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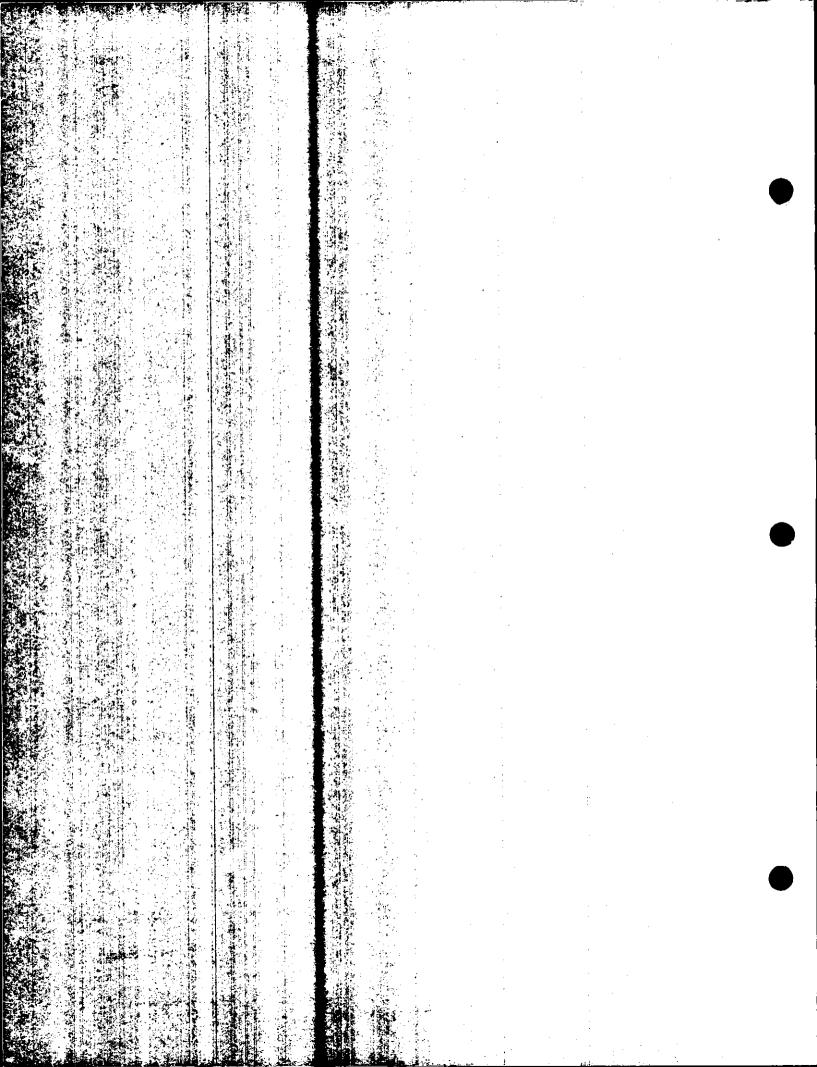
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TUESDAY, DECEMBER 21, 1982

United States Senate,

Committee on Finance,

Washington, D. C.

The Committee met, pursuant to call, at 10:32 a.m., in Room S. 207, Capitol Building, Hon. Robert J. Dole, Chairman, presiding.

Present: Senators Dole, Packwood, Roth, Chafee, Durenberger, Symms, Long, Baucus, and Bradley.

The Chairman. Now we will have a quorum here in a few minutes. I think there are now 7 or 8 -- 2 or 3 on the way. We need to report the CBI this morning and then we will go into conference on the tax portion of the Highway Bill.

I think Senator Baucus is around and Senator Chafee is around. That will be what, 7?

Mr. Lighthizer. That is right.

The Chairman. Now, 7 will be enough to take care of amendments and I have a couple of amendments that I will

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MILLER REPORTING CO., INC. 320 Massachusetts Avenue, N.E. Washington, D.C. 20002 (202) 546-6666 propose and I wonder if we might have a brief explanation of those, the unemployment compensation amendments which I intend to add to this bill and also the artist equity amendment.

Mr. DeArment. The unemployment compensation amendment is a one-month extension of the Federal supplemental compensation program that we included in the Tax Equity and Fiscal Responsibility Act.

It provides additional weeks of unemployment beyond extended benefits for workers who have exhausted their regular extended benefits and their regular benefits. This would extend it one month from its -- it is due to expire April 1 and it would extend it through April 30.

The amendment will become effective only if prior to April 1 there has been enacted into law an increase in the tax on gasoline, effective on or prior to April 1, 1983.

The amendment would cost \$400 million.

The Chairman. This would be an additional one month of benefits added to those that are contained in the Highway Bill, is that correct?

Mr. DeArment. That is correct.

The Chairman. The cost would be \$400 million.

Mr. DeArment. That is correct.

The Chairman. Any discussion of that amendment?

We cannot adopt it until we have one more. I know Senator Long is on his way and Senator Baucus is around.

And the other amendment?

Mr. DeArment.

H.R. 1524, with one modification; that modification would set a maximum dollar limitation on the amount of deductions that an artist could take and the limitation is 50 percent of the adjusted gross income. So that one looks to the artist, adjusted gross income from art work, and he can deduct no more than 50 percent of that.

Senator Long. Are we trying to pass that thing still?

Act amendment that the Finance Committee reported out on

The second amendment is the Artist Equity

(Laughter.)

That turkey?

Senator Long. I would not eat that on Christmas Day.

Do you want to put that on CBI?

The Chairman. This is the Baucus amendment. He is one of the strong CBI proponents.

T want to explain this that Senator Long is here now, maybe the first amendment that we discussed and I want to say in advance the President is really—feels very strongly about CBI. He has called me again this morning and indicated he really did not understand the opposition to this bill. He, of course, wants it not only reported out of this Committee but passed on the Senate floor and he is willing to indicate his strong commitment to add another month of unemployment benefits. It has just been explained by Ronnie DeArment that

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\_  it cost about \$400 million, so it is my hope that we can properly report this bill to the Senate floor and then I will discuss with Senator Baker whether or not we can get it up to date. That may be a problem but it is a matter of highest priority with the Administration, with the President. I know that there are those who have good reasons to oppose the legislation but it is my hope that we can at least get it reported out of the Senate and see if we can get it scheduled.

Senator Long. Mr. Chairman, one thing that gives me cause for concern about this matter is this bums' rush approach to this thing. I am concerned. I was not able to attend the hearing on this. But the hearing was scheduled and it was called off and it was rescheduled and it was held in short order with only a few people there. I do not think most people in this country know any more about it than I do. And the attitude that we have to pass this in this last day with the first chance we have to report it out of the Committee and pass it out the same day. That makes me think that there has got to be something the matter with it.

I do not know why this thing cannot take 6 weeks, but frankly, somehow or another I would be willing to go down to the Caribbean at my expense, at my expense, to see what difference this thing might make and probably go there anyway.

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I have got my doubts that we need to subsidize conventions down to the Caribbean. I have gone down there several times without being subsdized, without Government expense and I do not know why we cannot look at this thing, think about this thing over the recess. Apparently somebody from the Ways and Means Committee went down there, they rolled out the red carpet and by the time they came back they were all for it. I am not asking for the red carpet treatment or anything like that, I just think that those who have their doubts about it ought to be able to think about it over this fantastic period between the two sessions, it is going to be at least a week between the two. By the time they come back we might be in a position to make a better contribution. Maybe make some suggestions that might be worth considering but we cannot make much in the way of suggestions other than the same warmed over suggestions that we have been talking about on the Senate floor with regard to other legislation. That is not what we are talking about here. I just think it can do nothing but good, take enough time to think about the thing a little bit and I cannot see where a week is going to make that much difference.

Frankly, the change that they made in the House bill to take out the subsidy, that is the investment tax credit which would help one to build a manufacturing plant and instead to subsidize tourism, to help take tourist trades

MILLER REPORTING CO., INC. 320 Massachusetts Avenue, N.E. Washington, D.C. 20002 (202) 546-6666 from the Southern States and put that in the Caribbean.

Now, that is not where the people need the subsidy. They
have plenty of jobs as waiters and bellhops and butlers and
things like that during the height of the tourist season.

When those people need the jobs is during the other nine
months or the other ten months of the year when they do not
have all of this flood of tourists down there. They need
something to provide honest employment during that time.

So just the very thing in the bill that they are precluded from doing are the very things that you ought to be doing if you want to help those people earn a living. What are they supposed to do during the other ten months, just sit under a fig tree and think about matters until the weather gets cold up in the United States again?

So the House amendment was made a worse bill and not a better bill. If we are going to subsidize, we ought to subsidize in some area where it will be in relation to work during the ten months when they do not have everybody in position to work. It is just a lousy bill. And the changes have made it worse.

Now, if we take enough time to think about this matter we might be able to make a little sacrifice in this country to help provide some jobs down there where they ought to have it. For example, we ought to be providing jobs to compete with the product that we would be bringing in from the Far

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MILLER REPORTING CO., INC. 320 Massachusetts Avenue, N.E. Washington, D.C. 20002 (202) 546-6666 East, Singapore, Sri Lanka and Taiwan, places like that.

That would be a logical thing rather than subsidizing the area where we are going to provide them opportunities to hire more bellboys and more waiters and more maids during the off tourist season.

The Chairman. You know there may be -- I do not quarrel with the Senator's opposition. I had a call yesterday from the Prime Minister who feels that this is highly important, maybe it is more than symbolic. He was pleading with me to pass it. I said I am willing to pass it but I cannot pass it at this late stage without unanimous consent.

Senator Long. In the House of Representatives it was:

for, Democrats, 98; against, 126. Now, I am loyal opposition.

I suppose I can be roped if you people want to get out therebut let me tell you it is tough to do, as a rule, if somebody thinks it is a lousy bill, with just one day to go, the
last day of the session. I would think that what we ought
to do is to say well, let us come back in here and make it
a high-priority item. The House is going to try with
Social Security. It is all right with me if we start out
with this. If the House passed it, all right, make it a
high-priority item and by that time I think we would have
a chance to think about it some, we would know what-- why
not have a real hearing where everybody can be there and
have a chance to say something?

Now, I do not believe that anybody testified for the American hotel industry. How these people are going to lose all this convention business feel about us subsidizing convention business in the Caribbean? Do they think it is a great idea? I would be curious to know what they think about it. There are some people who have some nice hotels in Louisiana, there are some people from Florida more so, Hawaii is concerned about it.

Now, that was very generous of the Puerto Rican Government to say if you give us a subsidy in one area we will be glad to let you subsidize the guy in the other area. How about the guy who is getting the worst of it, the people in the hotel industry down there, in the tourism quarter of Puerto Rico? Are they in favor of that deal?

So the whole thing to me just says that it would be wise to take enough time to look at it and I am for doing something to help those people down there, Mr. Chairman and members of the Committee. But anytime I am confronted with something that looks like a bums' rush approach to legislation, I am not convinced, I tend to get up and say O.K., go to it, but it is not going to be as easy as you might have thought.

The Chairman. Well, we are fully aware of that. My responsibility right now is to try to get it to the Senate floor. What happens beyond that is, as the Senator knows, may not be possible. But --

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Senator Long. Basically I thought, Mr. Chairman, that we were acting under a unanimous-consent arrangement that we Democrats would stay around here to help pass that gas tax. But I thought, not only on the floor, but I thought with my Democratic colleagues and sometimes inside those caucuses it got pretty hot, pretty uncomfortable taking that position. And to say that we owed it to the responsible leadership on the Republican side of the aisle to stick around here and help them pass that bill, and we did. But I also said that we ought to say to the Republican leadership:

Now, when we passed this continuing resolution and we passed that tax bill, that should be the end of it. We should not be asked to take up other things that would have controversy to them.

I do not call this a noncontroversial bill when the majority of the Democrats voted against it in the House.

After all, it still may be by the Ways and Means Committee and those are very good leaders on that Committee. They have a very effective Chairman over there and he has good ranking Members there and good Members here, Mr. Chairman.

Senator Baucus. Mr. Chairman, I have to leave in one minute. I just want reaffirm what Senator Long said. For all the same reasons, it is so light and frankly I listened to this Administration, Ambassador Brock talk about employment figures. I have got some strong feelings of very loose

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numbers. I mean they were not nailed down at all.

This bill is more a hope than an actual job in terms for Americans. Beyond that, I understand the House is going to go out shortly after noon, depending on whether the Highway conference gets anywhere. I also heard the Committee offering an additional month and I do not think the Highway bill is going to pass in this Congress, even if it is not depending upon that, that means perhaps taking it off the other bill, the conference. I do not know what is going on here.

Now, the main point is, Senator Long's point has not been closely examined in the CBI and the Senate. We do not have much time left. And with the addition, firm understanding that we are going to pass the Highway Tax bill and that is it --

Senator Long. We have not even had a hearing on the bill, if I am correct.

Let me ask you about the hearing. I was not asked--I could not be there. But talk about that hearing if you would, Mr. Lang, you are familiar in that area.

Mr. Lang. The hearing was held on Monday, August 2.

The American hotel industry was not there, probably because the convention tax provision was not in the Administration bill. That would be a tax credit in that bill. So the Administration was represented, the AFL-CIO was represented,

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the Government of Puerto Rico had a witness there and there I think about 5 Senators at the hearing there.

Senator Long. All right.

Now, was there anybody that represented--no one represented the Hotel Association; right?

Mr. Lang. No, sir.

Senator Long. And nobody represented—did anybody represent the union, the workers in the hotels, the jobs that have to do with the—providing services inside the hotels?

The waiters and the service people generally?

Mr. Lang. Only to the extent that they would be recommended by the AFL-CIO which testified in opposition.

Senator Long. But nobody to speak for that specific union?

Mr. Lang. No, sir.

Senator Long. Basically the people that would come from the AFL would testify on the investment tax credit with regard to manufacturing. That is where the concern would be when we know those people think about taking a position, not those who represent the people who would do all the work in the hotel, service clerks.

Mr. Chapoton. Senator, when we presented the bill, as you pointed out, we presented it with the tax credit. This tax provision is a very watered down, very watered down tax provision as compared to the tax bill. We would have preferred

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but for a problem that I think the AFL-CIO observed, exporting jobs, giving incentive for foreign investment abroad.

This was an add-on in the Ways and Means Committee which does much, much less.

Senator Long. Well, the way it looks to most Democrats, this whole session has been a politically motivated activity trying to put Democrats on the spot, trying to make it look like the Congress would not do its job, Democrats in particular, you just put the continuing resolution over to the next year, you would not have to hold a session at all. It is somewhat like the August session. They had Prayer in School, various other issues to try to put Democrats on the Public relations outfit, purely politically motivated, that is how most Democrats look at it. I am not asking the Republicans to agree with it. Then to bring it back, to have a short continuing resolution to bring it back here to pretend that we do not do our work, not us, but the House, because the Senate is Republican-controlled anyhow, and then to come back in here and then at the last day of this one, when everybody knows that it gets any opposition, it cannot be passed, to try to bring something in here that has not actually been considered and to ram it through and to force the Democrats to vote for it, and then you say, oh, the Democrats would not support the President's Caribbean Basin initiative. That is unworthy politics and

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should not be the business of this Committee.

now.

I think it is stirring up hackles on a partisan basis and it is going to stir resentment and none of that makes for the kind of cooperation we are going to need in the next Congress, to try to do the various things that are very important to this country.

Now, in due course when the matter has been properly

considered I would expect to help pass something that would

be fair, after we have focused on it and had a chance to make

our suggestions and basically we think that the Committee is

acting responsibly, which I do not think it is doing that

The Chairman. I would just say I am certain Senator Long understands better than any of us when the President asks the Committee Chairmen to do something I assume the Chairmen generally try to do it.

Senator Long. Well, it is all right for me to vote on the bill providing we have an understanding. If there is objection to calling this bill up, it is not going to be called up.

The Chairman. I think that is a given.

Senator Long. If that is understood, it is all right with me.

The Chairman. I would hope that--my responsibility as the Committee Chairman is to get it out of the Committe, just

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as yours was and maybe again, but hopefully not soon.

Senator Long. Well, as a Member of this Committee I understand if there is objection to the bill being brought up that the bill would not be brought before the Senate.

If you move to bring it up and there is objection to it--

The Chairman. I have told the President--

Senator Long. We are proceeding anyway--

The Chairman. I told the President this morning that, you know, there was a lot of opposition, we were probably in the last day of the session and unless there was unanimity the bill was going nowhere. And I can understand his view. He said: Well, I still think there is some hope.

Maybe he thinks something is going to happen between now and 4:00 o'clock or 2:30 or 3:00 o'clock where everybody is going to back off on their opposition.

Now, I asked that they talk with Lane Kirkland and others who were quite opposed to the bill.

Senator Long. But if we on this side of the aisle react the way they think--here is a bill, the majority of Democrats in the House voted against it. If we react the way the majority of the Democrats in the House tend to react, the bill cannot pass.

Senator Bradley. Will the Senator yield?

There are already at least 12 to 15 Democrats who have holds on the bill on the floor. If we are bringing it up to

- get it out of the Committee, the bill's responsibility to the President, to show that the Finance Committee was not going to oppose the initiative, even if they disagree with us strongly, but at least move it out of the Committee so that there is a whole series of press releases that we moved the President's Caribbean Basin initiative.

Senator Long. I will make another proposition. I will vote to report the thing rather than have it on the agenda of the Executive Session, to be called up if a ... motion can be made to call it up in a single judgment and that it will go over to the next Congress.

The Chairman. Could I go check that with Senator Baker?

Senator Long. Sure.

The Chairman. Do not leave.

(Whereupon, a recess was taken at 10:50 a.m., to resume at 11:18 a.m., the same day.)

The Chairman. Let me state that we have had a visit with the majority leader. There are 11 Members around, but on the basis that we discussed this obviously it would take unanimous consent to bring the bill up and under those circumstances I do not think it would make much difference whether we have a quorum or not. We will report the bill out without amendment. We will offer the amendments on the floor if the bill comes up as we described, or at least the

one that we described, the unemployment amendment will be offered on the Senate floor if we can reach some agreement.

And that would provide \$400 million in additional benefits, one month of supplemental benefits.

If we can work it out, I think that is going to be up to the Administration and the Democratic leadership and others between now and sometime this afternoon.

So unless there is some objection, I would move that we report the bill without any additional amendments and I will offer that one amendment on the Senate floor if we work out all the other problems.

Is that all right, Senator Long?
Senator Long. That is fine.

The Chairman. Is there objection?

Senator Chafee. Well, Mr. Chairman, what do you mean if we work out all the other problems? Do you mean that Senator Long--

The Chairman. Well, I am not just--no, not just Senator Long. There are a lot of--the question whether or not we could get the bill up on the Senate floor. If it would take unanimous consent, one person could object.

I assume we are probably in the last 24, 36 hours, we have a conference under way on the House side and the Chairman there is busting because we are an hour late. We could sit here the rest of the day waiting for a quorum.

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Senator Chafee. I am for this, Mr. Chairman. want to ask one question about the Panamanian people have been raising concerns about the convention treatment not being able to go into effect unless the section 202 applies, as I understand it, and the reporting of tax information. They have particular concerns, which I know you are aware of, and so is State, about the effect on them being a banking center and having a host of accounts there, not being reluctant to comply with this tax information exchange immediately because the effect that the funds would just then flow to other areas that do not have to comply with that.

Have you got any comment on that?

Mr. Chapoton. Senator, the exchange of information was the significant quid pro quo from our standpoint on extending North American treatment to the Caribbean Basin countries.

I understand the argument here is that Panama--there are other countries that are financial centers too that will have difficulty in agreeing to the exchange of information. We recognize it. We think it is very important to us and I understand the argument is that we ought to put that off for a year to somehow give them impetus to negotiate but let them have convention treatment in the meantime. not heard that argument before this morning and at the moment I would certainly have difficulty with it.

Senator Roth. Mr. Chairman, I would defer to say that

I have serious difficulty in the Permanent Investigation
Subcommittee we have been holding hearings on drugs. No
question but what offshore banking has been a very, very
critical problem. If you start delaying for one, I do not
see how you cannot delay for others. So that I would have
to say that this is an amendment that I would oppose because
I think it raises very grave implications.

Senator Chafee. You mean to exempt Panama from the tax reform?

Senator Roth. Yes.

Mr. Chapoton. I would agree, that I do did not see any rationale for doing it just for Panama. There are other countries, banking centers, and the exchange of information is one of the most serious problems for us all along. That was the main thing that we saw in this, if you achieve this benefit—if they receive this benefit then they ought to have the exchange.

Senator Roth. The President has adopted a primary problem, the control of drugs. If we are ever going to do anything about that, it seems to me critically important that we get a handle on this offshore banking and tax information.

Senator Chafee. I see the argument too, but it is also my understanding that while other countries might seek the same exemption, other countries down there do not have the convention possibilities of big convention centers such

1 | as Panama.

In any event, I think it is something that perhaps we could take a look at as we go along.

Mr. Chairman, let me ask you another question: The amendments that we adopted yesterday, particularly the Virgin Islands rum, EPA exemption, does that apply now? Where do we stand on that?

The Chairman. Yes, that will be in the bill that we report. Your amendment.

All right, then without objection, the bill will be reported and we will wait--if all the parties who are interested in this legislation can get together, it may come up on the Senate floor.

(Whereupon, at 11:24 a.m., the Committee was adjourned.)

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