost three-quarters of all funding of roads and bridges in this country, not the Federal Government.

9 Our States all have sophisticated ways to prioritize 10 that funding. We know that there will be substantial 11 savings if it goes to the States rather than coming to 12 Washington first.

13 Washington is an expensive middleman for a number of 14 reasons. One is the administrative costs. A lot of it 15 is, though, the regulations that go back with it and the 16 requirements for funding things that really have nothing 17 to do with what the gas tax ought to be for.

In other words, it does not have to do with roads and bridges. And I am not saying that some of those purposes are not very valid. They are. But given the problems with our trust fund and given the concern people have over raising the gas tax, which is legitimate given the impact it will have particularly on low and moderate income families.

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We ought to look at allowing the States to keep that

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gas tax money and to spend it as they would.

2 There are a number of counties in Oho that have 3 given me examples of this. I sent a questionnaire out 4 and got back some interesting examples.

5 One is a river that runs through southern Ohio, two 6 bridges both built within about a year's time, identical 7 bridges or practically identical, one built with State 8 funds, one built with Federal funds.

9 The one with State funds, the county engineer tells 10 me costs about 20- percent less and some of that is 11 because of some of the federal requirements coming back 12 with it and the way in which those requirements are 13 relatively inefficient, whether it is an archeological 14 study or whether it is preliminary engineering studies or 15 the way the way the environmental impact study worked.

Some people have talked about Davis Bacon as an issue. Well, let us let the States decide that. In Ohio, we do have a prevailing waste law, some States do not.

20 So this is an opportunity for us, Mr. Chairman, I 21 believe at a time when the Treasury has bailed out the 22 Highway Trust Fund to the tune of over \$54 billion since 23 2008. For us to allow the States to have more freedom to 24 be able to spend their gas tax money as they choose, it 25 will be more efficient.

We can cut out the middleman, we can save money, we can avoid having to raise these gas taxes. All the States will be making that decision and the States are pretty darn good at prioritizing where this funding goes.

5 I know, again, that this has been a hard-fought 6 process to get to a bipartisan solution today, and again 7 I commend my colleagues, particularly the Chair and 8 Ranking Member, for doing that

9 But I do hope we will follow what has been suggested 10 earlier today, which is provide some predictability, to 11 provide some certainty. And one way to do it, I will 12 tell you, to allow these States to be able to opt out and 13 to be able to spend that money more efficiently for the 14 purposes that the Trust Fund ought to be used for.

With that understanding, Mr. Chairman, I would also say that the requirement would still be maintained with the States to protect our national highway system just as we require States right now to maintain their interstate high way system, they would be required to do so under this amendment. So it would not affect the interstate highway system.

22 With that, I will withdraw the amendment with the 23 hopes that we can, before the end of this year, come up 24 with a long-term solution to the trust fund problem we 25 face.

The Chairman. Senator Portman, thank you very much. I appreciate your withdrawing the amendment.

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Obviously, with the urgency of the Highway Trust Fund running out of money, this cannot be considered at this point. But I want you to know that for the long term, we are going to look at ways to strengthen the Federal-State partnership.

8 But turning the entire highway system over to the 9 States certainly has enormous implications. I appreciate 10 your withdrawing it.

11 Now, we have a colloquy that involves Senator Hatch 12 and Senator Rockefeller and myself.

Senator Rockefeller is not here. So Senator Hatch and I will address these matters. They involve pensions and the agreement that Senator Hatch and I have entered into includes \$2.7 billion in revenue from so-called pension smoothing.

18 That reduces companies' short-term pension
19 obligations, thereby also reducing their tax deductions
20 and raising revenue.

We understand that some Committee members have concerns about further pension smoothing because going too far could jeopardize the long-term solvency of the pension system. Suffice it to say there are a number of Senators who have these concerns.

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As I have indicated, the agreement raises \$2.7 billion from pension smoothing. My understanding is that our staffs have identified additional revenue that can be raised by going further.

5 It is my strong view that the pension-smoothing 6 revenue foregone under the Wyden-Hatch agreement should 7 be used to address the United Mine Workers of America 8 Retiree Health and Pension problems by the end of the 9 year.

Our colleague, Senator Rockefeller, has worked tirelessly on this for years to address the retirement and health needs of retired coalminers and their families. Those coalminers are putting their families at risk each day and the least the Finance Committee can do is ensure these workers and their families receive the pension and health care benefits they have been promised.

To protect the benefits of retired coalminers and their families, I intend to do everything within my power as Chairman of the Committee to use the additional pension-smoothing revenue to provide the necessary offset so as to be able to solve the United Mine Workers Retiree Health and Pension problems by the end of this year.

I understand that Senator Hatch is prepared to workwith me and Senator Rockefeller on this.

25 I now recognize Senator Hatch to provide his

1 perspective.

Senator Hatch. I again thank the Chairman for his
 cooperation in this matter.

As I stated in my opening remarks, I will do all I can to get to a satisfactory resolution on this matter involving multi-employer plans, the AML fund, secure rural schools, and, of course, payment in lieu of taxes, or PILT.

9 So I will do everything in my power to try and see10 that we resolve this.

11 The Chairman. Thank you very much, Senator Hatch, 12 especially for mentioning secure rural schools, a program 13 I authored, and PILT, these other important issues that 14 we are going to work on together in a bipartisan fashion.

I look forward to working with you, Senator Hatch, to determine and adopt options that fully and permanently fund both of these funds which are so important to our States.

We are going to enter Senator Rockefeller'sstatement into the record at this time.

21 Senator Enzi. Mr. Chairman?

22The Chairman.Colleagues, if there are no23further -- yes, the Senator from Wyoming?

24 Senator Enzi. I just want to appreciate the 25 remarks by Ranking Member Hatch regarding abandoned mine

land. I hope that does not get lost in the whole melee.
 That was a trust fund that people were taxed for for a
 specific purpose and then it got diverted.

4 So I had two amendments in there, either of which 5 would take care of that, but I chose not to offer them at 6 this time, assuming that perhaps they could be solved at 7 the same time as Senator Rockefeller's problem.

8 The Chairman. I would be very willing to work with 9 the Senator from Wyoming on this. I remember this 10 matter, as you know, not just from Finance Committee, but 11 when I chaired the Energy Committee, as well. So you 12 have my pledge to work closely with you.

13 If there are no further --

Senator Hatch. Mr. Chairman, you will be working
with me, too, because that has got to be resolved.

16 The Chairman. Nothing better.

17 Senator Hatch. That is terrible.

18 Senator Casey. Mr. Chairman?

19 The Chairman. Senator Casey?

20 Senator Casey. One commercial about the Inland 21 Waterways Trust Fund. Great support, bipartisan support, 22 250 organizations, 300 users support the increase in the 23 fee. We will not be offering it today, but we will get 24 back to it.

25 Thank you.

1 The Chairman. Senator Casey, thank you. You have 2 talked to me on a number of occasions about this and it 3 is particularly attractive as an infrastructure model 4 because, in effect, those who are going to participate 5 are going to pay for the program. So I will work closely 6 with you on that.

I there are no further amendments, I would entertain
a motion that the Committee report the Chairman's mark as
modified and amended as an original bill, Preserving
America's Transit and Highways Act of 2014.

11 Senator Hatch. I so move.

12 The Chairman. All those in favor will say aye.13 [A chorus of ayes.]

14 The Chairman. All those opposed will say no.15 [A chorus of nays.]

16 The Chairman. The ayes have it, and the bill is 17 ordered reported.

I would like it noted that Senator Carper voted no.
I would ask unanimous consent that the staff have
the authority to make changes to bills that we have voted
to report today for technical conforming and budgetary
reasons.

23 Without objection, consent is granted.

The Committee is adjourned. And I thank SenatorHatch and all the Senators for their immense cooperation,

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1	and I thank the staff for their hard work.
2	The Finance Committee is adjourned.
3	[Whereupon, at 3:12 p.m., the meeting was
4	concluded.]
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