The SOCIAL SECURITY ACT and Related Laws April 1982 Edition

COMMITTEE ON FINANCE UNITED STATES SENATE ROBERT J. Dole, Chairman



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(II)

PREFACE

Since the 92d Congress, numerous laws have been enacted amending the Social Security Act or otherwise directly affecting programs under that act. In order to provide a convenient reference to the Social Security Act and that been amended by these various laws, this document has been prepared. This April 1982 edition, with the October 1982 revision pages, includes all of the titles of that act currently in force with all amendments up to September 30, 1982. Also included are the full text of the Federal-State Extended Unemployment Compensation Act, as amended, and pertinent excerpts from the Internal Revenue Code and from various public laws enacted since the 92d Congress.

This document is intended to supplement and not to replace the Compilation of the Social Security Laws which is prepared by the Social Security Administration and published from time to time. The most recent edition of that Compilation was issued as House Committee on Ways and Means Committee Print 97-20 (in 2 volumes) and contained the Social Security Act and related laws as amended through January 1, 1981. The Compilation, although not containing amendments after that date, does have several features not found in this current document. In particular, the Compilation has far more extensive footnotes, contains an index, and includes excerpts from numerous laws affecting social security programs which are not included in the current document.

It is expected that, as subsequent amendments to the Social Security Act and related laws are enacted or as changes are made through the operation of certain automatic provisions of existing law, appropriate revision pages will be printed from time to time.

This document has been prepared solely for convenient reference purposes. It does not have the effect of law.

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VII

Revised April 1982

SOCIAL SECURITY ACT, AS AMENDED

AN ACT

To provide for the general welfare by establishing a system of Federal old-age benefits, and by enabling the several States to make more adequate provision for aged persons, blind persons, dependent and crippled children, maternal and child welfare, public health, and the administration of their unemployment compensation laws; to establish a Social Security Board; to raise revenue; and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

TITLE I—GRANTS TO STATES FOR OLD-AGE ASSISTANCE FOR THE AGED:

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Appropriation ^a

Section 1. For the purpose of enabling each State, as far as practicable under the conditions in such State, to furnish financial assistance to aged needy individuals, there is hereby authorized to be appropriated for each fiscal year a sum sufficient to carry out the purposes of this title. The sums made available under this section shall be used for making payments to States which have submitted, and had approved by the Secretary of Health, Education, and Welfare (hereinafter referred to as the "Secretary"), State plans for oldage assistance.

¹ P.L. 92-608, sec. 303, repealed title I effective January 1, 1974, but such repeal does not apply to Puerto Rico, Guam, and the Virgin Islands. The heading was amended by sec. 2184 of P.L. 97-85.

³ This table of contents does not appear in the law.

^{*} Sec. 1 was amended by sec. 2184 of P.L. 97-35.

State Old-Age Assistance Plans 1

Sec. 2. (a) A State plan for old-age assistance must—

(1) except to the extent permitted by the Secretary with respect to services, provide that it shall be in effect in all political subdivisions of the State, and, if administered by them, be mandatory upon them;

(2) provide for financial participation by the State;

- (8) either provide for the establishment or designation of a single State agency to administer the plan, or provide for the establishment or designation of a single State agency to supervise the administration of the plan;
- (4) (A) provide for granting an opportunity for a fair hearing before the State agency to any individual whose claim for assistance under the plan is denied or is not acted upon with reasonable promptness, and (B) that if the State plan is administered in each of the political subdivisions of the State by a local agency and such local agency provides a hearing at which evidence may be presented prior to a hearing before the State agency, such local agency may put into effect immediately upon issuance its decision upon the matter considered at such hearing;
- (5) provide (A) such methods of administration (including methods relating to the establishment and maintenance of personnel standards on a merit basis, except that the Secretary shall exercise no authority with respect to the selection, tenure of office, and compensation of any individual employed in accordance with such methods) as are found by the Secretary to be necessary for the proper and efficient operation of the plan, and (B) for the training and effective use of paid subprofessional staff, with particular emphasis on the full-time or part-time employment of recipients and other persons of low income, as community service aides, in the administration of the plan and for the use of nonpaid or partially paid volunteers in a social service volunteer program in providing services to applicants and recipients and in assisting any advisory committees established by the State agency;
- (6) provide that the State agency will make such reports, in such form and containing such information, as the Secretary may from time to time require, and comply with such provisions as the Secretary may from time to time find necessary to assure the correctness and verification of such reports;

¹ Sec. 2 was amended by sec. 2184 of P.L. 97-35.

- (7) provide safeguards which permit the use or disclosure of information concerning applicants or recipients only (A) to public officials who require such information in connection with their official duties or (B) to other persons for purposes directly connected with the administration of the State plan;
- (8) provide that all individuals wishing to make application for assistance under the plan shall have opportunity to do so, and that such assistance shall be furnished with reasonable promptness to all eligible individuals;
- __(9) provide, if the plan includes assistance for or on behalf of individuals in private or public institutions, for the establishment or designation of a State authority or authorities which shall be responsible for establishing and maintaining standards for such institutions;
 - (10) if the State plan includes old-age assistance—
 - (A) provide that the State agency shall, in determining need for such assistance, take into consideration any other income and resources of an individual claiming old-age assistance, as well as any expenses reasonably attributable to the earning of any such income; except that, in making such determination, (i) the State agency may disregard not more than \$7.50 per month of any income and (ii) of the first \$80 per month of additional income which is earned the State agency may disregard not more than the first \$20 thereof plus one-half of the remainder;
 - (B) include reasonable standards, consistent with the objectives of this title, for determining eligibility for and the extent of such assistance; and
 - (C) provide a description of the services (if any) which the State agency makes available (using whatever internal organizational arrangement it finds appropriate for this purpose) to applicants for and recipients of such assistance to help them attain self-care, including a description of the steps taken to assure, in the provision of such services, maximum utilization of other agencies providing similar or related services.

(Page 5 follows)

- (b) The Secretary shall approve any plan which fulfills the conditions specified in subsection (a), except that he shall not approve any plan which imposes, as a condition of eligibility for assistance under the plan—
 - (1) an age requirement of more than sixty-five years; or
 - (2) any residence requirement which (A) in the case of applicants for old-age assistance, excludes any resident of the State who has resided therein five years during the nine years immediately preceding the application for old-age assistance and has resided therein continuously for one year immediately preceding the application, and (B) in the case of applicants for medical assistance for the aged, excludes any individual who resides in the State; or
 - (3) any citizenship requirement which excludes any citizen of the United States.

At the option of the State, the plan may provide that manuals and other policy issuances will be furnished to persons without charge for the reasonable cost of such materials, but such provision shall not be required by the Secretary as a condition for the approval of such plan under this title.

(c) Nothing in this title shall be construed to permit a State to have in effect with respect to any period more than one State plan approved under this title.

Payment to States 1

- Sec. 3. (a) From the sums appropriated therefor, the Secretary of the Treasury shall pay to each State which has a plan approved under this title, for each quarter, beginning with the quarter commencing October 1, 1960—
 - (1) [Repealed.]
 - (2) in the case of Puerto Rico, the Virgin Islands, and Guam, an amount equal to one-half of the total of the sums expended during such quarter as old-age assistance under the State plan, not counting so much of any expenditure with respect to any month as exceeds \$37.50 multiplied by the total number of recipients of old-age assistance for such month; plus
 - (3) [Repealed.]
 - (4) in the case of any State, an amount equal to the sum of the following proportions of the total amounts expended during such quarter as found necessary by the Secretary of Health and Human Services for the proper and efficient administration of the State plan—
 - (A) 75 per centum of so much of such expenditures as are for the training (including both short- and long-term training at educational institutions through grants to such institutions or by direct financial assistance to students enrolled

¹ Sec. 3 was amended by sec. 2184 of P.L. 97-35.

in such institutions) of personnel employed or preparing for employment by the State agency or by the local agency administering the plan in the political subdivision; plus

(B) one-half of the remainder of such expenditures.1

- (b) The method of computing and paying such amounts shall be as follows:
 - (1) The Secretary of Health, Education, and Welfare shall, prior to the beginning of each quarter, estimate the amount to be paid to the State for such quarter under the provisions of subsection (a), such estimate to be based on (A) a report filed by the State containing its estimate of the total sum to be expended in such quarter in accordance with the provisions of such subsection, and stating the amount appropriated or made available by the State and its political subdivisions for such expenditures in such quarter, and if such amount is less than the State's proportionate share of the total sum of such estimated expenditures, the source or sources from which the difference is expected to be derived, (B) records showing the number of aged individuals in the State, and (C) such other investigation as the Secretary may find necessary.
 - (2) The Secretary of Health, Education, and Welfare shall then certify to the Secretary of the Treasury the amount so estimated by the Secretary of Health, Education, and Welfare, (A) reduced or increased, as the case may be, by any sum by which the Secretary of Health, Education, and Welfare finds that his estimate for any prior quarter was greater or less than the amount which should have been paid to the State under subsection (a) for such quarter, and (B) reduced by a sum equivalent to the pro rata share to which the United States is equitably entitled, as determined by the Secretary of Health, Education, and Welfare, of the net amount recovered during any prior quarter by the State or any political subdivision thereof with respect to assistance furnished under the State plan; except that such increases or reductions shall not be made to the extent that such sums have been applied to make the amount certified for any prior quarter greater or less than the amount estimated by the Secretary of Health, Education, and Welfare for such prior quarter: Provided, That any part of the amount recovered from the estate of a deceased recipient which is not in excess of the amount expended by the State or any political subdivision thereof for the funeral expenses of the deceased shall not be considered as a basis for reduction under clause (B) of this paragraph.
 - (3) The Secretary of the Treasury shall thereupon, through the Fiscal Service of the Treasury Department and prior to audit

¹ Par. (4) was amended by sec. 2858 of P.L. 97-85.

or settlement by the General Accounting Office, pay to the State, at the time or times fixed by the Secretary of Health, Education, and Welfare, the amounts so certified.

Operation of State Plans

- Sec. 4. In the case of any State plan which has been approved under this title by the Secretary of Health, Education, and Welfare, if the Secretary, after reasonable notice and opportunity for hearing to the State agency administering or supervising the administration of such plan finds—
 - (1) that the plan has been so changed as to impose any age, residence, or citizenship requirement prohibited by section 2(b), or that in the administration of the plan any such prohibited requirement is imposed, with the knowledge of such State agency, in a substantial number of cases; or
 - (2) that in the administration of the plan there is a failure to comply substantially with any provision required by section 2(a) to be included in the plan:

the Secretary shall notify such State agency that further payments will not be made to the State (or, in his discretion, that payments will be limited to categories under or parts of the State plan not affected by such failure) until the Secretary is satisfied that such prohibited requirement is no longer imposed, and that there is no longer any such failure to comply. Until he is so satisfied he shall make no further payments to such State (or shall limit payments to categories under or parts of the State plan not reflected by such failure).

Administration

Sec. 5. [Executed. Authorized appropriation for administrative expenses of the Social Security Board under this title for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1936.]

Definitions 1

Sec. 6. (a) For the purposes of this title, the term "old-age assistance" means money payments to, or (if provided in or after the third month before the month in which the recipient makes application for assistance) medical care in behalf of or any type of remedial care recognized under State law in behalf of, needy individuals who are sixty-five years of age or older, but does not include any such payments to or care in behalf of any individual who is an inmate of a public institution (except as a patient in a medical institution). Such term also includes payments which are not included within the meaning of such term under the preceding sentence, but which would be so

¹ Secs. 6 (b) and (c) were repealed by sec. 2184 of P.L. 97-35.

included except that they are made on behalf of such a needy individual to another individual who (as determined in accordance with standards prescribed by the Secretary) is interested in or concerned with the welfare of such needy individual, but only with respect to a State whose State plan approved under section 2 includes provision for—

- (1) determination by the State agency that such needy individual has, by reason of his physical or mental condition, such inability to manage funds that making payments to him would be contrary to his welfare and, therefore, it is necessary to provide such assistance through payments described in this sentence;
- (2) making such payments only on cases in which such payments will, under the rules otherwise applicable under the State plan for determining need and the amount of old-age assistance to be paid (and in conjunction with other income and resources), meet all the need of the individuals with respect to whom such payments are made;
- (3) undertaking and continuing special efforts to protect the welfare of such individual and to improve, to the extent possible, his capacity for self-care and to manage funds;
- (4) periodic review by such State agency of the determination under paragraph (1) to ascertain whether conditions justifying such determination still exist, with provision for termination of such payments if they do not and for seeking judicial appointment of a guardian or other legal representative, as described in section 1111, if and when it appears that such action will best serve the interests of such needy individual; and
- (5) opportunity for a fair hearing before the State agency on the determination referred to in paragraph (1) for any individual with respect to whom it is made.

At the option of a State (if its plan approved under this title so provides), such term (i) need not include money payments to an individual who has been absent from such State for a period in excess of 90 consecutive days (regardless of whether he has maintained his residence in such State during such period) until he has been present in such State for 30 consecutive days in the case of such an individual who has maintained his residence in such State during such period or 90 consecutive days in the case of any other such individual, and (ii) may include rent payments made directly to a public housing agency on behalf of a recipient or a group or groups of recipients of assistance under such plan.

Revised April 1982

TITLE II—FEDERAL OLD-AGE, SURVIVORS, AND DIS-ABILITY INSURANCE BENEFITS

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Federal Old-Age and Survivors Insurance Trust Fund and Federal Disability Insurance Trust Fund

Section 201. (a) There is hereby created on the books of the Treasury of the United States a trust fund to be known as the "Federal Old-Age and Survivors Insurance Trust Fund". The Federal Old-Age and Survivors Insurance Trust Fund shall consist of the securities held by the Secretary of the Treasury for the Old-Age Reserve Account and the amount standing to the credit of the Old-Age Reserve Account on the books of the Treasury on January 1, 1940, which securities and amount the Secretary of the Treasury is authorized and directed to transfer to the Federal Old-Age and Survivors Insurance Trust Fund, and, in addition, such gifts and bequests as may be made as provided in subsection (i) (1), and such amounts as may be appropriated to, or deposited in, the Federal Old-Age and Survivors Insurance Trust Fund as hereinafter provided. There is hereby appropriated to the Federal Old-Age and Survivors Insurance Trust Fund for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1941, and for each fiscal year thereafter, out of any moneys in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, amounts equivalent to 100 per centum of-

(1) the taxes (including interest, penalties, and additions to the taxes) received under subchapter A of chapter 9 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1939 (and covered into the Treasury) which are deposited into the Treasury by collectors of internal revenue before January 1, 1951; and

(2) the taxes certified each month by the Commissioner of Internal Revenue as taxes received under subchapter A of chapter 9 of such Code which are deposited into the Treasury by collectors of internal revenue after December 31, 1950, and before January 1, 1953, with respect to assessments of such taxes made before January 1, 1951; and

(3) the taxes imposed by subchapter A of chapter 9 of such Code with respect to wages (as defined in section 1426 of such Code), and by chapter 21 (other than sections 3101(b) and 3111 (b)) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954 with respect to wages (as defined in section 3121 of such Code) reported to the Commissioner of Internal Revenue pursuant to section 1420(c) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1939 after December 31, 1950, or to the Secretary of the Treasury or his delegates pursuant to subtitle F of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954 after December 31, 1954, as determined by the Secretary of the Treasury by applying the applicable rates of tax under such subchapter or chapter 21 (other than sections 3101(b) and 3111(b)) to such wages, which wages shall be certified by the Secretary of Health, Education, and Welfare on the basis of the records of wages established

and maintained by such Secretary in accordance with such reports, less the amounts specified in clause (1) of subsection (b) of this section; and

(4) the taxes imposed by subchapter E of chapter 1 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1939, with respect to self-employment income (as defined in section 481 of such Code), and by chapter 2 (other than section 1401(b)) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954 with respect to self-employment income (as defined in section 1402 of such Code) reported to the Commissioner of Internal Revenue on tax returns under such subchapter or to the Secretary of the Treasury, or his delegate on tax returns under subtitle F of such Code, as determined by the Secretary of the Treasury by applying the applicable rate of tax under such subchapter or chapter (other than section 1401(b)) to such self-employment income, which self-employment income shall be certified by the Secretary of Health, Education, and Welfare on the basis of the records of self-employment income established and maintained by the Secretary of Health, Education, and Welfare in accordance with such returns, less the amounts specified in clause (2) of subsection (b) of this section.

The amounts appropriated by clauses (3) and (4) shall be transferred from time to time from the general fund in the Treasury to the Federal Old-Age and Survivors Insurance Trust Fund, and the amounts appropriated by clauses (1) and (2) of subsection (b) shall be transferred from time to time from the general fund in the Treasury to the Federal Disability Insurance Trust Fund, such amounts to be determined on the basis of estimates by the Secretary of the Treasury of the taxes, specified in clauses (3) and (4) of this subsection, paid to or deposited into the Treasury; and proper adjustments shall be made in amounts subsequently transferred to the extent prior estimates were in excess of or were less than the taxes specified in such clauses (3) and (4) of this subsection.

(b) There is hereby created on the books of the Treasury of the United States a trust fund to be known as the "Federal Disability Insurance Trust Fund". The Federal Disability Insurance Trust Fund shall consist of such gifts and bequests as may be made as provided in subsection (i) (1), and of such amounts as may be appropriated to, or deposited in, such fund as provided in this section. There is hereby appropriated to the Federal Disability Insurance Trust Fund for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1957, and for each fiscal year thereafter, out of any moneys in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, amounts equivalent to 100 per centum of—

(1) (A) ½ of 1 per centum of the wages (as defined in section 3121 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954) paid after Decem-

ber 31, 1956, and before January 1, 1966, and reported to the Secretary of the Treasury or his delegate pursuant to subtitle F of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954, (B) 0.70 of 1 per centum of the wages (as so defined) paid after December 31, 1965, and before January 1, 1968, and so reported, and (C) 0.95 of 1 per centum of the wages (as so defined) paid after December 31, 1967, and before January 1, 1970, and so reported, (D) 1.10 per centum of the wages (as so defined) paid after December 31, 1969, and before January 1, 1973, and so reported, (E) 1.1 per centum of the wages (as so defined) paid after December 31, 1972, and before January 1, 1974, and so reported, (F) 1.15 per centum of the wages (as so defined) paid after December 31, 1973, and before January 1, 1978, and so reported, (G) 1.55 per centum of the wages (as so defined) paid after December 31, 1977, and before January 1, 1979, and so reported, (H) 1.50 per centum of the wages (as defined) paid after December 31, 1978, and before January 1, 1980, and so reported, (1) 1.12 per centum of the wages (as so defined) paid after December 31, 1979, and before January 1, 1981, and so reported, (J) 1.30 per centum of the wages (as so defined) paid after December 31, 1980, and before January 1, 1982, and so reported, (K) 1.65 per centum of the wages (as so defined) paid after December 31, 1981, and before January 1, 1985, and so reported, (L) 1.90 per centum of the wages (as so defined) paid after December 31, 1984, and before January 1, 1990, and so reported, and (M) 2.20 per centum of the wages (as so defined) paid after December 81, 1989, and so reported, which wages shall be certified by the Secretary of Health, Education, and Welfare on the basis of the records of wages established and maintained by such Secretary in accordance with such reports; and 1

(2) (A) 3% of 1 per centum of the amount of self-employment income (as defined in section 1402 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954) reported to the Secretary of the Treasury or his delegate on tax returns under subtitle F of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954 for any taxable year beginning after December 31, 1956, and before January 1, 1966, (B) and 0.525 of 1 per centum of the amount of self-employment income (as so defined) so reported for any taxable year beginning after December 31, 1965, and before January 1, 1968, and (C) 0.7125 of 1 per centum of the amount of self-employment income (as so defined) so reported for any taxable year beginning after December 31, 1967, and before January 1, 1970, (D) 0.825 of 1 per centum of the amount of self-employment income (as so defined) so reported for any taxable year beginning after December 31, 1969, and before January 1,

¹ Par. (1) was amended by sec. 102(a) (1) of P.L. 95-216 and by sec. 1(a) of P.L. 96-403.

1973, (E) 0.795 of 1 per centum of the amount of self-employment income (as so defined) so reported for any taxable year beginning after December 31, 1972, and before January 1, 1974, (F) 0.815 of 1 per centum of the amount of self-employment income (as so defined) as reported for any taxable year beginning after December 31, 1973, and before January 1, 1978, (G) 1.090 per centum of the amount of self-employment income (as so defined) so reported for any taxable year beginning after December 31, 1977, and before January 1, 1979, (H) 1.0400 per centum of the amount of self-employment income (as so defined) so reported for any taxable year beginning after December 31, 1978, and before January 1, 1980, (I) 0.7775 per centum of the amount of selfemployment income (as so defined) so reported for any taxable year beginning after December 31, 1979, and before January 1, 1981, (J) 0.9750 per centum of the amount of self-employment income (as so defined) so reported for any taxable year beginning after December 31, 1980, and before January 1, 1982, (K) 1.2375 per centum of the amount of self-employment income (as so defined) so reported for any taxable year beginning after December 31, 1981, and before January 1, 1985, (L) 1.4250 per centum of the amount of self-employment income (as so defined) so reported for any taxable year beginning after December 31, 1984, and before January 1, 1990, and (M) 1.6500 per centum of the amount of self-employment income (as so defined) so reported for any taxable year beginning after December 31, 1989, which self-employment income shall be certified by the Secretary of Health, Education, and Welfare on the basis of the records of self-employment income established and maintained by the Secretary of Health, Education, and Welfare in accordance with such returns.1

(c) With respect to the Federal Old-Age and Survivors Insurance Trust Fund and the Federal Disability Insurance Trust Fund (hereinafter in this title called the "Trust Funds") there is hereby created a body to be known as the Board of Trustees of the Trust Funds (hereinafter in this title called the "Board of Trustees") which Board of Trustees shall be composed of the Secretary of the Treasury, the Secretary of Labor, and the Secretary of Health, Education, and Welfare, all ex officio. The Secretary of the Treasury shall be the Managing Trustee of the Board of Trustees (hereinafter in this title called the "Managing Trustee"). The Commissioner of Social Security shall serve as Secretary of the Board of Trustees. Such Board of Trustees shall meet not less frequently than once each calendar year. It shall be the duty of the Board of Trustees to—

(1) Hold the Trust Funds;

¹ Par. (2) was amended by sec. 102(a) (2) of P.L. 95–216 and by sec. 1(b) of P.L. 96–403.

(2) Report to the Congress not later than the first day of April of each year on the operation and status of the Trust Funds during the preceding fiscal year and on their expected operation and status during the next ensuing five fiscal years;

(3) Report immediately to the Congress whenever the Board of Trustees is of the opinion that the amount of either of the Trust

Funds is unduly small:

(4) Recommend improvements in administrative procedures and policies designed to effectuate the proper coordination of the old-age and survivors insurance and Federal-State unemployment compensation program; and

(5) Review the general policies followed in managing the Trust Funds, and recommend changes in such policies, including necessary changes in the provisions of the law which govern the way in

which the Trust Funds are to be managed.

The report provided for in paragraph (2) above shall include a statement of the assets of, and the disbursements made from, the Trust

Funds during the preceding fiscal year, an estimate of the expected future income to, and disbursements to be made from, the Trust Funds during each of the next ensuing five fiscal years, and a statement of the actuarial status of the Trust Funds. Such report shall also include an actuarial analysis of the benefit disbursements made from the Federal Old-Age and Survivors Insurance Trust Fund with respect to disabled beneficiaries. Such report shall be printed as a House document of the session of the Congress to which the report is made.

- (d) It shall be the duty of the Managing Trustee to invest such portion of the Trust Funds as is not, in his judgment, required to meet current withdrawals. Such investments may be made only in interestbearing obligations of the United States or in obligations guaranteed as to both principal and interest by the United States. For such purpose such obligations may be acquired (1) on original issue at the issue price, or (2) by purchase of outstanding obligations at the market price. The purposes for which obligations of the United States may be issued under the Second Liberty Bond Act, as amended, are hereby extended to authorize the issuance at par of public-debt obligations for purchase by the Trust Funds. Such obligations issued for purchase by the Trust Funds shall have maturities fixed with due regard for the needs of the Trust Funds and shall bear interest at a rate equal to the average market yield (computed by the Managing Trustee on the basis of market quotations as of the end of the calendar month next preceding the date of such issue) on all marketable interest-bearing obligations of the United States then forming a part of the public debt which are not due or callable until after the expiration of four years from the end of such calendar month; except that where such average market yield is not a multiple of one-eighth of 1 per centum, the rate of interest of such obligations shall be the multiple of one-eighth of 1 per centum nearest such market yield. The Managing Trustee may purchase other interest-bearing obligations of the United States or obligations guaranteed as to both principal and interest by the United States, on original issue or at the market price, only where he determines that the purchase of such other obligations is in the public interest.
- (e) Any obligation acquired by the Trust Funds (except public-debt obligations issued exclusively to the Trust Funds) may be sold by the Managing Trustee at the market price, and such public-debt obligations may be redeemed at par plus accrued interest.
- (f) The interest on, and the proceeds from the sale or redemption of, any obligations held in the Federal Old-Age and Survivors Insurance Trust Fund and the Federal Disability Insurance Trust Fund shall be credited to and form a part of the Federal Old-Age and Survivors Insurance Trust Fund and the Disability Insurance Trust Fund, respectively.

- (g) (1) (A) The Managing Trustee of the Trust Funds (which for purposes of this paragraph shall include also the Federal Hospital Insurance Trust Fund and the Federal Supplementary Medical Insurance Trust Fund established by title XVIII) is directed to pay from the Trust Funds into the Treasury—
 - (i) the amounts estimated by him and the Secretary of Health, Education, and Welfare which will be expended, out of moneys appropriated from the general fund in the Treasury, during a three-month period by the Department of Health, Education, and Welfare and the Treasury Department for the administration of titles II, XVI, and XVIII of this Act and subchapter E of chapter 1 and subchapter A of chapter 9 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1939, and chapters 2 and 21 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954, less
 - (ii) the amounts estimated (pursuant to the method prescribed by the Board of Trustees under paragraph (4) of this subsection) by the Secretary of Health, Education, and Welfare which will be expended, out of moneys made available for expenditures from the Trust Funds, during such three-month period to cover the cost of carrying out the functions of the Department of Health, Education, and Welfare, specified in section 232, which relate to the administration of provisions of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954 other than those referred to in clause (i).

Such payments shall be carried into the Treasury as the net amount of repayments due the general fund account for reimbursement of expenses incurred in connection with the administration of titles II, XVI, and XVIII of this Act and subchapter E of chapter 1 and subchapter A of chapter 9 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1939, and chapters 2 and 21 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954. A final accounting of such payments for any fiscal year shall be made at the earliest practicable date after the close thereof. There are hereby authorized to be made available for expenditure, out of any or all of the Trust Funds, such amounts as the Congress may deem appropriate to pay the costs of the part of the administration of this title, title XVI, and title XVIII for which the Secretary of Health, Education, and Welfare is responsible and of carrying out the functions of the Department of Health, Education, and Welfare, specified in section 232, which relate to the administration of provisions of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954 other than those referred to in clause (i) of the first sentence of this subparagraph.

(B) After the close of each fiscal year the Secretary of Health, Education, and Welfare shall determine the portion of the costs, incurred during such fiscal year, of administration of this title, title XVI, and title XVIII and of carrying out the functions of the De-

partment of Health, Education, and Welfare, specified in section 232, which relate to the administration of provisions of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954 (other than those referred to in clauses (i) of the first sentence of subparagraph (A)), which should have been borne by the general fund in the Treasury and the portion of such costs which should have been borne by each of the Trust Funds; except that the determination of the amounts to be borne by the general fund in the Treasury with respect to expenditures incurred in carrying out such functions specified in section 232 shall be made pursuant to the method prescribed by the Board of Trustees under paragraph (4) of this subsection. After such determination has been made, the Secretary of Health, Education, and Welfare shall certify to the Managing Trustee the amounts, if any, which should be transferred from one to any of the other of such Trust Funds and the amounts, if any, which should be transferred between the Trust Funds (or one of the Trust Funds) and the general fund in the Treasury, in order to insure that each of the Trust Funds and the general fund in the Treasury have borne their proper share of the costs, incurred during such fiscal year, for the part of the administration of this title, title XVI, and title XVIII for which the Secretary of Health, Education, and Welfare is responsible and of carrying out the functions of the Department of Health, Educaton, and Welfare, specified in section 232, which relate to the administration of provisions of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954 (other than those referred to in clause (i) of the first sentence of subparagraph (A)). The Managing Trustee is authorized and directed to transfer any such amounts in accordance with any certification so made.1

(2) The Managing Trustee is directed to pay from time to time from the Trust Funds into the Treasury the amount estimated by him as taxes imposed under section 3101(a) which are subject to refund under section 6413(c) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954 with respect to wages (as defined in section 1426 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1939 and section 3121 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954) paid after December 31, 1950. Such taxes shall be determined on the basis of the records of wages established and maintained by the Secretary of Health, Education, and Welfare in accordance with the wages reported to the Commissioner of Internal Revenue pursuant to section 1420(c) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1939 and to the Secretary of the Treasury or his delegate pursuant to subtitle F of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954, and the Secretary shall furnish the Managing Trustee such information as may be required by the Trustee for such purpose. The payments by the Managing Trustee shall be covered into the Treasury as repayments to the account for

¹ Subsection (g)(1) was amended by section 8(d) of Public Law 94-202. See also section 8(f) of Public Law 94-202 which appears in this document on page 756.

refunding internal revenue collections. Payments pursuant to the first sentence of this paragraph shall be made from the Federal Old-Age and Survivors Insurance Trust Fund and the Federal Disability Insurance Trust Fund in the ratio in which amounts were appropriated to such Trust Funds under clause (3) of subsection (a) of this section and clause (1) of subsection (b) of this section.

- (3) Repayments made under paragraph (1) or (2) shall not be available for expenditures but shall be carried to the surplus fund of the Treasury. If it subsequently appears that the estimates under either such paragraph in any particular period were too high or too low, appropriate adjustments shall be made by the Managing Trustee in future payments.
- (4) The Board of Trustees shall prescribe before January 1, 1981, the method of determining the costs which should be borne by the general fund in the Treasury of carrying out the functions of the Department of Health, Education, and Welfare, specified in section 232, which relate to the administration of provisions of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954 (other than those referred to in clause (i) of the first sentence of paragraph (1)(A)). If at any time or times thereafter the Boards of Trustees of such Trust Fund deem such
- action advisable they may modify the method so determined.¹
 (h) Benefit payments required to be made under section 223, and benefit payments required to be made under subsection (b), (c), or (d), of section 202 to individuals entitled to benefits on the basis of the wages and self-employment income of an individual entitled to disability insurance benefits, shall be made only from the Federal Disability Insurance Trust Fund. All other benefit payments required to be made under this title (other than section 226) shall be made only from the Federal Old-Age and Survivors Insurance Trust Fund.
- (i) (1) The Managing Trustee of the Federal Old-Age and Survivors Insurance Trust Fund, the Federal Disability Insurance Trust Fund, the Federal Hospital Insurance Trust Fund, and the Federal Supplementary Medical Insurance Trust Fund is authorized to accept on behalf of the United States money gifts and bequests made unconditionally to any one or more of such Trust Funds or to the Department of Health, Education, and Welfare, or any part or officer thereof, for the benefit of any of such Funds or any activity financed through such Funds.
- (2) Any such gift accepted pursuant to the authority granted in paragraph (1) of this subsection shall be deposited in—
 - (A) the specific trust fund designated by the donor or
 - (B) if the donor has not so designated, the Federal Old-Age and Survivors Insurance Trust Fund.

¹ Par. (4) was added by sec. 8 of P.L. 94-202. See also sec. 8(e) of P.L. 94-202 which is reprinted in this document on p. 758.

- (j) There are authorized to be made available for expenditure. out of the Federal Old-Age and Survivors Insurance Trust Fund, or the Federal Disability Insurance Trust Fund (as determined appropriate by the Secretary), such amounts as are required to pay travel expenses, either on an actual cost or commuted basis, to individuals for travel incident to medical examinations requested by the Secretary in connection with disability determinations under this title, and to parties, their representatives and all reasonably necessary witnesses for travel within the United States (as defined in section 210(i) to attend reconsideration interviews and proceedings before administrative law judges with respect to any determination under this title. The amount available under the preceding sentence for payment for air travel by any person shall not exceed the coach fare for air travel between the points involved unless the use of firstclass accommodations is required (as determined under regulations of the Secretary) because of such person's health condition or the unavailability of alternative accommodations; and the amount available for payment for other travel by any person shall not exceed the cost of travel (between the points involved) by the most economical and expeditious means of transportation appropriate to such person's health condition, as specified in such regulations.1
- (k) Expenditures made for experiments and demonstration projects under section 505(a) of the Social Security Disability Amendments of 1980 shall be made from the Federal Disability Insurance Trust Fund and the Federal Old-Age and Survivors Insurance Trust Fund as determined appropriate by the Secretary.²
- (1) (1) If at any time prior to January 1983 the Managing Trustee determines that borrowing authorized under this subsection is appropriate in order to best meet the need for financing the benefit payments from the Federal Old-Age and Survivors Insurance Trust Fund or the Federal Disability Insurance Trust Fund, the Managing Trustee may borrow such amounts as he determines to be appropriate from the other such Trust Fund, or from the Federal Hospital Insurance Trust Fund established under section 1817, for transfer to and deposit in the Trust Fund whose need for financing is involved.
- (2) In any case where a loan has been made to a Trust Fund under paragraph (1), there shall be transferred from time to time, from the borrowing Trust Fund to the lending Trust Fund, interest with respect to the unrepaid balance of such loan at a rate equal to the rate which the lending Trust Fund would earn on the amount involved if the loan were an investment under subsection (d).
- (3) If in any month after a loan has been made to a Trust Fund under paragraph (1), the Managing Trustee determines that the assets

Bubsec. (j) was added by sec. 310 of P.L. 96-265.

² Subsec. (k) was added by sec. 505 of P.L. 96-265.

of such Trust Fund are sufficient to permit repayment of all or part of any loans made to such Fund under rangraph (1), he shall make such repayments as he determines to be a propriate.

(4) The Board of Trustees shall make a timely report to the Congress of any amounts transferred (including interest payments) un-

der this subsection.1

Old-Age and Survivors Insurance Benefit Payments

Old-Age Insurance Benefits 2

Sec. 202. (a) Every individual who—

(1) is a fully insured individual (as defined in section 214(a)),

(2) has attained age 62, and

(3) has filed application for old-age insurance benefits or was entitled to disability insurance benefits for the month preceding the month in which he attained the age of 65,

shall be entitled to an old-age insurance benefit for each month,

beginning with—

(A) in the case of an individual who has attained age 65, the first month in which such individual meets the criteria specified in paragraphs (1), (2), and (3), or

(B) in the case of an individual who has attained age 62, but has not attained age 65, the first month throughout which such individual meets the criteria specified in paragraphs (1) and (2) (if in that month he meets the criterion specified in

paragraph (3)),

and ending with the month preceding the month in which he dies. Except as provided in subsection (q) and subsection (w), such individual's old-age insurance benefit for any month shall be equal to his primary insurance amount (as defined in section 215(a)) for such month.

Wife's Insurance Benefits 2

(b) (1) The wife (as defined in section 216(b)) and every divorced wife (as defined in section 216(d)) of an individual entitled to old-age or disability insurance benefits, if such wife or such divorced wife—

(A) has filed application for wife's insurance benefits,

- (B) has attained age 62 or (in the case of a wife) has in her care (individually or jointly with such individual) at the time of filing such application a child entitled to a child's insurance benefit on the basis of the wages and self-employment income of such individual,
 - (C) in the case of a divorced wife, is not married, and

¹ Subsec. (1) was added by sec. 1 of P.L. 97-128.

² Subsecs. (a) and (b) were amended by sec. 2208 of P.L. 97-85.

(D) is not entitled to old-age or disability insurance benefits or is entitled to old-age or disability insurance benefits based on a primary insurance amount which is less than one-half of the primary insurance amount of such individual,

shall (subject to subsection (s)) be entitled to a wife's insurance

benefit for each month, beginning with-

- (i) in the case of a wife or divorced wife (as so defined) of an individual entitled to old-age benefits, if such wife or divorced wife has attained age 65, the first month in which she meets the criteria specified in subparagraphs (A), (B), (C), and (D), or
 - (ii) in the case of a wife or divorced wife (as so defined) of—
 - (I) an individual entitled to old-age insurance benefits, if such wife or divorced wife has not attained age 65, or
 - (II) an individual entitled to disability insurance benefits,

the first month throughout which she is such a wife or divorced wife and meets the criteria specified in subparagraphs (B),(C), and (D) (if in such month she meets the criterion specified in subparagraph (A)),

whichever is earlier, and ending with the month preceding the month in which any of the following occurs—

- (E) she dies,
- (F) such individual dies,
- (G) in the case of a wife, they are divorced and either (i) she has not attained age 62, or (ii) she has attained age 62 but has not been married to such individual for a period of 10 years immediately before the date the divorce became effective,¹

¹ Subparagraph (G) was amended by sec. 337(b) of Public Law 95-216.

- (H) in the case of a divorced wife, she marries a person other than such individual,
- (I) in the case of a wife who has not attained age 62, no child of such individual is entitled to a child's insurance benefit,
- (J) she becomes entitled to an old-age or disability insurance benefit based on a primary insurance amount which is equal to or exceeds one-helf of the primary insurance amount of such individual, or
- (K) such individual is not entitled to disability insurance benefits and is not entitled to old-age insurance benefits.
- (2) Except as provided in subsection (q) and paragraph (4) of this subsection, such wife's insurance benefit for each month shall be equal to one-half of the primary insurance amount of her husband (or, in the case of a divorced wife, her former husband) for such month.
 - (3) In the case of any divorced wife who marries—
 - (A) an individual entitled to benefits under subsection (f) or (h), of this section, or
 - (B) an individual who has attained the age of 18 and is entitled to benefits under subsection (d).
- such divorced wife's entitlement to benefits under this subsection shall, notwithstanding the provisions of paragraph (1) (but subject to subsection (s)), not be terminated by reason of such marriage; except that, in the case of such a marriage to an individual entitled to benefits under subsection (d), the preceding provisions of this paragraph shall not apply with respect to benefits for months after the last month for which such individual is entitled to such benefits under subsection (d) unless he ceases to be so entitled by reason of his death.
- (4) (A) The amount of a wife's insurance benefit for each month as determined after application of the provisions of subsections (q) and (k) shall be reduced (but not below zero) by an amount equal to the amount of any monthly periodic benefit payable to such wife (or divorced wife) for such month which is based upon her earnings while in the service of the Federal Government or any State (or political subdivision thereof, as defined in section 218(b)(2)) if, on the last day she was employed by such entity, such service did not constitute "employment" as defined in section 210.
- (B) For purposes of this paragraph, any periodic benefit which otherwise meets the requirements of subparagraph (A), but which is paid on other than a monthly basis, shall be allocated on a basis equivalent to a monthly benefit (as determined by the Secretary) and such equivalent monthly benefit shall constitute a monthly periodic

¹ Paragraph (2) was amended by sec. 334(a) of Public Law 95-216, effective as specified in sec. 334(f) and subject to the exception specified in sec. 334(g). These subsections are printed in this document on pages 772-773.

benefit for purposes of subparagraph (A). For purposes of this subparagraph, the term "periodic benefit" includes a benefit payable in a lump sum if it is a commutation of, or a substitute for, periodic payments.¹

Husband's Insurance Benefits

- (c) (1) The husband (as defined in section 216(f)) of an individual entitled to old-age or disability insurance benefits, if such husband—
 - (A) has filed application for husband's insurance benefits,
 - (B) has attained age 62, and
 - (C) is not entitled to old-age or disability insurance benefits, or is entitled to old-age or disability insurance benefits based on a primary insurance amount which is less than one-half of the primary insurance amount of his wife,

shall be entitled to a husband's insurance benefit for each month, beginning with—

- (i) in the case of a husband (as so defined) of an individual who is entitled to an old-age insurance benefit, if such husband has attained age 65, the first month in which he meets the criteria specified in subparagraphs (A), (B), and (C), or
 - (ii) in the case of a husband (as so defined) of—
 - (I) an individual entitled to old-age insurance benefits, if such husband has not attained age 65, or
- (II) an individual entitled to disability benefits, the first month throughout which he is such a husband and meets the criteria specified in subparagraphs (B) and (C) (if in such month he meets the criterion specified in subparagraph (A)),

whichever is earlier, and ending with the month preceding the month in which any of the following occurs: he dies, his wife dies, they are divorced, or he becomes entitled to an old-age or disability insurance benefit, based on a primary insurance amount which is equal to or exceeds one-half of the primary insurance amount of his wife, or his wife is not entitled to disability insurance benefits and is not entitled to old-age insurance benefits.¹

(2) (A) The amount of a husband's insurance benefit for each month as determined after application of the provisions of subsections (q) and (k) shall be reduced (but not below zero) by an amount equal to the amount of any monthly periodic benefit payable to such husband for such month which is based upon his earnings while in the service of the Federal Government or any State (or political subdivision thereof, as defined in section 218(b)(2)) if, on the last day he was

¹ Paragraph (4) was added by sec. 334(a) of Public Law 95-216, effective as specified in sec. 334(f) and subject to the exception specified in sec. 334(g). These subsections are printed in this document on pages 772-773.

² Paragraph (1) was amended by sec. 2203 of P.L. 97-35.

employed by such entity, such service did not constitute "employment" as defined in section 210.

- (B) For purposes of this paragraph, any periodic benefit which otherwise meets the requirements of subparagraph (A), but which is paid on other than a monthly basis, shall be allocated on a basis equivalent to a monthly benefit (as determined by the Secretary) and such equivalent monthly benefit shall constitute a monthly periodic benefit for purposes of subparagraph (A). For purposes of this subparagraph, the term "periodic benefit" includes a benefit payable in a lump sum if it is a commutation of, or a substitute for, periodic payments.
- (3) Except as provided in subsection (q) and paragraph (2) of this subsection, such husband's insurance benefit for each month shall be equal to one-half of the primary insurance amount of his wife for such month.

Child's Insurance Benefits

- (d) (1) Every child (as defined in section 216(e)) of an individual entitled to old-age or disability insurance benefits, or of an individual who dies a fully or currently insured individual if such child—
 - (A) has filed application for child's insurance benefits,
 - (B) at the time such application was filed was unmarried and
 - (i) either had not attained the age of 18 or was a full-time elementary or secondary school student and had not attained the age of 19, or (ii) is under a disability (as defined in section 223
 - (d)) which began before he attained the age of 22, and
- (C) was dependent upon such individual—shall be entitled to a child's insurance benefit for each month, beginning with—
 - (i) in the case of a child (as so defined) of such an individual who has died, the first month in which such child meets the criteria specified in subparagraphs (A), (B), and (C), or
 - (ii) in the case of a child (as so defined) of an individual entitled to an old-age insurance benefit or to a disability insurance benefit, the first month throughout which such child is a child (as so defined) and meets the criteria specified in paragraphs (B) and (C) (if in such month he meets the criterion specified in paragraph (A)),

whichever is earlier, and ending with the month preceding whichever of the following first occurs—

¹ Subsection (c) was amended (in paragraphs (1), (2), and (3)) by sec. 334(b) of Public Law 95-216 effective as specified in sec. 334(f) and subject to the exception specified in sec. 334(g). ^m se subsections are printed in this document on pages 772-773.

^{*}Subsec. (d) was amended by secs. 2203 and 2210 of P.L. 97-85. See also sec. 2210(c) of P.L. 97-35, which is printed at page 806 of this document.

(D) the month in which such child dies, or marries,

(E) the month in which such child attains the age of 18, but only if he (i) is not under a disability (as so defined) at the time he attains such age, and (ii) is not a full-time elementary or secondary school student during any part of such month.

(F) if such child was not under a disability (as so defined)

at the time he attained the age of 18, the earlier of-

(i) the first month during no part of which he is a fulltime elementary or secondary school student, or

- (ii) the month in which he attains the age of 19, but only if he was not under a disability (as so defined) in such earlier month: or
- (G) if such child was under a disability (as so defined) at the time he attained the age of 18, or if he was not under a disability (as so defined) at such time but was under a disability (as so defined) at or prior to the time he attained (or would attain) the age of 22, or, subject to section 223(e), the termination month (and for purposes of this subparagraph, the termination month for any individual shall be the third month following the month in which his disability ceases; except that, in the case of an individual who has a period of trial work which ends as determined by application of section 222(c)(4)(A), the termination month shall be the earlier of (I) the third month following the earliest month after the end of such period of trial work with respect to which such individual is determined to no longer be suffering from a disabling physical or mental impairment, or (II) the third month following the earliest month in which such individual engages or is determined able to engage in substantial gainful activity, but in no event earlier than the first month occurring after the 15 months following such period of trial work in which he engages or is determined able to engage in substantial gainful activity, or (if later) the earlier of-

(III) the first month during no part of which he is a full-

time elementary or secondary school student, or

(IV) the month in which he attains the age of 19, but only if he was not under a disability (as so defined) in such earlier month.

Entitlement of any child to benefits under this subsection on the basis of the wages and self-employment income of an individual entitled to disability insurance benefits shall also end with the month before the first month for which such individual is not entitled to such benefits unless such individual is, for such later month, entitled to old-age insurance benefits or unless he dies in such month. No payment under this paragraph may be made to a child who would not meet the definition of disability in section 223(d) except for paragraph (1)(B) thereof for any month in which he engages in substantial gainful activity.

(2) Such child's insurance benefit for each month shall, if the individual on the basis of whose wages and self-employment income the child is entitled to such benefit has not died prior to the end of such

¹ Subpar. (G) was amended by sec. 308 of P.L. 96-265, effective December 1980.

month, be equal to one-half of the primary insurance amount of such individual for such month. Such child's insurance benefit for each month shall, if such individual has died in or prior to such month, be equal to three-fourths of the primary insurance amount of such individual.

- (3) A child shall be deemed dependent upon his father or adopting father or his mother or adopting mother at the time specified in paragraph (1)(C) unless, at such time, such individual was not living with or contributing to the support of such child and—
 - (A) such child is neither the legitimate nor adopted child of such individual, or
- (B) such child has been adopted by some other individual. For purposes of this paragraph, a child deemed to be a child of a fully or currently insured individual pursuant to section 216(h)(2)(B) or section 216(h)(3) shall be deemed to be the legitimate child of such individual.
- (4) A child shall be deemed dependent upon his stepfather or stepmother at the time specified in paragraph (1)(C) if, at such time, the child was living with or was receiving at least one-half of his support from such stepfather or stepmother.
- (5) In the case of a child who has attained the age of eighteen and who marries—
 - (A) an individual entitled to benefits under subsection (a), (b),
 - (e), (f), (g), or (h) of this section or under section 223(a), or (B) another individual who has attained the age of eighteen and is entitled to benefits under this subsection,

such child's entitlement to benefits under this subsection shall, notwithstanding the provisions of paragraph (1) but subject to subsection (s), not be terminated by reason of such marriage; except that, in the case of such a mariage to a male individual entitled to benefits under section 223(a) or this subsection, the preceding provisions of this paragraph shall not apply with respect to benefits for months after the last month for which such individual is entitled to such benefits under section 223(a) or this subsection unless (i) he ceases to be so entitled ty reason of his death, or (ii) in the case of an individual who was entitled to benefits under section 223(a), he is entitled, for the month following such last month, to benefits under subsection (a) of this section.

(6) A child whose entitlement to child's insurance benefits on the basis of the wages and self-employment income of an insured individual terminated with the month preceding the month in which such child attained the age of 18, or with a subsequent month, may again become entitled to such benefits (provided no event specified in paragraph (1)(D) has occurred) beginning with the first month thereafter in which he—

- (A) (i) is a full-time elementary or secondary school student and has not attained the age of 19, or (ii) is under a disability (as defined in section 223(d)) and has not attained the age of 22, or
- (B) is under a disability (as so defined) which began before the close of the 84th month following the month in which his most recent entitlement to child's insurance benefits terminated because he ceased to be under such disability,

but only if he has filed application for such reentitlement. Such reentitlement shall end with the month preceding whichever of the following first occurs:

- (C) the first month in which an event specified in paragraph (1)(D) occurs;
- (D) the earlier of (i) the first month during no part of which he is a full-time elementary or secondary school student, or (ii) the month in which he attains the age of 19, but only if he is not under a disability (as so defined) in such earlier month; or
- (E) if he was under a disability (as so defined), the third month following the month in which he ceases to be under such disability or (if later) the earlier of—
 - (i) the first month during no part of which he is a fulltime elementary or secondary school student, or
 - (ii) the month in which he attains the age of 19.

(7) For the purposes of this subsection—

(A) A "full-time elementary or secondary school student" is an individual who is in full-time attendance as a student at an elementary or secondary school, as determined by the Secretary (in accordance with regulations prescribed by him) in the light of the standards and practices of the schools involved, except that no individual shall be considered a "full-time elementary or secondary school student" if he is paid by his employer while attending an elementary or secondary school at the request, or pursuant to a requirement, of his employer. An individual shall not be considered a "full-time elementary or secondary school student" for the purpose of this section while that individual is confined in a jail, prison, or other penal institution or correctional facility, pursuant to his conviction of an offense (committed after the date of the enactment of this paragraph) which constituted a felony under applicable law. An individual who is determined to be a fulltime elementary or secondary school student shall be deemed to be such a student throughout the month with respect to which such determination is made.2

¹ This sentence was added to subpar. (A) by sec. 5(b) of P.L. 96-473.

This sentence was added to subpar. (A) by sec. 2208 of P.L. 97-85.

- (B) Except to the extent provided in such regulations, an individual shall be deemed to be a full-time elementary or secondary school student during any period of nonattendance at an elementary or secondary school at which he has been in full-time attendance if (i) such period is 4 calendar months or less, and (ii) he shows to the satisfaction of the Secretary that he intends to continue to be in full-time attendance at an elementary or secondary school immediately following such period. An individual who does not meet the requirement of clause (ii) with respect to such period of nonattendance shall be deemed to have met such requirement (as of the beginning of such period) if he is in full-time attendance at an elementary or secondary school immediately following such period.
- (C) (i) An "elementary or secondary school" is a school which provides elementary or secondary education, respectively, as determined under the law of the State or other jurisdiction in which it is located.
- (ii) For the purpose of determining whether a child is a "full-time elementary or secondary school student" or "intends to continue to be in full-time attendance at an elementary or secondary school," within the meaning of this subsection, there shall be disregarded any education provided, or to be provided, beyond grade 12.

(D) A child who attains age 19 at a time when he is a fulltime elementary or secondary school student (as defined in subparagraph (A) of this paragraph and without the application of subparagraph (B) of such paragraph) but has not (at such time) completed the requirements for, or received, a diploma or equivalent certificate from a secondary school (as defined in subparagraph (C)(i)) shall be deemed (for purposes of determining whether his entitlement to benefits under this subsection has terminated under paragraph (1) (F) and for purposes of determining his initial entitlement to such benefits under clause (i) of paragraph (1)(B)) not to have attained such age until the first day of the first month following the end of the quarter or semester in which he is enrolled at such time (or, if the elementary or secondary school (as defined in this paragraph) in which he is enrolled is not operated on a quarter or semester system, until the first day of the first month following the completion of the course in which he is so enrolled or until the first day of the third month beginning after such time, whichever first occurs).

(8) In the case of—

(A) An individual entitled to old-age insurance benefits (other than an individual referred to in subparagraph (B)), or

(B) an individual entitled to disability insurance benefits, or an individual entitled to old-age insurance benefits who was entitled to disability insurance benefits for the month preceding the first month for which he was entitled to old-age insurance benefits,

a child of such individual adopted after such individual became entitled to such old-age or disability insurance benefits shall be deemed not to meet the requirements of chause (i) or (iii) of paragraph (1) (C) unless such child—

- (C) is the natural child or stepchild of such individual (including such a child who was legally adopted by such individual), or
- (D) (i) was legally adopted by such individual in an adoption decreed by a court of competent jurisdiction within the United States,
- (ii) was living with such individual in the United States and receiving at least one-half of his support from such individual (I) if he is an individual referred to in subparagraph (A), for

the year immediately before the month in which such individual became entitled to old-age insurance benefits or, if such individual had a period of disability which continued until he had become entitled to old-age insurance benefits, the month in which such period of disability began, or (II) if he is an individual referred to in subparagraph (B), for the year immediately before the month in which began the period of disability of such individual which still exists at the time of adoption (or, if such child was adopted by such individual after such individual attained age 65, the period of disability of such individual which existed in the month preceding the month in which he attained age 65), or the month in which such individual became entitled to disability insurance benefit, or (III) if he is an individual referred to in either subparagraph (A) or subparagraph (B) and the child is the grandchild of such individual or his or her spouse, for the year immediately before the month in which such child files his or her application for child's insurance benefits, and

(iii) had not attained the age of 18 before he began living with such individual.

In the case of a child who was born in the one-year period during which such child must have been living with and receiving at least one-half of his support from such individual, such child shall be deemed to meet such requirements for such period if, as of the close of such period, such child has lived with such individual in the United States and received at least one-half of his support from such individual for substantially all of the period which begins on the date of birth of such child.

- (9) (A) A child who is a child of an individual under clause (3) of the first sentence of section 216(e) and is not a child of such individual under clause (1) or (2) of such first sentence shall be deemed not to be dependent on such individual at the time specified in subparagraph (1)(C) of this subsection unless (i) such child was living with such individual in the United States and receiving at least one-half of his support from such individual (I) for the year immediately before the month in which such individual became entitled to old-age insurance benefits or disability insurance benefits or died, or (II) if such individual had a period of disability which continued until he had become entitled to old-age insurance benefits, or disability insurance benefits, or died, for the year immediately before the month in which such period of disability began, and (ii) the period during which such child was living with such individual began before the child attained age 18.
- (B) In the case of a child who was born in the one-year period during which such child must have been living with and receiving at least one-half of his support from such individual, such child shall be

deemed to meet such requirements for such period if, as of the closof such period, such child has lived with such individual in the Unite. States and received at least one-half of his support from such individual for substantially all of the period which begins on the date of such child's birth.

Widow's Insurance Benefits

- (e) (1) The widow (as defined in section 216(c)) and every surviving divorced wife (as defined in section 216(d)) of an individual who died a fully insured individual, if such widow or such surviving divorced wife—
 - (A) is not married,
 - (B) (i) has attained age 60, or (ii) has attained age 50 but has not attained age 60 and is under a disability (as defined in section 223(d)) which began before the end of the period specified in paragraph (5),
 - (C) (i) has filed application for widow's insurance benefits, or was entitled to wife's insurance benefits, on the basis of the wages and self-employment income of such individual, for the month preceding the month in which he died, and (I) has attained age 65 or (II) is not entitled to benefits under subsection (a) or section 223, or
 - (ii) was entitled, on the basis of such wages and self-employment income, to mother's insurance benefits for the month preceding the month in which she attained age 65, and
 - (D) is not entitled to old-age insurance benefits or is entitled to old-age insurance benefits each of which is less than the primary insurance amount of such deceased individual, shall be entitled to a widow's insurance benefit for each month, beginning with—
 - (E) if she satisfies subparagraph (B) by reason of clause (i) thereof, the first month in which she becomes so entitled to such insurance benefits, or
 - (F) if she satisfies subparagraph (B) by reason of clause (ii) thereof—
 - (i) the first month after her waiting period (as defined in paragraph (6)) in which she becomes so entitled to such insurance benefits, or
 - (ii) the first month during all of which she is under a disability and in which she becomes so entitled to such insurance benefits, but only if she was previously entitled to insurance benefits under this subsection on the basis of being under a disability and such first month occurs (I) in the period specified in paragraph (5) and (II) after the month in which a previous entitlement to such benefits on such basis terminated,

and ending with the month preceding the first month in which any of the following occurs; she remarries, dies, becomes entitled to an old-age insurance benefit equal to or exceeding the primary insurance amount of such deceased individual, or, if she became entitled to such benefits before she attained age 60, subject to section 223(e), the termination month (unless she attains age 65 on or before the last day of such termination month). For purposes of the preceding sentence, the termination month for any individual shall be the third month following the month in which her disability ceases; except that, in the case of an individual who has a period of trial work which ends as determined by application of section 222(c) (4) (A), the termination month shall be the earlier of (I) the third month following the earliest month after the end of such period of trial work with respect to which such individual is determined to no longer be suffering from a disabling physical or mental impairment, or (II) the third month following the earliest month in which such individual engages or is determined able to engage in substantial gainful activity, but in no event earlier than the first month occurring after the 15 months following such period of trial work in which he engages or is determined able to engage in substantial gainful activity.1

(2) (A) Except as provided in subsection (q), paragraph (8) of this subsection, and subparagraph (B) of this paragraph, such widow's insurance benefit for each month shall be equal to the primary insurance amount (as determined after application of the following sentence) of such deceased individual. If such deceased individual was (or upon application would have been) entitled to an old-age insurance benefit which was increased (or subject to being increased) on account of delayed retirement under the provisions of subsection (w), then, for purposes of this subsection, such individual's primary insurance amount, if less than the old-age insurance benefit (increased, where applicable, under section 215(f) (5) or (6) and under section 215(i) as if such individual were still alive in the case of an individual who has died) which he was receiving (or would upon application have received) for the month prior to the month in which he died. shall be deemed to be equal to such old-age insurance benefit, and (notwithstanding the provisions of paragraph (3) of such subsection (w) the number of increment months shall include any month in the months of the calendar year in which he died, prior to the month in which he died, which satisfy the conditions in paragraph (2) of such subsection (w).2

(B) If the deceased individual (on the basis of whose wages and self-employment income a widow or surviving divorced wife is en-

¹ Sec. 202(e) (1) was amended by sec. 303 of P.L. 96-265 effective December 1980.

² Subpar. (A) was amended by sec. 204(a), effective for months after May 1978 and by secs. 334(c)(1) and 336(a)(1) of P.L. 95-216. The amendment made by sec. 336(a)(1) is effective as specified in sec. 336(c) which is printed in this document on p. 773.

titled to widow's insurance benefits under this subsection) was, at any time, entitled to an old-age insurance benefit which was reduced by reason of the application of subsection (q), the widow's insurance benefit of such widow or surviving divorced wife for any month shall, if the amount of the widow's insurance benefit of such widow or surviving divorced wife (as determined under subparagraph (A) and after application of subsection (q)) is greater than—

(i) the amount of the old-age insurance benefit to which such deceased individual would have been entitled (after application of subsection (q)) for such month if such individual were still living and section 215(f) (5) or (6) were applied, where applicable, and ¹

¹ Subpar. (B)(1) was amended by sec. 204(b) of P.L. 95-216 and by sec. 6(a) of P.L. 96-473.

(ii) 82½ percent of the primary insurance amount of such deceased individual.

be reduced to the amount referred to in clause (i), or (if greater) the amount referred to in clause (ii).

- (3) If a widow, before attaining age 60, or a surviving divorced wife, marries—
 - (A) an individual entitled to benefits under subsection (f) or (h) of this section, or

(B) an individual who has attained the age of eighteen and is entitled to benefits under subsection (d),

such widow's or surviving divorced wife's entitlement to benefits under this subsection shall, notwithstanding the provisions of paragraph (1) but subject to subsection (s), not be terminated by reason of such marriage; except that, in the case of such a marriage to an individual entitled to benefits under subsection (d), the preceding provisions of this paragraph shall not apply with respect to benefits for months after the last month for which such individual is entitled to such benefits under subsection (d) unless he ceases to be so entitled by reason of his death.¹

- (4) If a widow, after attaining age 60, marries, such marriage shall, for purposes of paragraph (1), be deemed not to have occurred.²
- (5) The period referred to in paragraph (1)(B)(ii), in the case of any widow or surviving divorced wife, is the period beginning with whichever of the following is the latest:
 - (A) the month in which occurred the death of the fully insured individual referred to in paragraph (1) on whose wages and self-employment income her benefits are or would be based, or
 - (B) the last month for which she was entitled to mother's insurance benefits on the basis of the wages and self-employment income of such individual, or

(C) the month in which a previous entitlement to widow's insurance benefits on the basis of such wages and self-employment income terminated because her disability had ceased,

and ending with the month before the month in which she attains age 60, or, if earlier, with the close of the eighty-fourth month following the month with which such period began.

(6) The waiting period referred to in paragraph (1)(F), in the case of any widow or surviving divorced wife, is the earliest period of five consecutive calendar months—

¹ Paragraph (3) was amended by sec. 336(a)(2) of Public Law 95-216 effective as specified in sec. 336(c) which is printed in this document on p. 773.

⁵ Paragraph (4) was amended by sec. 336(b)(2) of Public Law 95-216 effective as specified in sec. 336(c) which is printed in this document on p. 773. (In general, the amendment is effective January 1979.)

- (A) throughout which she has been under a disability, and
- (B) which begins not earlier than with whichever of the following is the later: (i) the first day of the seventeenth month before the month in which her application is filed, or (ii) the first day of the fifth month before the month in which the period specified in paragraph (5) begins.
- (7) In the case of an individual entitled to monthly insurance benefits payable under this section for any month prior to January 1973 whose benefits were not redetermined under section 102(g) of the Social Security Amendments of 1972, such benefits shall not be redetermined pursuant to such section, but shall be increased pursuant to any general benefit increase (as defined in section 215(i)(3)) or any increase in benefits made under or pursuant to section 215(i), including for this purpose the increase provided effective for March 1974, as though such redetermination had been made.
- (8) (A) The amount of a widow's insurance benefit for each month as determined (after application of the provisions of subsections (q) and (k), paragraph (2) (B), and paragraph (4)) shall be reduced (but not below zero) by an amount equal to the amount of any monthly periodic benefit payable to such widow (or surviving divorced wife) for such month which is based upon her earnings while in the service of the Federal Government or any State (or any political subdivision thereof, as defined in section 218(b)(2)) if, on the last day she was employed by such entity, such service did not constitute "employment" as defined in section 210.
- (B) For purposes of this paragraph, any periodic benefit which otherwise meets the requirements of subparagraph (A), but which is paid on other than a monthly basis, shall be allocated on a basis equivalent to a monthly benefit (as dete. mined by the Secretary) and such equivalent monthly benefit shall constitute a monthly periodic benefit for purposes of subparagraph (A). For purposes of this subparagraph, the term "periodic benefit" includes a benefit payable in a lump sum if it is a commutation of, or a substitute for, periodic payments.¹

Widower's Insurance Benefits

- (f) (1) The widower (as defined in section 216(g)) of an individual who died a fully insured individual, if such widower—
 - (A) has not remarried,
 - (B) (i) has attained age 60, or (ii) has attained age 50 but has not attained age 60 and is under a disability (as defined in section 223(d)) which began before the end of the period specified in paragraph (6),

¹ Paragraph (8) was added by sec. 334(c)(2) of Public Law 95-216, effective as specified in sec. 334(f) and subject to the exception specified in sec. 334(g). These subsections are printed in this document on pp. 772-773.

- (C) has filed application for widower's insurance benefits or was entitled to husband's insurance benefits, on the basis of th wages and self-employment income of such individual, for the month preceding the month in which she died, and (I) has attained age 65 or (II) is not entitled to benefits under subsection (a) or section 223,
- (D) is not entitled to old-age insurance benefits, or is entitled to old-age insurance benefits each of which is less than the primary insurance amount of his deceased wife,

shall be entitled to a widower's insurance benefit for each month, beginning with—

- (E) if he satisfies subparagraph (B) by reason of clause (i) thereof, the first month in which he becomes so entitled to such insurance benefits, or
- (F) if he satisfies subparagraph (B) by reason of clause (ii) thereof—
 - (i) the first month after his waiting period (as defined in paragraph (7)) in which he becomes so entitled to such insurance benefits, or
 - (ii) the first month during all of which he is under a disability and in which he becomes so entitled to such insurance benefits, but only if he was previously entitled to insurance benefits under this subsection on the basis of being under a disability and such first month occurs (I) in the period specified in paragraph (6) and (II) after the month in which a previous entitlement to such benefits on such basis terminated,

and ending with the month preceding the first month in which any of the following occurs: he remarries, dies, or becomes entitled to an oldage insurance benefit equal to or exceeding the primary insurance amount of his deceased wife, or, if he became entitled to such benefits before he attained age 60, subject to section 223(e), the termination month (unless he attains age 65 on or before the last day of such termination month). For purposes of the preceding sentence, the termination month for any individual shall be the third month following the month in which his disability ceases; except that, in the case of an individual who has a period of trial work which ends as determined by application of section 222(c)(4)(A), the termination month shall be the earlier of (I) the third month following the earliest month after the end of such period of trial work with respect to which such individual is determined to no longer be suffering from a disabling physical or mental impairment, or (II) the third month following

the earliest month in which such individual engages or is determined able to engage in substantial gainful activity, but in no event earlier than the first month occurring after the 15 months following such period of trial work in which he engages or is determined able to engage in substantial gainful activity.¹

(2)(A) The amount of widower's insurance benefit for each month (as determined after application of the provisions of subsections (k) and (q), paragraph (3)(B), and paragraph (5)) shall be reduced (but not below zero) by an amount equal to the amount of any monthly periodic benefit payable to such widower for such month which is based upon his earnings while in the service of the Federal Government or any State (or any political subdivision thereof, as defined in section 218(b)(2)) if, on the last day he was employed by

¹ Par. (1) was amended by sec. 334(d) (1) of P.L. 95–216 and (effective December 1980) by sec. 303 of P.L. 96–265.

such entity, such service did not constitute "employment" as defined in section 210.

- (B) For purposes of this paragraph, any periodic benefit which otherwise meets the requirements of subparagraph (A), but which is paid on other than a monthly basis, shall be allocated on a basis equivalent to a monthly benefit (as determined by the Secretary) and such equivalent monthly benefit shall constitute a monthly periodic benefit for purposes of subparagraph (A). For purposes of this subparagraph, the term "periodic benefit" includes a benefit payable in a lump sum if it is a commutation of, or a substitute for, periodic payments.
- (3)(A) Except as provided in subsection (q), paragraph (2), of this subsection, and subparagraph (B) of this paragraph, such widower's insurance benefit for each month shall be equal to the primary insurance amount (as determined after application of the following sentence) of his deceased wife. If such deceased individual was (or upon application would have been) entitled to an old-age insurance benefit which was increased (or subject to being increased) on account of delayed retirement under the provisions of subsection (w), then, for purposes of this subsection, such individual's primary insurance amount, if less than the old-age insurance benefit (increased, where applicable, under section 215(f) (5) or (6) and under section 215(i) as if such individual were still alive in the case of an individual who has died) which she was receiving (or would upon application have received) for the month prior to the month in which she died, shall be deemed to be equal to such old-age insurance benefit, and (notwithstanding the provisions of paragraph (3) of such subsection (w)) the number of increment months shall include any month in the months of the calendar year in which she died, prior to the month in which she died, which satisfy the conditions in paragraph (2) of such subsection (w).2
- (B) If the deceased wife (on the basis of whose wages and selfemployment income a widower is entitled to widower's insurance benefits under this subsection) was, at any time, entitled to an old-age insurance benefit which was reduced by reason of the application of subsection (q), the widower's insurance benefit of such widower for any month shall, if the amount of the widower's insurance benefit of such widower (as determined under subparagraph (A) and after application of subsection (q)) is greater than—
 - (i) the amount of the old-age insurance benefit to which such deceased wife would have been entitled (after application of sub-

¹ Paragraph (2) was amended by sec. 334(d) (2) of Public Law 95–216 effective as specified in sec. 334(f) and subject to the exception specified in sec. 334(g). These subsections are printed in this document on pp. 772–778.

² Paragraph (3)(A) was amended by sec. 204(c) of Public Law 95–216 effective for months after May 1978, Paragraph (3)(A) was also amended by sec. 334(d)(3) and sec. 336(b)(1) of Public Law 95–216.

section (q)) for such month if such wife were still living and section 215(f) (5) or (6) were applied, where applicable,;

(ii) 821/2 percent of the primary insurance amount of such deceased wife:

be reduced to the amount referred to in clause (i), or (if greater) the amount referred to in clause (ii).1

(4) If a widower, before attaining age 60, remarries—

(A) an individual entitled to benefits under subsection (b), (e), (g), or (h), or

(B) an individual who has attained the age of eighteen and is entitled to benefits under subsection (d),

such widower's entitlement to benefits under this subsection shall, notwithstanding the provisions of paragraph (1) but subject to subsection (s), not be terminated by reason of such marriage.2

- (5) If a widower, after attaining the age of 60, marries, such marriage shall, for purposes of paragraph (1), be deemed not to
- have occurred.3
- (6) The period referred to in paragraph (1)(B)(ii), in the case of any widower, is the period beginning with whichever of the following is the latest:
 - (A) the month in which occurred the death of the fully insured individual referred to in paragraph (1) on whose wages and self-employment income his benefits are or would be based,
 - (B) the month in which a previous entitlement to widower's insurance benefits on the basis of such wages and self-employment income terminated because his disability had ceased,

and ending with the month before the month in which he attains age 60, or, if earlier, with the close of the eighty-fourth month following the month with which such period began.

- (7) The waiting period referred to in paragraph (1)(F), in the case of any widower, is the earliest period of five consecutive calendar months-
 - (A) throughout which he has been under a disability, and
 - (B) which begins not earlier than with whichever of the following is the later: (i) the first day of the seventeenth month before the month in which his application is filed, or (ii) the first day of the fifth month before the month in which the period specified in paragraph (6) begins.4
- (8) In the case of an individual entitled to monthly insurance benefits payable under this section for any month prior to January

¹ Paragraph (3) was amended by sec. 204(d) of Public Law 95–216 effective for months after May 1978. The comma preceding the semicolon is a technical error.

² Paragraph (4) was amended by sec. 336(b)(2) of Public Law 95–216.

³ Paragraph (5) was amended by sec. 336(b)(8) of Public Law 95–216 effective as specified in sec. 336(c) which is printed in this document on p. 778.

⁴ Paragraph (7) was amended by sec. 334(d)(4)(A) of Public Law 95–216.

1973 whose benefits were not redetermined under section 102(g) of the Social Security Amendments of 1972, such benefits shall not be redetermined pursuant to such section, but shall be increased pursuant to any general benefit increase (as defined in section 215(i)(3)) or any increase in benefits made under or pursuant to section 215(i), including for this purpose the increase provided effective for March 1974, as though such redetermination had been made.

Mother's Insurance Benefits

- (g) (1) The widow and every surviving divorced mother (as defined in section 216(d)) of an individual who died a fully or currently insured individual, if such widow or surviving divorced mother—
 - (A) is not married.

(B) is not entitled to a widow's insurance benefit,

(C) is not entitled to old-age insurance benefits, or is entitled to old-age insurance benefits each of which is less than three-fourths of the primary insurance amount of such individual,

(D) has filed application for mother's insurance benefits, or was entitled to wife's insurance benefits on the basis of the wages and self-employment income of such individual for the month preceding the month in which he died,

(E) at the time of filing such application has in her care a child of such individual entitled to a child's insurance benefit, and

(F) in the case of a surviving divorced mother—

(i) the child referred to in subparagraph (E) is her son, daughter, or legally adopted child, and

(ii) the benefits referred to in such subparagraph are payable on the basis of such individual's wages and self-employment income.

shall (subject to subsection (s)) be entitled to a mother's insurance benefit for each month, beginning with the first month after August 1950 in which she becomes so entitled to such insurance benefits and ending with the month preceding the first month in which any of the following occurs: no child of such deceased individual is entitled to a child's insurance benefit, such widow or surviving divorced mother becomes entitled to an old-age insurance benefit equal to or exceeding three-fourths of the primary insurance amount of such deceased individual, she becomes entitled to a widow's insurance benefit, she remarries, or she dies. Entitlement to such benefits shall also end, in the case of a surviving divorced mother, with the month immediately preceding the first month in which no son, daughter, or legally adopted child of such surviving divorced mother is entitled to a child's insurance benefit on the basis of the wages and self-employment income of such deceased individual.

- (2) Except as provided in paragraph (4) of this subsection, such mother's insurance benefit for each month shall be equal to three-fourths of the primary insurance amount of such deceased individual.
- (3) In the case of a widow or surviving divorced mother who marries—
 - (A) an individual entitled to benefits under subsection (a), (f), or (h), or under section 223(a), or
 - (B) an individual who has attained the age of eighteen and is entitled to benefits under subsection (d),

the entitlement of such widow or surviving divorced mother to benefits under this subsection shall, notwithstanding the provisions of paragraph (1) but subject to subsection (s), not be terminated by reason of such marriage; except that, in the case of such a marriage to an individual entitled to benefits under section 223(a) or subsection (d) of this section, the preceding provisions of this paragraph shall not apply with respect to benefits for months after the last month for which such individual is entitled to such benefits under section 223(a) or subsection (d) of this section unless (i) he ceases to be so entitled by reason of his death, or (ii) in the case of an individual who was entitled to benefits under section 223(a), he is entitled, for the month following such last month, to benefits under subsection (a) of this section.

- (4) (A) The amount of a mother's insurance benefit for each month to which any individual is entitled under this subsection (as determined after application of subsection (k)) shall be reduced (but not below zero) by an amount equal to the amount of any monthly periodic benefit payable to such individual for such month which is based upon such individual's earnings while in the service of the Federal Government or any State (or political subdivision thereof, as defined in section 218(b)(2)) if, on the last day such individual was employed by such entity, such service did not constitute "employment" as defined in section 210.
- (B) For purposes of this paragraph, any periodic benefit which otherwise meets the requirements of subparagraph (A), but which is paid on other than a monthly basis, shall be allocated on a basis equivalent to a monthly benefit (as determined by the Secretary) and such equivalent monthly benefit shall constitute a monthly periodic benefit for purposes of subparagraph (A). For purposes of this subparagraph, the term "periodic benefit" includes a benefit payable in a lump sum if it is a commutation of, or a substitute for, periodic payments.¹

¹ Paragraph (2) was amended and paragraph (4) was added by sec. 334(e) of Public Law 95–216 effective as specified in sec. 334(f) and subject to the exception specified in sec. 334(g). These subsections are printed in this document on pp. 772–773.

Parent's Insurance Benefits

- (h) (1) Every parent (as defined in this subsection) of an individual who died a fully insured individual if such parent—
 - (A) has attained age 62,
 - (B) (i) was receiving at least one-half of his support from such individual at the time of such individual's death or, if such individual had a period of disability which did not end prior to the month in which he died, at the time such period began or at the time of such death, and (ii) filed proof of such support within two years after the date of such death, or, if such individual had such a period of disability, within two years after the month in which such individual filed application with respect to such period of disability or two years after the date of such death, as the case may be,

(C) has not married since such individual's death,

- (D) is not entitled to old-age insurance benefits, or is entitled to old-age insurance benefits each of which is less than 82½ percent of the primary insurance amount of such deceased individual if the amount of the parent's insurance benefit for such amount is determinable under paragraph (2)(A) (or 75 percent of such primary insurance amount in any other case), and
- (E) has filed application for parent's insurance benefits, shall be entitled to a parent's insurance benefit for each month beginning with the first month after August 1950 in which such parent becomes so entitled to such parent's insurance benefits and ending with the month preceding the first month in which any of the following occurs: such parent dies, marries, or becomes entitled to an old-age insurance benefit equal to or exceeding 82½ percent of the primary insurance amount of such deceased individual if the amount of the parent's insurance benefit for such month is determinable under paragraph (2) (A) (or 75 percent of such primary insurance amount in any other case).

(2) (A) Except as provided in subparagraphs (B) and (C), such parent's insurance benefit for each month shall be equal to 82½ percent of the primary insurance amount of such deceased individual.

- (B) For any month for which more than one parent is entitled to parent's insurance benefits on the basis of such deceased individual's wages and self-employment income, such benefit for each such parent for such month shall (except as provided in subparagraph (C)) be equal to 75 percent of the primary insurance amount of such deceased individual.
 - (C) In any case in which-
 - (i) any parent is entitled to a parent's insurance benefit for a month on the basis of a deceased individual's wages and self-employment income, and

(ii) another parent of such deceased individual is entitled to a parent's insurance benefit for such month on the basis of such wages and self-employment income, and on the basis of an application filed after such month and after the month in which the application for the parent's benefits referred to in clause (i) was filed,

the amount of the parent's insurance benefit of the parent referred to in clause (i) for the month referred to in such clause shall be determined under subparagraph (A) instead of subparagraph (B) and the amount of the parent's insurance benefit of a parent referred to in clause (ii) for such month shall be equal to 150 percent of the primary insurance amount of the deceased individual minus the amount (before the application of section 203(a)) of the benefit for such month of the parent referred to in clause (i).

- (3) As used in this subsection, the term "parent" means the mother or father of an individual, a stepparent of an individual by a marriage contracted before such individual attained the age of sixteen, or an adopting parent by whom an individual was adopted before he attained the age of sixteen.
 - (4) In the case of a parent who marries—
 - (A) an individual entitled to benefits under this subsection or subsection (b), (e), (f), or (g), or
 - (B) an individual who has attained the age of eighteen and is entitled to benefits under subsection (d),

such parent's entitlement to benefits under this subsection shall, notwithstanding the provisions of paragraph (1) but subject to subsection(s), not be terminated by reason of such marriage; except that, in the case of such a marriage to a male individual entitled to benefits under subsection (d), the preceding provisions of this paragraph shall not apply with respect to benefits for months after the last month for which such individual is entitled to such benefits under subsection (d) unless he ceases to be so entitled by reason of his death.

Lump-Sum Death Payments 1

(i) Upon the death, after August 1950, of an individual who died a fully or currently insured individual, an amount equal to three times such individual's primary insurance amount (as determined without regard to the amendments made by section 2201 of the Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act of 1981, relating to the repeal of the minimum benefit provisions), or an amount equal to \$255, whichever is the smaller, shall be paid in a lump sum to the person, if any, determined by the Secretary to be the widow or widower of the deceased and to have been living in the same household with the deceased at the time of death. If there is no such person, or if such person dies before receiving payment, then such amount shall be paid—

¹ Subsec. (1) was amended by secs. 2201 and 2202 of P.L. 97-35.

(1) to a widow (as defined in section 216(c)) or widower (as defined in section 216(g)) who is entitled (or would have been so entitled had a timely application been filed), on the basis of the wages and self-employment income of such insured individual, to benefits under subsection (e), (f), or (g) of this section for the month in which occurred such individual's death; or

(2) if no person qualifies for payment under paragraph (1), or if such person dies before receiving payment, in equal shares to each person who is entitled (or would have been so entitled had a timely application been filed), on the basis of the wages and self-employment income of such insured individual, to benefits under subsection (d) of this section for the month in which oc-

curred such individual's death.

No payment shall be made to any person under this subsection unless application therefor shall have been filed, by or on behalf of such person (whether or not legally competent), prior to the expiration of two years after the date of death of such insured individual, or unless such person was entitled to wife's or husband's insurance benefits, on the basis of the wages and self-employment income of such insured individual, for the month preceding the month in which such individual died. In the case of any individual who died out-

side the forty-eight States and the District of Columbia after December 1953 and before January 1, 1957, whose death occurred while he was in the active military or naval service of the United States, and who is returned to any of such States, the District of Columbia, Alaska, Hawaii, the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, the Virgin Islands. Guam. or American Samos for interment or reinterment, the provisions of the preceding sentence shall not prevent payment to any person under the second sentence of this subsection if application for a lump-sum death payment with respect to such deceased individual is filed by or on behalf of such person (whether or not legally competent) prior to the expiration of two years after the date of such interment or reinterment. In the case of any individual who died outside the fifty States and the District of Columbia after December 1956 while he was performing service, as a member of a uniformed service, to which the provisions of section 210(1)(1) are applicable, and who is returned to any State or to any Territory or possession of the United States, for interment or reinterment, the provisions of the third sentence of this subsection shall not prevent payment to any person under the second sentence of this subsection if application for a lump-sum death payment with respect to such deceased individual is filed by or on behalf of such person (whether or not legally competent) prior to the expiration of two years after the date of such interment or reinterment.

Application for Monthly Insurance Benefits

(j) (1) Subject to the limitations contained in paragraph (4), an individual who would have been entitled to a benefit under subsection (a), (b), (c), (d), (e), (f), (g), or (h) for any month after August 1950 had he filed application therefor prior to the end of such month shall be entitled to such benefit for such month if he files application therefor prior to—

(A) the end of the twelfth month immediately succeeding such month in any case where the individual (i) is filing application for a benefit under subsection (e) or (f), and satisfies paragraph (1) (B) of such subsection by reason of clause (ii) thereof, or (ii) is filing application for a benefit under subsection (b), (c), or (d) on the basis of the wages and self-employment income of a person entitled to disability insurance benefits, or

(B) the end of the sixth month immediately succeeding such month in any case where subparagraph (A) does not apply.

Any benefit under this title for a month prior to the month in which application is filed shall be reduced, to any extent that may be necessary, so that it will not render erroneous any benefit which, before the filing of such application, the Secretary has certified for payment for such prior month.¹

¹ Par. (1) was amended by sec. 882(a) of P.L. 95-216 and, effective Mar. 1, 1881, by sec. 1011 of P.L. 96-499.

(2) An application for any monthly benefits under this section filed before the first month in which the applicant satisfies the requirements for such benefits shall be deemed a valid application (and shall be deemed to have been filed in such first month) only if the applicant satisfies the requirements for such benefits before the Secretary makes a final decision on the application and no request under section 205(b) for notice and opportunity for a hearing thereon is made or, if such a request is made, before a decision based upon the evidence adduced

at the hearing is made (regardless of whether such decision becomes the final decision of the Secretary).

- (3) Notwithstanding the provisions of paragraph (1), an individual may, at his option, waive entitlement to any benefit referred to in paragraph (1) for any one or more consecutive months (beginning with the earliest month for which such individual would otherwise be entitled to such benefit) which occur before the month in which such individual files application for such benefit; and, in such case, such individual shall not be considered as entitled to such benefits for any such month or months before such individual filed such application. An individual shall be deemed to have waived such entitlement for any such month for which such benefit would, under the second sentence of paragraph (1), be reduced to zero.
- (4) (A) Except as provided in subparagraph (B), no individual shall be entitled to a monthly benefit under subsection (a), (b), (c), (e), or (f) for any month prior to the month in which he or she files an application for benefits under that subsection if the effect of entitlement to such benefit would be to reduce, pursuant to subsection (q), the amount of the monthly benefit to which such individual would otherwise be entitled for the month in which such application is filed.
- (B) (i) If the individual applying for retroactive benefits is applying for such benefits under subsection (a), and there are one or more other persons who would (except for subparagraph (A)) be entitled for any month, on the basis of the wages and self-employment income of such individual and because of such individual's entitlement to such retroactive benefits, to retroactive benefits under subsection (b), (c), or (d) not subject to reduction under subsection (q), then subparagraph (A) shall not apply with respect to such month or any subsequent month.
- (ii) If the individual applying for retroactive benefits is a widow, surviving divorced wife, or widower and is under a disability (as defined in section 223(d)), and such individual would, except for subparagraph (A), be entitled to retroactive benefits as a disabled widow or widower or disabled surviving divorced wife for any month before attaining the age of 60, then subparagraph (A) shall not apply with respect to such month or any subsequent month.
- (iii) If the individual applying for retroactive benefits has excess earnings (as defined in section 203(f)) in the year in which he or she files an application for such benefits which could, except for subparagraph (A), be charged to months in such year prior to the month of application, then subparagraph (A) shall not apply to so many of such months immediately preceding the month of application as are required to charge such excess earnings to the maximum extent possible.

Par. (2) was amended by sec. 306 of P.L. 96-265.

(iv) As used in this subparagraph, the term "retroactive benefits" means benefits to which an individual becomes entitled for a month prior to the month in which application for such benefits is filed.¹

Simultaneous Entitlement to Benefits

- (k) (1) A child, entitled to child's insurance benefits on the basis of the wages and self-employment income of an insured individual, who would be entitled, on filing application, to child's insurance benefits on the basis of the wages and self-employment income of some other insured individual, shall be deemed entitled, subject to the provisions of paragraph (2) hereof, to child's insurance benefits on the basis of the wages and self-employment income of such other individual if an application for child's insurance benefits on the basis of the wages and self-employment income of such other individual has been filed by any other child who would, on filing application, be entitled to child's insurance benefits on the basis of the wages and self-employment income of both such insured individuals.
- (2) (A) Any child who under the preceding provisions of this section is entitled for any month to child's insurance benefits on the wages and self-employment income of more than one insured individual shall. notwithstanding such provisions, be entitled to only one of such child's insurance benefits for such month. Such child's insurance benefits for such month shall be the benefit based on the wages and self-employment income of the insured individual who has the greatest primary insurance amount, except that such child's insurance benefits for such month shall be the largest benefit to which such child could be entitled under subsection (d) (without the application of section 203(a)) or subsection (m) if entitlement to such benefit would not, with respect to any person, result in a benefit lower (after the application of section 203(a)) than the benefit which would be applicable if such child were entitled on the wages and self-employment income of the individual with the greatest primary insurance amount. Where more than one child is entitled to child's insurance benefits pursuant to the preceding provisions of this paragraph, each such child who is entitled on the wages and self-employment income of the same insured individuals shall be entitled on the wages and self-employment income of the same such insured individual.
- (B) Any individual (other than an individual to whom subsection (e) (4) or (f) (5) applies) who, under the preceding provisions of this section and under the provisions of section 223, is entitled for any month to more than one monthly insurance benefit (other than old-age or disability insurance benefit) under this title shall be entitled to only one such monthly benefit for such month, such benefit to be the largest

¹ Paragraph (4) was added by sec. 382(a) of P.L. 95-216.

of the monthly benefits to which he (but for this subparagraph (B)) would otherwise be entitled for such months. Any individual who is entitled for any month to more than one widow's or widower's insurance benefit to which subsection (e) (4) or (f) (5) applies shall be entitled to only one such benefit for such month, such benefit to be the largest of such benefits.

(3) (A) If an individual is entitled to an old-age or disability insurance benefit for any month and to any other monthly insurance benefit for such month, such other insurance benefit for such month, after any reduction under subsection (q), subsection (e) (2) or (f) (3), and any reduction under section 203(a), shall be reduced, but not below zero, by an amount equal to such old-age or disability insurance benefit (after reduction under such subsection (q)).

(B) If an individual is entitled for any month to a widow's or widower's insurance benefit to which subsection (e) (4) or (f) (5) applies and to any other monthly insurance benefit under section 202 (other than an old-age insurance benefit), such other insurance benefit for such month, after any reduction under subparagraph (A), any reduction under subsection (q), and any reduction under section 203 (a), shall be reduced, but not below zero, by an amount equal to such widow's or widower's insurance benefit after any reduction or reductions under such subparagraph (A) and such section 203(a).

(4) Any individual who, under this section and section 223, is entitled for any month to both an old-age insurance benefit and a disability insurance benefit under this title shall be entitled to only the larger of such benefits for such month, except that, if such individual so elects, he shall instead be entitled to only the smaller of such benefits for such month.

Entitlement to Survivor Benefits Under Railroad Retirement Act

(1) If any person would be entitled, upon filing application therefor to an annuity under section 2 of the Railroad Retirement Act of 1974, or to a lump-sum payment under section (6)(b) of such Act, with respect to the death of an employee (as defined in such Act) no lump-sum death payment, and no monthly benefit for the month in which such employee died or for any month thereafter, shall be paid under this section to any person on the basis of the wages and self-employment income of such employee.

(m) [Repealed.] 1

¹ Repealed by sec. 2201 of P.L. 97-85.

Termination of Benefits Upon Deportation of Primary Beneficiary

- (n) (1) If any individual is (after the date of enactment of this subsection) deported under paragraph (1), (2), (4), (5), (6), (7), (10), (11), (12), (14), (15), (16), (17), or (18) of section 241(a) of the Immigration and Nationality Act, then, notwithstanding any other provisions of this title—
 - (A) no monthly benefit under this section or section 223 shall be paid to such individual, on the basis of his wages and self-employment income, for any month occurring (i) after the month in which the Secretary is notified by the Attorney General that such

¹ Paragraph (1) was amended by sec. 205(a) of Public Law 95-216 effective for benefits payable after December 1978.

individual has been so deported, and (ii) before the month in which such individual is thereafter lawfully admitted to the United States for permanent residence.

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- (B) if no benefit could be paid to such individual (or if no benefit could be paid to him if he were alive) for any month by reason of subparagraph (A), no monthly benefit under this section shall be paid, on the basis of his wages and self-employment income, for such month to any other person who is not a citizen of the United States and is outside the United States for any part of such month, and
- (C) no lump-sum death payment shall be made on the basis of such individual's wages and self-employment income if he dies
- (i) in or after the month in which such notice is received, and
- (ii) before the month in which he is thereafter lawfully admitted to the United States for permanent residence.

Section 203 (b), (c), and (d) of this Act shall not apply with respect to any such individual for any month for which no monthly benefit may be paid to him by reason of this paragraph.

(2) As soon as practicable after the deportation of any individual under any of the paragraphs of section 241(a) of the Immigration and Nationality Act enumerated in paragraph (1) in this subsection, the Attorney General shall notify the Secretary of such deportation.

Application for Benefits by Survivors of Members and Former Members of the Uniformed Services

(o) In the case of any individual who would be entitled to benefits under subsection (d), (e), (g), or (h), upon filing proper application therefor, the filing with the Administrator of Veterans' Affairs by or on behalf of such individual of an application for such benefits, on the form described in section 3005 of title 38, United States Code, shall satisfy the requirement of such subsection (d), (e), (g), or (h) that an application for such benefits be filed.

Extension of Period for Filing Proof of Support and Applications for Lump-Sum Death Payment

- (p) In any case in which there is a failure—
 - (1) to file proof of support under subparagraph (B) of subsection (h)(1), or under clause (B) of subsection (f)(1) of this section as in effect prior to the Social Security Act Amendments of 1950, within the period prescribed by such subparagraph or clause, or ¹
 - (2) to file, in the case of a death after 1946, application for a lump-sum death payment under subsection (i), or under subsection

¹ Paragraph (1) was amended by sec. 334(d) (5) of Public Law 95–216 effective as specified in sec. 334(f) which is printed in this document on p. 772.

(g) of this section as in effect prior to the Social Security Act Amendments of 1950, within the period prescribed by such subsection,

any such proof or application, as the case may be, which is filed after the expiration of such period shall be deemed to have been filed within such period if it is shown to the satisfaction of the Secretary that there was good cause for failure to file such proof or application within such period. The determination of what constitutes good cause for purposes of this subsection shall be made in accordance with regulations of the Secretary.

Reduction of Benefit Amounts for Certain Beneficiaries

- (q) (1) If the first month for which an individual is entitled to an old-age, wife's, husband's, widow's, or widower's insurance benefit is a month before the month in which such individual attains retirement age, the amount of such benefit for such month and for any subsequent month shall, subject to the succeeding paragraphs of this subsection, be reduced by—
 - (A) % of 1 percent of such amount if such benefit is an oldage insurance benefit, ²⁵%6 of 1 percent of such amount if such benefit is a wife's or husband's insurance benefit, or ¹⁹%0 of 1 percent of such amount if such benefit is a widow's or widower's insurance benefit, multiplied by—
 - (B) (i) the number of months in the reduction period for such benefit (determined under paragraph (6)(A)), if such benefit is for a month before the month in which such individual attains retirement age, or
 - (ii) if less, the number of such months in the adjusted reduction period for such benefit (determined under paragraph (7)), if such benefit is (I) for the month in which such individual attains age 62, or (II) for the month in which such individual attains retirement age;

and in the case of a widow or widower whose first month of entitlement to a widow's or widower's insurance benefit is a month before the month in which such widow or widower attains age 60, such benefit, reduced pursuant to the preceding provisions of this paragraph (and before the application of the second sentence of paragraph (8)), shall be further reduced by—

(C) ⁴%₄₀ of 1 percent of the amount of such benefit, multiplied by—

(D) (i) the number of months in the additional reduction period for such benefit (determined under paragraph (6)(B)), if such benefit is for a month before the month in which such individual attains age 62, or

- (ii) if less, the number of months in the additional adjusted reduction period for such benefit (determined under paragraph (7)), if such benefit is for the month in which such individual attains age 62 or any month thereafter.
- (2) If an individual is entitled to a disability insurance benefit for a month after a month for which such individual was entitled to an old-age insurance benefit, such disability insurance benefit for each month shall be reduced by the amount such old-age insurance benefit would be reduced under paragraphs (1) and (4) for such months had such individual attained age 65 in the first month for which he most recently became entitled to a disability insurance benefit.
- (3) (A) If the first month for which an individual both is entitled to a wife's, husband's, widow's, or widower's insurance benefit and has attained age 62 (in the case of a wife's or husband's insurance benefit) or age 50 (in the case of a widow's or widower's insurance benefit) is a month for which such individual is also entitled to—
 - (i) an old-age insurance benefit (to which such individual was first entitled for a month before he attains age 65), or
- (ii) a disability insurance benefit, then in lieu of any reduction under paragraph (1) (but subject to the succeeding paragraphs of this subsection) such wife's, husband's, widow's, or widower's insurance benefit for each month shall be reduced as provided in subparagraph (B), (C), or (D).
- (B) For any month for which such individual is entitled to an oldage insurance benefit and is not entitled to a disability insurance benefit, such individual's wife's, or husband's insurance benefit shall be reduced by the sum of—
 - (i) the amount by which such old-age insurance benefit is reduced under paragraph (1) for such month, and
 - (ii) the amount by which such wife's or husband's insurance benefit would be reduced under paragraph (1) for such month if it were equal to the excess of such wife's or husband's insurance benefit (before reduction under this subsection) over such oldage insurance benefit (before reduction under this subsection).
- (C) For any month for which such individual is entitled to a disability insurance benefit, such individual's wife's, husband's, widow's, or widower's insurance benefit shall be reduced by the sum of—
 - (i) the amount by which such disability insurance benefit is reduced under paragraph (2) for such month (if such paragraph applied to such benefit), and
 - (ii) the amount by which such wife's, husband's, widow's, or widower's insurance benefit would be reduced under paragraph (1) for such month if it were equal to the excess of such wife's, husband's, widow's, or widower's insurance benefit (before re-

duction under this subsection) over such disability insurance benefit (before reduction under this subsection).

(D) For any month for which such individual is entitled neither to an old-age insurance benefit nor to a disability insurance benefit, such individual's wife's, husband's, widow's, or widower's insurance benefit shall be reduced by the amount by which it would be reduced

under paragraph (1).

(E) If the first month for which an individual is entitled to an oldage insurance benefit (whether such first month occurs before, with, or after the month in which such individual attains the age of 65) is a month for which such individual is also (or would, but for subsection (e)(1) in the case of a widow or surviving divorced wife or subsection (f)(1) in the case of a widower, be) entitled to a widow's or widower's insurance benefit to which such individual was first entitled for a month before she or he attained retirement age, then such old-age insurance benefit shall be reduced by whichever of the following is the larger:

(i) the amount by which (but for this subparagraph) such old-age insurance benefit would have been reduced under para-

graph (1), or

(ii) the amount equal to the sum of (I) the amount by which such widow's or widower's insurance benefit would be reduced under paragraph (1) if the period specified in paragraph (6) (A) ended with the month before the month in which she or he attained age 62 and (II) the amount by which such old-age insurance benefit would be reduced under paragraph (1) if it were equal to the excess of such old-age insurance benefit (before reduction under this subsection).

(F) If the first month for which an individual is entitled to a disability insurance benefit (when such first month occurs with or after the month in which such individual attains the age of 62) is a month for which such individual is also (or would, but for subsection (e) (1) in the case of a widow or surviving divorced wife or subsection (f) (1) in the case of a widower, be) entitled to a widow's or widower's insurance benefit to which such individual was first entitled for a month before she or he attained retirement age, then such disability insurance benefit for each month shall be reduced by whichever of the following is larger:

(i) the amount by which (but for this subparagraph) such disability insurance benefit would have been reduced under paragraph (2), or

(ii) the amount equal to the sum of (I) the amount by which such widow's or widower's insurance benefit would be reduced

- under paragraph (1) if the period specified in paragraph (6) (A) ended with the month before the month in which she or he attained age 62 and (II) the amount by which such disability insurance benefit would be reduced under paragraph (2) if it were equal to the excess of such disability insurance benefit (before reduction under this subsection) over such widow's or widower's insurance benefit (before reduction under this subsection).
- (G) If the first month for which an individual is entitled to a disability insurance benefit (when such first month occurs before the month in which such individual attains the age of 62) is a month for which such individual is also (or would, but for subsection (e) (1) in the case of a widow or surviving divorced wife or subsection (f) (1) in the case of a widower, be) entitled to a widow's or widower's insurance benefit, then such disability insurance benefit for each month shall be reduced by the amount such widow's insurance benefit would be reduced under paragraphs (1) and (4) for such month as if the period specified in paragraph (6) (A) (or, if such paragraph does not apply, the period specified in paragraph (6) (B)) ended with the month before the first month for which she or he most recently became entitled to a disability insurance benefit.
- (H) Notwithstanding subparagraph (A) of this paragraph, if the first month for which an individual is entitled to a widow's or widower's insurance benefit is a month for which such individual is also entitled to an old-age insurance benefit to which such individual was first entitled for that month or for a month before she or he became entitled to a widow's or widower's benefit, the reduction in such widow's or widower's insurance benefit shall be determined under paragraph (1).1

(4) If—

(A) an individual is or was entitled to a benefit subject to reduction under paragraph (1) or (3) of this subsection, and

(B) such benefit is increased by reason of an increase in the primary insurance amount of the individual on whose wages and self-employment income such benefit is based,

then the amount of the reduction of such benefit (after the application of any adjustment under paragraph (7)) for each month beginning with the month of such increase in the primary insurance amount shall be computed under paragraph (1) or (3), whichever applies, as though the increased primary insurance amount had been in effect for and after the month for which the individual first became entitled to such monthly benefit reduced under such paragraph (1) or (3).²

(5) (A) No wife's insurance benefit shall be reduced under this subsection—

¹ Subparagraph (H) was amended by sec. 881(c)(2) of Public Law 95-216.

Paragraph (4) was amended by sec. 331(a) of Public Law 95-216, sec. 2201 of Public Law 97-35, and sec. 2 of Public Law 97-128.

- (i) for any month before the first month for which there is in effect a certificate filed by her with the Secretary, in accordance with regulations prescribed by him, in which she elects to receive wife's insurance benefits reduced as provided in this subsection, or
- (ii) for any month in which she has in her care (individually or jointly with the person on whose wages and self-employment income her wife's insurance benefit is based) a child of such person entitled to child's insurance benefits.
- (B) Any certificate described in subparagraph (A)(i) shall be effective for purposes of this subsection (and for purposes of preventing deductions under section 203(c)(2))—
 - (i) for the month in which it is filed and for any month thereafter, and
 - (ii) for months, in the period designated by the woman filing such certificate, of one or more consecutive months (not exceeding 12) immediately preceding the month in which such certificate is filed;

except that such certificate shall not be effective for any month before the month in which she attains age 62, nor shall it be effective for any month to which subparagraph (A) (ii) applies.

- (C) If a woman does not have in her care a child described in subparagraph (A)(ii) in the first month for which she is entitled to a wife's insurance benefit, and if such first month is a month before the month in which she attains age 65, she shall be deemed to have filed in such first month the certificate described in subparagraph (A)(i).
- (D) No widow's insurance benefit for a month in which she has in her care a child of her deceased husband (or deceased former husband) entitled to child's insurance benefits shall be reduced under this subsection below the amount to which she would have been entitled had she been entitled for such month to mother's insurance benefits on the basis of her deceased husband's (or deceased former husband's) wages and self-employment income.
 - (6) For the purposes of this subsection—
 - (A) the "reduction period" for an individual's cld-age, wife's, husband's, widow's, or widower's insurance benefit is the period—

(i) beginning—

- (I) in the case of an old-age or husband's insurance benefit, with the first day of the first month for which such individual is entitled to such benefit, or
- (II) in the case of a wife's insurance benefit, with the first day of the first month for which a certificate described in paragraph (5) (A) (i) is effective, or
- (III) in the case of a widow's or widower's insurance benefit, with the first day of the first month for which

such individual is entitled to such benefit or the first day of the month in which such individual attains age 60, whichever is the later, and

(ii) ending with the last day of the month before the month in which such individual attains retirement age; and

(B) the "additional reduction period" for an individual's widow's, or widower's insurance benefit is the period—

- (i) beginning with the first day of the first month for which such individual is entitled to such benefit, but only if such individual has not attained age 60 in such first month, and
- (ii) ending with the last day of the month before the month in which such individual attains age 60.
- (7) For purposes of this subsection the "adjusted reduction period" for an individual's old-age, wife's, husband's, widow's, or widower's insurance benefit is the reduction period prescribed in paragraph (6) (A) for such benefit, and the "additional adjusted reduction period" for an individual's, widow's, or widower's, insurance benefit is the additional reduction period prescribed by paragraph (6) (B) for such benefit, excluding from each such period—
 - (A) any month in which such benefit was subject to deductions under section 203(b), 203(c) (1), 203(d) (1), or 222(b),
 - (B) in the case of wife's insurance benefits, any month in which she had in her care (individually or jointly with the person on whose wages and self-employment income such benefit is based) a child of such person entitled to child's insurance benefits,
 - (C) in the case of wife's or husband's insurance benefits, any month for which such individual was not entitled to such benefits because of the occurrence of an event that terminated her or his entitlement to such benefits,¹
 - (D) in the case of widow's insurance benefits, any month in which the reduction in the amount of such benefit was determined under paragraph (5)(D),
 - (E) in the case of widow's or widower's insurance benefits, any month before the month in which she or he attained age 62, and also for any later month before the month in which he attained retirement age, for which she or he was not entitled to such benefit because of the occurrence of an event that terminated her or his entitlement to such benefits, and
 - (F) in the case of old-age insurance benefits, any month for which such individual was entitled to a disability insurance benefit.
- (8) This subsection shall be applied after reduction under section 203(a) and before application of section 215(g). If the amount of any

² Subparagraph (C) was amended by sec. 331(c)(1) of Public Law 95-216.

reduction computed under paragraph (1), (2), or (3) is not a multiple of \$0.10, it shall be increased to the next higher multiple of \$0.10.1

- (9) For purposes of this subsection, the term "retirement age" means age 65.
- (10) For purposes of applying paragraph (4), with respect to monthly benefits payable for any month after December 1977 to an individual who was entitled to a monthly benefit as reduced under paragraph (1) or (3) prior to January 1978, the amount of reduction in such benefit for the first month for which such benefit is increased by reason of an increase in the primary insurance amount of the individual on whose wages and self-employment income such benefit is based and for all subsequent months (and similarly for all subsequent increases) shall be increased by a percentage equal to the percentage increase in such primary insurance amount (such increase being made in accordance with the provisions of paragraph (8)). In the case of an individual whose reduced benefit under this section is increased as a result of the use of an adjusted reduction period or an additional adjusted reduction period (in accordance with paragraphs (1) and (3) of this subsection), then for the first month for which such increase is effective, and for all subsequent months, the amount of such reduction (after the application of the previous sentence, if applicable) shall be determined-
 - (A) in the case of old-age, wife's, and husband's insurance benefits, by multiplying such amount by the ratio of (i) the number of months in the adjusted reduction period to (ii) the number of months in the reduction period.
 - (B) in the case of widow's and widower's insurance benefits for the month in which such individual attains age 62, by multiplying such amount by the ratio of (i) the number of months in the reduction period beginning with age 62 multiplied by 1%0 of 1 percent, plus the number of months in the adjusted reduction period prior to age 62 multiplied by 1%40 of 1 percent, plus the number of months in the adjusted additional reduction period multiplied by 4%40 of 1 percent to (ii) the number of months in the reduction period multiplied by 1%40 of 1 percent, plus the number of months in the additional reduction period multiplied by 4%240 of 1 percent, and
 - (C) in the case of widow's and widower's insurance benefits for the month in which such individual attains age 65, by multiplying such amount by the ratio of (i) the number of months in the adjusted reduction period multiplied by ¹⁹/₄₀ of 1 percent, plus the number of months in the adjusted additional reduction period multiplied by ⁴³/₂₄₀ of 1 percent to (ii) the number of months in the reduction period beginning with age 62 multiplied

¹ Par. (8) was amended by sec. 2206 of P.L. 97-85.

by ¹⁹/₄₀ of 1 percent, plus the number of months in the adjusted reduction period prior to age 62 multiplied by ¹⁹/₄₀ of 1 percent, plus the number of months in the adjusted additional reduction period multiplied by ⁴³/₂₄₀ of 1 percent.

such determination being made in accordance with the provisions of

paragraph (8).1

(11) When an individual is entitled to more than one monthly benefit under this title and one or more of such benefits are reduced under this subsection, paragraph (10) shall apply separately to each such benefit reduced under this subsection before the application of subsection (k) (pertaining to the method by which monthly benefits are offset when an individual is entitled to more than one kind of benefit) and the application of this paragraph shall operate in conjunction with paragraph (3).²

Presumed Filing of Application by Individuals Eligible for Old-Age Insurance Benefits and for Wife's or Husband's Insurance Benefits

- (r) (1) If the first month for which an individual is entitled to an old-age insurance benefit is a month before the month in which such individual attains age 65, and if such individual is eligible for a wife's or husband's insurance benefit for such first month, such individual shall be deemed to have filed an application in such month for wife's or husband's insurance benefits.
- (2) If the first month for which an individual is entitled to a wife's or husband's insurance benefit reduced under subsection (q) is a month before the month in which such individual attains age 65, and if such individual is eligible (but for section 202(k)(4)) for an old-age insurance benefit for such first month, such individual shall be deemed to have filed an application for old-age insurance benefits—
 - (A) in such month, or
 - (B) if such individual is also entitled to a disability insurance benefit for such month, in the first subsequent month for which such individual is not entitled to a disability insurance benefit.
- (3) For purposes of this subsection, an individual shall be deemed eligible for a benefit for a month if, upon filing application therefor in such month, he would be entitled to such benefit for such month.

Child Over Specified Age To Be Disregarded for Certain Benefit Purposes Unless Disabled ¹

(s) (1) For the purposes of subsections (b) (1), (g) (1), (q) (5), and (q) (7) of this section and paragraphs (2), (3), and (4) of section 203(c), a child who is entitled to child's insurance benefits under subsection (d) for any month, and who has attained the age of 16 but is not in such month under a disability (as defined in section 223(d))

¹Paragraph (10) was added by sec. 831(b) of Public Law 95-216 and amended by sec. 2201 of P.L. 97-85 and sec. 2 of Public Law 97-128.

² Paragraph (11) was added by sec. \$31(b) of Public Law 95-216.

This heading was amended by sec. 2205 of P.L. 97-85.

shall be deemed not entitled to such benefits for such month, unless he was under such a disability in the third month before such month.

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- (2) Subsection (f)(4), and so much of subsections (b)(3), (d)(5), (e)(3), (g)(3), and (h)(4), of this section as precedes the semicolon, shall not apply in the case of any child unless such child, at the time of the marriage referred to therein, was under a disability (as defined in section 223(d)) or had been under such a disability in the third month before the month in which such marriage occurred.
- (3) So much of subsections (b) (3), (d) (5), (e) (3), (g) (3), and (h) (4) of this section as follows the semicolon, the last sentence of subsection (c) of section 203, subsection (f) (1) (C) of section 203, and subsections (b) (3) (B), (c) (6) (B), (f) (3) (B), and (g) (6) (B) of section 216 shall not apply in the case of any child with respect to any month referred to therein unless in such month or the third month prior thereto such child was under a disability (as defined in section 223(d)).²

Suspension of Benefits of Aliens Who Are Outside the United States

(t) (1) Notwithstanding any other provision of this title, no monthly benefits shall be paid under this section or under section 223 to any individual who is not a citizen or national of the United States for any month which is—

(A) after the sixth consecutive calendar month during all of which the Secretary finds, on the basis of information furnished to him by the Attorney General or information which otherwise comes to his attention, that such individual is outside the United States, and

(B) prior to the first month thereafter for all of which such individual has been in the United States.

For purposes of the preceding sentence, after an individual has been outside the United States for any period of thirty consecutive days he shall be treated as remaining outside the United States until he has been in the United States for a period of thirty consecutive days.

(2) Paragraph (1) shall not apply to any individual who is a citizen of a foreign country which the Secretary finds has in effect a social insurance or pension system which is of general application in such country and under which—

(A) periodic benefits, or the actuarial equivalent thereof, are paid on account of old-age, retirement, or death, and

(B) individuals who are citizens of the United States but not citizens of such foreign country and who qualify for such benefits are permitted to receive such benefits or the actuarial equivalent

¹ Par. (1) was amended by sec. 2205 of Public Law 97-35. For individuals entitled to benefits for August 1981, the amendment is not effective until September 1983.

² Par. (3) was amended by sec. 334(d) (6) of Public Law 95–216 effective as specified in sec. 334(f) which is printed in this document on p. 772.

thereof while outside such foreign country without regard to the duration of the absence.

- (3) Paragraph (1) shall not apply in any case where its application would be contrary to any treaty obligation of the United States in effect on the date of the enactment of this subsection.
 - (4) Paragraph (1) shall not apply to any benefit for any month if-
 - (A) not less than forty of the quarters elapsing before such month are quarters of coverage for the individual on whose wages and self-employment income such benefit is based, or
 - (B) the individual on whose wages and self-employment income such benefit is based has, before such month, resided in the United States for a period or periods aggregating ten years or more, or
 - (C) the individual entitled to such benefit is outside the United States while in the active military or naval service of the United States, or
 - (D) the individual on whose wages and self-employment income such benefit is based died, before such month, either (i) while on active duty or inactive duty training (as those terms are defined in section 210(1), (2) and (3) as a member of a uniformed service (as defined in section 210(m)), or (ii) as the result of a disease or injury which the Administrator of Veterans' Affairs determines was incurred or aggravated in line of duty while on active duty (as defined in section 210(1)(2)), or an injury which he determines was incurred or aggravated in line of duty while on inactive duty training (as defined in section 210(1)(3)), as a member of a uniformed service (as defined in section 210(m)), if the Administrator determines that such individual was discharged or released from the period of such active duty or inactive duty training under conditions other than dishonorable, and if the Administrator certifies to the Secretary his determinations with respect to such individual under this clause, or
- (E) the individual on whose employment such benefit is based had been in service covered by the Railroad Retirement Act which was treated as employment covered by this Act pursuant to the provisions of section 5(k)(1) of the Railroad Retirement Act; except that subparagraphs (A) and (B) of this paragraph shall not apply in the case of any individual who is a citizen of a foreign country that has in effect a social insurance or pension system which is of general application in such country and which satisfies subparagraph (A) but not subparagraph (B) of paragraph (2), or who is a citizen of a foreign country that has no social insurance or pension system of general application if at any time within five years prior to the month in which the Social Security Amendments of 1967 are

enacted (or the first month thereafter for which his benefits are subject to suspension under paragraph (1)) payments to individuals residing in such country were withheld by the Treasury Department under the first section of the Act of October 9, 1940 (31 U.S.C. 123).

- (5) No person who is, or upon application would be, entitled to a monthly benefit under this section for December 1956 shall be deprived, by reason of paragraph (1), of such benefit or any other benefit based on the wages and self-employment income of the individual on whose wages and self-employment income such monthly benefit for December 1956 is based.
- (6) If an individual is outside the United States when he dies and no benefit may, by reason of paragraph (1) or (10) be paid to him for the month preceding the month in which he dies, no lump-sum death payment may be made on the basis of such individual's wages and self-employment income.
- (7) Subsections (b), (c), and (d) of section 203 shall not apply with respect to any individual for any month for which no monthly benefit may be paid to him by reason of paragraph (1) of this subsection.
- (8) The Attorney General shall certify to the Secretary such information regarding aliens who depart from the United States to any foreign country (other than a foreign country which is territorially contiguous to the continental United States) as may be necessary to enable the Secretary to carry out the purposes of this subsection and shall otherwise aid, assist, and cooperate with the Secretary in obtaining such other information as may be necessary to enable the Secretary to carry out the purposes of this subsection.
- (9) No payments shall be made under part A of title XVIII with respect to items or services furnished to an individual in any month for which the prohibition in paragraph (1) against payment of benefits to him is applicable (or would be if he were entitled to any such benefits).
- (10) Notwithstanding any other provision of this title, no monthly benefits shall be paid under this section or under section 223, for any month beginning after June 30, 1968, to an individual who is not a citizen or national of the United States and who resides during such month in a foreign country if payments for such month to individuals residing in such country are withheld by the Treasury Department under the first section of the Act of October 9, 1940 (31 U.S.C. 123).

Effect of Conviction of Subversive Activities, etc.

- (u) (1) If any individual is convicted of any offense (committed after the date of the enactment of this subsection) under—
 - (A) chapter 37 (relating to espionage and censorship), chapter

105 (relating to sabotage), or chapter 115 (relating to treason, sedition, and subversive activities) of title 18 of the United States Code, or

(B) section 4, 112, or 113 of the Internal Security Act of 1950, as amended.

then the court may, in addition to all other penalties provided by law, impose a penalty that in determining whether any monthly insurance benefit under this section or section 223 is payable to such individual for the month in which he is convicted or for any month thereafter, in determining the amount of any such benefit payable to such individual for any such month, and in determining whether such individual is entitled to insurance benefits under part A of title XVIII for any such month, there shall not be taken into account—

(C) any wages paid to such individual or to any other individual in the calendar year in which such conviction occurs or in any prior calendar year, and

(D) any net earnings from self-employment derived by such individual or by any other individual during a taxable year in which such conviction occurs or during any prior taxable year.¹

(2) As soon as practicable after an additional penalty has, pursuant to paragraph (1), been imposed with respect to any individual, the Attorney General shall notify the Secretary of such imposition.

(3) If any individual with respect to whom an additional penalty has been imposed pursuant to paragraph (1) is granted a pardon of the offense by the President of the United States, such additional penalty shall not apply for any month beginning after the date on which such pardon is granted.

Waiver of Benefits

(v) Notwithstanding any other provisions of this title, in the case of any individual who files a waiver pursuant to section 1402(g) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954 and is granted a tax exemption thereunder, no benefits or other payments shall be payable under this title to him, no payments shall be made on his behalf under part A of title XVIII, and no benefits or other payments under this title shall be payable on the basis of his wages and self-employment income to any other person, after the filing of such waiver; except that, if thereafter such individual's tax exemption under such section 1402(g) ceases to be effective, such waiver shall cease to be applicable in the case of benefits and other payments under this title and part A of title XVIII to the extent based on his self-employment income for and after the first taxable year in which such tax exemption ceases to be effective and on his wages for and after the calendar year (if any) which begins in or with the beginning of such taxable year.²

² Paragraph (1) was amended by sec. 353(f)(1) of Public Law 95-216.

² Subsection (v) was amended by section 703(j)(14)(A) of Public Law 95-600.

Increase in Old-Age Insurance Benefit Amounts on Account of Delayed Retirement

- (w) (1) The amount of an old-age insurance benefit (other than a benefit based on a primary insurance amount determined under section 215(a) (3) as in effect in December 1978 or section 215(a) (1) (C) (i) as in effect thereafter) which is payable without regard to this subsection to an individual shall be increased by—
 - (A) one-twelfth of 1 percent of such amount, or, in the case of an individual who first becomes eligible for an old-age insurance benefit after December 1978, one-quarter of 1 percent of such amount, multiplied by
 - (B) the number (if any) of the increment months for such individual.
- (2) For purposes of this subsection, the number of increment months for any individual shall be a number equal to the total number of the months—
 - (A) which have elapsed after the month before the month in which such individual attained age 65 or (if later) December 1970 and prior to the month in which such individual attained age 72, and
 - (B) with respect to which—
 - (i) such individual was a fully insured individual (as defined in section 214(a)), and
 - (ii) such individual either was not entitled to an old-age insurance benefit or suffered deductions under section 203 (b) or 203(c) in amounts equal to the amount of such benefit.
- (3) For purposes of applying the provisions of paragraph (1), a determination shall be made under paragraph (2) for each year, beginning with 1972, of the total number of an individual's increment months through the year for which the determination is made and the total so determined shall be applicable to such individual's old-age insurance benefits beginning with benefits for January of the year following the year for which such determination is made; except that the total number applicable in the case of an individual who attains age 72 after 1972 shall be determined through the month before the month in which he attains such age and shall be applicable to his old-age insurance benefit beginning with the month in which he attains such age.
- (4) This subsection shall be applied after reduction under section 203(a)?
- (5) If an individual's primary insurance amount is determined under paragraph (3) of section 215(a) as in effect in December 1978,

¹ Paragraph (1) was amended by sec. 203 and sec. 205(b) (1) of Public Law 95–216. The amendment by sec. 205(b) (1) is effective for benefits for months after December 1978. Par. (1) was also amended by sec. 2201 of Public Law 97–35.

or section 215(a)(1)(C)(i) as in effect thereafter, and, as a result of this subsection, he would be entitled to a higher old-age insurance benefit if his primary insurance amount were determined under section 215(a) (whether before, in, or after December 1978) without regard to such paragraph, such individual's old-age insurance benefit based upon his primary insurance amount determined under such paragraph shall be increased by an amount equal to the difference between such benefit and the benefit to which he would be entitled if his primary insurance amount were determined under such section without regard to such paragraph.¹

Reduction of Insurance Benefits

Maximum Benefits

Sec. 203. (a) (1) In the case of an individual whose primary insurance amount has been computed or recomputed under section 215(a) (1) or (4), or section 215(d), as in effect after December 1978, the total monthly benefits to which beneficiaries may be entitled under section 202 or 223 for a month on the basis of the wages and self-employment income of such individual shall, except as provided by paragraphs (3) and (6) (but prior to any increases resulting from the application of paragraph (2) (A) (ii) (III) of section 215(i)), be reduced as necessary so as not to exceed—

(A) 150 percent of such individual's primary insurance amount to the extent that it does not exceed the amount established with respect to this subparagraph by paragraph (2),

(B) 272 percent of such individual's primary insurance amount to the extent that it exceeds the amount established with respect to subparagraph (A) but does not exceed the amount established with respect to this subparagraph by paragraph (2),

- (C) 134 percent of such individual's primary insurance amount to the extent that it exceeds the amount established with respect to subparagraph (B) but does not exceed the amount established with respect to this subparagraph by paragraph (2), and
- (D) 175 percent of such individual's primary insurance amount to the extent that it exceeds the amount established with respect to subparagraph (C).

Any such amount that is not a multiple of \$0.10 shall be decreased to the next lower multiple of \$0.10.

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¹ Par. (5) was amended by sec. 205(b) (2) and (8) of P.L. 95-216 effective for benefits for months after December 1978 and by sec. 2201 of Public Law 97-35.

Par. (1) was amended by sec. 101 of Public Law 96–265 and sec. 2206 of Public Law 97–85.

(2) (A) For individuals who initially become eligible for old-age or disability insurance benefits, or who die (before becoming so eligible for such benefits), in the calendar year 1979, the amounts established with respect to subparagraphs (A), (B), and (C) of para-

graph (1) shall be \$230, \$332, and \$433, respectively.

(B) For individuals who initially become eligible for old-age or disability insurance benefits, or who die (before becoming so eligible for such benefits), in any calendar year after 1979, each of the amounts so established shall equal the product of the corresponding amount established for the calendar year 1979 by subparagraph (A) of this paragraph and the quotient obtained under subparagraph (B) (ii) of section 215(a) (1), with such product being rounded in the manner prescribed by section 215(a) (1) (B) (iii).

(C) In each calender year after 1978 the Secretary shall publish in the Federal Register, on or before November 1, the formula which (except as provided in section 215(i)(2)(D)) is to be applicable under this paragraph to individuals who become eligible for old-age or disability insurance benefits, or who die (before becoming eligible

for such benefits), in the following calendar year.

(D) A year shall not be counted as the year of an individual's death or eligibility for purposes of this paragraph or paragraph (8) in any case where such individual was entitled to a disability insurance benefit for any of the 12 months immediately preceding the month of such death or eligibility (but there shall be counted instead the year of the individual's eligibility for the disability insurance benefits to which he was entitled during such 12 months).

- (3) (A) When an individual who is entitled to benefits on the basis of the wages and self-employment income of any insured individual and to whom this subsection applies would (but for the provisions of section 202(k)(2)(A)) be entitled to child's insurance benefits for a month on the basis of the wages and self-employment income of one or more other insured individuals, the total monthly benefits to which all beneficiaries are entitled on the basis of such wages and self-employment income shall not be reduced under this subsection to less than the smaller of—
 - (i) the sum of the maximum amounts of benefits payable on the basis of the wages and self-employment income of all such insured individuals, or
 - (ii) an amount equal to the product of 1.75 and the primary insurance amount that would be computed under section 215(a) (1) for that month with respect to average indexed monthly earnings equal to one-twelfth of the contribution and benefit base determined for that year under section 230.2

¹ Subpar. (D) was amended by sec. 101 of P.L. 96-265.

² Subpar. (A) was amended by sec. 6(b) of P.L. 96-473.

- (B) When two or more persons were entitled (without the application of section 202(j)(1) and section 223(b)) to monthly benefits under section 202 or 223 for January 1971 or any prior month on the basis of the wages and self-employment income of such insured individual and the provisions of this subsection as in effect for any such month were applicable in determining the benefit amount of any persons on the basis of such wages and self-employment income, the total of benefits for any month after January 1971 shall not be reduced to less than the largest of—
 - (i) the amount determined under this subsection without regard to this subparagraph,
 - (ii) the largest amount which has been determined for any month under this subsection for persons entitled to monthly benefits on the basis of such insured individual's wages and self-employment income, or
 - (iii) if any persons are entitled to benefits on the basis of such wages and self-employment income for the month before the effective month (after September 1972) of a general benefit increase under this title (as defined in section 215(i)(3)) or a benefit increase under the provisions of section 215(i), an amount equal to the sum of amounts derived by multiplying the benefit amount determined under this title (excluding any part thereof determined under section 202(w)) for the month before such effective month (including this subsection, but without the application of section 222(b), section 202(q), and subsections (b), (c), and (d) of this section), for each such person for such month, by a percentage equal to the percentage of the increase provided under such benefit increase (with any such increased amount which is not a multiple of \$0.10 being rounded to the next lower multiple of \$0.10);

but in any such case (I) subparagraph (A) of this paragraph shall not be applied to such total of benefits after the application of clause (ii) or (iii), and (II) if section 202(k)(2)(A) was applicable in the case of any such benefits for a month, and ceases to apply for a month after such month, the provisions of clause (ii) or (iii) shall be applied, for and after the month in which section 202(k)(2)(A) ceases to apply, as though subparagraph (A) of this paragraph had not been applicable to such total of benefits for the last month for which clause (ii) or (iii) was applicable.¹

(C) When any of such individuals is entitled to monthly benefits as a divorced spouse under section 202 (b) or (c) or as a surviving divorced spouse under section 202 (e) or (f) for any month, the benefit to which he or she is entitled on the basis of the wages and self-em-

Par. (3) was amended by sec. 2206 of Public Law 97-35.

ployment income of such insured individual for such month shall be determined without regard to this subsection, and the benefits of all other individuals who are entitled for such month to monthly benefits under section 202 on the wages and self-employment income of such insured individual shall be determined as if no such divorced spouse or surviving divorced spouse were entitled to benefits for such month.

- (4) In any case in which benefits are reduced pursuant to the preceding provisions of this subsection, the reduction shall be made after any deductions under this section and after any deductions under section 222(b). Whenever a reduction is made under this subsection in the total of monthly benefits to which individuals are entitled for any month on the basis of the wages and self-employment income of an insured individual, each such benefit other than the old-age or disability insurance benefit shall be proportionately decreased.
 - (5) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, when-
 - (A) two or more persons are entitled to monthly benefits for a particular month on the basis of the wages and self-employment income of an insured individual and (for such particular month) the provisions of this subsection are applicable to such monthly benefits, and
 - (B) such individual's primary insurance amount is increased for the following month under any provision of this title,

then the total of monthly benefits for all persons on the basis of such wages and self-employment income for such particular month, as determined under the provisions of this subsection, shall for purposes of determining the total monthly benefits for all persons on the basis of such wages and self-employment income for months subsequent to such particular month be considered to have been increased by the smallest amount that would have been required in order to assure that the total of monthly benefits payable on the basis of such wages and self-employment income for any such subsequent month will not be less (after the application of the other provisions of this subsection and section 202(q)) than the total of monthly benefits (after the application of the other provisions of this subsection and section 202(q)) payable on the basis of such wages and self-employment income for such particular month.

(6) Notwithstanding any of the preceding provisions of this subsection other than paragraphs (3) (A), (3) (C), and (5) (but subject to section 215(i)(2)(A)(ii)), the total monthly benefits to which beneficiaries may be entitled under sections 202 and 223 for any month on the basis of the wages and self-employment income of an individual entitled to disability insurance benefits, whether or not such total benefits are otherwise subject to reduction under this subsection but after any reduction under this subsection which would otherwise be

applicable, shall be, reduced or further reduced (before the application of section 224) to the smaller of—

- (A) 85 percent of such individual's average indexed monthly earnings (or 100 percent of his primary insurance amount, if larger), or
- (B) 150 percent of such individual's primary insurance amount.
- (7) In the case of any individual who is entitled for any month to benefits based upon the primary insurance amounts of two or more insured individuals, one or more of which primary insurance amounts were determined under section 215(a) or 215(d) as in effect (without regard to the table contained therein) prior to January 1979 and one or more of which primary insurance amounts were determined under section 215(a) (1) or (4), or section 215(d), as in effect after December 1978, the total benefits payable to that individual and all other

¹ Par. (6) was added by sec. 101 of P.L. 96-265.

individuals entitled to benefits for that month based upon those primary insurance amounts shall be reduced to an amount equal to the product of 1.75 and the primary insurance amount that would be computed under section 215(a) (1) for that month with respect to average indexed monthly earnings equal to one-twelfth of the contribution and benefit base determined under section 230 for the year in which that month occurs.¹

(8) Subject to paragraph (7), this subsection as in effect in December 1978 shall remain in effect with respect to a primary insurance amount computed under section 215 (a) or (d), as in effect (without regard to the table contained therein) in December 1978 except that a primary insurance amount so computed with respect to an individual who first becomes eligible for an old-age or disability insurance benefit, or dies (before becoming eligible for such a benefit), after December 1978, shall instead be governed by this section as in effect after December 1978. For purposes of the preceding sentence, the phrase "rounded to the next higher multiple of \$0.10", as it appeared in subsection (a) (2) (C) of this section as in effect in December 1978, shall be deemed to read "rounded to the next lower multiple of \$0.10".1

(9) When-

- (A) one or more persons were entitled (without the application of section 202(j)(1)) to monthly benefits under section 202 for May 1978 on the basis of the wages and self-employment income of an individual,
- (B) the benefit of at least one such person for June 1978 is increased by reason of the amendments made by section 204 of the Social Security Amendments of 1977; and
- (C) the total amount of benefits to which all such persons are entitled under such section 202 are reduced under the provisions of this subsection (or would be so reduced except for the first sentence of section 203(a)(4)),

then the amount of the benefit to which each such person is entitled for months after May 1978 shall be increased (after such reductions are made under this subsection) to the amount such benefits would have been if the benefit of the person or persons referred to in subparagraph (B) had not been so increased.^{1, 2}

Deductions on Account of Work

(b) Deductions, in amounts and at such time or times as the Secretary shall determine, shall be made from any payment or payments

¹ Pars. (7), (8), and (9) were amended by sec. 101 of P.L. 96-265. Par. (7) was also amended by sec. 6(b) of P.L. 96-473. Par. (8) was also amended by secs. 2201 and 2206 of P.L. 97-35 and sec. 2 of P.L. 97-123.

² Sec. 203(a) was amended by sec. 202 of P.L. 95-216 effective for benefits payable for months after December 1978 and par. (8) was added to sec. 203(a) by sec. 204(e) of P.L. 95-216 effective for benefits for months after May 1978.

under this title to which an individual is entitled, and from any payment or payments to which any other persons are entitled on the basis of such individual's wages and self-employment income, until the total of such deductions equals—

(1) such individual's benefit or benefits under section 202 for any month, and

(2) if such individual was entitled to old-age insurance benefits under section 202(a) for such month, the benefit or benefits of all other persons for such month under section 202 based on such

individual's wages and self-employment income,

if for such month he is charged with excess earnings, under the provisions of subsection (f) of this section, equal to the total of benefits referred to in clauses (1) and (2). If the excess earnings so charged are less than such total benefits, such deductions with respect to such month shall be equal only to the amount of such excess earnings. If a child who has attained the age of 18 and is entitled to child's insurance benefits, or a person who is entitled to mother's insurance benefits, is married to an individual entitled to old-age insurance benefits under section 202(a), such child or such person, as the case may be, shall, for the purposes of this subsection and subsection (f), be deemed to be entitled to such benefits on the basis of the wages and selfemployment income of such individual entitled to old-age insurance benefits. If a deduction has already been made under this subsection with respect to a person's benefit or benefits under section 202 for a month, he shall be deemed entitled to payments under such section for such month for purposes of further deductions under this subsection, and for purposes of charging of each person's excess earnings under subsection (f), only to the extent of the total of his benefits remaining after such earlier deductions have been made. For purposes of this subsection and subsection (f)—

(A) an individual shall be deemed to be entitled to payments under section 202 equal to the amount of the benefit or benefits to which he is entitled under such section after the application of subsection (a) of this section, but without the application of the

penultimate sentence thereof; and

(B) if a deduction is made with respect to an individual's benefit or benefits under section 202 because of the occurence in any month of an event specified in subsection (c) or (d) of this section or in section 222(b), such individual shall not be considered to be entitled to any benefits under such section 202 for such month.

Deductions on Account of Noncovered Work Outside the United States or Failure To Have Child in Care

(c) Deductions, in such amounts and at such time or times as the Secretary shall determine, shall be made from any payment or payments under this title to which an individual is entitled, until the total of such deductions equals such individual's benefits or benefit under section 202 for any month—

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- (1) in which such individual is under the age of seventy 1 and on seven or more different calendar days of which he engaged in noncovered remunerative activity outside the United States; or
- (2) in which such individual, if a wife under age sixty-five entitled to a wife's insurance benefits, did not have in her care (individually or jointly with her husband) a child of her husband entitled to a child's insurance benefit and such wife's insurance benefit for such month was not reduced under the provisions of section 202(q); or
- (3) in which such individual, if a widow entitled to a mother's insurance benefit, did not have in her care a child of her deceased husband entitled to a child's insurance benefit; or
- (4) in which such an individual, if a surviving divorced mother entitled to a mother's insurance benefit, did not have in her care a child of her deceased former husband who (A) is her son, daughter, or legally adopted child and (B) is entitled to a child's insurance benefit on the basis of the wages and self-employment income of her deceased former husband.

For purposes of paragraphs (2), (3), and (4) of this subsection, a child shall not be considered to be entitled to a child's insurance benefit for any month in which paragraph (1) of section 202(s) applies or an event specified in sections 222(b) occurs with respect to such child. Subject to paragraph (3) of such section 202(s), no deductions shall be made under this subsection from any child's insurance benefit for the month in which the child entitled to such benefit attained the age of eighteen or any subsequent month; nor shall any deduction be made under this subsection from any widow's insurance benefits for any month in which the widow or surviving divorced wife is entitled and has not attained age 65 (but only if she became so entitled prior to attaining age 60), or from any widower's insurance benefit for any month in which the widower is entitled and has not attained age 65 (but only if he became so entitled prior to attaining age 60).

Deductions From Dependents' Benefits on Account of Noncovered Work Outside the United States by Old-Age Insurance Beneficiary

(d) (1) Deductions shall be made from any wife's, husband's, or child's insurance benefit, based on the wages and self-employment income of an individual entitled to old-age insurance benefits, to which a wife, divorced wife, husband, or child is entitled, until the total of such deduction equals such wife's, husband's, or child's insurance benefit or benefits under section 202 for any month in which such individual is under the age of seventy 2 and on seven or more

¹ In subsection (c)(1), sec. 302(a) of Public Law 95-216 changed "seventy-two" to "seventy" effective for taxable years ending after Dec. 31, 1981.

² In subsection (d)(1), sec. 302(a) of Public Law 95-216 changed "seventy-two" to "seventy" effective for taxable years ending after Dec. 31, 1981.

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different calendar days of which he engaged in noncovered remunerative activity outside the United States.

(2) Deductions shall be made from any child's insurance benefit to which a child who has attained the age of eighteen is entitled, or from any mother's insurance benefit to which a person is entitled, until the total of such deductions equals such child's insurance benefit or benefits or mother's insurance benefit or benefits under section 202 for any month in which such child or person entitled to mother's insurance benefits is married to an individual who is entitled to old-age insurance benefits and on seven or more different calendar days of which such individual engaged in noncovered remunerative activity outside the United States.

Occurrence of More Than One Event

(e) If more than one of the events specified in subsections (c) and (d) and section 222(b) occurs in any one month which would occasion deductions equal to a benefit for such month, only an amount equal to such benefit shall be deducted.

Months to Which Earnings Are Charged

(f) For purposes of subsection (b)—

(1) The amount of an individual's excess earnings (as defined in paragraph (3)) shall be charged to months as follows: There shall be charged to the first month of such taxable year an amount of his excess earnings equal to the sum of the payments to which he and all other persons are entitled for such month under section 202 on the basis of his wages and self-employment income (or the total of his excess earnings if such excess earnings are less than such sum), and the balance, if any, of such excess earnings shall be charged to each succeeding month in such year to the extent, in the case of each such month, of the sum of the payments to which such individual and all other persons are entitled for such month under section 202 on the basis of his wages and self-employment income, until the total of such excess has been so charged. Where an individual is entitled to benefits under section 202(a) and other persons are entitled to benefits under section 202(b), (c), or (d) on the basis of the wages and self-employment income of such individual, the excess earnings of such individual for any taxable year shall be charged in accordance with the provisions of this subsection before the excess earnings of such persons for a taxable year are charged to months in such individual's taxable year. Notwithstanding the preceding provisions of this paragraph, but subject to section 202(s), no part of the excess earnings of an individual shall be charged to any month (A) for which such individual was not entitled to a benefit under this title. (B) in which

such individual was age seventy 1 or over, (C) in which such individual, if a child entitled to child's insurance benefits, has attained the age of 18, (D) for which such individual is entitled to widow's insurance benefits and has not attained age 65 (but only if she became so entitled prior to attaining age 60) or widower's insurance benefits and has not attained age 65 (but only if he became so entitled prior to attaining age 60), (E) in which such individual did not engage in self-employment and did not render services for wages (determined as provided in paragraph (5) of this subsection) of more than the applicable exempt amount as determined under paragraph (8), if such month is in the taxable year in which occurs the first month after December 1977 that is both (i) a month for which the individual is entitled to benefits under subsection (a), (b), (c), (d), (e), (f), (g), or (h) of section 202 (without having been entitled for the preceding month to a benefit under any other of such subsections), and (ii) a month in which the individual did not engage in self-employment and did not render services for wages (determined as provided in paragraph (5)) of more than the applicable exempt amount as determined under paragraph (8), or (F) in which such individual did not engage in self-employment and did not render services for wages (determined as provided in paragraph (5) of this subsection) of more than the applicable exempt amount as determined under paragraph (8), in the case of an individual entitled to benefits under section 202(b) (but only by reason of having a child in her care within the meaning of paragraph (1) (B) of that subsection) or under section 202 (d) or (g), if such month is in a year in which such entitlement ends for a reason other than the death of such individual, and such individual is not entitled to any benefits under this title for the month following the month during which such entitlement under section 202 (b), (d), or (g) ended.2

(2) As used in paragraph (1), the term "first month of such taxable year" means the earliest month in such year to which the charging of excess earnings described in such paragraph is not prohibited by the application of clauses (A), (B), (C), (D), (E), and (F) thereof.³

(3) For purposes of paragraph (1) and subsection (h), an individual's excess earnings for a taxable year shall be 50 per centum of his earnings for such year in excess of the product of the applicable exempt amount as determined under paragraph (8), multiplied by the number of months in such year, except that, in determining an individual's excess earnings for the taxable year in

⁸ Par. (2) was amended by sec. 1 of P.L. 96-473.

¹ In subsection (f) (1) (B), sec. 302(a) of Public Law 95-216 changed "seventy-two" to "seventy" effective for taxable years ending after Dec. 31, 1981.

² Subpar. (E) was amended by secs. 301(d) and 303(a) of P.L. 95-216 and by sec. 1(a) of P.L. 98-472

which he attains age 70,1 there shall be excluded any earnings of such individual for the month in which he attains such age and any subsequent month (with any net earnings or net loss from self-employment in such year being prorated in an equitable manner under regulations of the Secretary). The excess earnings as derived under the preceding sentence, if not a multiple of \$1, shall be reduced to the next lower multiple of \$1.12

(4) For purposes of clause (E) of paragraph (1)—

(A) An individual will be presumed, with respect to any month, to have been engaged in self-employment in such

¹ In par. (3), sec. 302(b) of P.L. 95-216 changed "age 72" to "age 70" effective for taxable years ending after Dec. 31, 1981.

² Par. (3) and (4) (B) were amended by sec. 301(d) of P.L. 95-216.

month until it is shown to the satisfaction of the Secretary that such individual rendered no substantial services in such month with respect to any trade or business the net income or loss of which is includible in computing (as provided in paragraph (5) of this subsection) his net earnings or net loss from self-employment for any taxable year. The Secretary shall by regulations prescribe the methods and criteria for determining whether or not an individual has rendered substantial services with respect to any trade or business.

- (B) An individual will be presumed, with respect to any month, to have rendered services for wages (determined as provided in paragraph (5) of this subsection) of more than the applicable exempt amount as determined under paragraph (8) until it is shown to the satisfaction of the Secretary that such individual did not render such services in such month for more than such amount.¹
- (5) (A) An individual's earnings for a taxable year shall be (i) the sum of his wages for services rendered in such year and his net earnings from self-employment for such year, minus (ii) any net loss from self-employment for such year.

(B) For purposes of this section—

- (i) an individual's net earnings from self-employment for any taxable year shall be determined as provided in section 211, except that paragraphs (1), (4), and (5) of section 211 (c) shall not apply and the gross income shall be computed by excluding the amounts provided by subparagraph (D), and
- (ii) an individual's net loss from self-employment for any taxable year is the excess of the deductions (plus his distributive share of loss described in sections 702(a)(9) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954) taken into account under clause (i) over the gross income (plus his distributive share of in-
- come so described) taken into account under clause (i).

 (C) For purposes of this subsection, an individual's wages shall
- be computed without regard to the limitations as to amounts of remuneration specified in subsections (a), (g)(2), (g)(3), (h)(2), and (j) of section 209; and in making such computation services which do not constitute employment as defined in section 210, performed within the United States by the individual as an employee or performed outside the United States in the active

210, performed within the United States by the individual as an employee or performed outside the United States in the active military or naval service of the United States, shall be deemed to be employment as so defined if the remuneration for such services

Paragraph (8) and (4)(B) were amended by sec. 301(d) of Public Law 95-216.

is not includible in computing his net earnings or net loss from self-employment.

(D) In the case of-

- (i) an individual who has attained the age of 65 on or before the last day of the taxable year, and who shows to the satisfaction of the Secretary that he or she is receiving royalties attributable to a copyright or patent obtained before the taxable year in which he or she attained such age and that the property to which the copyright or patent relates was created by his or her own personal efforts, or
- (ii) an individual who has become entitled to insurance benefits under this title, other than benefits under section 223 or benefits payable under section 202(d) by reason of being under a disability, and who shows to the satisfaction of the Secretary that he or she is receiving, in a year after his or her initial year of entitlement to such benefits, any other income not attributable to services performed after the month in which he or she initially became entitled to such benefits,

there shall be excluded from gross income any such royalties or other income.1

- (6) For purposes of this subsection, wages (determined as provided in paragraph (5) (C)) which, according to reports received by the Secretary, are paid to an individual during a taxable year shall be presumed to have been paid to him for services performed in such year until it is shown to the satisfaction of the Secretary that they were paid for services performed in another taxable year. If such reports with respect to an individual show his wages for a calendar year, such individual's taxable year shall be presumed to be a calendar year for purposes of this subsection until it is shown to the satisfaction of the Secretary that his taxable year is not a calendar year.
- (7) Where an individual's excess earnings are charged to a month and the excess earnings so charged are less than the total of the payments (without regard to such charging) to which all persons are entitled under section 202 for such month on the basis of his wages and self-employment income, the difference between such total and the excess so charged to such month shall be paid (if it is otherwise payable under this title) to such individual and other persons in the proportion that the benefit to which each of them is entitled (without regard to such charging, without the application of section 202(k) (3), and prior to the application of section 203 (a)) bears to the total of the benefits to which all of them are entitled.

¹ Subpar. (D) was amended by sec. 3 of P.L. 96-473.

(8) (A) Whenever the Secretary pursuant to section 215 (i) increases benefits effective with the month of June following a cost-of-living computation quarter, he shall also determine and publish in the Federal Register on or before November 1 of the calendar year in which such quarter occurs the new exempt amounts (separately stated for individuals described in subparagraph (D) and for other individuals) which are to be applicable (unless prevented from becoming effective by subparagraph (C)) with respect to taxable years ending in (or with the close of) the calendar year after the calendar year in which such benefit in-

crease is effective (or, in the case of an individual who dies during the calendar year after the calendar year in which the benefit increase is effective, with respect to such individual's taxable year which ends, upon his death, during such year).

(B) Except as otherwise provided in subparagraph (D), the exempt amount which is applicable to individuals described in such subparagraph and the exempt amount which is applicable to other individuals, for each month of a particular taxable year, shall each be whichever of the following is the larger—

(i) the corresponding exempt amount which is in effect with respect to months in the taxable year in which the deter-

mination under subparagraph (A) is made, or

(ii) the product of the exempt amount described in clause (i) and the ratio of (I) the average of the total wages (as defined in regulations of the Secretary and computed without regard to the limitations specified in section 209(a)) reported to the Secretary of the Treasury or his delegate for the calendar year before the calendar year in which the determination under subparagraph (A) is made to (II) the average of the total wages (as so defined and computed) reported to the Secretary of the Treasury or his delegate for the calendar year before the most recent calendar year in which an increase in the exempt amount was enacted or a determination ' resulting in such an increase was made under subparagraph (A), with such product, if not a multiple of \$10, being rounded to the next higher multiple of \$10 where such product is a multiple of \$5 but not of \$10 and to the nearest multiple of \$10 in any other case.

Whenever the Secretary determines that an exempt amount is to be increased in any year under this paragraph, he shall notify the House Committee on Ways and Means and the Senate Committee on Finance within 30 days after the close of the base quarter (as defined in section 215(i)(1)(A)) in such year of the estimated amount of such increase, indicating the new exempt amount, the actuarial estimates of the effect of the increase, and the actuarial assumptions and methodology used in preparing such

estimates.2

(C) Notwithstanding the determination of a new exempt amount by the Secretary under subparagraph (A) (and notwithstanding any publication thereof under such subparagraph or any notification thereof under the last sentence of subparagraph (B)),

¹ Subparagraph (A) was amended by sec. 301(a) of Public Law 95-216. See Appendix E for exempt amounts for each year.

² Subparagraph (B) was amended by sec. 8(i) of Public Law 94-202 and by secs. 301(b) and 358(a) of Public Law 95-216.

such new exempt amount shall not take effect pursuant thereto if during the calendar year in which such determination is made a law increasing the exempt amount is enacted.

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- (D) Notwithstanding any other provision of this subsection, the exempt amount which is applicable to an individual who has attained age 65 before the close of the taxable year involved—
 - (i) shall be \$333.331/3 for each month of any taxable year ending after 1977 and before 1979,
 - (ii) shall be \$375 for each month of any taxable year ending after 1978 and before 1980,
 - (iii) shall be \$416.66% for each month of any taxable year ending after 1979 and before 1981,
 - (iv) shall be \$458.331/3 for each month of any taxable year ending after 1980 and before 1982, and
 - (v) shall be \$500 for each month of any taxable year ending after 1981 and before 1983.

Penalty for Failure to Report Certain Events

- (g) Any individual in receipt of benefits subject to deduction under subsection (c) (or who is in receipt of such benefits on behalf of another individual), because of the occurrence of an event specified therein, who fails to report such occurrence to the Secretary prior to the receipt and acceptance of an insurance benefit for the second month following the month in which such event occurred, shall suffer deductions in addition to those imposed under subsection (c) as follows:
 - (1) if such failure is the first one with respect to which an additional deduction is imposed by this subsection, such additional deduction shall be equal to his benefit or benefits for the first month of the period for which there is a failure to report even though such failure is with respect to more than one month;
 - (2) if such failure is the second one with respect to which an additional deduction is imposed by this subsection, such additional deduction shall be equal to two times his benefit or benefits for the first month of the period for which there is a failure to report even though such failure is with respect to more than two months; and
 - (3) if such failure is the third or a subsequent one for which an additional deduction is imposed under this subsection, such additional deduction shall be equal to three times his benefit or benefits for the first month of the period for which there is a failure to report even though the failure to report is with respect to more than three months;

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¹ Subparagraph (D) was added by sec. 301(c)(1) of Public Law 95-216. See also sec. 301(c)(2) of Public Law 95-216 which is printed in this document on p. 769.

except that the number of additional deductions required by this subsection shall not exceed the number of months in the period for which there is a failure to report. As used in this subsection, the term "period for which there is a failure to report" with respect to any individual means the period for which such individual received and accepted insurance benefits under section 202 without making a timely report and for which deductions are required under subsection (c).

Report of Earnings to Secretary

- (h) (1) (A) If an individual is entitled to any monthly insurance benefit under section 202 during any taxable year in which he has earnings or wages, as computed pursuant to paragraph (5) of subsection (f), in excess of the product of the applicable exempt amount as determined under subsection (f)(8) times the number of months in such year, such individual (or the individual who is in receipt of such benefit on his behalf) shall make a report to the Secretary of his earnings (or wages) for such taxable year. Such report shall be made on or before the fifteenth day of the fourth month following the close of such year, and shall contain such information and be made in such manner as the Secretary may by regulations prescribe. Such report need not be made for any taxable year (i) beginning with or after the month in which such individual attained age 70,1 or (ii) if benefit payments for all months (in such taxable year) in which such individual is under age 70 have been suspended under the provisions of the first sentence of paragraph (3) of this subsection. The Secretary may grant a reasonable extension of time for making the report of earnings required in this paragraph if he finds that there is valid reason for a delay, but in no case may the period be extended more than three months.2
- (B) If the benefit payments of an individual have been suspended for all months in any taxable year under the provisions of the first sentence of paragraph (3) of this subsection, no benefit payments shall be made to such individual for any such month in such taxable year after the expiration of the period of three years, three months, and fifteen days following the close of such taxable year unless within such period the individual, or some other person entitled to benefits under this title on the basis of the same wages and self-government income, files with the Secretary information showing that a benefit for such month is payable to such individual.
- (2) If an individual fails to make a report required under paragraph (1), within the time prescribed by or in accordance with such paragraph, for any taxable year and any deduction is imposed under

¹ Sec. 302(c) of Public Law 95-216 changed "72" to "70" effective for taxable years ending after Dec. 31, 1981.

² Subparagraph (A) was also amended by sec. 301(d) of Public Law 95-216.

subsection (b) by reason of his carnings for such year, he shall suffer additional deductions as follows:

- (A) if such failure is the first one with respect to which an additional deduction is imposed under this paragraph, such additional deduction shall be equal to his benefit or benefits for the last month of such year for which he was entitled to a benefit under section 202, except that if the deduction imposed under subsection (b) by reason of his earnings for such year is less than the amount of his benefit (or benefits) for the last month of such year for which he was entitled to a benefit under section 202, the additional deduction shall be equal to the amount of the deduction imposed under subsection (b) but not less than \$10;
- (B) if such failure is the second one for which an additional deduction is imposed under this paragraph, such additional deduction shall be equal to two times his benefit or benefits for the last month of such year for which he was entitled to a benefit under section 202:
- (C) if such failure is the third or a subsequent one for which an additional deduction is imposed under this paragraph, such additional deduction shall be equal to three times his benefit or benefits for the last month of such year for which he was entitled to a benefit under section 202;

except that the number of the additional deductions required by this paragraph with respect to a failure to report earnings for a taxable year shall not exceed the number of months in such year for which such individual received and accepted insurance benefits under section 202 and for which deductions are imposed under subsection (b) by reason of his earnings. In determining whether a failure to report earnings is the first or a subsequent failure for any individual, all taxable years ending prior to the imposition of the first additional deduction under this paragraph, other than the latest one of such years, shall be disregarded.

(3) If the Secretary determines, on the basis of information obtained by or submitted to him, that it may reasonably be expected that an individual entitled to benefits under section 202 for any taxable year will suffer deductions imposed under subsection (b) by reason of his earnings for such year, the Secretary may, before the close of such taxable year, suspend the total or less than the total payment for each month in such year (or for only such months as the Secretary may specify) of the benefits payable on the basis of such individual's wages and self-employment income; and such suspension shall remain in effect with respect to the benefits for any month until the Secretary has determined whether or not any deduction is imposed for such month under subsection (b). The Secretary is authorized,

before the close of the taxable year of an individual entitled to benefits during such year, to request of such individual that he make, at such time or times as the Secretary may specify, a declaration of his estimated earnings for the taxable year and that he furnish to the Secretary such other information with respect to such earnings as the Secretary may specify. A failure by such individual to comply with any such request shall in itself constitute justification for a determination under this paragraph that it may reasonably be expected that the individual will suffer deductions imposed under subsection (b) by reason of his earnings for such year. If, after the close of a taxable year of an individual entitled to benefits under section 202 for such year, the Secretary requests such individual to furnish a report of his earnings (as computed pursuant to paragraph (5) of subsection (f)) for such taxable year or any other information with respect to such earnings which the Secretary may specify, and the individual fails to comply with such request, such failure shall in itself constitute justification for a determination that such individual's benefits are subject to deductions under subsection (b) for each month in such taxable year (or only for such months thereof as the Secretary may specify) by reason of his earnings for such year.

Circumstances Under Which Deductions and Reductions not Required

(i) In the case of any individual, deductions by reason of the provisions of subsection (b), (c), (g), or (h) of this section, or the provisions of section 222(b), shall, notwithstanding such provisions, be made from the benefit to which such individual is entitled only to the extent that such deductions reduce the total amount which would otherwise be paid, on the basis of the same wages and self-employment income, to such individual and the other individuals living in the same household.

Attainment of Age Seventy¹

(j) For the purposes of this section, an individual shall be considered as seventy ' years of age during the entire month in which he attains such age.

Noncovered Remunerative Activity Outside the United States

(k) An individual shall be considered to be engaged in noncovered remunerative activity outside the United States if he performs services outside the United States as an employee and such services do not constitute employment as defined in section 210 and are not performed in the active military or naval service of the United States, or if he carries on a trade or business outside the United States (other

 $^{^2}$ Sec. 802 (a) and (d) changed "seventy-two" to "seventy" effective for taxable years" ending after Dec. 31, 1981.

than the performance of service as an employee) the net income or loss of which (1) is not includible in computing his net earnings from self-employment for a taxable year and (2) would not be excluded from net earnings from self-employment, if carried on in the United States, by any of the numbered paragraphs of section 211(a). When used in the preceding sentence with respect to a trade or business (other than the performance of service as an employee), the term "United States" does not include the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, the Virgin Islands, Guam, or American Samoa in the case of an alien who is not a resident of the United States (including the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, the Virgin Islands, Guam, and American Samoa) and the term "trade or business" shall have the same meaning as when used in Section 162 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954.

Good Cause fo: Failure To Make Reports Required

(1) The failure of an individual to make any report required by subsection (g) or (h)(l)(A) within the time prescribed therein shall not be regarded as such a failure if it is shown to the satisfaction of the Secretary that he had good cause for failing to make such report within such time. The determination of what constitutes good cause for purposes of this subsection shall be made in accordance with regulations of the Secretary.

Overpayments and Underpayments

- Sec. 204. (a) Whenever the Secretary finds that more or less than the correct amount of payment has been made to any person under this title, proper adjustment or recovery shall be made, under regulations prescribed by the Secretary, as follows:
- (1) With respect to payment to a person of more than the correct amount, the Secretary shall decrease any payment under this title to which such overpaid person is entitled, or shall require such overpaid person or his estate to refund the amount in excess of the correct amount, or shall decrease any payment under this title payable to his estate or to any other person on the basis of the wages and self-employment income which were the basis of the payments to such overpaid person, or shall apply any combination of the foregoing. A payment made under this title on the basis of an erroneous report of death by the Department of Defense of an individual in the line of duty while he is a member of the uniformed services (as defined in section 210 (m)) on active duty (as defined in section 210(l)) shall not be considered an incorrect payment for any month prior to the month such Department notifies the Secretary that such individual is alive.

- (2) With respect to payment to a person less than the correct amount, the Secretary shall make payment of the balance of the amount due such underpaid person, or, if such person dies before payments are completed or before negotiating one or more checks representing correct payments, disposition of the amount due shall be made in accordance with subsection (d).
- (b) In any case in which more than the correct amount of payment has been made, there shall be no adjustment of payments to, or recovery by the United States from, any person who is without fault if such adjustment or recovery would defeat the purpose of this title or would be against equity and good conscience.
- (c) No certifying or disbursing officer shall be held liable for any amount certified or paid by him to any person where the adjustment or recovery of such amount is waived under subsection (b), or where adjustment under subsection (a) is not completed prior to the death of all persons against whose benefits deductions are authorized.
- (d) If an individual dies before any payment due him under this title is completed, payment of the amount due (including the amount of any unnegotiated checks) shall be made—
 - (1) to the person, if any, who is determined by the Secretary to be the surviving spouse of the deceased individual and who either (i) was living in the same household with the deceased at the time of his death or (ii) was, for the month in which the deceased individual died, entitled to a monthly benefit on the basis of the same wages and self-employment income as was the deceased individual;
 - (2) if there is no person who meets the requirements of paragraph (1), or if the person who meets such requirements dies before the payment due him under this title is completed, to the child or children, if any, of the deceased individual who were, for the month in which the deceased individual died, entitled to monthly benefits on the basis of the same wages and self-employment income as was the deceased individual (and, in case there is more than one such child, in equal parts to each such child);
 - (8) if there is no person who meets the requirements of paragraph (1) or (2), or if each person who meets such requirements dies before the payment due him under this title is completed, to the parent or parents, if any, of the deceased individual who were, for the month in which the deceased individual died, entitled to monthly benefits on the basis of the same wages and self-employment income as was the deceased individual (and, in case there is more than one such parent, in equal parts to each such parent);

- (4) if there is no person who meets the requirements of paragraph (1), (2), or (3), or if each person who meets such requirements dies before the payment due him under this title is completed, to the person, if any, determined by the Secretary to be the surviving spouse of the deceased individual;
- (5) if there is no person who meets the requirements of paragraph (1), (2), (3), or (4), or if each person who meets such requirements dies before the payment due him under this title is completed, to the person or persons, if any, determined by the Secretary to be the child or children of the deceased individual (and, in case there is more than one such child, in equal parts to each such child);
- (6) if there is no person who meets the requirements of paragraph (1), (2), (3), (4), or (5), or if each person who meets such requirements dies before the payment due him under this title is completed, to the parent or parents, if any, of the deceased individual (and, in case there is more than one such parent, in equal parts to each such parent); or
- (7) if there is no person who meets the requirements of paragraph (1), (2), (3), (4), (5), or (6), or if each person who meets such requirements dies before the payment due him under this title is completed, to the legal representative of the estate of the deceased individual, if any.
- (e) For payments which are adjusted by reason of payment of benefits under the supplemental security income program established by title XVI, see section 1127.1

Evidence, Procedure, and Certification for Payment

- Sec. 205. (a) The Secretary shall have full power and authority to make rules and regulations and to establish procedures, not inconsistent with the provisions of this title, which are necessary or appropriate to carry out such provisions, and shall adopt reasonable and proper rules and regulations to regulate and provide for the nature and extent of the proofs and evidence and the method of taking and furnishing the same in order to establish the right to benefits hereunder.
- (b) The Secretary is directed to make findings of fact, and decisions as to the rights of any individual applying for a payment under this title. Any such decision by the Secretary which involves a determination of disability and which is in whole or in part unfavorable to such individual shall contain a statement of the case, in understandable language, setting forth a discussion of the evidence, and stating the Secretary's determination and the reason or reasons upon which it is based. Upon request by any such individual or upon request by a wife.

¹Sec. (e) was added by sec. 501 of P.L. 96-265.

divorced wife, widow, surviving divorced wife, surviving divorced mother, husband, widower, child, or parent who makes a showing in writing that his or her rights may be prejudiced by any decision the Secretary has rendered, he shall give such applicant and such other individual reasonable notice and opportunity for a hearing with respect to such decision, and, if a hearing is held, shall, on the basis of evidence adduced at the hearing, affirm, modify, or reverse his findings of fact and such decision. Any such request with respect to such a decision must be filed within sixty days after notice of such decision is received by the individual making such request. The Secretary is further authorized, on his own motion, to hold such hearings and to conduct such investigations and other proceedings as he may deem necessary or proper for the administration of this title. In the course of any hearing, investigation, or other proceeding, he may administer oaths and affirmations, examine witnesses, and receive evidence. Evidence may be received at any hearing before the Secretary even though inadmissible under rules of evidence applicable to court procedure.12

(c) (1) For the purposes of this subsection—

(A) The term "year" means a calendar year when used with respect to wages and a taxable year when used with respect to self-employment income.³

(B) The term "time limitation" means a period of three years,

three months, and fifteen days.

(C) The term "survivor" means an individual's spouse, surviving divorced wife, surviving divorced mother, child, or parent, who survives such individual.

(D) The term "period" when used with respect to self-employment income means a taxable year and when used with respect to

wages means-

(i) a quarter if wages were reported or should have been reported on a quarterly basis on tax returns the with the Secretary of the Treasury or his delegate under section 6011 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954 or regulations thereunder (or on reports filed by a State under section 218(e) or regulations thereunder),

(ii) a year if wages were reported or should have been reported on a yearly basis on such tax returns or reports, or

(iii) the half year beginning January 1 or July 1 in the case of wages which were reported or should have been reported for calendar year 1937.

¹ Sec. (b) was amended by sec. 305 of P.L. 96-265 effective July 1981.

The third sentence of sec. 205(b) was amended by sec. 4 of P.L. 94-202 effective Mar. 1, 1976. Prior to that date, the appeal period is 6 months.

Subpar. (A) was amended by sec. 353(f) (2) (A) of P.L. 95-216.
 Subpar. (D) was added by sec. 353(f) (2) (B) of P.L. 95-216.

- (2) (A) On the basis of information obtained by or submitted to the Secretary, and after such verification thereof as he deems necessary, the Secretary shall establish and maintain records of the amounts of wages paid to, and the amounts of self-employment income derived by, each individual and of the periods in which such wages were paid and such income was derived and, upon request, shall inform any individual or his survivor, or the legal representative of such individual or his estate, of the amounts of wages and self-employment income of such individual and the periods during which such wages were paid and such income was derived, as shown by such records at the time of such request.
- (B) (i) In carrying out his duties under subparagraph (A), the Secretary shall take affirmative measures to assure that social security account numbers will, to the maximum extent practicable, be assigned to all members of appropriate groups or categories of individuals by assigning such numbers (or ascertaining that such numbers have already been assigned):
 - (I) to aliens at the time of their lawful admission to the United States either for permanent residence or under other authority of law permitting them to engage in employment in the United States and to other aliens at such time as their status is so changed as to make it lawful for them to engage in such employment;
 - (II) to any individual who is an applicant for or recipient of benefits under any program financed in whole or in part from Federal funds including any child on whose behalf such benefits are claimed by another person; and
 - (III) to any other individual when it appears that he could have been but was not assigned an account number under the provisions of subclauses (I) or (II) but only after such investigation as is necessary to establish to the satisfaction of the Secretary, the identity of such individual, the fact that an account number has not already been assigned to such individual, and the fact that such individual is a citizen or a noncitizen who is not, because of his alien status, prohibited from engaging in employment;

and, in carrying out such duties, the Secretary is authorized to take affirmative measures to assure the issuance of social security numbers:

- (IV) to or on behalf of children who are below school age at the request of their parents or guardians; and
- (V) to children of school age at the time of their first enrollment in school.
- (ii) The Secretary shall require of applicants for social security account numbers such evidence as may be necessary to establish the age.

citizenship, or alien status, and true identity of such applicants, and to determine which (if any) social security account number has previously been assigned to such individual.

(iii) In carrying out the requirements of this subparagraph, the Secretary shall enter into such agreements as may be necessary with the Attorney General and other officials and with State and local welfare agencies and school authorities (including non-public school authorities).

- (C) (i) It is the policy of the United States that any State (or political subdivision thereof) may, in the administration of any tax, general public assistance, driver's license, or motor vehicle registration law within its jurisdiction, utilize the social security account numbers issued by the Secretary for the purpose of establishing the identification of individuals affected by such law, and may require any individual who is or appears to be so affected to furnish to such State (or political subdivision thereof (or any agency thereof having administrative responsibility for the law involved, the social security account number (or numbers, if he has more than one such number) issued to him by the Secretary.
- (ii) If and to the extent that any provision of Federal law heretofore enacted is inconsistent with the policy set forth in clause (i) of this subparagraph, such provision shall, on and after the date of the enactment of this subparagraph, be null, void, and of no effect.
- (iii) For purposes of clause (i) of this subparagraph, an agency of a State (or political subdivision thereof) charged with the administration of any general public assistance, driver's license, or motor vehicle registration law which did not use the social security account number for identification under a law or regulation adopted before January 1, 1975, may require an individual to disclose his or her social security number to such agency solely for the purpose of administering the laws referred to in clause (i) above and for the purpose of responding to requests for information from an agency operating pursuant to the provisions of part A or D of title IV of the Social Security Act.
- (iv) For purposes of this subparagraph, the term "State" includes the District of Columbia, the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, the Virgin Islands, Guam, the Commonwealth of the Northern Marianas, and the Trust Territory of the Pacific Islands.¹
- (8) The Secretary's record shall be evidence for the purpose of proceedings before the Secretary or any court of the amounts of wages paid to, and self-employment income derived by, an individual and of the periods in which such wages were paid and such income was de-

¹ Subparagraph (C) was added by section 1211(b) of Public Law 94-455.

rived. The absence of an entry in such records as to wages alleged to have been paid to, or as to self-employment income alleged to have been derived by, an individual in any period shall be evidence that no such alleged wages were paid to, or that no such alleged income was derived by, such individual during such period.

- (4) Prior to the expiration of the time limitation following any year the Secretary may, if it is brought to his attention that any entry of wages or self-employment income in his records for such year is erroneous or that any item of wages or self-employment income for such year has been omitted from such records, correct such entry or include such omitted item in his records, as the case may be. After the expiration of the time limitation following any year—
 - (A) the Secretary's records (with changes, if any, made pursuant to paragraph (5)) of the amounts of wages paid to, and self-employment income derived by, an individual during any period in such year shall be conclusive for the purposes of this title;
 - (B) the absence of an entry in the Secretary's records as to the wages alleged to have been paid by an employer to an individual during any period in such year shall be presumptive evidence for the purposes of this title that no such alleged wages were paid to such individual in such period; and
 - (C) the absence of an entry in the Secretary's records as to the self-employment income alleged to have been derived by an individual in such year shall be conclusive for the purposes of this title that no such alleged self-employment income was derived by such individual in such year unless it is shown that he filed a tax return of his self-employment income for such year before the expiration of the time limitation following such year, in which case the Secretary shall include in his records the self-employment income of such individual for such year.
- (5) After the expiration of the time limitation following any year in which wages were paid or alleged to have been paid to, or self-employment income was derived or alleged to have been derived by, an individual, the Secretary may change or delete any entry with respect to wages or self-employment income in his records of such year for such individual or include in his records of such year for such individual any omitted item of wages or self-employment income but only—
 - (A) if an application for monthly benefits or for a lump-sum death payment was filed within the time limitation following such year; except that no such change, deletion, or inclusion may be made pursuant to this subparagraph after a final decision upon the application for monthly benefits or lump-sum death payment;

- (B) if within the time limitation following such year an individual or his survivor makes a request for a change or deletion, or for an inclusion of an omitted item, and alleges in writing that the Secretary's records of the wages paid to, or the self-employment income derived by, such individual in such year are in one or more respects erroneous; except that no such change, deletion, or inclusion may be made pursuant to this subparagraph after a final decision upon such request. Written notice of the Secretary's decision on any such request shall be given to the individual who made the request;
 - (C) to correct errors apparent on the face of such records;
- (D) to transfer items to records of the Railroad Retirement Board if such items were credited under this title when they should have been credited under the Railroad Retirement Act, or to enter items transferred by the Railroad Retirement Board which have been credited under the Railroad Retirement Act when they should have been credited under this title;
- (E) to delete or reduce the amount of any entry which is erroneous as a result of fraud;
 - (F) to conform his records to-
 - (i) tax returns or portions thereof (including information returns and other written statements) filed with the Commissioner of Internal Revenue under title VIII of the Social Security Act, under subchapter E of chapter 1 or subchapter A of chapter 9 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1939, under chapter 2 or 21 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954, or under regulations made under authority of such title, subchapter, or chapter;
 - (ii) wage reports filed by a State pursuant to an agreement under section 218 or regulations of the Secretary, thereunder; or
 - (iii) assessments of amounts due under an agreement pursuant to section 218, if such assessments are made within the period specified in subsection (q) of such section, or allowances of credits or refunds of overpayments by a State under an agreement pursuant to such section:

except that no amount of self-employment income of an individual for any taxable year (if such return or statement was filed after the expiration of the time limitation following the taxable year) shall be included in the Secretary's records pursuant to this subparagraph;

(G) to correct errors made in the allocation, to individuals or periods, of wages or self-employment income entered in the records of the Secretary;

- (H) to include wages paid during any period in such year to an individual by an employer if there is an absence of an entry in the Secretary's records of wages having been paid by such employer to such individual in such period;
- (I) to enter items which constitute remuneration for employment under subsection (o), such entries to be in accordance with certified reports of records made by the Railroad Retirement Board pursuant to section 5(k)(3) of the Railroad Retirement Act of 1987; or
- (J) to include self-employment income for any taxable year, up to, but not in excess of, the amount of wages deleted by the Secretary as payments erroneously included in such records as wages paid to such individual, if such income (or net earnings from self-employment), not already included in such records as self-employment income, is included in a return or statement (referred to in subparagraph (F)) filed before the expiration of the time limitation following the taxable year in which such deletion of wages is made.
- (6) Written notice of any deletion or reduction under paragraph (4) or (5) shall be given to the individual whose record is involved or to his survivor, except that (A) in the case of a deletion or reduction with respect to any entry of wages such notice shall be given to such individual only if he has previously been notified by the Secretary of the amount of his wages for the period involved, and (B) such notice shall be given to such survivor only if he or the individual whose record is involved has previously been notified by the Secretary of the amount of such individual's wages and self-employment income for the period involved.
- (7) Upon request in writing (within such period, after any change or refusal of a request for a change of his records pursuant to this subsection, as the Secretary may prescribe), opportunity for hearing with respect to such change or refusal shall be afforded to any individual named therein, or by registered mail or by certified mail the Secretary shall make findings of fact and a decision based upon the evidence adduced at such hearing and shall include any omitted items, or change or delete any entry, in his records as may be required by such findings and decision.
- (8) Decisions of the Secretary under this subsection shall be reviewable by commencing a civil action in the United States district court as provided in subsection (g).
- (d) For the purpose of any hearing, investigation, or other proceeding authorized or directed under this title, or relative to any other matter within his jurisdiction hereunder, the Secretary shall have power to issue subpense requiring the attendance and testimony

of witnesses and the production of any evidence that relates to any matter under investigation or in question before the Secretary. Such attendance of witnesses and production of evidence at the designated place of such hearing, investigation, or other proceeding may be required from any place in the United States or in any Territory or possession thereof. Subpenas of the Secretary shall be served by anyone authorized by him (1) by delivering a copy thereof to the individual named therein, or (2) by registered mail or by certified mail addressed to such individual at his last dwelling place or principal place of business. A verified return by the individual so serving the subpena setting forth the manner of service, or, in the case of service by registered mail or by certified mail, the return post-office receipt therefor signed by the individual so served, shall be proof of service. Witnesses so subpenaed shall be paid the same fees and mileage as are paid witnesses in the district courts of the United States.

- (e) In case of contumacy by, or refusal to obey a subpena duly served upon, any person, any district court of the United States for the judicial district in which said person charged with contumacy or refusal to obey is found or resides or transacts business, upon application by the Secretary, shall have jurisdiction to issue an order requiring such person to appear and give testimony, or to appear and produce evidence, or both; any failure to obey such order of the court may be punished by said court as contempt thereof.
 - (f) [Repealed.]
- (g) Any individual, after any final decision of the Secretary made after a hearing to which he was a party, irrespective of the amount in controversy, may obtain a review of such decision by a civil action commenced within sixty days after the mailing to him of notice of such decision or within such further time as the Secretary may allow. Such action shall be brought in the district court of the United States for the judicial district in which the plaintiff resides, or has his principal place of business, or, if he does not reside or have his principal place of business within any such judicial district, in the District Court of the United States for the District of Columbia. As part of his answer the Secretary shall file a certified copy of the transcript of the record including the evidence upon which the findings and decision complained of are based. The court shall have power to enter, upon the pleadings and transcript of the record, a judgment affirming, modifying, or reversing the decision of the Secretary, with or without remanding the case for a rehearing. The findings of the Secretary as to any fact, if supported by substantial evidence, shall be conclusive, and where a claim has been denied by the Secretary or a decision is rendered under subsection (b) hereof which is adverse to an individual who was a party to the hearing before the Secretary, because of failure

of the claimant or such individual to submit proof in conformity with any regulation prescribed under subsection (a) hereof, the court shall review only the question of conformity with such regulations and the validity of such regulations. The court may, on motion of the Secretary made for good cause shown before he files his answer, remand the case to the Secretary for further action by the Secretary, and it may at any time order additional evidence to be taken before the Secretary, but only upon a showing that there is new evidence which is material and that there is good cause for the failure to incorporate such evidence into the record in a prior proceeding; and the Secretary shall, after the case is remanded, and after hearing such additional evidence if so ordered, modify or affirm his findings of fact or his decision, or both, and shall file with the court any such additional and modified findings of fact and decision, and a transcript of the additional record and testimony upon which his action in modifying or affirming was based. Such additional or modified findings of fact and decision shall be reviewable only to the extent provided for review of the original findings of fact and decision. The judgment of the court shall be final except that it shall be subject to review in the same manner as a judgment in other civil actions. Any action instituted in accordance with this subsection shall survive notwithstanding any change in the person occupying the office of Secretary or any vacancy in such office.1

- (h) The findings and decision of the Secretary after a hearing shall be binding upon all individuals who were parties to such hearing. No findings of fact or decision of the Secretary shall be reviewed by any person, tribunal, or governmental agency except as herein provided. No action against the United States, the Secretary, or any officer or employee threof shall be brought under Section 24 of the Judicial Code of the United States to recover on any claim arising under this title.
- (i) Upon final decision of the Secretary, or upon final judgment of any court of competent jurisdiction, that any person is entitled to any payment or payments under this title, the Secretary shall certify to the Managing Trustee the name and address of the person so entitled to receive such payment or payments, the amount of such payment or payments, and the time at which such payment or payments should be made, and the Managing Trustee, through the Fiscal Service of the Treasury Department, and prior to any action thereon by the General Accounting Office, shall make payment in accordance with the certification of the Secretary (except that in the case of (A) an individual who will have completed ten years of service creditable under the Railroad Retirement Act of 1937 or the Railroad Retirement Act of 1974,

¹ Sec. 205(g) was amended by sec. 305 of P.L. 96-265.

(B) the wife or husband of such an individual, (C) any survivor of such an individual if such survivor is entitled, or could upon application become entitled, to an annuity under section 2 of the Railroad Retirement Act of 1974, and (D) any other person entitled to benefits

under section 202 of this Act on the basis of the wages and self-employment income of such an individual (except a survivor of such an individual where such individual did not have a current connection with the railroad industry, as defined in the Railroad Retirement Act of 1974, at the time of his death), such certification shall be made to the Railroad Retirement Board which shall provide for such payment or payments to such person on behalf of the Managing Trustee in accordance with the provisions of the Railroad Retirement Act of 1974): Provided, That where a review of the Secretary's decision is or may be sought under subsection (g) the Secretary may withhold certification of payment pending such review. The Managing Trustee shall not be held personally liable for any payment or payments made in accordance with a certification by the Secretary.

(j) When it appears to the Secretary that the interest of an applicant entitled to a payment would be served thereby, certification of payment may be made, regardless of the legal competency or incompetency of the individual entitled thereto, either for direct payment to such applicant, or for his use and benefit to a relative or some other

person.

(k) Any payment made after December 31, 1939, under conditions set forth in subsection (j), any payment made before January 1, 1940, to, or on behalf of, a legally incompetent individual, and any payment made after December 31, 1939, to a legally incompetent individual without knowledge by the Secretary of incompetency prior to certification of payment, if otherwise valid under this title, shall be a complete settlement and satisfaction of any claim, right, or interest in and to such payment.

(1) The Secretary is authorized to delegate to any member, officer, or employee of the Department of Health, Education, and Welfare designated by him any of the powers conferred upon him by this section, and is authorized to be represented by his own attorneys in any court in any case or proceeding arising under the provisions of sub-

section (e).

(m) [Repealed.]

(n) The Secretary may, in his discretion, certify to the Managing Trustee any two or more individuals of the same family for joint payment of the total benefits payable to such individuals for any month, and if one of such individuals dies before a check representing such joint payment is negotiated, payment of the amount of such unnegotiated check to the surviving individual or individuals may be authorized in accordance with regulations of the Secretary of the Treasury; except that appropriate adjustment or recovery shall be made under section 204(a) with respect to so much of the amount of such check as

exceeds the amount to which such surviving individual or individuals are entitled under this title for such month.

Crediting of Compensation Under the Railroad Retirement Act

(o) If there is no person who would be entitled, upon application therefor, to an annuity under section 2 of the Railroad Retirement Act of 1974, or to a lump-sum payment under section 6(b) of such Act with respect to the death of an employee (as defined in such Act), then, notwithstanding section 210(a)(9) of this Act, compensation (as defined in such Railroad Retirement Act, but excluding compensation attributable as having been paid during any month on account of military service creditable under section 3(i) of such Act if wages are deemed to have been paid to such employee during such month under subsection (a) or (e) of section 217 of this Act) of such employee shall constitute remuneration for employment for purposes of determining (A) entitlement to and the amount of any lump-sum death payment under this title on the basis of such employee's wages and self-employment income and (B) entitlement to and the amount of any monthly benefit under this title, for the month in which such employee died or for any month thereafter, on the basis of such wages and self-employment income. For such purposes, compensation (as so defined) paid in a calendar year before 1978 shall, in the absence of evidence to the contrary, be presumed to have been paid in equal proportions with respect to all months in the year in which the employee rendered services for such compensation.1

Special Rules in Case of Federal Service

(p) (1) With respect to service included as employment under section 210 which is performed in the employ of the United States or in the employ of any instrumentality which is wholly owned by the United States, including service, performed as a member of a uniformed service, to which the provisions of subsection (1) (1) of such section are applicable, and including service, performed as a volunteer or volunteer leader within the meaning of the Peace Corps Act, to which the provisions of section 210(o) are applicable, the Secretary shall not make determinations as to whether an individual has performed such service, the periods of such service, the amounts of remuneration for such service which constitute wages under the provisions of section 209, or the periods in which or for which such wages were paid, but shall accept the determinations with respect thereto of the head of the appropriate Federal agency or instrumentality, and of such agents as such head may designate, as evidenced by returns filed in accordance with the provisions of section 3122 of the Internal

¹ Subsection (o) was amended by sec. 858(f)(2)(C) of Public Law 95-216.

Revenue Code of 1954 and certifications made pursuant to this subsection. Such determinations shall be final and conclusive.

- (2) The head of any such agency or instrumentality is authorized and directed, upon written request of the Secretary, to make certification to him with respect to any matter determinable for the Secretary by such head or his agents under this subsection, which the Secretary finds necessary in administering this title.
- (3) The provisions of paragraphs (1) and (2) shall be applicable in the case of service performed by a civilian employee, not compensated from funds appropriated by the Congress, in the Army and Air Force Exchange Service, Army and Air Force Motion Picture Service, Navy Exchanges, Marine Corps Exchanges, or other activities, conducted by an instrumentality of the United States subject to the jurisdiction of the Secretary of Defense, at installations of the Department of Defense for the comfort, pleasure, contentment, and mental and physical improvement of personnel of such Department; and for purposes of paragraphs (1) and (2) the Secretary of Defense shall be deemed to be the head of such instrumentality. The provisions of paragraphs (1) and (2) shall be applicable also in the case of service performed by a civilian employee, not compensated from funds appropriated by the Congress, in the Coast Guard Exchanges or other activities, conducted by an instrumentality of the United States subject to the jurisdiction of the Secretary of Transportation, at installations of the Coast Guard for the comfort, pleasure, contentment, and mental and physical improvement of personnel of the Coast Guard; and for purposes of paragraphs (1) and (2) the Secretary of Transportation shall be deemed to be the head of such instrumentality.1

Expedited Benefit Payments

- (q) (1) The Secretary shall establish and put into effect procedures under which expedited payment of monthly insurance benefits under this title will, subject to paragraph (4) of this subsection, be made as set forth in paragraphs (2) and (3) of this subsection.
 - (2) In any case in which—
 - (A) an individual makes an allegation that a monthly benefit under this title was due him in a particular month but was not paid to him, and
 - (B) such individual submits a written request for the payment of such benefit—
 - (i) in the case of an individual who received a regular monthly benefit in the month preceding the month with respect to which such allegation is made, not less than 30 days after the 15th day of the month with respect to which such allegation is made (and in the event that such request is submitted prior to the expiration of such 30-day period, it shall

Paragraph (3) was amended by section (703) (j) (14) (B) of Public Law 95-600.

be deemed to have been submitted upon the expiration of such period), and

(ii) in any other case, not less than 90 days after the later of (I) the date on which such benefit is alleged to have been due, or (II) the date on which such individual furnished the last information requested by the Secretary (and such written request will be deemed to be filed on the day on which it was filed, or the ninetieth day after the first day on which the Secretary has evidence that such allegation is true, whichever is later),

the Secretary shall, if he finds that benefits are due, certify such benefits for payment, and payment shall be made within 15 days immediately following the date on which the written request is deemed to have been filed.

- (3) In any case in which the Secretary determines that there is evidence, although additional evidence might be required for a final decision, that an allegation described in paragraph (2) (A) is true, he may make a preliminary certification of such benefit for payment even though the 30-day or 90-day periods described in paragraph (2) (B) (i) and (B) (ii) have not elapsed.
- (4) Any payment made pursuant to a certification under paragraph (8) of this subsection shall not be considered an incorrect payment for purposes of determining the liability of the certifying or disbursing officer.
- (5) For purposes of this subsection, benefits payable under section 228 shall be treated as monthly insurance benefits payable under this title. However, this subsection shall not apply with respect to any benefit for which a check has been negotiated, or with respect to any benefit alleged to be due under either section 223, or section 202 to a wife, husband, or child of an individual entitled to or applying for benefits under section 223, or to a child who has attained age 18 and is under a disability, or to a widow or widower on the basis of being under a disability.

Representation of Claimants

Sec. 206. (a) The Secretary may prescribe rules and regulations governing the recognition of agents or other persons, other than attorneys as hereinafter provided, representing claimants before the Secretary, and may require of such agents or other persons, before being recognized as representatives of claimants that they shall show that they are of good character and in good repute, possessed of the necessary qualifications to enable them to render such claimants valuable service, and otherwise competent to advise and assist such claimants in the presentation of their cases. An attorney in good standing

who is admitted to practice before the highest court of the State, Territory, District, or insular possession of his residence or before the Supreme Court of the United States or the inferior Federal courts, shall be entitled to represent claimants before the Secretary. The Secretary may, after due notice and opportunity for hearing, suspend or prohibit from further practice before him any such person, agent, or attorney who refuses to comply with the Secretary's rules and regulations or who violates any provision of this section for which a penalty is prescribed. The Secretary may, by rule and regulation, prescribe the maximum fees which may be charged for services performed in connection with any claim before the Secretary under this title, and any agreement in violation of such rules and regulations shall be void. Whenever the Secretary, in any claim before him for benefits under this title, makes a determination favorable to the claimant, he shall, if the claimant was represented by an attorney in connection with such claim, fix (in accordance with the regulations prescribed pursuant to the preceding sentence) a reasonable fee to compensate such attorney for the services performed by him in connection with such claim. If, as a result of such determination, such claimant is entitled to past-due benefits under this title, the Secretary shall, notwithstanding section 205(i), certify for payment (out of such past-due benefits) to such attorney an amount equal to whichever of the following is the smaller: (A) 25 per centum of the total amount of such pastdue benefits, (B) the amount of the attorney's fee so fixed, or (C) the amount agreed upon between the claimant and such attorney as the fee for such attorney's services. Any person who shall, with intent to defraud, in any manner willfully and knowingly deceive, mislead, or threaten any claimant or prospective claimant or beneficiary under this title by word, circular, letter, or advertisement, or who shall knowingly charge or collect directly or indirectly any fee in excess of the maximum fee, or make any agreement directly or indirectly to charge or collect any fee in excess of the maximum fee, prescribed by the Secretary shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor and, upon conviction thereof, shall for each offense be punished by a fine not exceeding \$500 or by imprisonment not exceeding one year, or both.

(b) (1) Whenever a court renders a judgment favorable to a claimant under this title who was represented before the court by an attorney, the court may determine and allow as part of its judgment a reasonable fee for such representation, not in excess of 25 percent of the total of the past-due benefits to which the claimant is entitled by reason of such judgment, and the Secretary may, notwithstanding the provisions of section 205(i), certify the amount of such fee for payment to such attorney out of, and not in addition to, the amount of such past-due benefits. In case of any such judgment, no other fee may

be payable or certified for payment for such representation except as provided in this paragraph.

(2) Any attorney who charges, demands, receives, or collects for services rendered in connection with proceedings before a court to which paragraph (1) is applicable any amount in excess of that allowed by the court thereunder shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction thereof shall be subject to a fine of not more than \$500, or imprisonment for not more than one year, or both.

Assignment

Sec. 207. The right of any person to any future payment under this title shall not be transferable or assignable, at law or in equity, and none of the moneys paid or payable or rights existing under this title shall be subject to execution, levy, attachment, garnishment, or other legal process, or to the operation of any bankruptcy or insolvency law.

Penalties 1

Sec. 208. Whoever—

- (a) for the purpose of causing an increase in any payment authorized to be made under this title, or for the purpose of causing any payment to be made where no payment is authorized under this title, shall make or cause to be made any false statement or representation (including any false statement or representation in connection with any matter arising under subchapter E of chapter 1, or subchapter A or E of chapter 9 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1939, or chapter 2 or 21 or subtitle F of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954) as to—
 - (1) whether wages were paid or received for employment (as said terms are defined in this title and the Internal Revenue Code), or the amount of wages or the period during which paid or the person to whom paid; or
 - (2) whether net earnings from self-employment (as such term is defined in this title and in the Internal Revenue Code) were derived, or as to the amount of such net earnings or the period during which or the person by whom derived; or
 - (3) whether a person entitled to benefits under this title had earnings in or for a particular period (as determined under section 203(f) of this title for purposes of deductions from benefits), or as to the amount thereof; or
- (b) makes or causes to be made any false statement or representation of a material fact in any application for any payment or for a disability determination under this title; or
 - (c) at any time makes or causes to be made any false statement

¹ Sec. 208 was amended by secs. 1211 (a) and (d) (1) and (2) of P.L. 94-455 and sec. 4 of P.L. 97-128.

or representation of a material fact for use in determining rights to payment under this title; or

- (d) having knowledge of the occurrence of any event affecting (1) his initial or continued right to any payment under this title, or (2) the initial or continued right to any payment of any other individual in whose behalf he has applied for or is receiving such payment, conceals or fails to disclose such event with an intent fraudulently to secure payment either in a greater amount than is due or when no payment is authorized; or
- (e) having made application to receive payment under this title for the use and benefit of another and having received such a payment, knowingly and willfully converts such a payment, or any part thereof, to a use other than for the use and benefit of such other person; or
- (f) willfully, knowingly, and with intent to deceive the Secretary as to his true identity (or the true identity of any other person) furnishes or causes to be furnished false information to the Secretary with respect to any information required by the Secretary in connection with the establishment and maintenance of the records provided for in section 205(c) (2); or
- (g) for the purpose of causing an increase in any payment authorized under this title (or any other program financed in whole or in part from Federal funds), or for the purpose of causing a payment under this title (or any such other program) to be made when no payment is authorized thereunder, or for the purpose of obtaining (for himself or any other person) any payment or any other benefit to which he (or such other person) is not entitled, or for the purpose of obtaining anything of value from any person, or for any other purpose—
 - (1) willfully, knowingly, and with intent to deceive, uses a social security account number, assigned by the Secretary (in the exercise of his authority under section 205(c) (2) to establish and maintain records) on the basis of false information furnished to the Secretary by him or by any other person; or
 - (2) with intent to deceive, falsely represents a number to be the social security account number assigned by the Secretary to him or to another person, when in fact such number is not the social security account number assigned by the Secretary to him or to such other person; or
 - (3) knowingly alters a social security card issued by the Secretary, buys or sells a card that is, or purports to be, a card so issued, counterfeits a social security card, or possesses a social security card or counterfeit social security card with intent to sell or alter it; or
 - (h) discloses, uses, or compels the disclosure of the social secu-

rity number of any person in violation of the laws of the United States;

shall be guilty of a felony and upon conviction thereof shall be fined not more than \$5,000 or imprisoned for not more than five years, or both.

Definition of Wages

- Sec. 209. For the purposes of this title, the term "wages" means remuneration paid prior to 1951 which was wages for the purposes of this title under the law applicable to the payment of such remuneration, and remuneration paid after 1950 for employment, including the cash value of all remuneration paid in any medium other than cash; except that, in the case of remuneration paid after 1950, such term shall not include—
- (a) (1) That part of remuneration which, after remuneration (other than remuneration referred to in the succeeding subsections of this section) equal to \$3,600 with respect to employment has been paid to an individual during any calendar year prior to 1955, is paid to such individual during such calendar year;
- (2) That part of remuneration which, after remuneration (other than remuneration referred to in the succeeding subsections of this section) equal to \$4,200 with respect to employment has been paid to an individual during any calendar year after 1954 and prior to 1959, is paid to such individual during such calendar year;
- (3) That part of remuneration which, after remuneration (other than remuneration referred to in the succeeding subsection of this section) equal to \$4,800 with respect to employment has been paid to an individual during any calendar year after 1958 and prior to 1966, is paid to such individual during such calendar year;
- (4) That part of remuneration which, after remuneration (other than remuneration referred to in the succeeding subsections of this section) equal to \$6,600 with respect to employment has been paid to an individual during any calendar year after 1965 and prior t 1968, is paid to such individual during such calendar year;
- (5) That part of remuneration which, after remuneration (other than remuneration referred to in the succeeding subsections of this section) equal to \$7,800 with respect to employment has been paid to an individual during any calendar year after 1967 and prior to 1972, is paid to such individual during such calendar year;
- (6) That part of remuneration which, after remuneration (other than remuneration referred to in the succeeding subsections of this section) equal to \$9,000 with respect to employment has been paid to an individual during any calendar year after 1971 and prior to 1973 is paid to such individual during such calendar year;
- (7) That part of remuneration which, after remuneration (other than remuneration referred to in the succeeding subsections of this section) equal to \$10,800 with respect to employment has been paid to an individual during any calendar year after 1972 and prior to 1974, is paid to such individual during such calendar year;

- (8) That part of remuneration which, after remuneration (other than remuneration referred to in the succeeding subsections of this section) equal to \$13,200 with respect to employment has been paid to an individual during any calendar year after 1973 and prior to 1975, is paid to such individual during such calendar year;
- (9) That part of remuneration which, after remuneration (other than remuneration referred to in the succeeding subsections of this section) equal to the contribution and benefit base (determined under section 230)¹ with respect to employment has been paid to an individual during any calendar year after 1974 with respect to which such contribution and benefit base is effective, is paid to such individual during such calendar year;
- (b) The amount of any payment (including any amount paid by an employer for insurance or annuities, or into a fund, to provide for any such payment) made to, or on behalf of, an employee or any of his dependents under a plan or system established by an employer which makes provision for his employees generally (or for his employees generally and their dependents) or for a class or classes of his employees (or for a class or classes of his employees and their dependents), on account of (1) retirement, or (2) sickness or accident disability (but, in the case of payments made to an employee or any of his dependents, this clause shall exclude from the term "wages" only payments which are received under a workmen's compensation law), or (3) medical or hospitalization expenses in connection with sickness or accident disability, or (4) death; ²
- (c) Any payment made to an employee (including any amount paid by an employer for insurance or annuities, or into a fund, to provide for any such payment) on account of retirement;
- (d) Any payment on account of sickness or accident disability, or medical or hospitalization expenses in connection with sickness or accident disability, made by an employer to, or on behalf of, an employee after the expiration of six calendar months following the last calendar month in which the employee worked for such employer;
- (e) Any payment made to, or on behalf of an employee or his beneficiary (1) from or to a trust exempt from tax under section 165(a) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1939 at the time of such payment or, in the case of a payment after 1954, under sections 401 and 501(a) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954, unless such payment is made to an employee of the trust as remuneration for services rendered as such employee and not as a beneficiary of the trust, or (2) under or to an annuity plan which, at the time of such payment, meets the requirements of section 165(a) (3), (4), (5), and (6) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1939, or, in the case of a payment after 1954 and prior to 1963, the requirements of section 401(a) (3), (4), (5), and (6) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954, or (3) under or to an annuity plan which,

¹ See Appendix B.

² Subsec. (b) was amended by sec. 3 of P.L. 97-123.

at the time of any such payment after 1962, is a plan described in section 403(a) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954, or (4) under or to a bond purchase plan which, at the time of any such payment after 1962, is a qualified bond purchase plan described in section 405(a) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954;

- (f) The payment by an employer (without deduction from the remuneration of the employee)—
 - (1) of the tax imposed upon an employee under section 3101 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954, or
 - (2) of any payment required from an employee under a State unemployment compensation law,

with respect to remuneration paid to an employee for domestic service in a private home of the employer or for agricultural labor; 1

- (g) (1) Remuneration paid in any medium other than cash to an employee for service not in the course of the employer's trade or business or for domestic service in a private home of the employer;
- (2) Cash remuneration paid by an employer in any calendar quarter to an employee for domestic service in a private home of the employer, if the cash remuneration paid in such quarter by the employer to the employee for such service is less than \$50. As used in this paragraph, the term "domestic service in a private home of the employer" does not include service described in section 210(f)(5);
- (3) Cash remuneration paid by an employer in any calendar year to an employee for service not in the course of the employer's trade or business, if the cash remuneration paid in such year by the employer to the employee for such service is less than \$100. As used in this paragraph, the term "service not in the course of the employer's trade or business" does not include domestic service in a private home of the employer and does not include service described in section 210(f)(5);
- (h) (1) Remuneration paid in any medium other than cash for agricultural labor;
- (2) Cash remuneration paid by an employer in any calendar year to an employee for agricultural labor unless (A) the cash remuneration paid in such year by the employer to the employee for such labor is \$150 or more, or (B) the employee performs agricultural labor for the employer on twenty days or more during such year for cash remuneration computed on a time basis;
- (i) Any payment (other than vacation or sick pay) made to an employee after the month in which he attains age 62 if he did not work for the employer in the period for which such payment is made. As used in this subsection, the term "sick pay" includes remuneration for service in the employ or a State, a political subdivision (as defined in section 218(b)(2)) of a State, or an instrumentality of two or more

¹ Subsec. (f) was amended by sec. 1141 of P.L. 96-499. (See excerpt from that public law for exception in the case of certain State and local governments.)

² Par. (3) was amended by sec. 358(a) (1) and (2) of P.L. 95-216.

States, paid to an employee thereof for a period during which he was absent from work because of sickness;

- (j) Remuneration paid by an employer in any year to an employee for service described in section 210(j)(3)(C) (relating to home workers), if the cash remuneration paid in such year by the employer to the employee for such service is less than \$100; ¹
- (k) Remuneration paid to or on behalf of an employee if (and to the extent that) at the time of the payment of such remuneration it is reasonable to believe that a corresponding deduction is allowable under section 217 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954;

(l) (1) Tips paid in any medium other than cash;

(2) Cash tips received by an employee in any calendar month in the course of his employment by an employer unless the amount of such cash tips is \$20 or more;

(m) Any payment or series of payments by an employer to an employee or any of his dependents which is paid—

(1) upon or after the termination of an employee's employment relationship because of (A) death, (B) retirement for disability, or (C) retirement after attaining an age specified in the plan referred to in paragraph (2) or in a pension plan of the employer, and

(2) under a plan established by the employer which makes provision for his employees generally or a class or classes of his employees (or for such employees or classes of employees

and their dependents),

other than any such payment or series of payments which would have been paid if the employee's employment relationship had not been so terminated;

- (n) Any payment made by an employer to a survivor or the estate of a former employee after the calendar year in which such employee died;
- (o) Any payment made by an employer to an employee, if at the time such payment is made such employee is entitled to disability insurance benefits under section 223(a) and such entitlement commenced prior to the calendar year in which such payment is made, and if such employee did not perform any services for such employer during the period for which such payment is made; or
- (p) Remuneration paid by an organization exempt from income tax under section 501 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954 in any calendar year to an employee for service rendered in the employ of such organization, if the remuneration paid in such year by the organization to the employee for such service is less than \$100.

¹ Subsection (j) was amended by sec. 351(a)(1) and (2) of Public Law 95-216.
² Subsection (p) was added by sec. 351(a)(3)(A) of Public Law 95-216.

(p) Any contribution, payment, or service, provided by an employer which may be excluded from the gross income of an employee, his spouse, or his dependents, under the provisions of section 120 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954 (relating to amounts received under qualified group legal services plans).

For purposes of this title, in the case of domestic service described in subsection (g) (2), any payment of cash remuneration for such service which is more or less than a whole-dollar amount shall, under such conditions and to such extent as may be prescribed by regulations made under this title, be computed to the nearest dollar. For the purpose of

¹ The second subsection (p) was added by section 3(c) of Public Law 95–472. (The designation of this subsection is a technical error; technical corrections to subsection (o) and to the first subsection (p) are also needed to accommodate this subsection.)

the computation to the nearest dollar, the payment of a fractional part of a dollar shall be disregarded unless it amounts to one-half dollar or more, in which case it shall be increased to \$1. The amount of any payment of cash remuneration so computed to the nearest dollar shall, in lieu of the amount actually paid, be deemed to constitute the amount of cash remuneration for purposes of subsection (g) (2).

For purposes of this title, in the case of an individual performing service, as a member of a uniformed service, to which the provisions of section 210(1)(1) are applicable, the term "wages" shall, subject to the provisions of subsection (a) of this section, include as such individual's remuneration for such service only his basic pay as described in section 102(10) of the Servicemen's and Veterans' Survivor Benefits Act.

For purposes of this title, in the case of an individual performing service, as a volunteer or volunteer leader within the meaning of the Peace Corps Act, to which the provisions of section 210(o) are applicable, (1) the term "wages" shall, subject to the provisions of subsection (a) of this section, include as such individual's remuneration for such service only amounts certified as payable pursuant to section 5(c) or 6(l) of the Peace Corps Act, and (2) any such amount shall be deemed to have been paid to such individual at the time the service, with respect to which it is paid, is performed.

For purposes of this title, tips received by an employee in the course of his employment shall be considered remuneration for employment. Such remuneration shall be deemed to be paid at the time a written statement including such tips is furnished to the employer pursuant to section 6053(a) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954 or (if no statement including such tips is so furnished) at the time received.

For purposes of this title, in any case where an individual is a member of a religious order (as defined in section 3121(r)(2) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954) performing service in the exercise of duties required by such order, and an election of coverage under section 3121 (r) of such Code is in effect with respect to such order or with respect to the autonomous subdivision thereof to which such member belongs, the term "wages" shall, subject to the provisions of subsection (a) of this section, include as such individual's remuneration for such service the fair market value of any board, lodging, clothing, and other perquisites furnished to such member by such order or subdivision thereof or by any other person or organization pursuant to an agreement with such order or subdivision, except that the amount included as such individual's remuneration under this paragraph shall not be less than \$100 a month.

Definition of Employment

Sec. 210. For the purposes of this title—

Employment

- (a) The term "employment" means any service performed after 1936 and prior to 1951 which was employment for the purposes of this title under the law applicable to the period in which such service was performed, and any service, of whatever nature, performed after 1950 either (A) by an employee for the person employing him, irrespective of the citizenship or residence of either, (i) within the United States, or (ii) on or in connection with an American vessel or American aircraft under a contract of service which is entered into within the United States or during the performance of which and while the employee is employed on the vessel or aircraft it touches at a port in the United States, if the employee is employed on and in connection with such vessel or aircraft when outside the United States, or (B) outside the United States by a citizen of the United States as an employee (i) of an American employer (as defined in subsection (e)), or (ii) of a foreign subsidiary (as defined in section 3121(1) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954) of a domestic corporation (as determined in accordance with section 7701 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954) during any period for which there is in effect an agreement entered into pursuant to section 3121(1) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954, with respect to such subsidiary; except that, in the case of service performed after 1950, such term shall not include—
 - (1) Service performed by foreign agricultural workers (A) under contracts entered into in accordance with title V of the Agricultural Act of 1949, as amended, or (B) lawfully admitted to the United States from the Bahamas, Jamaica, and the other British West Indies, or from any other foreign country or possession thereof, on a temporary basis to perform agricultural labor;
 - (2) Domestic service performed in a local college club, or local chapter of a college fraternity or sorority, by a student who is enrolled and is regularly attending classes at a school, college, or university;

(3) (A) Service performed by an individual in the employ of his spouse, and service performed by a child under the age of twenty-one in the employ of his father or mother:

(B) Service not in the course of the employer's trade or business, or domestic service in a private home of the employer, performed by an individual in the employ of his son or daughter; except that the provisions of this subparagraph shall not be applicable to such domestic service if—

- (i) the employer is a surviving spouse or a divorced individual and has not remarried, or has a spouse living in the home who has a mental or physical condition which results in such spouse's being incapable of caring for a son, daughter, stepson, or stepdaughter (referred to in clause (ii)) for at least 4 continuous weeks in the calendar quarter in which the service is rendered, and
- (ii) a son, daughter, stepson, or stepdaughter of such employer is living in the home, and
- (iii) the son, daughter, stepson, or stepdaughter (referred to in clause (ii)) has not attained age 18 or has a mental or physical condition which requires the personal care and supervision of an adult for at least 4 continuous weeks in the callendar quarter in which the service is rendered;
- (4) Service performed by an individual on or in connection with a vessel not an American vessel, or on or in connection with an aircraft not an American aircraft, if (A) the individual is employed on and in connection with such vessel or aircraft when outside the United States and (B)(i) such individual is not a citizen of the United States or (ii) the employer is not an American employer;
- (5) Service performed in the employ of any instrumentality of the United States, if such instrumentality is exempt from the tax imposed by section 3111 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954 by virtue of any provision of law which specifically refers to such section in granting such exemption;
- (6) (A) Service performed in the employ of the United States or in the employ of any instrumentality of the United States, if such service is covered by a retirement system established by a law of the United States;
- (B) Service performed by an individual in the employ of an instrumentality of the United States if such an instrumentality was exempt from the tax imposed by section 1410 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1939 on December 31, 1950, and if such service is covered by a retirement system established by such instrumentality; except that the provisions of this subparagraph shall not be applicable to—
 - (i) service performed in the employ of a corporation which is wholly owned by the United States.
 - (ii) service performed in the employ of a Federal land bank, a Federal intermediate credit bank, a bank for cooperatives, a Federal land bank association, a production credit

association, a Federal Reserve Bank, a Federal Home Loan Bank, or a Federal Credit Union;

(iii) service performed in the employ of a State, county, or community committee under the Production and Market-

ing Administration;

(iv) service performed by a civilian employee, not compensated from funds appropriated by the Congress, in the Army and Air Force Exchange Service, Army and Air Force Motion Picture Service, Navy Exchanges, Marine Corps Exchanges, or other activities, conducted by an instrumentality of the United States subject to the jurisdiction of the Secretary of Defense, at installations of the Department of Defense for the comfort, pleasure, contentment, and mental and physical improvement of personnel of such Department; or

(v) service performed by a civilian employee, not compensated from funds appropriated by the Congress, in the Coast Guard Exchanges or other activities, conducted by an instrumentality of the United States subject to the jurisdiction of the Secretary of Transportation at installations of the Coast Guard for the comfort, pleasure, contentment, and mental and physical improvement of personnel of the Coast Guard;

(C) Service performed in the employ of the United States or in the employ of any instrumentality of the United States, if such

service is performed—

- (i) as the President or Vice President of the United States or as a Member, Delegate, or Resident Commissioner of or to the Congress;
 - (ii) in the legislative branch;
- (iii) in a penal institution of the United States by an inmate thereof;
- (iv) by any individual as an employee included under section 5851(2) of title 5, United States Code (relating to certain interns, student nurses, and other student employees of hospitals of the Federal Government), other than as a medical or dental intern or a medical or dental resident in training;
- (v) by any individual as an employee serving on a temporary basis in case of fire, storm, earthquake, flood, or other similar emergency; or
- (vi) by any individual to whom subchapter III of chapter 88 of title 5, United States Code, does not apply because such individual is subject to another retirement system other than the retirement system of the Tennessee Valley Authority);

¹ Clause (v) was amended by section 708(j) (14) (C) of Public Law 95-600.

- (7) Service performed in the employ of a State, or any political subdivision thereof, or any instrumentality of any one or more of the foregoing which is wholly owned thereby, except that this paragraph shall not apply in the case of—
 - (A) service included under an agreement under section 218,
- (B) service which, under subsection (k), constitutes covered transportation service,
- (C) service in the employ of the Government of Guam or the Government of American Samoa or any political subdivision thereof, or of any instrumentality of any one or more the foregoing which is wholly owned thereby, performed by an officer or employee thereof (including a member of the legislature of any such Government or political subdivision), and, for purposes of this title—
 - (i) any person whose service as such an officer or employee is not covered by a retirement system established by a law of the United States shall not, with respect to such service, be regarded as an officer or employee of the United States or any agency or instrumentality thereof, and
 - (ii) the remuneration for service described in clause (i) (including fees paid to a public official) shall be deemed to have been paid by the Government of Guam or the Government of American Samoa or by a political subdivision thereof or an instrumentality of any one or more of the foregoing which is wholly owned thereby, whichever is appropriate,
- (D) service performed in the employ of the District of Columbia or any instrumentality which is wholly owned thereby, if such service is not covered by a retirement system established by a law of the United States; except that the provisions of this subparagraph shall not be applicable to service performed—
 - (i) in a hospital or penal institution by a patient or inmate thereof;
 - (ii) by any individual as an employee included under section 5351(2) of title 5, United States Code (relating to certain interns, student nurses, and other student employees of hospitals of the District of Columbia Government), other than as a medical or dental intern or as a medical or dental resident in training;
 - (iii) by any individual as an employee serving on a temporary basis in case of fire, storm, snow, earthquake, flood, or other similar emergency; or
 - (iv) by a member of a board, committee, or council of the

District of Columbia, paid on a per diem, meeting, or other fee basis, or

- (E) service performed in the employ of the Government of Guam (or any instrumentality which is wholly owned by such Government) by an employee properly classified as a temporary or intermittent employee, if such service is not covered by a retirement system established by a law of Guam; except that (i) the provisions of this subparagraph shall not be applicable to services performed by an elected official or a member of the legislature or in a hospital or penal institution by a patient or inmate thereof, and (ii) for purposes of this subparagraph, clauses (i) and (ii) of subparagraph (C) shall apply;
- (8) (A) Service performed by a duly ordained, commissioned, or licensed minister of a church in the exercise of his ministry or by a member of a religious order in the exercise of duties required by such order, except that this subparagraph shall not apply to service performed by a member of such an order in the exercise of such duties, if an election of coverage under section 3121(r) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954 is in effect with respect to such order, or with respect to the autonomous subdivision thereof to which such member belongs;
- (B) Service performed in the employ of a religious, charitable, educational, or other organization described in section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954, which is exempt from income tax under section 501(a) of such Code, but this subparagraph shall not apply to service performed during the period for which a certificate, filed pursuant to section 3121(k) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954, (or deemed to have been so filed under paragraph(4) or (5) of such section 3121(k)) is in effect if such service is performed by an employee—
 - (i) whose signature appears on the list filed (or deemed to have been filed) by such organization under such section 3121(k),
 - (ii) who became an employee of such organization after the calendar quarter in which the certificate (other than a certificate referred to in clause (iii)) was filed (or deemed to have been filed), or
 - (iii) who, after the calendar quarter in which the certificate was filed (or deemed to have been filed) with respect to a group described in paragraph (1)(E) of such section 3121 (k), became a member of such group,

except that this subparagraph shall apply with respect to service performed by an employee as a member of a group described in such paragraph (1) (E) with respect to which no certificate is (or is deemed to be) in effect; ¹

- (9) Service performed by an individual as an employee or employee representative as defined in section 3231 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954:
 - (10) Service performed in the employ of-

(A) a school, college, or university, or

(B) an organization described in section 509(a) (3) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954 if the organization is organized, and at all times thereafter is operated, exclusively for the benefit of, to perform the functions of, or to carry out the purposes of a school, college, or university and is operated, supervised, or controlled by or in connection with such school, college, or university, unless it is a school, college, or university of a State or a political subdivision thereof and the services in its employ performed by a student referred to in section 218(c) (5) are covered under the agreement between the Secretary of Health, Education, and Welfare and such State entered into pursuant to section 218; *

if such service is performed by a student who is enrolled and regularly attending classes at such school, college, or university;

(11) Service performed in the employ of a foreign government (including service as a consular or other officer or employee or a nondiplomatic representative);

(12) Service performed in the employ of an instrumentality wholly owned by a foreign government—

(A) If the service is of a character similar to that performed in foreign countries by employees of the United States Government or of an instrumentality thereof; and

- (B) If the Secretary of State shall certify to the Secretary of the Treasury that the foreign government, with respect to whose instrumentality and employees thereof exemption is claimed, grants an equivalent exemption with respect to similar service performed in the foreign country by employees of the United States Government and of instrumentalities thereof:
- (13) Service performed as a student nurse in the employ of a hospital or a nurses' training school by an individual who is enrolled and is regularly attending classes in a nurses' training school chartered or approved pursuant to State law;

Subparagraph (B) was amended by section 1(a) of P.L. 94-563.
 Paragraph (10) was amended by sec. 351(a)(8)(B) of Public Law 95-216.

- (14) (A) Service performed by an individual under the age of eighteen in the delivery or distribution of newspapers or shopping news, not including delivery or distribution to any point for subsequent delivery or distribution;
- (B) Service performed by an individual in, and at the time of, the sale of newspapers or magazines to ultimate consumers, under an arrangement under which the newspapers or magazines are to be sold by him at a fixed price, his compensation being based on the retention of the excess of such price over the amount at which the newspapers or magazines are charged to him, whether or not he is guaranteed a minimum amount of compensation for such service, or is entitled to be credited with the unsold newspapers or magazines turned back;
- (15) Service performed in the employ of an international organization entitled to enjoy privileges, exemptions, and immunities as an international organization under the International Organizations Immunities Act (59 Stat. 669);
- (16) Service performed by an individual under an arrangement with the owner or tenant of land pursuant to which—
 - (A) such individual undertakes to produce agricultural or horticultural commodities (including livestock, bees, poultry, and fur-bearing animals and wildlife) on such land,
 - (B) the agricultural or horticultural commodities produced by such individual, or the proceeds therefrom, are to be divided between such individual and such owner or tenant, and
 - (C) the amount of such individual's share depends on the amount of the agricultural or horticultural commodities produced;
- (17) Service in the employ of any organization which is performed (A) in any year during any part of which such organization is registered, or there is in effect a final order of the Subversive Activities Control Board requiring such organization to register, under the Internal Security Act of 1950, as amended, as a Communist-action organization, a Communist-front organization, or a Communist-infiltrated organization, and (B) after June 30, 1956;¹
- (18) Service performed in Guam by a resident of the Republic of the Philippines while in Guam on a temporary basis as a non-immigrant alien admitted to Guam pursuant to section 101(a) (15) (H) (ii) of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1101(a) (15) (H) (ii));

¹ Paragraph (17) was amended by sec. 351(a)(1) of Public Law 95-216.

(19) Service which is performed by a nonresident alien individual for the period he is temporarily present in the United States as a nonimmigrant under subparagraph (F) or (J) of section 101(a)(15) of the Immigration and Nationality Act, as amended, and which is performed to carry out the purpose specified in subparagraph (F) or (J), as the case may be; or,

(20) Service performed by an individual on a boat engaged in catching fish or other forms of aquatic animal life under an arrangement with the owner or operator of such boat pursuant to

which-

(A) such individual does not receive any cash remuneration (other than as provided in subparagraph (B)),

(B) such individual receives a share of the boat's (or the boats' in the case of a fishing operation involving more than one boat) catch of fish or other forms of aquatic animal life or a share of the proceeds from the sale of such catch, and

(C) the amount of such individual's share depends on the amount of the boat's (or boats' in the case of a fishing operation involving more than one boat) catch of fish or other

forms of aquatic animal life,

but only if the operating crew of such boat (or each boat from which the individual receives a share in the case of a fishing operation involving more than one boat) is normally made up of fewer than 10 individuals.¹

Included and Excluded Service

(b) If the services performed during one-half or more of any pay period by an employee for the person employing him constitute employment, all the services of such employee for such period shall be deemed to be employment; but if the services performed during more than one-half of any such pay period by an employee for the person employing him do not constitute employment, then none of the services of such employee for such period shall be deemed to be employment. As used in this subsection, the term "pay period" means a period (of not more than thirty-one consecutive days) for which a payment of remuneration is ordinarily made to the employee by the person employing him. This subsection shall not be applicable with respect to services performed in a pay period by an employee for the person employing him, where any of such service is expected by paragraph (9) of subsection (a).

¹ Paragraph (20) was added by section 1207(e)(2) of Public Law 94-455 effective as specified in section 1207(f)(4) of that act which is printed in this document on page 759.

American Vessel

(c) The term "American vessel" means any vessel documented or numbered under the laws of the United States; and includes any vessel which is neither documented or numbered under the laws of the United States or documented under the laws of any foreign country, if its crew is employed solely by one or more citizens or residents of the United States or corporations organized under the laws of the United States or of any State.

American Aircraft

(d) The term "American aircraft" means an aircraft registered under the laws of the United States.

American Employer

(e) The term "American employer" means an employer which is (1) the United States or any instrumentality thereof, (2) a State or any political subdivision thereof, or any instrumentality of any one or more of the foregoing, (3) an individual who is a resident of the United States, (4) a partnership, if two-thirds or more of the partners are residents of the United States, (5) a trust, if all of the trustees are residents of the United States, or (6) a corporation organized under the laws of the United States or of any State.

Agricultural Labor

- (f) The term "agricultural labor" includes all service performed—
 - (1) On a farm, in the employ of any person, in connection with cultivating the soil, or in connection with raising or harvesting any agricultural or horticultural commodity, including the raising, shearing, feeding, caring for, training, and management of livestock, bees, poultry, and fur-bearing animals and wildlife.
 - (2) In the employ of the owner or tenant or other operator of a farm in connection with the operation, management, conservation, improvement, or maintenance of such farm and its tools and equipment, or in salvaging timber or clearing land of brush and other debris left by a hurricane, if the major part of such service is performed on a farm.
 - (3) In connection with the production or harvesting of any commodity defined as an agricultural commodity in section 15(g) of the Agricultural Marketing Act, as amended, or in connection with the ginning of cotton, or in connection with the operation or maintenance of ditches, canals, reservoirs, or waterways, not

owned or operated for profit, used exclusively for supplying and storing water for farming purposes.

- (4) (A) In the employ of the operator of a farm in handling, planting, drying, packing, packaging, processing, freezing, grading, storing, or delivering to storage or to market or to a carrier for transportation to market in its unmanufactured state, any agricultural or horticultural commodity; but only if such operator produced more than one-half of the commodity with respect to which such service is performed.
- (B) In the employ of a group of operators of farms (other than a cooperative organization) in the performance of service described in subparagraph (A), but only if such operators produced all of the commodity with respect to which such service is performed. For the purposes of this subparagraph, any unincorporated group of operators shall be deemed a cooperative organization if the number of operators comprising such group is more than twenty at any time during the calendar year in which such service is performed.¹

(5) On a farm operated for profit if such service is not in the course of the employer's trade or business or is domestic service in a private home of the employer.

The provisions of subparagraphs (A) and (B) of paragraph (4) shall not be deemed to be applicable with respect to service performed in connection with commercial canning or commercial freezing or in connection with any agricultural or horticultural commodity after its delivery to a terminal market for distribution for consumption.

Farm

(g) The term "farm" includes stock, dairy, poultry, fruit, fur-bearing animal and truck farms, plantations, ranches, nurseries, ranges, greenhouses or other similar structures used primarily for the raising of agricultural or horticultural commodities and orchards.

State

(h) The term "State" includes the District of Columbia, the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, the Virgin Islands, Guam, and American Samoa.

United States

(i) The term "United States" when used in a geographical sense means the States, the District of Columbia, the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, the Virgin Islands, Guam, and American Samoa.

Employee

- (j) The term "employee" means—
 - (1) any officer of a corporation; or

¹ Subparagraph (B) was amended by sec. 351(a)(1) of Public Law 95-216.

- (2) any individual who, under the usual common law rules applicable in determining the employer-employee relationship, has the status of an employee; or
- (3) any individual (other than an individual who is an employee under paragraph (1) or (2) of this subsection) who performs services for remuneration for any person—
 - (A) as an agent-driver or commission-driver engaged in distributing meat products, vegetable products, fruit products, bakery products, beverages (other than milk), or laundry or drycleaning services, for his principal;
 - (B) as a full-time life insurance salesman;
 - (C) as a home worker performing work, according to specifications furnished by the person for whom the services are performed, on materials or goods furnished by such person which are required to be returned to such person or a person designated by him; or
 - (D) as a traveling or city salesman, other than as an agentdriver or commission-driver, engaged upon a full-time basis in the solicitation on behalf of, and the transmission to, his principal (except for side-line sales activities on behalf of some other person) of orders from wholesalers, retailers, contractors, or operators of hotels, restaurants, or other similar establishments for merchandise for resale or supplies for use in their business operations;

if the contract of service contemplates that substantially all of such services are to be performed personally by such individual; except that an individual shall not be included in the term "employee" under the provisions of this paragraph if such individual has a substantial investment in facilities used in connection with the performance of such services (other than in facilities for transportation), or if the services are in the nature of a single transaction not part of a continuing relationship with the person for whom the services are performed.

Covered Transportation Service

- (k) (1) Except as provided in paragraph (2), all services performed in the employ of a State or political subdivision in connection with its operation of a public transportation system shall constitute covered transportation service if any part of the transportation system was acquired from private ownership after 1936 and prior to 1951.
- (2) Service performed in the employ of a State or political subdivision in connection with the operation of its public transportation system shall not constitute covered transportation service if—

- (A) any part of the transportation system was acquired from private ownership after 1936 and prior to 1951, and substantially all service in connection with the operation of the transportation system is, on December 31, 1950, covered under a general retirement system providing benefits which, by reason of a provision of the State's constitution dealing specifically with retirement systems of the State or political subdivisions thereof, cannot be diminished or impaired; or
- (B) no part of the transportation system operated by the State or political subdivision on December 31, 1950, was acquired from private ownership after 1936 and prior to 1951;

except that if such State or political subdivision makes an acquisition after 1950 from private ownership of any part of its transportation system, then, in the case of any employee who—

(C) became an employee of such State or political subdivision in connection with and at the time of its acquisition after 1950 of

such part, and

(D) prior to such acquisition rendered service in employment in connection with the operation of such part of the transportation system acquired by the State or political subdivision,

the service of such employee in connection with the operation of the transportation system shall constitute covered transportation service, commencing with the first day of the third calendar quarter following the calendar quarter in which the acquisition of such part took place, unless on such first day such service of such employee is covered by a general retirement system which does not, with respect to such employee, contain special provisions applicable only to employees described in subparagraph (C).

(3) All service performed in the employ of a State or political subdivision thereof in connection with its operation of a public transportation system shall constitute covered transportation service if the transportation system was not operated by the State or political subdivision prior to 1951 and, at the time of its first acquisition (after 1950) from private ownership of any part of its transportation system, the State or political subdivision did not have a general retirement system covering substantially all service performed in connection with the operation of the transportation system.

(4) For the purposes of this subsection—

(A) The term "general retirement system" means any pension, annuity, retirement, or similar fund or system established by a State or by a political subdivision thereof for employees of the State, political subdivision, or both; but such term shall not in-

clude such a fund or system which covers only service performed in positions connected with the operation of its public transportation system.

- (B) A transportation system or a part thereof shall be considered to have been acquired by a State or political subdivision from private ownership if prior to the acquisition service performed by employees in connection with the operation of the system or part thereof acquired constituted employment under this title, and some of such employees become employees of the State or political subdivision in connection with and at the time of such acquisition.
- (C) The term "political subdivision" includes an instrumentality of (i) a State, (ii) one or more political subdivisions of a State, or (iii) a State and one or more of its political subdivisions.

Service in the Uniformed Services

- (1) (1) Except as provided in paragraph (4), the term "en Poyment" shall, notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (a) of this section, include service performed after December 1956 by an individual as a member of a uniformed service on active duty; but such term shall not include any such service which is performed while on leave without pay.
- (2) The term "active duty" means "active duty" as described in section 102 of the Servicemen's and Veterans' Survivor Benefits Act, except that it shall also include "active duty for training" as described in such section.
- (3) The term "inactive duty training" means "inactive duty training" as described in such section 102.
- (4) (A) Paragraph (1) of this subsection shall not apply in the case of any service, performed by an individual as a member of a uniformed service, which is creditable under section 3(i) of the Railroad Retirement Act of 1974. The Railroad Retirement Board shall notify the Secretary of Health, Education, and Welfare, with respect to all such service which is so creditable.
- (B) In any case where benefits under this title are already payable on the basis of such individual's wages and self-employment income at the time such notification (with respect to such individual) is received by the Secretary, the Secretary shall certify no further benefits for payment under this title on the basis of such individual's wages and self-employment income, or shall recompute the amount of any further benefits payable on the basis of such wages and self-employment income, as may be required as a consequence of subparagraph (A) of this paragraph. No payment of a benefit to any person on the

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basis of such individual's wages and self-employment income, certified by the Secretary prior to the end of the month in which he receives such notification from the Railroad Retirement Board, shall be deemed by reason of this subparagraph to have been an erroneous payment or a payment to which such person was not entitled. The Secretary shall, as soon as possible after the receipt of such notification from the Railroad Retirement Board, advise such Board whether or not any such benefit will be reduced or terminated by reason of subparagraph (A), and if any such benefit will be so reduced or terminated, specify the first month with respect to which such reduction or termination will be effective.

Member of a Uniformed Service

(m) The term "member of a uniformed service" means any person appointed, enlisted, or inducted in a component of the Army, Navy, Air Force, Marine Corps, or Coast Guard (including a reserve component of a uniformed service as defined in section 102(3) of the Servicemen's and Veterans' Survivor Benefits Act) or in one of those services without specification of component, or as a commissioned officer of the Coast and Geodetic Survey or the Regular or Reserve Corps of the Public Health Service, and any person serving in the Army or Air Force under call or conscription. The term includes—

(1) a retired member of any of those services:

(2) a member of the Fleet Reserve or Fleet Marine Corps Reserve;

(3) a cadet at the United States Military Academy, a midshipman at the United States Naval Academy, and a cadet at the United States Coast Guard Academy or United States Air Force Academy;

(4) a member of the Reserve Officers' Training Corps, the Naval Reserve Officers' Training Corps, or the Air Force Reserve Officers' Training Corps, when ordered to annual training duty for fourteen days or more, and while performing authorized travel to and from that duty; and

(5) any person while en route to or from or at, a place for final acceptance or for entry upon active duty in the military or naval service—

(A) who has been provisionally accepted for such duty; or

(B) who, under the Universal Military Training and Service Act, has been selected for active military or naval service; and has been ordered or directed to proceed to such place.

The term does not include a temporary member of the Coast Guard Reserve.

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Crew Leader

(n) The term "crew leader" means an individual who furnishes individuals to perform agricultural labor for another person, if such individual pays (either on his own behalf or on behalf of such person) the individuals so furnished by him for the agricultural labor performed by them and if such individual has not entered into a written agreement with such person whereby such individual has been designated as an employee of such person; and such individuals furnished by the crew leader to perform agricultural labor for another person shall be deemed to be the employees of such crew leader. A crew leader shall, with respect to services performed in furnishing individuals to perform agricultural labor for another person and service performed as a member of the crew, be deemed not to be an employee of such other person.

Peace Corps Volunteer Service

(o) The term "employment" shall, notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (a), include service performed by an individual as a volunteer or volunteer leader within the meaning of the Peace Corps Act.

Treatment of Real Estate Agents and Direct Sellers

(p) Notwithstanding any other provision of this title, the rules of section 3508 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954 shall apply for purposes of this title.²

Medicare Qualified Federal Employment

- (p) For purposes of sections 226 and 226A, the term "medicare qualified Federal employment" means any service which would constitute "employment" as defined in subsection (a) of this section but for the application of the provisions of—
 - (1) subparagraphs (A), (B), or (C) (i), (ii), or (vi) of subsection (a) (6), or
 - (2) subsection (a) (5).2

Self-Employment

Sec. 211. For the purposes of this title—

Net Earnings From Self-Employment

(a) The term "net earnings from self-employment" means the gross income, as computed under Subtitle A of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954, derived by an individual from any trade or business carried on by such individual, less the deductions allowed under such subtitle

¹ The first subsec. (p) was added by sec. 269(b) of P.L. 97-248.

² The second subsec. (p) was added by sec. 278(b)(1) of P.L. 97-248.

which are attributable to such trade or business, plus his distributive share (whether or not distributed) of income or loss described in section 702(a)(9) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954, from any trade or business carried on by a partnership of which he is a member; except that in computing such gross income and deductions and such distributive share of partnership ordinary income or loss—

(1) There shall be excluded rentals from real estate and from personal property leased with the real estate (including such rentals paid in crop shares), together with the deductions attributable thereto, unless such rentals are received in the course of a trade or business as a real estate dealer; except that the preceding provisions of this paragraph shall not apply to any income derived by the owner or tenant of land if (A) such income is derived under an arrangement, between the owner or tenant and another individual which provides that such other individual shall produce agricultural or horticultural commodities (including livestock, bees, poultry, and fur-bearing animals and wild-

- life) on such land, and that there shall be material participation by the owner or tenant (as determined without regard to any activities of an agent of such owner or tenant) in the production or the management of the production of such agricultural or horticultural commodities, and (B) there is material participation by the owner or tenant (as determined without regard to any activities of an agent of such owner or tenant) with respect to any such agricultural or horticultural commodity;
- (2) There shall be excluded dividends on any share of stock, and interest on any bond, debenture, note, or certificate, or other evidence of indebtedness, issued with interest coupons or in registered form by any corporation (including one issued by a government or political subdivision thereof), unless such dividends and interest are received in the course of a trade or business as a dealer in stocks or securities;¹
- (3) There shall be excluded any gain or loss (A) which is considered under Subtitle A of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954 as gain or loss from the sale or exchange of a capital asset, (B) from the cutting of timber or the disposal of timber, coal, or iron ore, if section 631 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954 applies to such gain or loss, or (C) from the sale, exchange, involuntary conversion, or other disposition of property if such property is neither (i) stock in trade or other property of a kind which would properly be includible in inventory if on hand at the close of the taxable year, nor (ii) property held primarily for sale to customers in the ordinary course of the trade or business;
- (4) The deduction for net operating losses provided in section 172 of such Code shall not be allowed;
- (5) (A) If any of the income derived from a trade or business (other than a trade or business carried on by a partnership) is community income under community property laws applicable to such income, all of the gross income and deductions attributable to such trade or business shall be treated as the gross income and deductions of the husband unless the wife exercises substantially all of the management and control of such trade or business, in which case all of such gross income and deductions shall be treated as the gross income and deductions of the wife:
- (B) If any portion of a partner's distributive share of the ordinary net income or loss from a trade or business carried on by a partnership is community income or loss under the community property laws applicable to such share, all of such distributive share shall be included in computing the net earnings from self-employment of such partner, and no part of such share shall be

¹ Paragraph (2) was amended by section 703(j)(14)(D) of Public Law 95-600.

taken into account in computing the net earnings from self-employment of the spouse of such partner;

(6) A resident of the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico shall compute his net earnings from self-employment in the same manner as a citizen of the United States but without regard to the provisions of section 933 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954;

- (7) An individual who is a duly ordained, commissioned, or licensed minister of a church or a member of a religious order shall compute his net earnings from self-employment derived from the performance of service described in subsection (c)(4) without regard to section 107 (relating to rental value of parsonages), section 119 (relating to meals and lodging furnished for the convenience of the employer) and section 911 (relating to earned income from sources without the United States) and section 931 (relating to income from sources within possessions of the United States) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954;
- (8) The term "possession of the United States" as used in sections 931 (relating to income from sources within possessions of the United States) and 932 (relating to citizens of possessions of the United States) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954 shall be deemed not to include the Virgin Islands, Guam, or American Samoa;
- (9) There shall be excluded amounts received by a partner pursuant to a written plan of the partnership, which meets such requirements as are prescribed by the Secretary of the Treasury or his delegate, and which provides for payments on account of retirement, on a periodic basis, to partners generally or to a class or classes of partners, such payments to continue at least until such partner's death, if—
 - (A) such partner rendered no services with respect to any trade or business carried on by such partnership (or its successors) during the taxable year of such partnership (or its successors), ending within or with his taxable year, in which such amounts were received, and
 - (B) no obligation exists (as of the close of the partnership's taxable year referred to in subparagraph (A)) from the other partners to such partner except with respect to retirement payments under such plan, and
 - (C) such partner's share, if any of the capital of the partnership has been paid to him in full before the close of the partnership's taxable year referred to in subparagraph
- (10) In the case of an individual who has been a resident of the United States during the entire taxable year, the exclusion from

gross income provided by section 911(a)(2) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954 shall not apply; and

(11) There shall be excluded the distributive share of any item of income or loss of a limited partner, as such, other than guaranteed payments described in section 707(c) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954 to that partner for services actually rendered to or on behalf of the partnership to the extent that those payments are established to be in the nature of remuneration for those services.¹

If the taxable year of a partner is different from that of the partner-ship, the distributive share which he is required to include in computing his net earnings from self-employment shall be based upon the ordinary net income or loss of the partnership for any taxable year of the partnership (even though beginning prior to 1951) ending within or with his taxable year. In the case of any trade or business which is carried on by an individual or by a partnership and in which, if such trade or business were carried on exclusively by employees, the major portion of the services would constitute agricultural labor as defined in section 210(f)—

(i) in the case of an individual, if the gross income derived by him from such trade or business is not more than \$2,400, the net earnings from self-employment derived by him from such trade or business may, at his option, be deemed to be 66% percent of

such gross income; or

(ii) in the case of an individual, if the gross income derived by him from such trade or business is more than \$2,400 and the net earnings from self-employment derived by him from such trade or business (computed under this subsection without regard to this sentence) are less than \$1,600, the net earnings from self-employment derived by him from such trade or business may, at his option, be deemed to be \$1,600; and

(iii) in the case of a member of a partnership, if his distributive share of the gross income of the partnership derived from such trade or business (after such gross income has been reduced by the sum of all payments to which section 707(c) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954 applies) is not more than \$2,400, his distributive share of income described in section 702(a) (9) of such Code derived from such trade or business may, at his option, be deemed to be an amount equal to 66% percent of his distributive share of such gross income (after such gross income has been so reduced); or

(iv) in the case of a member of a partnership, if his distributive share of the gross income of the partnership derived from such

¹ Paragraph (11) was added by sec. 313(a) of Public Law 95-216.

trade or business (after such gross income has been reduced by the sum of all payments to which section 707(c) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954 applies) is more than \$2,400 and his distributive share (whether or not distributed) of income described in section 702(a)(9) of such Code derived from such trade or business (computed under this subsection without regard to this sentence) is less than \$1,600, his distributive share of income described in such section 702(a)(9) derived from such trade or business may, at his option, be deemed to be \$1,600.

For purposes of the preceding sentence, gross income means—

- (v) in the case of any such trade or business in which the income is computed under a cash receipts and disbursements method, the gross receipts from such trade or business reduced by the cost or other basis of property which was purchased and sold in carrying on such trade or business, adjusted (after such reduction) in accordance with the provisions of paragraphs (1) through (6) and paragraph (8) of this subsection; and
- (vi) in the case of any such trade or business in which the income is computed under an accrual method, the gross income from such trade or business, adjusted in accordance with the provisions of paragraphs (1) through (6) and paragraph (8) of this subsection;

and, for purposes of such sentence, if an individual (including a member of a partnership) derives gross income from more than one such trade or business, such gross income (including his distributive share of the gross income of any partnership derived from any such trade or business) shall be deemed to have been derived from one trade or business.

The preceding sentence and clauses (i) through (iv) of the second preceding sentence shall also apply in the case of any trade or business (other than a trade or business specified in such second preceding sentence) which is carried on by an individual who is self-employed on a regular basis as defined in subsection (g), or by a partnership of which an individual is a member on a regular basis as defined in subsection (g), but only if such individual's net earnings from self-employment in the taxable year as determined without regard to this sentence are less than \$1,600 and less than 66% percent of the sum (in such taxable year) of such individual's gross income derived from all trades or businesses carried on by him and his distributive share of the income or loss from all trades or businesses carried on by all of the partnerships of which he is a member; except that this sentence shall not apply to more than 5 taxable years in the case of any individual, and in no case in which an individual elects to determine the amount of his net earnings from self-employment for a taxable year under the provisions of the two preceding sentences with respect to a trade or business to which the second preceding sentence applies and with respect to a trade or business to which this sentence applies shall such net earnings for such year exceed \$1,600.

Self-Employment Income

(b) The term "self-employment income" means the net earnings from self-employment derived by an individual (other than a non-

resident alien individual) during any taxable year beginning after 1950; except that such term shall not include—

(1) That part of the net earnings from self-employment which

is in excess of-

(A) For any taxable year ending prior to 1955, (i) \$3,600, minus (ii) the amount of the wages paid to such individual during the taxable year; and

(B) For any taxable year ending after 1954 and prior to 1959, (i) \$4,200, minus (ii) the amount of the wages paid to

such individual during the taxable year; and

(C) For any taxable year ending after 1958 and prior to 1966, (i) \$4,800, minus (ii) the amount of the wages paid to such individual during the taxable year; and

(D) For any taxable year ending after 1965 and prior to 1968, (i) \$6,600, minus (ii) the amount of the wages paid

to such individual during the taxable year; and

(E) For any taxable year ending after 1967 and beginning prior to 1972, (i) \$7,800, minus (ii) the amount of the wages paid to such individual during the taxable year; and

(F) For any taxable year beginning after 1971 and prior to 1973, (i) \$9,000, minus (ii) the amount of the wages paid

to such individual during the taxable year; and

(G) For any taxable year beginning after 1972 and prior to 1974, (i) \$10,800, minus (ii) the amount of the wages paid to such individual during the taxable year; and

(H) For any taxable year beginning after 1973 and prior to 1975, (i) \$13,200, minus (ii) the amount of the wages paid

to such individual during the taxable year; and

(I) For any taxable year beginning in any calendar year after 1974, (i) an amount equal to the contribution and benefit base (as determined under section 230) 1 which is effective for such calendar year, minus (ii) the amount of the wages paid to such individual during such taxable year; or

(2) The net earnings from self-employment, if such net earn-

ings for the taxable year are less than \$400.

An individual who is not a citizen of the United States but who is a resident of the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, the Virgin Islands, Guam, or American Samoa shall not, for the purposes of this subsection, be considered to be a nonresident alien individual.

Trade or Business

(c) The term "trade or business", when used with reference to selfemployment income or net earnings from self-employment, shall have

¹ See Appendix B.

the same meaning as when used in section 162 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954, except that such term shall not include—

- (1) The performance of the functions of a public office, other than the functions of a public office of a State or a political subdivision thereof with respect to fees received in any period in which the functions are performed in a position compensated solely on a fee basis and in which such functions are not covered under an agreement entered into by such State and the Secretary pursuant to section 218; ¹
- (2) The performance of service by an individual as an employee other than—
 - (A) service described in section 210(a) (14) (B) performed by an individual who has attained the age of eighteen,

(B) service described in section 210(a) (16).

- (C) service described in section 210(a) (11), (12), or (15) performed in the United States by a citizen of the United States.
 - (D) service described in paragraph (4) of this subsection,
- (E) service performed by an individual as an employee of a State or a political subdivision thereof in a position compensated solely on a fee basis with respect to fees received in any period in which such service is not covered under an agreement entered into by such State and the Secretary pursuant to section 218, and

(F) service described in section 210(a) (20); 2

- (3) The performance of service by an individual as an employee or employee representative as defined in section 3231 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954;
- (4) The performance of service by a duly ordained, commissioned, or licensed minister of a church in the exercise of his ministry or by a member of a religious order in the exercise of duties required by such order;

(5) The performance of service by an individual in the exercise of his profession as a Christian Science practitioner; or

(6) The performance of service by an individual during the period for which an exemption under section 1402(g) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954 is effective with respect to him.³

The provisions of paragraph (4) or (5) shall not apply to service (other than service performed by a member of a religious order who

¹Sec. 122(c) (2) of the Social Security Amendments of 1967 provides: "Notwithstanding the provisions of subsections (a) and (b) of this section, any individual who in 1968 is in a position to which the amendments made by such subsections apply may make an irrevocable election not to have such amendments apply to the fees he receives in 1968 and every year thereafter, if on or before the due date of his income tax return for 1968 (including any extensions thereof) he files with the Secretary of the Treasury or his delegate, in such manner as the Secretary of the Treasury or his delegate shall by regulations prescribe, a certificate of election of exemption from such amendments."

² Clause (F) was added by section 1207(e) (2) (B) of P.L. 94-455.

³ Paragraph (6) was amended by section 708(j) (14) (E) of Public Law 95-600.

has taken a vow of poverty as a member of such order) performed by an individual unless an exemption under section 1402(e) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954 is effective with respect to him.

Partnership and Partner

(d) The term "partnership" and the term "partner" shall have the same meaning as when used in subchapter K of chapter 1 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954.

Taxable Year

(e) The term "taxable year" shall have the same meaning as when used in subtitle A of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954; and the taxable year of any individual shall be a calendar year unless he has a different taxable year for the purposes of subtitle A of such Code, in which case his taxable year for the purposes of this title shall be the same as his taxable year under such subtitle A.

Partner's Taxable Year Ending as Result of Death

- (f) In computing a partner's net earnings from self-employment for his taxable year which ends as a result of his death (but only if such taxable year ends within, and not with, the taxable year of the partnership), there shall be included so much of the deceased partner's distributive share of the partnership's ordinary income or loss for the partnership taxable year as is not attributable to an interest in the partnership during any period beginning on or after the first day of the first calendar month following the month in which such partner died. For purposes of this subsection—
 - (1) in determining the portion of the distributive share which is attributable to any period specified in the preceding sentence, the ordinary income or loss of the partnership shall be treated as having been realized or sustained ratably over the partnership taxable year; and
 - (2) the term "deceased partner's distributive share" includes the share of his estate or of any other person succeeding, by reason of his death, to rights with respect to his partnership interests.

Regular Basis

(g) An individual shall be deemed to be self-employed on a regular basis in a taxable year, or to be a member of a partnership on a regular basis in such year, if he had net earnings from self-employment, as defined in the first sentence of subsection (a), of not less than \$400 in at least two of the three consecutive taxable years immediately preceding such taxable year from trades or businesses carried on by such individual or such partnership.

Crediting of Self-Employment Income to Calendar Years

- Sec. 212. (a) For the purposes of determining average monthly wage and quarters of coverage the amount of self-employment income derived during any taxable year which begins before 1978 shall—
 - (1) in the case of a taxable year which is a calendar year, be credited equally to each quarter of such calendar year; and
 - (2) in the case of any other taxable year, be credited equally to the calendar quarter in which such taxable year ends and to each of the next three or fewer preceding quarters any part of which is in such taxable year.
- (b) For the purposes of determining average indexed monthly earnings, average monthly wage, and quarters of coverage the amount of self-employment income derived during any taxable year which begins after 1977 shall—
 - (1) in the case of a taxable year which is a calendar year or which begins with or during a calendar year and ends with or during such year, be credited to such calendar year; and
 - (2) in the case of any other taxable year, be allocated proportionately to the two calendar years, portions of which are included within such taxable year, on the basis of the number of months in each such calendar year which are included completely within the taxable year.

For purposes of clause (2), the calendar month in which a taxable year ends shall be treated as included completely within that taxable year.¹

Quarter and Quarter of Coverage

Definitions

Sec. 213. (a) For the purposes of this title—

- (1) The term "quarter", and the term "calendar quarter", means a period of three calendar months ending on March 31, June 30, September 30, or December 31.
- (2) (A) The term "quarter of coverage" means—2
 - (i) for calendar years before 1978, and subject to the provisions of subparagraph (B), a quarter in which an individual has been paid \$50 or more in wages (except wages for agricultural labor paid after 1954) or for which he has been credited (as determined under section 212) with \$100 or more of self-employment income; and
 - (ii) for calendar years after 1977, and subject to the provisions of subparagraph (B), each portion of the total of the wages paid and the self-employment income credited (pursuant

Sec. 212 was amended by sec. 351(b) of Public Law 95–216.
 Subpar. (A) was amended by sec. 6(c) of P.L. 96–473.

to section 212) to an individual in a calendar year which equals the amount required for a quarter of coverage in that calendar year (as determined under subsection (d)), with such quarter of coverage being assigned to a specific calendar quarter in such calendar year only if necessary in the case of any individual who has attained age 62 or died or is under a disability and the requirements for insured status in subsection (a) or (b) of section 214, the requirements for entitlement to a computation or recomputation of his primary insurance amount, or the requirements of paragraph (3) of section 216(i) would not otherwise be met.

(B) Notwithstanding the provisions of subparagraph (A)—

(i) no quarter after the quarter in which an individual dies shall be a quarter of coverage, and no quarter any part of which is included in a period of disability (other than the initial quarter and the last quarter of such period) shall be a quarter of coverage;

(ii) if the wages paid to an individual in any calendar year equal to \$3,000 in the case of a calendar year after 1950 and before 1955, or \$4,200 in the case of a calendar year after 1954 and before 1959, or \$4,800 in the case of a calendar year after 1958 and before 1966, or \$6,600 in the case of a calendar year after 1965 and before 1968, or \$7,800 in the case of a calendar year after 1967 and before 1972, or \$9,000 in the case of the calendar year 1972, or \$10,800 in the case of the calendar year 1973, or \$13,200 in the case of the calendar year 1974, or an amount equal to the contribution and benefit base (as determined under section 230) in the case of any calendar year after 1974 and before 1978 with respect to which such contribution and benefit base is effective, each quarter of such year shall (subject to clauses (i) and (v)) be a quarter of coverage;

(iii) if an individual has self-employment income for a taxable year, and if the sum of such income and the wages paid to him during such year equals \$3,600 in the case of a taxable year beginning after 1950 and ending before 1955, or \$4,200 in the case of a taxable year ending after 1954 and before 1959, or \$4,800 in the case of a taxable year ending after 1958 and before 1966, or \$6,600 in the case of a taxable year ending after 1965 and before 1968, or \$7,800 in the case of a taxable year ending after 1967 and before 1972, or \$9,000 in the case of a taxable year beginning after 1971 and before 1973, or \$10,800 in the case of a taxable year beginning after 1972 and before 1974, or \$13,200 in the case of a taxable year beginning after 1972 and before 1975, or an amount

equal to the contribution and benefit base (as determined under section 230) which is effective for the calendar year in the case of any taxable year beginning in any calendar year after 1974 and before 1978, each quarter any part of which falls in such year shall (subject to clauses (i) and (v)) be a quarter of coverage;

- (iv) if an individual is paid wages for agricultural labor in a calendar year after 1954 and before 1978, then, subject to clauses (i) and (v), (I) the last quarter of such year which can be but is not otherwise a quarter of coverage shall be a quarter of coverage if such wages equal or exceed \$100 but are less than \$200; (II) the last two quarters of such year which can be but are not otherwise quarters of coverage shall be quarters of coverage if such wages equal or exceed \$200 but are less than \$300; (III) the last three quarters of such year which can be but are not otherwise quarters of coverage shall be quarters of coverage if such wages equal or exceed \$300 but are less than \$400; and (IV) each quarter of such year which is not otherwise a quarter of coverage shall be a quarter of coverage if such wages are \$400 or more;
- (v) no quarter shall be counted as a quarter of coverage prior to the beginning of such quarter;
- (vi) not more than one quarter of coverage may be credited to a calendar quarter; and
- (vii) no more than four quarters of coverage may be credited to any calendar year after 1977.

If in the case of an individual who has attained age 62 or died or is under a disability and who has been paid wages for agricultural labor in a calendar year after 1954 and before 1978, the requirements for insured status in subsection (a) or (b) of section 214, the requirements for entitlement to a computation or recomputation of his primary insurance amount, or the requirements of paragraph (3) of section 216(i) are not met after assignment of quarters of coverage to quarters in such year as provided in clause (iv) of the preceding sentence, but would be met if such quarters of coverage were assigned to different quarters in such year, then such quarters of coverage shall instead be assigned, for purposes only of determining compliance with such requirements, to such different quarters. If, in the case of an individual who did not die prior to January 1, 1955, and who attained age 62 (if a woman) or age 65 (if a man) or died before July 1, 1957, the requirements for insured status in section 214(a)(3) are not met because of his having too few quarters of coverage but would be met if his quarters of coverage in the first calendar year in which he had any covered employment had been determined on the basis of the period during which wages were earned rather than on the basis of the period during which wages were paid (any such wages paid that

This reference is to sec. 214(a)(3) as in effect prior to repeal by the Social Security Amendments of 1960 (P.L. 86-778).

are reallocated on an earned basis shall not be used in determining quarters of coverage for subsequent calendar years), then upon application filed by the individual or his survivors and satisfactory proof of his record of wages earned being furnished by such individual or his survivors, the quarters of coverage in such calendar year may be determined on the basis of the period during which wages were earned.¹

Crediting of Wages Paid in 1937

(b) With respect to wages paid to an individual in the six-month periods commencing either January 1, 1937, or July 1, 1937; (A) if wages of not less than \$100 were paid in any such period, one-half of the total amount thereof shall be deemed to have been paid in each of the calendar quarters in such period; and (B) if wages of less than \$100 were paid in any such period, the total amount thereof shall be deemed to have been paid in the latter quarter of such period, except that if in any such period, the individual attained age sixty-five, all of the wages paid in such period shall be deemed to have been paid before such age was attained.

Alternative Method for Determining Quarters of Coverage With Respect to Wages in the Period From 1937 to 1950

- (c) For purposes of section 214(a), an individual shall be deemed to have one quarter of coverage for each \$400 of his total wages prior to 1951 (as defined in section 215(d)(1)(C)), except where—
 - (1) such individual is not a fully insured individual on the basis of the number of quarters of coverage so derived plus the number of quarters of coverage derived from the wages and self-employment income credited to him for periods after 1950, or
 - (2) such individual's elapsed years (for purposes of section 214 (a) (1)) are less than 7.

Amount Required for a Quarter of Coverage

- (d) (1) The amount of wages and self-employment income which an individual must have in order to be credited with a quarter of coverage in any year under subsection (a) (2) (A) (ii) shall be \$250 in the calendar year 1978 and the amount determined under paragraph (2) of this subsection for years after 1978.
- (2) The Secretary shall, on or before November 1 of 1978 and of every year thereafter, determine and publish in the Federal Register the amount of wages and self-employment income which an individual must have in order to be credited with a quarter of coverage in the succeeding calendar year. The amount required for a quarter of coverage shall be the larger of—
 - (A) the amount in effect in the calendar year in which the determination under this subsection is made, or

¹ Paragraph (2) was amended by secs. 351(c) and 352(a) of Public Law 95-216.

(B) the product of the amount prescribed in paragraph (1) which is required for a quarter of coverage in 1978 and the ratio of the average of the total wages (as defined in regulations of the Secretary and computed without regard to the limitations specified in section 209(a)) reported to the Secretary of the Treasury or his delegate for the calendar year before the year in which the determination under this paragraph is made to the average of the total wages (as so defined and computed) reported to the Secretary of the Treasury or his delegate for 1976 (as published in the Federal Register in accordance with section 215(a) (1) (D)),

with such product, if not a multiple of \$10, being rounded to the next higher multiple of \$10 where such amount is a multiple of \$5 but not

of \$10 and to the nearest multiple of \$10 in any other case.1

Insured Status for Purposes of Old-Age and Survivors Insurance Benefits

Sec. 214. For the purposes of this title—

Fully Insured Individual

- (a) The term "fully insured individual" means any individual who had not less than-
 - (1) one quarter of coverage (whenever acquired) for each calendar year elapsing after 1950 (or, if later, the year in which he attained age 21) and before the year in which he died or (if earlier) the year in which he attained age 62, except 2 that in no case shall an individual be a fully insured individual unless he has at least 6 quarters of coverage; or
 - (2) 40 quarters of coverage; or

(3) in the case of an individual who died before 1951, 6 quarters of coverage:

not counting as an elapsed year for purposes of paragraph (1) any year any part of which was included in a period of disability (as defined in section 216(i)).

Subsection (d) was added by sec. 852(b) of P.L. 95-216.

P.L. 92-603, section 104(a), deleted—

"(A) in the case of a woman, the year in which she died or (if earlier) the year in which she attained age 62,

(B) in the case of a man who has died, the year in which he died or (if earlier) the year in which he attained age 65, or

(C) in the case of a man who has not died, the year in which he attained (or would attain) age 65, except".

and inserted "the year in which he died or (if earlier) the year in which he attained age 62, except". Applicable in the case of a man who attains (or would attain) age 62 after December 1974.

In the case of a man who attains age 62 prior to 1975, the number of his elansed

after December 1974.

In the case of a man who attains age 62 prior to 1975, the number of his elapsed years for purposes of section 215(b)(8) shall be equal to (A) the number determined under this section as in effect on September 1, 1972, or (B) if less, the number determined as though he attained age 65 in 1975, except that monthly benefits under title II for months prior to January 1973 payable on the basis of his wages and self-employment income shall be determined as though section 104 of P.L. 92-603 had not been enacted. In the case of a man who attains or will attain age 62 in 1973, the figure "65" in sections 214(a)(1), 223(c)(A), and 216(i)(3)(A), shall be deemed to read "64". In the case of a man who attains or will attain age 62 in 1974, the figure "65" in sections 214(a)(1), 228(c)(1)(A), and 216(i)(3)(A) shall be deemed to read "65".

Currently Insured Individual

(b) The term "currently insured individual" means any individual who had not less than six quarters of coverage during the thirteen-quarter period ending with (1) the quarter in which he died, (2) the quarter in which he became entitled to old-age insurance benefits, (3) the quarter in which he became entitled to primary insurance benefits under this title as in effect prior to the enactment of this section, or (4) in the case of any individual entitled to disability insurance benefits, the quarter in which he most recently became entitled to disability insurance benefits, not counting as part of such thirteen-quarter period any quarter any part of which was included in a period of disability unless such quarter was a quarter of coverage.

Computation of Primary Insurance Amount 1

Sec. 215. (a) (1) (A) The primary insurance amount of an individual shall (except as otherwise provided in this section) be equal to the sum of—

(i) 90 percent of the individual's average indexed monthly earnings (determined under subsection (b)) to the extent that such earnings do not exceed the amount established for purposes of this clause by subparagraph (B),

(ii) 32 percent of the individual's average indexed monthly earnings to the extent that such earnings exceed the amount established for purposes of clause (i) but do not exceed the amount established for purposes of this clause by subparagraph (B), and

(iii) 15 percent of the individual's average indexed monthly earnings to the extent that such earnings exceed the amount established for purposes of clause (ii),

rounded, if not a multiple of \$0.10, to the next lower multiple of \$0.10, and thereafter increased as provided in subsection (i).

(B) (i) For individuals who initially become eligible for old-age or disability insurance benefits, or who die (before becoming eligible of such benefits), in the calendar year 1979, the amount established for purposes of clause (i) and (ii) of subparagraph (A) Lall be \$180 and \$1,085, respectively.

(ii) For individuals who initially become eligible for old-age or disability insurance benefits, or who die (before becoming eligible for such benefits), in any calendar year after 1979, each of the amounts so established shall equal the product of the corresponding amount established with respect to the calendar year 1979 under clause (i) of this subparagraph and the quotient obtained by dividing—

¹ Sec. 215, which provides the basic rules for computing social security benefits, was substantially revised by the Social Security Amendments of 1977 and subsequently amended by secs. 2201 and 2206 of P.L. 97-35. For certain individuals, the law prior to those amendments continues to apply and the former section 215 is printed at the end of this document as Appendix A.

(I) the average of the total wages (as defined in regulations of the Secretary and computed without regard to the limitations specified in section 209(a)) reported to the Secretary of the Treasury or his delegate for the second calendar year preceding the calendar year for which the determination is made, by

(II) the average of the total wages (as so defined and computed) reported to the Secretary of the Treasury or his delegate

for the calendar year 1977.

(iii) Each amount established under clause (ii) for any calendar year shall be rounded to the nearest \$1, except that any amounts so established which is a multiple of \$0.50 but not of \$1 shall be rounded to the next higher \$1.

- (C) (i) No primary insurance amount computed under subparagraph (A) may be less than an amount equal to \$11.50 multiplied by the individual's years of coverage in excess of 10, or the increased amount determined for purposes of this clause under subsection (i).
- (ii) For purposes of clause (i), the term "years of coverage" with respect to any individual means the number (not exceeding 30) equal to the sum of (I) the number (not exceeding 14 and disregarding any fraction) determined by dividing (a) the total of the wages credited to such individual (including wages deemed to be paid prior to 1951 to such individual under section 217, compensation under the Railroad Retirement Act of 1937 prior to 1951 which is creditable to such individual pursuant to this title, and wages deemed to be paid prior to 1951 to such individual under section 231) for years after 1936 and before 1951 by (b) \$900, plus (II) the number equal to the number of years after 1950 each of which is a computation base year (within the meaning of subsection (b) (2) (B) (ii) and in each of which he is credited with wages (including wages deemed to be paid to such individual under section 217, compensation under the Railroad Retirement Act of 1937 or 1974 which is creditable to such individual pursuant to this title, and wages deemed to be paid to such individual under section 229) and self-employment income of not less than 25 percent of the maximum amount which, pursuant to subsection (e), may be counted for such year, or of not less than 25 percent of the maximum amount which could be so counted for such year (in the case of a year after 1977) if section 230 as in effect immediately prior to the

enactment of the Social Security Amendments of 1977 had remained in effect without change.¹

(D) In each calendar year after 1978 the Secretary shall publish in the Federal Register, on or before November 1, the formula for computing benefits under this paragraph and for adjusting wages and self-employment income under subsection (b)(3) in the case of an individual who becomes eligible for an old-age insurance benefit, or (if carlier) becomes eligible for a disability insurance benefit or dies, in the following year, and the average of the total wages (as described in subparagraph (B)(ii)(I)) on which that formula is based. With the initial publication required by this subparagraph, the Secretary shall also publish in the Federal Register the average of the total wages (as so described) for each calendar year after 1950.1

(2) (A) A year shall not be counted as the year of an individual's death or eligibility for purposes of this subsection or subsection (i) in any case where such individual was entitled to a disability insurance benefit for any of the 12 months immediately preceding the month of such death or eligibility (but there shall be counted instead the year of the individual's eligibility for the disability insurance benefit or benefits to which he was entitled during such 12 months).

(B) In the case of an individual who was entitled to a disability insurance benefit for any of the 12 months before the month in which he became entitled to an old-age insurance benefit, became reentitled to a disability insurance benefit, or died, the primary insurance amount for determining any benefit attributable to that entitlement, reentitlement, or death is the greater of—

(i) the primary insurance amount upon which such disability insurance benefit was based, increased by the amount of each general benefit increase (as defined in subsection (i)(3)), and each increase provided under subsection (i)(2), that would have applied to such primary insurance amount had the individual remained entitled to such disability insurance benefit until the month in which he became so entitled or reentitled or died, or

(ii) the amount computed under paragraph (1)(C).

(C) In the case of an individual who was entitled to a disability insurance benefit for any month, and with respect to whom a primary insurance amount is required to be computed at any time after the close of the period of the individual's disability (whether because of such individual's subsequent entitlement to old-age insurance benefits or to a disability insurance benefit based upon a subsequent period of disability, or because of such individual's death), the primary insurance amount so computed may in no case be less than the primary insurance amount with respect to which such former disability insurance benefit was most recently determined.

¹ See Appendix E.

- (3) (A) Paragraph (1) applies only to an individual who was not eligible for an old-age insurance benefit prior to January 1979 and who in that or any succeeding month—
 - (i) becomes eligible for such a benefit,
 - (ii) becomes eligible for a disability insurance benefit, or
 - (iii) dies.

and (except for subparagraph (C)(i) thereof) it applies to every such individual except to the extent otherwise provided by paragraph (4).

(B) For purposes of this title, an individual is deemed to be eligible—

(i) for old-age insurance benefits, for months beginning with the month in which he attains age 62, or

(ii) for disability insurance benefits, for months beginning with the month in which his period of disability began as provided under section 216(i) (2) (C),

except as provided in paragraph (2) (A) in cases where fewer than 12 months have elapsed since the termination of a prior period of disability.

- (4) Paragraph (1) (except for subparagraph (C)(i) thereof) does not apply to the computation or recomputation of a primary insurance amount for—
 - (A) an individual who was eligible for a disability insurance benefit for a month prior to January 1979 unless, prior to the month in which occurs the event described in clause (i), (ii), or (iii) of paragraph (3)(A), there occurs a period of at least 12 consecutive months for which he was not entitled to a disability insurance benefit, or
 - (B) an individual who had wages or self-employment income credited for one or more years prior to 1979, and who was not empible for an old-age or disability insurance benefit, and did not die, prior to January 1979, if in the year for which the computation or recomputation would be made the individual's primary insurance amount would be greater if computed or recomputed—
 - (i) under section 215(a) as in effect in December 1978, for purposes of old-age insurance benefits in the case of an individual who becomes eligible for such benefits prior to 1984, or
 - (ii) as provided by section 215(d), in the case of an individual to whom such section applies. 1

In determining whether an individual's primary insurance amount would be greater if computed or recomputed as provided in subparagraph (B), (I) the table of benefits in effect in December 1978, as modified by paragraph (6), shall be applied without regard to any

¹ Subpar. (B) was amended by sec. 6(d) of P.L. 96-473.

increases in that table which may become effective (in accordance with subsection (i) (4)) for years after 1978 (subject to clause (iii) of subsection (i) (2) (A)) and (II) such individual's average monthly wage shall be computed as provided by subsection (b) (4).

- (5) For purposes of computing the primary insurance amount (after December 1978) of an individual to whom paragraph (1) does not apply (other than an individual described in paragraph (4) (B)), this section as in effect in December 1978 shall remain in effect, except that, effective for January 1979, the dollar amount specified in paragraph (3) of subsection (a) shall be increased to \$11.50. The table for determining primary insurance amounts and maximum family benefits contained in this section in December 1978 shall be revised as provided by subsection (i) for each year after 1978.
- (6) (A) In applying the table of benefits in effect in December 1978 under this section for purposes of the last sentence of paragraph (4), such table, revised as provided by subsection (i), as applicable, shall be extended for average monthly wages of less than \$76.00 and primary insurance benefits (as determined under subsection (d)) of less than \$16.20.
- (B) The Secretary shall determine and promulgate in regulations the methodology for extending the table under subparagraph (A).

Average Indexed Monthly Earnings; Average Monthly Wage

- (b) (1) An individual's average indexed monthly earnings shall be equal to the quotient obtained by dividing—
 - (A) the total (after adjustment under paragraph (3)) of his wages paid in and self-employment income credited to his benefit computation years (determined under paragraph (2)), by
 - (B) the number of months in those years.
- (2) (A) The number of an individual's benefit computation years equals the number of elapsed years reduced—
 - (i) in the case of an individual who is entitled to old-age insurance benefits (except as provided in the second sentence of this subparagraph), or who has died, by 5 years, and
 - (ii) in the case of an individual who is entitled to disability insurance benefits, by the number of years equal to one-fifth of such individual's elapsed years (disregarding any resulting fractional part of a year), but not by more than 5 years.

Clause (ii), once applicable with respect to any individual, shall continue to apply for purposes of determining such individual's primary

¹ Subsec. (a) was amended by sec. 201(a) of P.L. 95-216, sec. 2201 of P.L. 97-35, and sec. 2 of P.L. 97-123.

insurance amount for purposes of any subsequent eligibility for disability or old-age insurance benefits unless prior to the month in which such eligibility begins there occurs a period of at least 12 consecutive months for which he was not entitled to a disability or an old-age insurance benefit. If an individual described in clause (ii) is living with a child (of such individual or his or her spouse) under the age of 3 in any calendar year which is included in such individual's computation base years, but which is not disregarded pursuant to clause (ii) or to subparagraph (B) (in determining such individual's benefit computation years) by reason of the reduction in the number of such individual's elapsed years under clause (ii), the number by which such elapsed years are reduced under this subparagraph pursuant to clause (ii) shall be increased by one (up to a combined total not exceeding 3) for each such calendar year; except that (I) no calendar year shall be disregarded by reason of this sentence (in determining such individual's benefit computation years) unless the individual was living with such child substantially throughout the period in which the child was alive and under the age of 3 in such year and the individual had no earnings as described in section 203(f)(5) in such year, (II) the particular calendar years to be disregarded under this sentence (in determining such benefit computation years) shall be those years (not otherwise disregarded under clause (ii)) which, before the application of section 215(f), meet the conditions of subclause (I), and (III) this sentence shall apply only to the extent that its application would not result in a lower primary insurance amount. The number of an individual's benefit computation years as determined under this subparagraph shall in no case be less than 2.2

- (B) For purposes of this subsection with respect to any individual—
 - (i) the term "benefit computation years" means those computation base years, equal in number to the number determined under subparagraph (A), for which the total of such individual's wages and self-employment income, after adjustment under paragraph (3), is the largest;
 - (ii) the term "computation base years" means the calendar years after 1950 and before—
 - (I) in the case of an individual entitled to old-age insurance benefits the year in which occurred (whether by reason of section 202(j)(1) or otherwise) the first month of that entitlement; or
 - (II) in the case of an individual who has died (without

¹ Sec. 102(c) of P.L. 96-265 provides that this sentence shall apply only with respect to benefits for months after June 1981.

² Sec. 215(b) (2) (A) was amended by sec. 102 of P.L. 96-265.

having become entitled to old-age insurance benefits), the year succeeding the year of his death; except that such term excludes any calendar year entirely included in a period of disability; and (iii) the term "number of elapsed years" means (except as otherwise provided by section 104(j)(2) of the Social Security Amendments of 1972) the number of calendar years after 1950 (or, if later, the year in which the individual attained age 21) and before the year in which the individual died, or, if it occurred earlier (but after 1960), the year in which he attained age 62; except that such term excludes any calendar year any part of which is included in a period of disability.

(3) (A) Except as provided by subparagraph (B), the wages paid in and self-employment income credited to each of an individual's computation base years for purposes of the selection therefrom of benefit computation years under paragraph (2) shall be deemed to be equal

to the product of-

(i) the wages and self-employment income paid in or credited to such year (as determined without regard to this subparagraph), and

(ii) the quotient obtained by dividing—

(I) the average of the total wages (as defined in regulations of the Secretary and computed without regard to the limitations specified in section 209(a)) reported to the Secretary of the Treasury or his delegate for the second calendar year (after 1976) preceding the earliest of the year of the individual's death, eligibility for an old-age insurance benefit, or eligibility for a disability insurance benefit (except that the year in which the individual dies, or becomes eligible, shall not be considered as such year if the individual was entitled to disability insurance benefits for any month in the 12-month period immediately preceding such death or eligibility, but there shall be counted instead the year of the individual's eligibility for the disability insurance benefit to which he was entitled in such 12-month period), by

(II) the average of the total wages (as so defined and computed) reported to the Secretary of the Treasury or his delegate for the computation base year for which the determination is made.

(B) Wages paid in or self-employment income credited to an individual's computation base year which—

(i) occurs after the second calendar year specified in subparagraph (A)(ii)(I), or

(ii) is a year treated under subsection (f)(2)(C) as though it were the last year of the period specified in paragraph (2)(B)(ii),

shall be available for use in determining an individual's benefit computation years, but without applying subparagraph (A) of this paragraph.

(4) For purposes of determining the average monthly wage of an individual whose primary insurance amount is computed (after 1978) under section 215(a) or 215(d) as in effect (except with respect to the table contained therein) in December 1978, by reason of subsection (a) (4) (B), this subsection as in effect in December 1978 shall remain in effect, except that paragraph (2) (C) (as then in effect) shall be deemed to provide that "computation base years" include only calendar years in the period after 1950 (or 1936, if applicable) and prior to the year in which occurred the first month for which the individual was eligible (as defined in subsection (a) (3) (B) as in effect in January 1979) for an old-age or disability insurance benefit, or, if earlier, the year in which he died. Any calendar year all of which is included in a period of disability shall not be included as a computation base year for such purposes.¹

Application of Prior Provisions in Certain Cases

(c) This subsection as in effect in December 1978 shall remain in effect with respect to an individual to whom subsection (a) (1) does not apply by reason of the individual's eligibility for an old-age or disability insurance benefit, or the individual's death, prior to 1979.²

Primary Insurance Benefit Under 1939 Act

- (d) (1) For purposes of column I of the table appearing in subsection (a), as that subsection was in effect in December 1977, an individual's primary insurance benefit shall be computed as follows:
 - (A) The individual's average monthly wage shall be determined as provided in subsection (b), as in effect in December 1977 (but without regard to paragraph (4) thereof), except that for purposes of paragraphs (2) (C) and (3) of that subsection (as so in effect) 1936 shall be used instead of 1950.
 - (B) For purposes of subparagraphs (B) and (C) of subsection (b) (2) (as so in effect)—
 - (i) the total wages prior to 1951 (as defined in subparagraph (C) of this paragraph) of an individual who attained age 21 after 1936 and prior to 1950 shall be divided by the number of years (hereinafter in this subparagraph referred to as the "divisor") elapsing after the year in which the individual attained age 20 and prior to 1951; and
 - (ii) the total wages prior to 1951 (as defined in subparagraph (C) of this paragraph) of an individual who attained age 21 after 1949 shall be divided by the number of years (hereinafter in this subparagraph referred to as the "divisor") elapsing after 1949 and prior to 1951.

¹ Subsection (b) was amended by sec. 201(b) of P.L. 95-216. ² Subsection (c) was amended by sec. 201(c) of P.L. 95-216.

The quotient so obtained shall be deemed to be the individual's wages credited to each of the years which were used in computing the amount

of the divisor, except that-

(iii) if the quotient exceeds \$3,000, only \$3,000 shall be deemed to be the individual's wages for each of the years which were used in computing the amount of the divisor, and the remainder of the individual's total wages prior to 1951 (I) if less than \$3,000, shall be deemed credited to the year immediately preceding the earliest year used in computing the amount of the divisor, or (II) if \$3,000 or more, shall be deemed credited, in \$3,000 increments, to the year immediately preceding the earliest year used in computing the amount of the divisor and to each year consecutively preceding that year, with any remainder less than \$3,000 being credited to the year immediately preceding the earliest year to which a full \$3,000 increment was credited; and

(iv) no more than \$42,000 may be taken into account, for purposes of this subparagraph, as total wages after 1936 and

prior to 1951.

- (C) For the purposes of subparagraph (B), "total wages prior to 1951" with respect to an individual means the sum of (i) remuneration credited to such individual prior to 1951 on the records of the Secretary, (ii) wages deemed paid prior to 1951 to such individual under section 217, (iii) compensation under the Railroad Retirement Act of 1937 prior to 1951 creditable to him pursuant to this title, and (iv) wages deemed paid prior to 1951 to such individual under section 231.
- (D) The individual's primary insurance benefit shall be 40 percent of the first \$50 of his average monthly wage as computed under this subsection, plus 10 percent of the next \$200 of his average monthly wage, increased by 1 percent for each increment year. The number of increment years is the number, not more than 14 nor less than 4, that is equal to the individual's total wages prior to 1951 divided by \$1,650 (disregarding any fraction).

(2) The provisions of this subsection shall be applicable only in the case of an individual—

(A) with respect to whom at least one of the quarters elapsing prior to 1951 is a quarter of coverage;

(B) except as provided in paragraph (3), who attained age 22 after 1950 and with respect to whom less than six of the quarters elapsing after 1950 are quarters of coverage, or who attained such age before 1951; and

(C)(i) who becomes entitled to benefits under section 202(a) or 223 after the date of the enactment of the Social Security

Amendments of 1967, or

¹ Paragraph (1) was amended by secs. 201(d)(1) and 201(d)(2) of P.L. 95-216.

- (ii) who dies after such date without being entitled to benefits under section 202(a) or 223, or
- (iii) whose primary insurance amount is required to be recomputed under section 215(f)(2) or (6), or section 231.
- (3) The provisions of this subsection as in effect prior to the enactment of the Social Security Amendments of 1967 shall be applicable in the case of an individual who had a period of disability which began prior to 1951, but only if the primary insurance amount resulting therefrom is higher than the primary insurance amount resulting from the application of this section (as amended by the Social Security Amendments of 1967) and section 220.1
- (4) The provisions of this subsection as in effect in December 1977 shall be applicable to individuals who become eligible for old-age or disability insurance benefits or die prior to 1978.²

Certain Wages and Self-Employment Income Not To Be Counted

(e) For the purposes of subsections (b) and (d)—

(1) in computing an individual's average indexed monthly earnings or, in the case of an individual whose primary insurance amount is computed under section 215(a) as in effect prior to January 1979, average monthly wage, there shall not be counted the excess over \$3,600 in the case of any calendar year after 1950 and before 1955, the excess over \$4,200 in the case of any calendar year after 1954 and before 1959, the excess over \$4,800 in the case of any calendar year after 1958 and before 1966, the excess over \$6,600 in the case of any calendar year after 1965 and before 1968, the excess over \$7,800 in the case of any calendar year after 1967 and before 1972, the excess over \$9,000 in the case of any calendar year after 1971 and before 1973, the excess over \$10,800 in the case of any calendar year after 1972 and before 1974, the excess over \$13,200 in the case of any calendar year after 1973 and before 1975, and the excess over an amount equal to the contribution and benefit base (as determined under section 230) in the case of any calendar year after 1974 with respect to which such contribution and benefit base is effective (before the application, in the case of average indexed monthly earnings, of subsection (b)(3) (A)) of (A) the wages paid to him in such year, plus (B) the self-employment income credited to such year (as determined under section 212); and

(2) if an individual's average indexed monthly earnings or, in the case of an individual whose primary insurance amount is computed under section 215(a) as in effect prior to January 1979, average monthly wage, computed under subsection (b) or for the purposes of subsection (d) is not a multiple of \$1, it shall be

reduced to the next lower multiple of \$1.2

¹ Paragraph (3) was amended by sec. 201(d)(3) of P.L. 95-216.
2 Paragraph (4) was added by sec. 201(d)(4) of P.L. 95-216.
3 Subsection (e) was amended by sec. 201(e) of P.L. 95-216.

Recomputation of Benefits

(f) (1) After an individual's primary insurance amount has been determined under this section, there shall be no recomputation of such individual's primary insurance amount except as provided in this subsection or, in the case of a World War II veteran who died prior to July 27, 1954, as provided in section 217(b).

(2) (A) If an individual has wages or self-employment income for a year after 1978 for any part of which he is entitled to old-age or disability insurance benefits, the Secretary shall, at such time or times and within such period as he may by regulation prescribe, recompute

the individual's primary insurance account for that year.

(B) For the purpose of applying subparagraph (A) of subsection (a) (1) to the average indexed monthly earnings of an individual to whom that subsection applies and who receives a recomputation under this paragraph, there shall be used, in lieu of the amounts established by subsection (a) (1) (B) for purposes of clauses (i) and (ii) of subsection (a) (1) (A), the amounts so established that were (or, in the case of an individual described in subsection (a) (4) (B), would have been) used in the computation of such individual's primary insurance amount prior to the application of this subsection.

(C) A recomputation of any individual's primary insurance amount under this paragraph shall be made as provided in subsection (a) (1) as though the year with respect to which it is made is the last year of the period specified in subsection (b) (2) (B) (ii); and subsection (b) (3) (A) shall apply with respect to any such recomputation as it applied in the computation of such individual's primary insurance

amount prior to the application of this subsection.

(D) A recomputation under this paragraph with respect to any year shall be effective—

- (i) in the case of an individual who did not die in that year, for monthly benefits beginning with benefits for January of the following year; or
- (ii) in the case of an individual who died in that year, for monthly benefits beginning with benefits for the month in which he died.
- (3) [Repealed.]2
- (4) A recomputation shall be effective under this subsection only if it increases the primary insurance amount by at least \$1.2
- (5) In the case of a man who became entitled to old-age insurance benefits and died before the month in which he attained age 65, the Secretary shall recompute his primary insurance amount as provided in subsection (a) as though he became entitled to old-age insurance

Paragraph (2) was amended by sec. 201(f) (1) of P.L. 95-216.
 Paragraph (3) was repealed by sec. 201(f) (2) of P.L. 95-216.
 Paragraph (4) was amended by sec. 201(f) (3) of P.L. 95-216.

benefits in the month in which he died; except that (i) his computation base years referred to in subsection (b) (2) shall include the year in which he died, and (ii) his elapsed years referred to in subsection (b) (3) shall not include the year in which he died or any year thereafter. Such recomputation of such primary insurance amount shall be effective for and after the month in which he died.

- (6) Upon the death after 1967 of an individual entitled to benefits under section 202(a) or section 223, if any person is entitled to monthly benefits or a lump-sum death payment, on the wages and self-employment income of such individual, the Secretary shall recompute the decedent's primary insurance amount, but only if the decedent during his lifetime was paid compensation which was treated under section 205(o) as remuneration for employment.
- (7) This subsection as in effect in December 1978 shall continue to apply to the recomputation of a primary insurance amount computed under subsection (a) or (d) as in effect (without regard to the table in subsection (a)) in that month, and, where appropriate, under subsection (d) as in effect in December 1977. For purposes of recomputing a primary insurance amount determined under subsection (a) or (d) (as so in effect) in the case of an individual to whom those subsections apply by reason of subsection (a) (4) (B) as in effect after December 1978, no remuneration shall be taken into account for the year in which the individual initially became eligible for an old-age or disability insurance benefit or died, or for any year thereafter, and (effective January 1982) the recomputation shall be modified by the application of subsection (a) (6) where applicable.
- (8) The Secretary shall recompute the primary insurance amounts applicable to beneficiaries whose benefits are based on a primary insurance amount which was computed under subsection (a) (3) effective prior to January 1979, or would have been so computed if the dollar amount specified therein were \$11.50. Such recomputation shall be effective January 1979, and shall include the effect of the increase in the dollar amount provided by subsection (a) (1) (C) (i). Such primary insurance amount shall be deemed to be provided under such section for purposes of subsection (i).

Rounding of Benefits

(g) The amount of any monthly benefit computed under section 202 or 223 which (after any reduction under sections 203(a) and 224 and any deduction under section 203(b), and after any deduction under section 1840(a)(1)) is not a multiple of \$1 shall be rounded to the next lower multiple of \$1.3

¹ Par. (7) was added by sec. 201(f)(4) of P.L. 95-216 and amended by sec. 2201 of P.L. 97-35 and sec. 2 of P.L. 97-123.

² Par. (8) was added by sec. 201(f) (4) or P.L. 95-216.

Subsec. (g) was amended in its entirety by sec. 2206 of P.L. 97-35.

- (h) (1) Notwithstanding the provisions of subchapter III of chapter 83 of title 5, United States Code, remuneration paid for services to which the provisions of section 210(1) (1) of this Act are applicable and which is performed by an individual as a commissioned officer of the Reserve Corps of the Public Health Service prior to July 1, 1960, shall not be included in computing entitlement to or the amount of any monthly benefit under this title, on the basis of his wages and self-employment income, for any month after June 1960 and prior to the first month with respect to which the Civil Service Commission certifies to the Secretary that, by reason of a waiver filed as provided in paragraph (2), no further annuity will be paid to him, his wife, and his children, or, if he has died, to his widow and children, under subchapter III of chapter 83 of title 5, United States Code, on the basis of such service.
- (2) In the case of a monthly benefit for a month prior to that in which the individual, on whose wages and self-employment income such benefit is based, dies, the waiver must be filed by such individual; and such waiver shall be irrevocable and shall constitute a waiver on behalf of himself, his wife, and his children. If such individual did not file such a waiver before he died, then in the case of a benefit for the month in which he died or any month thereafter, such waiver must be filed by his widow, if any, and by or on behalf of all his children, if any; and such waivers shall be irrevocable. Such a waiver by a child shall be filed by his legal guardian or guardians, or, in the absence thereof, by the person (or persons) who has the child in his care.

Cost-of-Living Increases in Benefits

(i) (1) For purposes of this subsection—

- (A) the term "base quarter" means (i) the calendar quarter ending on March 31 in each year after 1974, or (ii) any other calendar quarter in which occurs the effective month of a general benefit increase under this title;
- (B) the term "cost-of-living computation quarter" means a base quarter, as defined in subparagraph (A)(i), in which the Consumer Price Index prepared by the Department of Labor exceeds, by not less than 3 per centum, such Index in the later of (i) the last prior cost-of-living computation quarter which was established under this subparagraph, or (ii) the most recent calendar quarter in which occurred the effective month of a general benefit increase under this title; except that there shall be no cost-of-living computation quarter in any calendar year if in the year prior to such year a law has been enacted providing a general benefit increase under this title or if in such prior year such a general benefit increase becomes effective; and

(C) the Consumer Price Index for a base quarter, a cost-ofliving computation quarter, or any other calendar quarter shall be the arithmetical mean of such index for the 3 months in such quarter.

(2) (A) (i) The Secretary shall determine each year beginning with 1975 (subject to the limitation in paragraph (1) (B)) whether the base quarter (as defined in paragraph (1) (A) (i)) in such year is a cost-of-

living computation quarter.

- (ii) If the Secretary determines that the base quarter in any year is a cost-of-living computation quarter, he shall, effective with the month of June of that year as provided in subparagraph (B), increase—
 - (I) the benefit amount to which individuals are entitled for that month under section 227 or 228,
 - (II) the primary insurance amount of each other individual on which benefit entitlement is based under this title, and
 - (III) the amount of total monthly benefits based on any primary insurance amount which is permitted under section 203 (and such total shall be increased, unless otherwise so increased under another provision of this title, at the same time as such primary insurance amount) or, in the case of a primary insurance amount computed under subsection (a) as in effect (without regard to the table contained therein) prior to January 1979, the amount to which the beneficiaries may be entitled under section 203 as in effect in December 1978, except as provided by section 203(a) (7) and (8) as in effect after December 1978.

The increase shall be derived by multiplying each of the amounts described in subdivisions (I), (II), and (III) (including each of those amounts as previously increased under this subparagraph) by the same percentage (rounded to the nearest one-tenth of 1 percent) as the percentage by which the Consumer Price Index for that cost-ofliving computation quarter exceeds such index for the most recent prior calendar quarter which was a base quarter under paragraph (1)(A)(ii) or, if later, the most recent cost-of-living computation quarter under paragraph (1) (B); and any amount so increased that is not a multiple of \$0.10 shall be decreased to the next lower multiple of \$0.10. Any increase under this subsection in a primary insurance amount determined under subparagraph (C) (i) of subsection (a) (1) shall be applied after the initial determination of such primary insurance amount under that subparagraph (with the amount of such increase, in the case of an individual who becomes eligible for old-age or disability insurance benefits or dies in a calendar year after 1979, being determined from the range of possible primary insurance amounts published by the Secretary under the last sentence of subparagraph (D)).

¹ Subclause (III) was amended by sec. 101 of P.L. 96-265.

² Clause (ii) was amended by sec. 201(g) (1) of P.L. 95-216.

- (iii) In the case of an individual who becomes eligible for an oldage or disability insurance benefit, or who dies prior to becoming so eligible, in a year in which there occurs an increase provided under clause (ii), the individual's primary insurance amount (without regard to the time of entitlement to that benefit) shall be increased (unless otherwise so increased under another provision of this title and, with respect to a primary insurance amount determined under subsection (a) (1) (C) (i) (I) in the case of an individual to whom that subsection (as in effect in December 1981) applied, subject to the provisions of subsection (a) (1) (C) (i) and clauses (iv) and (v) of this subparagraph (as then in effect) by the amount of that increase and subsequent applicable increases, but only with respect to benefits payable for months after May of that year.
- (B) The increase provided by subparagraph (A) with respect to a particular cost-of-living computation quarter shall apply in the case of monthly benefits under this title for months after May of the calendar year in which occurred such cost-of-living computation quarter, and in the case of lump-sum death payments with respect to deaths occurring after May of such calendar year.
- (C) (i) Whenever the level of the Consumer Price Index as published for any month exceeds by 2.5 percent or more the level of such index for the most recent base quarter (as defined in paragraph (1) (A) (ii)) or, if later, the most recent cost-of-living computation quarter, the Secretary shall (within 5 days after such publication) report the amount of such excess to the House Committee on Ways and Means and the Senate Committee on Finance.
- (ii) Whenever the Secretary determines that a base quarter in a calendar year is also a cost-of-living computation quarter, he shall notify the House Committee on Ways and Means and the Senate Committee on Finance of such determination within 30 days after the close of such quarter, indicating the amount of the benefit increase to be provided, his estimate of the extent to which the cost of such increase would be met by an increase in the contribution and benefit base under section 230 and the estimated amount of the increase in such base, the actuarial estimates of the effect of such increase, and the actuarial assumptions and methodology used in preparing such estimates.
- (D) If the Secretary determines that a base quarter in a calendar year is also a cost-of-living computation quarter, he shall publish in the Federal Register within 45 days after the close of such quarter a determination that a benefit increase is resultantly required and the percentage thereof. He shall also publish in the Federal Register at that time (i) a revision of the range of the primary insurance amounts which are possible after the application of this subsection based on the

¹ Clause (iii) was added by sec. 201(g) (2) of Public Law 95-216 and amended by sec. 2201 of Public Law 97-35 and sec. 2 of Public Law 97-123.

dollar amount specified in subparagraph (C)(i) of subsection (a) (1) (with such revised primary insurance amounts constituting the increased amounts determined for purposes of such subparagraph (C) (i) under this subsection), or specified in subsection (a)(3) as in effect prior to 1979, and (ii) a revision of the range of maximum family benefits which correspond to such primary insurance amounts (with such maximum benefits being effective notwithstanding section 203(a) except for paragraph (3)(B) thereof (or paragraph (2) thereof as in effect prior to 1979)). Notwithstanding the preceding sentence, such revision of maximum family benefits shall be subject to paragraph (6) of section 203(a) (as added by section 101(a)(3) of the Social Security Disability Amendments of 1980).

(3) As used in this subsection, the term "general benefit increase under this title" means an increase (other than an increase under this subsection) in all primary insurance amounts on which monthly insurance benefits under this title are based.

(4) This subsection as in effect in December 1978 shall continue to apply to subsections (a) and (d), as then in effect, for purposes of computing the primary insurance amount of an individual to whom subsection (a), as in effect after December 1978, does not apply (including an individual to whom subsection (a) does not apply in any year by reason of paragraph (4) (B) of that subsection (but the application of this subsection in such cases shall be modified by the application of subdivision (I) in the last sentence of paragraph (4) of that subsection)), except that for this purpose, in applying paragraphs (2)(A)(ii), (2)(D)(iv), and (2)(D)(v) of this subsection as in effect in December 1978, the phrase "increased to the next higher multiple of \$0.10" shall be deemed to read "decreased to the next lower multiple of \$0.10". For purposes of computing primary insurance amounts and maximum family benefits (other than primary insurance amounts and maximum family benefits for individuals to whom such paragraph (4) (B) applies), the Secretary shall publish in the Federal Register revisions of the table of benefits contained in subsection (a), as in effect in December 1978 as required by paragraph (2) (D) of this subsection as then in effect.²

¹ Subpar. (d) was amended by sec. 201(g) (3) of Public Law 95-216, sec. 101 of Public Law 96-265, and sec. 2201(b) (9) of Public Law 97-35.

² Par. (4) was added by sec. 201(g) (4) of Public Law 95-216 and amended by sec. 2201 of Public Law 97-35 and sec. 2 of Public Law 97-123. See App. A for law as in effect on December 1978.

Other Definitions

Sec. 216. For the purposes of this title—

(a) [Repealed.]

Wife 1

(b) The term "wife" means the wife of an individual, but only if she (1) is the mother of his son or daughter, (2) was married to him for a period of not less than one year immediately preceding the day on which her application is filed, or (3) in the month prior to the month of her marriage to him (A) was entitled to, or on application therefor and attainment of age 62 in such prior month would have been entitled to, benefits under subsection (b), (e), or (h) of section 202, (B) had attained age eighteen and was entitled to, or on application therefor would have been entitled to, benefits under subsection (d) of such section (subject, however, to section 202(s)), or (C) was entitled to, or upon application therefor and attainment of the required age (if any) would have been entitled to, a widow's, child's (after attainment of age 18), or parent's insurance annuity under section 2 of the Railroad Retirement Act of 1974, as amended. For purposes of clause (2), a wife shall be deemed to have been married to an individual for a period of one year throughout the month in which occurs the first anniversary of her marriage to such individual. For purposes of subparagraph (C) of section 202(b)(1), a divorced wife shall be deemed not to be married throughout the month in which she becomes divorced.

Widow *

(c) The term "widow" (except when used in the first sentence of section 202(i)) means the surviving wife of an individual, but only if (1) she is the mother of his son or daughter, (2) she legally adopted his son or daughter while she was married to him and while such son or daughter was under the age of eighteen, (3) he legally adopted her son or daughter while she was married to him and while such son or daughter was under the age of eighteen, (4) she was married to him at the time both of them legally adopted a child under the age of eighteen, (5) she was married to him for a period of not less than nine months immediately prior to the day on which he died, or (6) in the month prior to the month of her marriage to him (A) she was entitled to, or on application therefor and attainment of age 62 in such prior month would have been entitled to, benefits under subsection (b), (e), or (h) of section 202, (B) she had attained age eighteen and was entitled to, or on application therefor would have been entitled to, benefits under subsection (d) of such section (subject, however, to section 202(s)), or (C) she was entitled to, or upon application therefor and attainment of the required age (if any) would have

¹ The last two sentences of subsec. (b) were added by sec. 2203 of P.L. 97-35.

² The first sentence of subsec. (c) was amended by sec. 2202 of P.L. 97-35.

been entitled to, a widow's, child's (after attainment of age 18), or parent's insurance annuity under section 2 of the Railroad Retirement Act of 1974, as amended.

Divorced Wives; Divorce

(d) (1) The term "divorced wife" means a woman divorced from an individual, but only if she had been married to such individual for

- a period of 10 years immediately before the date the divorce became effective.¹
- (2) The term "surviving divorced wife" means a woman divorced from an individual who has died, but only if she had been married to the individual for a period of 10 years immediately before the date the divorce became effective.¹
- (3) The term "surviving divorced mother" means a woman divorced from an individual who has died, but only if (A) she is the mother of his son or daughter, (B) she legally adopted his son or daughter while she was married to him and while such son or daughter was under the age of 18, (C) he legally adopted her son or daughter while she was married to him and while such son or daughter was under the age of 18, or (D) she was married to him at the time both of them legally adopted a child under the age of 18.
- (4) The terms "divorce" and "divorced" refer to a divorce a vinculo matrimonii.

Child

(e) The term "child" means (1) the child or legally adopted child of an individual, (2) a stepchild who has been such stepchild for not less than one year immediately preceding the day on which application for child's insurance benefits is filed or (if the insured individual is deceased) not less than nine months immediately preceding the day on which such individual died, and (3) a person who is the grandchild or stepgrandchild of an individual or his spouse, but only if (A) there was no natural or adoptive parent (other than such a parent who was under a disability, as defined in section 223(d)) of such person living at the time (i) such individual became entitled to old-age insurance benefits or disability insurance benefits or died, or (ii) if such individual had a period of disability which continued until such individual became entitled to old-age insurance benefits or disability insurance benefits, or died, at the time such period of disability began, or (B) such person was legally adopted after the death of such individual by such individual's surviving spouse in an adoption that was decreed by a court of competent jurisdiction within the United States and such person's natural or adopting parent or stepparent was not living in such individual's household and making regular contributions toward such person's support at the time such individual died. For purposes of clause (1), a person shall be deemed, as of the date of death of an individual, to be the legally adopted child of such individual if such person was at the time of such individual's death living in such individual's household and was legally adopted by such individual's

Paragraphs (1) and (2) were amended by sec. 337(a) of Public Law 95-216.

surviving spouse after such individual's death but only if (A) proceedings for the adoption of the child had been instituted by such individual before his death, or (B) such child was adopted by such individual's surviving spouse before the end of two years after (i) the day on which such individual died or (ii) the date of enactment of the Social Security Amendments of 1958; except that this sentence shall not apply if at the time of such individual's death such person was receiving regular contributions toward his support from someone other than such individual or his spouse, or from any public or private welfare organization which furnishes services or assistance for children. For purposes of clause (2), a person who is not the stepchild of an individual shall be deemed the stepchild of such individual if such individual was not the mother or adopting mother or the father or adopting father of such person and such individual and the mother or adopting mother, or the father or adopting father, as the case may be, of such person went through a marriage ceremony resulting in a purported marriage between them which, but for a legal impediment described in the last sentence of subsection (h)(1)(B), would have been a valid marriage. For purposes of clause (2), a child shall be deemed to have been the stepchild of an individual for a period of one year throughout the month in which occurs the expiration of such one year. For purposes of clause (3), a person shall be deemed to have no natural or adoptive parent living (other than a parent who was under a disability) throughout the most recent month in which a natural or adoptive parent (not under a disability) dies.1

Husband

(f) The term "husband" means the husband of an individual, but only if (1) he is the father of her son or daughter, (2) he was married to her for a period of not less than one year immediately preceding the day on which his application is filed, or (3) in the month prior to the month of his marriage to her (A) he was entitled to, or on application therefor and attainment of age 62 in such prior month would have been entitled to, benefits under subsection (f), or (h) of section 202, (B) he had attained age eighteen and was entitled to, or on application therefor would have been entitled to, benefits under subsection (d) of such section (subject, however, to section 202(s)), or (C) he was entitled to, or upon application therefor and attainment of the required age (if any) he would have been entitled to, a widower's, child's (after attainment of age 18), or parent's insurance annuity under section 2 of the Railroad Retirement Act of 1974, as amended. For purposes of clause (2), a husband shall be deemed to have been married to an individual for a period of one year throughout the month in which occurs the first anniversary of his marriage to her.2

¹ The last two sentences of subsec. (e) were added by sec. 2203 of P.L. 97-35.

The last sentence of subsec. (f) was added by sec. 2203 of P.L. 97-35.

Widower 1

(g) The term "widower" (except when used in the first sentence of section 202(i)) means the surviving husband of an individual, but only if (1) he is the father of her son or daughter, (2) he legally adopted her son or daughter while he was married to her and while such son or daughter was under the age of eighteen, (3) she legally adopted his son or daughter while he was married to her and while such son or daughter was under the age of eighteen, (4) he was married to her at the time both of them legally adopted a child under the age of

¹ The first sentence of subsec. (g) was amended by sec. 2202 of P.L. 97-35.

eighteen, (5) he was married to her for a period of not less than nine months immediately prior to the day on which she died, or (6) in the month before the month of his marriage to her (A) he was entitled to, or on application therefor and attainment of age 62 in such prior month would have been entitled to, benefits under subsection (f), or (h) of section 202, (B) he had attained age eighteen and was entitled to, or on application therefor would have been entitled to, benefits under subsection (d) of such section (subject, however, to section 202(s)), or (C) he was entitled to, or on application therefor and attainment of the required age (if any) he would have been entitled to a widower's, child's (after attainment of age 18), or parent's insurance annuity under section 2 of the Railroad Retirement Act of 1974, as amended.

Determination of Family Status

- (h)(1)(A) An applicant is the wife, husband, widow, or widower of a fully or currently insured individual for purposes of this title if the courts of the State in which such insured individual is domiciled at the time such applicant files an application, or, if such insured individual is dead, the courts of the State in which he was domiciled at the time of death, or, if such insured individual is or was not so domiciled in any State, the courts of the District of Columbia, would find that such applicant and such insured individual were validly married at the time such applicant files such application or, if such insured individual is dead, at the time he died. If such courts would not find that such applicant and such insured individual were validly married at such time, such applicant shall, nevertheless be deemed to be the wife. husband, widow, or widower, as the case may be, of such insured individual if such applicant would, under the laws applied by such courts in determining the devolution of interstate personal property, have the same status with respect to the taking of such property as a wife, hustand, widow, or widower of such insured individual.
- (B) In any case where under subparagraph (A) an applicant is not (and is not deemed to be) the wife, widow, husband, or widower of a fully or currently insured individual, or where under subsection (b), (c), (f), or (g) such applicant is not the wife, widow, husband, or widower of such individual, but it is established to the satisfaction of the Secretary that such applicant in good faith went through a marriage ceremony with such individual resulting in a purported marriage between them which, but for a legal impediment not known to the applicant at the time of such ceremony, would have been a valid marriage, and such applicant and the insured individual were living in the same household at the time of the death of such insured individual or (if such insured individual is living) at the time such applicant files the application, then, for purposes of subparagraph (A) and

subsections (b), (c), (f), and (g), such purported marriage shall be deemed to be a valid marriage. The provisions of the preceding sentence shall not apply (i) if another person is or has been entitled to a benefit under subsection (b), (c), (e), (f), or (g) of section 202 on the basis of the wages and self-employment income of such insured individual and such other person is (or is deemed to be) a wife, widow, husband, or widower of such insured individual under subparagraph (A) at the time such applicant files the application, or (ii) if the Secretary determines, on the basis of information brought to his attention, that such applicant entered into such purported marriage with such insured individual with knowledge that it would not be a valid marriage. The entitlement to a monthly benefit under subsection (b), (c), (e), (f), or (g) of section 202, based on the wages and self-employment income of such insured individual, of a person who would not be deemed to be a wife, widow, husband, or widower of such insured individual but for this subparagraph, shall end with the month before the month (i) in which the Secretary certifies, pursuant to section 205(i), that another person is entitled to a benefit under subsection (b), (c), (e), (f), or (g) of section 202 on the basis of the wages and self-employment income of such insured individual, if such other person is (or is deemed to be) the wife, widow, husband, or widower of such insured individual under subparagraph (A), or (ii) if the applicant is entitled to a monthly benefit under subsection (b) or (c) of section 202, in which such applicant entered into a marriage, valid without regard to this subparagraph, with a person other than such insured individual. For purposes of this subparagraph, a legal impediment to the validity of a purported marriage includes only an impediment (i) resulting from the lack of dissolution of a previous marriage or otherwise arising out of such previous marriage or its dissolution, or (ii) resulting from a defect in the procedure followed in connection with such purported marriage.

- (2) (A) In determining whether an applicant is the child or parent of a fully or currently insured individual for purposes of this title, the Secretary shall apply such law as would be applied in determining the devolution of intestate personal property by the courts of the State in which such insured individual is domiciled at the time such applicant files application, or, if such insured individual is dead, by the courts of the State in which he was domiciled at the time of his death, or, if such insured individual is or was not so domiciled in any State, by the courts of the District of Columbia. Applicants who according to such law would have the same status relative to taking intestate personal property as a child or parent shall be deemed such.
- (B) If an applicant is a son or daughter of a fully or currently insured individual but is not (and is not deemed to be) the child of such insured individual under subparagraph (A), such applicant shall

nevertheless be deemed to be the child of such insured individual if such insured individual and the mother or father, as the case may be, of such applicant went through a marriage ceremony resulting in a purported marriage between them which, but for a legal impediment described in the last sentence of paragraph (1) (B), would have been a valid marriage.

- (3) An applicant who is the son or daughter of a fully or currently insured individual, but who is not (and is not deemed to be) the child of such insured individual under paragraph (2), shall nevertheless be deemed to be the child of such insured individual if:
 - (A) in the case of an insured individual entitled to old-age insurance benefits (who was not, in the month preceding such entitlement, entitled to disability insurance benefits)—
 - (i) such insured individual—
 - (I) has acknowledged in writing that the applicant is his son or daughter,
 - (II) has been decreed by a court to be the father of the applicant, or
 - (III) has been ordered by a court to contribute to the support of the applicant because the applicant is his son or daughter,

and such acknowledgement, court decree, or court order was made not less than one year before such insured individual became entitled to old-age insurance benefits or attained age 65, whichever is earlier; or

- (ii) such insured individual is shown by evidence satisfactory to the Secretary to be the father of the applicant and was living with or contributing to the support of the applicant at the time such insured individual became entitled to benefits or attained age 65, whichever first occurred;
- (B) in the case of an insured individual entitled to disability insurance benefits, or who was entitled to such benefits in the month preceding the first month for which he was entitled to oldage insurance benefits—
 - (i) such insured individual—
 - (I) has acknowledged in writing that the applicant is his son or daughter,
 - (II) has been decreed by a court to be the father of the applicant, or
 - (III) has been ordered by a court to contribute to the support of the applicant because the applicant is his son or daughter,

and such acknowledgement, court decree, or court order was made before such insured individual's most recent period of disability began; or

- (ii) such insured individual is shown by evidence satisfactory to the Secretary to be the father of the applicant and was living with or contributing to the support of that applicant at the time such period of disability began;
- (C) in the case of a deceased individual—
 - (i) such insured individual—
 - (I) had acknowledged in writing that the applicant is his son or daughter,
 - (II) had been decreed by a court to be the father of the applicant, or
 - (III) had been ordered by a court to contribute to the support of the applicant because the applicant was his son or daughter,

and such acknowledgement, court decree, or court order was made before the death of such insured individual, or

(ii) such insured individual is shown by evidence satisfactory to the Secretary to have been the father of the applicant, and such insured individual was living with or contributing to the support of the applicant at the time such insured individual died. For purposes of subparagraph (A)(i), an acknowledgement, court decree, or court order shall be deemed to have occurred on the first day of the month in which it actually occurred.¹

Disability; Period of Disability

(i) (1) Except for purposes of section 202(d), 202(e), 202(f), 223, and 225, the term "disability" means (A) inability to engage in any substantial gainful activity by reason of any medically determinable physical or mental impairment which can be expected to result in death or has lasted or can be expected to last for a continuous period of not less than 12 months, or (B) blindness; and the term "blindness" means central visual acuity of 20/200 or less in the better eye with the use of correcting lens. An eve which is accompanied by a limitation in the field of vision such that the widest diameter of the visual field subtends an angle no greater than 20 degrees shall be considered for purposes of this paragraph as having a central visual acuity of 20/200 or less. The provisions of paragraphs (2) (A), (3), (4), (5), and (6) of section 223(d) shall be applied for purposes of determining whether an individual is under a disability within the meaning of the first sentence of this paragraph in the same manner as they are applied for purposes of paragraph (1) of such section. Nothing in this title shall be construed as authorizing the Secretary or any other officer or employee of the United States to interfere in any way with the practice of medicine or with relationships between practitioners of medi-

¹ The last sentence of subsec. (h) was added by sec. 2203 of P.L. 97-35.

cine and their patients, or to exercise any supervision or control over the administration or operation of any hospital.

(2) (A) The term "period of disability" means a continuous period (beginning and ending as hereinafter provided in this subsection) during which an individual was under a disability (as defined in

¹ Par. (1) was amraded by sec. 5(a) (2) of P.L. 96-473.

paragraph (1)), but only if such period is of not less than five full calendar months' duration or such individual was entitled to benefits under section 223 for one or more months in such period.

(B) No period of disability shall begin as to any individual unless such individual files an application for a disability determination with respect to such period; and no such period shall begin as to any individual after such individual attains the age of 65.

In the case of a deceased individual, the requirement of an application under the preceding sentence may be satisfied by an application for a disability determination filed with respect to such individual within 3 months after the month in which he died.

(C) A period of disability shall begin-

(i) on the day the disability began, but only if the individual satisfies the requirements of paragraph (3) on such day; or

(ii) if such individual does not satisfy the requirements of paragraph (3) on such day, then on the first day of the first quarter thereafter in which he satisfies such requirements.

- (D) A period of disability shall end with the close of whichever of the following months is the earlier: (i) the month preceding the month in which the individual attains age 65, or (ii) the month preceding (I) the termination month (as defined in section 223(a)(1)), or, if earlier (II) the first month for which no benefit is payable by reason of section 223(e), where no benefit is payable for any of the succeeding months during the 15-month period referred to in such section.
- (E) Except as is otherwise provided in subparagraph (F), no application for a disability determination which is filed more than 12 months after the month prescribed by subparagraph (D) as the month in which the period of disability ends (determined without regard to subparagraph (B) and this subparagraph) shall be accepted as an application for purposes of this paragraph.
- (F) An application for a disability determination which is filed more than 12 months after the month prescribed by subparagraph (D) as the month in which the period of disability ends (determined without regard to subparagraphs (B) and (E)) shall be accepted as an application for purposes of this paragraph if—
 - (i) in the case of an application filed by or on behalf of an individual with respect to a disability which ends after the month in which the Social Security Amendments of 1967 is enacted, such application is filed not more than 36 months after the month in which such disability ended, such individual is alive at the time the application is filed, and the Secretary finds in accordance with regulations prescribed by him that the failure of such individual to file an application for a disability determination within

¹ Par. (D) was amended by sec. 308 of P.L. 96-265.

the time specified in subparagraph (E) was attributable to a physical or mental condition of such individual which rendered him incapable of executing such an application, and

- (ii) in the case of an application filed by or on behalf of an individual with respect to a period of disability which ends in or before the month in which the Social Security Amendments of 1967 as enacted,
 - (I) such application is filed not more than 12 months after the month in which the Social Security Amendments of 1967 is enacted,
 - (II) a previous application for a disability determination has been filed by or on behalf of such individual (1) in or before the month in which the Social Security Amendments of 1967 is enacted, and (2) not more than 36 months after the month in which his disability ended, and
 - (III) the Secretary finds in accordance with regulations prescribed by him, that the failure of such individual to file an application within the then specified time period was attributable to a physical or mental condition of such individual which rendered him incapable of executing such an application.

In making a determination under this subsection, with respect to the disability or period of disability of any individual whose application for a determination thereof is accepted solely by reason of the provisions of this subparagraph (F), the provisions of this subsection (other than the provisions of this subparagraph) shall be applied as such provisions are in effect at the time such determination is made.

- (G) An application for a disability determination filed before the first day on which the applicant satisfies the requirements for a period of disability under this subsection shall be deemed a valid application (and shall be deemed to have been filed on such first day) only if the applicant satisfies the requirements for a period of disability before the Secretary makes a final decision on the application and no request under section 205(b) for notice and opportunity for a hearing thereon is made or, if such a request is made, before a decision based upon the evidence adduced at the hearings is made (regardless of whether such decision becomes the final decision of the Secretary).
- (3) The requirements referred to in clauses (i) and (ii) of paragraph (2) (C) are satisfied by an individual with respect to any quarter only if—
 - (A) he would have been a fully insured individual (as defined in section 214) had he attained age 62 and filed application for benefits under section 202(a) on the first day of such quarter; and

¹ Par. (G) was amended by sec. 306 of P.L. 96-265.

- (B) (i) he had not less than 20 quarters of coverage during the 40-quarter period which ends with such quarter, or
- (ii) if such quarter ends before he attains (or would attain) age 31 not less than one-half (and not less than 6) of the quarters during the period ending with such quarter and beginning after he attained the age of 21 were quarters of coverage, or (if the number of quarters in such period is less than 12) not less than 6 of the quarters in the 12-quarter period ending with such quar-

ter were quarters of coverage, except that the provisions of subparagraph (B) of this paragraph shall not apply in the case of an individual who is blind (within the meaning of "blindness" as defined in paragraph (1)).

For purposes of subparagraph (B) of this paragraph, when the number of quarters in any period is an odd number, such number shall be reduced by one, and a quarter shall not be counted as part of any period if any part of such quarter was included in a prior period of disability unless such quarter was a quarter of coverage.

(4) [Repealed.]

Periods of Limitations Ending on Nonwork Days

(i) Where this title, any provision of another law of the United States (other than the Internal Revenue Code of 1954) relating to or changing the effect of this title, or any regulation issued by the Secretary pursuant thereto provides for a period within which an act is required to be done which affects eligibility for or the amount of any benefit or payment under this title or is necessary to establish or protect any rights under this title, and such period ends on a Saturday, Sunday, or legal holiday, or on any other day all or part of which is declared to be a nonwork day for Federal employees by statute or Executive order, then such act shall be considered as done within such period if it is done on the first day thereafter which is not a Saturday, Sunday, or legal holiday or any other day all or part of which is declared to be a nonwork day for Federal employees by statute or Executive order. For purposes of this subsection, the day on which a period ends shall include the day on which an extension of such period, as authorized by law or by the Secretary pursuant to law, ends. The provisions of this subsection shall not extend the period during which benefits under this title may (pursuant to section 202(j) (1) or 223(b)) be paid for months prior to the day application for such benefits is filed, or during which an application for benefits under this title may (pursuant to section 202(i)(2) or 223(b)) be accepted as such.

Waiver of Nine-Month Requirement for Widow, Stepchild, or Widower in Case of Accidental Death or in Case of Serviceman Dying in Line of Duty, or in Case of Remarriage to the Same Individual

(k) The requirement in clause (5) of subsection (c) or clause (5) of subsection (g) that the surviving spouse of an individual have been married to such individual for a period of not less than nine months immediately prior to the day on which such individual died in order to qualify as such individual's widow or widower, and the requirement in subsection (e) that the stepchild of a deceased individual have been such stepchild for not less than nine months immediately preceding the day on which such individual died in order to qualify as such individual's child, shall be deemed to be satisfied, where such individual dies within the applicable nine-month period, if—

(1) his death-

- (A) is accidental, or
- (B) occurs in line of duty while he is a member of a uniformed service serving on active duty (as defined in section 210(1)(2)), unless the Secretary determines that at the time of the marriage involved the individual could not have reasonably been expected to live for nine months, or
- (2) (A) the widow or widower of such individual had been previously married to such individual and subsequently divorced and such requirement would have been satisfied at the time of such divorce if such previous marriage had been terminated by the death of such individual at such time instead of by divorce; or
- (B) the stepchild of such individual had been the stepchild of such individual during a previous marriage of such stepchild's parent to such individual which ended in divorce and such requirement would have been satisfied at the time of such divorce if such previous marriage had been terminated by the death of such individual at such time instead of by divorce; except that paragraph (2) of this subsection shall not apply if the Secretary determines that at the time of the marriage involved the individual could not have reasonably been expected to live for nine months. For purposes of paragraph (1) (A) of this subsection, the death of an individual is accidental if he receives bodily injuries solely through violent, external, and accidental means and, as a direct result of the bodily injuries and independently of all other causes, loses his life not later than three months after the day on which he receives such bodily injuries.

Benefits in Case of Veterans

Sec. 217. (a) (1) For purposes of determining entitlement to and the amount of any monthly benefit for any month after August 1950, or entitlement to and the amount of any lump-sum death payment in case of a death after such month, payable under this title on the basis of the wages and self-employment income of any World War II veteran, and for purposes of section 216(i)(3), such veteran shall be deemed to have been paid wages (in addition to the wages, if any, actually paid to him) of \$160 in each month during any part of which he served in the active military or naval service of the United States during World War II. This subsection shall not be applicable in the case of any monthly benefit or lump-sum death payment if—

(A) a larger such benefit or payment, as the case may be, would

be payable without its application; or

(B) a benefit (other than a benefit payable in a lump sum unless it is a commutation of, or a substitute for, periodic payments) which is based, in whole or in part, upon the active military or naval service of such veteran during World War II is determined by any agency or wholly owned instrumentality of the

United States (other than the Veterans' Administration) to be payable by it under any other law of the United States or under a system established by such agency or instrumentality. The provisions of clause (B) shall not apply in the case of any monthly benefit or lump-sum death payment under this title if its application would reduce by \$0.50 or less the primary insurance amount (as computed under section 215 prior to any recomputation thereof pursuant to subsection (f) of such section) of the individual on whose wages and self-employment income such benefit or payment is based. The provisions of clause (B) shall also not apply for purposes of section 216(i)(3).

(2) Upon application for benefits or a lump-sum death payment on the basis of the wages and self-employment income of any World War II veteran, the Secretary of Health, Education, and Welfare shall make a decision without regard to clause (B) of paragraph (1) of this subsection unless he has been notified by some other agency or instrumentality of the United States that, on the basis of the military or naval service of such veteran during World War II, a benefit described in clause (B) of paragraph (1) has been determined by such agency or instrumentality to be payable by it. If he has not been so notified, the Secretary of Health, Education, and Welfare shall then ascertain whether some other agency or wholly owned instrumentality of the United States has decided that a benefit described in clause (B) of paragraph (1) is payable by it. If any such agency or instrumentality has decided, or thereafter decides, that such a benefit is payable by it, it shall so notify the Secretary of Health, Education, and Welfare, and the Secretary shall certify no further benefits for payment or shall recompute the amount of any further benefits payable, as may be required by paragraph (1) of this subsection.

(3) Any agency or wholly owned instrumentality of the United States which is authorized by any law of the United States to pay benefits, or has a system of benefits which are based, in whole or in part, on military or naval service during World War II shall, at the request of the Secretary of Health, Education, and Welfare, certify to him, with respect to any veteran, such information as the Secretary deems necessary to carry out his functions under paragraph (2) of

this subsection.

(b) (1) Any World War II veteran who died during the period of three years immediately following his separation from the active military or naval service of the United States shall be deemed to have died a fully insured individual whose primary insurance amount is the amount determined under section 215(c) as in effect in December 1978. Notwithstanding section 215(d) as in effect in December 1978, the primary insurance benefit (for purposes of section 215(c) as in effect in December 1978) of such veteran shall be determined as provided in this title as in effect prior to the enactment of this section, except that the 1 per centum addition provided for in section 209(e)

- (2) of this Act as in effect prior to the enactment of this section shall be applicable only with respect to calendar years prior to 1951. This subsection shall not be applicable in the case of any monthly benefit or lump-sum death payment if—
 - (A) a larger such benefit or payment, as the case may be, would be payable without its application;
 - (B) any pension or compensation is determined by the Veterans' Administration to be payable by it on the basis of the death of such veteran;
 - (C) the death of the veteran occurred while he was in the active military or naval service of the United States; or
 - (D) such veteran has been discharged or released from the active military or naval service of the United States subsequent to July 26, 1951.¹
- (2) Upon an application for benefits or a lump-sum death payment on the basis of the wages and self-employment income of any World War II veteran, the Secretary of Health, Education, and Welfare shall make a decision without regard to paragraph (1) (B) of this subsection unless he has been notified by the Veterans' Administration that pension or compensation is determined to be payable by the Veterans' Administration by reason of the death of such veteran. The Secretary of Health, Education, and Welfare shall thereupon report such decision to the Veterans' Administration. If the Veterans' Administration in any such case has made an adjudication or thereafter makes an adjudication that any pension or compensation is payable under any law administered by it, it shall notify the Secretary of Health, Education, and Welfare, and the Secretary shall certify no further benefits for payment, or shall recompute the amount of any further benefits payable, as may be required by paragraph (1) of this subsection. Any payment theretofore certified by the Secretary of Health, Education, and Welfare on the basis of paragraph (1) of this subsection to any individual, not exceeding the amount of any accrued pension or compensation payable to him by the Veterans' Administration, shall (notwithstanding the provisions of section 3101 of title 38, United States Code) be deemed to have been paid to him by such Administration on account of such accrued pension or compensation. No such payment certified by the Secretary of Health, Education, and Welfare, and no payment certified by him for any month prior to the first month for which any pension or compensation is paid by the Veterans' Administration shall be deemed by reason of this subsection to have been an erroneous payment.
- (c) In the case of any World War II veteran to whom subsection (a) is applicable, proof of support required under section 202(h) may

¹ Paragraph (1) was amended by sec. 205(c) of Public Law 95–216, sec. 2201 of Public Law 97–35, and sec. 2 of Public Law 97–123.

be filed by a parent at any time prior to July 1951 or prior to the expiration of two years after the date of the death of such veteran, whichever is the later.

(d) For the purposes of this section—

(1) The term "World War II" means the period beginning with September 16, 1940, and ending at the close of July 24, 1947.

- (2) The term "World War II veteran" means any individual who served in the active military or naval service of the United States at any time during World War II and who, if discharged or released therefrom, was so discharged or released under conditions other than dishonorable after active service of ninety days or more or by reason of a disability or injury incurred or aggravated in service in line of duty; but such term shall not include any individual who died while in the active military or naval service of the United States if his death was inflicted (other than by an enemy of the United States) as lawful punishment for a military or naval offense.
- (e) (1) For purposes of determining entitlement to and the amount of any monthly benefit or lump-sum death payment payable under this title on the basis of the wages and self-employment income of any veteran (as defined in paragraph (4)), and for purposes of section 216(i) (3), such veteran shall be deemed to have been paid wages (in addition to the wages, if any, actually paid to him) of \$160 in each month during any part of which he served in the active military or naval service of the United States on or after July 25, 1947, and prior to January 1, 1957. This subsection shall not be applicable in the case of any monthly benefit or lump-sum death payment if—
 - (A) a larger such benefit or payment, as the case may be, would be payable without its application; or
 - (B) a benefit (other than a benefit payable in a lump sum unless it is a commutation of, or a substitute for, periodic payments) which is based, in whole or in part, upon the active military or naval service of such veteran on or after July 25, 1947, and prior to January 1, 1957, is determined by an agency or wholly owned instrumentality of the United States (other than the Veterans' Administration) to be payable by it under any other law of the United States or under a system established by such agency or instrumentality.

The provisions of clause (B) shall not apply in the case of any monthly benefit or lump-sum death payment under this title if its application would reduce by \$0.50 or less the primary insurance amount (as computed under section 215 prior to any recomputation thereof pursuant to subsection (f) of such section) of the individual on whose wages and self-employment income such benefit or payment is based. The

provisions of clause (B) shall also not apply for purposes of section 216(i)(3). In the case of monthly benefits under this title for months after December 1956 (and any lump-sum death payment under this title with respect to a death occurring after December 1956) based on the wages and self-employment income of a veteran who performed service (as a member of a uniformed service) to which the provisions of section 210(l)(1) are applicable, wages which would, but for the provisions of clause (B), be deemed under this subsection to have been paid to such veteran with respect to his active military or naval service performed after December 1950 shall be deemed to have been paid to him with respect to such service notwithstanding the provisions of such clause, but only if the benefits referred to in such clause which are based (in whole or in part) on such service are payable solely by the Army, Navy, Air Force, Marine Corps, Coast Guard, Coast and Geodetic Survey or Public Health Service.

- (2) Upon application for benefits or a lump-sum death payment on the basis of the wages and self-employment income of any veteran, the Secretary of Health, Education, and Welfare shall make a decision without regard to clause (B) of paragraph (1) of this subsection unless he has been notified by some other agency or instrumentality of the United States that, on the basis of the military or naval service of such veteran on or after July 25, 1947, and prior to January 1, 1957, a benefit described in clause (B) of paragraph (1) has been determined by such agency or instrumentality to be payable by it. If he has not been so notified, the Secretary of Health, Education, and Welfare shall then ascertain whether some other agency or wholly owned instrumentality of the United States has decided that a benefit described in clause (B) of paragraph (1) is payable by it. If any such agency or instrumentality has decided, or thereafter decides, that such a benefit is payable by it, it shall so notify the Secretary of Health, Education, and Welfare, and the Secretary shall certify no further benefits for payment or shall recompute the amount of any further benefits payable as may be required by paragraph (1) of this subsection.
- (3) Any agency or wholly owned instrumentality of the United States which is authorized by any law of the United States to pay benefits, or has a system of benefits which are based, in whole or in part, on military or naval service on or after July 25, 1947, and prior to January 1, 1957, shall, at the request of the Secretary of Health, Education, and Welfare, certify to him, with respect to any veteran, such information as the Secretary deems necessary to carry out his functions under paragraph (2) of this subsection.
- (4) For the purposes of this subsection, the term "veteran" means any individual who served in the active military or naval service of

the United States at any time on or after July 25, 1947, and prior to January 1, 1957, and who, if discharged or released therefrom, was so discharged or released under conditions other than dishonorable after active service of ninety days or more or by reason of a disability or injury incurred or aggravated in service in line of duty; but such term shall not include any individual who died while in the active military or naval service of the United States if his death was inflicted (other than by an enemy of the United States) as lawful punishment for a military or naval offense.

- (f) (1) In any case where a World War II veteran (as defined in subsection (d)(2)) or a veteran (as defined in subsection (e)(4)) has died or shall hereafter die, and his widow or child is entitled under subchapter III of chapter 83 of title 5, United States Code, to an annuity in the computation of which his active military or naval service was included, clause (B) of subsection (a) (1) or clause (B) of subsection (e) (1) shall not operate (solely by reason of such annuity) to make such subsection inapplicable in the case of any monthly benefit under section 202 which is based on his wages and self-employment income; except that no such widow or child shall be entitled under section 202 to any monthly benefit in the computation of which such service is included by reason of this subsection (A) unless such widow or child after December 1956 waives his or her right to receive such annuity, or (B) for any month prior to the first month with respect to which the Civil Service Commission certifies to the Secretary of Health, Education, and Welfare that (by reason of such waiver) no further annuity will be paid to such widow or child under such subchapter III on the basis of such veteran's military or civilian service. Any such waiver shall be irrevocable.
- (2) Whenever a widow waives her right to receive such annuity such waiver shall constitute a waiver on her own behalf; a waiver by a legal guardian or guardians, or, in the absence of a legal guardian, the person (or persons) who has the child in his care, of the child's right to receive such annuity shall constitute a waiver on behalf of such child. Such a waiver with respect to an annuity based on a veteran's service shall be valid only if the widow and all children, or, if there is no widow, all the children, waive their rights to receive annuities under subchapter III of chapter 83 of title 5, United States Code, based on such veteran's military or civilian service.
- (g) (1) In September of 1965, 1970, and 1975, and in October 1980 and in every fifth October thereafter up to and including October 2010, the Secretary shall determine the amount which, if paid in equal installments at the beginning of each fiscal year in the period beginning—
 - (A) with July 1, 1965, in the case of the first such determination, and

- (B) with the beginning of the first fiscal year commencing after the determination in the case of all other such determinations, and ending with the close of September 30, 2015, would accumulate, with interest compounded annually, to an amount equal to the amount needed to place each of the Trust Funds and the Federal Hospital Insurance Trust Fund in the same position at the close of September 30, 2015, as he estimates they would otherwise be in at the close of that date if section 210 of this Act as in effect prior to the Social Security Act Amendments of 1950, and this section, had not been enacted. The rate of interest to be used in determining such amount shall be the rate determined under section 201(d) for public-debt obligations which were or could have been issued for purchase by the Trust Funds in the June preceding the September in which the determinations in 1965, 1970, and 1975 are made and in the September preceding the October in which all other determinations are made.
- (2) There are authorized to be appropriated to the Trust Funds and the Federal Hospital Insurance Trust Fund—
 - (A) for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1966, an amount equal to the amount determined under paragraph (1) in September 1965, and
 - (B) for each fiscal year in the period beginning with July 1, 1966, and ending with the close of September 30, 2015, an amount equal to the annual installment for such fiscal year under the most recent determination under paragraph (1) which precedes such fiscal year.*
- (3) For the fiscal year ending September 30, 2016, there is authorized to be appropriated to the Trust Funds and the Federal Hospital Insurance Trust Fund such sums as the Secretary determines would place the Trust Funds and the Federal Hospital Insurance Trust Fund in the same position in which they would have been at the close of September 30, 2015, if section 210 of this Act as in effect prior to the Social Security Act Amendments of 1950, and this section, had not been enacted.²
- (4) There are authorized to be appropriated to the Trust Funds and the Federal Hospital Insurance Trust Fund annually, as benefits under this title and part A of title XVIII are paid after September 30, 2015, such sums as the Secretary determines to be necessary to meet the additional costs resulting from subsections (a), (b), and (e), of such benefits (including lump-sum death payments).²

Gratuitous Wage Credits for American Citizens Who Served in the Armed Forces of Allied Countries

(h) (1) For the purposes of this section, any individual who the Secretary finds—

Paragraph (1) was amended by section 16 of P.L. 94-273.
Paragraphs (2) (B), (3), and (4) were amended by section 2(28) of P.L. 94-273.

- (A) served during World War II (as defined in subsection (d)(1)) in the active military or naval service of a country which was on September 16, 1940, at war with a country with which the United States was at war during World War II;
- (B) entered into such active service on or before December 8, 1941;
- (C) was a citizen of the United States throughout such period of service or lost his United States citizenship solely because of his entrance into such service;
- (D) had resided in the United States for a period or periods aggregating four years during the five-year period ending on the day of, and was domiciled in the United States on the day of, such entrance into such active service; and
- (E) (i) was discharged or released from such service under conditions other than dishonorable after active service of ninety days or more or by reason of a disability or injury incurred or aggravated in service in line of duty, or
- (ii) died while in such service, shall be considered a World War II veteran (as defined in subsection (d)(2)) and such service shall be considered to have been performed in the active military or naval service of the United States.
- (2) In the case of any individual to whom paragraph (1) applies, proof of support required under section 202 (f) or (h) may be filed at any time prior to the expiration of two years after the date of such individual's death or the date of the enactment of this subsection, whichever is the later.

Voluntary Agreements for Coverage of State and Local Employees

Purpose of Agreement

Sec. 218. (a) (1) The Secretary of Health, Education, and Welfare shall, at the request of any State, enter into an agreement with such State for the purpose of extending the insurance system established by this title to services performed by individuals as employees of such State or any political subdivision thereof. Each such agreement shall contain such provisions, not inconsistent with the provisions of this section, as the State may request.

(2) Notwithstanding section 210(a), for the purposes of this title the term "employment" includes any service included under an agreement entered into under this section.

Definitions

(b) For the purposes of this section—

(1) The term "State" does not include the District of Columbia, Guam or American Samoa.

- (2) The term "political subdivision" includes an instrumentality of (A) a State, (B) one or more political subdivisions of a State, or (C) a State and one or more of its political subdivisions.
- (3) The term "employee" includes an officer of a State or political subdivision.
- (4) The term "retirement system" means a pension, annuity, retirement, or similar fund or system established by a State or by a political subdivision thereof.
- (5) The term "coverage group" means (A) employees of the State other than those engaged in performing service in connection with a proprietary function; (B) employees of a political subdivision of a State other than those engaged in performing service in connection with a proprietary function; (C) employees of a State engaged in performing service in connection with a single proprietary function; or (D) employees of a political subdivision of a State engaged in performing service in connection with a single proprietary function. If under the preceding sentence an employee would be included in more than one coverage group by reason of the fact that he performs service in connection with two or more proprietary functions or in connection with both a proprietary function and a nonproprietary function, he shall be included in only one such coverage group. The determination of the coverage group in which such employee shall be included shall be made in such manner as may be specified in the agreement. Persons employed under section 709 of title 32, United States Code, who elected under section 6 of the National Guard Technicians Act of 1968 to remain covered by an employee retirement system of, or plan sponsored by, a State or the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, shall, for the purposes of this Act, be employees of the State or the Commonweath of Puerto Rico and (notwithstanding the preceding provisions of this paragraph), shall be deemed to be a separate coverage group. For purposes of this section, individuals employed pursuant to an agreement. entered into pursuant to section 205 of the Agricultural Marketing Act of 1946 (7 U.S.C. 1624) or section 14 of the Perishable Agricultural Commodities Act, 1930 (7 U.S.C. 499n), between a State and the United States Department of Agriculture to perform services as inspectors of agricultural products may be deemed, at the option of the State, to be employees of the State and (notwithstanding the preceding provisions of this paragraph) shall be deemed to be a separate coverage group.

Services Covered

- (c) (1) An agreement under this section shall be applicable to any one or more coverage groups designated by the State.
- (2) In the case of each coverage group to which the agreement applies, the agreement must include all services (other than services

excluded by or pursuant to subsection (d) or paragraph (3), (5), or (6) of this subsection) performed by individuals as members of such group.

(3) Such agreement shall, if the State requests it, exclude (in the

case of any coverage group) any one or more of the following:

(A) All services in any class or classes of (i) elective positions, (ii) part-time positions, or (iii) positions the compensation for which is on a fee basis;

- (B) All services performed by individuals as members of a coverage group in positions covered by a retirement system on the date such agreement is made applicable to such coverage group, but only in the case of individuals who, on such date (or, if later, the date on which they first occupy such positions), are not eligible to become members of such system and whose services in such positions have not already been included under such agreement pursuant to subsection (d) (3).
- (4) The Secretary of Health, Education, and Welfare shall, at the request of any State, modify the agreement with such State so as to (A) include any coverage group to which the agreement did not previously apply, or (B) include, in the case of any coverage group to which the agreement applies, services previously excluded from the agreement; but the agreement as so modified may not be inconsistent with the provisions of this section applicable in the case of an original agreement with a State. A modification of an agreement pursuant to clause (B) of the preceding sentence may apply to individuals to whom paragraph (3)(B) is applicable (whether or not the previous exclusion of the service of such individuals was pursuant to such paragraph), but only if such individuals are, on the effective date specified in such modification, incligible to be members of any retirement system or if the modification with respect to such individuals is pursuant to subsection (d) (3).
- (5) Such agreement shall, if the State requests it, exclude (in the case of any coverage group) any agricultural labor, or service performed by a student, designated by the State. This paragraph shall apply only with respect to service which is excluded from employment by any provision of section 210(a) other than paragraph (7) of such section and service the remuneration for which is excluded from wages by paragraph (2) of section 209(h).

(6) Such agreement shall exclude—

- (A) service performed by an individual who is employed to relieve him from unemployment,
- (B) service performed in a hospital, home, or other institution by a patient or inmate thereof,

(C) covered transportation service (as determined under sec-

tion 210(k), and

- (D) service (other than agricultural labor or service performed by a student) which is excluded from employment by any provision of section 210(a) other than paragraph (7) of such section, and
- (E) service performed by an individual as an employee serving on a temporary basis in case of fire, storm, snow, earthquake, flood, or other similar emergency.
- (7) No agreement may be made applicable (either in the original agreement or by any modification thereof) to service performed by any individual to whom paragraph (3) (B) is applicable unless such agreement provides (in the case of each coverage group involved) either that the service of any individual to whom such paragraph is applicable and who is a member of such coverage group shall continue to be covered by such agreement in case he thereafter becomes eligible to be a member of a retirement system, or that such service shall cease to be so covered when he becomes eligible to be a member of such a system (but only if the agreement is not already applicable to such system pursuant to subsection (d)(3)), whichever may be desired by the State.
- (8) Notwithstanding any other provision of this section, the agreement with any State entered into under this section may at the option of the State be modified on or after January 1, 1968, to exclude service performed by election officials or election workers if the remuneration paid in a calendar year for such service is less than \$100. Any modification of an agreement pursuant to this paragraph shall be effective with respect to services performed after an effective date, specified in such modification, which shall not be earlier than the last day of the calendar quarter in which the modification is mailed or delivered by other means to the Secretary.

Positions Covered by Retirement Systems

(d) (1) No agreement with any State may be made applicable (either in the original agreement or by any modification thereof) to any service performed by employees as members of any coverage group in positions covered by a retirement system either (A) on the date such agreement is made applicable to such coverage group, or (B) on the date of enactment of the succeeding paragraph of this subsection (except in the case of positions which are, by reason of action by such State or political subdivision thereof, as may be appropriate, taken prior to the date of enactment of such succeeding paragraph, no longer covered by a retirement system on the date referred to in

Paragraph (8) was amended by sec. 353(b)(1) of Public Law 95-216.

- clause (A), and except in the case of positions excluded by paragraph (5)(A). The preceding sentence shall not be applicable to any service performed by an employee as a member of any coverage group in a position (other than a position excluded by paragraph (5)(A)) covered by a retirement system on the date an agreement is made applicable to such coverage group, if on such date (or, if later, the date on which such individual first occupies such position), such individual is ineligible to be a member of such system.
- (2) It is hereby declared to be the policy of the Congress in enacting the succeeding paragraphs of this subsection that the protection afforded employees in positions covered by a retirement system on the date an agreement under this section is made applicable to service performed in such positions, or receiving periodic benefits under such retirement system at such time, will not be impaired as a result of making the agreement so applicable or as a result of legislative enactment in anticipation thereof.
- (3) Nothwithstanding paragraph (1), an agreement with a State may be made applicable (either in the original agreement or by any modification thereof) to service performed by employees in positions covered by a retirement system (including positions specified in paragraph (4) but not including positions excluded by or pursuant to paragraph (5)), if the governor of the State, or an official of the State designated by him for the purpose, certifies to the Secretary of Health, Education, and Welfare that the following conditions have been met:
 - (A) A referendum by secret written ballot was held on the question of whether service in positions covered by such retirement system should be excluded from or included under an agreement under this section;
 - (B) An opportunity to vote in such referendum was given (and was limited) to eligible employees;
 - (C) Not less than ninety days' notice of such referendum was given to all such employees;
 - (D) Such referendum was conducted under the supervision of the governor or an agency or individual designated by him; and
 - (E) A majority of the eligible employees voted in favor of including service in such positions under an agreement under this section.

An employee shall be deemed an "eligible employee" for purposes of any referendum with respect to any retirement system if, at the time such referendum was held, he was in a position covered by such retirement system and was a member of such system, and if he was in such a position at the time notice of such referendum was given as required

- by clause (C) of the preceding sentence; except that he shall not be deemed an "eligible employee" if, at the time the referendum was held, he was in a position to which the State agreement already applied, or if he was in a position excluded by or pursuant to paragraph (5). No referendum with respect to a retirement system shall be valid for purposes of this paragraph unless held within the two-year period which ends on the date of execution of the agreement or modification which extends the insurance system established by this title to such retirement system, nor shall any referendum with respect to a retirement system be valid for purposes of this paragraph if held less than one year after the last previous referendum held with respect to such retirement system.
- (4) For the purposes of subsection (c) of this section, the following employees shall be deemed to be a separate coverage group—
 - (A) all employees in positions which were covered by the same retirement system on the date the agreement was made applicable to such system (other than employees to whose services the agreement already applied on such date);
 - (B) all employees in positions which became covered by such system at any time after such date; and
 - (C) all employees in positions which were covered by such system at any time before such date and to whose services the insurance system established by this title has not been extended before such date because the positions were covered by such retirement system (including employees to whose services the agreement was not applicable on such date because such services were excluded pursuant to subsection (c) (3) (B)).
- (5) (A) Nothing in paragraph (3) of this subsection shall authorize the extension of the insurance system established by this title to service in any policeman's or fireman's position.
- (B) At the request of the State, any class or classes of positions covered by a retirement system which may be excluded from the agreement pursuant to paragraph (3) or (5) of subsection (c), and to which the agreement does not already apply, may be excluded from the agreement at the time it is made applicable to such retirement system; except that, notwithstanding the provisions of paragraph (3) (B) of such subsection, such exclusion may not include any services to which such paragraph (3) (B) is applicable. In the case of any such exclusion, each such class so excluded shall, for purposes of this subsection, constitute a separate retirement system in case of any modification of the agreement thereafter agreed to.
- (6) (A) If a retirement system covers positions of employees of the State and positions of employees of one or more political subdivi-

¹ However, see sec. 218(k)(8) and sec. 218(p) of this title.

sions of the State, or covers positions of employees of two or more political subdivisions of the State, then, for purposes of the preceding paragraphs of this subsection, there shall, if the State so desires, be deemed to be a separate retirement system with respect to any one or more of the political subdivisions concerned and, where the retirement system covers positions of employees of the State, a separate retirement system with respect to the State or with respect to the State and any one or more of the political subdivisions concerned. Where a retirement system covering positions of employees of a State and positions of employees of one or more political subdivisions of a State, or covering positions of employees of two or more political subdivisions of the State, is not divided into separate retirement systems pursuant to the preceding sentence or pursuant to subparagraph (C), then the State may, for purposes of subsection (f) only, deem the system to be a separate retirement system with respect to any one or more of the political subdivisions concerned and, where the retirement system covers positions of employees of the State, a separate retirement system with respect to the State or with respect to the State and any one or more of the political subdivisions concerned.

- (B) If a retirement system covers positions of employees of one or more institutions of higher learning, then, for purposes of such preceding paragraphs there shall, if the State so desires, be deemed to be a separate retirement system for the employees of each such institution of higher learning. For the purposes of this subparagraph, the term "institutions of higher learning" includes junior colleges and teachers colleges. If a retirement system covers positions of employees of a hospital which is an integral part of a political subdivision, then, for purposes of the preceding paragraphs there shall, if the State so desires, be deemed to be a separate retirement system for the employees of such hospital.
- (C) For the purposes of this subsection, any retirement system established by the State of Alaska, California, Connecticut, Florida, Georgia, Illinois, Massachusetts, Minnesota, Nevada, New Jersey, New Maxico, New York, North Dakota, Pennsylvania, Rhode Island, Tennessee, Texas, Vermont, Washington, Wisconsin, or Hawaii, or any political subdivision of any such State, which, on, before, or after the date of enactment of this subparagraph, is divided into two divisions or parts, one of which is composed of positions of members of such system who desire coverage under an agreement under this section and the other of which is composed of positions of members of such system who do not desire such coverage, shall, if the State so desires and if it is provided that there shall be included in such division or part composed of members desiring such coverage the positions of individuals who become members of such system after such coverage is extended, be

deemed to be a separate retirement system with respect to each such division or part. If, in the case of a separate retirement system which is deemed to exist by reason of subparagraph (A) and which has been divided into two divisions or parts pursuant to the first sentence of this subparagraph, individuals become members of such system by reason of action taken by a political subdivision after coverage under an agreement under this section has been extended to the division or part thereof composed of positions of individuals who desire such coverage, the positions of such individuals who become members of such retirement system by reason of the action so taken shall be included in the division or part of such system composed of positions of members who do not desire such coverage if (i) such individuals, on the day before becoming such members, were in the division or part of another separate retirement system (deemed to exist by reason of subparagraph (A)) composed of positions of members of such system who do not desire coverage under an agreement under this section, and (ii) all of the positions in the separate retirement system of which such individuals so become members and all of the positions in the separate retirement system referred to in clause (i) would have been covered by a single retirement system if the State had not taken action to provide for separate retirement systems under this paragraph.1

- (D) (i) the position of any individual which is covered by any retirement system to which subparagraph (C) is applicable shall, if such individual is ineligible to become a member of such system on August 1, 1956, or, if later, the day he first occupies such position, be deemed to be covered by the separate retirement system consisting of the positions of members of the division or part who do not desire coverage under the insurance system established under this title.
- (ii) Notwithstanding clause (i), the State may, pursuant to subsection (c) (4) (B) and subject to the conditions of continuation or termination of coverage provided for in subsection (c) (7), modify its agreement under this section to include services performed by all individuals described in clause (i) other than those individuals to whose services the agreement already applies. Such individuals shall be deemed (on and after the effective date of the modification) to be in positions covered by the separate retirement system consisting of the positions of members of the division or part who desire coverage under the insurance system established under this title.
- (E) An individual who is in a position covered by a retirement system to which subparagraph (C) is applicable and who is not a member of such system but is eligible to become a member thereof shall, for purposes of this subsection (other than paragraph (8)), be regarded as a member of such system; except that, in the case of any retirement system a division or part of which is covered under

² Subparagraph (C) was amended by sec. 820 of Public Law 95-216.

the agreement (either in the original agreement or by a modification thereof), which coverage is agreed to prior to 1960, the preceding provisions of this subparagraph shall apply only if the State so requests and any such individual referred to in such preceding provisions shall, if the State so requests, be treated, after division of the retirement system pursuant to such subparagraph (C), the same as individuals in positions referred to in subparagraph (F).

- (F) In the case of any retirement system divided pursuant to subparagraph (C), the position of any member of the division or part composed of positions of members who do not desire coverage may be transferred to the separate retirement system composed of positions of members who desire such coverage if it is so provided in a modification of such agreement which is mailed, or delivered by other means, to the Secretary prior to 1970 or, if later, the expiration of two years after the date on which such agreement, or the modification thereof making the agreement applicable to such separate retirement system, as the case may be, is agreed to, but only if, prior to such modification or such later modification, as the case may be, the individual occupying such position files with the State a written request for such transfer. Notwithstanding subsection (f) (1), any such modification or later modification, providing for the transfer of additional positions within a retirement system previously divided pursuant to subparagraph (C) to the separate retirement system composed of positions of members who desire coverage, shall be effective with respect to services performed after the same effective date as that which was specified in the case of such previous division.
- (G) For the purposes of this subsection, in the case of any retirement system of the State of Florida, Georgia, Minnesota, North Dakota, Pennsylvania, Washington, or Hawaii which covers positions of employees of such State who are compensated in whole or in part from grants made to such State under title III, there shall be deemed to be, if such State so desires, a separate retirement system with respect to any of the following:

(i) the positions of such employees;

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(ii) the positions of all employees of such State covered by such retirement system who are employed in the department of such State in which the employees referred to in clause (i) are employed; or

(iii) employees of such State covered by such retirement system who are employed in such department of such State in positions other than those referred to in clause (i).

(7) The certification by the governor (or an official of the State designated by him for the purpose) required under paragraph (3) shall be deemed to have been made, in the case of a division or part (created under subparagraph (C) of paragraph (6) or the corre-

sponding provision of prior law) consisting of the positions of members of a retirement system who desire coverage under the agreement under this section, if the governor (or the official so designated) certifies to the Secretary of Health, Education, and Welfare that—

- (A) an opportunity to vote by written ballot on the question of whether they wish to be covered under an agreement under this section was given to all individuals who were members of such system at the time the vote was held;
- (B) not less than ninety days' notice of such vote was given to all individuals who were members of such system on the date the notice was issued:
- (C) the vote was conducted under the supervision of the governor or an agency or individual designated by him; and
- (D) such system was divided into two parts or divisions in accordance with the provisions of subparagraphs (C) and (D) of paragraph (6) or the corresponding provision of prior law. For purposes of this paragraph, an individual in a position to which the State agreement already applied or in a position excluded by or pursuant to paragraph (5) shall not be considered a member of the retirement system.
- (8) (A) Notwithstanding paragraph (1), if under the provisions of this subsection an agreement is, after December 31, 1958, made applicable to service performed in positions covered by a retirement system, service performed by an individual in a position covered by such a system may not be excluded from the agreement because such position is also covered under another retirement system.
- (B) Subparagraph (A) shall not apply to service performed by an individual in a position covered under a retirement system if such individual, on the day the agreement is made applicable to service performed in positions covered by such retirement system, is not a member of such system and is a member of another system.
- (C) If an agreement is made applicable, prior to 1959, to service in positions covered by any retirement system, the preceding provisions of this paragraph shall be applicable in the case of such system if the agreement is modified to so provide.
- (D) Except in the case of agreements with the States named in subsection (p) and agreements with interstate instrumentalities, nothing in this paragraph shall authorize the application of an agreement to service in any policeman's or fireman's position.

Payments and Reports by States

(e) (1) Each agreement under this section shall provide—

(A) that the State will pay to the Secretary of the Treasury, within the thirty-day period immediately following the last day of each calendar month, amounts equivalent to the sum of the taxes which would be imposed by sections 3101 and 3111 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954 if the services for which wages

were paid in such month to employees covered by the agreement constituted employment as defined in section 3121 of such Code; and ¹

(B) that the State will comply with such regulations relating to payments and reports as the Secretary of Health, Education, and Welfare may prescribe to carry out the purposes of this section.²

(2) Where-

- (A) an individual in any calendar year performs services to which an agreement under this section is applicable (i) as the employee of two or more political subdivisions of a State or (ii) as the employee of a State and one or more political subdivisions of such State; and
- (B) such State provides all of the funds for the payment of those amounts referred to in paragraph (1)(A) which are equivalent to the taxes imposed by section 3111 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954 with respect to wages paid to such individual for such services; and
- (C) the political subdivision or subdivisions involved do not reimburse such State for the payment of such amounts or, in the case of services described in subparagraph (A)(ii), for the payment of so much of such amounts as is attributable to employment by such subdivision or subdivisions;

then, notwithstanding paragraph (1), the agreement under this section with such State may provide (either in the original agreement or by a modification thereof) that the amounts referred to in paragraph (1)(A) may be computed as though the wages paid to such individual for the services referred to in clause (A) of this paragraph were paid by one political subdivision for services performed in its employ; but the provisions of this paragraph shall be applicable only where such State complies with such regulations as the Secretary may prescribe to carry out the purposes of this paragraph. The preceding sentence shall be applicable with respect to wages paid after an effective date specified in such agreement or modification, but in no event with respect to wages paid before (i) January 1, 1957, in the case of an agreement or modification which is mailed or delivered by other means to the Secretary before January 1, 1962, or (ii) the first day of the year in which the agreement or modification is mailed or delivered by other means to the Secretary, in the case of an agreement or modification which is so mailed or delivered on or after January 1, 1962.

Effective Date of Agreement

(f) (1) Except as provided in subsection (e) (2), any agreement or modification of an agreement under this section shall be effective with

¹ Subpar. (A) was amended by sec. 503 of P.L. 96-265.

^{*} See sec, 7 of P.L. 94-202 (p. 756 of this document).

respect to services performed after an effective date specified in such agreement or modification; except that such date may not be earlier than the last day of the sixth calendar year preceding the year in which such agreement or modification, as the case may be, is agreed to by the Secretary and the State.

- (2) In the case of service performed by members of any coverage group—
 - (A) to which an agreement under this section is made applicable, and
 - (B) with respect to which the agreement, or modification thereof making the agreement so applicable, specifies an effective date earlier than the date of execution of such agreement and such modification, respectively,

the agreement shall, if so requested by the State, be applicable to such services (to the extent the agreement was not already applicable) performed before such date of execution and after such effective date by any individual as a member of such coverage group if he is such a member on a date, specified by the State, which is earlier than such date of execution, except that in no case may the date so specified be earlier than the date such agreement or such modification, as the case may be, is mailed, or delivered by other means, to the Secretary.

(3) Notwithstanding the provisions of paragraph (2) of this subsection, in the case of services performed by individuals as members of any coverage group to which an agreement under this section is made applicable, and with respect to which there were timely paid in good faith to the Secretary of the Treasury amounts equivalent to the sum of the taxes which would have been imposed by sections 3101 and 3111 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954 had such services constituted employment for purposes of chapter 21 of such Code at the time they were performed, and with respect to which refunds were not obtained, such individuals may, if so requested by the State, be deemed to be members of such coverage group on the date designated pursuant to paragraph (2).1

Termination of Agreement

- (g) (1) Upon giving at least two years' advance notice in writing to the Secretary of Health, Education, and Welfare, a State may terminate, effective at the end of a calendar year specified in the notice, its agreement with the Secretary either—
 - (A) in its entirety but only if the agreement has been in effect from its effective date for not less than five years prior to the receipt of such notice; or
 - (B) with respect to any coverage group designated by the State, but only if the agreement has been in effect with respect to

¹ See also sec. 318(b) of Public Law 95-216.

such coverage group for not less than five years prior to the receipt of such notice.1

- (2) If the Secretary, after reasonable notice and opportunity for hearing to a State with whom he has entered into an agreement pursuant to this section, finds that the State has failed or is no longer legally able to comply substantially with any provision of such agreement or of this section, he shall notify such State that the agreement will be terminated in its entirety, or with respect to any one or more coverage groups designated by him, at such time, not later than two years from the date of such notice, as he deems appropriate, unless prior to such time he finds that there no longer is any such failure or that the cause for such legal inability has been removed.
- (3) If any agreement entered into under this section is terminated in its entirety, the Secretary and the State may not again enter into an agreement pursuant to this section. If any such agreement is terminated with respect to any coverage group, the Secretary and the State may not thereafter modify such agreement so as to again make the agreement applicable with respect to such coverage group.

Deposits in Trust Funds; Adjustments

- (h) (1) All amounts received by the Secretary of the Treasury under an agreement made pursuant to this section shall be deposited in the Trust Funds and the Federal Hospital Insurance Trust Fund in the ratio in which amounts are appropriated to such Funds pursuant to subsection (a) (3) of section 201, subsection (b) (1) of such section, and subsection (a) (1) of section 1817, respectively.
- (2) If more or less than the correct amount due under an agreement made pursuant to this section is paid with respect to any payment of remuneration, proper adjustments with respect to the amounts due under such agreement shall be made, without interest, in such manner and at such times as may be prescribed by regulations of the Secretary of Health, Education, and Welfare.
- (8) If an overpayment cannot be adjusted under paragraph (2), the amount thereof and the time or times it is to be paid shall be certified by the Secretary of Health, Education, and Welfare to the Managing Trustee, and the Managing Trustee, through the Fiscal Service of the Treasury Department and prior to any action thereon by the General Accounting Office, shall make payment in accordance with such certification. The Managing Trustee shall not be held personally liable for any payment or payments made in accordance with a certification by the Secretary of Health, Education, and Welfare.

Regulations

(i) Regulations of the Secretary of Health, Education, and Welfare to carry out the purposes of this section shall be designed to make the

¹ Paragraph (1) was amended by sec. 353(b) of Public Law 95-216.

requirements imposed on States pursuant to this section the same, so far as practicable, as those imposed on employers pursuant to this title and chapter 21 and subtitle F of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954.

Failure to Make Payments

(j) In case any State does not make, at the time or times due, the payments provided for under an agreement pursuant to this section there shall be added, as part of the amounts due, interest at the rate of 6 per centum per annum from the date due until paid, and the Secretary of Health, Education, and Welfare may, in his discretion, deduct such amounts plus interest from any amounts certified by him to the Secretary of the Treasury for payment to such State under any other provision of this Act. Amounts so deducted shall be deemed to have been paid to the State under such other provision of this Act. Amounts equal to the amounts deducted under this subsection are hereby appropriated to the Trust Funds in the ratio in which amounts are deposited in such Funds pursuant to subsection (h) (1).

Instrumentalities of Two or More States

- (k) (1) The Secretary of Health, Education, and Welfare may, at the request of any instrumentality of two or more States, enter into an agreement with such instrumentality for the purpose of extending the insurance system established by this title to services performed by individuals as employees of such instrumentality. Such agreement, to the extent practicable, shall be governed by the provisions of this section applicable in the case of an agreement with a State.
 - (2) In the case of any instrumentality of two or more States, if—
 - (A) employees of such instrumentality are in positions covered by a retirement system of such instrumentality or of any of such States or any of the political subdivisions thereof, and
 - (B) such retirement system is (on, before, or after the date of enactment of this paragraph) divided into two divisions or parts, one of which is composed of positions of members of such system who are employees of such instrumentality and who desire coverage under an agreement under this section and the other of which is composed of positions of members of such system who are employees of such instrumentality and who do not desire such coverage, and
 - (C) it is provided that there shall be included in such division or part composed of the positions of members desiring such coverage the positions of employees of such instrumentality who become members of such system after such coverage is extended,

then such retirement system shall, if such instrumentality so desires, be deemed to be a separate retirement system with respect to each such

¹Sections 7 and 8(k) of Public Law 94-202 place certain limits on the discretion of the Secretary of Health, Education, and Welfare to issue regulations under this subsection. These provisions appear in this document on pages 756-757.

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division or part. An individual who is in a position covered by a retirement system divided pursuant to the preceding sentence and who is not a member of such system but is eligible to become a member thereof shall, for purposes of this subsection, be regarded as a member of such system. Coverage under the agreement of any such individual shall be provided under the same conditions, to the extent practicable, as are applicable in the case of the States to which the provisions of subsection (d) (6) (C) apply. The position of any employee of any such instrumentality which is covered by any retirement system to which the first sentence of this paragraph is applicable shall, if such individual is ineligible to become a member of such system on the date of enactment of this paragraph or, if later, the day he first occupies such position, be deemed to be covered by the separate retirement system consisting of the positions of members of the division or part who do not desire coverage under the insurance system established under this title. Services in positions covered by a separate retirement system created pursuant to this subsection (and consisting of the positions of members who desire coverage under an agreement under this section) shall be covered under such agreement on compliance, to the extent practicable, with the same conditions as are applicable to coverage under an agreement under this section of services in positions covered by a separate retirement system created pursuant to subparagraph (C) of subsection (d)(6) or the corresponding provision of prior law (and consisting of the positions of members who desire coverage under such agreement).

(3) Any agreement with any instrumentality of two or more States entered into pursuant to this Act may, notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (d)(5)(A) and the references thereto in subsections (d)(1) and (d)(3), apply to service performed by employees of such instrumentality in any policeman's or fireman's position covered by a retirement system, but only upon compliance, to the extent practicable, with the requirements of subsection (d)(3). For the purpose of the preceding sentence, a retirement system which covers positions of policemen or firemen or both, and other positions shall, if the instrumentality concerned so desires, be deemed to be a separate retirement system with respect to the positions of such policemen or firemen, or both, as the case may be.

Delegation of Functions

(1) The Secretary of Health, Education, and Welfare is authorized pursuant to agreement with the head of any Federal agency, to delegate any of his functions under this section to any officer or employee of such agency and otherwise to utilize the services and facilities of such agency in carrying out such functions, and payment therefor

shall be in advance or by way of reimbursement, as may be provided in such agreement.

Wisconsin Retirement Fund

- (m) (1) Notwithstanding paragraph (1) of subsection (d), the agreement with the State of Wisconsin may, subject to the provisions of this subsection, be modified so as to apply to service performed by employees in positions covered by the Wisconsin retirement fund or any successor system.¹
- (2) All employees in positions covered by the Wisconsin retirement fund at any time on or after January 1, 1951, shall, for the purposes of subsection (c) only, be deemed to be a separate coverage group; except that there shall be excluded from such separate coverage group all employees in positions to which the agreement applies without regard to this subsection.
- (3) The modification pursuant to this subsection shall exclude (in the case of employees in the coverage group established by paragraph (2) of this subsection) service performed by any individual during any period before he is included under the Wisconsin retirement fund.
- (4) The modification pursuant to this subsection shall, if the State of Wisconsin requests it, exclude (in the case of employees in the coverage group established by paragraph (2) of this subsection) all service performed in policemen's positions, all service performed in firemen's positions, or both.

Certain Positions No Longer Covered by Retirement Systems

(n) Notwithstanding subsection (d), an agreement with any State entered into under this section prior to the date of the enactment of this subsection may, prior to January 1, 1958, be modified pursuant to subsection (c) (4) so as to apply to services performed by employees, as members of any coverage group to which such agreement already applies (and to which such agreement applied on such date of enactment), in positions (1) to which such agreement does not already apply, (2) which were covered by a retirement system on the date such agreement was made applicable to such coverage group, and (3) which, by reason of action by such State or political subdivision thereof, as may be appropriate, taken prior to the date of the enactment of this subsection, are no longer covered by a retirement system on the date such agreement is made applicable to such services.

Certain Employees of the State of Utah

(o) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (d), the agreement with the State of Utah entered into pursuant to this section may be modified pursuant to subsection (c) (4) so as to apply to services performed for any of the following, the employees performing serv-

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² Paragraph (1) was amended by sec. 321 of Public Law 95-216.

ices for each of which shall constitute a separate coverage group: Weber Junior College, Carbon Junior College, Dixie Junior College, Central Utah Vocational School, Salt Lake Area Vocational School, Center for the Adult Blind, Union High School (Roosevelt, Utah), Utah High School Activities Association, State Industrial School, State Training School, State Board of Education, and Utah School Employees Retirement Board. Any modification agreed to prior to January 1, 1955, may be made effective with respect to services performed by employees as members of any of such coverage groups after an effective date specified therein, except that in no case may any such date be earlier than December 31, 1950.

Policemen and Firemen in Certain States

- (p) (1) Any agreement with the State of Alabama, California. Florida, Georgia, Hawaii, Idaho, Kansas, Maine, Maryland, Mississippi, Montaua, New York, North Carolina, North Dakota, Oregon, Puerto Rico, South Carolina, South Dakota, Tennessee, Texas, Vermont, Virginia, or Washington entered into pursuant to this section prior to the date of enactment of this subsection may, notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (d)(5)(A) and the references thereto in subsections (d) (1) and (d) (8), be modified pursuant to subsection (c) (4) to apply to service performed by employees of such State or any political subdivision thereof in any policeman's or fireman's position covered by a retirement system in effect on or after the date of the enactment of this subsection, but only upon compliance with the requirements of subsection (d) (3). For the purposes of the preceding sentence, a retirement system which covers positions of policemen or firemen, or both, and other positions shall, if the State concerned so desires, be deemed to be a separate retirement system with respect to the positions of such policemen or firemen, or both, as the case may be.1
- (2) A State, not otherwise listed by name in paragraph (1), shall be deemed to be a State listed in such paragraph for the purpose of extending coverage under this title to service in firemen's positions covered by a retirement system, if the Governor of the State, or an official of the State designated by him for the purpose, certifies to the Secretary of Health, Education, and Welfare that the overall benefit protection of the employees in such positions would be improved by reason of the extension of such coverage to such employees. Notwithstanding the provisions of the second sentence of such paragraph (1), such firemen's positions shall be deemed a separate retirement system and no other positions shall be included in such system.

Paragraph (1) was amended by sec. 319 of Public Law 95-216.

Public Law 90-248, sec. 120(a) (2), added paragraph (2) applicable in the case of any State with respect to modifications of such State agreement under section 218 of the Social Security Act made after Jauuary 2, 1968. Section 120(b) of the Social Security Amendments of 1967 provides: "Nothing in the amendments made by subsection (a) shall authorise the extension of the insurance system established by title II of the Social Security Act under the provisions of section 215(d) (6) (C) of such Act to service in any fireman's position."

Time Limitation on Assessments

- (q) (1) Where a State is liable for an amount due under an agreement pursuant to this section, such State shall remain so liable until the Secretary is satisfied that the amount due has been paid to the Secretary of the Treasury.
- (2) Notwithstanding paragraph (1), a State shall not be liable for an amount due under an agreement pursuant to this section, with respect to the wages paid to individuals, after the expiration of the latest of the following periods—
 - (A) three years, three months, and fifteen days after the year in which such wages were paid, or
 - (B) three years after the date on which such amount became due, or
- (C) three years, three months, and fifteen days after the year following the year in which this subsection is enacted, unless prior to the expiration of such period the Secretary makes an assessment of the amount due.
- (3) For purposes of this subsection and section 205(c), an assessment of an amount due is made when the Secretary mails or otherwise delivers to the State a notice stating the amount he has determined to be due under an agreement pursuant to this section and the basis for such determination.
- (4) An assessment of an amount due made by the Secretary after the expiration of the period specified in paragraph (2) shall nevertheless be deemed to have been made within such period if—
 - (A) before the expiration of such period (or, if it has previously been extended under this paragraph, of such period as so extended), the State and the Secretary agree in writing to an extension of such period (or extended period) and, subject to such conditions as may be agreed upon, the Secretary makes the assessment prior to the expiration of such extension; or
 - (B) within the 365 days immediately preceding the expiration of such period (or extended period) the State pays to the Secretary of the Treasury less than the correct amount due under an agreement pursuant to this section with respect to wages paid to individuals in a calendar year as members of a coverage group, and the Secretary of Health, Education, and Welfare makes the assessment, adjusted to take into account the amount paid by the State, no later than the 365th day after the day the State made payment to the Secretary of the Treasury; but the Secretary of Health, Education, and Welfare, shall make such assessment only with respect to the wages paid to such individuals in such calendar year as members of such coverage group; or 1

² Subparagraph (B) was amended by sec. 358(b)(3) of Public Law 95-216.

- (C) pursuant to subparagraph (A) or (B) of section 205(c) (5) he includes in his records an entry with respect to wages for an individual, but only if such assessment is limited to the amount due with respect to such wages and is made within the period such entry could be made in such records under such subparagraph.
- (5) If the Secretary allows a claim for a credit or refund of an overpayment by a State under an agreement pursuant to this section, with respect to wages paid or alleged to have been paid to an individual in a calendar year for services as a member of a coverage group, and if as a result of the facts on which such allowance is based there is an amount due from the State, with respect to wages paid to such individual in such calendar year for services performed as a member of a coverage group, for which amount the State is not liable by reason of paragraph (2) then notwithstanding paragraph (2) the State shall be liable for such amount due if the Secretary makes an assessment of such amount due at the time of or prior to notification to the State of the allowance of such claim. For purposes of this paragraph and paragraph (6), interest as provided for in subsection (j) shall not be included in determining the amount due.
- (6) The Secretary shall accept wage reports filed by a State under an agreement pursuant to this section or regulations of the Secretary thereunder, after the expiration of the period specified in paragraph (2) or such period as extended pursuant to paragraph (4), with respect to wages which are paid to individuals performing services as employees in a coverage group included in the agreement and for payment in connection with which the State is not liable by reasons of paragraph (2), only if the State—
 - (A) pays to the Secretary of the Treasury the amount due under such agreement with respect to such wages, and
 - (B) agrees in writing with the Secretary of Health, Education, and Welfare to an extension of the period specified in paragraph (2) with respect to wages paid to all individuals performing services as employees in such coverage group in the period or periods designated by the State in such wage reports as the period or periods in which such wages were paid. If the State so agrees, the period specified in paragraph (2), or such period as extended pursuant to paragraph (4), shall be extended until such time as the Secretary notifies the State that such wage reports have been accepted.¹
- (7) Notwithstanding the preceding provisions of this subsection, where there is an amount due by a State under an agreement pursuant to this section and there has been a fraudulent attempt on the part of an officer or employee of the State or any political subdivision thereof to defeat or evade payment of such amount due, the State shall

¹ Subparagraph (B) was amended by sec. 358(b)(4) of Public Law 95-216.

be liable for such amount due without regard to the provisions of paragraph (2), and the Secretary may make an assessment of such amount due at any time.

Time Limitations on Credits and Refunds

- (r) (1) No credit or refund of an overpayment by a State under an agreement pursuant to this section with respect to wages paid or alleged to have been paid to an individual as a member of a coverage group in a calender year shall be allowed after the expiration of the latest of the following periods—
 - (A) three years, three months, and fifteen days after the year in which such wages were paid or alleged to have been paid, or
 - (B) three years after the date the payment which included such overpayment became due under such agreement with respect to the wages paid or alleged to have been paid to such individual as a member of such coverage group in such calendar year, or
 - (C) two years after such overpayment was made to the Secretary of the Treasury, or
 - (D) three years, three months, and fifteen days after the year following the year in which this subsection is enacted,

unless prior to the expiration of such period a claim for such credit or refund is filed with the Secretary of Health, Education, and Welfare by the State.¹

- (2) A claim for a credit or refund filed by a State after the expiration of the period specified by paragraph (1) shall nevertheless be deemed to have been filed within such period if—
 - (A) before the expiration of such period (or, if it has previously been extended under this subparagraph, of such period as so extended) the State and the Secretary agreed in writing to an extension of such period (or extended period) and the claim is filed with the Secretary by the State prior to the expiration of such extension; but any claim for a credit or refund valid because of this subparagraph shall be allowed only to the extent authorized by the conditions provided for in the agreement for such extension, or
 - (B) the Secretary deletes from his records an entry with respect to wages of an individual pursuant to the provisions of subparagraph (A), (B), or (E) of section 205(c) (5), but only with respect to the entry so deleted.

Review by Secretary

(s) Where the Secretary has made an assessment of an amount due by a State under an agreement pursuant to this section, disallowed a State's claim for a credit or refund of an overpayment under such

² Paragraph (1) was amended by sec. 358(b) (5) of Public Law 95-216.

agreement, or allowed a State a credit or refund of an overpayment under such agreement, he shall review such assessment, disallowance, or allowance if a written request for such review is filed with him by the State within 90 days (or within such further time as he may allow) after notification to the State of such assessment, disallowance, or allowance. On the basis of the evidence obtained by or submitted to the Secretary, he shall render a decision affirming, modifying, or reversing such assessment, disallowance, or allowance. In notifying the State of his decision, the Secretary shall state the basis therefor.

Review By Court

- (t) (1) Notwithstanding any other provision of this title any State, irrespective of the amount in controversy, may file, within two years after the mailing to such State of the notice of any decision by the Secretary pursuant to subsection (s) affecting such State, or within such further time as the Secretary may allow, a civil action for a redetermination of the correctness of the assessment of the amount due, the disallowance of the claim for a refund or credit, or the allowance of the refund or credit, as the case may be, with respect to which the Secretary has rendered such decision. Such action shall be brought in the district court of the United States for the judicial district in which is located the capital of such State, or, if such action is brought by an instrumentality of two or more States, the principal office of such instrumentality. The judgment of the court shall be final, except that it shall be subject to review in the same manner as judgments of such court in other civil actions. Any action filed under this subsection shall survive notwithstanding any change in the person occupying the office of Secretary or any vacancy in such office.
- (2) Notwithstanding the provisions of section 2411 of title 28, United States Code, no interest shall accrue to a State after final judgment with respect to a credit or refund of an overpayment made under an agreement pursuant to this section.
- (3) The first sentence of section 2414 of title 28, United States Code, shall not apply to final judgments rendered by district courts of the United States in civil actions filed under this subsection. In such cases, the payment of amounts due to States pursuant to such final judgments shall be adjusted in accordance with the provisions of this section and with regulations promulgated by the Secretary.

Positions Compensated Solely on a Fee Basis

(u) (1) Notwithstanding any other provision in this section, an agreement entered into under this section may be made applicable to service performed after 1967 in any class or classes of positions compensated solely on a fee basis to which such agreement did not apply

prior to 1968 only if the State specifically requests that its agreement be made applicable to such service in such class or classes of positions.

- (2) Notwithstanding any other provision in this section, an agreement entered into under this section may be modified, at the option of the State, at any time after 1967, so as to exclude services performed in any class or classes of positions compensation for which is solely on a fee basis.
- (3) Any modification made under this subsection shall be effective with respect to services performed after the last day of the calendar year in which the modification is agreed to by the Secretary and the State.
- (4) If any class or classes of positions have been excluded from coverage under the State agreement by a modification agreed to under this subsection, the Secretary and the State may not thereafter modify such agreement so as to again make the agreement applicable with respect to such class or classes of positions.

Sec. 219. [Repealed.]

Disability Provisions Inapplicable if Benefit Rights Impaired

Sec. 220. None of the provisions of this title relating to periods of disability shall apply in any case in which their application would result in the denial of monthly benefits or a lump-sum death payment which would otherwise be payable under this title; nor shall they apply in the case of any monthly benefit or lump-sum death payment under this title if such benefit or payment would be greater without their application.

Disability Determinations

Sec. 221. (a) (1) In the case of any individual, the determination of whether or not he is under a disability (as defined in section 216(i) or 223(d)) and of the day such disability began, and the determination of the day on which such disability ceases, shall be made by a State agency, notwithstanding any other provision of law, in any State that notifies the Secretary in writing that it wishes to make such disability determinations commencing with such month as the Secretary and the State agree upon, but only if (A) the Secretary has not found, under subsection (b)(1), that the State agency has substantially failed to make disability determinations in accordance with the applicable provisions of this section or rules issued thereunder, and (B) the State has not notified the Secretary, under subsection (b) (2), that it does not wish to make such determinations. If the Secretary once makes the finding described in clause (A) of the preceding sentence, or the State gives the notice referred to in clause (B) of such sentence, the Secretary may thereafter determine whether (and, if so, beginning with which month and under what conditions) the State may again make disability determinations under this paragraph.

- (2) The disability determinations described in paragraph (1) made by a State agency shall be made in accordance with the pertinent provisions of this title and the standards and criteria contained in regulations or other written guidelines of the Secretary pertaining to matters such as disability determinations, the class or classes of individuals with respect to which a State may make disability determinations (if it does not wish to do so with respect to all individuals in the State), and the conditions under which it may choose not to make all such determinations. In addition, the Secretary shall promulgate regulations specifying, in such detail as he deems appropriate performance standards and administrative requirements and procedures to be followed in performing the disability determination function in order to assure effective and uniform administration of the disability insurance program throughout the United States. The regulations may, for example, specify matters such as—
 - (A) the administrative structure and the relationship between various units of the State agency responsible for disability determinations.
 - (B) the physical location of and relationship among agency staff units, and other individuals or organizations performing tasks for the State agency, and standards for the availability to applicants and beneficiaries of facilities for making disability determinations,
 - (C) State agency performance criteria, including the rate of accuracy of decisions, the time periods within which determinations must be made, the procedures for and the scope of review by the Secretary, and, as he finds appropriate, by the State, of its performance in individual cases and in classes of cases, and rules governing access of appropriate Federal officials to State offices and to State records relating to its administration of the disability determination function,
 - (D) fiscal control procedures that the State agency may be required to adopt, and
- (E) the submission of reports and other data, in such form and at such time as the Secretary may require, concerning the State agency's activities relating to the disability determination. Nothing in this section shall be construed to authorize the Secretary to take any action except pursuant to law or to regulations promulgated pursuant to law.
- (b) (1) If the Secretary finds, after notice and opportunity for a hearing, that a State agency is substantially failing to make disability determinations in a manner consistent with his regulations and other written guidelines, the Secretary shall, not earlier than 180 days following his finding, and after he has complied with the re-

¹ Subsec. (a) was amended by sec. 804 of P.L. 96-265 effective June 1981. See excerpt from P.L. 96-265.

quirements of paragraph (3), make the disability determinations referred to in subsection (a) (1).

- (2) If a State, having notified the Secretary of its intent to make disability determinations under subsection (a) (1), no longer wishes to make such determinations, it shall notify the Secretary in writing of that fact, and, if an agency of the State is making disability determinations at the time such notice is given, it shall continue to do so for not less than 180 days, or (if later) until the Secretary has complied with the requirements of paragraph (3). Thereafter, the Secretary shall make the disability determinations referred to in subsection (a) (1).
- (3) (A) The Secretary shall develop and initiate all appropriate procedures to implement a plan with respect to any partial or complete assumption by the Secretary of the disability determination function from a State agency, as provided in this section, under which employees of the affected State agency who are capable of performing duties in the disability determination process for the Secretary shall, notwithstanding any other provision of law, have a preference over any other individual in filling an appropriate employment position with the Secretary (subject to any system established by the Secretary for determining hiring priority among such employees of the State agency) unless any such employee is the administrator, the deputy administrator, or assistant administrator (or his equivalent) of the State agency, in which case the Secretary may accord such priority to such employee.
- (B) The Secretary shall not make such assumption of the disability determination function until such time as the Secretary of Labor determines that, with respect to employees of such State agency who will be displaced from their employment on account of such assumption by the Secretary and who will not be hired by the Secretary to perform duties in the disability determination process, the State has made fair and equitable arrangements to protect the interests of employees so displaced. Such protective arrangements shall include only those provisions which are provided under all applicable Federal. State and local statutes including, but not limited to, (i) the preservation of rights, privileges, and benefits (including continuation of pension rights and benefits) under existing collectivebargaining agreements; (ii) the continuation of collective-bargaining rights; (iii) the assignment of affected employees to other jobs or to retraining programs; (iv) the protection of individual employees against a worsening of their positions with respect to their employment; (v) the protection of health benefits and other fringe benefits; and (vi) the provision of severance pay, as may be necessary.1
- (c) (1) The Secretary may on his own motion or as required under paragraphs (2) and (3) review a determination, made by a State

¹ Subsec. (b) was amended by sec. 304 of P.L. 96-265 effective June 1981. See excerpt from P.L. 96-265.

agency under this section, that an individual is or is not under a disability (as defined in section 216(i) or 223(d) and, as a result of such review, may modify such agency's determination and determine that such individual either is or is not under a disability (as so defined) or that such individual's disability began on a day earlier or later than that determined by such agency, or that such disability ceased on a day earlier or later than that determined by such agency. A review by the Secretary on his own motion of a State agency determination under this paragraph may be made before or after any action is taken to implement such determination.

- (2) The Secretary (in accordance with paragraph (3)) shall review determinations, made by State agencies pursuant to this section, that individuals are under disabilities (as defined in section 216(i) or 223 (d)). Any review by the Secretary of a State agency determination under this paragraph shall be made before any action is taken to implement such determination.
- (3) In carrying out the provisions of paragraph (2) with respect to the review of determinations, made by State agencies pursuant to this section, that individuals are under disabilities (as defined in section 216(i) or 223(d)), the Secretary shall review—
 - (A) at least 15 percent of all such determinations made by State agencies in the fiscal year 1981,
 - (B) at least 35 percent of all such determinations made by State agencies in the fiscal year 1982, and
 - (C) at least 65 percent of all such determinations made by State agencies in any fiscal year after the fiscal year 1982.
- (d) Any individual dissatisfied with any determination under subsection (a), (b), (c), or (g) shall be entitled to a hearing thereon by the Secretary to the same extent as is provided in section 205(b) with respect to decisions of the Secretary, and to judicial review of the Secretary's final decision after such hearing as is provided in section 205(g).
- (e) Each State which is making disability determinations under subsection (a) (1) under this section shall be entitled to receive from the Trust Funds, in advance or by way of reimbursement, as determined by the Secretary, the cost to the State of making disability determinations under section (a) (1). The Secretary shall from time to time certify such amount as is necessary for this purpose to the Managing Trustee, reduced or increased, as the case may be, by any sum (for which adjustment hereunder has not previously been made) by which the amount certified for any prior period was greater or less than the amount which should have been paid to the State under this subsection for such period; and the Managing Trustee, prior to audit or settlement by the General Accounting Office, shall make payment from the

¹ Subsec. (c) was amended by sec. 304 of P.L. 96-265.

² Subsec. (d) was amended by sec. 804 of P.L. 96-265 effective June 1981, See excerpt from P.L. 96-265.

Trust Funds at the time or times fixed by the Secretary, in accordance with such certification. Appropriate adjustments between the Federal Old-Age and Survivors Insurance Trust Fund and the Federal Disability Insurance Trust Fund with respect to the payments made under this subsection shall be made in accordance with paragraph (1) of subsection (g) of section 201 (but taking into account any refunds under subsection (f) of this section) to insure that the Federal Disability Trust Fund is charged with all expenses incurred which are attributable to the administration of section 223 and the Federal Old-Age and Survivors Insurance Trust Fund is charged with all other expenses.

- (f) All money paid to a State under this section shall be used solely for the purposes for which it is paid; and any money so paid which is not used for such purposes shall be returned to the Treasury of the United States for deposit in the Trust Funds.
- (g) In the case of individuals in a State which does not undertake to perform disability determinations under subsection (a)(1), or which has been found by the Secretary to have substantially failed to make disability determinations in a manner consistent with his regulations and guidelines, in the case of individuals outside the United States, and in the case of any class or classes of individuals for whom no State undertakes to make disability determinations, the determinations referred to in subsection (a) shall be made by the Secretary in accordance with regulations prescribed by him.²
- (i) In any case where an individual is or has been determined to be under a disability, the case shall be reviewed by the applicable State agency or the Secretary (as may be appropriate), for purposes of continuing eligibility, at least once every 3 years; except that where a finding has been made that such disability is permanent, such reviews shall be made at such times as the Secretary determines to be appropriate. Reviews of cases under the preceding sentence shall be in addition to, and shall not be considered as a substitute for, any other reviews which are required or provided for under or in the administration of this title.

Rehabilitation Services

Referral for Rehabilitation Services

Sec. 222. (a) It is hereby declared to be the policy of the Congress that disabled individuals applying for a determination of disability, and disabled individuals who are entitled to child's insurance benefits, widow's insurance benefits, or widower's insurance benefits, shall be promptly referred to the State agency or agencies administering or

¹ Subsec. (e) was amended by sec. 304 of P.L. 96-265 effective June 1981. See excerpt from P.l. 96-265.

² Subsec. (g) was amended by sec. 304 of P.L. 96-265 effective June 1981.

There is no subsec. (h). Subsec. (l) was added by sec. 311 of P.L. 96-265 effective Jan. 1, 1982.

supervising the administration of the State plan approved under the Vocational Rehabilitation Act for necessary vocational rehabilitation services, to the end that the maximum number of such individuals may be rehabilitated into productive activity.

Deductions on Account of Refusal To Accept Rehabilitation Services

- (b) (1) Deductions, in such amounts and at such time or times as the Secretary shall determine, shall be made from any payment or payments under this title to which an individual is entitled, until the total of such deductions equals such individual's benefit or benefits under sections 202 and 228 for any month in which such individual, if a child who has attained the age of eighteen and is entitled to child's insurance benefits, a widow, widower or surviving divorced wife who has not attained age 60, or an individual entitled to disability insurance benefits, refuses without good cause to accept rehabilitation services available to him under a State plan approved under the Vocational Rehabilitation Act. Any individual who is a member or adherent of any recognized church or religious sect which teaches its members or adherents to rely solely, in the treatment and cure of any physical or mental impairment, upon prayer or spiritual means through the application and use of the tenets or teachings of such church or sect, and who, solely because of his adherence to the teachings or tenets of such church, or sect, refuses to accept rehabilitation services available to him under a State plan approved under the Vocational Rehabilitation Act, shall, for the purposes of the first sentence of this subsection, be deemed to have done so with good cause.
 - (2) Deductions shall be made from any child's insurance benefit to which a child who has attained the age of eighteen is entitled or from any mother's insurance benefit to which a person is entitled, until the total of such deductions equals such child's insurance benefit or benefits or such mother's insurance benefit or benefits under section 202 for any month in which such child or person entitled to mother's insurance benefits is married to an individual who is entitled to disability insurance benefits and in which such individual refuses to accept rehabilitation services and a deduction, on account of such refusal, is imposed under paragraph (1). If both this paragraph and raragraph (3) are applicable to a child's insurance benefit for any month, only an amount equal to such benefit shall be deducted.
 - (3) Deductions shall be made from any wife's, husband's, or child's insurance benefit, based on the wages and self-employment income of an individual entitled to disability insurance benefits to which a wife, divorced wife, husband, or child is entitled, until the total of such deductions equal such wife's, husband's, or child's insurance benefit or benefits under section 202 for any month in which the individual, on the basis of whose wages and self-employment income such benefit was

payable, refuses to accept rehabilitation services and deductions, on account of such refusal, are imposed under paragraph (1).

(4) The provisions of paragraph (1) shall not apply to any child entitled to benefits under section 202(d), if he has attained the age of 18 but has not attained the age of 22, for any month during which he is a full-time student (as defined and determined under section 202 (d)).

Period of Trial Work

- (c) (1) The term "period of trial work", with respect to an individual entitled to benefits under section 223, 202(d), 202(e), or 202(f), means a period of months beginning and ending as provided in paragraphs (3) and (4).
- (2) For purposes of sections 216(i) and 223, any services rendered by an individual during a period of trial work shall be deemed not to have been rendered by such individual in determining whether his disability has ceased in a month during such period. For purposes of this subsection the term "services" means activity which is performed for remuneration or gain or is determined by the Secretary to be of a type normally performed for remuneration or gain.
- (8) A period of trial work for any individual shall begin with the month in which he becomes entitled to disability insurance benefits, or, in the case of an individual entitled to benefits under section 202(d) who has attained the age of eighteen, with the month in which he becomes entitled to such benefits or the month in which he attains the age of eighteen, whichever is later, or, in the case of an individual entitled to widow's or widower's insurance benefits under section 202 (e) or (f) who became entitled to such benefits prior to attaining age 60, with the month in which such individual becomes so entitled. Notwithstanding the preceding sentence, no period of trial work may begin for any individual prior to the beginning of the month following the month in which this paragraph is enacted; and no such period may begin for an individual in a period of disability of such individual in which he had a previous period of trial work.²
- (4) A period of trial work for any individual shall end with the close of whichever of the following months is the earlier:
 - (A) the ninth month, beginning on or after the first day of such period, in which the individual renders services (whether or

¹ Par. (1) was amended by sec. 308 of P.L. 96-265 effective December 1980.

Par. (8) was amended by sec. 303 of P.L. 96-265 effective December 1980.

not such nine months are consecutive); or

- (B) the month in which his disability (as defined in section 223(d)) ceases (as determined after application of paragraph (2) of this subsection).
- (5) In the case of an individual who becomes entitled to benefits under section 223 for any month as provided in clause (ii) of subsection (a) (1) of such section, the preceding provisions of this subsection shall not apply with respect to services in any month beginning with the first month for which he is so entitled and ending with the first month thereafter for which he is not entitled to benefits under section 223.

Costs of Rehabilitation Services From Trust Funds 1

- (d) (1) For purposes of making vocational rehabilitation services more readily available to disabled individuals who are—
 - (A) entitled to disability insurance benefits under section 223,
 - (B) entitled to child's insurance benefits under section 202(d) after having attained age 18 (and are under a disability),
 - (C) entitled to widow's insurance benefits under section 202(e) prior to attaining age 60, or
 - (D) entitled to widower's insurance benefits under section 202
- (f) prior to attaining age 60, to the end that savings will accrue to the Trust Funds as a result of rehabilitating such individuals into substantial gainful activity, there are authorized to be transferred from the Federal Old-Age and Survivors Insurance Trust Fund and the Federal Disability Insurance Trust Fund each fiscal year such sums as may be necessary to enable the Secretary to reimburse the State for the reasonable and necessary costs of vocational rehabilitation services furnished such individuals (including services during their waiting periods), under a State plan for vocational rehabilitation services approved under title I of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973 (29 U.S.C. 701 et seq.), which result in their performance of substantial gainful activity which lasts for a continuous period of nine months. The determination that the vocational rehabilitation services contributed to the successful return of such individuals to substantial gainful activity and the determination of the amount of costs to be reimbursed under this subsection shall be made by the Commissioner of Social Security in accordance with criteria formulated by him.
- (2) In the case of any State which is unwilling to participate or does not have a plan which meets the requirements of paragraph (1), the Commissioner of Social Security may provide such services in such State by agreement or contract with other public or private agencies, organizations, institutions, or individuals. The provision

¹ Subsec. (d) was amended in its entirety by sec. 2209 of Public Law 97-35.

of such services shall be subject to the same conditions as otherwise apply under paragraph (1).

(3) Payments under this subsection shall be made in advance or by way of reimbursement, with necessary adjustments for overpay-

ments and underpayments.

(4) Money paid from the Trust Funds under this subsection for the reimbursement of the costs of providing services to individuals who are entitled to benefits under section 223 (including services during their waiting periods), or who are entitled to benefits under section 202(d) on the basis of the wages and self-employment income of such individuals, shall be charged to the Federal Disability Insurance Trust Fund, and all other money paid from the Trust Funds under this subsection shall be charged to the Federal Old-Age and Survivors Insurance Trust Fund. The Secretary shall determine according to such methods and procedures as he may deem appropriate—

(A) the total amount to be reimbursed for the cost of services

under this subsection, and

(B) subject to the provisions of the preceding sentence, the amount which should be charged to each of the Trust Funds.

(5) For purposes of this subsection the term "vocational rehabilitation services" shall have the meaning assigned to it in title I of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973 (29 U.S.C. 701 et seq.), except that such services may be limited in type, scope, or amount in accordance with regulations of the Secretary designed to achieve the purpose of this subsection.

Disability Insurance Benefit Payments

Disability Insurance Benefits

Sec. 223. (a) (1) Every individual who-

- (A) is insured for disability insurance benefits (as determined under subsection (c)(1)),
 - (B) has not attained the age of sixty-five,
 - (C) has filed application for disability insurance benefits, and
 - (D) is under a disability (as defined in subsection (d))

shall be entitled to a disability insurance benefit (i) for each month beginning with the first month after his waiting period (as defined in subsection (c)(2)) in which he becomes so entitled to such insurance benefits, or (ii) for each month beginning with the first month during all of which he is under a disability and in which he becomes so entitled to such insurance benefits, but only if he was entitled to disability insurance benefits which terminated, or had a period of disability (as defined in section 216(i)) which ceased, within the sixty-month period preceding the first month in which he is under such disability, and ending with the month preceding whichever of the following months is the earliest: the month in which he dies, the month in which he attains age 65, or, subject to subsection (e), the termination month. For purposes of the preceding sentence, the termination month for any individual shall be the third month following the month in which his disability ceases; except that, in the case of an individual who has a period of trial work which ends as determined by application of section 222(c) (4) (A), the termination month shall be the earlier of (I) the third month following the earliest month after the end of such period of trial work with respect to which such individual is determined to no longer be suffering from a disabling physical or mental impairment, or (II) the third month following the earliest month in which such individual engages or is determined able to engage in substantial gainful activity, but in no event earlier than the first month occurring after the 15 months following such period of trial work in which he engages or is determined able to engage in substantial gainful activity. No payment under this paragraph may be made to an individual who would not meet the definition of disability in subsection (d) except for paragraph (1) (B) thereof for any month in which he engages in substantial gainful activity, and no payment may be made for such month under subsection (b), (c), or (d) of section 202 to any person on the basis of the wages and self-employment income of such individual. In the case of a deceased individual,

the requirement of subparagraph (C) may be satisfied by an application for benefits filed with respect to such individual within 3 months after the month in which he died.

- (2) Except as provided in section 202(q) and section 215(b) (2) (A) (ii), such individual's disability insurance benefit for any month shall be equal to his primary insurance amount for such month determined under section 215 as though he had attained age 62, in—
 - (A) the first month of his waiting period, or

(B) in any case in which clause (ii) of paragraph (1) of this subsection is applicable, the first month for which he becomes entitled to such disability insurance benefits,

and as though he had become entitled to old-age insurance benefits in the month in which the application for disability insurance benefits was filed and he was entitled to an old-age insurance benefit for each month for which (pursuant to subsection (b)) he was entitled to a disability insurance benefit. For the purposes of the preceding sentence, in the case of an individual who attained age 62 in or before the first month referred to in subparagraph (A) or (B) of such sentence, as the case may be, the elapsed years referred to in section 215(b) (3) shall not include the year in which he attained age 62, or any year thereafter.

Filing of Application

(b) An application for disability insurance benefits filed before the first month in which the applicant satisfies the requirements for such benefits (as prescribed in subsection (a)(1)) shall be deemed a valid application (and shall be deemed to have been filed in such first month) only if the applicant satisfies the requirements for such benefits before the Secretary makes a final decision on the application and no request under section 205(b) for notice and opportunity for a hearing thereon is made, or if such a request is made, before a decision based upon the evidence adduced at the hearing is made (regardless of whether such decision becomes the final decision of the Secretary). An individual who would have been entitled to a disability insurance benefit for any month had he filed application therefor before the end of such month shall be entitled to such benefit for such month if such application is filed before the end of the 12th month immediately succeeding such month.³

Definitions of Insured Status and Waiting Period

(c) For purposes of this section—

(1) An individual shall be insured for disability insurance benefits in any month if—

¹ Par. (1) was amended by sec. 308 of P.L. 96-265 effective December 1980.

<sup>Par. (2) was amended by sec. 102 of P.L. 96–265.
Subsec. (b) was amended by sec. 306 of P.L. 96–265.</sup>

- (A) he would have been a fully insured individual (as defined in section 214) had he attained age 62 and filed application for benefits under section 202(a) on the first day of such month, and
- (B) (i) he had not less than 20 quarters of coverage during the 40-quarter period which ends with the quarter in which such month occurred, or
- (ii) if such month ends before the quarter in which he attains (or would attain) age 31, not less than one-half (and not less than 6) of the quarters during the period ending with the quarter in which such month occurred and beginning after he attained age 21 were quarters of coverage, or (if the number of quarters in such period is less than 12) not less than 6 of the quarters in the 12-quarter period ending with such quarter were quarters of coverage;

except that the provisions of subparagraph (B) of this paragraph shall not apply in the case of an individual who is blind (within the meaning of "blindness" as defined in section 216(i) (1)). For purposes of subparagraph (B) of this paragraph, when the number of quarters in any period is an odd number, such number shall be reduced by one, and a quarter shall not be counted as part of any period if any part of such quarter was included in a period of disability unless such quarter was a quarter of coverage.

(2) The term "waiting period" means, in the case of any application for disability insurance benefits, the earliest period of

five consecutive calendar months—

(A) throughout which the individual with respect to whom such application is filed has been under a disability, and

(B) (i) which begins not earlier than with the first day of the seventeenth month before the month in which such application is filed if such individual is insured for disability insurance benefits in such seventeenth month, or (ii) if he is not so insured in such month, which begins not earlier than the first day of the first month after such seventeenth month in which he is so insured.

Notwithstanding the preceding provisions of this paragraph, no waiting period may begin for any individual before January 1, 1957.

Definition of Disability

(d) (1) The term "disability" means—

(A) inability to engage in any substantial gainful activity by reason of any medically determinable physical or mental impairment which can be expected to result in death or which has lasted or can be expected to last for a continuous period of not less than

12 months; or

(B) in the case of an individual who has attained the age of 55 and is blind (within the meaning of "blindness" as defined in section 216(i)(1)), inability by reason of such blindness to engage in substantial gainful activity requiring skills or abilities comparable to those of any gainful activity in which he has previously engaged with some regularity and over a substantial period of time.

(2) For purposes of paragraph (1)(A)—

(A) an individual (except a widow, surviving divorced wife, or widower for purposes of section 202 (e) or (f) shall be determined to be under a disability only if his physical or mental impairment or impairments are of such severity that he is not only unable to do his previous work but cannot, considering his

age, education, and work experience, engage in any other kind of substantial gainful work which exists in the national economy, regardless of whether such work exists in the immediate area in which he lives, or whether a specific job vacancy exists for him, or whether he would be hired if he applied for work. For purposes of the preceding sentence (with respect to any individual), "work which exists in the national economy" means work which exists in significant numbers either in the region where such individual lives or in several regions of the country.

(B) A widow, surviving divorced wife, or widower shall not be determined to be under a disability (for purposes of section 202 (e) or (f)) unless his or her physical or mental impairment or impairments are of a level of severity which under regulations prescribed by the Secretary is deemed to be sufficient to preclude an individual from engaging in any gainful activity.

(3) For purposes of this subsection, a "physical or mental impairment" is an impairment that results from anatomical, physiological, or psychological abnormalities which are demonstrable by medically acceptable clinical and laboratory diagnostic techniques.

(4) The Secretary shall by regulations prescribe the criteria for determining when services performed or earnings derived from services demonstrate an individual's ability to engage in substantial gainful activity. No individual who is blind shall be regarded as having demonstrated an ability to engage in substantial gainful activity on the basis of earnings that do not exceed the exempt amount under section 203(f)(8) which is applicable to individuals described in subparagraph (D) thereof. Notwithstanding the provisions of paragraph (2), an individual whose services or earnings meet such criteria shall, except for purposes of section 222(c), be found not to be disabled. In determining whether an individual is able to engage in substantial gainful activity by reason of his earnings, where his disability is sufficiently severe to result in a functional limitation requiring assistance in order for him to work, there shall be excluded from such earnings an amount equal to the cost (to such individual) of any attendant care services, medical devices, equipment, prostheses, and similar items and services (not including routine drugs or routine medical services unless such drugs or services are necessary for the control of the disabling condition) which are necessary (as determined by the Secretary in regulations) for that purpose, whether or not such assistance is also needed to enable him to carry out his normal daily functions; except that the amounts to be excluded shall be subject to such reasonable limits as the Secretary may prescribe.1

¹ Par. (4) was amended by sec. 335 of P.L. 95-216 and (effective December 1980) by sec. 302 of P.L. 96-265.

(5) An individual shall not be considered to be under a disability unless he furnishes such medical and other evidence of the existence thereof as the Secretary may require. Any non-Federal hospital, clinic, laboratory, or other provider of medical services, or physician not in the employ of the Federal Government, which supplies medical evidence required and requested by the Secretary under this paragraph shall be entitled to payment from the Secretary for the reasonable cost of providing such evidence.¹

(6) (A) Notwithstanding any other provision of this title, any physical or mental impairment which arises in connection with the commission by an individual (after the date of the enactment of this paragraph) of an offense which constitutes a felony under applicable law and for which such individual is subsequently convicted, or which is aggravated in connection with such an offense (but only to the extent so aggravated), shall not be considered in determining whether an

individual is under a disability.

(B) Notwithstanding any other provision of this title, any physical or mental impairment which arises in connection with an individual's confinement in a jail, prison, or other penal institution or correctional facility pursuant to such individual's conviction of an offense (committed after the date of the enactment of this paragraph) constituting a felony under applicable law, or which is aggravated in connection with such a confinement (but only to the extent so aggravated), shall not be considered in determining whether such individual is under a disability for purposes of benefits payable for any month during which such individual is so confined.

Termination of Benefits

(e) No benefit shall be payable under subsection (d) (1) (B) (ii), (e) (1) (B) (ii), or (f) (1) (B) (ii) of section 202 or under subsection (a) (1) of this section to an individual for any month, after the third month, in which he engages in substantial gainful activity during the 15-month period following the end of his trial work period determined by application of section 222(c) (4) (A).

Suspension of Benefits for Inmates of Penal Institutions

(f) (1) Notwithstanding any other provision of this title, no monthly benefits shall be paid under this section, or under section 202(d) by reason of being under a disability, to any individual for any month during which such individual is confined in a jail, prison, or other penal institution or correctional facility, pursuant to his conviction of an offense which constituted a felony under applicable law, unless such

¹ Par. (5) was amended by sec. 309 of P.L. 96–265 effective December 1980.

² Par. (6) was added by sec. 5(a) of P.L. 96-478.

This heading is not in the law.

⁴ Subsec. (e) was added by sec. 303 of P.L. 96-265.

this subsection.1

individual is actively and satisfactorily participating in a rehabilitation program which has been specifically approved for such individual by a court of law and, as determined by the Secretary, is expected to result in such individual being able to engage in substantial gainful activity upon release and within a reasonable time.

- (2) Benefits which would be payable to any individual (other than a confined individual to whom benefits are not payable by reason of paragraph (1)) under this title on the basis of the wages and self-employment income of such a confined individual but for the provisions of paragraph (1), shall be payable as though such confined individual were receiving such benefits under this section.
- (3) Notwithstanding the provisions of section 552a of title 5, United States Code, or any other provision of Federal or State law, any agency of the United States Government or of any State (or political subdivision thereof) shall make available to the Secretary, upon written request, the name and social security account number of any individual who is confined in a jail, prison, or other penal institution or correctional facility under the jurisdiction of such agency, pursuant to his conviction of an offense which constituted a felony under applicable law, which the Secretary may require to carry out the provisions of

Reduction of Benefits Based on Disability'

Sec. 224. (a) If for any month prior to the month in which an individual attains the age of 65—

(1) such individual is entitled to benefits under section 223, and

- (2) such individual is entitled for such month to periodic benefits on account of such individual's total or partial disability (whether or not permanent) under—
 - (A) a workmen's compensation law or plan of the United States or a State, or
 - (B) any other law or plan of the United States, a State, a political subdivision (as that term is used in section 218(b)(2)), or an instrumentality of two or more States (as that term is used in section 218(k)),

other than benefits payable under title 38, United States Code, benefits payable under a program of assistance which is based on need, benefits based on service all, or substantially all, of which was included under an agreement entered into by a State and the Secretary under section 218, and benefits under a law or plan of the United States based on service all or part of which is employment as defined in section 210,

¹ Subsec. (f) (1) and (2) were added by sec. 5(c) of F.L. 96-478. Par. (3) was added by sec. 6 of P.L. 97-123.

³ This heading was amended by sec. 2208 of P.L. 97-35. The amendments made to this section by that Act apply to individuals who become entitled to benefits after August 1981 on the basis of disabilities occurring after February 1981.

the total of his benefits under section 223 for such month and of any benefits under section 202 for such month based on his wages and self-employment income shall be reduced (but not below zero) by the amount by which the sum of—

(3) such total of benefits under sections 223 and 202 for such

month, and

(4) such periodic benefits payable (and actually paid) for such month to such individual under such laws or plans, exceeds the higher of—

(5) 80 per centum of his "average current earnings", or

(6) the total of such individual's disability insurance benefits under section 223 for such month and of any monthly insurance benefits under section 202 for such month based on his wages and self-employment income, prior to reduction under this section. In no case shall the reduction in the total of such benefits under sections 223 and 202 for a month (in a continuous period of months) reduce such total below the sum of—

(7) the total of the benefits under sections 223 and 202, after reduction under this section, with respect to all persons entitled to benefits on the basis of such individual's wages and self-employment income for such month which were determined for such individual and such persons for the first month for which reduction under this section was made (or which would have been so determined if all of them had been so entitled in such first month), and

(8) any increase in such benefits with respect to such individual and such persons, before reduction under this section, which is made effective for months after the first month for which reduc-

tion under this section is made.

For purposes of clause (5), an individual's average current earnings means the largest of (A) the average monthly wage (determined under section 215(b) as in effect prior to January 1979) used for purposes of computing his benefits under section 223, (B) one-sixtieth of the total of his wages and self-employment income (computed without regard to the limitations specified in sections 209(a) and 211(b)(1)) for the five consecutive calendar years after 1950 for which such wages and self-employment income were highest, or (C) one-twelfth of the total of his wages and self-employment income (computed without regard to the limitations specified in sections 209(a) and 211(b)(1)) for the calendar year in which he had the highest such wages and income during the period consisting of the calendar year in which he became disabled (as defined in section 223(d)) and the five years preceding that year.

(b) If any periodic benefit for a total or partial disability under a law or plan described in subsection (a) (2) is payable on other than a

¹ Subsection (a) was amended by secs. 205(d) and 353(c)(1) of Public Law 95-216 and sec. 2208 of Public Law 97-85.

monthly basis (excluding a benefit payable as a lump sum except to the extent that it is a commutation of, or a substitute for, periodic payments), the reduction under this section shall be made at such time or times and in such amounts as the Secretary finds will approximate as nearly as practicable the reduction prescribed by subsection (a).

- (c) Reduction of benefits under this section shall be made after any reduction under subsection (a) of section 203, but before deductions under such section and under section 222(b).
- (d) The reduction of benefits required by this section shall not be made if the law or plan described in subsection (a) (2) under which a periodic benefit is payable provides for the reduction thereof when anyone is entitled to benefits under this title on the basis of the wages and self-employment income of an individual entitled to benefits under section 223, and such law or plan so provided on February 18, 1981.
- (e) If it appears to the Secretary that an individual may be eligible for periodic benefits under a law or plan which would give rise to reduction under this section, he may require, as a condition of certification for payment of any benefits under section 223 to any individual for any month and of any benefits under section 202 of such month based on such individual's wages and self-employment income, that such individual certify (i) whether he has filed or intends to file any claim for such periodic benefits, and (ii) if he has so filed, whether there has been a decision on such claim. The Secretary may, in the absence of evidence to the contrary, rely upon such a certification by such individual that he has not filed and does not intend to file such a claim, or that he has so filed and no final decision thereon has been made, in certifying benefits for payment pursuant to section 205(i).¹
- (f) (1) In the second calendar year after the year in which reduction under this section in the total of an individual's benefits under section 223 and any benefits under section 202 based on his wages and self-employment income was first required (in a continuous period of months), and in each third year thereafter, the Secretary shall redetermine the amount of such benefits which are still subject to reduction under this section; but such redetermination shall not result in any decrease in the total amount of benefits payable under this title on the basis of such individual's wages and self-employment income. Such redetermined benefit shall be determined as of, and shall become effective with, the January following the year in which such redetermination was made.
- (2) In making the redetermination required by paragraph (1), the individual's average current earnings (as defined in subsection (a)) shall be deemed to be the product of—

¹ This subsection was amended by sec. 2208 of P.L. 97-35.

- (A) his average current earnings as initially determined under subsection (a):
- (B) the ratio of (i) the average of the total wages (as defined in regulations of the Secretary and computed without regard to the limitations specified in section 209(a)) reported to the Secretary of the Treasury or his delegate for the calendar year before the year in which such redetermination is made to (ii) the average of the total wages (as so defined and computed) reported to the Secretary of the Treasury or his delegate for calendar year 1977 or, if later, the calendar year before the year in which the reduction was first computed (but not counting any reduction made in benefits for a previous period of disability); and
- (C) in any case in which the reduction was first computed before 1978, the ratio of (i) the average of the taxable wages reported to the Secretary for the first calendar quarter of 1977 to (ii) the average of the taxable wages reported to the Secretary for the first calendar quarter of the calendar year before the year in which the reduction was first computed (but not counting any reduction made in benefits for a previous period of disability). Any amount determined under this paragraph which is not a multiple of \$1 shall be reduced to the next lower multiple of \$1.
- (g) Whenever a reduction in the total of benefits for any month based on an individual's wages and self-employment income is made under this section, each benefit, except the disability insurance benefit, shall first be proportionately decreased, and any excess of such reduction over the sum of all such benefits other than the disability insurance benefit.
- (h) (1) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the head of any Federal agency shall provide such information within its possession as the Secretary may require for purposes of making a timely determination of the amount of the reduction, if any, required by this section in benefits payable under this title, or verifying other information necessary in carrying out the provisions of this section.
- (2) The Secretary is authorized to enter into agreements with States, political subdivisions, and other organizations that administer a law or plan subject to the provisions of this section, in order to obtain such information as he may require to carry out the provisions of this section.²

Suspension of Benefits Based on Disability

Sec. 225. (a) If the Secretary, on the basis of information obtained by or submitted to him, believes that an individual entitled to benefits under section 223, or that a child who has attained the age of eighteen

¹ Sec. 224(f) was amended by sec. 8(j) of P.L. 94-202 and by sec. 353(c)(2) of P.L. 95-216.

² Sec. 224(h) was added by sec. 2408 of P.L. 97-35.

and is entitled to benefits under section 202(d), or that a widow or surviving divorced wife who has not attained age 60 and is entitled to benefits under section 202(e), or that a widower who has not attained age 60 and is entitled to benefits under section 202(f), may have ceased to be under a disability, the Secretary may suspend the payment of benefits under such section 202(d), 202(e), 202(f), or 223, until it is determined (as provided in section 221) whether or not such individual's disability has ceased or until the Secretary believes that such disability has not ceased. In the case of any individual whose disability is subject to determination under an agreement with a State under section 221(b), the Secretary shall promptly notify the appropriate State of his action under this subsection and shall request a prompt determination of whether such individual's disability has ceased. For purposes of this subsection, the term "disability" has the meaning assigned to such term in section 223(d). Whenever the benefits of an individual entitled to a disability insurance benefit are suspended for any month, the benefits of any individual entitled thereto under subsection (b), (c), or (d) of section 202, on the basis of the wages and self-employment income of such individual, shall be suspended for such month. The first sentence of this subsection shall not apply to any child entitled to benefits under section 202(d), if he has attained the age of 18 but has not attained the age of 22, for any month during which he is a full-time student (as defined and determined under section 202(d)).1

- (b) Notwithstanding any other provision of this title, payment to an individual of benefits based on disability (as described in the first sentence of subsection (a)) shall not be terminated or suspended because the physical or mental impairment, on which the individual's entitlement to such benefits is based, has or may have ceased, if—
 - (1) such individual is participating in an approved vocational rehabilitation program under a State plan approved under title I of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, and
 - (2) the Commissioner of Social Security determines that the completion of such program, or its continuation for a specified period of time, will increase the likelihood that such individual may (following his participation in such program) be permanently removed from the disability benefit rolls.²

¹ This subsection was designated (a) and was amended by sec. 301 of P.L. 96-265.

² Subsec. (b) was added by sec. 301 of P.L. 96-265 effective December 1980.

Entitlement to Hospital Insurance Benefits

Sec. 226.

- (a) Every individual who-
 - (1) has attained age 65, and
 - (2) (A) is entitled to monthly insurance benefits under section 202, would be entitled to those benefits except that he has not filed an application therefor (or application has not been made for a benefit the entitlement to which for any individual is a condition of entitlement therefor), or would be entitled to such benefits but for the failure of another individual, who meets all the criteria of entitlement to monthly insurance benefits, to meet such criteria throughout a month and, in conformity with regulations of the Secretary, files an application for hospital insurance benefits under part A of title XVIII,
 - (B) is a qualified railroad retirement beneficiary, or
 - (C) (i) would meet the requirements of subparagraph (A) upon filing application for the monthly insurance benefits involved if medicare qualified Federal employment (as defined in section 210 (p)) were treated as employment (as defined in section 210(a)) for purposes of this title, and (ii) files an application, in conformity with regulations of the Secretary, for hospital insurance benefits under part A of title XVIII,

shall be entitled to hospital insurance benefits under part A of title XVIII for each month for which he meets the condition specified in paragraph (1), beginning with the first month after June 1966 for which he meets the conditions specified in paragraphs (1) and (2).

- (b) Every individual who-
 - (1) has not attained age 65, and
 - (2) (A) is entitled to, and has for 24 calendar months been entitled to, (i) disability insurance benefits under section 223 or (ii) child's insurance benefits under section 202(d) by reason of a disability (as defined in section 223(d)) or (iii) widow's insurance benefits under section 202(e) or widower's insurance benefits under section 202(f) by reason of a disability (as defined in section 223(d)), or
 - (B) is, and has been for not less than 24 months, a disabled qualified railroad retirement beneficiary, within the meaning of section 7(d) of the Railroad Retirement Act of 1974, or

¹ Subsec. (a) was amended by sec. 8(a) of P.L. 95-292, by sec. 2(a) of P.L. 96-473, sec. 2208 of P.L. 97-35 and by sec. 278(b) (2) (A) of P.L. 97-248. Sec. 2(c) of P.L. 96-478 provides: "(c) For purposes of section 226 of such Act as amended by subsection (a) of this section, an individual who filed an application for monthly insurance benefits under section 202 of such Act prior to the effective date of the amendment made by subsection (a) shall be deemed to have filed an application for hospital insurance benefits under part A of title XVIII of such Act, at the time he applied for such benefits under section 202 regardless of the continuing status or effect of the application for benefits under section 202, if he would have been entitled to benefits under that section had such application remained in effect."

- (C) (i) has filed an application, in conformity with regulations of the Secretary, for hospital insurance benefits under part A of title XVIII pursuant to this subparagraph, and
- (ii) would meet the requirements of subparagraph (A) (as determined under the disability criteria, including reviews, applied under this title), including the requirement that he has been entitled to the specified benefits for 24 months, if—
 - (I) medicare qualified Federal employment (as defined in section 210(p)) were treated as employment (as defined in section 210(a)) for purposes of this title, and
 - (II) the filing of the application under clause (i) of this subparagraph were deemed to be the filing of an application for the disability-related benefits referred to in clause (i), (ii), or (iii) of subparagraph (A),

shall be entitled to hospital insurance benefits under part A of title XVIII for each month beginning with the later of (I) July 1973 or (II) the twenty-fifth month of his entitlement or status as a qualified railroad retirement beneficiary described in paragraph (2), and ending (subject to the last sentence of this subsection) with the month following the month in which notice of termination of such entitlement to benefits or status as a qualified railroad retirement beneficiary described in paragraph (2) is mailed to him, or if earlier, with the month before the month in which he attains age 65. In applying the previous sentence in the case of an individual described in paragraph (2) (C), the "twenty-fifth month of his entitlement" refers to the first month after the twenty-fourth month of entitlement to specified benefits referred to in paragraph (2) (C) and "notice of termination of such entitlement" refers to a notice that the individual would no longer be determined to be entitled to such specified benefits under the conditions described in that paragraph. For purposes of this subsection, an individual who has had a period of trial work which ended as provided in section 222(c)(4)(A), and whose entitlement to benefits or status as a qualified railroad retirement beneficiary as described in paragraph (2) has subsequently terminated, shall be deemed to be entitled to such benefits or to occupy such status (notwithstanding the termination of such entitlement or status) for the period of consecutive months throughout all of which the physical or mental impairment, on which such entitlement or status was based, continues, and throughout all of which such individual would have been entitled to monthly insurance benefits under title II or as a qualified railroad retirement beneficiary had such individual been unable to engage in substantial gainful activity, but not in excess of 24 such months.1

¹ Sec. (b) was amended by sec. 8(a) of P.L. 95-292, secs. 103 and 104 of P.L. 96-265, and by sec. 278(b) (2) (B) of P.L. 97-248.

(c) For purposes of subsection (a)—

- (1) entitlement of an individual to hospital insurance benefits for a month shall consist of entitlement to have payment made under, and subject to the limitations in, part A of title XVIII on his behalf for inpatient hospital services, post-hospital extended care services, and home health services (as such terms are defined in part C of title XVIII) furnished him in the United States (or outside the United States in the case of inpatient hospital services furnished under the conditions described in section 1814(f)) during such month; except that (A) no such payment may be made for post-hospital extended care services furnished before January 1967, and (B) no such payment may be made for post-hospital extended care services unless the discharge from the hospital required to qualify such services for payment under part A of title XVIII occurred (i) after June 30, 1966, or on or after the first day of the month in which he attains age 65, whichever is later, or (ii) if he was entitled to hospital insurance benefits pursuant to subsection (b), at a time when he was so entitled; and 1
- (2) an individual shall be deemed entitled to monthly insurance benefits under section 202 or section 223, or to be a qualified railroad retirement beneficiary, for the month in which he died if he would have been entitled to such benefits, or would have been a qualified railroad retirement beneficiary, for such month had he died in the next month.
- (d) For purposes of this section, the term "qualified railroad retirement beneficiary" means an individual whose name has been certified to the Secretary by the Railroad Retirement Board under section 7(d) of the Railroad Retirement Act of 1974. An individual shall cease to be a qualified railroad retirement beneficiary at the close of the month preceding the month which is certified by the Railroad Retirement Board as the month in which he ceased to meet the requirements of section 7(d) of the Railroad Retirement Act of 1974.

¹ Par. (1) was amended, with respect to services furnished on or after July 1, 1981, by sec. 930(q) of P.L. 96-499.

(e) (1) For purposes of determining entitlement to hospital insurance benefits under subsection (b) in the case of widows and widowers described in paragraph (2) (A) (iii) thereof—

(A) the term "age 60" in sections 202(e) (1) (B) (ii), 202(e) (5), 202(f) (1) (B) (ii), and 202(f) (6) shall be deemed to read

"age 65"; and

- (B) the phrase "before she attained age 60" in the matter following subparagraph (F) of section 202(e) (1) and the phrase "before he attained age 60" in the matter following subparagraph (F) of section 202(f) (1) shall each be deemed to read "based on a disability".1
- (2) For purposes of determining entitlement to hospital insurance benefits under subsection (b) in the case of an individual under age 65 who is entitled to benefits under section 202, and who was entitled to widow's insurance benefits or widower's insurance benefits based on disability for the month before the first month in which such individual was so entitled to old-age insurance benefits (but ceased to be entitled to such widow's or widower's insurance benefits upon becoming entitled to such old-age insurance benefits), such individual shall be deemed to have continued to be entitled to such widow's insurance benefits or widower's insurance benefits for and after such first month.
- (3) For purposes of determining entitlement to hospital insurance benefits under subsection (b) any disabled widow age 50 or older who is entitled to mother's insurance benefits (and who would have been entitled to widow's insurance benefits by reason of disability if she had filed for such widow's benefits) shall, upon application, for such hospital insurance benefits be deemed to have filed for such widow's benefits and shall, upon furnishing proof of such disability prior to

¹ Subpar. (B) was amended by sec. 884(d) (4) (B) of P.L. 95-216.

July 1, 1974, under such procedures as the Secretary may prescribe, be deemed to have been entitled to such widow's benefits as of the time she would have been entitled to such widow's benefits if she had filed a timely application therefor.

(4) For purposes of determining entitlement to hospital insurance benefits under subsection (b) in the case of an individual described in clause (iii) of subsection (b)(2)(A), the entitlement of such individual to widow's or widower's insurance benefits under section 202 (e) or (f) by reason of a disability shall be deemed to be the entitlement to such benefits that would result if such entitlement were determined without regard to the provisions of section 202(i)(4).12

(f) For purposes of subsection (b) (and for purposes of section 1837(g)(1) of this Act and section 7(d)(2)(ii) of the Railroad Retirement Act of 1974), the 24 months for which an individual has to have been entitled to specified monthly benefits on the basis of disability in order to become entitled to hospital insurance benefits on such basis effective with any particular month (or to be deemed to have enrolled in the supplementary medical insurance program, on the basis of such entitlement, by reason of section 1837(f)), where such individual had been entitled to specified monthly benefits of the same type during a previous period which terminated—

(1) more than 60 months before the month in which his current disability began in any case where such monthly benefits were of the type specified in clause (A) (i) or (B) of subsection (b) (2), or

(2) more than 84 months before the month in which his current disability began in any case where such monthly benefits were of the type specified in clause (A) (ii) or (A) (iii) of such subsection,

shall not include any month which occurred during such previous period.

(g) The Secretary and Director of the Office of Personnel Management shall jointly prescribe and carry out procedures designed to assure that all individuals who perform medicare qualified Federal employment are fully informed with respect to (1) their eligibility or potential eligibility for hospital insurance benefits (based on such employment) under part A of title XVIII, (2) the requirements for and conditions of such eligibility, and (3) the necessity of timely application as a condition of entitlement under subsection (b) (2) (C),

¹ Par. (4) was added by sec. \$32(a) (3) of P.L. 95-216.

⁸ Subsecs. (e) and (f) were formerly (h) and (i). These subsections were redesignated by sec. 1(b) of P.L. 96-292, which repealed former subsecs. (e), (f), and (g). Subsec. (e) also was amended by sec. 3(b) of P.L. 95-292. Subsec. (f) was subsequently redesignated (g) by sec. 108 of P.L. 96-265 and further redesignated (h) by sec. 278(b)(4) of P.L. 97-248.

⁸ Subsec. (f) was added by sec. 108 of P.L. 96-265 effective December 1980.

giving particular attention to individuals who apply for an annuity under chapter 83 of title 5, United States Code, or under another similar Federal retirement program and whose eligibility for such an annuity is or would be based on a disability.¹

(h) For entitlement to hospital insurance benefits in the case of certain uninsured individuals, see section 103 of the Social Security Amendments of 1965.²

Special Provisions Relating to Coverage Under Medicare Program For End Stage Renal Disease:

Sec. 226A. (a) Notwithstanding any provision to the contrary in section 226 or title XVIII, every individual who—

- (1) (A) is fully or currently insured (as such terms are defined in section 214), or would be fully or currently insured if (i) his service as an employee (as defined in the Railroad Retirement Act of 1974) after December 31, 1936, were included within the meaning of the term "employment" for purposes of this title, and (ii) his medicare qualified Federal employment (as defined in section 210(p)) were included within the meaning of the term "employment" for purposes of this title;
- (B) (i) is entitled to monthly insurance benefits under this title, (ii) is entitled to an annuity under the Railroad Retirement Act of 1974, or (iii) would be entitled to a monthly insurance benefit under this title if medicare qualified Federal employment (as defined in 210(p)) after December 31, 1982, were included within the meaning of the term "employment" for purposes of this title; or
- (C) is the spouse or dependent child (as defined in regulations) of an individual described in subparagraph (A) or (B); ⁴
- (2) is medically determined to have end stage renal disease; and
- (3) has filed an application for benefits under this section; shall, in accordance with the succeeding provisions of this section, be entitled to benefits under part A and eligible to enroll under part B of title XVIII, subject to the deductible, premium, and coinsurance provisions of that title.
- (b) Subject to subsection (c), entitlement of an individual to benefits under part A and eligibility to enroll under part B of title XVIII by reasons of this section on the basis of end stage renal disease—

¹ Subsec. (g) was added by sec. 278(b) (4) of P.L. 97-248.

² Subsecs. (e) and (f) were formerly (h) and (i). These subsections were redesignated by sec. 1(b) of P.L. 95-292, which repealed former subsecs. (e), (f), and (g). Subsec. (e) also was amended by sec. 3(b) of P.L. 95-292. Subsec. (f) was subsequently redesignated (g) by sec. 103 of P.L. 96-265 and further redesignated (h) by sec. 278(b)(4) of P.L. 97-248.

Sec. 226A was added by sec. 1 of P.L. 95-292.
 Par. (1) was amended by sec. 278(b) (2) (C) of P.L. 97-248.

(1) shall begin with-

(A) the third month after the month in which a regular course of renal dialysis is initiated, or

(B) the month in which such individual receives a kidney transplant, or (if earlier) the first month in which such individual is admitted as an inpatient to an institution which is a hospital meeting the requirements of section 1861(e) (and such additional requirements as the Secretary may prescribe under section 1881(b) for such institutions) in preparation for or anticipation of kidney transplantation, but only if such transplantation occurs in that month or in either of the next two months.

whichever first occurs (but no earlier than one year preceding the month of the filing of an application for benefits under this section); and

(2) shall end, in the case of an individual who receives a kidney transplant, with the thirty-sixth month after the month in which such individual receives such transplant or, in the case of an individual who has not received a kidney transplant and no longer requires a regular course of dialysis, with the twelfth month after the month in which such course of dialysis is terminated.

- (c) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (b)—
 - (1) in the case of any individual who participates in a self-care dialysis training program prior to the third month after the month in which such individual initiates a regular course of renal dialysis in a renal dialysis facility or provider of services meeting the requirements of section 1881(b), entitlement to benefits under part A and eligibility to enroll under part B of title XVIII shall begin with the month in which such regular course of renal dialysis is initiated;
 - (2) in any case in which a kidney transplant fails (whether during or after the thirty-six-month period specified in subsection (b)(2)) and as a result the individual who received such transplant initiates or resumes a regular course of renal dialysis, entitlement to benefits under part A and eligibility to enroll under part B of title XVIII shall begin with the month in which such course is initiated or resumed; and
 - (3) in any case in which a regular course of renal dialysis is resumed subsequent to the termination of an earlier course, entitlement to benefits under part A and eligibility to enroll under part B of title XVIII shall begin with the month in which such regular course of renal dialysis is resumed.

Transitional Insured Status

Sec. 227. (a) In the case of any individual who attains the age of 72 before 1969 but who does not meet the requirements of section 214(a), the 6 quarters of coverage referred to in paragraph (1) of section 214(a) shall, instead, be 3 quarters of coverage for purposes of determining entitlement of such individual to benefits under section 202(a), and of his wife to benefits under section 202(b), but, in the case of such wife, only if she attains the age of 72 before 1969 and only with respect to wife's insurance benefits under section 202(b) for and after the month in which she attains such age. For each month before the month in which any such individual meets the requirements of section 214(a), the amount of his old-age insurance benefit shall, notwithstanding the provisions of section 202(a), be the larger of \$64.40 or the amount most recently established in lieu thereof under section 215(i)1 and the amount of the wife's insurance benefit of his wife shall, notwithstanding the provisions of section 202(b), be the larger of \$32.20 or the amount most recently established in lieu thereof under section 215(i).1

(b) In the case of any individual who has died, who does not meet the requirements of section 214(a), and whose widow attains age 72 before 1969, the 6 quarters of coverage referred to in paragraph (3) of section 214(a) and in paragraph (1) thereof shall, for purposes of

¹ See appendix B.

determining her entitlement to widow's insurance benefits under section 202(e), instead be—

(1) 3 quarters of coverage if such widow attains the age of 72 in or before 1966,

- (2) 4 quarters of coverage if such widow attains the age of 72 in 1967, or
- (3) 5 quarters of coverage if such widow attains the age of 72 in 1968.

The amount of her widow's insurance benefit for each month shall, notwithstanding the provisions of section 202(e) (and section 202(m)), be the larger of \$64.40 or the amount most recently established in lieu thereof under section 215(i).

(c) In the case of any individual who becomes, or upon filing application therefor would become, entitled to benefits under section 202(a) by rason of the application of subsection (a) of this section, who dies, and whose widow attains the age of 72 before 1969, such deceased individual shall be deemed to meet the requirements of subsection (b) of this section for purposes of determining entitlement of such widow to widow's insurance benefits under section 202(e).

Benefits at Age 72 for Certain Uninsured Individuals Eligibility

Sec. 228. (a) Every individual who-

(1) has attained the age of 72,

- (2) (A) attained such age before 1968, or (B) has not less than 8 quarters of coverage, whenever acquired, for each calendar year elapsing after 1966 and before the year in which he attained such age,
- (3) is a resident of the United States (as defined in subsection (e)), and is (A) a citizen of the United States or (B) an alien lawfully admitted for permanent residence who has resided in the United States (as defined in section 210(i)) continuously during the 5 years immediately preceding the month in which he files application under this section, and
- (4) has filed application for benefits under this section, shall (subject to the limitations in this section) be entitled to a benefit under this section for each month beginning with the first month after September 1966 in which he becomes so entitled to such benefits and ending with the month preceding the month in which he dies. No application under this section which is filed by an individual more than 3 months before the first month in which he meets the requirements of paragraphs (1), (2), and (3) shall be accepted as an application for purposes of this section.

Benefit Amount

(b) (1) Except as provided in paragraph (2), the benefit amount to which an individual is entitled under this section for any month shall

¹ See appendix E.

be the larger of \$64.40 or the amount most recently established in lieu thereof under section 215(i).¹

(2) If both husband and wife are entitled (or upon application would be entitled) to benefits under this section for any month, the amount of the husband's benefit for such month shall be the larger of \$64.40 or the amount most recently established in lieu thereof under section 215(i)¹ and the amount of the wife's benefit for such month shall be the larger of \$32.20 or the amount most recently established in lieu thereof under section 215(i).¹

Reduction for Governmental Pension System Benefits

- (c) (1) The benefit amount of any individual under this section for any month shall be reduced (but not below zero) by the amount of any periodic benefit under a governmental pension system for which he is eligible for such month.
- (2) In the case of a husband and wife only one of whom is entitled to benefits under this section for any month, the benefit amount, after any reduction under paragraph (1), shall be further reduced (but not below zero) by the excess (if any) of (A) the total amount of any periodic benefits under governmental pension systems for which the spouse who is not entitled to benefits under this section is eligible for such month, over (B) the larger of \$32.20 or the amount most recently established in lieu thereof under section 215(i).
- (3) In the case of a husband and wife both of whom are entitled to benefits under this section for any month—
 - (A) the benefit amount of the wife, after any reduction under paragraph (1), shall be further reduced (but not below zero) by the excess (if any) of (i) the total amount of any periodic benefits under governmental pension systems for which the husband is eligible for such month, over (ii) the larger of \$64.40 or the amount most recently established in lieu thereof under section 215(i)¹; and
 - (B) the benefit amount of the husband, after any reduction under paragraph (1), shall be further reduced (but not below zero) by the excess (if any) of (i) the total amount of any periodic benefits under governmental pension systems for which the wife is eligible for such month, over (ii) the larger of \$32.20 or the amount most recently established in lieu thereof under section 215(i).¹
- (4) For purposes of this subsection, in determining whether an individual is eligible for periodic benefits under a governmental pension system—

¹ See appendix E.

- (A) such individual shall be deemed to have filed application for such benefits,
- (B) to the extent that entitlement depends on an application by such individual's spouse, such spouse shall be deemed to have filed application, and
- (C) to the extent that entitlement depends on such individual or his spouse having retired, such individual and his spouse shall be deemed to have retired before the month for which the determination of eligibility is being made.
- (5) For purposes of this subsection, if any periodic benefit is payable on any basis other than a calendar month, the Secretary shall allocate the amount of such benefit to the appropriate calendar months.
- (6) If, under the foregoing provisions of this section, the amount payable for any month would be less than \$1, such amount shall be

reduced to zero. In the case of a husband and wife both of whom are entitled to benefits under this section for the month, the preceding sentence shall be applied with respect to the aggregate amount so payable for such month.

- (7) If any benefit amount computed under the foregoing provisions of this section is not a multiple of \$0.10, it shall be raised to the next higher multiple of \$0.10.
- (8) Under regulations prescribed by the Secretary, benefit payments under this section to an individual (or aggregate benefit payments under this section in the case of a husband and wife) of less than \$5 may be accumulated until they equal or exceed \$5.

Suspension for Months in Which Cash Payments Are Made Under Public Assistance

- (d) The benefit to which any individual is entitled under this section for any month shall not be paid for such month if—
 - (1) such individual receives aid or assistance in the form of money payments in such month under a State plan approved under title I, X, XIV, or XVI or part A of title IV, or
 - (2) such individual's husband or wife receives such aid or assistance in such month, and under the State plan the needs of such individual were taken into account in determining eligibility for (or amount of) such aid or assistance.

unless the State agency administering or supervising the administration of such plan notifies the Secretary, at such time and in such manner as may be prescribed in accordance with regulations of the Secretary, that such payments to such individual (or such individual's husband or wife) under such plan are being terminated with the payment or payments made in such month and such individual is not an individual with respect to whom supplemental security income benefits are payable pursuant to title XVI or section 211 of Public Law 93-63 for the following month, nor shall such benefit be paid for such month if such individual is an individual with respect to whom supplemental security income benefits are payable pursuant to title XVI or section 211 of Public Law 93-66 for such month, unless the Secretary determines that such benefits are not payable with respect to such individual for the month following such month.

Suspension Where Individual Is Residing Outside the United States

(e) The benefit to which any individual is entitled under this section for any month shall not be paid if, during such month, such individual is not a resident of the United States. For purposes of this subsection, the term "United States" means the 50 States and the District of Columbia.

Treatment as Monthly Insurance Benefits

(f) For purposes of subsections (t) and (u) of section 202, and of section 1840 a monthly benefit under this section shall be treated as a monthly insurance benefit payable under section 202.

Annual Reimbursement of Federal Old-Age and Survivors Insurance Trust Fund

- (g) There are authorized to be appropriated to the Federal Old-Age and Survivors Insurance Trust Fund for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1969, and for each fiscal year thereafter, such sums as the Secretary of Health, Education, and Welfare deems necessary on account of—
 - (1) payments made under this section during the second preceding fiscal year and all fiscal years prior thereto to individuals who, as of the beginning of the calendar year in which falls the month for which payment was made, had less than 3 quarters of coverage,
 - (2) the additional administrative expenses resulting from the payments described in paragraph (1), and
 - (3) any loss in interest to such Trust Fund resulting from such payments and expenses,

in order to place such Trust Fund in the same position at the end of such fiscal year as it would have been in if such payments had not been made.

Definitions

- (h) For purposes of this section—
 - (1) The term "quarter of coverage" includes a quarter of coverage as defined in section 5(1) of the Railroad Retirement Act of 1937.
 - (2) The term "governmental pension system" means the insurance system established by this title or any other system or fund established by the United States, a State, any political subdivision of a State, or any wholly owned instrumentality of any one or more of the foregoing which provides for payment of (A) pensions, (B) retirement or retired pay, or (C) amuities or similar amounts payable on account of personal services performed by any individual (not including any payment under any workmen's compensation law or any payment by the Veterans' Administration as compensation for service-connected disability or death).
 - (3) The term "periodic benefit" includes a benefit payable in a lump sum if it is a commutation of, or a substitute for, periodic payments.

(4) The determination of whether an individual is a husband or wife for any month shall be made under subsection (h) of section 216 without regard to subsections (b) and (f) of section 216.

Benefits in Case of Members of the Uniformed Services

Sec. 229. (a) For purposes of determining entitlement to and the amount of any monthly benefit for any month after December 1972, or entitlement to and the amount of any lump-sum death payment in case of a death after such month, payable under this title on the basis of the wages and self-employment income of any individual, and for purposes of section 216(i)(3), such individual, if he was paid wages for service as a member of a uniformed service (as defined in section 210(m)) which was included in the term "employment" as defined in section 210(a) as a result of the provisions of section 210(l), shall be deemed to have been paid—

(1) in each calendar quarter occurring after 1956 and before 1978 in which he was paid such wages, additional wages of \$300, and

(2) in each calendar year occurring after 1977 in which he was paid such wages, additional wages of \$100 for each \$300 of such wages, up to a maximum of \$1,200 of additional wages for any calendar year.¹

(b) There are authorized to be appropriated to the Federal Old-Age and Survivors Insurance Trust Fund; the Federal Disability Insurance Trust Fund, and the Federal Hospital Insurance Trust Fund annually, as benefits under this title and part A of title XVIII are paid after December 1967, such sums as the Secretary determines to be necessary to meet (1) the additional costs, resulting from subsection (a), of such benefits (including lump-sum death payments), (2) the additional administrative expenses resulting therefrom, and (3) any loss in interest to such trust funds resulting from the payment of such amounts. Such additional costs shall be determined after any increases in such benefits arising from the application of section 217 have been made.

Adjustment of the Contribution and Benefit Base

Sec. 230. (a) Whenever the Secretary pursuant to section 215(i) increases benefits effective with the June following a cost-of-living computation quarter, he shall also determine and publish in the Federal Register on or before November 1 of the calendar year in which such

¹ Subsection (a) was amended by sec. 853(d) of Public Law 95-216.

quarter occurs the contribution and benefit base determined under subsection (b) or (c) ¹ which shall be effective with respect to remuneration paid after the calendar year in which such quarter occurs and taxable years beginning after such year.²

- (b) The amount of such contribution and benefit base shall (subject to subsection (c)) be the amount of the contribution and benefit base in effect in the year in which the determination is made or, if larger, the product of—
 - (1) the contribution and benefit base which is in effect with respect to remuneration paid in (and taxable years beginning in) the calendar year in which the determination under subsection (a) is made, and
 - (2) the ratio of (A) the average of the total wages (as defined in regulations of the Secretary and computed without regard to the limitations specified in section 209(a)) reported to the Secretary of the Treasury or his delegate for the calendar year before the calendar year in which the determination under subsection (a) is made to (B) the average of the total wages (as so defined and computed) reported to the Secretary of the Treasury or his delegate for the calendar year before the most recent calendar year in which an increase in the contribution and benefit base was enacted or a determination resulting in such an increase was made under subsection (a),

with such product, if not a multiple of \$300, being rounded to the next higher multiple of \$300 where such product is a multiple of \$150 but not of \$300 and to the nearest multiple of \$300 in any other case.

- (c) For purposes of this section, and for purposes of determining wages and self-employment income under sections 209, 211, 213, and 215 of this Act and sections 1402, 3121, 3122, 3125, 6413, and 6654 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954, (1) the "contribution and benefit base" with respect to remuneration paid in (and taxable years beginning in) any calendar year after 1973 and prior to the calendar year with the June of which the first increase in benefits pursuant to section 215(i) of this Act becomes effective shall be \$13,200 or (if applicable) such other amount as may be specified in a law enacted subsequent to the law which added this section, and (2) the "contribution and benefit base" with respect to remuneration paid (and taxable years beginning)—
 - (A) in 1978 shall be \$17,700,
 - (B) in 1979 shall be \$22,900,
 - (C) in 1980 shall be \$25,900, and
 - (D) in 1981 shall be \$29,700.

<sup>See Appendix E.
Eubsection (a) was amended by sec. 103(a) (1) of Public Law 95-216.
Subsection (b) was amended by sec. 8(h) of Public Law 94-202, and by secs. 103(a) (2) and 353(e) of Public Law 95-216.</sup>

For purposes of determining under subsection (b) the "contribution and benefit base" with respect to remuneration paid (and taxable years beginning) in 1982 and subsequent years, the dollar amounts specified in clause (2) of the preceding sentence shall be considered to have resulted from the application of such subsection (b) and to be the amount determined (with respect to the years involved) under that subsection. For purposes of determining employer tax liability under section 3221(a) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954, for purposes of determining the portion of the employee representative tax liability under section 3211(a) of such Code which results from the application of the 9.5 percent rate specified therein, and for purposes of computing average monthly compensation under section 3(j) of the Railroad Retirement Act of 1974, except with respect to annuity amounts determined under section 3(a) or (3)(f)(3) of such Act, clause (2) and the preceding sentence of this subsection shall be disregarded.

(d) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the contribution and benefit base determined under this section for any calendar year after 1976 for purposes of section 4022(b)(3)(B) of Public Law 93-406, with respect to any plan, shall be the contribution and benefit base that would have been determined for such year if this section as in effect immediately prior to the enactment of the Social Security Amendments of 1977 had remained in effect without change.²

Benefits in Case of Certain Individuals Interned During World War II

Sec. 231. (a) For the purposes of this section the term "internee" means an individual who was interned during any period of time from December 7, 1941, through December 31, 1946, at a place within the United States operated by the Government of the United States for the internment of United States citizens of Japanese ancestry.

Subsection (c) was amended by sec. 103(b) of Public Law 95-216.
 Subsection (d) was added by sec. 103(c) of Public Law 95-216.

- (b) (1) For purposes of determining entitlement to and the amount of any monthly benefit for any month after December 1972, or entitlement to and the amount of any lump-sum death payment in the case of a death after such month, payable under this title on the basis of the wages and self-employment income of any individual, and for purposes of section 216(i) (3), such individual shall be deemed to have been paid during any period after he attained age 18 and for which he was an internee, wages (in addition to any wages actually paid to him) at a weekly rate of basic pay during such period as follows—
 - (A) in the case such individual was not employed prior to the beginning of such period, 40 multiplied by the minimum hourly rate or rates in effect at any such time under section 206(a) (1) of title 29, United States Code, for each full week during such period; and
 - (B) in the case such individual who was employed prior to the beginning of such period, 40 multiplied by the greater of (i) the highest hourly rate received during any such employment, or (ii) the minimum hourly rate or rates in effect at any such time under section 206(a)(1) of title 29, United States Code, for each full week during such period.
- (2) This subsection shall not be applicable in the case of any monthly benefit or lump-sum death payment if—
 - (A) a larger such benefit or payment, as the case may be, would be payable without its application; or
 - (B) a benefit (other than a benefit payable in a lump-sum unless it is a commutation of, or a substitute for, periodic payments) which is based, in whole or in part, upon internment during any period from December 7, 1941, through December 31, 1946, at a place within the United States operated by the Government of the United States for the internment of United States citizens of Japanese ancestry, is determined by any agency or wholly owned instrumentality of the United States to be payable by it under any other law of the United States or under a system established by such agency or instrumentality.

The provisions of clause (B) shall not apply in the case of any monthly benefit or lump-sum death payment under this title if its application would reduce by \$0.50 or less the primary insurance amount (as computed under section 215 prior to any recomputation thereof pursuant to subsection (f) of such section) of the individual on whose wages and self-employment income such benefit or payment is based. The provisions of clause (B) shall also not apply for purposes of section 216 (i) (3).

(3) Upon application for benefits, a recalculation of benefits (by reason of this section), or a lump-sum death payment on the basis of

the wages and self-employment income of any individual who was an internee, the Secretary of Health, Education, and Welfare shall accept the certification of the Secretary of Defense or his designee concerning any period of time for which an internee is to receive credit under paragraph (1) and shall make a decision without regard to clause (B) of paragraph (2) of this subsection unless he has been notified by some other agency or instrumentality of the United States that, on the basis of the period for which such individual was an internee, a benefit described in clause (B) of paragraph (2) has been determined by such agency or instrumentality to be payable by it. If the Secretary of Health. Education, and Welfare has not been so notified, he shall then ascertain whether some other agency or wholly owned instrumentality of the United States has decided that a benefit described in clause (B) of paragraph (2) is payable by it. If any such agency or instrumentality has decided, or thereafter decides, that such a benefit is payable by it, it shall so notify the Secretary of Health, Education, and Welfare, and the Secretary shall certify no further benefits for payment or shall recompute the amount of any further benefits payable, as may be required by this section.

(4) Any agency or wholly owned instrumentality of the United States which is authorized by any law of the United States to pay benefits, or has a system of benefits which are based, in whole or in part, on any period for which any individual was an internee shall, at the request of the Secretary of Health, Education, and Welfare, certify to him, with respect to any individual who was an internee such information as the Secretary deems necessary to carry out his functions under paragraph (3) of this subsection.

(c) There are authorized to be appropriated to the Trust Funds and the Federal Hospital Insurance Trust Fund for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1978, such sums as the Secretary determines would place the Trust Funds and the Federal Hospital Insurance Trust Fund in the position in which they would have been if the preceding provisions of this section had not been enacted.

Processing of Tax Data

Sec. 232. The Secretary of the Treasury shall make available information returns filed pursuant to part III of subchapter A of chapter 61 of subtitle F of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954, to the Secretary for the purposes of this title and title XI. The Secretary and the Secretary of the Treasury are authorized to enter into an agreement for the processing by the Secretary of information contained in returns filed pursuant to part III of subchapter A of chapter 61 of subtitle F of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954. Notwithstanding the provisions

of section 6103(a) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954, the Secretary of the Treasury shall make available to the Secretary such documents as may be agreed upon as being necessary for purposes of such processing. The Secretary shall process any withholding tax statements or other documents made available to him by the Secretary of the Treasury pursuant to this section. Any agreement made pursuant to this section shall remain in full force and effect until modified or otherwise changed by mutual agreement of the Secretary and the Secretary of the Treasury.¹

International Agreements:

Purpose of Agreement

Sec. 233. (a) The President is authorized (subject to the succeeding provisions of this section) to enter into agreements establishing totalization arrangements between the social security system established by this title and the social security system of any foreign country, for the purposes of establishing entitlement to and the amount of oldage, survivors, disability, or derivative benefits based on a combinative of an individual's periods of coverage under the social security system established by this title and the social security system of such foreign country.

Definitions

(b) For the purposes of this section—

(1) the term "social security system" means, with respect to a foreign country, a social insurance or pension system which is of general application in the country and under which periodic benefits, or the actuarial equivalent thereof, are paid on account of old age, death, or disability; and

(2) the term "period of coverage" means a period of payment of contributions or a period of earnings based on wages for employment or on self-employment income, or any similar period recognized as equivalent thereto under this title or under the social security system of a country which is a party to an agreement entered into under this section.

Crediting Periods of Coverage; Conditions of Payment of Benefits

- (c) (1) Any agreement establishing a totalization arrangement pursuant to this section shall provide—
 - (A) that in the case of an individual who has at least 6 quarters of coverage as defined in section 213 of this Act and periods of

¹ Section 232 was added by section 8(b) of Public Law 94–203 effective with respect to income reports received after 1977.
³ Section 238 was added by sec. 817(a) of Public Law 95–216.

coverage under the social security system of a foreign country which is a party to such agreement, periods of coverage of such individual under such social security system of such foreign country may be combined with periods of coverage under this title and otherwise considered for the purposes of establishing entitlement to and the amount of old-age, survivors, and disability insurance benefits under this title;

(B) (i) that employment or self-employment, or any service which is recognized as equivalent to employment or self-employment under this title or the social security system of a foreign country which is a party to such agreement, shall, on or after the effective date of such agreement, result in a period of coverage under the system established under this title or under the system established under the laws of such foreign country, but not under both, and (ii) the methods and conditions for determining under which system employment, self-employment, or other service shall result in a period of coverage; and

(C) that where an individual's periods of coverage are combined, the benefit amount payable under this title shall be based on the proportion of such individual's periods of coverage which was completed under this title.

(2) Any such agreement may provide that an individual who is entitled to cash benefits under this title shall, notwithstanding the provisions of section 202(t), receive such benefits while he resides in a foreign country which is a party to such agreement.¹

(3) Section 226 shall not apply in the case of any individual to whom it would not be applicable but for this section or any agreement or regulation under this section.

(4) any such agreement may contain other provisions which are not inconsistent with the other provisions of this title and which the President deems appropriate to carry out the purposes of this section.

¹ Par. (2) was amended by sec. 2201 of P.L. 97-35.

Regulations

(d) The Secretary of Health, Education, and Welfare shall make rules and regulations and establish procedures which are reasonable and necessary to implement and administer any agreement which has been entered into in accordance with this section.

Reports to Congress; Effective Date of Agreements

- (e) (1) Any agreement to establish a totalization arrangement entered into pursuant to this section shall be transmitted by the President to the Congress together with a report on the estimated number of individuals who will be affected by the agreement and the effect of the agreement on the estimated income and expenditures of the programs established by this Act.
- (2) Such an agreement shall become effective on any date, provided in the agreement, which occurs after the expiration of the period (following the date on which the agreement is transmitted in accordance with paragraph (1)) during which each House of the Congress has been in session on each of 90 days; except that such agreement shall not become effective if, during such period, either House of the Congress adopts a resolution of disapproval of the agreement.

TITLE III—GRANTS TO STATES FOR UNEMPLOYMENT COMPENSATION ADMINISTRATION

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Appropriations

Section 301. The amounts made available pursuant to section 901(c)(1)(A) for the purpose of assisting the States in the administration of their unemployment compensation laws shall be used as hereinaiter provided.

Payments to States

Sec. 302. (a) The Secretary of Labor shall from time to time certify to the Secretary of the Treasury for payment to each State which has an unemployment compensation law approved by the Secretary of Labor under the Federal Unemployment Tax Act such amounts as the Secretary of Labor determines to be necessary for the proper and efficient administration of such law during the fiscal year for which such payment is to be made. The Secretary of Labor's determination shall be based on (1) the population of the State; (2) an estimate of the number of persons covered by the State law and of the cost of proper and efficient administration of such law; and (3) such other factors as the Secretary of Labor finds relevant. The Secretary of Labor shall not certify for payment under this section in any fiscal year a total amount in excess of the amount appropriated therefor for such fiscal year.

(b) Out of the sums appropriated therefor, the Secretary of the Treasury shall, upon receiving a certification under subsection (a) pay, through the Fiscal Service of the Treasury Department and prior to audit or settlement by the General Accounting Office, to the State agency charged with the administration of such law the amount so certified.

Provisions of State Laws

Sec. 303. (a) The Secretary of Labor shall make no certification for payment to any State unless he finds that the law of such State,

¹ This table of contents does not appear in the law.

approved by him under the Federal Unemployment Tax Act, includes provision for—

(1) Such methods of administration (including after January 1, 1940, methods relating to the establishment and maintenance of personnel standards on a merit basis, except that the Secretary of Labor shall exercise no authority with respect to the selection, tenure of office, and compensation of any individual employed in accordance with such methods) as are found by the Secretary of Labor to be reasonably calculated to insure full payment of unemployment compensation when due; and

(2) Payment of unemployment compensation solely through public employment offices or such other agencies as the Secretary

of Labor may approve; and

(3) Opportunity for a fair hearing, before an impartial tribunal, for all individuals whose claims for unemployment compensation are denied; and

- (4) The payment of all money received in the unemployment fund of such State (except for refunds of sums erroneously paid into such fund and except for refunds paid in accordance with the provisions of section 3305(b) of the Federal Unemployment Tax Act), immediately upon such receipt, to the Secretary of the Treasury to the credit of the Unemployment Trust Fund established by section 904; and
- (5) Expenditure of all money withdrawn from an unemployment fund of such State, in the payment of unemployment compensation, exclusive of expenses of administration, and for refunds of sums erroneously paid into such fund and refunds paid in accordance with the provisions of section 3305(b) of the Federal Unemployment Tax Act: Provided, That an amount equal to the amount of employee payments into the unemployment fund of a State may be used in the payment of cash benefits to individuals with respect to their disability, exclusive of expenses of administration: Provided further, That the amounts specified by section 903(c)(2) may, subject to the conditions prescribed in such section, be used for expenses incurred by the State for administration of its unemployment compensation law and public employment offices; and
- (6) The making of such reports in such form and containing such information, as the Secretary of Labor may from time to time require, and compliance with such provisions as the Secretary of Labor may from time to time find necessary to assure the correctness and verification of such reports; and
- (7) Making available upon request to any agency of the United States charged with the administration of public works or assist-

Sec. 303(c)

ance through public employment, the name, address, ordinary occupation and employment status of each recipient of unemployment compensation, and a statement of such recipient's rights to further compensation under such law; and

(8) Effective July 1, 1941, the expenditure of all moneys received pursuant to section 302 of this title solely for the purposes and in the amounts found necessary by the Secretary of Labor for the proper and efficient administration of such State law; and

(9) Effective July 1, 1941, the replacement, within a reasonable time, of any moneys received pursuant to section 302 of this title, which, because of any action or contingency, have been lost or have been expended for purposes other than, or in amounts in excess of, those found necessary by the Secretary of Labor for the proper administration of such State law.

(b) Whenever the Secretary of Labor, after reasonable notice and opportunity for hearing to the State agency charged with the administration of the State law, finds that in the administration of the law

there is—

(1) a denial, in a substantial number of cases, of unemployment compensation to individuals entitled thereto under such law; or

(2) a failuration comply substantially with any provision speci-

fied in subsect in (a);

the Secretary of Labor shall notify such State agency that further payments will not be made to the State until he is satisfied that there is no longer any such denial or failure to comply. Until the Secretary of Labor is so satisfied, he shall make no further certification to the Secretary of the Treasury with respect to such State: *Provided*, That there shall be no finding under clause (1) until the question of entitlement shall have been decided by the highest judicial authority given jurisdiction under such State law: *Provided further*, That any costs may be paid with respect to any claimant by a State and included as costs of administration of its law.

- (c) The Secretary of Labor shall make no certification for payment to any State if he finds, after reasonable notice and opportunity for hearing to the State agency charged with the administration of the State law—
 - (1) That such State does not make its records available to the Railroad Retirement Board, and furnish to the Railroad Retirement Board at the expense of the Railroad Retirement Board such copies thereof as the Railroad Retirement Board deems necessary for its purposes; or
 - (2) That such State is failing to afford reasonable cooperation with every agency of the United States charged with the administration of any unemployment insurance law.

(B) shall establish such safeguards as are necessary (as determined by the Secretary of Labor in regulations) to insure that information disclosed under subparagraph (A) is used only for purposes of establishing and collecting child support obligations from, and locating, individuals owing such obligations.

For purposes of this subsection, the term "child support obligations" only includes obligations which are being enforced pursuant to a plan described in section 454 of this Act which has been approved by the Secretary of Health and Human Services under part D of title IV of this Act.

- (2) (A) The State agency charged with the administration of the State law—
 - (i) shall require each new applicant for unemployment compensation to disclose whether or not such applicant owes child support obligations (as defined in the last sentence of paragraph (1)),¹
 - (ii) shall notify the State or local child support enforcement agency enforcing such obligations, if any applicant discloses under clause (i) that he owes child support obligations and he is determined to be eligible for unemployment compensation, that such applicant has been so determined to be eligible,

(iii) shall deduct and withhold from any unemployment com-

pensation otherwise payable to an individual—

(I) the amount specified by the individual to the State agency to be deducted and withheld under this clause,

(II) the amount (if any) determined pursuant to an agreement submitted to the State agency under section 454(19) (B) (i) of this Act, or ²

(III) any amount otherwise required to be so deducted and withheld from such unemployment compensation through

legal process (as defined in section 462(e)), and

(iv) shall pay any amount deducted and withheld under clause (iii) to the appropriate State or local child support enforcement agency.

Any amount deducted and withheld under clause (iii) shall for all purposes be treated as if it were paid to the individual as unemployment compensation and paid by such individual to the State or local child support enforcement agency in satisfaction of his child support obligations.

(B) For purposes of this paragraph, the term "unemployment compensation" means any compensation payable under the State law (including amounts payable pursuant to agreements under any

Federal unemployment compensation law).

¹ Clause (i) was amended by sec. 175(a) (2) of P.L. 97-248.

² Subclause (II) was amended by sec. 171(b) (8) of P.L. 97-248.

- (C) Each State or local child support enforcement agency shall reimburse the State agency charged with the administration of the State unemployment compensation law for the administrative costs incurred by such State agency under this paragraph which are attributable to child support obligations being enforced by the State or local child support enforcement agency.
- (3) Whenever the Secreary of Labor, after reasonable notice and opportunity for hearing to the State agency charged with the administration of the State law, finds that there is a failure to comply substantially with the requirements of paragraph (1) or (2), the Secretary of Labor shall notify such State agency that further payments will not be made to the State until he is satisfied that there is no longer any such failure. Until the Secretary of Labor is so satisfied, he shall make no further certification to the Secretary of the Treasury with respect to such State
- (4) For purposes of this subsection, the term "State or local child support enforcement agency" means any agency of a State or political subdivision thereof operating pursuant to a plan described in the last sentence of paragraph (1).

Judicial Review

Sec. 304. (a) Whenever the Secretary of Labor-

(1) finds that a State law does not include any provision specified in section 303(a), or

(2) makes a finding with respect to a State under subsection

(b), (c), (d), or (e) of section 303,2

such State may, within 60 days after the Governor of the State has been notified of such action, file with the United States court of appeals for the circuit in which such State is located or with the United States Court of Appeals for the District of Columbia, a petition for review of such action. A copy of the petition shall be forthwith transmitted by the clerk of the court to the Secretary of Labor. The Secretary of Labor thereupon shall file in the court the record of the proceedings on which he based his action as provided in section 2112 of title 28, United States Code.

(b) The findings of fact by the Secretary of Labor, if supported by substantial evidence, shall be conclusive; but the court, for good cause shown, may remand the case to the Secretary of Labor to take further evidence and the Secretary of Labor may thereupon make new or modified findings of fact and may modify his previous action, and shall certify to the court the record of the further proceedings. Such

¹ This subsec. was added by sec. 408 of P.L. 96–265, redesignated as subsec. (e) by sec. 6(e) (1) of P.L. 96–473, and amended by sec. 2835 of P.L. 97–85.

⁹ Par. (2) was amended by sec. 127 of P.L. 96-249, by sec. 408 of P.L. 96-265, and by sec. 6(e) (2) of P.L. 96-473.

new or modified findings of fact shall likewise be conclusive if supported by substantial evidence.

- (c) The court shall have jurisdiction to affirm the action of the Secretary of Labor or to set it aside, in whole or in part. The judgment of the court shall be subject to review by the Supreme Court of the United States upon certiorari or certification as provided in section 1254 of title 28 of the United States Code.
- (d) (1) The Secretary of Labor shall not withhold any certification for payment to any State under section 322 until the expiration of 60 days after the Governor of the State has been notified of the action referred to in paragraph (1) or (2) of subsection (a) or until the State has filed a petition for review of such action, whichever is earlier.
- (2) The commencement of judicial proceedings under this section shall stay the Secretary's action for a period of 30 days, and the court may thereafter grant interim relief if warranted, including a further stay of the Secretary's action and including such other relief as may be necessary to preserve status or rights.
- (e) Any judicial proceedings under this section shall be entitled to, and, upon request of the Secretary or the State, shall receive a preference and shall be heard and determined as expeditiously as possible.

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Part A—Aid to Families With Dependent Children Appropriation

Section 401. For the purpose of encouraging the care of dependent children in their own homes or in the homes of relatives by enabling each State to furnish financial assistance and rehabilitation and other services, as far as practicable under the conditions in such State, to needy dependent children and the parents or relatives with whom they are living to help maintain and strengthen family life and to help such parents or relatives to attain or retain capability for the maximum self-support and personal independence consistent with the maintenance of continuing parental care and protection, there is hereby authorized to be appropriated for each fiscal year a sum sufficient to carry out the purposes of this part. The sums made available under this section shall be used for making payments to States which have submitted, and had approved by the Secretary of Health, Education, and Welfare, State plans for aid and services to needy families with children.

¹ This table of contents does not appear in the law.

State Plans for Aid and Services to Needy Families With Children

Sec. 402. (a) A State plans for aid and services to needy families with children must—

(1) provide that it shall be in effect in all political subdivisions of the State, and, if administered by them, be mandatory upon them:

(2) provide for financial participation by the State;

- (3) either provide for the establishment or designation of a single State agency to administer the plan, or provide for the establishment or designation of a single State agency to supervise the administration of the plan;
- (4) provide for granting an opportunity for a fair hearing before the State agency to any individual whose claim for aid to families with dependent children is denied or is not acted upon with reasonable promptness;
- (5) provide such methods of administration (including after January 1, 1940, methods relating to the establishment and maintenance of personnel standards on a merit basis, except that the Secretary shall exercise no authority with respect to the selection, tenure of office, and compensation of any individual employed in accordance with such methods) as are found by the Secretary to be necessary for the proper and efficient operation of the plan; and ¹
- (6) provide that the State agency will make such reports, in such form and containing such information, as the Secretary may from time to time require, and comply with such provisions as the Secretary may from time to time find necessary to assure the correctness and verification of such reports:
- (7) except as may be otherwise provided in paragraph (8) or (31) and section 415, provide that the State agency—
 - (A) shall, in determining need, take into consideration any other income and resources of any child or relative claiming aid to families with dependent children, or of any other individual (living in the same home as such child and relative) whose needs the State determines should be considered in determining the need of the child or relative claiming such aid;
 - (B) shall determine ineligible for aid any family the combined value of whose resources (reduced by any obligations or debts with respect to such resources) exceeds \$1,000 or such lower amount as the State may determine, but not including as a re-

¹ In the case of Guam, Puerto Rico, and the Virgin Islands, Section 402(a)(5) was made applicable in this form by section 2353(a)(b) of P.L. 97-35.

source for purposes of this subparagraph a home owned and occupied by such child, relative, or other individual and so much of the family member's ownership interest in one automobile as does not exceed such amount as the Secretary may prescribe; and

(C) may, in the case of a family claiming or receiving aid under this part for any month, take into consideration as income (to the extent the State determines appropriate, as specified in such plan, and notwithstanding any other provision of law)—

(i) an amount not to exceed the value of the family's monthly allotment of food stamp coupons, to the extent such value duplicates the amount for food included in the maximum amount that would be payable under the State plan to a family of the same composition with no other income; and

(ii) an amount not to exceed the value of any rent or housing subsidy provided to such family, the extent such value duplicates the amount for housing included in the maximum amount that would be payable under the State plan to a family of the same composition with no other income;

(8) (A) provide that, with respect to any month, in making the

determination under paragraph (7), the State agency—

(i) shall disregard all of the earned income of each dependent child receiving aid to families with dependent children who is (as determined by the State in accordance with standards prescribed by the Secretary) a full-time student or a part-time student who is not a full-time employee attending a school, college, or university, or a course of vocational or technical training designed to fit him for gainful employment:

(ii) shall disregard from the earned income of any child or relative applying for or receiving aid to families with dependent children, or of any other individual (living in the same home as such relative and child) whose needs are taken into account in making such determination, the first \$75 of the total of such earned income for such month (or such lesser amount as the Secretary may prescribe in the case of an individual not engaged in full-time employment or not employed throughout the month);

(iii) shall disregard from the earned income of any child, relative, or other individual specified in clause (ii), an amount equal to expenditures for care in such month for a dependent child, or an incapacitated individual living in the same home as the dependent child, receiving aid to families with dependent children and requiring such care for such month, to the extent that such

¹ Par. (7) was amended by secs. 2302 and 2320 of P.L. 97-35.

amount (for each such dependent child or incapacitated individual) does not exceed \$160 (or such lesser amount as the Secretary may prescribe in the case of an individual not engaged in full-time employment or not employed throughout the month);

(iv) shall disregard from the earned income of any child or relative receiving aid to families with dependent children, or of any other individual (living in the same home as such relative and child) whose needs are taken into account in making such determination, an amount equal to the first \$30 of the total of such earned income not disregarded under any other clause of this subparagraph plus one-third of the remainder thereof (but excluding, for purposes of this subparagraph, earned income derived from participation on a project maintained under the programs established by section 432(b)(2) and (3)); and ¹

(v) may disregard the income of any dependent child applying for or receiving aid to families with dependent children which is derived from a program carried out under the Job Training Partnership Act (as originally enacted), but only in such amounts, and for such period of time (not to exceed six months with respect to earned income) as the Secretary may provide in

regulations; and 2

(B) provide that (with respect to any month) the State agency—
(i) shall not disregard, under clause (ii), (iii), or (iv) of subparagraph (A), any earned income of any one of the persons
specified in subparagraph (A) (ii) if such person—

(I) terminated his employment or reduced his earned income without good cause within such period (of not less than thirty days) preceding such month as may be prescribed by

the Secretary:

(II) refused without good cause, within such period preceding such month as may be prescribed by the Secretary, to accept employment in which he is able to engage which is offered through the public employment offices of the State, or is otherwise offered by an employer if the offer of such employer is determined by the State or local agency administering the State plan, after notification by the employer, to be a bona fide offer of employment; or

(III) failed without good cause to make a timely report (as prescribed by the State plan pursuant to paragraph (14)) to the State agency of earned income received in such month; and

(ii) (I) shall not disregard, under subparagraph (A) (iv), any earned income of any of the persons specified in subparagraph

¹ Clause (iv) was amended by sec. 503(a) of P.L. 97-300.

² Clause (v) was added by sec. 503(a) of P.L. 97-300.

(A) (ii), if, with respect to such month, the income of the persons so specified was in excess of their need, as determined by the State agency pursuant to paragraph (7) (without regard to subparagraph (A) (iv) of this paragraph), unless the persons received aid under the plan in one or more of the four months preceding such month and subparagraph (A) (iv) has not already been applied to their income for four consecutive months while they were receiving aid under the plan; and

(II) in the case of the earned income of a person with respect to whom subparagraph (A) (iv) has been applied for four consecutive months, shall not apply the provisions of subparagraph (A) (iv) for so long as he continues to receive aid under the plan and shall not apply such provisions to any month thereafter until the expiration of an additional period of twelve consecutive

months during which he is not a recipient of such aid: 1 (9) provide safeguards which restrict the use of disclosure of information concerning applicants or recipients to purposes directly connected with (A) the administration of the plan of the State approved under this part, the plan or program of the State under part B, C, or D of this title or under title I, X, XIV, XVI, XIX, or XX, or the supplemental security income program established by title XVI, (B) any investigation, prosecution, or criminal or civil proceeding, conducted in connection with the administration of any such plan or program, (C) the administration of any other Federal or federally assigned program which provides assistance, in cash or in kind, or services, directly to individuals on the basis of need, and (D) any audit or similar activity conducted in connection with the administration of any such plan or program by any governmental entity which is authorized by law to conduct such audit or activity; and the safeguards so provided shall prohibit disclosure, to any committee or legislative body (other than an entity referred to in clause (D) with respect to an activity referred to in such clause), of any information which identifies by name or address any such applicant or recipient; 2

(10) (A) provide that all individuals wishing to make application for aid to families with dependent children shall have opportunity to do so, and that aid to families with dependent children shall, subject to paragraphs (25) and (26), be furnished with reasonable promptness to all eligible individuals; ³ and

(B) provide than an application for aid under the plan will be effective no earlier than the date such application is filed with the State agency or local agency responsible for the administration of the State plan, and the amount payable for the month in which the application becomes effective, if such application becomes effective after the first day of such month, shall bear the same ratio to the amount which would be payable if the application had been effective on the first day of such month as the number of days in the month including and following the effective date of the application bears to the total number of days in such month; 4

¹ Sec. 402(a) (8) was amended by sec. 2801 of P.L. 97-85.

² Sec. 402(a) (9) was amended by P.L. 93-647, 94-88, and (effective Sept. 1, 1980) by ec. 403 of P.L. 96-265.

Secs. 402(a) (10) and 402(a) (11) were amended by P.L. 98-647.
 Par. (10) was amended by sec. 152 of P.L. 97-248.

(11) provide for prompt notice (including the transmittal of all relevant information) to the State child support collection agency (established pursuant to part D of this title) of the furnishing of aid to families with dependent children with respect to a child who has been deserted or abandoned by a parent (including a child born out of wedlock without regard to whether the paternity of such child has been established); ¹

¹ Secs. 402(a) (10) and 402(a) (11) were amended by P.L. 98-647.

- (12) provide, effective October 1, 1950, that no aid will be furnished any individual under the plan with respect to any period with respect to which he is receiving old-age assistance under the State plan approved under section 2 of this Act;
 - (13) provide that—
 - (A) except as provided in subparagraph (B), the State agency (i) will determine a family's eligibility for aid for a month on the basis of the family's income, composition, resources, and other similar relevant circumstances during such month, and (ii) will determine the amount of such aid on the basis of the income and other relevant circumstances in the first or, at the option of the State but only where the Secretary determines it to be appropriate, second month preceding such month; and
 - (B) in the case of the first month, or at the option of the State but only where the Secretary determines it to be appropriate, the first and second months, in a period of consecutive months for which aid is payable, the State agency will determine the amount of aid on the basis of the family's income and other relevant circumstances in such first or second month; ¹
- (14) (A) provide that the State agency will require each family to which it furnishes aid to families with dependent children (or to which it would provide such aid but for paragraph (22) or (32)) to report, as a condition to the continued receipt of such aid (or to continuing to be deemed to be a recipient of such aid), each month to the State agency on—
 - (i) the income received, family composition, and other relevant circumstances during the prior month; and
 - (ii) the income and resources it expects to receive, or any changes in circumstances affecting continued eligibility or benefit amount, that it expects to occur, in that month (or in future months);

except that with the prior approval of the Secretary the State may select categories of recipients who may report at specified less frequent intervals upon the State's showing to the satisfaction of the Secretary that to require individuals in such categories to report monthly would result in unwarranted expenditures for administration of this paragraph; and

(B) that, in addition to whatever action may be appropriate based on other reports or information received by the State agency, the State agency will take prompt action to adjust the amount of assistance payable, as may be appropriate. on the basis of the information contained in the report (or upon the failure of the family to furnish a

¹ Par. (13) was added by sec. 2315 of P.L. 97-35.

timely report), and will give an appropriate explanatory notice, concurrent with its action, to the family; 1

(15) provide (A) for the development of a program, for each appropriate relative and dependent child receiving aid under the plan and for each appropriate individual (living in the same home as a relative and child receiving such aid) whose needs are taken into account in making the determination under clause (7), for preventing or reducing the incidence of births out of wedlock and otherwise strengthening family life, and for implementing such program by assuring that in all appropriate cases (including minors who can be considered to be sexually active) family planning services are offered to them and are provided promptly (directly or under arrangements with others) to all individuals voluntarily requesting such services, but acceptance of family planning services provided under the plan shall be voluntary on the part of such members and individuals and shall not be a prerequisite to eligibility for or the receipt of any other service under the plan; and (B) to the extent that services provided under this clause are furnished by the staff of the State agency or the local agency administering the State plan in each of the political subdivisions of the State, for the establishment of a single organizational unit in such State or local agency, as the case may be, responsible for the furnishing of such services: *

(16) provide that where the State agency has reason to believe that the home in which a relative and child receiving aid reside is unsuitable for the child because of the neglect, abuse, or exploitation of such child it shall bring such condition to the attention of the appropriate court or law enforcement agencies in the State, providing such data with respect to the situation it may have;

¹ Par. (14) was added by sec. 2315 of P.L. 97-35.

In the case of Guam, Puerto Rico, and the Virgin Islands, sec. 402(a)(15) was made applicable in this form by sec. 2353(b) of P.L. 97-35. Par. (15) was amended by sec. 2353(c) of P.L. 97-35.

- (17) provide that if a person specified in paragraph (8)(A) (i) or (ii) receives in any month an amount of income which, together with all other income for that month not excluded under paragraph (8), exceeds the State's standard of need applicable to the family of which he is a member—
 - (A) such amount of income shall be considered income to such individual in the month received, and the family of which such person is a member shall be ineligible for aid under the plan for the whole number of months that equals (i) the sum of such amount and all other income received in such month, not excluded under paragraph (8), divided by (ii) the standard of need applicable to such family, and
 - (B) any income remaining (which amount is less than the applicable monthly standard) shall be treated as income received in the first month following the period of ineligibility specified in subparagraph (A); ¹
- (18) provide that no family shall be eligible for aid under the plan for any month if, for that month, the total income of the family (other than payments under the plan), without application of paragraph (8), other than paragraph 8(A)(v), exceeds 150 percent of the State's standard of need for a family of the same composition; ²

(19) provide-

- (A) that every individual, as a condition of eligibility for aid under this part, shall register for manpower services, training, employment, and other employment-related activities (including employment search, not to exceed eight weeks in total in each year) with the Secretary of Labor as provided by regulations issued by him, unless such individual is—
 - (i) a child who is under age 16 or attending, full-time, an elementary, secondary, or vocational (or technical) school;
 - (ii) a person who is ill, incapacitated, or of advanced age;
 - (iii) a person so remote from a work incentive project that his effective participation is precluded;
 - (iv) a person whose presence in the home is required because of illness or incapacity of another member of the household;
 - (v) the parent or other relative of a child under the age of six who is personally providing care for the child with only very brief and infrequent absences from the child;

¹ Par. (17) was added by sec. 2304 of P.L. 97-35. See also sec. 159 of P.L. 97-248.

² Par. (18) was added by sec. 2303 of P.L. 97-35 and amended by sec. 503(b) of P.L. 97-300.

- (vi) the parent or other caretaker of a child who is deprived of parental support or care by reason of the death, continued absence from the home, or physical or mental incapacity of a parent, if another adult relative is in the home and not excluded by clause (i), (ii), (iii), or (iv) of this subparagraph (unless he has failed to register as required by this subparagraph, or has been found by the Secretary of Labor to have refused without good cause to participate under a work incentive program or accept employment as described in subparagraph (F) of this paragraph);
- (vii) a person who is working not less than 30 hours per week; or

(viii) the parent of a child who is deprived of parental support or care by reason of the unemployment of a parent, if the other parent (who is the principal earner, as defined in section 407(d)) is not excluded by the preceding clauses of this subparagraph;

and that any individual referred to in clause (v) shall be advised of his or her option to register, if he or she so desires, pursuant to this paragraph, and shall be informed of the child care services (if any) which will be available to him or her in the event he or she should decide so to register:

- (B) that aid to families with dependent children under the plan will not be denied by reason of such registration or the individual's certification to the Secretary of Labor under subparagraph (G) of this paragraph, or by reason of an individual's participation on a project under the program established by section 432(b) (2) or (3):
- (C) for arrangements to assure that there will be made a non-Federal contribution to the work incentive programs established by part C by appropriate agencies of the State or private organizations of 10 per centum of the cost of such programs, as specified in section 435(b);
- (D) that (i) training incentives authorized under section 434 shall be disregarded in determining the needs of an individual under section 402(a) (7), and (ii) in determining such individual's needs the additional expenses attributable to his participation in a program established by section 432(b) (2) or (3) shall be taken into account;²

(E) [Repealed.]

¹ Subpar. (A) was amended by sec. 401 of P.L. 96–265 effective Sept. 30, 1980 and secs. 2313 and 2314 of P.L. 97–35.

² Subpar. (B) was amended by sec. 401 of P.L. 96-265 effective Sept. 30, 1980.

^{*} Subpar. (D) was amended by sec. 401 of P.L. 96-265.

- (F) that if (and for such period as is prescribed under joint regulations of the Secretary and the Secretary of Labor) any child, relative or individual has been found by the Secretary of Labor under section 433(g) to have refused without good cause to participate under a work incentive program established by part C with respect to which the Secretary of Labor has determined his participation is consistent with the purposes of such part C, or to have refused without good cause to accept employment in which he is able to engage which is offered through the public employment offices of the State, or is otherwise offered by an employer if the offer of such employer is determined, after notification by him, to be a bona fide offer of employment—
 - (i) if the relative makes such refusal, such relative's needs shall not be taken into account in making the determination under clause (7), and aid for any dependent child in the family in the form of payments of the type described in section 406(b)(2) (which in such a case shall be without regard to clauses (A) through (E) thereof) or section 408 will be made;
 - (ii) if the parent who has been designated as the principal earner, for purposes of section 407, makes such refusal, aid will be denied to all members of the family;
 - (iii) aid with respect to a dependent child will be denied if a child who is the only child receiving aid in the family makes such refusal;
 - (iv) if there is more than one child receiving aid in the family, aid for any such child will be denied (and his needs will not be taken into account in making the determination under clause (7)) if that child makes such refusal; and
 - (v) if such individual makes such refusal, such individual's needs shall not be taken into account in making the determination under clause (7); 1
- (G) that the State agency will have in effect a special program which (i) will be administered by a separate administrative unit (which will, to the maximum extent feasible, be located in the same facility as that utilized for the administration of programs established pursuant to section 432(b) (1), (2), or (3)) and the employees of which will, to the maximum extent feasible, perform services only in connection with the administration of such program, (ii) will provide (through arrangements with others or otherwise) for individuals who have been registered pursuant to subparagraph (A) of this paragraph (I) in accordance with the order of priority listed in section 433(a), such health, vocational rehabilitation, counseling, child care, and other social and

¹ Subpar. (F) was amended by sec. 401 of P.L. 96-265 and by sec. 2313 of P.L. 97-35.

supportive services as are necessary to enable such individuals to accept employment or receive manpower training provided under section 432(b) (1), (2), or (3), and will, when arrangements have been made to provide necessary supportive services, including child care, certify to the Secretary of Labor those individuals who are ready for employment or training under section 432(b) (1), (2), or (3), (II) such social and supportive services as are necessary to enable such individuals as determined appropriate by the Secretary of Labor actively to engage in other employment-related (including but not limited to employment search) activities, as well as timely payment for necessary employment search expenses, and (III) for a period deemed appropriate by the Secretary of Labor after such an individual accepts employment, such social and supportive services as are reasonable and necessary to enable him to retain such employment, (iii) will participate in the development of operational and employability plans under section 433(b); and (iv) provides for purposes of clause (ii), that, when more than one kind of child care is available, the mother may choose the type, but she may not refuse to accept child care services if they are available: and 1

(H) that an individual participating in employment search activities shall not be referred to employment opportunities which do not meet the criteria for appropriate work and training to which an individual may otherwise be assigned under section 432(b) (1), (2), or (3);²

(20) provide that the State has in effect a State plan for foster care and adoption assistance approved under part E of this title; *

(21) provide-

(A) that, for purposes of this part, participation in a strike shall not constitute good cause to leave, or to refuse to seek or accept employment; and

(B) (i) that aid to families with dependent children is not payable to a family for any month in which any caretaker relative with whom the child is living is, on the last day of such month, participating in a strike, and (ii) that no individual's needs shall be included in determining the amount of aid payable for any month to a family under the plan if, on the last day of such month, such individual is participating in a strike; 4

(22) provide that the State agency will promptly take all necessary steps to correct any overpayment or underpayment of aid under the State plan, and, in the case of—

¹ Subpar. (G) was amended by sec. 401 of P.L. 96-265 effective Sept. 80, 1980.

² Subpar. (H) was added by sec. 401 of P.L. 96-265 effective Sept. 30, 1980.

Par. (20) was amended by sec. 101 of P.L. 96-272 effective when the repeal of sec. 408 becomes effective.

⁴ Par. (21) was added by sec. 2810 of P.L. 97-85.

- (A) an overpayment to an individual who is a current recipient of such aid, recovery will be made by repayment by the individual or by reducing the amount of any future aid payable to the family of which he is a member, except that such recovery shall not result in the reduction of aid payable for any month, such that the aid, when added to such family's liquid resources and to its income (without application of paragraph (8)), is less than 90 percent of the amount payable under the State plan to a family of the same composition with no other income (and, in the case of an individual to whom no payment is made for a month solely by reason of recovery of an overpayment, such individual shall be deemed to be a recipient of aid for such month);
- (B) an overpayment to any individual who is no longer receiving aid under the plan, recovery shall be made by appropriate action under State law against the income or resources of the individual or the family; and

(C) an underpayment, the corrective payment shall be disregarded in determining the income of the family, and shall be disregarded in determining its resources in the month the corrective payment is made and in the following month:

(23) provide that by July 1, 1969, the amounts used by the State to determine the needs of individuals will have been adjusted to reflect fully changes in living costs since such amounts were established, and any maximums that the State imposes on the amount of aid paid to families will have been proportionately adjusted:

(24) provide that if an individual is receiving benefits under title XVI, then, for the period for which such benefits are received, such individual shall not be regarded as a member of a family for purposes of determining the amount of the benefits of the family under this title and his income and resources shall not be counted as income and resources of a family under this title:

(25) provide (A) that, as a condition of eligibility under the plan, each applicant for or recipient of aid shall furnish to the State agency his social security account number (or numbers, if he has more than one such number), and (B) that such State agency shall utilize such account numbers, in addition to any other means of identification it may determine to employ in the administration of such plan; ²

(26) provide that, as a condition of eligibility for aid, each applicant or recipient will be required—

(A) to assign the State any rights to support from any other person such applicant may have (i) in his own behalf or in behalf of any other family member for whom the applicant is applying for or receiving aid, and (ii) which have accrued at the time such assignment is executed,

¹ Par. (22) was added by sec. 2318 of P.L. 97-35.

² Par. (25) was added by P.L. 98-647.

(B) to cooperate with the State (i) in establishing the paternity of a child born out of wedlock with respect to whom aid is claimed, and (ii) in obtaining support payments for such applicant and for a child with respect to whom such aid is claimed, or in obtaining any other payments or property due such applicant or such child, unless (in either case) such applicant or recipient is found to have good cause for refusing to cooperate as determined by the State agency in accordance with standards prescribed by the Secretary, which standards shall take into consideration the best interests of the child on whose behalf aid is claimed: and that, if the relative with whom a child is living is found to be ineligible because of failure to comply with the requirements of subparagraphs (A) and (B) of this paragraph, any aid for which such child is eligible will be provided in the form of protective payments as described in section 406(b)(2) (without regard to subparagraphs (A) through (E) of such section); 13

(27) provide that the State has in effect a plan approved under part D and operate a child support program in conformity with such plan; 13

(28) provide that, in determining the amount of aid to which an eligible family is entitled, any portion of the amounts collected in any particular month as child support pursuant to a plan approved under part D, and retained by the State under section 457, which (under the State plan approved under this part as in effect both during July 1975 and during that particular month) would not have caused a reduction in the amount of aid paid to the family if such amounts had been paid directly to the family, shall be added to the amount of aid otherwise payable to such family under the State plan approved under this part; 4

(29) effective October 1, 1979, provide that wage information available from the Social Security Administration under the provisions of section 411 of this Act, and wage information available (under the provisions of section 3304(a) (16) of the Federal Unemployment Tax Act) from agencies administering State unemployment compensation laws, shall be requested and utilized to the extent permitted under the provisions of such sections; except that the State shall not be required to request such information from the Social Security Administration where such information is available from the agency administering the State unemployment compensation laws; ⁵

¹ Secs. 402(a) (26) and 402(a) (27) were added by P.L. 93-647.

² Sec. 402(a) (26) was amended by P.L. 94-88.

^{*}Sec. 402(a) (27) was amended by P.L. 94-88 and by sec. 6(f) (1) of P.L. 96-473. See also sec. 201(a) of P.L. 94-88.

⁴ Sec. 402(a) (28) added by P.L. 94-88.

⁵ Par. (29) was added by sec. 408(e) of P.L. 95-216 and was amended by sec. 6(f) (2) of P.L. 96-473.

(30) at the option of the State, provide for the establishment and operation, in accordance with an (initial and annually updated) advance automatic data processing planning document approved under subsection (d), of an automated statewide management information system designed effectively and efficiently, to assist management in the administration of the State plan for aid to families with dependent children approved under this part, so as (A) to control and account for (i) all the factors in the total eligibility determination process under such plan for aid (including but not limited to (I) identifiable correlation factors (such as social security numbers, names, dates of birth, home addresses, and mailing addresses (including postal ZIP codes), of all applicants and recipients of such aid and the relative with whom any child who is such an applicant or recipient is living) to assure sufficient compatibility among the systems of different jurisdictions to permit periodic screening to determine whether an individual is or has been receiving benefits from more than one jurisdiction, (II) checking records of applicants and recipients of such aid on a periodic basis with other agencies, both intra- and inter-State. for determination and verification of eligibility and payment pursuant to requirements imposed by other provisions of this Act), (ii) the costs, quality, and delivery of funds and services furnished to applicants for and recipients of such aid, (B) to notify the appropriate officials of child support, food stamp, social service, and medical assistance programs approved under title XIX whenever the case becomes ineligible or the amount of aid or services is changed, and (C) to provide for security against unauthorized access to, or use of, the data in such system: 1

(31) provide that, in making the determination for any month under paragraph (7), the State agency shall take into consideration so much of the income of the dependent child's stepparent living in the same home as such child as exceeds the sum of (A) the first \$75 of the total of such stepparent's earned income for such month (or such lesser amount as the Secretary may prescribe in the case of an individual not engaged in full-time employment or not employed throughout the month), (B) the State's standard of need under such plan for a family of the same composition as the stepparent and those other individuals living in the same household as the dependent child and claimed by such stepparent as dependents for purposes of determining his Federal personal income tax liability but whose needs are not taken into account in making the determination under paragraph (7), (C) amounts paid by the stepparent to individuals not living in such household and claimed by him as dependents for purposes of determining his Federal personal income tax liability, and (D) payments by such

¹ Par. (30) was added by sec. 406 of P.L. 96-265 effective July 1, 1981.

stepparent of alimony or child support with respect to individuals not living in such household; 1

- (32) provide that no payment of aid shall be made under the plan for any month if the amount of such payment, as determined in accordance with the applicable provisions of the plan and of this part, would be less than \$10, but an individual with respect to whom a payment of aid under the plan is denied solely by reason of this paragraph is deemed to be a recipient of aid but shall not be eligible to participate
- in a community work experience program; 2
- (33) provide that in order for any individual to be considered a dependent child, a caretaker relative whose needs are to be taken into account in making the determination under paragraph (7), or any other person whose needs should be taken into account in making such a determination with respect to the child or relative "uch individual must be either (A) a citizen, or (B) an alien lawfully admitted for permanent residence or otherwise permanently residing in the United States under color of law (including any alien who is lawfully present in the United States as a result of the application of the provisions of section 207(c) of the Immigration and Nationality Act (or of section 203(a)(7) of such Act prior to April 1, 1980), or as a result of the application of the provisions of section 208 or 212(d)(5) of such Act; "
- (34) provide that both the standard of need applied to a family and the amount of aid determined to be payable, when not a whole dollar amount, shall be rounded to the next lower whole dollar amount: 4
 - (35) at the option of the State, provide-
 - (A) that as a condition of eligibility for aid under the State plan of any individual claiming such aid who is required to register pursuant to paragraph (19)(A) (or who would be required to register under paragraph (19)(A) but for clause (iii) thereof), including all such individuals or only such groups, types, or classes thereof as the State agency may designate for purposes of this paragraph, such individual will be required to participate in a program of employment search—
 - (i) beginning at the time he applies for such aid (or an application including his need is filed) and continuing for a period (prescribed by the State) of not more than eight weeks (but this requirement may not be used as a reason for any delay in making a determination of an individual's eligibility for aid or in issuing a payment to or in behalf of any individual who is otherwise elegible for such aid); and
 - (ii) at such time or times after the close of the period prescribed under clause (i) as the State agency may determine

¹ Par. (31) was added by sec. 2306 of P.L. 97-35.

² Par. (82) was added by sec. 2816 of P.L. 97-85.

Par. (88) was added by sec. 2320 of P.L. 97-85.

⁴ Par. (34) was added by sec. 151 of P.L. 97-248.

but not to exceed a total of 8 weeks in any 12 consecutive months:

- (B) that any individual participating in a program of employment search under this paragraph will be furnished such transportation and other services, or paid (in advance or by way of reimbursement) such amounts to cover transportation costs and other expenses reasonably incurred in meeting requirements imposed on him under this paragraph, as may be necessary to enable such individual to participate in such program; and
- (C) that, in the case of an individual who fails without good cause to comply with requirements imposed upon him under this paragraph, the sanctions imposed by paragraph (19)(F) shall be applied in the same manner as if the individual had made a refusal of the type which would cause the provisions of such paragraph (19)(F) to be applied (except that the State may at its option, for purposes of this paragraph, reduce the period for which such sanctions would otherwise be in effect).²
- (b) The Secretary shall approve any plan which fulfills the conditions specified i. subsection (a), except that he shall not approve any plan which imposes as a condition of eligibility for aid to families with dependent children a residence requirement which denies aid with respect to any child residing in the State (1) who has resided in the State for one year immediately preceding the application for such aid, or (2) who was born within one year immediately preceding the application, if the parent or other relative with whom the child is living has resided in the State for one year immediately preceding the birth.
- (c) The Secretary shall, on the basis of his review of the reports received from the States under clause (15) of subsection (a), compile such data as he believes necessary and from time to time publish his findings as to the effectiveness of the programs developed and administered by the States under such clause. The Secretary shall annually report to the Congress (with the first such report being made on or before July 1, 1970) on the programs developed and administered by each State under such clause (15).
- (d) (1) For purposes of this part, an individual's "income" shall also include, to the extent and under the circumstances prescribed by the Secretary, an amount (which shall be treated as earned income for purposes of this part) equal to the earned income advance amount (under section 3507(a) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954) that is

¹Par. (35) was added by sec. 154 of P.L. 97-248.

(or, upon the filing of an earned income eligibility certificate, would be) payable to such individual.

- (2) In any case in which such advance payments for a taxable year made by all employers to an individual under section 3507 of such Code exceed the amount of such individual's earned income credit allowable under section 43 of such Code for such year, so that such individual is liable under section 43(g) of such Code for a tax equal to such excess, such individual's benefit amount must be appropriately adjusted so as to provide payment to such individual of an amount equal to the amount of the benefits lost by such individual on account of such excess advance payments.¹
- (e) (1) The Secretary shall not approve the initial and annually updated advance automatic data processing planning document, referred to in subsection (a) (30), unless he finds that such document, when implemented, will generally carry out the objectives of the statewide management system referred to in such subsection, and such document—
 - (A) provides for the conduct of, and reflects the results of, requirements analysis studies, which include consideration of the program mission, functions, organization, services, constraints, and current support, of, in, or relating to, such system,
 - (B) contains a description of the proposed statewide management system, including a description of information flows, input data, and output reports and uses,
 - (C) sets forth the security and interface requirements to be employed in such statewide management system,
 - (D) describes the projected resource requirements for staff and other needs, and the resources available or expected to be available to meet such requirements,
 - (E) includes cost-benefit analyses of each alternative management system, data processing services and equipment, and a cost allocation plan containing the basis for rates, both direct and indirect, to be in effect under such statewide management system,
 - (F) contains an implementation plan with charts of development events, testing descriptions, proposed acceptance criteria, and backup and fallback procedures to handle possible failure of contingencies, and
 - (G) contains a summary of proposed improvement of such statewide management system in terms of qualitative and quantitative benefits.
- (2) (A) The Secretary shall, on a continuing basis, review, assess, and inspect the planning, design, and operation of, statewide management information systems referred to in section 403(a)(3)(B), with a view to determining whether, and to what extent, such systems

¹ Subsec. (d) was added by P.L. 96-222 and amended by sec. 2305 of P.L. 97-35.

meet and continue to meet requirements imposed under such section and the conditions specified under subsection (a) (30) of this section.

(B) If the Secretary finds with respect to any statewide management information system referred to in section 403(a)(3)(B) that there is a failure substantially to comply with criteria, requirements, and other undertakings, prescribed by the advance automatic data processing planning document theretofore approved by the Secretary with respect to such system, then the Secretary shall suspend his approval of such document until there is no longer any such failure of such system to comply with such criteria, requirements, and other undertakings so prescribed. ¹

Payment to States

Sec. 403.² (a) From the sums appropriated therefor, the Secretary of the Treasury shall pay to each State which has an approved plan for aid and services to needy families with children, for each quarter, beginning with the quarter commencing October 1, 1958—

(1) in the case of any State other than Puerto Rico, the Virgin Islands, and Guam, an amount equal to the sum of the following proportions of the total amounts expended during such quarter as aid to families with dependent children under the State plan—

- (A) five-sixths of such expenditures, not counting so much of any expenditure with respect to any month as exceeds the product of \$18 multiplied by the total number of recipients of aid to families with dependent children for such month (which total number, for purposes of this subsection, means (i) the number of individuals with respect to whom such aid in the form of money payments is paid for such month, plus (ii) the number of individuals, not counted under clause (i), with respect to whom payments described in section 406(b) (2) are made in such month and included as expenditures for purposes of this paragraph or paragraph (2)); plus ²
- (B) the Federal percentage of the amount by which such expenditures exceed the maximum which may be counted under clause (A), not counting so much of any expenditure

¹This subsection was added by sec. 406 of P.L. 96-265 effective July 1, 1981 and was redesignated as subsec. (e) by sec. 6(f) (3) of P.L. 96-473.

<sup>See also sec. 508 of P.L. 94-566 which is printed in this document on p. 762.
Subpars. (1) and (1)(A) were amended by sec. 2184(b)(1) P.L. 97-35.</sup>

with respect to any month as exceeds (i) the product of \$32 multiplied by the total number of recipients of aid to families with dependent children (other than such aid in the form of foster care) for such month, plus (ii) the product of \$100 multiplied by the total number of recipients of aid to families with dependent children in the form of foster care for such month; and

- (2) in the case of Puerto Rico, the Virgin Islands, and Guam, an amount equal to one-half of the total of the sums expended during such quarter as aid to families with dependent children under the State plan (including expenditures for premiums under part B of title XVIII for individuals who are recipients of money payments under such plan and other insurance premiums for medical or any other type of remedial care or the cost thereof) not counting so much of any expenditure with respect to any month as exceeds \$18 multiplied by the total number of recipients of such aid for such month; and ¹
- (3) in the case of any State, an amount equal to the sum of the following proportions of the total amounts expended during such quarter as found necessary by the Secretary of Health, Education, and Welfare for the proper and efficient administration of the State plan—

(A) [Repealed.] 2

- (B) 90 per centum of so much of the sums expended during such quarter as are attributable to the planning, design, development, or installation of such statewide mechanized claims processing and information retrieval systems as (i) meet the conditions of section 402(a) (30), and (ii) the Secretary determines are likely to provide more efficient, economical, and effective administration of the plan and to be compatible with the claims processing and information retrieval systems utilized in the administration of State plans approved under title XIX, and State programs with respect to which there is Federal financial participation under title XX, and ²
- (C) one-half of the remainder of such expenditures (including as expenditures under this subparagraph the value of any services furnished, and the amount of any payments made (to cover expenses incurred by individuals under a

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¹ Subpar. (2) was amended by sec. 2184(b) (1) of P.L. 97-35. Pursuant to sec. 9 of the Act of Apr. 19, 1950 (64 Stat. 44, 47), the Secretary of the Treasury must also pay to the States, in addition to the amounts produced by sec. 403(a) of the Social Security Act, an amount equal to 80 percent of the State share of assistance expenditures under the State plan with respect to Navajo and Hopi Indians.

^{*} Subpar. (A) was repealed by sec. 2319(a) of P.L. 97-35.

⁸ Subpar. (B) was added by sec. 406 of P.L. 96-265 effective July 1, 1981.

program of employment search), under section 402(a)(35)(B)).

except that no payment shall be made with respect to amounts expended in connection with the provision of any service described in section 2002(a) of this Act other than services furnished under section 402(a) (35) (B) (as described in the parenthetical phrase in subparagraph (C)), and other than services the provision of which is required by section 402(a) (19) to be included in the plan of the State, or which is a service provided in connection with a community work experience program or work supplementation program under section 409 or 414; and *

(4) [Repealed.]

- (5) in the case of any State, an amount equal to 50 per centum of the total amount expended under the State plan during such quarter as emergency assistance to needy families with children. No payment shall be made under this subsection with respect to amounts paid to supplement or otherwise increase the amount of aid to families with dependent children found payable in accordance with section 402(a) (13) if such amount is determined to have been paid by the State in recognition of the current or anticipated needs of a family (other than with respect to the first or first and second months of eligibility), but any such amount, if determined to have been paid by the State in recognition of the difference between the current or anticipated needs of a family for a month based upon actual income or other relevant circumstances for such month, and the needs of such family for such month based upon income and other relevant circumstances as retrospectively determined under section 402(a) (13) (A) (ii), shall not be considered income within the meaning of section 402(a) (13) for the purpose of determining the amount of aid in the succeeding months.
- (b) The method of computing and paying such amounts shall be as follows:
 - (1) The Secretary of Health, Education, and Welfare shall, prior to the beginning of each quarter, estimate the amount to be paid to the State for such quarter under the provisions of subsection (a), such estimate to be based on (A) a report filed by the State containing its estimate of the total sum to be expended in such quarter in accordance with the provisions of such subsection and stating the amount appropriated or made available by the State and its political subdivisions for such expenditures

¹ Former subpar. (B) was redesignated (C) by sec. 406 of P.L. 96-265 and was amended by sec. 154(b)(1) of P.L. 97-248.

In the case of Guam, Puerto Rico, and the Virgin Islands, section 403(a) (3) was made applicable in this form by section 2353(b) of P.L. 97-35. Section 403(a) (3) was amended by sec. 2307(b) and 2353 of P.L. 97-35 and by sec. 154(b) (2) of P.L. 97-248.

^{*}Subsec. (a) was amended by P.L. 94-88, by sec. 3(a) (1) of P.L. 95-171, by sec. 401 (1) of P.L. 95-216, secs. 2315 and 2317 of P.L. 97-85, and secs. 156(b) and 157 of P.L. 97-248.

in such quarters, and if such amount is less than the State's proportionate share of the total sum of such estimated expenditures, the source or sources from which the difference is expected to be derived, (B) records showing the number of dependent children in the State, and (C) such other investigation as the Secretary may find necessary.

(2) The Secretary of Health, Education, and Welfare shall then certify to the Secretary of the Treasury the amount so estimated by the Secretary of Health, Education, and Welfare, (A) reduced or increased, as the case may be, by any sum by which the Secretary of Health, Education, and Welfare finds that his estimate for any prior quarter was greater or less than the amount which should have been paid to the State for such quarter,

- (B) reduced by a sum equivalent to the pro rata share to which the United States is equitably entitled, as determined by the Secretary of Health, Education, and Welfare, of the net amount recovered during any prior quarter by the State or any political subdivision thereof with respect to aid to families with dependent children furnished under the State plan, and (C) reduced by such amount as is necessary to provide the "appropriate reimbursement of the Federal Government" that the State is required to make under section 457 out of that portion of child support collections retained by it pursuant to such section; except that such increases or reductions shall not be made to the extent that such sums have been applied to make the amount certified for any prior quarter greater or less than the amount estimated by the Secretary of Health, Education, and Welfare for such prior quarter.
- (3) The Secretary of the Treasury shall thereupon, through the Fiscal Service of the Treasury Department and prior to audit or settlement by the General Accounting Office, pay to the State, at the time or times fixed by the Secretary of Health, Education, and Welfare, the amount so certified.
- (c) Notwithstanding any other provision of this Act, the Federal share of assistance payments under this part shall be reduced with respect to any State for any fiscal year after June 30, 1973, by one percentage point for each percentage point by which the number of individuals certified, under the program of such State established pursuant to section 402(a) (19) (G), to the local employment office of the State as being ready for employment or training under section 432(b) (1), (2), or (3), is less than 15 per centum of the average number of individuals in such State who, during such year, are required to be registered pursuant to section 402(a) (19) (A).
- (d) (1) Notwithstanding any provision of subsection (a) (3), the applicable rate under such subsection shall be 90 per centum with respect to social and supportive services provided pursuant to section 402(a) (19) (G). In determining the amount of the expenditures made under a State plan for any quarter with respect to social and supportive services pursuant to section 402(a) (19) (G), there shall be included the fair and reasonable value of goods and services furnished in kind from the State or any political subdivision thereof.³
- (2) Of the sums authorized by section 401 to be appropriated for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1973, not more than \$750,000,000 shall be appropriated to the Secretary for payments with respect to services to which paragraph (1) applies.

¹ Subpar. (2) was amended by sec. 407 of P.L. 96-265 effective Jan. 1, 1981.

² Subsec. (c) was amended by sec. 401 of P.L. 96-265 effective Sept. 30, 1980.

² Subsec. (d)(1) was amended by sec. 401 of P.L. 96-265 and sec. 2319 of P.L. 97-35.

(e) [Repealed.]

(f) Notwithstanding any other provision of this section, the amount payable to any State under this part for quarters in a fiscal year shall with respect to quarters in fiscal years beginning after June 30, 1973, be reduced by 1 per centum (calculated without regard to any reduction under section 403(g)) of such amount if such State—

(1) in the immediately preceding fiscal year failed to carry out the provisions of section 402(a) (15) (B) as pertain to requiring the offering and arrangement for provision of family plan-

ning services; or

- (2) in the immediately preceding fiscal year (but, in the case of the fiscal year beginning July 1, 1972, only considering the third and fourth quarters thereof), failed to carry out the provisions of section 402(a)(15)(B) of the Social Security Act with respect to any individual who, within such period or periods as the Secretary may prescribe, has been an applicant for or recipient of aid to families with dependent children under the plan of the State approved under this part.
- (g) [Repealed.] 1
- (h) Notwithstanding any other provision of this Act, the amount payable to any State under this part for quarters in a fiscal year shall with respect to quarters beginning after December 31, 1976, be reduced by 5 per centum of such amount if such State is found by the Secretary as the result of the annual audit to have failed to have an effective program meeting the requirements of section 402(a) (27) in any fiscal year beginning after September 30, 1976 (but, in the case of the fiscal year beginning October 1, 1976, only considering the second, third, and fourth quarters thereof).

(i) (1) (A) Notwithstanding subsection (a) (1), if the ratio of a State's erroneous excess payments (as defined in subparagraph (C)) to its total payments under the State plan approved under this part

exceeds—

(i) 0.04 for fiscal year 1983, or

(ii) 0.03 for any fiscal year thereafter,

then the Secretary shall make no payment for such fiscal year with respect to so much of the erroneous excess payments (as so defined) as exceeds the allowable error rate for such fiscal year.

(B) The Secretary may waive, in certain limited cases, all or part of the reduction required under subparagraph (A) with respect to any State if such State is unable to reach the allowable error rate for a fiscal year despite a good faith effort by such State.

(C) For purposes of this subsection, the term "erroneous excess payments" means the total of (i) payments to ineligible families, and (ii) overpayments to eligible families.

² See excerpt from P.L. 96-272 (sec. 309).

¹ Subsec. (g) was repealed by sec. 2181 of P.L. 97-35.

- (2) The State agency administering the plan approved under this part shall, at such times and in such form as the Secretary may specify, provide information on the rates of erroneous excess payments made in connection with its administration of such plan, together with any other data he requests that are reasonably necessary for him to carry out the provisions of this subsection.
- (3) (A) If a State fails to cooperate with the Secretary in providing information necessary to carry out this subsection, the Secretary, directly or through contractual or such other arrangements as he may find appropriate, shall establish the error rates for that State on the basis of the best data reasonably available to him and in accordance with such techniques for sampling and estimating as he finds appropriate.
- (B) In any case in which it is necessary for the Secretary to exercise his authority under subparagraph (A) to determine a State's error rate for a fiscal year, the amount that would otherwise be payable to such State under this part for quarters in such year shall be reduced by the costs incurred by the Secretary in making (directly or otherwise) such determination.
- (4) This subsection shall not apply with respect to Puerto Rico, Guam, or the Virgin Islands.¹
- (j) In the case of Puerto Rico, Guam, or the Virgin Islands, if the dollar error rate of aid furnished by such State under its State plan approved under this part with respect to any six-month period, as based on samples and evaluations thereof, is—
 - (1) at least 4 per centum, the amount of the Federal financial participation in the expenditures made by the State in carrying

¹ Subsec. (1) was added by sec. 401(2) of P.L. 95-216 and was amended in its entirety by sec. 156(a) of P.L. 97-248. Sec. 156(e) of P.L. 97-248 provides:

⁽e) The regulations currently in effect for fiscal year 1982 with respect to erroneous payments made by States under a State plan approved under part A of title IV of the Social Security Act (45 CFR 205.42) shall remain in effect with respect to erroneous payments made by States until new regulations reflecting the changes made by subsection (a) are promulgated and placed in effect.

out such plan during such period shall be determined without regard to the provisions of this subsection; or

- (2) less than 4 per centum, the amount of the Federal financial participation in the expenditures made by the State in carrying out such plan during such period shall be the amount determined without regard to this subsection, plus, of the amount by which such expenditures are less than they would have been if the erroneous excess payments of aid had been at a rate of 4 per centum—
 - (A) 10 per centum of the Federal share of such amount, in case such rate is not less than 3.5 per centum,
 - (B) 20 per centum of the Federal share of such amount, in case such rate is at least 3.0 per centum but less than 3.5 per centum,
 - (C) 30 per centum of the Federal share of such amount, in case such rate is at least 2.5 per centum but less than 3.0 per centum,
 - (D) 40 per centum of the Federal share of such amount, in case such rate is at least 2.0 per centum but less than 2.5 per centum,
 - (E) 50 per centum of the Federal share of such amount, in case such rate is less than 2.0 per centum.

For purposes of this subsection (i) the term "dollar error rate of aid" means the total of the dollar error rates of aid for (I) payments to ineligible families receiving assistance; (II) overpayments to eligible families receiving assistance; (III) underpayments to eligible families receiving assistance; and (IV) nonpayments to eligible families not receiving assistance due to erroneous terminations or denials, and (ii) the term "erroneous excess payments," means the total of (I) erroneous payments to ineligible families receiving assistance, and (II) overpayments to eligible families receiving assistance.

Operation of State Plans

Sec. 404. (a) In the case of any State plan for aid and services to needy families with children which has been approved by the Secretary of Health, Education, and Welfare, if the Secretary, after reasonable notice and opportunity for hearing to the State agency administering or supervising the administration of such plan, finds—

(1) that the plan has been so changed as to impose any residence requirement prohibited by section 402(b), or that in the administration of the plan any such prohibited requirement is imposed, with the knowledge of such State agency, in a substantial number of cases; or

¹ Subsec. (j) was added by sec. 402(a) of P.L. 95-216 and amended by sec. 156(c) of P.L 97-248 effective with respect to six-month periods beginning after April 1983.

(2) that in the administration of the plan there is a failure to comply substantially with any provision required by section 402 (a) to be included in the plan:

the Secretary shall notify such State agency that further payments will not be made to the State (or, in his discretion, that payments will be limited to categories under or parts of the State plan not affected by such failure) until the Secretary is satisfied that such prohibited requirement is no longer so imposed, and that there is no longer any such failure to comply. Until he is so satisfied he shall make no further payments to such State (or shall limit payments to categories under or parts of the State plan not affected by such failure).

- (b) No payment to which a State is otherwise entitled under this title for any period before September 1, 1962, shall be withheld by reason of any action taken pursuant to a State statute which requires that aid be denied under the State plan approved under this part with respect to a child because of the conditions in the home in which the child resides; nor shall any such payment be withheld for any period beginning on or after such date by reason of any action taken pursuant to such a statute if provision is otherwise made pursuant to a State statute for adequate care and assistance with respect to such child.
- (c) No State shall be found, prior to January 1, 1977, to have failed substantially to comply with the requirements of section 402 (a) (27) if, in the judgment of the Secretary, such State is making a good faith effort to implement the program required by such section.
- (d) After December 31, 1976, in the case of any State which is found to have failed substantially to comply with the requirements of section 402(a) (27), the reduction in any amount payable to such State required to be imposed under section 403(h) shall be imposed in lieu of any reduction, with respect to such failure, which would otherwise be required to be imposed under this section.

Use of Payments for Benefit of Child

Sec. 405. Whenever the State agency has reason to believe that any payments of aid to families with dependent children made with respect to a child are not being or may not be used in the best interests of the child, the State agency may provide for such counseling and guidance services with respect to the use of such payments and the management of other funds by the relative receiving such payments as it deems advisable in order to assure use of such payments in the best interests of such child, and may provide for advising such relative that continued failure to so use such payments will result in substitution therefor of protective payments as provided under section 406 (b) (2), or in seeking appointment of a guardian or legal representa-

tive as provided in section 1111, or in the imposition of criminal or civil penalties authorized under State law if it is determined by a court of competent jurisdiction that such relative is not using or has not used for the benefit of the child any such payments made for that purpose; and the provision of such services or advice by the State agency (or the taking of the action specified in such advice) shall not serve as a basis for withholding funds from such State under section 401 and shall not prevent such payments with respect to such child from being considered aid to families with dependent children.

Definitions

Sec. 406. When used in this part—

(a) The term "dependent child" means a needy child (1) who has been deprived of parental support or care by reason of the death, continued absence from the home (other than absence occasioned solely by reason of the performance of active duty in the uniformed services of the United States), or physical or mental incapacity of a parent, and who is living with his father, mother, grandfather, grandmother, brother, sister, stepfather, stepmother, stepbrother, stepsister, uncle, aunt, first cousin, nephew, or niece in a place of residence maintained by one or more of such relatives as his or their own home, and (2) who is (A) under the age of eighteen, or (B) at the option of the State, under the age of nineteen and a full-time student in a secondary school (or in the equivalent level of vocational or technical training), if, before he attains age nineteen, he may reasonably be expected to complete the program of such secondary school (or such training); ¹

(b) The term "aid to families with dependent children" means money payments with respect to a dependent child or dependent children, or, at the option of the State, a pregnant woman but only if it has been medically verified that the child is expected to be born in the month such payments are made or within the three-month period following such month of payment, and who, if such child had been born and was living with her in the month of payment, would be eligible for aid to families with dependent children and includes (1) money payments to meet the needs of the relative with whom any dependent child is living (and the spouse of such relative if living with him and if such relative is the child's parent and the child is a dependent child by reason of the physical or mental incapacity of a parent or is a dependent child under section 407), and (2) payments with respect to any dependent child (including payments to meet the needs of the relative, and the relative's spouse, with whom such child

¹ Subsec. (a) was amended by sec. 2311 of P.L. 97-35 and by sec. 158 of P.L. 97-248.

is living, and the needs of any other individual living in the same home if such needs are taken into account in making the determination under section 402(a)(7)) which do not meet the preceding requirements of this subsection but which would meet such requirements except that such payments are made to another individual who (as determined in accordance with standards prescribed by the Secretary) is interested in or concerned with the welfare of such child or relative, or are made on behalf of such child or relative directly to a person furnishing food, living accommodations, or other goods, services, or items to or for such child, relative, or other individual, but only with respect to a State whose State plan approval under section 402 includes provision for—

(A) determination by the State agency that the relative of the child with respect to whom such payments are made has such inability to manage funds that making payments to him would be contrary to the welfare of the child and, therefore, it is necessary to provide such aid with respect to such child and relative through payments described in this clause (2);

(B) undertaking and continuing special efforts to develop greater ability on the part of the relative to manage funds in

such manner as to protect the welfare of the family;

(C) periodic review by such State agency of the determination under clause (A) to ascertain whether conditions justifying such determination still exist, with provision for termination of such payments if they do not and for seeking judicial appointment of a guardian or other legal representative, as described in section 1111, if and when it appears that the need for such payments is continuing, or is likely to continue, beyond a period specified by the Secretary;

(D) aid in the form of foster home care in behalf of children described in section 408(a); and

(E) opportunity for a fair hearing before the State agency on the determination referred to in clause (A) for any individual with respect to whom it is made.

Payments with respect to a dependent child which are intended to enable the recipient to pay for specific goods, services, or items recognized by the State agency as a part of the child's need under the State plan may (in the discretion of the State or local agency administering the plan in the political subdivision) be made, pursuant to a determination referred to in clause (2)(A), in the form of checks drawn jointly to the order of the recipient and the person furnishing such goods, services, or items and negotiable only upon endorsement by both such recipient and such person; and payments so made shall be considered for all of the purposes of this part to be payments

described in clause (2). Whenever payments with respect to a dependent child are made in the manner described in clause (2) (including payments described in the preceding sentence), a statement of the specific reasons for making such payments in that manner (on which the determination under clause (2)(A) was based) shall be placed in the file maintained with respect to such child by the State or local agency administering the State plan in the political subdivision. Payments of the type described in clause (2) shall not be subject to the requirements of clauses (A) through (E) of such clause (2), when they are made in the manner described in clause (2) at the request of the family member to whom payment would otherwise be made in an unrestricted manner.

- (c) The term "relative with whom any dependent child is living" means the individual who is one of the relatives specified in subsection (a) and with whom such child is living (within the meaning of such subsection) in a place of residence maintained by such individual (himself or together with any one or more of the other relatives so specified) as his (or their) own home.
 - (d) [Repealed.]
- (e) (1) The term "emergency assistance to needy families with children" means any of the following, furnished for a period not in excess of 30 days in any 12-month period, in the case of a needy child under the age of 21, who is (or, within such period as may be specified by the Secretary, has been) living with any of the relatives specified in subsection (a) (1) in a place of residence maintained by one or more of such relatives as his or their own home, but only where such child is without available resources, the payments, care, or services involved are necessary to avoid destitution of such child or to provide living arrangements in a home for such child, and such destitution or need for living arrangements did not arise because such child or relative refused without good cause to accept employment or training for employment—
 - (A) money payments, payments in kind, or such other payments as the State agency may specify with respect to, or medical care or any other type of remedial care recognized under State law (for which such individual is not entitled to medical assistance under the State plan under title XIX) on behalf of, such child or any other member of the household in which he is living, and
- (B) such services as may be specified by the Secretary; but only with respect to a State whose State plan approved under section 402 includes provision for such assistance.
- (2) Emergency assistance as authorized under paragraph (1) may be provided under the conditions specified in such paragraph to migrant workers with families in the State or in such part or parts thereof as the State shall designate.²

³¹⁷ of P.L. 97-35.

**Subsection (b) was amended by sec. 3(a) of P.L. 95-171 and secs. 2184, 2312, and 2317 of P.L. 97-35.

**Subsec. (e) was amended by sec. 2184 of P.L. 97-35.

(f) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (b), the term "aid to families with dependent children" does not mean payments with respect to a parent (or other individual whose needs such State determines should be considered in determining the need of the child or relative claiming aid under the plan of such State approved under this part) of a child who fails to cooperate with any agency or official of the State in obtaining such support payments for such child. Nothing in this subsection shall be construed to make an otherwise eligible child ineligible for protective payments because of the failure of such parent (or such other individual) to so cooperate.

(g) (1) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (b), the term

"aid to families with dependent children" does not mean any—

- (A) amount paid to meet the needs of an unborn child: or
- (B) amount paid (or by which a payment is increased) to meet the needs of a woman occasioned by or resulting from her pregnancy, unless, as has been medically verified, the woman's child is expected to be born in the month such payments are made (or increased) or within the three-month period following such month of payment.
- (2) Notwithstanding paragraph (1), a State may provide that for purposes of title XIX a pregnant woman shall be deemed to be a recipient of aid to families with dependent children under this part if she would be eligible for such aid if such child had been born and was living with her in the month of payment, and such pregnancy has been medically verified.¹

Dependent Children of Unemployed Parents²

- Sec. 407. (a) The term "dependent child" shall, notwithstanding section 406(a), include a needy child who meets the requirements of section 406(a)(2), who has been deprived of parental support or care by reason of the unemployment (as determined in accordance with standards prescribed by the Secretary) of the parent who is the principal earner, and who is living with any of the relatives specified in section 406(a)(1) in a place of residence maintained by one or more of such relatives as his (or their) own home.
- (b) The provisions of subsection (a) shall be applicable to a State if the State's plan approved under section 402—
 - (1) requires the payment of aid to families with dependent children with respect to a dependent child as defined in subsection (a) when—
 - (A) whichever of such child's parents is the principal earner has not been employed (as determined in accordance

¹ Subsec. (g) was added by sec. 2312 of P.L. 97-35.

² Sec. 407 was amended by sec. 2313 of P.L. 97-35.

with the standards prescribed by the Secretary) for at least 30 days prior to the receipt of such aid,

- (B) such parent has not without good cause, within such period (of not less than 30 days) as may be prescribed by the Secretary, refused a bona fide offer of employment or training for employment, and
- (C) (i) such father has 6 or more quarters of work (as defined in subsection (d)(1)) in any 13-calendar-quarter period ending within one year prior to the application for such aid or (ii) he received unemployment compensation under an unemployment compensation law of a State or of the United States, or he was qualified (within the meaning of subsection (d)(3)) for unemployment compensation under the unemployment compensation law of the State, within one year prior to the application for such aid; and
- (2) provides—
 - (A) for such assurances as will satisfy the Secretary that unemployed parents of dependent children as defined in subsection (a) will be certified to the Secretary of Labor as provided in section 402(a) (19) within thirty days after receipt of aid with respect to such children;
 - (B) for entering into cooperative arrangements with the State agency responsible for administering or supervising the administration of vocational education in the State, designed to assure maximum utilization of available public vocational education services and facilities in the State in order to encourage the retraining of individuals capable of being retrained;
 - (C) for the denial of aid to families with dependent children to any child or relative specified in subsection (a)—
 - (i) if and for so long as such child's parent described in paragraph (1)(A), unless exempt under section 402 (a)(19)(A), is not currently registered pursuant to such section for the work incentive program established under part C of this title, or, if he is exempt under such section by reason of clause (iii) thereof or no such program in which he can effectively participate has been established or provided under section 432(a), is not registered with the public employment offices in the State, and
 - (ii) with respect to any week for which such child's parent described in paragraph (1)(A), qualifies for unemployment compensation under an unemployment compensation law of a State or of the United States, but refuses to apply for or accept such unemployment compensation; and

- (D) for the reduction of the aid to families with dependent children otherwise payable to any child or relative specified in subsection (a) by the amount of any unemployment compensation that such child's parent described in paragraph (1)(A), receives under an unemployment compensation law of a State or of the United States.¹
- (c) Notwithstanding any other provisions of this section, expenditures pursuant to this section shall be excluded from aid to families with dependent children (A) where such expenditures are made under the plan with respect to any dependent child as defined in subsection (a), (i) for any part of the 30-day period referred to in subparagraph (A) of subsection (b) (1), or (ii) for any period prior to the time when the parent satisfies subparagraph (B) of such subsection, and (B) if, and for as long as, no action is taken (after the 30-day period referred to in paragraph (A) of subsection (b) (2)), under the program therein specified, to certify such parent to the Secretary of Labor pursuant to section 402(a) (19).
 - (d) For purposes of this section—
 - (1) the term "quarter of work" with respect to any individual means a calendar quarter in which such individual received earned income of not less than \$50 (or which is a "quarter of coverage" as defined in section 213(a)(2)), or in which such individual participated in a community work experience program under section 409, or the work incentive program established under part C;²
 - (2) the term "calendar quarter" means a period of 3 consecutive calendar months ending on March 31, June 30, September 30, or December 31:
 - (8) an individual shall, for purposes of section 407(b)(1)(C), be deemed qualified for unemployment compensation under the State's unemployment compensation law if—
 - (A) he would have been eligible to receive such unemployment compensation upon filing application, or
 - (B) he performed work not covered under such law and such work, if it had been covered, would (together with any covered work he performed) have made him eligible to receive such unemployment compensation upon filing application; and ²
 - (4) the phrase "whichever of such child's parents is the principal earner", in the case of any child, means whichever parent, in a home in which both parents of such child are living, earned the greater amount of income in the 24-month period the last month

² Subsection (b) (2) was amended by section 507(a) of P.L. 94-566 and by sec. 2313 of P.L. 97-35.

² Par. (1) was amended by sec. 2858(q) of P.L. 97-35.

² Par. (3) was amended by sec. 507(b) of P.L. 94-566.

of which immediately precedes the month in which an application is filed for aid under this part on the basis of the unemployment of a parent, for each consecutive month for which the family receives such aid on that basis.

(e) The Secretary of Health, Education, and Welfare and the Secretary of Labor shall jointly enter into an agreement with each State which is able and willing to do so for the purpose of (1) simplifying the procedures to be followed by unemployed parents and other unemployed persons in such State in registering pursuant to section 402(a)(19) for the work incentive program established by part C of this title and in registering with public employment offices (under this section and otherwise) or in connection with applications for unemployment compensation, by reducing the number of locations or agencies where such persons must go in order to register for such programs and in connection with such applications, and (2) providing where possible for a single registration satisfying this section and the requirements of both the work incentive program and the applicable unemployment compensation laws. ¹

[Federal Payments for Foster Home Care of Dependent Children 2

[Sec. 408. Effective for the period beginning May 1, 1961—

I(a) The term "dependent child" shall, notwithstanding section 406(a), also include a child (1) who would meet the requirements of such section 406(a) or of section 407, except for his removal after April 30, 1961, from the home of a relative (specified in such section 406(a)) pursuant to a voluntary placement agreement entered into by the child's parent or legal guardian, or as a result of a judicial determination to the effect that continuation therein would be contrary to the welfare of such child, (2) whose placement and care are the responsibility of (A) the State or local agency administering the State plan approved under section 402, or (B) any other public agency with whom the State agency administering or supervising the administration of such State plan has made an agreement which is still in effect and which includes provision for assuring development of a plan, satisfactory to such State agency, for such child as provided in paragraph (f)(1) and such other provisions as may be necessary to assure accomplishment of the objectives of the State plan approved under section 402, (3) who has been placed in a foster family home or childcare institution as a result of such voluntary placement agreement or

¹ Subsec. (e) was added by sec. 507(d) of P.L. 94-568.

² Sec. 408 is repealed by sec. 101(a)(2) of P.L. 96-272. The repeal 's effective at the time the State plan under title IV-E becomes effective (but no later than Sept. 30, 1982). See excerpt from P.L. 96-272.

judicial determination, and (4) who (A) received aid under such State plan in or for the month in which such agreement was entered into or court proceedings leading to such determination were initiated, or (B) (i) would have received such aid in or for such month if application had been made therefor, or (ii) in the case of a child who had been living with a relative specified in section 406(a) within six months prior to the month in which such agreement was entered into or such proceedings were initiated, would have received such aid in or for such month if in such month he had been living with (and removed from the home of) such a relative and application had been made therefor;¹

[(b) the term "aid to families with dependent children" shall, notwithstanding section 406(b), include also foster care in behalf of a child described in paragraph (a) of this section—

[(1) in the foster family home of any individual, whether the payment therefor is made to such individual or to a public or nonprofit private child-placement or child-care agency, or

- [(2) in a child-care institution, whether the payment therefor is made to such institution or to a public or nonprofit private child-placement or child-care agency, but subject to limitations prescribed by the Secretary with a view to including as "aid to families with dependent children" in the case of such foster care in such institutions only those items which are included in such term in the case of foster care in the foster family home of an individual;
- (c) the number of individuals counted under clause (A) of section 403(a)(1) for any month shall include individuals (not otherwise included under such clause) with respect to whom expenditures were made in such month as aid to families with dependent children in the form of foster care; and
- [(d) services described in paragraph (f)(2) of this section shall be considered as part of the administration of the State plan for purposes of section 403(a)(3);

but only with respect to a State whose State plan approved under section 402—

- [(e) includes aid for any child described in paragraph (a) of this section, and
- [(f) includes provision for (1) development of a plan for each such child (including periodic review of the necessity for the child's being

¹ Subsec. (a) was amended by sec. 102 of P.L. 96-272 effective for expenditures after Sept. 30, 1979.

in a foster family home or child-care institution) to assure that he receives proper care and that services are provided which are designed to improve the conditions in the home from which he was removed or to otherwise make possible his being placed in the home of a relative specified in section 406(a), and (2) use by the State or local agency administering the State plan, to the maximum extent practicable, in placing such a child in a foster family home or child-care institution, of the services of employees, of the State public-welfare agency referred to in section 522(a) (relating to allotments to States for any child welfare services under part 3 of title V) or any local agency participating in the administration of the plan referred to in such section, who perform functions in the administration of such plan.

Efor the purposes of this section, the term "foster family home" means a foster family home for children which is licensed by the State in which it is situated or has been approved, by the agency of such State having responsibility for licensing homes of this type, as meeting the standards established for such licensing; and the term "child-care institution" means a nonprofit private child-care institution, or a public child-care institution which accommodates no more than twenty-five children, which is licensed by the State in which it is situated or has been approved, by the agency of such State responsible for licensing or approval of institutions of this type, as meeting the standards established for such licensing; but the term shall not include detention facilities, forestry camps, training schools, or any other facility operated primarily for the detention of children who are determined to be delinquent.

[For the purposes of this section, the provisions of subsections (d), (e), (f), and (g) of section 472 shall apply.] 2

Community Work Experience Programs 3

Sec. 409. (a) (1) Any State which chooses to do so may establish a community work experience program in accordance with this section. The purpose of the community work experience program is to provide experience and training for individuals not otherwise able to obtain employment, in order to assist them to move into regular employment. Community work experience programs shall be designed to improve the employability of participants through actual work experience and training and to enable individuals employed under community work experience programs to move promptly into regular public or private employment. The facilities of the State public em-

¹ This paragraph was amended by sec. 101 of P.L. 96-272.

³ This paragraph was added by sec. 102 of P.L. 96-272.

^{*} Sec. 409 was amended by section 2807 of P.L. 97-85.

ployment offices may be utilized to find employment opportunities for recipients under this program. Community work experience programs shall be limited to projects which serve a useful public purpose in fields such as health, social service, environmental protection, education, urban and rural development and redevelopment, welfare, recreation, public facilities, public safety, and day care. To the extent possible, the prior training, experience, and skills of a recipient shall be utilized in making appropriate work experience assignments. A community work experience program established under this section shall provide—

(A) appropriate standards for health, safety, and other conditions applicable to the performance of work;

(B) that the program does not result in displacement of persons currently employed, or the filling of established unfilled position vacancies:

(C) reasonable conditions of work, taking into account the geographic region, the residence of the participants, and the proficiency of the participants;

(D) that the participants will not be required, without their consent, to travel an unreasonable distance from their homes or remain away from their homes overnight;

(E) that the maximum number of hours in any month that a participant may be required to work is that number which equals the amount of aid payable with respect to the family of which such individual is a member under the State plan approved under this part, divided by the greater of the Federal or the applicable State minimum wage; and

(F) that provision will be made for transportation and other costs, not in excess of an amount established by the Secretary, reasonably necessary and directly related to participation in the program.

(2) Nothing contained in this section shall be construed as authorizing the payment of aid under this part as compensation for work performed, nor shall a participant be entitled to a salary or to any other work or training expense provided under any other provision of law by reason of his participation in a program under this section.

(8) Nothing in this part C, or in any State plan approved under this part, shall be construed to prevent a State from operating (on such terms and conditions and in such cases the State may find to be necessary or appropriate, whether or not such terms, conditions, and cases are consistent with section 402(a)(19) or part (C)) a community work experience program in accordance with this section.

(b) (1) Each recipient of aid under the plan who is registered under section 402(a) (19) shall participate, upon referral by the State

agency, in a community work experience program unless such recipient is currently employed for no fewer than 80 hours a month and is earning an amount not less than the applicable minimum wage for such employment.

- (2) In addition to an individual described in paragraph (1), the State agency may also refer, for participation in programs under this section, an individual who would be required to register under section 402(a) (19) (A) but for the exception contained in clause (v) of such section (but only if the child for whom the parent or relative is caring is not under the age of three and child care is available for such child), or in clause (iii) of such section.
- (3) The chief executive officer of the State shall provide coordination between a community work experience program operated pursuant to this section, any program of employment search under section 402(a) (35), and the work incentive program operated pursuant to part C so as to insure that job placement will have priority over participation in the community work experience program, and that individuals eligible to participate in more than one such program are not denied aid under the State plan on the grounds of failure to participate in one such program if they are actively and satisfactorily participating in another. The chief executive officer of the State may provide that part-time participation in more than one such program may be required where appropriate.¹

(c) The provisions of section 402(a) (19) (F) shall apply to any individual referred to a community work experience program who fails to participate in such program in the same manner as they apply to an individual to whom section 402(a) (19) applies.

(d) In the case of any State which makes expenditures in the form described in subsection (a) under its State plan approved under section 402, expenditures for the proper and efficient administration of the State plan, for purposes of section 403(a)(3), may not include the cost of making or acquiring materials or equipment in connection with the work performed under a program referred to in subsection (a) or the cost of supervision of work under such program, and may include only such costs attributable to such programs as are permitted by the Secretary.

¹ Par. (3) was amended by sec. 154(c) of P.L. 97-248.

Food Stamp Distribution

Sec. 410. (a) Any State plan for aid and services to needy families with children may (but is not required under this title or any other provision of Federal law to) provide for the institution of procedures, in any or all areas of the State, by the State agency administering or supervising the administration of such plan under which any household participating in the food stamp program established by the Food Stamp Act of 1964, as amended, will be entitled, if it so elects, to have the charges, if any, for its coupon allotment under such program deducted from any aid, in the form of money payments, which is (or, except for the deduction of such charge, would be) payable to or with respect to such household (or any member or members thereof) under such plan and have its coupon allotment distributed to it with such aid.

(b) Any deduction made pursuant to an option provided in accordance with subsection (a) shall not be considered to be a payment de-

scribed in section 406(b)(2).

(c) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, no agency which is designated as a State agency for any State under or pursuant to the Food Stamp Act of 1964, as amended, shall be regarded as having failed to comply with any requirement imposed by or pursuant to such Act solely because of the failure, of the State agency administering or supervising the administration of the State plan (approved under this part) of such State, to institute or carry out a procedure, described in subsection (a).

Access to Wage Information ²

Sec. 411. (a) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the Secretary shall make available to States and political subdivisions thereof wage information contained in the records of the Social Security

³ Sec. 410 was added by sec. 1(a) of P.L. 94-585. See also sec. 1(b) of P.L. 94-585 which is printed on page 768 of this document. Sec. 410 will be obsolete upon implementation of P.L. 95-118 which eliminates the Food Stamp purchase requirements.

⁸ Sec. 411 was added by sec. 403(a) of P.L. 95-216.

Administration which is necessary (as determined by the Secretary in regulations) for purposes of determining an individual's eligibility for aid or services, or the amount of such aid or services, under a State plan for aid and services to needy families with children approved under this part, and which is specifically requested by such State or political subdivision for such purposes.

(b) The Secretary shall establish such safeguards as are necessary (as determined by the Secretary under regulations) to insure that information made available under the provisions of this section is used only for the purposes authorized by this section.

Prorating Shelter Allowance of AFDC Family Living With Another Household

Sec. 412. A State plan for aid and services to needy families with children may provide that, in determining the need of any dependent child or relative claiming aid who is living with other individuals (not claiming aid together with such child or relative) as a household (as defined, for purposes of this section, by the Secretary), the amount included in the standard of need, and the payment standard, applied to such child or relative for shelter, utilities, and similar needs may be prorated on a reasonable basis, in such manner and under such circumstances as the State may determine to be appropriate. For purposes of any method of proration used by a State under this section, there shall not be included as a member of a household an individual receiving benefits under title XVI in any month to whom the one-third reduction prescribed by section 1612(a)(2)(A)(i) is applied.

Technical Assistance for Developing Management Information Systems

Sec. 413. The Secretary shall provide such technical assistance to States as he determines necessary to assist States to plan, design, develop, or install and provide for the security of, the management information systems referred to in section 403(a)(3)(B) of this Act.²

[Page 248 follows]

¹ Sec. 412 was amended in its entirety by sec. 155 of P.L. 97-248.

^{*} Sec. 418 was added by sec. 406 of P.L. 96-265 effective with respect to expenditures made starting July 1, 1981.

Work Supplementation Program 1

Sec. 414. (a) It is the purpose of this section to allow a State to institute a work supplementation program under which such State, to the extent such State determines to be appropriate, may make jobs available, on a voluntary basis, as an alternative to aid otherwise provided under the State plan approved under this part.

(b) (1) Notwithstanding the provisions of section 406 or any other provision of law, Federal funds may be paid to a State under this part, subject to the provisions of this section, with respect to expenditures incurred in operating a work supplementation program under

this section.

(2) Nothing in this part or part C, or in any State plan approved under this part, shall be construed to prevent a State from operating (on such terms and conditions and in such cases as the State may find to be necessary or appropriate, whether or not such terms, conditions, and cases are consistent with section 402(a)(19) or part C) a work supplementation program in accordance with this section.

(3) Notwithstanding section 402(a) (23) or any other provision of law, a State may adjust the levels of the standards of need under the State plan as the State determines to be necessary and appropriate for carrying out a work supplementation program under this section.

- (4) Notwithstanding section 402(a)(1) or any other provision of law, a State operating a work supplementation program under this section may provide that the needs standards in effect in those areas of the State in which such program is in operation may be different from the needs standards in effect in the areas in which such program is not in operation, and such State may provide that the needs standards for categories of recipients of aid may vary among such categories as the State determines to be appropriate on the basis of ability to participate in the work supplementation program.
- (5) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, a State may make further adjustments in the amounts of aid paid under the plan to different categories of receipients 2 (as determined under paragraph (4)) in order to offset increases in benefits from needs related programs (other than the State plan approved under this part) as the State determines to be necessary and appropriate to further the purposes of the work supplementation program.
- (6) Notwithstanding section 402(a)(8) or any other provision of law, a State operating a work supplementation program under this section may reduce or eliminate the amount of earned income to be disregarded under the State plan as the State determines to be necessary and appropriate to further the purposes of the work supplementation program.

¹ Sec. 414 was added by sec. 2808 of P.L. 97-85.

^{*} The word "recipients" is misspelled in the public law.

- (c) (1) A work supplementation program operated by a State under this section shall provide that any individual who is an eligible individual (as determined under paragraph (2)) may choose to take a supplemented job (as defined in paragraph (3)) to the extent supplemented jobs are available under the program. Payments by the State to individuals or to employers under the program shall be expenditures incurred by the State for aid to families with dependent children, except as limited by subsection (d).
- (2) For purposes of this section, an eligible individual is an individual who is in a category which the State determines shall be eligible to participate in the work supplementation program, and who would, at the time of his placement in such job, be eligible for assistance under the State plan if such State did not have a work supplementation program in effect and had not altered its State plan accordingly, as such State plan was in effect in May 1981, or as modified thereafter as required by Federal law.

(8) For purposes of this section, a supplemented job is—

- (A) a job position provided to an eligible individual by the State or local agency administering the State plan under this part;
 - (B) a job position provided to an eligible individual by a public or nonprofit entity for which all or part of the wages are paid by such State or local agency; or
 - (C) a job position provided to an eligible individual by a proprietary entity involving the provision of child day care services for which all or part of the wages are paid by such State or local agency, but only if such entity does not claim a credit for any part of the wages paid to such eligible individual under section 40 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954 (relating to credit for expenses of the work incentive program) or section 44B of such Code (relating to credit for employment of certain new employees).

A State may provide or subsidize any job position under the program as such State determines to be appropriate, but acceptance of any such position shall be voluntary.

- (d) The amount of the Federal payment to a State under section 403 for any quarter for expenditures incurred in operating a work supplementation program shall not exceed an amount equal to the difference between—
 - (1) the amount which would have been paid under section 403 to such State for such quarter under the State plan if it did not have a work supplementation program in effect and had not altered its State plan accordingly, as such State plan was in effect in May 1981, or as modified thereafter as required by Federal law; and

(2) the amount paid to such State under section 403 for such quarter exclusive of the amount so paid for such quarter for the work supplementation program.

(e) (1) Nothing in this section shall be construed as requiring a State or local agency administering the State plan to provide employee status to any eligible individual to whom it provides a job position under the work supplementation program, or with respect to whom it provides all or part of the wages paid to such individual by another entity under such program.

(2) Nothing in this section shall be construed as requiring such State or local agency to provide that eligible individuals filling job positions provided by other entities under such program be provided employee status by such entity during the first 13 weeks during which

they fill such position.

(3) Wages paid under a work supplementation program shall be considered to be earned income for purposes of any provision of law.

- (f) Any work supplementation program operated by a State shall be administered by—
 - (1) the agency designated to administer or supervise the administration of the State plan under section 402(a)(3); or

(2) the agency (if any) designated to administer the commu-

nity work experience program under section 409.

- (g) Any State which chooses to operate a work supplementation program under this section may choose to provide that any individual who participates in such program, and any child or relative of such individual (or other individual living in the same household as such individual) who would be eligible for aid under the State plan approved under this part if such State did not have a work supplementation program, shall be considered individuals receiving aid under the State plan approved under this part for purposes of eligibility for medical assistance under the State plan approved under title XIX.
- (h) No individual receiving a grant under the State plan shall be excused, by reason of the fact that such State has a work supplementation program, from any requirement of this part or part C relating to work requirements.

Attribution of Sponsor's Income and Resources to Alien 1

Sec. 415. (a) For purposes of determining eligibility for and the amount of benefits under a State plan approved under this part for an individual who is an alien described in clause (B) of section 402(a)(33), the income and resources of any person who (as a sponsor of such individual's entry into the United States) executed an affidavit of support or similar agreement with respect to such individual, and the income and resources of the sponsor's spouse, shall be

¹ Sec. 415 was added by sec. 2320 of P.L. 97-35.

deemed to be the unearned income and resources of such individual (in accordance with subsections (b) and (c)) for a period of three years after the individual's entry into the United States, except that this section is not applicable if such individual is a dependent child and such sponsor (or such sponsor's spouse) is the parent of such child.

- (b) (1) The amount of income of a sponsor (and his spouse) which shall be deemed to be the unearned income of an alien for any month shall be determined as follows:
 - (A) the total amount of earned and unearned income of such sponsor and such sponsor's spouse (if such spouse is living with the sponsor) shall be determined for such month;
 - (B) the amount determined under subparagraph (A) shall be reduced by an amount equal to the sum of—
 - (i) the lesser of (I) 20 percent of the total of any amounts received by the sponsor and his spouse in such month as wages or salary or as net earnings from self-employment, plus the full amount of any costs incurred by them in producing self-employment income in such month, or (II) \$175;
 - (ii) the cash needs standard established by the State under its plan for a family of the same size and composition as the sponsor and those other individuals living in the same household as the sponsor who are claimed by him as dependents for purposes of determining his Federal personal income tax liability but whose needs are not taken into account in making a determination under section 402(a)(7);
 - (iii) any amounts paid by the sponsor (or his spouse) to individuals not living in such household who are claimed by him as dependents for purposes of determining his Federal personal income tax liability; and
 - (iv) any payments of alimony or child support with respect to individuals not living in such household.
- (2) The amount of resources of a sponsor (and his spouse) which shall be deemed to be the resources of an alien for any month shall be determined as follows:
 - (A) the total amount of the resources (determined as if the sponsor were applying for aid under the State plan approved under this part) of such sponsor and such sponsor's spouse (if such spouse is living with the sponsor) shall be determined; and
 - (B) the amount determined under subparagraph (A) shall be reduced by \$1,500.
- (c) (1) Any individual who is an alien shall, during the period of three years after entry into the United States, in order to be eligible

for aid under a State plan approved under this part, be required to provide to the State agency administering such plan such information and documentation with respect to his sponsor as may be necessary in order for the State agency to make any determination required under this section, and to obtain any cooperation from such sponsor necessary for any such determination. Such alien shall also be required to provide to the State agency such information and documentation as it may request and which such alien or his sponsor provided in support of such alien's immigration application.

- (2) The Secretary shall enter into agreements with the Secretary of State and the Attorney General whereby any information available to them and required in order to make any determination under this section will be provided by them to the Secretary (who may, in turn, make such information available, upon request, to a concerned State agency), and whereby the Secretary of State and Attorney General will inform any sponsor of an alien, at the time such sponsor executes an affidavit of support or similar agreement, of the requirements imposed by this section.
- (d) Any sponsor of an alien, and such alien, shall be jointly and severally liable for an amount equal to any overpayment of aid under the State plan made to such alien during the period of three years after such alien's entry into the United States, on account of such sponsor's faiture to provide correct information under the provisions of this section, except where such sponsor was without fault, or where good cause of such failure existed. Any such overpayment which is not repaid to the State or recovered in accordance with the procedures generally applicable under the State plan to the recoupment of overpayments shall be withheld from any subsequent payment to which such alien or such sponsor is entitled under any provision of this Act.
- (e) (1) In any case where a person is the sponsor of two or more alien individuals who are living in the same home, the income and resources of such sponsor (and his spouse), to the extent they would be deemed the income and resources of any one of such individuals under the preceding provisions of this section, shall be divided into two or more equal shares (the number of shares being the same as the number of such alien individuals) and the income and resources of each such individual shall be deemed to include one such share.
- (2) Income and resources of a sponsor (and his spouse) which are deemed under this section to be the income and resources of any alien individual in a family shall not be considered in determining the need of other family members except to the extent such income or resources are actually available to such other members.
- (f) The provisions of this section shall not apply with respect to any alien who is—

- (1) admitted to the United States as a result of the application, prior to April 1, 1980, of the provisions of section 203(a) (7) of the Immigration and Nationality Act;
- (2) admitted to the United States as a result of the application, after March 31, 1980, of the provisions of section 207(c) of such Act;
- (3) paroled into the United States as a refugee under section 212(d)(5) of such Act;
- (4) granted political asylum by the Attorney General under section 208 of such Act; or
- (5) a Cuban and Haitian entrant, as defined in section 501(e) of the Refugee Education Assistance Act of 1980 (Public Law 96-422).

Part B—Child-Welfare Services ¹ Appropriation

- Sec. 420. (a) For the purpose of enabling the United States, through the Secretary, to cooperate with State public welfare agencies, in establishing, extending, and strengthening child welfare services, there is authorized to be appropriated for each fiscal year the sum of \$266,000,000.
- (b) Funds appropriated for any fiscal year pursuant to the authorization contained in subsection (a) shall be included in the appropriation Act (or supplemental appropriation Act) for the fiscal year preceding the fiscal year for which such funds are available for obligation. In order to effect a transition to this method of timing appropriation action, the preceding sentence shall apply notwithstanding the fact that its initial application will result in the enactment in the same year (whether in the same appropriation Act or otherwise) of two separate appropriations, one for the then current fiscal year and one for the succeeding fiscal year.

Allotments to States

Sec. 421. (a) The sum appropriated pursuant to section 420 for each fiscal year shall be allotted by the Secretary for use by cooperating State public welfare agencies which have plans developed jointly by the State agency and the Secretary as follows: He shall first allot \$70,000 to each State, and shall then allot to each State an amount which bears the same ratio to the remainder of such sum as the product of (1) the population of the State under the age of twenty-one and (2) the allotment percentage of the State (as determined under this section) bears to the sum of the corresponding products of all the States.

² Secs. 420 through 425 were amended in their entirety by sec. 103 of P.L. 96-272, Sec. 108 of P.L. 96-272 also added secs. 427 and 428. (See excerpts from section 103 of P.L. 96-272.)

- (b) The "allotment percentage" for any State shall be 100 per centum less the State percentage; and the State percentage shall be the percentage which bears the same ratio to 50 per centum as the per capita income of such State bears to the per capita income of the United States; except that (1) the allotment percentage shall in no case be less than 30 per centum or more than 70 per centum, and (2) the allotment percentage shall be 70 per centum in the case of Puerto Rico, the Virgin Islands, and Guam.
- (c) The allotment percentage for each State shall be promulgated by the Secretary between October 1 and November 30 of each even-numbered year, on the basis of the average per capita income of each State and of the United States for the three most recent calendar years for which satisfactory data are available from the Department of Commerce. Such promulgation shall be conclusive for each of the two fiscal years in the period beginning October 1 next succeeding such promulgation.
- (d) For purposes of this section, the term "United States" means the fifty States and the District of Columbia.

State Plans for Child Welfare Services

- Sec. 422. (a) In order to be eligible for payment under this part, a State must have a plan for child welfare services which has been developed jointly by the Secretary and the State agency designated pursuant to subsection (b) (1), and which meets the requirements of subsection (b).
 - (b) Each plan for child welfare services under this part shall—
 (1) provide that (A) the individual or agency designated pursuant to section 2003(d) (1) (C) to administer or supervise the administration of the State's services program will administer or supervise the administration of the plan (except as otherwise provided in section 103(d) of the Adoption Assistance and Child Welfare Act of 1980), and (B) to the extent that child welfare services are furnished by the staff of the State agency or local agency administering the plan, a single organizational unit in such State or local agency, as the case may be, will be responsible for furnishing such child welfare services; 1

¹ Sec. 103(c) of P.L. 96-272 provides:

[&]quot;(c) In the case of Guam, Puerto Rico, and the Virgin Islands, and the Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands, section 422(b)(1) of such Act (as otherwise amended by subsection (a) of this section) shall be deemed to read as follows:

[&]quot;'(1) provide that (A) the State agency designated pursuant to section 402(a)(3) to administer or supervise the administration of the plan of the State approved under part A of this title will administer or supervise the administration of such plan for child welfare services, and (B) to the extent that child welfare services are furnished by the staff of the State agency or local agency administering such plan for child welfare services, the organizational unit in such State or local agency established pursuant to section 402(a)(15) will be responsible for furnishing such child welfare services;"

See also excerpt from sec. 103(d) of P.L. 96-272.

- (2) provide for coordination between the services provided for children under the plan and the services and assistance provided under title XX, under the State plan approved under part A of this title, under the State plan approved under part E of this title, and under other State programs having a relationship to the program under this part, with a view to provision of welfare and related services which will best promote the welfare of such children and their families;
- (3) provide that the standards and requirements imposed with respect to child day care under title XX shall apply with respect to day care services under this part, except insofar as eligiblity for such services is involved;
- (4) provide for the training and effective use of paid paraprofessional staff, with particular emphasis on the full-time or part-time employment of persons of low income, as community service aides, in the administration of the plan, and for the use of nonpaid or partially paid volunteers in providing services and in assisting any advisory committees established by the State agency;
- (5) contain a description of the services to be provided and specify the geographic areas where such services will be available;
- (6) contain a description of the steps which the State will take to provide child welfare services and to make progress in—
 - (A) covering additional political subdivisions,
 - (B) reaching additional children in need of services, and
 - (C) expanding and strengthening the range of existing services and developing new types of services,

along with a description of the State's child welfare services staff development and training plans;

- (7) provide, in the development of services for children, for utilization of the facilities and experience of voluntary agencies in accordance with State and local programs and arrangements, as authorized by the State; and
- (8) provide that the agency administering or supervising the administration of the plan will furnish such reports, containing such information, and participate in such evaluations, as the Secretary may require.

Payment to States

Sec. 423. (a) From the sums appropriated therefor and the allotment under this part, subject to the conditions set forth in this section and in section 427, the Secretary shall from time to time pay to each State that has a plan developed in accordance with section 422 an amount equal to 75 per centum of the total sum expended under the

plan (including the cost of administration of the plan) in meeting the costs of State, district, county, or other local child welfare services.

- (b) The method of computing and making payments under this section shall be as follows:
 - (1) The Secretary shall, prior to the beginning of each period for which a payment is to be made, estimate the amount to be paid to the State for such period under the provisions of this section.
 - (2) From the allotment available therefor, the Secretary shall pay the amount so estimated, reduced or increased, as the case may be, by any sum (not previously adjusted under this section) by which he finds that his estimate of the amount to be paid the State for any prior period under this section was greater or less than the amount which should have been paid to the State for such prior period under this section.
- (c) (1) No payment may be made to a State under this part, for any fiscal year beginning after September 30, 1979, with respect to State expenditures made for (A) child day care necessary solely because of the employment, or training to prepare for employment, of a parent or other relative with whom the child involved is living, (B) foster care maintenance payments, and (C) adoption assistance payments, to the extent that the Federal payment with respect to those expenditures would exceed the total amount of the Federal payment under this part for fiscal year 1979.
- (2) Expenditures made by a State for any fiscal year which begins after September 30, 1979, for foster care maintenance payments shall be treated for purposes of making Federal payments under this part with respect to expenditures for child welfare services, as if such foster care maintenance payments constituted child welfare services of a type to which the limitation imposed by paragraph (1) does not apply; except that the amount payable to the State with respect to expenditures made for other child welfare services and for foster care maintenance payments during any such year shall not exceed 100 per centum of the amount of the expenditures made for child welfare services for which payment may be made under the limitation imposed by paragraph (1) as in effect without regard to this paragraph.
- (d) No payment may be made to a State under this part in excess of the payment made under this part for fiscal year 1979, for any fiscal year beginning after September 30, 1979, if the latter fiscal year the total of the State's expenditures for child welfare services under this part (excluding expenditures for activities specified in subsection (c) (1) is less than the total of the State's expenditures under this part (excluding expenditures for such activities) for fiscal year 1979.

Reallotment

Sec. 424. The amount of any allotment to a State under section 421 for any fiscal year which the State certifies to the Secretary will not be required for carrying out the State plan developed as provided in section 422 shall be available for reallotment from time to time, on such dates as the Secretary may fix, to other States which the Secretary determines (1) have need in carrying out their State plans so developed for sums in excess of those previously allotted to them under section 421 and (2) will be able to use such excess amounts during such fiscal year. Such reallotments shall be made on the basis of the State plans so developed, after taking into consideration the population under the age of twenty-one, and the per capita income of each such State as compared with the population under the age of twenty-one, and the per capita income of all such States with respect to which such a determination by the Secretary has been made. Any amount so reallotted to a State shall be deemed part of its allotment under section 421.

Definitions

Sec. 425. (a) (1) For purposes of this title, the term "child welfare services" means public social services which are directed toward the accomplishment of the following purposes: (A) protecting and promoting the welfare of all children, including handicapped, homeless, dependent, or neglected children; (B) preventing or remedying, or assisting in the solution of problems which may result in, the neglect, abuse, exploitation, or delinquency of children; (C) preventing the unnecessary separation of children from their families by identifying family problems, assisting families in resolving their problems, and preventing breakup of the family where the prevention of child removal is desirable and possible; (D) restoring to their families children who have been removed, by the provision of services to the child and the families; (E) placing children in suitable adoptive homes, in cases where restoration to the biological family is not possible or appropriate; and (F) assuring adequate care of children away from their homes, in cases where the child cannot be returned home or cannot be placed for adoption.

- (2) Funds expended by a State for any calendar quarter to comply with the statistical report required by section 476(b), and funds expended with respect to nonrecurring costs of adoption proceedings in the case of children placed for adoption with respect to whom assistance is provided under a State plan for adoption assistance approved under part E of this title, shall be deemed to have been expended for child welfare services.
- (b) For other definitions relating to this part and to part E of this title, see section 475 of this Act.

Research, Training, or Demonstration Projects

- Sec. 426. (a) There are hereby authorized to be appropriated for each fiscal year such sums as the Congress may determine—
 - (1) for grants by the Secretary—
 - (A) to public or other nonprofit institutions of higher learning, and to public or other nonprofit agencies and organizations engaged in research or child-welfare activities, for special research or demonstration projects in the field of child welfare which are of regional or national significance and for special projects for the demonstration of new methods or facilities which show promise of substantial contribution to the advancement of child welfare;
 - (B) to State or local public agencies responsible for administering, or supervising the administration of, the plan under this part, for projects for the demonstration of the utilization of research (including findings resulting therefrom) in the field of child welfare in order to encourage experimental and special types of welfare services; and
 - (C) to public or other nonprofit institutions of higher learning for special projects for training personnel for work in the field of child welfare, including traineeships with such stipends and allowances as may be permitted by the Secretary; and
 - (2) for contracts or jointly financed cooperative arrangements with States and public and other organizations and agencies for the conduct of research, special projects, or demonstration projects relating to such matters.
- (b) Payments of grants or under contracts or cooperative arrangements under this section may be made in advance or by way of reimbursement, and in such installments, as the Secretary may determine; and shall be made on such conditions as the Secretary finds necessary to carry out the purposes of the grants, contracts, or other arrangements.

Foster Care Protection Required for Additional Federal Payments

- Sec. 427. (a) If, for any fiscal year after fiscal year 1979, there is appropriated under section 420 a sum in excess of \$141,000,000, a State shall not be eligible for payment from its allotment in an amount greater than the amount for which it would be eligible if such appropriation were equal to \$141,000,000, unless such State—
 - (1) has conducted an inventory of all children who have been in foster care under the responsibility of the State for a period of

six months preceding the inventory, and determined the appropriateness of, and necessity for, the current foster placement, whether the child can be or should be returned to his parents or should be freed for adoption, and the services necessary to facilitate either the return of the child or the placement of the child for adoption or legal guardianship; and

(2) has implemented and is operating to the satisfaction of

the Secretary--

- (A) a statewide information system from which the status, demographic characteristics, location, and goals for the placement of every child in foster care or who has been in such care within the preceding twelve months can readily be determined;
- (B) a case review system (as defined in section 475(5)) for each child receiving foster care under the supervision of the State; and
- (C) a service program designed to help children, where appropriate, return to families from which they have been removed or be placed for adoption or legal guardianship.
- (b), if for each of any two consecutive fiscal years after the fiscal year 1979, there is appropriated under section 420 a sum equal to \$266,000,000, each State's allotment amount for any fiscal year after such two consecutive fiscal years shall be reduced to an amount equal to its allotment amount for the fiscal year 1979, unless such State—
 - (1) has completed an inventory of the type specified in subsection (a) (1);
 - (2) has implemented and is operating the program and systems specified in subsection (a) (2); and
 - (3) has implemented a preplacement preventive service program designed to help children remain with their families.
- (c) Any amounts expended by a State for the purpose of complying with the requirements of subsection (a) or (b) shall be conclusively presumed to have been expended for child welfare services.

Payments to Indian Tribal Organizations

- Sec. 428. (a) The Secretary may, in appropriate cases (as determined by the Secretary) make payments under this part directly to an Indian tribal organization within any State which has a plan for child welfare services approved under this part. Such payments shall be made in such manner and in such amour s as the Secretary determines to be appropriate.
- (b) Amounts paid under subsection (a) shall be deemed to be a part of the allotment (as determined under section 421) for the State in which such Indian tribal organization is located.

(c) For purposes of this section—

(1) the term "tribal organization" means the recognized governing body of any Indian tribe, or any legally established organization of Indians which is controlled, sanctioned, or chartered by such governing body; and

(2) the term "Indian tribe" means any tribe, band, nation, or other organized group or community of Indians (including any Alaska Native village or regional or village corporation as defined in or established pursuant to the Alaska Native Claims Settlement Act (Public Law 92–203: 85 Stat. 688)) which (A) is recognized as eligible for the special programs and services provided by the United States to Indians because of their status as Indians, or (B) is located on, or in proximity to, a Federal or State reservation or rancheria.

Part C-Work Incentive Program for Recipients of Aid Under State Plan Approved Under Part A

Purpose

Sec. 430. The purpose of this part is to require the establishment of a program utilizing all available manpower services, including those authorized under other provisions of law, under which individuals receiving aid to families with dependent children will be furnished incentives, opportunities, and necessary services in order for (1) the employment of such individuals in the regular economy, (2) the training of such individuals for work in the regular economy, and (3) the participation of such individuals in public service employment, thus restoring the families of such individuals to independence and useful roles in their communities. It is expected that the individuals participating in the program established under this part will acquire a sense of dignity, self-worth, and confidence which will flow from being recognized as a wage-earning member of society and that the example of a working adult in these families will have beneficial effects on the children in such families.

Appropriation

Sec. 431. (a) There is hereby authorized to be appropriated to the Secretary of Health, Education, and Welfare for each fiscal year a sum sufficient to carry out the purposes of this part. The Secretary of Health, Education, and Welfare shall transfer to the Secretary of Labor from time to time sufficient amounts, out of the moneys appropriated pursuant to this section, to enable him to carry out such purposes.

- (b) Of the amounts expended from funds appropriated pursuant to subsection (a) for any fiscal year (commencing with the fiscal year ending June 30, 1973), not less than 33½ per centum thereof shall be expended for carrying out the program of on-the-job training referred to in section 432(b) (1) (B) and for carrying out the program of public service employment referred to in section 432(b) (3).
- (c) Of the sums appropriated pursuant to subsection (a) to carry out the provisions of this part for any fiscal year (commencing with the fiscal year ending June 30, 1973), not less than 50 percent shall be allotted among the States in accordance with a formula under which each State receives (from the total available for such allotment) an amount which bears the same ratio to such total as—
 - (1) in the case of the fiscal year ending June 30, 1973, and the fiscal year ending June 30, 1974, the average number of recipients of aid to families with dependent children in such State during the month of January last preceding the commencement of such fiscal year bears to the average number of such recipients during such month in all the States; and
 - (2) in the case of the fiscal year ending June 30, 1975, or in the case of any fiscal year thereafter, the average number of individuals in such State who, during the month of January last preceding the commencement of such fiscal year, are registered pursuant to section 402(a) (19) (A) bears to the average number of individuals in all States who, during such month, are so registered.

Establishment of Programs

- Sec. 432. (a) The Secretary of Labor (hereinafter in this part referred to as the Secretary) shall, in accordance with the provisions of this part, establish work incentive programs (as provided for in subsection (b) of this section) in each State and in each political subdivision of a State in which he determines there is a significant number of individuals who have attained age 16 and are receiving aid to families with dependent children. In other political subdivisions, he shall use his best efforts to provide such programs either within such subdivisions or through the provision of transportation for such persons to political subdivisions of the State in which such programs are established.
 - (b) Such programs shall include, but shall not be limited to, (1) (A) a program placing as many individuals as is possible in employment, which may include intensive job search services, including participation in group job search activities, and (B) a program utilizing on-the-job training positions for others, (2) a program of institutional and work experience training for those individuals for whom such training is likely to lead to regular employment, and (3) a program

of public service employment for individuals for whom a job in the

regular economy cannot be found.1

(c) In carrying out the purposes of this part the Secretary may make grants to, or enter into agreements with, public or private agencies or organizations (including Indian tribes with respect to Indians on a reservation), except that no such grant or agreement shall be made to or with a private employer for profit or with a private non-profit employer not organized for a public purpose for purposes of the work experience program established by clause (2) of subsection (b).

- (d) In providing the training and employment services and opportunities required by this part, the Secretary of Labor shall, to the maximum extent feasible, assure that such services and opportunities are provided by using all authority available under this or any other Act. In order to assure that the services and opportunities so required are provided, the Secretary of Labor (1) shall assure, when appropriate, that registrants under this part are referred for training and employment services under the Job Training Partnership Act, and (2) may use the funds appropriated under this part to provide programs required by this part through such other Acts to the same extent and under the same conditions (except as regards the Federal matching percentage) as if appropriated under such other Act and, in making use of the programs of other Federal, State, or local agencies (public or private), the Secretary of Labor may reimburse such agencies for services rendered to individuals under this part to the extent that such services and opportunities are not otherwise available on a nonreimbursable basis.2
- (e) The Secretary shall take appropriate steps to assure that the present level of manpower services available under the authority of other statutes to recipients of aid to families with dependent children is not reduced as a result of programs under this part.
- (f) (1) The Secretary of Labor shall utilize the services of each private industry council (as established under the Job Training Partnership Act) to identify and provide advice on the types of jobs available or likely to become available in the service delivery area of such council.³
- (2) The Secretary shall not conduct, in any area, institutional training under any program established pursuant to subsection (b) of any type which is not related to jobs of the type which are or are likely to become available in such area as determined by the Secretary after taking into account information provided by the private industry council for such area.⁴

¹ Subsec. (b) was amended by sec. 502(c) (1) of P.L. 97-300.

² Subsec. (d) was amended in its entirety by sec. 502(a) of P.L. 97-309.

³ Subsec. (f)(1) was amended in its entirety by sec. 502(b)(1) of P.L. 97-300.

Par. (2) was redesignated and amended by sec. 502(b)(1) of P.L. 97-300.

Operation of Program

Sec. 433. (a) The Secretary shall provide a program of testing and counseling for all persons certified to him by a State, pursuant to section 402(a) (19) (G), and shall select those persons whom he finds suitable for the programs established by clauses (1) and (2) of section 432(b). Those not so selected shall be deemed suitable for the program established by clause (3) of such section 432(b) unless the Secretary finds that there is good cause for an individual not to participate in such program. The Secretary, in carrying out such program for individuals certified to him under section 402(a) (19) (G), shall accord priority to such individuals in the following order, taking into account employability potential: first, unemployed parents who are the principal earners (as defined in section 407); second, mothers, whether or not required to register pursuant to section 402(a)(19)(A), who volunteer for participation under a work incentive program; third, other mothers, and pregnant women, registered pursuant to section 402(a)(19)(A), who are under 19 years of age; fourth, dependent children and relatives who have attained age 16 and who are not in school or engaged in work or manpower training; and fifth, all other individuals so certified to him.1

- (b) (1) For each State the Secretary shall develop jointly with the administrative unit of such State administering the special program referred to in section 402(a) (19) (G) a statewide operational plan.
- (2) The statewide operational plan shall prescribe how the work incentive program established by this part will be operated at the local level, and shall indicate (i) for each area within the State the number and type of positions which will be provided for training, for on-the-job training, and for public service employment, (ii) the manner in which the information provided by the private industry council under the Job Training Partnership Act for any such area will be utilized in the operation of such program, and (iii) the particular State agency or administrative unit thereof which will be responsible for each of the various activities and functions to be performed under such program. Any such operational plan for any State must be approved by the Secretary, the administrative unit of such State administering the special program referred to in section 402(a) (19) (G), and the regional joint committee (established pursuant to section 439) for the area in which such State is located.
- (3) The Secretary shall develop an employability plan for each suitable person certified to him under section 402(a)(19)(G) which shall describe the education, training, work experience, and orientation which it is determined that such person needs to complete in order to enable him to become self-supporting.
- (c) The Secretary shall make maximum use of services available from other Federal and State agencies and, to the extent not other-

¹ Subsec. (a) was amended by sec. 502(c) (2) of P.L. 97-300.

² Par. (2) was amended by sec. 502(b) (2) of P.L. 97-300.

wise available on a nonreimbursable basis, he may reimburse such agencies for services rendered to persons under this part.

- (d) To the extent practicable and where necessary, work incentive programs established by this part shall include, in addition to the regular counseling, testing, referral available through the Federal-State Employment Service System, program orientation, basic education, training in communications and employability skills, work experience, institutional training, on-the-job training, job development, and special job placement and followup services, required to assist participant in securing and retaining employment and securing possibilities for advancement.
- (e) (1) In order to develop public service employment under the program established by section 432(b) (3), the Secretary shall enter into agreements with (A) public agencies, (B) private nonprofit organizations established to serve a public purpose, and (C) Indian tribes with respect to Indians on a reservation, under which individuals deemed suitable for participation in such a program will be provided work which serves a useful public purpose and which would not otherwise be performed by regular employees.

(2) Such agreements shall provide—

(A) for the payment by the Secretary to each employer, with respect to public service employment performed by any individual for such employer, of an amount not exceeding 100 percent of the cost of providing such employment to such individual during the first year of such employment, an amount not exceeding 75 percent of the cost of providing such employment to such individual during the second year of such employment, and an amount not exceeding 50 percent of the cost of providing such employment to such individual during the third year of such employment;

(B) the hourly wage rate and the number of hours per week individuals will be scheduled to work in public service employ-

ment for such employer;

(C) that the Secretary will have such access to the premises of the employer as he finds necessary to determine whether such employer is carrying out his obligations under the agreement and this part; and

(D) that the Secretary may terminate any agreement under

this subsection at any time.

(3) [Repealed.]

(4) No wage rates provided under any agreement entered into under this subsection shall be lower than the applicable minimum wage for the particular work concerned.

(f) Before entering into a project under section 432(b)(3), the

Secretary shall have reasonable assurances that-

(1) appropriate standards for the health, safety, and other conditions applicable to the performance of work and training on such project are established and will be maintained,

- (2) such project will not result in the displacement of employed workers,
- (3) with respect to such project the conditions of work, training, education, and employment are reasonable in the light of such factors as the type of work, geographical region, and proficiency of the participant,

(4) appropriate workmen's compensation protection is provided to all participants.

- (g) Where an individual certified to the Secretary of Labor pursuant to section 402(a) (19) (G) refuses without good cause to accept employment or participate in a project under a program established by this part, the Secretary of Labor shall (after providing opportunity for fair hearing) notify the State agency which certified such individual and submit such other information as he may have with respect to such refusal.
- (h) With respect to individuals who are participants in public service employment under the program established by section 432(b) (3), the Secretary shall periodically (but at least once every six months) review the employment record of each such individual while on such special work project and on the basis of such record and such other information as he may acquire determine whether it would be feasible to place such individual in regular employment or on any of the projects under the programs established by section 432(b) (1) and (2).
- (i) In planning for activities under this section, the chief executive officer of each State shall make every effort to coordinate such activities with activities provided by the appropriate private industry council and chief elected official or officials under the Job Training Partnership Act.¹

Incentive Payment

- Sec. 434. (a) The Secretary is authorized to pay to any participant under a program established by section 432(b)(2) an incentive payment of not more than \$30 per month, payable in such amounts and at such times as the Secretary prescribes.
- (b) The Secretary of Labor is also authorized to pay, to any member of a family participating in manpower training under this part, allowances for transportation and other costs incurred by such member, to the extent such costs are necessary to and directly related to the participation by such member in such training.

Federal Assistance

Sec. 435. (a) Federal assistance under this part shall not exceed 90 per centum of the costs of carrying out this part. Non-Federal contributions may be cash or in kind, fairly evaluated, including but not limited to plant, equipment, and services.

¹ Subsec. (1) was added by sec. 502(c) (3) of P.L. 97-300.

(b) Costs of carrying out this part include costs of training, supervision, materials, administration, incentive payments, transportation, and other items as are authorized by the Secretary, but may not include any reimbursement for time spent by participants in work, training, or other participation in the program.

Period of Enrollment

- Sec. 436. (a) The program established by section 432(b)(2) shall be designed by the Secretary so that the average period of enrollment under all projects under such program throughout any area of the United States will not exceed one year.
- (b) Services provided under this part may continue to be provided to an individual for such period as the Secretary determines (in accordance with regulations prescribed jointly by him and the Secretary of Health, Education, and Welfare) is necessary to qualify him fully for employment even though his earnings disqualify him from aid under a State plan approved under section 402.

Relocation of Participants

Sec. 437. The Secretary may assist participants to relocate their place of residence when he determines such relocation is necessary in order to enable them to become permanently employable and self-supporting. Such assistance shall be given only to participants who concur in their relocation and who will be employed at their place of relocation at wage rates which will meet at least their full need as determined by the State to which they will be relocated. Assistance under this section shall not exceed the reasonable costs of transportation for participants, their dependents, and their household belongings plus such relocation allowance as the Secretary determines to be reasonable.

Participants Not Federal Employees

Sec. 438. Participants in programs established by this part shall be deemed not to be Federal employees and shall not be subject to the provisions of laws relating to Federal employment including those relating to hours of work, rates of compensation, leave, unemployment compensation, and Federal employee benefits.

Rules and Regulations

Sec. 439. The Secretary and the Secretary of Health, Education, and Welfare, shall, not later than July 1, 1972, issue regulations to carry out the purposes of this part. Such regulations shall provide for the establishment, jointly by the Secretary and the Secretary of Health, Education, and Welfare, of (1) a national coordination com-

mittee the duty of which shall be to establish uniform reporting and similar requirements for the administration of this part, and (2) a regional coordination committee for each region which shall be responsible for review and approval of statewide operational plans developed pursuant to section 433(b).

Annual Report

Sec. 440. The Secretary shall annually report to the Congress (with the first such report being made on or before July 1, 1970) on the work incentive programs established by this part.

Evaluation and Research

Sec. 441. (a) The Secretary shall (jointly with the Secretary of Health, Education, and Welfare) provide for the continuing evaluation of the work incentive programs established by this part, including their effectiveness in achieving stated goals and their impact on other related programs. He also may conduct research regarding ways to increase the effectiveness of such programs. He may, for this purpose, contract for independent evaluations of and research regarding such programs or individual projects under such programs. For purposes of sections 435 and 443, the cost of carrying out this section shall not be regarded as costs of carrying out work incentive programs established by this part. Nothing in this section shall be construed as authorizing the Secretary to enter into any contract with any organization after June 1, 1970, for the dissemination by such organization of information about programs authorized to be carried on under this part.

Technical Assistance for Providers of Employment or Training

Sec. 442. The Secretary is authorized to provide technical assistance to providers of employment or training to enable them to participate in the establishment and operation of programs authorized to be established by section 432(b).

Collection of State Share

Sec. 443. If a non-Federal contribution of 10 per centum of the costs of the work incentive programs established by this part is not made in any State (as specified in section 402(a)), the Secretary of Health, Education, and Welfare may withhold any action under section 404 because of the State's failure to comply substantially with a provision required by section 402. If the Secretary of Health, Education, and Welfare does withhold such action, he shall, after reasonable notice and opportunity for hearing to the appropriate State agency or agencies, withhold any payments to be made to the State under sections 3(a), 403(a), 1003(a), 1403(a), 1603(a), and 1903(a) until the amount so withheld (including any amounts contributed by the State pursuant to the requirement in section 402(a)(19)(C)) equals 10 per centum of the costs of such work incentive programs. Such withholding shall remain in effect until such time as the Secretary has assurances from the State that such 10 per centum will be contributed as required by section 402. Amounts so withheld shall be deemed to have been paid to the State under such sections and shall be paid by the Secretary of Health, Education, and Welfare to the Secretary. Such payment shall be considered a non-Federal contribution for purposes of section 435.

Agreements With Other Agencies Providing Assistance to Families of Unemployed Parents

Sec. 444. (a) The Secretary is authorized to enter into an agreement (in accordance with the succeeding provisions of this section) with any qualified State agency (as described in subsection (b)) under which the program established by the preceding sections of this part C will (except as otherwise provided in this section) be applicable to individuals certified by such State agency in the same manner, to the same extent, and under the same conditions as such program is applicable with respect to individuals certified to the Secretary by a State agency administering or supervising the administration of a State plan approved by the Secretary of Health, Education, and Welfare under part A of this title.

(b) A qualified State agency referred to in subsection (a) is a State agency which is charged with the administration of a program—

(1) the purpose of which is to provide aid or assistance to the families of unemployed parents,

(2) which is not established pursuant to part A of title IV of the Social Security Act,

(3) which is financed entirely from funds appropriated by the Congress, and

(4) none of the financing of which is made available under any program established pursuant to title V of the Economic Opportunity Act.

(c) (1) Any agreement under this section with a qualified State agency shall provide that such agency, will, with respect to all individuals receiving aid or assistance under the program of aid or assistance to families of unemployed parents administered by such agency, comply with the requirements imposed by section 402(a) (19) in the same manner and to the same extent as if (a) such qualified agency were the agency in such State administering or supervising the administration of a State plan approved under part A of this title, and

(B) individuals receiving aid or assistance under the program administered by such qualified agency were recipients of aid under a State plan which is so approved.

(2) Any agreement entered into under this section shall remain in effect for such period as may be specified in the agreement by the Secretary and the qualified State agency, except that, whenever the Secretary determines, after reasonable notice and opportunity for hearing to the qualified State agency, that such agency has failed substantially to comply with its obligations under such agreement, the Secretary may suspend operation of the agreement until such time as he is satisfied that the State agency will no longer fail substantially to comply with its obligations under such agreement.

(3) Any such agreement shall further provide that the agreement will be inoperative for any calendar quarter if, for the preceding calendar quarter, the maximum amount of benefits payable under the program of aid or assistance to families of unemployed parents administered by the qualified State agency which is a party to such agreement is lower than the maximum amount of benefits payable under such program for the quarter which ended September 30, 1967.

(d) The Secretary shall, at the request of any qualified State agency referred to in subsection (a) of this section and upon receipt from it of a list of the names of individuals rereferred to the Secretary, furnish to such agency the names of each individual on such list participating in public service employment under section 483(a)(3) whom the Secretary determines should continue to participate in such employment. The Secretary shall not comply with any such request with respect to an individual on such list unless such individual has been certified to the Secretary by such agency under section 402(a) (19)(G) for a period of at least six months.

Work Incentive Demonstration Program

Sec. 445. (a) Notwithstanding any other provision of this part and part A of this title, any State may elect as an alternative to the work incentive program otherwise provided in this part, and subject to the provisions of this section, to operate a work incentive demonstration program for the purpose of demonstrating single agency administration of the work-related objectives of this Act, and to receive payments under the provisions of this section.

(b) (1) Not later than June 30, 1984, the Governor of a State which desires to operate a work incentive demonstration program under this section shall submit to the Secretary of Health and Human Services a letter of application stating such intent. Accompanying the letter of application shall be a State program plan which must—

- (A) provide that the agency conducting the demonstration program within the State shall be the single State agency which administers or supervises the administration of the State plan under part A of this title;
- (B) provide that all persons eligible for or receiving assistance under the aid to families with dependent children program shall be eligible to participate in, and shall be required to participate in, the work incentive demonstration program, subject to the same criteria for participation in such demonstration program as are in effect under this part and part A during the month before the month in which the demonstration program commences, but subject to waiver of such criteria as provided under section 1115;

(C) provide that the criteria for participation in the work incentive demonstration program shall be uniform throughout the

- (D) provide a statement of the objectives which the State expects to meet through operation of a work incentive demonstration program, with emphasis on how the State expects to maximize client placement in nonsubsidized private sector employment;
- (E) describe the techniques to be used to achieve the objectives of the work incentive demonstration program, which may include but shall not be limited to: maximum periods of participation, job training, job find clubs, grant diversion to either public or private sector employees, services contracts with State employment services, prime sponsors under the Comprehensive Employment and Training Act of 1973, or private placement agencies, targeted jobs tax credit outreach campaigns, and performance-based placement incentives; and
- (F) set forth the format and frequency of reporting of information regarding operation of the work incentive demonstration program.¹
- (2) A State's application to participate in the work incentive demonstration program shall be deemed approved unless the Secretary of Health and Human Services notifies the State in writing of disapproval within forty-five days of the date of application. The Secretary of Health and Human Services shall set forth the reasons for disapproval and provide an opportunity for resubmission of the plan within forty-five days of the receipt of the notice of disapproval. An application shall not be finally disapproved unless the Secretary of Health and Human Services determines that the State's program plan would be less effective than the requirements set forth in this title, other than this section.
- (3) The Secretary of Health and Human Services shall furnish copies of approved plans, statistical reports, and evaluation reports to the Secretary of Labor.

¹ Par. (1) was amended by sec. 158 of P.L. 97-248.

- (c) Subject to the statement of objectives and description of techniques to be used in implementing its work incentive demonstration program, as set forth in its program plan, a State shall be free to design a program which best addresses its individual needs, makes best use of its available resources, and recognizes its labor market conditions. Other than criteria for participation in the State's work incentive demonstration project, which shall be uniform throughout the State, the components of the program may vary by geographic area or by political subdivision.
- (d) A State's work incentive demonstration program, if initially approved, shall be in force for a three-year period. During this period, the State may elect to use up to six months for planning purposes. During such planning period, all requirements of part A and this part C shall remain in full force and effect.
- (e) The Secretary of Health and Human Services shall conduct two evaluations of a State's work incentive demonstration program. The first evaluation shall be conducted at the conclusion of the first twelve months of operation of the demonstration program. The second evaluation shall be conducted at the conclusion of the demonstration program. Both evaluations shall compare placement rates during the demonstration program with placement rates achieved during a number of previous years, to be determined by the Secretary of Health and Human Services.
- (f)(1) For each year of its demonstration program, a State which is operating such program shall be funded in an amount equal to its initial annual 1981 allocation under the work incentive program set forth in this part, plus any other Federal funds which the State may properly receive under any statute for establishing work programs for recipients of aid to families with dependent children.
- (2) Such funds shall only be used by the State for administering and operating its work incentive demonstration program. These funds shall not be used for direct grants of assistance under the aid to families with dependent children program.
- (g) Earnings derived from participation in a State's work incentive demonstration program shall not result in a determination of financial ineligibility for assistance under the aid to families with dependent children program.1

Part D—Child Support and Establishment of Paternity 23 Appropriation 4

Sec. 451. For the purpose of enforcing the support obligations owed by absent parents to their children and the spouse (or former

¹ Sec. 445 was added by sec. 2309 of P.L. 97-35.

Part D was established by part B of P.L. 93-647 with an effective date of July 1, 1975, except for sec. 459 which was effective as of Jan. 1, 1975.

The effective date of July 1, 1975 was changed to August 1, 1975 by P.L. 94-46.

⁴ Sec. 451 was amended by sec. 2332 of P.L. 97-35.

spouse) with whom such children are living, locating absent parents, establishing paternity, and obtaining child and spousal support, there is hereby authorized to be appropriated for each fiscal year a sum sufficient to carry out the purposes of this part.

Duties of the Secretary

- Sec. 452. (a) The Secretary shall establish, within the Department of Health, Education, and Welfare a separate organizational unit, under the direction of a designee of the Secretary, who shall report directly to the Secretary and who shall—
 - (1) establish such standards for State programs for locating absent parents, establishing paternity, and obtaining child support and support for the spouse (or former spouse) with whom the absent parent's child is living as he determines to be necessary to assure that such programs will be effective;
 - (2) establish minimum organizational and staffing requirements for State units engaged in carrying out such programs under plans approved under this part;

(3) review and approve State plans for such programs;

- (4) evaluate the implementation of State programs established pursuant to such plan, conduct such audits of State programs established under the plan approved under this part as may be necessary to assure their conformity with the requirements of this part, and, not less often than annually, conduct a complete audit of the programs established under such plan in each State and determine for the purposes of the penalty provision of section 403(h) whether the actual operation of such programs in each State conforms to the requirements of this part;
- (5) assist States in establishing adequate reporting procedures and maintain records of the operations of programs established pursuant to this part in each State:
- (6) maintain records of all amounts collected and disbursed under programs established pursuant to the provisions of this part and of the costs incurred in collecting such amounts:

(7) provide technical assistance to the States to help them establish effective systems for collecting child and spousal support

and establishing paternity:

- (8) receive applications from States for permission to utilize the courts of the United States to enforce court orders for support against absent parents and, upon a finding that (A) another State has not undertaken to enforce the court order of the originating State against the absent parent within a reasonable time, and (B) that utilization of the Federal courts is the only reasonable method of enforcing such order, approve such applications;
- (9) operate the Parent Locator Service established by section 453; and

- (10) not later than three months after the end of each fiscal year, beginning with the year 1977, submit to the Congress a full and complete report on all activities undertaken pursuant to the provisions of this part, which report shall include, but not be limited to, the following:
 - (A) total program costs and collections set forth in sufficient detail to show the cost to the States and the Federal Government, the distribution of collections to families, State and local governmental units, and the Federal Government; and an identification of the financial impact of the provisions of this part;
 - (B) costs and staff associated with the Office of Child Support Enforcement;
 - (C) the number of child support cases (with separate identification of the number in which collection of spousal support was involved) in each State during each quarter of the fiscal year last ending before the report is submitted and during each quarter of the preceding fiscal year (including the transitional period beginning July 1, 1976, and ending September 30, 1976, in the case of the first report to which this subparagraph applies), and the disposition of such cases;
 - (D) the status of all State plans under this part as of the end of the fiscal year last ending before the report is submitted, together with an explanation of any problems which are delaying or preventing approval of State plans under this part;
 - (E) data, by State, on the use of the Federal Parent Locator Service, and the number of locate requests submitted without the absent parent's social security account number;
 - (F) the number of cases, by State, in which an applicant for or recipient of aid under a State plan approved under part A has refused to cooperate in identifying and locating the absent parent and the number of cases in which refusal so to cooperate is based on good cause (as determined in accordance with the standards referred to in section 402(a) (26) (B) (ii));
 - (G) data, by State, on the use of Federal courts and on use of the Internal Revenue Service for collections, the number of court orders on which collections were made, the number of paternity determinations made and the number of parents located, in sufficient detail to show the cost and benefits to the States and to the Federal Government; and
 - (H) the major problems encountered which have delayed or prevented implementation of the provisions of this part during the fiscal year last ending prior to the submission of such report.

The information contained in any such report under subparagraph (A) shall specifically include (i) the total amount of child support payments collected as a result of services furnished during the fiscal year involved to individuals under section 454(6), (ii) the cost to the States and to the Federal Government of furnishing such services to those individuals, and (iii) the extent to which the furnishing of such services was successful in providing sufficient support to those individuals to assure that they did not require assistance under the State plan approved under part A.¹²

- (b) The Secretary shall, upon the request of any State having in effect a State plan approved under this part, certify to the Secretary of the Treasury for collection pursuant to the provisions of section 6305 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954 the amount of any child support obligation (including any support obligation with respect to the parent who is living with the child and receiving aid under the State plan approved under part A) which is assigned to such State or is undertaken to be collected by such State pursuant to section 454(6). No amount may be certified for collection under this subsection except the amount of the delinquency under a court or administrative order for support and upon a showing by the State that such State has made diligent and reasonable efforts to collect such amounts utilizing its own collection mechanisms, and upon an agreement that the State will reimburse the Secretary of the Treasury for any costs involved in making the collection. All reimbursements shall be credited to the appropriation accounts which bore all or part of the costs involved in making the collections. The Secretary after consultation with the Secretary of the Treasury may, by regulation, establish criteria for accepting amounts for collection and for making certification under this subsection including imposing such limitations on the frequency of making such certifications under this subsection.3
- (c) (1) There is hereby established in the Treasury a revolving fund which shall be available to the Secretary without fiscal year limitation, to enable him to pay to the States for distribution in accordance with the provisions of section 457 such amounts as may be collected and paid (subject to paragraph (2)) into such fund under section 6305 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954.
- (2) There is hereby appropriated to the fund, out of any moneys in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, amounts equal to the amounts collected under section 6305 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954, reduced by the amounts credited or refunded as overpayments of the amounts so collected. The amounts appropriated by the preceding section shall be transferred at least quarterly from the gen-

¹ Par. (10) was amended by sec. 504(a) of P.L. 95-30 and sec. 301 of P.L. 96-272.

<sup>Subsec. (a) was amended by sec. 2332 of P.L. 97-35.
Subsec. (b) was amended by sec. 402 of P.L. 96-265, sec. 2332 of P.L. 97-35 and sec. 175(a) of P.L. 97-248.</sup>

eral fund of the Treasury to the fund on the basis of estimates made by the Secretary of the Treasury. Proper adjustments shall be made in the amounts subsequently transferred to the extent prior estimates were in excess of or less than the amounts required to be transferred.

- (d)(1) The Secretary shall not approve the initial and annually updated advance automatic data processing planning document, referred to in section 454(16), unless he finds that such document, when implemented, will generally carry out the objectives of the management system referred to in such subsection, and such document—
 - (A) provides for the conduct of, and reflects the results of, requirements analysis studies, which include consideration of the program mission, functions, organization, services, constraints, and current support, of, in, or relating to, such system,
 - (B) contains a description of the proposed management system referred to in section 455(a)(3), including a description of information flows, input data, and output reports and uses,

(C) sets forth the security and interface requirements to be

employed in such management system,

- (D) describes the projected resource requirements for staff and other needs, and the resources available or expected to be available to meet such requirements,
- (E) contains an implementation plan and backup procedures to handle possible failures,
- (F) contains a summary of proposed improvement of such management system in terms of qualitative and quantitative benefits, and
- (G) provides such other information as the Secretary determines under regulation is necessary.
- (2) (A) The Secretary shall through the separate organizational unit established pursuant to subsection (a), on a continuing basis, review, assess, and inspect the planning, design, and operation of, management information systems referred to in section 455(a)(3), with a view to determining whether, and to what extent, such systems meet and continue to meet requirements imposed under paragraph (1) and the conditions specified under section 454(16).
- (B) If the Secretary finds with respect to any statewide management information system referred to in section 455(a)(3) that there is a failure substantially to comply with criteria, requirements, and other undertakings, prescribed by the advance automatic data processing planning document theretofore approved by the Secretary with respect to such system, then the Secretary shall suspend his approval of such document until there is no longer any such failure of such system to comply with such criteria, requirements, and other undertakings so prescribed.¹

¹ Subsec. (d) was added by sec. 405 of P.L. 96-265 effective July 1, 1981.

(e) The Secretary shall provide such technical assistance to States as he determines necessary to assist States to plan, design, develop, or install and provide for the security of, the management information systems referred to in section 455(a)(3).

Parent Locator Service

- Sec. 453. (a) The Secretary shall establish and conduct a Parent Locator Service, under the direction of the designee of the Secretary referred to in section 452(a), which shall be used to obtain and transmit to any authorized person (as defined in subsection (c)) information as to the whereabouts of any absent parent when such information is to be used to locate such parent for the purpose of enforcing support obligations against such parent. In determining the total amounts expended by any State during a quarter, for purposes of this subsection, there shall be excluded an amount equal to the total of any fees collected or other income resulting from services provided under the plan approved under this part.²
- (b) Upon request, filed in accordance with subsection (d) of any authorized person (as defined in subsection (c)) for the most recent address and place of employment of any absent parent, the Secretary shall, notwithstanding any other provision of law, provide through the Parent Locator Service such information to such person, if such information—
 - (1) is contained in any files or records maintained by the Secretary or by the Department of Health, Education, and Welfare; or
 - (2) is not contained in such files or records, but can be obtained by the Secretary, under the authority conferred by subsection (e), from any other department, agency, or instrumentality, or the United States or of any State.

No information shall be disclosed to any person if the disclosure of such information would contravene the national policy or security interests of the United States or the confidentiality of census data. The Secretary shall give priority to requests made by any authorized person described in subsection (c) (1).

(c) As used in subsection (a), the term "authorized person" means—

(1) any agent or attorney of any State having in effect a plan approved under this part, who has the duty or authority under such plans to seek to recover any amounts owed as child and

¹ Subsec. (e) was added by sec. 405 of P.L. 96-265 effective July 1, 1981.

The last sentence in sec. (a) was added by sec. 2333 of P.L. 97-35.

spousal support (including, when authorized under the State plan, any official of a political subdivision); 1

- (2) the court which has authority to issue an order against an absent parent for the support and maintenance of a child, or any agent of such court; and
- (3) the resident parent, legal guardian, attorney, or agent of a child (other than a child receiving aid under part A of this title) (as determined by regulations prescribed by the Secretary) without regard to the existence of a court order against an absent parent who has a duty to support and maintain any such child.
- (d) A request for information under this section shall be filed in such manner and form as the Secretary shall by regulation prescribe

¹ Sec. 453(c) (1) was amended by P.L. 97-35.

and shall be accompanied or supported by such documents as the Secretary may determine to be necessary.

- (e) (1) Whenever the Secretary receives a request submitted under subsection (b) which he is reasonably satisfied meets the criteria established by subsections (a), (b), and (c), he shall promptly undertake to provide the information requested from the files and records maintained by any of the departments, agencies, or instrumentalities of the United States or of any State.
- (2) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, whenever the individual who is the head of any department, agency, or instrumentality of the United States receives a request from the Secretary for information authorized to be provided by the Secretary under this section, such individual shall promptly cause a search to be made of the files and records maintained by such department, agency, or instrumentality with a view to determining whether the information requested is contained in any such files or records. If such search discloses the information requested, such individuals shall immediately transmit such information to the Secretary, except that if any information is obtained the disclosure of which would contravene national policy or security interests of the United States or the confidentiality of census data, such information shall not be transmitted and such individual shall immediately notify the Secretary. If such search fails to disclose the information requested, such individual shall immediately so notify the Secretary. The costs incurred by any such department, agency, or instrumentality of the United States or of any State in providing such information to the Secretary shall be reimbursed by him. Whenever such services are furnished to an individual specified in subsection (c)(3), a fee shall be charged such individual. The fee so charged shall be used to reimburse the Secretary or his delegate for the expense of providing such services.
- (f) The Secretary, in carrying out his duties and functions under this section, shall enter into arrangements with State agencies administering State plans approved under this part for such State agencies to accept from resident parents, legal guardians, or agents of a child described in subsection (c)(3) and, after determining that the absent parent cannot be located through the procedures under the control of such State agencies, to transmit to the Secretary requests for information with regard to the whereabouts of absent parents and otherwise to cooperate with the Secretary in carrying out the purposes of this section.

State Plan for Child and Spousal Support 1

Sec. 454. A State plan for child and spousal support must-

(1) provide that it shall be in effect in all political subdivisions of the State;

¹ Sec. 454 was amended by secs. 2332 and 2333 of P.L. 97-35.

(2) provide for financial participation by the State;

(3) provide for the establishment or designation of a single and separate organizational unit, which meets such staffing and organizational requirements as the Secretary may by regulation prescribe, within the State to administer the plan;

(4) provide that such State will undertake—

(A) in the case of a child born out of wedlock with respect to whom an assignment under section 402(a) (26) of this title is effective, to establish the paternity of such child unless the agency administering the plan of the State under part A of this title determines in accordance with the standards prescribed by the Secretary pursuant to section 402(a) (26) (B) that it is against the best interests of the child to do so, and

- (B) in the case of any child with respect to whom such assignment is effective, to secure support for such child from his parent (or from any other person legally liable for such support) and, at the option of the State, from such parent for his spouse (or former spouse) receiving aid to families with dependent children (but only if a support obligation has been established with respect to such spouse), utilizing any reciprocal arrangements adopted with other States (unless the agency administering the plan of the State under part A of this title determines in accordance with the standards prescribed by the Secretary pursuant to section 402(a) (26) (B) that it is against the best interests of the child to do so), except that when such arrangements and other means have proven ineffective, the State may utilize the Federal courts to obtain or enforce court orders for support; ¹
- (5) provide that, in any case in which support payments are collected for an individual with respect to whom an assignment under section 402(a) (26) is effective, such payments shall be made to the State for distribution pursuant to section 457 and shall not be paid directly to the family except that this paragraph shall not apply to such payments (except as provided in section 457(c)) for any month following the first month in which the amount collected is sufficient to make such family ineligible for assistance under the State plan approved under part A; ²

(6) provide that (A) the child support collection or paternity determination services established under the plan shall be made available to any individual not otherwise eligible for such services upon application filed by such individual with the State, including, at the option of the State, support collection services for the spouse (or former spouse) with whom the absent parent's child is living

¹ Sec. 454(4) was amended by P.L. 94-88.

² See also secs. 201(b) and 208(b) of P.L. 94-88. Par. (4) was amended by sec. 178 of P.L. 97-248.

(but only if a support obligation has been established with respect to such spouse), (B) an application fee for furnishing such services may be imposed, except that the amount of any such application fee shall be reasonable, as determined under regulations of the Secretary, and (C) any costs in excess of the fee so imposed may be collected—

(i) from the parent who owes the child or spousal support

obligation involved, or

- (ii) at the option of the State, from the individual to whom such services are made available, but only if such State has in effect a procedure whereby all persons in such State having authority to order child or spousal support are informed that such costs are to be collected from the individual to whom such services were made available: 1
- (7) provide for entering into cooperative arrangements with appropriate courts and law enforcement officials (A) to assist the agency administering the plan, including the entering into of financial arrangements with such courts and officials in order to assure optimum results under such program, and (B) with respect to any other matters of common concern to such courts or officials and the agency administering the plan;

(8) provide that the agency administering the plan will estab-

lish a service to locate absent parents utilizing-

(A) all sources of information and available records, and

(B) the Parent Locator Service in the Department of Health, Education, and Welfare; *

(9) provide that the State will, in accordance with standards prescribed by the Secretary, cooperate with any other State—

(A) in establishing paternity, if necessary,

(B) in locating an absent parent residing in the State (whether or not permanently) against whom any action is being taken under a program established under a plan ap-

proved under this part in another State,

- (C) in securing compliance by an absent parent residing in such State (whether or not permanently) with an order issued by a court of competent jurisdiction against such parent for the support and maintenance of the child or children or the parent of such child or children with respect to whom aid is being provided under the plan of such other State, and
- (D) in carrying out other functions required under a plan approved under this part;

(10) provide that the State will maintain a full record of

³ See also sec. 6108(1)(6) of the I.R.C. (p. 671 of this document).

¹ Sec. 454(6) was amended by sec. 2838 of P.L. 97-35 and sec. 171(a) of P.L. 97-248.

collections and disbursements made under the plan and have an adequate reporting system;

(11) provide that amounts collected as support shall be distributed as provided in section 457:

(12) provide that any payment required to be made under section 456 or 457 to a family shall be made to the resident parent, legal guardian, or caretaker relative having custody of or responsibility for the child or children;

(13) provide that the State will comply with such other requirements and standards as the Secretary determines to be necessary to the establishment of an effective program for locating absent parents, establishing paternity, obtaining support orders, and collecting support payments;

(14) comply with such bonding requirements, for employees who receive, disburse, handle, or have access to, cash, as the Sec-

retary shall by regulations prescribe; 1

- (15) maintain methods of administration which are designed to assure that persons responsible for handling cash receipts shall not participate in accounting or operating functions which would permit them to conceal in the accounting records the misuse of cash receipts (except that the Secretary shall by regulations provide for exceptions to this requirement in the case of sparsely populated areas where the hiring of unreasonable additional staff would otherwise be necessary); ¹
- (16) provide, at the option of the State, for the establishment, in accordance with an (initial and annually updated) advance automatic data processing planning document approved under section 452(d), of an automatic data processing and information retrieval system designed effectively and efficiently to assist management in the administration of the State plan, in the State and localities thereof, so as (A) to control, account for, and monitor (i) all the factors in the support enforcement collection and paternity determination process under such plan (including, but not limited to, (I) identifiable correlation factors (such as social security numbers, names, dates of birth, home addresses and mailing addresses (including postal ZIP codes) of any individual with respect to whom support obligations are sought to be established or enforced and with respect to any person to whom such support obligations are owing) to assure sufficient compatibility among the systems of different jurisdictions to permit periodic screening to determine whether such individual is paying or is obligated to pay support in more than one jurisdiction, (II) checking of records of such individuals on a periodic basis with Federal, intraand inter-State, and local agencies, (III) maintaining the data:

¹ Subpars. (14) and (15) were added by sec. 502(a) of P.L. 95-30.

necessary to meet the Federal reporting requirements on a timely basis, and (IV) delinquency and enforcement activities), (ii) the collection and distribution of support payments (both intra- and inter-State), the determination, collection and distribution, of incentive payments both inter- and intra-State, and the maintenance of accounts receivable on all amounts owed, collected and distributed, and (iii) the costs of all services rendered, either directly or by interfacing with State financial management and expenditure information, (B) to provide interface with records of the State's aid to families with dependent children program in order to determine if a collection of a support payment causes a change affecting eligibility for or the amount of aid under such program, (C) to provide for security against unauthorized access to, or use of, the data in such system, and (D) to provide management information on all cases under the State plan from initial referral or application through collection and enforcement; 1

(17) in the case of a State which has in effect an agreement with the Secretary entered into pursuant to section 463 for the use of the Parent Locator Service established under section 453, to accept and transmit to the Secretary requests for information authorized under the provisions of the agreement to be furnished by such Service to authorized persons, and to impose and collect (in accordance with regulations of the Secretary) a fee sufficient to cover the costs to the State and to the Secretary incurred by reason of such requests, to transmit to the Secretary from time to time (in accordance with such regulations) so much of the fees collected as are attributable to such costs to the Secretary so incurred, and during the period that such agreement is in effect, otherwise to comply with such agreement and regulations of the Secretary with respect thereto; 2

(18) provide that the State has in effect procedures necessary to obtain payment of past-due support from overpayments made to the Secretary of the Treasury as set forth in section 464, and take all steps necessary to implement and utilize such procedures; *

and

(19) provide that the agency administering the plan-

(A) shall determine on a periodic basis, from information supplied pursuant to section 508 of the Unemployment Compensation Amendments of 1976, whether any individual receiving compensation under the State's employment compensation law (including amounts payable pursuant to any agreement under any Federal unemployment compensation

¹Par. (16) was added by sec. 405 of P.L. 96-265 effective July 1, 1981.

² Par. (17) was added by sec. 9(a) of P.L. 96-611. ³ Par. (18) was added by sec. 2831 of P.L. 97-85.

- law) owe child support obligations which are being enforced by such agency, and
- (B) shall enforce any such child support obligations which are owed by such an individual but are not being met-
 - (i) through an agreement with such individual to have specified amount withheld from compensation otherwise payable to such individual and by submitting a copy of any such agreement to the State agency administering the unemployment compensation law, or
 - (ii) in the absence of such an agreement, by bringing legal process (as defined in section 462(e) of this Act) to require the withholding of amounts from such compensation. 1

Payments to States

Sec. 455. (a) From the sums appropriated therefor, the Secretary shall pay to each State for each quarter, beginning with the quarter commencing July 1, 1975, an amount-

(1) equal to 70 percent of the total amounts expended by such State during such quarter for the operation of the plan approved

under section 454.

- (2) equal to 50 percent of the total amounts expended by such State during such quarter for the operation of a plan which meets the conditions of section 454 except as is provided by a waiver by the Secretary which is granted pursuant to specific authority set forth in the law, and
- (3) equal to 90 percent (rather than the percent specified in clause (1) or (2)) of so much of the sums expended during such quarter as are attributable to the planning, design, development, installation or enhancement of an automatic data processing and information retrieval system which the Secretary finds meets the requirements specified in section 454(16);

except that no amount shall be paid to any State on account of amounts expended to carry out an agreement which it has entered into pursuant

to section 463.2

(b) (1) Prior to the beginning of each quarter, the Secretary shall estimate the amount to which a State will be entitled under subsection (a) for such quarter, such estimates to be based on (A) a report filed by the State containing its estimate of the total sum to be expended in such quarter in accordance with the provisions of such subsection, and stating the amount appropriated or made available by the State and its political subdivisions for such expenditures in such quarter,

¹ Par. (19) was added by sec. 2335 of P.L. 97-35 as par. (20) and was redesignated as par. (19) by sec. 171(b) of P.L. 97-248.

² Sec. 455(a) was amended by secs. 201(c) and 205 of P.L. 94-88, by sec. 8 of P.L. 95-865, by sec. 4 of P.L. 95-59, by sec. 2 of P.L. 96-178 (as amended by sec. 301 of P.L. 96-272) and (effective July 1, 1981) by sec. 405 of P.L. 96-265. Subsec. (a) was also amended by sec. 9(c) of P.L. 96-611 and by sec. 174(a) of P.L. 97-248. See also sec. 808 of P.L. 94-566 and P.L. 95-482 (continuing resolution).

and if such amount is less than the State's proportionate share of the total sum of such estimated expenditures, the source or sources from which the difference is expected to be derived, and (B) such other investigation as the Secretary may find necessary.

(2) Subject to subsection (d), the Secretary shall then pay, in such installments as he may determine, to the State the amount so estimated, reduced or increased to the extent of any overpayment or underpayment which the Secretary determines was made under this section to such State for any prior quarter and with respect to which adjustment has not already been made under this subsection.

(3) Upon the making of any estimate by the Secretary under this subsection, any appropriations available for payments under this sec-

tion shall be deemed obligated. 1

[(c)(1) Subject to paragraph (2), there shall be included, in determining amounts expended by a State during any quarter for the operation of the plan approved under section 454, so much of the expenditures of courts of such State and its political subdivisions (excluding expenditures for or in connection with judges and other individuals making judicial determinations, but not excluding expenditures for or in connection with their administrative and support personnel) as are attributable to the performance of services which are directly related to, and clearly identifiable with, the operation of such plan.

[(2) The aggregate amount of the expenditures which are included pursuant to paragraph (1) for the quarters in any calendar year shall be reduced (but not below zero) by the total amount of expenditures described in paragraph (1) which were made by the State for

the 12-month period beginning January 1, 1978.

[(3) The State agency may, if the law (or procedures established thereunder) of the State so provides, pay so much of the amount it receives under subsection (a) for any quarter as is payable by reason of the provisions of this subsection directly to the courts of the State (or political subdivisions thereof) furnishing the services on account of which the payment is payable.]

(d) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, no amount shall be paid to any State under this section for any quarter, prior to the close of such quarter, unless for the period consisting of all prior quarters for which payment is authorized to be made to such State under subsection (a), there shall have been submitted by the State to the Secretary, with respect to each quarter in such period (other than the last two quarters in such period), a full and complete report (in such form and manner and containing such information as the Secretary shall prescribe or require) as to the amount of child

¹ Sec. 455(b) added by P.L. 94-88 and amended by sec. 407 of P.L. 96-265.

Subsec. (c) was added by sec. 404 of P.L. 96–265 and was repealed, effective October 1, 1983, by sec. 174(b) of P.L. 97–248.

support collected and disbursed and all expenditures with respect to which payment is authorized under subsection (a).

Support Obligations

Sec. 456. (a) The support rights assigned to the State under section 402(a) (26) shall constitute an obligation owed to such State by the individual responsible for providing such support. Such obligation shall be deemed for collection purposes to be collectible under all applicable State and local processes.

(1) The amount of such obligation shall be—

(A) the amount specified in a court order which covers the assigned support rights, or

(B) if there is no court order, an amount determined by the State in accordance with a formula approved by the Secretary, and

- (2) Any amounts collected from an absent parent under the plan shall reduce, dollar for dollar, the amount of his obligation under paragraphs (1) (A) and (B).
- (b) A debt which is a child support obligation assigned to a State under section 402(a) (26) is not released by a discharge in bankruptcy under title 11, United States Code.²

Distribution of Proceeds

Sec. 457.³ (a) The amounts collected as child support by a State pursuant to a plan approved under this part during the 15 months beginning July 1, 1975, shall be distributed as follows:

(1) 40 per centum of the first \$50 of such amounts as are collected periodically which represent monthly support payments shall be paid to the family without any decrease in the amount paid as assistance to such family during such month;

(2) such amounts as are collected periodically which are in excess of any amount paid to the family under paragraph (1) which represent monthly support payments shall be retained by the State to reimburse it for assistance payments to the family during such period (with appropriate reimbursement of the Federal Government to the extent of its participation in the financing):

(3) such amounts as are in excess of amounts retained by the State under paragraph (2) and are not in excess of the amount required to be paid during such period to the family by a court order shall be paid to the family; and

¹ Subsec. (d) was added by sec. 407 of P.L. 96-265 effective Jan. 1, 1981.

² Subsec. 456(b) was added by sec. 2334 of P.L. 97-35.

³ See sec. 402(a)(28).

- (4) such amounts as are in excess of amounts required to be distributed under paragraphs (1), (2), and (3) shall be (A) retained by the State (with appropriate reimbursement of the Federal Government to the extent of its participation in the financing) as reimbursement for any past assistance payments made to the family for which the State has not been reimbursed or (B) if no assistance payments have been made by the State which have not been repaid, such amounts shall be paid to the family.
- (b) The amounts collected as support by a State pursuant to a plan approved under this part during any fiscal year beginning after September 30, 1976, shall be distributed as follows:
 - (1) such amounts as are collected periodically which represent monthly support payments shall be retained by the State to reimburse it for assistance payments to the family during such period (with appropriate reimbursement of the Federal Government to the extent of its participation in the financing);
 - (2) such amounts as are in excess of amounts retained by the State under paragraph (1) and are not in excess of the amount required to be paid during such period to the family by a court order shall be paid to the family; and
 - (3) such amounts as are in excess of amounts required to be distributed under paragraphs (1) and (2) shall be (A) retained by the State (with appropriate reimbursement of the Federal Government to the extent of its participation in the financing) as reimbursement for any past assistance payments made to the family for which the State has not been reimbursed or (B) if no assistance payments have been made by the State which have not been repaid, such amounts shall be paid to the family. 1
 - (c) Whenever a family for whom support payments have been collected and distributed under the plan ceases to receive assistance under part A of this title, the State may—
 - (1) continue to collect amounts of support payments which represent monthly support payments from the absent parent for a period of not to exceed three months from the month following the month in which such family ceased to receive assistance under part A of this title, and pay all amounts so collected, which represent monthly support payments, to the family; and
 - (2) at the end of such three-month period, if the State is authorized to do so by the individual on whose behalf the collection will be made, continue to collect amounts of support payments which represent monthly support payments from the absent parent and pay the net amount of any amount so collected, which represents monthly support payments, to the family after de-

¹ Subsec. (b) was amended by sec. 2332 of P.L. 97-35

ducting any costs incurred in making the collection from the amount of any recovery made,

and so much of any amounts of support so collected as are in excess of the payments required to be made in paragraph (1) shall be distributed in the manner provided by subsection (b) (3) (A) and (B) with respect to excess amounts described in subsection (b).1

Incentive Payment to States and Localities

Sec. 458. 2 (a) When a political subdivision of a State makes, for the State of which it is a political subdivision, or one State makes, for another State, or a State on its own behalf makes, the enforcement and collection of the support rights assigned under section 402(a) (26) (either within or outside of such State), there shall be paid to such political subdivision, such other State, or such State (in the case of a State which on its own behalf makes such enforcement and collection) from amounts which would otherwise represent the Federal share of assistance to the family of the absent parent an amount equal to 12 percent of any amount collected and required to be distributed as provided in section 457 to reduce or repay assistance payments.

(b) Where more than one jurisdiction is involved in such enforcement or collection, the amount of the incentive payment determined under subsection (a) shall be allocated among the jurisdictions in a

manner to be prescribed by the Secretary.4

(c) No payment under the preceding provisions of this section shall be made to any State or political subdivision thereof with respect to any amount collected and distributed by it unless such amount was collected and distributed in accordance with the State plan of the State approved by the Secretary as meeting the conditions required by section 454.5

Consent by the United States to Garnishment and Similar Proceedings for Enforcement of Child Support and Alimony **Obligations**

Sec. 459. (a) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, effective January 1, 1975, moneys (the entitlement to which is based upon remuneration for employment) due from, or payable by, the United States or the District of Columbia (including any agency, subdivision, or instrumentality thereof) to any individual, including members of

² Subsec. (c) was amended by sec. 11 of P.L. 95-171 and sec. 2382 of P.L. 97-35.

See secs. 201(b) and 203(b) of P.L. 94-88
Subsec. (a) was amended by sec. 503(a) (1) of P.L. 95-30 and sec. 307 of P.L. 96-272.
Sec. 307 of P.L. 96-272 also amended the heading. Subsec. (a) was also amended by sec. 174(c) of P.L. 97-248 to reduce the percentage from 15 percent to 12 percent effective for amounts collected on or after October 1, 1983.

⁴ Subsec. (b) was amended by sec. 508(a) (2) of P.L. 95-30.

⁵ Subsec. (c) was added by sec. 307 of P.L. 96-272.

the armed services, shall be subject, in like manner and to the same extent as if the United States or the District of Columbia were a private person, to legal process brought for the enforcement, against such individual of his legal obligations to provide child support or make alimony payments.

- (b) Service of legal process brought for the enforcement of an individual's obligation to provide child support or make alimony payments shall be accomplished by certified or registered mail, return receipt requested, or by personal service, upon the appropriate agent designated for receipt of such service of process pursuant to regulations promulgated pursuant to section 461 (or, if no agent has been designated for the governmental entity having payment responsibility for the moneys involved, then upon the head of such governmental entity). Such process shall be accompanied by sufficient data to permit prompt identification of the individual and the moneys involved.
- (c) No Federal employee whose duties include responding to interrogatories pursuant to requirements imposed by section 461(b)(3) shall be subject under any law to any disciplinary action or civil or criminal liability or penalty for, or on account of, any disclosure of information made by him in connection with the carrying out of any of his duties which pertain (directly or indirectly) to the answering of any such interrogatory.¹
- (d) Whenever any person, who is designated by law or regulation to accept service of process to which the United States is subject under this section, is effectively served with any such process or with interrogatories relating to an individual's child support or alimony payment obligations, such person shall respond thereto within thirty days (or within such longer period as may be prescribed by applicable State law) after the date effective service thereof is made, and shall, as soon as possible but not later than fifteen days after the date effective service is so made of any such process, send written notice that such process has been so served (together with a copy thereof) to the individual whose moneys are affected thereby at his duty station or last-known home address.¹
- (e) Governmental entities affected by legal processes served for the enforcement of an individual's child support or alimony payment obligations shall not be required to vary their normal pay and disbursement cycles in order to comply with any such legal process.¹
- (f) Neither the United States, any disbursing officer, nor governmental entity shall be liable with respect to any payment made from moneys due or payable from the United States to any individual pursuant to legal process regular on its face, if such payment is made in accordance with this section and the regulations issued to carry out this section.¹

¹ Sec. 459 was amended by sec. 501 of P.L. 95-80.

Civil Actions To Enforce Support Obligations 1

Sec. 460. The district courts of the United States shall have jurisdiction, without regard to any amount in controversy, to hear and determine any civil action certified by the Secretary of Health, Education, and Welfare under section 452(a) (8) of this Act. A civil action under this section may be brought in any judicial district in which the claim arose, the plaintiff resides, or the defendant resides.

Regulations Pertaining to Garnishments²

Sec. 46L(a) Authority to promulgate regulations for the implementation of the provisions of section 459 shall, insofar as the provisions of such section are applicable to moneys due from (or payable by)—

(1) the executive branch of the Government (including in such branch, for the purposes of this subsection, the territories and possessions of the United States, the United States Postal Service, The Postal Rate Commission, any wholly owned Federal corporation created by an Act of Congress, and the government of the District of Columbia), be vested in the President (or his designee),

(2) the legislative branch of the Government, be vested jointly in the President pro tempore of the Senate and the Speaker of the Ilouse of Representatives (or their designees), and

(3) the judicial branch of the Government, be vested in the Chief Justice of the United States (or his designee).

(b) Regulations promulgated pursuant to this section shall-

(1) in the case of those promulgated by the executive branch of the Government, include a requirement that the head of each agency thereof shall cause to be published, in the appendix of the regulations so promulgated, (A) his designation of an agent or agents to accept service of process, identified by title of position, mailing address, and telephone number, and (B) an indication of the data reasonably required in order for the agency promptly to identify the individual with respect to whose moneys the legal process is brought,

(2) in the case of regulations promulgated for the legislative and judicial branches of the Government set forth, in the appendix to the regulations so promulgated, (A) the name, position, address, and telephone number of the agent or agents who have been designated for service of process, and (B) an indication of the data reasonably required in order for such entity promptly to identify the individual with respect to whose moneys the legal process is brought, and

¹ The heading was amended by sec. 2332 of P.L. 97-35.

² Section 461 was added by sec. 501(c) of P.L. 95-30.

- (3) provide that (A) in the case of regulations promulgated by the executive branch of the Government, each head of a governmental entity (or his designee) shall respond to relevant interrogatories, if authorized by law of the State in which legal process will issue, prior to formal issuance of such process, upon a showing of the applicant's entitlement to child support or alimony payments, and (B) in the case of regulations promulgated for the legislative and judicial branches of the Government, the person or persons designated as agents for service of process in accordance with paragraph (2) shall respond to relevant interrogatories if authorized by the law of the State in which legal process will issue, prior to formal issuance of legal process, upon a showing of the applicant's entitlement to child support or alimony payments.
- (c) In the event that a governmental entity, which is authorized under this section or regulations issued to carry out this section to accept service of process, pursuant to the provisions of subsection (a), is served with more than one legal process with respect to the same moneys due or payable to any individual, then such moneys shall be available to satisfy such processes on a first-come, first-served basis, with any such process being satisfied out of such moneys as remain after the satisfaction of all such processes which have been previously served.

Definitions 1

Sec. 462. For purposes of section 459-

- (a) The term "United States" means the Federal Government of the United States, consisting of the legislative branch, the judicial branch, and the executive branch thereof, and each and every department, agency, or instrumentality of any such branch, including the United States Postal Service, the Postal Rate Commission, any wholly owned Federal corporation created by an Act of Congress, any office, commission, bureau, or other administrative subdivision or creature thereof, and the governments of the territories and possessions of the United States.
- (b) The term "child support," when used in reference to the legal obligations of an individual to provide such support, means periodic payments of funds for the support and maintenance of a child or children with respect to which such individual has such an obligation, and (subject to and in accordance with State law) includes but is not limited to, payments to provide for health care, education, recreation, clothing, or to meet other specific needs of such a child or children; such term also includes attorney's fees, interest, and court costs, when and to the extent that the same are expressly made recoverable as such

¹ Section 462 was added by sec. 501(d) of P.L. 95-80.

pursuant to a decree, order, or judgment issued in accordance with applicable State law by a court of competent jurisdiction.

- (c) The term "alimony," when used in reference to the legal obligations of an individual to provide the same, means periodic payments of funds for the support and maintenance of the spouse (or former spouse) of such individual, and (subject to and in accordance with State law) includes but is not limited to, separate maintenance, alimony pendente lite, maintenance, and spousal support; such term also includes attorney's fees, interest, and court costs when and to the extent that the same are expressly made recoverable as such pursuant to a decree, order, or judgment issued in accordance with applicable State law by a court of competent jurisdiction. Such term does not include any payment or transfer of property or its value by an individual to his spouse or former spouse in compliance with any community property settlement, equitable distribution of property, or other division of property between spouses or former spouses.
- (d) The term "private person" means a person who does not have sovereign or other special immunity or privilege which causes such person not to be subject to legal process.
- (e) The term "legal process" means any writ, order, summons, or other similar process in the nature of garnishment, which—
 - (1) is issued by (A) a court of competent jurisdiction within any State, territory, or possession of the United States, (B) a court of competent jurisdiction in any foreign country with which the United States has entered into an agreement which requires the United States to honor such process, or (C) an authorized official pursuant to an order of such a court of competent jurisdiction or pursuant to State or local law, and
 - (2) is directed to, and the purpose of which is to compel, a governmental entity, which holds moneys which are otherwise payable to an individual, to make a payment from such moneys to another party in order to satisfy a legal obligation of such individual to provide child support or make alimony payments.
- (f) Entitlement of an individual to any money shall be deemed to be "based upon remuneration for employment," if such money consists of—
 - (1) compensation paid or payable for personal services of such individual, whether such compensation is denominated as wages, salary, commission, bonus, pay, or otherwise, and includes but is not limited to, severance pay, sick pay, and incentive pay, but does not include awards for making suggestions, or
 - (2) periodic benefits (including a periodic benefit as defined in section 228(h)(3) of this Act) or other payments to such individual under the insurance system established by title II of this Act or any other system or fund established by the United States

(as defined in subsection (a)) which provides for the payment of pensions, retirement or retired pay, annuities, dependents or survivors' benefits, or similar amounts payable on account of personal services performed by himself or any other individual (not including any payment as compensation for death under any Federal program, any payment under any Federal program established to provide "black lung" benefits, any payment by the Veterans' Administration as pension, or any payments by the Veterans' Administration as compensation for a service-connected disability or death, except any compensation paid by the Veterans' Administration to a former member of the Armed Forces who is in receipt of retired or retainer pay if such former member has waived a portion of his retired pay in order to receive such compensation), and does not consist of amounts paid, by way of reimbursement or otherwise, to such individual by his employer to defray expenses incurred by such individual in carrying out duties associated with his employment.

- (g) In determining the amount of any moneys due from, or payable by, the United States to any individual, there shall be excluded amounts which—
 - (1) are owed by such individual to the United States,
 - (2) are required by law to be, and are, deducted from the remuneration or other payment involved, including but not limited to, Federal employment taxes, and fines and forfeitures ordered by court-martial,
 - (3) are properly withheld for Federal, State, or local income tax purposes, if the withholding of such amounts is authorized or required by law and if amounts withheld are not greater than would be the case if such individual claimed all dependents to which he was entitled (the withholding of additional amounts pursuant to section 3402(i) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954 may be permitted only when such individual presents evidence of a tax obligation which supports the additional withholding),
 - (4) are deducted as health insurance premiums,
 - (5) are deducted as normal retirement contributions (not including amounts deducted for supplementary coverage), or
 - (6) are deducted as normal life insurance premiums from salary or other remuneration for employment (not including amounts deducted for supplementary coverage).

Use of Federal Parent Locator Service in Connection With the Enforcement or Determination of Child Custody and in Cases of Parental Kidnaping of a Child

Sec. 463. (a) The Secretary shall enter into an agreement with any State which is able and willing to do so, under which the services of the Parent Locator Service established under section 453 shall be

made available to such State for the purpose of determining the whereabouts of any absent parent or child when such information is to be used to locate such parent or child for the purpose of—

(1) enforcing any State or Federal law with respect to the

unlawful taking or restraint of a child; or

(2) making or enforcing a child custody determination.

- (b) An agreement entered into under this section shall provide that the State agency described in section 454 will, under procedures prescribed by the Secretary in regulations, receive and transmit to the Secretary requests from authorized persons for information as to (or useful in determining) the whereabouts of any absent parent or child when such information is to be used to locate such parent or child for the purpose of—
 - (1) enforcing any State or Federal law with respect to the unlawful taking or restraint of a child; or

(2) making or enforcing a child custody determination.

(c) Information authorized to be provided by the Secretary under this section shall be subject to the same conditions with respect to disclosure as information authorized to be provided under section 453, and a request for information by the Secretary under this section shall be considered to be a request for information under section 453 which is authorized to be provided under such section. Only information as to the most recent address and place of employment of any absent parent or child shall be provided under this section.

(d) For purposes of this section—

(1) the term "custody determination" means a judgment, decree, or other order of a court providing for the custody or visitation of a child, and includes permanent and temporary orders, and initial orders and modification;

(2) the term "authorized person" means—

- (A) any agent or attorney of any State having an agreement under this section, who has the duty or authority under the law of such State to enforce a child custody determination;
- (B) any court having jurisdiction to make or enforce such a child custody determination, or any agent of such court; and
- (C) any agent or attorney of the United States, or of a State having an agreement under this section, who has the duty or authority to investigate, enforce, or bring a prosecution with respect to the unlawful taking or restraint of a child.¹

¹ Sec. 468 was added by sec. 9(b) of P.L. 96-611.

Collection of Past-Due Support From Federal Tax Refunds 1

Sec. 464. (a) Upon receiving notice from a State agency administering a plan approved under this part that a named individual owes past-due support which has been assigned to such State pursuant to section 402(a)(26), the Secretary of the Treasury shall determine whether any amounts, as refunds of Federal taxes paid, are payable to such individual (regardless of whether such individual filed a tax return as a married or unmarried individual). If the Secretary of the Treasury finds that any such amount is payable, he shall withhold from such refunds an amount equal to the past-due support, and pay such amount to the State agency (together with notice of the individual's home address) for distribution in accordance with section 457(b)(3).

- (b) The Secretary of the Treasury shall issue regulations, approved by the Secretary of Health and Human Services, prescribing the time or times at which State must submit notices of past-due support, the manner in which such notices must be submitted, and the necessary information that must be contained in or accompany the notices. The regulations shall specify the minimum amount of past-due support to which the offset procedure established by subsection (a) may be applied, and the fee that a State must pay to reimburse the Secretary of the Treasury for the full cost of applying the offset procedure, and provide that the Secretary of the Treasury will advise the Secretary of of Health and Human Services, not less frequently than annually, of the States which have furnished notices of past-due support under subsection (a), the number of cases in each State with respect to which such notices have been furnished, the amount of support sought to be collected under this subsection by each State, and the amount of such collections actually made in the case of each State.
- (c) As used in this part the term "past-due support" means the amount of a delinquency, determined under a court order, or an order of an administrative process established under State law, for support and maintenance of a child, or of a child and the parent with whom the child is living.

Allotments From Pay for Child and Spousal Support Owed by Members of the Uniformed Services on Active Duty

Sec. 465. (a) (1) In any case in which child support payments or child and spousal support payments are owed by a member of one of the uniformed services (as defined in section 101(3) of title 37, United States Code) on active duty, such member shall be required to make allotments from his pay and allowances (under chapter 13

¹ Sec. 464 was added by sec. 2331 of P.L. 97-35.

² Sec. 465 was added by sec. 172 of P.L. 97-248.

of title 37, United States Code) as payment of such support, when he has failed to make periodic payments under a support order that meets the criteria specified in section 303(b)(1)(A) of the Consumer Credit Protection Act (15 U.S.C. 1673(b)(1)(A)) and the resulting delinquency in such payments is in a total amount equal to the support payable for two months or longer. Failure to make such payments shall be established by notice from an authorized person (as defined in subsection (b)) to the designated official in the appropriate uniformed service. Such notice (which shall in turn be given to the affected member) shall also specify the person to whom the allotment is to be payable. The amount of the allotment shall be the amount necessary to comply with the order (which, if the order so provides, may include arrearages as well as amounts for current support), except that the amount of the allotment, together with any other amounts withheld for support from the wages of the member, as a percentage of his pay from the uniformed service, shall not exceed the limits prescribed in sections 303 (b) and (c) of the Consumer Credit Protection Act (15 U.S.C. 1673 (b) and (c)). An allotment under this subsection shall be adjusted or discontinued upon notice from the authorized person.

- (2) Notwithstanding the preceding provisions of this subsection, no action shall be taken to require an allotment from the pay and allowances of any member of one of the uniformed services under such provisions (A) until such member has had a consultation with a judge advocate of the service involved (as defined in section 801(13) of title 10, United States Code), or with a law specialist (as defined in section 801(11) of such title) in the case of the Coast Guard, or with a legal officer designated by the Secretary concerned (as defined in section 101(5) of title 37, United States Code) in any other case, in person, to discuss the legal and other factors involved with respect to the member's support obligation and his failure to make payments thereon, or (B) until 30 days have elapsed after the notice described in the second sentence of paragraph (1) is given to the affected member in any case where it has not been possible, despite continuing good faith efforts, to arrange such a consultation.
- (b) For purposes of this section the term "authorized person" with respect to any member of the uniformed services means—
 - (1) any agent or attorney of a State having in effect a plan approved under this part who has the duty or authority under such plan to seek to recover any amounts owed by such member as child or child and spousal support (including, when authorized under the State plan, any official of a political subdivision); and

- (2) the court which has authority to issue an order against such member for the support and maintenance of a child, or any agent of such court.
- (c) The Secretary of Defense, in the case of the Army, Navy, Air Force, and Marine Corps, and the Secretary concerned (as defined in section 101(5) of title 37, United States Code) in the case of each of the other uniformed services, shall each issue regulations applicable to allotments to be made under this section, designating the officials to whom notice of failure to make support payments, or notice to discontinue or adjust an allotment, should be given, prescribing the form and content of the notice and specifying any other rules necessary for such Secretary to implement this section.

Part E—Federal Payments for Foster Care and Adoption Assistance 12

Purpose: Appropriation

Sec. 470. For the purpose of enabling each State to provide, in appropriate cases, foster care and adoption assistance for children who otherwise would be eligible for assistance under the State's plan approved under part A (or, in the case of adoption assistance, would be

¹ Pt. E was added by sec. 101 of P.L. 96-272.

eligible for benefits under title XVI), there are authorized to be appropriated for each fiscal year (commencing with the fiscal year which begins October 1, 1980) such sums as may be necessary to carry out the provisions of this part. The sums made available under this section shall be used for making payments to States which have submitted, and had approved by the Secretary, State plans under this part.

State Plan for Foster Care and Adoption Assistance

Sec. 471. (a) In order for a State to be eligible for payments under this part, it shall have a plan approved by the Secretary which—

(1) provides for foster care maintenance payments in accordance with section 472 and for adoption assistance payments in accordance with section 473;

- (2) provides that the State agency responsible for administering the program authorized by part B of this title shall administer, or supervise the administration of, the program authorized by this part;
- (3) provides that the plan shall be in effect in all political subdivisions of the State, and, if administered by them, be mandatory upon them;
- (4) provides that the State shall assure that the programs at the local level assisted under this part will be coordinated with the programs at the State or local level assisted under parts A and B of this title, under title XX of this Act, and under any other appropriate provision of Federal law;
- (5) provides that the State will, in the administration of its programs under this part, use such methods relating to the establishment and maintenance of personnel standards on a merit basis as are found by the Secretary to be necessary for the proper and efficient operation of the programs, except that the Secretary shall exercise no authority with respect to the selection, tenure of office, or compensation of any individual employed in accordance with such methods;
- (6) provides that the State agency referred to in paragraph (2) (hereinafter in this part referred to as the "State agency") will make such reports, in such form and containing such information as the Secretary may from time to time require, and comply with such provisions as the Secretary may from time to time find necessary to assure the correctness and verification of such reports;
- (7) provides that the State agency will monitor and conduct periodic evaluations of activities carried out under this part;
- (8) provides safeguards which restrict the use of or disclosure of information concerning individuals assisted under the State

plan to purposes directly connected with (A) the administration of the plan of the State approved under this part, the plan or program of the State under part A, B, C, or D of this title or under title I, V, X, XIV, XVI (as in effect in Puerto Rico, Guam, and the Virgin Islands), XIX, or XX, or the supplemental security income program established by title XVI, (B) any investigation, prosecution, or criminal or civil proceeding, conducted in connection with the administration of any such plan or program. (C) the administration of any other Federal or federally assisted program which provides assistance, in cash or in kind, or services, directly to individuals on the basis of need, and (D) any audit or similar activity conducted in connection with the administration of any such plan or program by any governmental agency which is authorized by law to conduct such audit or activity; and the safeguards so provided shall prohibit disclosure, to any committee or legislative body (other than an agency referred to in clause (D) with respect to an activity referred to in such clause), of any information which identifies by name or address any such applicant or recipient; except that nothing contained herein shall preclude a State from providing standards which restrict disclosures to purposes more limited than those specified herein, or which, in the case of adoptions, prevent disclosure entirely;

(9) provides that where any agency of the State has reason to believe that the home or institution in which a child resides whose care is being paid for in whole or in part with funds provided under this part or part B of this title is unsuitable for the child because of the neglect, abuse, or exploitation of such child, it shall bring such condition to the attention of the appropriate court or law enforcement agency:

(10) provides for the establishment or designation of a State authority or authorities which shall be responsible for establishing and maintaining standards for foster family homes and child care institutions which are reasonably in accord with recommended standards of national organizations concerned with standards for such institutions or homes, including standards related to admission policies, safety, sanitation, and protection of civil rights, and provides that the standards so established shall be applied by the State to any foster family home or child care institution receiving funds under this part or part B of this title; ¹

(11) provides for periodic review of the standards referred to in the preceding paragraph and amounts paid as foster care maintenance payments and adoption assistance payments to assure their continuing appropriateness;

¹ Sec. 471(a) (10) was amended by sec. 2858 of P.L. 97-85 and by sec. 160(d) of P.L. 97-248.

Sec. 471(a)

(12) provides for granting an opportunity for a fair hearing before the State agency to any individual whose claim for benefits available pursuant to this part is denied or is not acted upon with reasonable promptness;.

(13) provides that the State shall arrange for a periodic and independently conducted audit of the programs assisted under this part and part B of this title, which shall be conducted no less

frequently than once every three years;

- (14) provides (A) specific goals (which shall be established by State law on or before October 1, 1982) for each fiscal year (commencing with the fiscal year which begins on October 1, 1983) as to the maximum number of children (in absolute numbers or as a percentage of all children in foster care with respect to whom assistance under the plan is provided during such year) who, at any time during such year, will remain in foster care after having been in such care for a period in excess of twenty-four months, and (B) a description of the steps which will be taken by the State to achieve such goals;
- (15) effective October 1, 1983, provides that, in each case, reasonable efforts will be made (A) prior to the placement of a child in foster care, to prevent or eliminate the need for removal of the child from his home, and (B) to make it possible for the child to return to his home; and
- (16) provides for the development of a case plan (as defined in section 475(1)) for each child receiving foster care maintenance payments under the State plan and provides for a case review system which meets the requirements described in section 475(5)(B) with respect to each such child.
- (b) The Secretary shall approve any plan which complies with the provisions of subsection (a) of this section. However, in any case in which the Secretary finds, after reasonable notice and opportunity for a hearing, that a State plan which has been approved by the Secretary no longer complies with the provisions of subsection (a), or that in the administration of the plan there is a substantial failure to comply with the provisions of the plan, the Secretary shall notify the State that further payments will not be made to the State under this part, or that such payments will be made to the State but reduced by an amount which the Secretary determines appropriate, until the Secretary is satisfied that there is no longer any such failure to comply, and until he is so satisfied he shall make no further payments to the State, or shall reduce such payments by the amount specified in his notification to the State.

Foster Care Maintenance Payments Program 12

Sec. 472. (a) Each State with a plan approved under this part shall make foster care maintenance payments (as defined in section 475(4))

¹ Effective Oct. 1, 1983, subsec. (a) is amended by sec. 102(a) of P.L. 96-272 to read as follows:

"FOSTER CARE MAINTENANCE PAYMENTS PROGRAM

[&]quot;SEC. 472. (a) Each State with a plan approved under this part shall make foster care maintenance payments (as defined in section 475(4)) under this part with respect to a child who would meet the requirements of section 406(a) or of section 407 but for his removal from the home of a relative (specified in section 406(a)), if—

under this part with respect to a child who would meet the requirements of section 406(a) or of section 407 but for his removal from the home of a relative (specified in section 406(a)), if—

- (1) the removal from the home occurred pursuant to a voluntary placement agreement entered into by the child's parent or legal guardian or was the result of a judicial determination to the effect that continuation therein would be contrary to the welfare of such child and (effective October 1, 1983) that reasonable efforts of the type described in section 471(a)(15) had been made;
- (2) such child's placement and care are the responsibility of (A) the State agency administering the State plan approved under section 471, or (B) any other public agency with whom the State agency administering or supervising the administration of the State plan approved under section 471 has made an agreement which is still in effect;
- (3) such child has been placed in a foster family home or child-care institution as a result of the voluntary placement agreement or judicial determination referred to in paragraph (1); and
 - (4) such child-
 - (A) received aid under the State plan approved under section 402 in or for the month in which such agreement was entered into or court proceedings leading to the removal of such child from the home were initiated, or
 - (B) (i) would have received such aid in or for such month if application had been made therefor, or (ii) had been living with a relative specified in section 406(a) within six months

[&]quot;(1) the removal from the home was the result of a judicial determination to the effect that continuation therein would be contrary to the welfare of such child and (effective October 1, 1983) that reasonable efforts of the type described in section 471 (a) (15) have been made;

[&]quot;(2) such child's placement and care are the responsibility of (A) the State agency administering the State plan approved under section 471, or (B) any other public agency with whom the State agency administering or supervising the administration of the State plan approved under section 471 has made an agreement which is still in effect;

[&]quot;(3) such child has been placed in a foster family home or child-care institution as a result of a determination referred to in paragraph (1); and

[&]quot;(4) such child-

[&]quot;(A) received aid under the State plan approved under section 402 in or for the month in which court proceedings leading to the removal of such child from the home were initiated, or

[&]quot;(B) (i) would have received such aid in or for such month if application had been made therefor, or (ii) had been living with a relative specified in section 406(a) within six months prior to the month in which such proceedings were initiated, and would have received such aid in or for such month if in such month he had been living with such a relative and application therefor had been made."

² See also the excerpt from sec. 102 of P.L. 96-272.

prior to the month in which such agreement was entered into or such proceedings were initiated, and would have received such aid in or for such month if in such month he had been living with such a relative and application therefor had been made.

- (b) Foster care maintenance payments may be made under this part only on behalf of a child described in subsection (a) of this section who is—
 - (1) in the foster family home of an individual, whether the payments therefor are made to such individual or to a public or nonprofit private child-placement or child-care agency, or
 - (2) in a child-care institution, whether the payments therefor are made to such institution or to a public or nonprofit private child-placement or child-care agency, which payments shall be limited so as to include in such payments only those items which are included in the term "foster care maintenance payments" (as defined in section 475(4)).
- (c) For the purposes of this part, (1) the term "foster family home" means a foster family home for children which is licensed by the State in which it is situated or has been approved, by the agency of such State having responsibility for licensing homes of this type, as meeting the standards established for such licensing; and (2) the term "child-care institution" means a nonprofit private child-care institution, or a public child-care institution which accommodates no more than twenty-five children, which is licensed by the State in which it is situated or has been approved, by the agency of such State responsible for licensing or approval of institutions of this type, as meeting the standards established for such licensing, but the term shall not include detention facilities, forestry camps, training schools, or any other facility operated primarily for the detention of children who are determined to be delinquent.
- (d) Notwithstanding any other provision of this title, Federal payments may be made under this part with respect to amounts expended by any State as foster care maintenance payments under this section, in the case of children removed from their homes pursuant to voluntary placement agreements as described in subsection (a), only if (at the time such amounts were expended) the State has fulfilled all of the requirements of section 427(b).¹
- (e) No Federal payment may be made under this part with respect to amounts expended by any State as foster care maintenance payments under this section, in the case of any child who was removed from his or her home pursuant to a voluntary placement as described in subsection (a) and has remained in voluntary placement for a period in excess of 180 days, unless there has been a judicial

¹ Subsec. (d) was added by sec. 102(a)(2) of P.L. 96-272, effective only for the period Oct. 1, 1979-Sept. 30, 1983. After that date, the subsection is repealed.

determination by a court of competent jurisdiction (within the first 180 days of such placement) to the effect that such placement is in the best interests of the child.¹

- (f) For the purposes of this part and part B of this title, (1) the term "voluntary placement" means an out-of-home placement of a minor, by or with participation of a State agency, after the parents or guardians of the minor have requested the assistance of the agency and signed a voluntary placement agreement; and (2) the term "voluntary placement agreement" means a written agreement, binding on the parties to the agreement, between the State agency, any other agency acting on its behalf, and the parents or guardians of a minor child which sacrifices, at a minimum, the legal status of the child and the rights and obligations of the parents or guardians, the child, and the agency while the child is in placement.
 - (g) In any case where—
 - (1) the placement of a minor child in foster care occurred pursuant to a voluntary placement agreement entered into by the parents or guardians of such child as provided in subsection (a), and
 - (2) such parents or guardians request (in such manner and form as the Secretary may prescribe) that the child be returned to their home or to the home of a relative,

the voluntary placement agreement shall be deemed to be revoked unless the State agency opposes such request and obtains a judicial determination, by a court of competent jurisdiction, that the return of the child to such home would be contrary to the child's best interests.¹

(h) For purposes of titles XIX and XX, any child with respect to whom foster care maintenance payments are made under this section shall be deemed to be a dependent child as defined in section 406 and shall be deemed to be a recipient of aid to families with dependent children under part A of this title.²

Adoption Assistance Program

- Sec. 473. (a) (1) Each State with a plan approved under this part shall, directly through the State agency or through another public or nonprofit private agency, make adoption assistance payments pursuant to an adoption assistance agreement in amounts determined under paragraph (2) of this subsection to parents who, after the effective date of this section, adopt a child who—
 - (A) (i) at the time adoption proceedings were initiated, met the requirements of section 406(a) or section 407 or would have met such requirements except for his removal from the home of a

¹ Subsecs. (e), (f), and (g) were added by sec. 102(a) (2) of P.L. 96-272, effective only for the period Oct. 1, 1979-Sept. 30, 1983. After that date, those subsections are repealed.

² Subsec. (h) was redesignated by sec. 102(a) (2) of P.L. 96-272 effective only for the period Oct. 1, 1979-Sept. 30, 1983. After that date, the subsection is redesignated as subsection (d).

relative (specified in section 406(a)), either pursuant to a voluntary placement agreement with respect to which Federal payments are provided under section 474 (or 403) or as a result of a judicial determination to the effect that continuation therein would be contrary to the welfare of such child, or ¹

(ii) meets all of the requirements of title XVI with respect to

eligibility for supplemental security income benefits,

- (B) (i) received aid under the State plan approved under section 402 in or for the month in which such agreement was entered into or court proceedings leading to the removal of such child from the home were initiated, or ²
- (ii) (I) would have received such aid in or for such month if application had been made therefor, or (II) had been living with a relative specified in section 406(a) within six months prior to the month in which such agreement was entered into or such proceedings were initiated, and would have received such aid in or for such month if in such month he had been living with such a relative and application therefor had been made, or ²
 - (iii) is a child described in subparagraph (A) (ii), and
 - (C) has been determined by the State, pursuant to subsection
- (c) of this section, to be a child with special needs.
- (2) The amount of the adoption assistance payments shall be determined through agreement between the adoptive parents and the State or local agency administering the program under this section, which shall take into consideration the circumstances of the adopting parents and the needs of the child being adopted, and may be readjusted periodically, with the concurrence of the adopting parents (which may be specified in the adoption assistance agreement), depending upon changes in such circumstances. However, in no case may the amount of the adoption assistance payment exceed the foster care maintenance payment which would have been paid during the period if the child with respect to whom the adoption assistance payment is made had been in a foster family home.
- (3) Notwithstanding the preceding paragraph, (A) no payment may be made to parents with respect to any child who has attained the age of eighteen (or, where the State determines that the child has a mental or physical handicap which warrants the continuation of assistance, the age of twenty-one), and (B) no payment may be made to parents with respect to any child if the State determines that the parents

¹The phrase ", either pursuant to a voluntary placement agreement with respect to which Federal payments are provided under sec. 474 (or 403) or" was added by sec. 102(a) (3) of P.L. 96-272, effective only for the period Oct. 1, 1979-Sept. 30, 1983. After that date, that phrase is repealed.

²The phrase "such agreement was entered into or" in clauses (i) and (ii) was added by sec. 102(a) (3) of P.L. 96-272, effective only for the period Oct. 1, 1979-Sept. 30, 1983. After that date, that phrase is repealed.

are no longer legally responsible for the support of the child or if the State determines that the child is no longer receiving any support from such parents. Parents who have been receiving adoption assistance payments under this section shall keep the State or local agency administering the program under this section informed of circumstances which would, pursuant to this subsection, make them ineligible for such assistance payments, or eligible for assistance payments in a different amount.

- (4) For purposes of this part, individuals with whom a child (who has been determined by the State, pursuant to subsection (c), to be a child with special needs) is placed for adoption, pursuant to an interlocutory decree, shall be eligible for adoption assistance payments under this subsection, during the period of the placement, on the same terms and subject to the same conditions as if such individuals had adopted such child.
- (b) For purposes of title XIX and XX, any child with respect to whom adoption assistance payments are made under this section shall be deemed to be a dependent child as defined in section 406 and shall be deemed to be a recipient of aid to families with dependent children under part A of this title.
- (c) For purposes of this section, a child shall not be considered a child with special needs unless—
 - (1) the State has determined that the child cannot or should not be returned to the home of his parents; and
 - (2) the State had first determined (A) that there exists with respect to the child a specific factor or condition (such as his ethnic background, age, or membership in a minority or sibling group, or the presence of factors such as medical conditions or physical, mental, or emotional handicaps) because of which it is reasonable to conclude that such child cannot be placed with adoptive parents without providing adoption assistance, and (B) that, except where it would be against the best interests of the child because of such factors as the existence of significant emotional ties with prospective adoptive parents while in the care of such parents as a foster child, a reasonable, but unsuccessful, effort has been made to place the child with appropriate adoptive parents without providing adoption assistance under this section.

Payments to States; Allotments to States

- Sec. 474. (a) For each quarter beginning after September 30, 1980, each State which has a plan approved under this part (subject to the limitations imposed by subsection (b)) shall be entitled to a payment equal to the sum of—
 - (1) an amount equal to the Federal medical assistance percentage (as defined in section 1905(b) of this Act) of the total

amount expended during such quarter as foster care maintenance payments under section 472 for children in foster family homes or child-care institutions; plus

- (2) an amount equal to the Federal medical assistance percentage (as defined in section 1905(b) of this Act) of the total amount expended during such quarter as adoption assistance payments under section 473 pursuant to adoption assistance agreements; plus
- (3) an amount equal to the sum of the following proportions of the total amounts expended during such quarter as found necessary by the Secretary for the proper and efficient administration of the State plan—
 - (A) 75 per centum of so much of such expenditures as are for the training (including both short- and long-term training at educational institutions through grants to such institutions or by direct financial assistance to students enrolled in such institutions) of personnel employed or preparing for employment by the State agency or by the local agency administering the plan in the political subdivision, and

(B) one-half of the remainder of such expenditures.

- (b) (1) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsections (a) (1) and (a) (3), the aggregate of the sums payable thereunder to any State (other than a State subject to limitation under section 1108(a)) with respect to expenditures relating to foster care, for the calendar quarters in any of the fiscal years 1981 through 1984 in which the conditions set forth in paragraph (2) are met, shall not exceed the State's allotment for such year.
 - (2) (A) The limitation in paragraph (1) shall apply—
 - (i) with respect to fiscal year 1981, only if the amount appropriated under section 420 for such fiscal year is equal to or greater than \$163,550,000;
 - (ii) with respect to fiscal year 1982, only if the amount appropriated under section 420 for such fiscal year is equal to or greater than \$220,000,000;
 - (iii) with respect to fiscal year 1983, only if the amount appropriated under section 420 for such fiscal year is equal to \$266,000,000; and
 - (iv) with respect to fiscal year 1984, only if the amount appropriated under section 420 for such fiscal year is equal to \$266,000,000.
- (B) The limitations set forth in paragraph (1) with respect to the fiscal years 1982 through 1984 shall apply only if the required appropriation is made in advance in an appropriation Act (as authorized under section 420(b)) for the fiscal year preceding the fiscal year to which the limitation would apply.

- (3) For purposes of this subsection, a State's allotment for any fiscal year shall be the greater of—
 - (A) the amount determined under paragraph (4);
 - (B) an amount which bears the same ratio to \$100,000,000 as the under age eighteen population of such State bears to the under age eighteen population of the fifty States and the District of Columbia; or
 - (C) at the option of the State, an amount determined under paragraph (5), but only in the case of a State which meets the requirements of such paragraph (5).
- (4) For purposes of paragraph (3)(A), a State's allotment shall be determined as follows:
 - (A) The allotment for any State for fiscal year 1980 shall be an amount equal to such State's base amount (as determined under subparagraph (C)) increased by 21.2 percent.
 - (B) The allotment for any State for each of the fiscal years 1981 through 1984 shall be an amount equal to such State's allotment for the preceding fiscal year, increased or decreased by a percentage equal to twice the percentage increase or decrease (as the case may be) (but not to exceed an increase or decrease of 10 percent) in the Consumer Price Index prepared by the Department of Labor, and used in determining cost-of-living adjustments under section 215(i) of this Act, for the second quarter of the preceding fiscal year as compared to such index for the second quarter of the second preceding fiscal year. For purposes of this subparagraph the Consumer Price Index for any quarter shall be the arithmetical mean of such index for the three months in such quarter.
 - (C) The base amount shall be equal to the amount of the Federal funds payable to such State for fiscal year 1978 under section 403 on account of expenditures for aid with respect to which Federal financial participation is authorized in payments pursuant to section 408 (including administrative expenditures attributable to the provision of such aid as determined by the Secretary) and for those States which in fiscal year 1978 did not make foster care maintenance payments under section 408 on behalf of children otherwise eligible for such payment, solely because their foster care was provided by related persons, shall be equal to the total amount of Federal funds the State would have been entitled to be paid under section 403 on account of expenditures pursuant to section 408 for that fiscal year if such payments had been made. In the event that there is a dispute between any State and the Secretary as to the amount of such expenditures for such fiscal year, then, until the beginning of the fiscal year immediately following the fiscal year in which the dispute is finally resolved, the base amount shall be deemed to be the amount of Federal funds which

amount expended during such quarter as foster care maintenance payments under section 472 for children in foster family homes or child-care institutions; plus

- (2) an amount equal to the Federal medical assistance percentage (as defined in section 1905(b) of this Act) of the total amount expended during such quarter as adoption assistance payments under section 473 pursuant to adoption assistance agreements; plus
- (3) an amount equal to the sum of the following proportions of the total amounts expended during such quarter as found necessary by the Secretary for the proper and efficient administration of the State plan—
 - (A) 75 per centum of so much of such expenditures as are for the training (including both short- and long-term training at educational institutions through grants to such institutions or by direct financial assistance to students enrolled in such institutions) of personnel employed or preparing for employment by the State agency or by the local agency administering the plan in the political subdivision, and

(B) one-half of the remainder of such expenditures.

- (b) (1) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsections (a) (1) and (a) (3), the aggregate of the sums payable thereunder to any State (other than a State subject to limitation under section 1108(a)) with respect to expenditures relating to foster care, for the calendar quarters in any of the fiscal years 1981 through 1984 in which the conditions set forth in paragraph (2) are met, shall not exceed the State's allotment for such year.
 - (2) (A) The limitation in paragraph (1) shall apply—
 - (i) with respect to fiscal year 1981, only if the amount appropriated under section 420 for such fiscal year is equal to or greater than \$163,550,000;
 - (ii) with respect to fiscal year 1982, only if the amount appropriated under section 420 for such fiscal year is equal to or greater than \$220,000,000;
 - (iii) with respect to fiscal year 1983, only if the amount appropriated under section 420 for such fiscal year is equal to \$266,000,000; and
 - (iv) with respect to fiscal year 1984, only if the amount appropriated under section 420 for such fiscal year is equal to \$266,000,000.
- (B) The limitations set forth in paragraph (1) with respect to the fiscal years 1982 through 1984 shall apply only if the required appropriation is made in advance in an appropriation Act (as authorized under section 420(b)) for the fiscal year preceding the fiscal year to which the limitation would apply.

would have been payable under section 403 if the amount of such expenditures were equal to the amount thereof claimed by the State.

- (5) (A) For purposes of paragraph (3) (C), a State's allotment for any fiscal year ending after September 30, 1980, and before October 1, 1984, may, at the option of the State (and if the State meets the requirements of subparagraphs (B) and (C)), be determined by application of the provisions of paragraph (4) with the following modifications:
 - (i) The base amount for purposes of determining an allotment for any such fiscal year shall be equal to the base amount determined under paragraph (4)(C) increased by a percentage equal to the percentage by which the average monthly number of children in such State receiving aid with respect to which Federal financial participation is authorized in payments pursuant to section 408, or receiving foster care maintenance payments with respect to which Federal financial participation is authorized under this part, for such fiscal year exceeds the average monthly number of such children for fiscal year 1978.
 - (ii) For purposes of clause (i), the percentage determined under such clause shall not exceed 33.1 percent in the case of fiscal year 1981, 46.4 percent in the case of fiscal year 1982, 61.1 percent in the case of fiscal year 1983, or 77.2 percent in the case of fiscal year 1984.
- (B) No State may exercise the option to have its allotment amount determined under the provisions of this paragraph unless, for fiscal year 1978, the average monthly number of children in such State receiving aid for which Federal financial participation is authorized in payments pursuant to section 408 as a percentage of the under age eighteen population of such State, was less than the average such percentage for the fifty States and the District of Columbia.
- (C) No State may exercise the option to have its allotment determined under this paragraph for any fiscal year other than fiscal year 1981 after the first fiscal year (after fiscal year 1978) with respect to which the average monthly number of children in such State receiving aid for which Federal financial participation is authorized in payments pursuant to section 408, or receiving foster care maintenance payments for which Federal financial participation is authorized under this part, as a percentage of the under age eighteen population of such State, was equal to or greater than the average such percentage for the fifty States and the District of Columbia for the fiscal year 1978. Any allotment determined under this paragraph for a State which opted to have its allotment so determined under this paragraph for the fiscal year prior to the first fiscal year for which its option may not be exercised by reason of the preceding sentence shall be considered to be such State's allotment for such prior fiscal year for purposes of determining allotments for subsequent fiscal years under paragraph (4).

- (D) In determining the number of children receiving aid for which Federal financial participation is authorized in payments under section 408 or under this part, for any fiscal year, with respect to any State and with respect to the national average for purposes of subparagraphs (B) and (C), there shall be included those children with respect to whom foster care maintenance payments were not made under section 408 or this part (though they were otherwise eligible for such payments) solely because their foster care was provided by related persons. In the event that there is a dispute between any State and the Secretary as to the number of such children (with respect to whom foster care maintenance payments were not made) for any fiscal year, then until the beginning of the fiscal year immediately following the fiscal year in which the dispute is finally resolved, determinations under subparagraphs (B) and (C) shall be made on the basis of the number of such children claimed by the State.
- (E) The Secretary shall promulgate an interim allotment amount for purposes of this paragraph for each fiscal year for each State exercising its option to have its allotment determined under this paragraph, based on the most recent satisfactory data available, not later than six months after the beginning of such fiscal year. The amount of such allotment shall be adjusted, and the final allotment amount shall be promulgated, based on the most recent satisfactory data available, not later than nine months after the end of such fiscal year.
- (6) Except in the case of a State which loses the option of having its allotment determined under paragraph (5) by reason of the provisions of paragraph (5) (C), and subject to the provisions of such paragraph (5) (C), the amount of any allotment as determined in accordance with subparagraph (A), (B), or (C) of paragraph (3) for any fiscal year for any State shall be determined in accordance with the provisions of such subparagraph, without regard to the amount of such State's allotment for any prior fiscal year as determined in accordance with another such subparagraph.
- (c) (1) Except as provided in paragraphs (3) and (4), for any of the fiscal years 1981 through 1984 during which the limitation under subsection (b) (1) is in effect, sums available to a State from its allotment under subsection (b) for carrying out this part, which the State does not claim as reimbursement for expenditures in such year pursuant to subsection (a) of this section, may be claimed by the State as reimbursement for expenditures in such year pursuant to part B of this title, in addition to sums available pursuant to section 420 for carrying out part B.
- (2) Except as provided in paragraphs (3) and (4), for any of the fiscal years 1981 through 1984 during which the limitation under subsection (b) (1) is not in effect, a State may claim as reimbursement for expenditures for such year pursuant to part B of this title, in addition

to amounts claimed under section 420, an amount equal to the amount by which the State's allotment amount for such fiscal year (as determined under subsection (b)(3)) exceeds the amount claimed by such State for such fiscal year as reimbursement for expenses relating to foster care under subsection (a); except that the total amount claimed by such State for such fiscal year under this paragraph, when added to the amount that such State receives for such fiscal year under section 420, may not exceed the amount that would have been payable to such State under section 420 for each fiscal year if the relevant amount described in subsection (b) (2) (A) had been appropriated for such fiscal year.

- (3) The provisions of paragraphs (1) and (2) shall not apply for any fiscal year with respect to any State which, with respect to such fiscal year, exercised its option to have its allotment amount determined under subsection (b)(5).
- (4) (A) No State may claim an amount under the provisions of this subsection as reimbursed for expenditures for any fiscal year pursuant to part B of this title to the extent that such amount, plus the amount claimed by such State for such fiscal year under section 420, exceeds the amount which would be allotted to such State under part B if the amount appropriated under section 420 were \$141,000,000, unless such State has met the requirements set forth in section 427(a).
- (B) If, for each of any two consecutive fiscal years, there is appropriated under section 420 a sum equal to \$266,000,000, no State may claim any amount under the provisions of this subsection as reimbursement for expenditures for any succeeding fiscal year pursuant to part B of this title unless such State has met the requirements set forth in section 427(b).
- (C) If, for each of any two fiscal years during which the limitation under subsection (b) (1) is not in effect, the total amount claimed by a State as reimbursement for expenditures pursuant to part B under this subsection and under section 420 equals the amount which would be allotted to such State for such fiscal year under part B if the amount appropriated under section 420 were \$266,000,000, such State may not claim any amount under the provisions of paragraph (2) as reimbursement for expenditures for any succeeding fiscal year pursuant to part B of this title unless such State has met the requirements set forth in section 427(b).
- (d) (1) The Secretary shall, prior to the beginning of each quarter, estimate the amount to which a State will be entitled under subsections (a), (b), and (c) for such quarter, such estimates to be based on (A) a report filed by the State containing its estimate of the total sum to be expended in such quarter in accordance with the provisions of such subsections, and stating the amount appropriated or made available by the State and its political subdivisions for such expenditures in

such quarter, and if such amount is less than the State's proportionate share of the total sum of such estimated expenditures, the source or sources from which the difference is expected to be derived, (B) records showing the number of children in the State receiving assistance under this part, and (c) such other investigation as the secretary may find necessary.

- (2) The Secretary shall then pay to the State, in such installments as he may determine, the amounts so estimated, reduced or increased to the extent of any overpayment or underpayment which the Secretary determines was made under this section to such State for any prior quarter and with respect to which adjustment has not already been made under this subsection.
- (3) The pro rata share to which the United States is equitably entitled, as determined by the Secretary, of the net amount recovered during any quarter by the State or any political subdivision thereof with respect to foster care and adoption assistance furnished under the State plan shall be considered an overpayment to be adjusted under this subsection.¹

Definitions

Sec. 475. As used in this part or part B of this title:

- (1) The term "case plan" means a written document which includes at least the following: A description of the type of home or institution in which a child is to be placed, including a discussion of the appropriateness of the placement and how the agency which is responsible for the child plans to carry out the voluntary placement agreement entered into or judicial determination made with respect to the child in accordance with section 472(a)(1); and a plan for assuring that the child receives proper care and that services are provided to the parents, child, and foster parents in order to improve the conditions in the parents' home, facilitate return of the child to his own home or the permanent placement of the child, and address the needs of the child while in foster care, including a discussion of the appropriateness of the services that have been provided to the child under the plan.²
- (2) The term "parents" means biological or adoptive parents or legal guardians, as determined by applicable State law.
- (3) The term "adoption assistance agreement" means a written agreement, binding on the parties to the agreement, between the

¹Subsec. (d) was added by sec. 3 of P.L. 96-611. The term "secretary" at the end of paragraph (1) is a technical error in the law. It should be capitalized.

² The phrase "voluntary placement agreement entered into or" was added by sec. 102(a) (4) of P.L. 96-272, effective only for the period Oct. 1, 1979-Sept. 30, 1983. After that date, that phrase is repealed.

State agency, other relevant agencies, and the prospective adoptive parents of a minor child which as a minimum (A) specifies the amounts of the adoption assistance payments and any additional services and assistance which are to be provided as part of such agreement, and (B) stipulates that the agreement shall remain in effect regardless of the State of which the adoptive parents are residents at any given time. The agreement shall contain provisions for the protection (under an interstate compact approved by the Secretary or otherwise) of the interests of the child in cases where the adoptive parents and child move to another State while the agreement is effective.

- (4) The term "foster care maintenance payments" means payments to cover the cost of (and the cost of providing) food, clothing, shelter, daily supervision, school supplies, a child's personal incidentals, liability insurance with respect to a child, and reasonable travel to the child's home for visitation. In the case of institutional care, such term shall include the reasonable costs of administration and operation of such institution as are necessarily required to provide the items described in the preceding sentence.
- (5) The term "case review system" means a procedure for assuring that—
 - (A) each child has a case plan designed to achieve placement in the least restrictive (most family like) setting available and in close proximity to the parents' home, consistent with the best interest and special needs of the child,
 - (B) the status of each child is reviewed periodically but no less frequently than once every six months by either a court or by administrative review (as defined in paragraph (6)) in order to determine the continuing necessity for and appropriateness of the placement, the extent of compliance with the case plan, and the extent of progress which has been made toward alleviating or mitigating the causes necessitating placement in foster care, and to project a likely date by which the child may be returned to the home or placed for adoption or legal guardianship, and
 - (C) with respect to each such child, procedural safeguards will be applied, among other things, to assure each child in foster care under the supervision of the State of a dispositional hearing to be held, in a family or juvenile court or another court (including a tribal court) of competent jurisdiction, or by an administrative body appointed or approved by the court, no later than eighteen months after the original

^{&#}x27; Sec. 101(a) (4) of P.L. 96-272 provides that Clause (B) of par. (3) is effective for adoption assistance agreements entered into after Sept. 30, 1983. See excerpt from P.L. 96-272.

placement (and periodically thereafter during the continuation of foster care), which hearing shall determine the future status of the child (including, but not limited to, whether the child should be returned to the parent, should be continued in foster care for a specified period, should be placed for adoption, or should (because of the child's special needs or circumstances) be continued in foster care on a permanent or long-term basis); and procedural safeguards shall also be applied with respect to parental rights pertaining to the removal of the child from the home of his parents, to a change in the child's placement, and to any determination affecting visitation privileges of parents.

(6) The term "administrative review" means a review open to the participation of the parents of the child, conducted by a panel of appropriate persons at least one of whom is not responsible for the case management of, or the delivery of services to, either the child or the parents who are the subject of the review.

Technical Assistance; Data Collection and Evaluation

- Sec. 476. (a) The Secretary may provide technical assistance to the States to assist them to develop the programs authorized under this part and shall periodically (1) evaluate the programs authorized under this part and part B of this title and (2) collect and publish data pertaining to the incidence and characteristics of foster care and adoptions in this country.
- (b) Each State shall submit statistical reports as the Secretary may require with respect to children for whom payments are made under this part containing information with respect to such children including legal status, demographic characteristics, location, and length of any stay in foster care.

TITLE V-MATERNAL AND CHILD HEALTH SERVICES BLOCK GRANT 123

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Authorization of Appropriations

Sec. 501. (a) For the purpose of enabling each State—

(1) to assure mothers and children (in particular those with low income or with limited availability of health services) access to quality maternal and child health services,

(2) to reduce infant mortality and the incidence of preventable diseases and handicapping conditions among children, to reduce the need for inpatient and long-term care services, to increase the number of children (especially preschool children) appropriately immunized against disease and the number of low income children receiving health assessments and follow-up diagnostic and treatment services, and otherwise to promote the health of mothers and children (especially by providing preventive and primary care services for low income children, and prenatal, delivery, and postpartum care for low income mothers),

¹ Title V was amended in its entirety by the Maternal and Child Health Services Block Grant Act (subtitle D of title XXI of P.L. 9:-35).

² The table of contents does not appear in the law.

³ Subsection (b) of sec. 2192 of P.L. 97-35 provides as follows:

⁽b) (1) The Secretary of Health and Human Services shall, no later than October 1, 1984, report to the Congress on the activities of States receiving allotments under title V of the Social Security Act (as amended by this section) and include in such report any recommendations for appropriate changes in legislation.

⁽²⁾ The Secretary of Health and Human Services, in consultation with the Comptroller General, shall examine alternative formulas, for the allotment of funds to States under section 502(b) of the Social Security Act (as amended by this section) which might be used as a substitute for the method of allotting funds described in such section, which provide for the equitable distribution of such funds to States (as defined for purposes of such section), and which take into account—

⁽A) the population of the States,

⁽B) the number of live births in the States,

⁽C) the number of crippled children in the States.

⁽D) the number of low income mothers and children in the States,

⁽E) the financial resources of the various States, and

⁽F) such other factors as the Secretary deems appropriate, and shall report to the Congress thereon not later than June 30, 1982.

- (3) to provide rehabilitation services for blind and disabled individuals under the age of 16 receiving benefits under title XVI of this Act, and
- (4) to provide services for locating, and for medical, surgical, corrective, and other services, and care for, and facilities for diagnosis, hospitalization, and aftercare for, children who are crippled or who are suffering from conditions leading to crippling;

and for the purpose of enabling the Secretary to provide for special projects of regional and national significance, research, and training with respect to maternal and child health and crippled children, for genetic disease testing, counseling, and information development and dissemination programs, and for grants relating to hemophilia (without regard to age), there are authorized to be appropriated \$373,000,000 for fiscal year 1982 and for each fiscal year thereafter.

(b) For purposes of this title:

(1) The term "consolidated health programs" means the programs administered under the provisions of—

(A) this title (relating to maternal and child health and

crippled children's services),

- (B) section 1615(c) of this Act (relating to supplemental security income for disabled children),
- (C) sections 316 (relating to lead-based paint poisoning prevention programs), 1101 (relating to genetic disease programs), 1121 (relating to sudden infant death syndrome programs) and 1131 (relating to hemophilia treatment centers) of the Public Health Service Act, and
- (D) title IV of the Health Services and Centers Amendments of 1978 (Public Law 95-626; relating to adolescent pregnancy grants),

as such provisions were in effect before the date of the enactment of the Maternal and Child Health Services Block Grant Act.

(2) The term "low income" means, with respect to an individual or family, such an individual or family with an income determined to be below the nonfarm income official poverty line defined by the Office of Management and Budget and revised annually in accordance with section 624 of the Economic Opportunity Act of 1964.

Allotments to States and Federal Set-Aside

Sec. 502. (a) (1) Of the amount appropriated under section 501(a), the Secretary shall retain an amount equal to 15 percent thereof in the case of fiscal year 1982, and an amount equal to not less than 10, nor more than 15, percent thereof in the case of each fiscal year thereafter, for the purpose of carrying out (through grants, contracts, or

otherwise) special projects of regional and national significance, training, and research and for the funding of genetic disease testing, counseling, and information development and dissemination programs and of comprehensive hemophilia diagnostic and treatment centers. The authority of the Secretary to enter into any contracts under this title is effective for any fiscal year only to such extent or in such amounts as are provided in appropriations Acts.

(2) For purposes of paragraph (1)—

- (A) amounts retained by the Secretary for training shall be used to make grants to public or nonprofit private institutions of higher learning for training personnel for health care and related services for mothers and children; and
- (B) amounts retained by the Secretary for research shall be used to make grants to, contracts with, or jointly financed cooperative agreements with, public or nonprofit institutions of higher learning and public or nonprofit priv: te agencies and organizations engaged in research or in maternal and child health or crippled children's programs for research projects relating to maternal and child health services or crippled children's services which show promise of substantial contribution to the advancement thereof.
- (3) No funds may be made available by the Secretary under this subsection unless an application therefor has been submitted to, and approved by, the Secretary. Such application shall be in such form, be submitted in such manner, and contain and be accompanied by such information as the Secretary may specify. No such application may be approved unless it contains assurances that the applicant will use the funds provided only for the purposes specified in the approved application and will establish such fiscal control and accounting procedures as may be necessary to assure proper disbursement and accounting of Federal funds paid to the applicant under this title.
- (b) From the remaining amounts appropriated under section 501(a) for any fiscal year, the Secretary shall allot to each State which has transmitted a description of intended activities and statement of assurances for the fiscal year under section 505, an amount determined as follows:
 - (1) The Secretary shall determine, for each State-
 - (A) (i) the amount provided or allotted by the Secretary to the State and to entities in the State under the provisions of the consolidated health programs (as defined in section 501 (b) (1)), other than for any of the projects or programs described in subsection (a), from appropriations for fiscal year 1981,
 - (ii) the proportion that such amount for the State bears to the total of such amounts for all the States, and
 - (B) (i) the number of low income children in the State, and
 - (ii) the proportion that such number of children for that

State bears to the total of such numbers of children for all the States.

- (2) (A) For each of fiscal years 1982 and 1983, each such State shall be allotted for that fiscal year an amount equal to the State's proportion (determined under paragraph (1) (A) (ii)) of the amounts available for allotment to all the States under this subsection for that fiscal year.
- (B) For fiscal years beginning with fiscal year 1984, if the amount available for allotment under this subsection for that fiscal year—
 - (i) does not exceed the amount available under this subsection for allotment for fiscal year 1983, each such State shall be allotted for that fiscal year an amount equal to the State's proportion (determined under paragraph (1)(A) (ii)) of the amounts available for allotment to all the States under this subsection for that fiscal year, or
 - (ii) exceeds the amounts available under this subsection for allotment for fiscal year 1983, each such State shall be allotted for that fiscal year an amount equal to the sum of—
 - (I) the amount of the allotment to the State under this subsection in fiscal year 1983 (without regard to paragraph (3) of this subsection), and
 - (II) the State's proportion (determined under paragraph (1)(B)(ii)) of the amount by which the allotment available under this subsection for all the States for that fiscal year exceeds the amount that was available under this subsection for allotment for all the States for fiscal year 1983.
- (3) (A) To the extent that all the funds appropriated under this title for a fiscal year are not otherwise allotted to States either because all the States have not qualified for such allotments under section 505 for the fiscal year or because some States have indicated in their descriptions of activities under section 505 that they do not intend to use the full amount of such allotments, such excess shall be allotted among the remaining States in proportion to the amount otherwise allotted to such States for the fiscal year without regard to this subparagraph.
- (B) To the extent that all the funds appropriated under this title for a fiscal year are not otherwise allotted to States because some State allotments are offset under section 506(b)(2), such excess shall be allotted among the remaining States in proportion to the amount otherwise allotted to such States for the fiscal year without regard to this subparagraph.

Payments to States

Sec. 503. (a) From the sums appropriated therefor and the allotments available under section 502(b), the Secretary shall make payments as provided by section 203 of the Intergovernmental Cooperation Act of 1968 (42 U.S.C. 4213) to each State provided such an allotment under section 502(b), for each quarter, of an amount equal to four-sevenths of the total of the sums expended by the State during such quarter in carrying out the provisions of this title.

- (b) Any amount payable to a State under this title from allotments for a fiscal year which remains unobligated at the end of such year shall remain available to such State for obligation during the next fiscal year. No payment may be made to a State under this title from allotments for a fiscal year for expenditures made after the following fiscal year.
- (c) The Secretary, at the request of a State, may reduce the amount of payments under subsection (a) by—
 - (1) the fair market value of any supplies or equipment furnished the State, and
 - (2) the amount of the pay, allowances, and travel expenses of any officer or employee of the Government when detailed to the State and the amount of any other costs incurred in connection with the detail of such officer or employee,

when the furnishing of supplies or equipment or the detail of an officer or employee is for the convenience of and at the request of the State and for the purpose of conducting activities described in section 505 on a temporary basis. The amount by which any payment is so reduced shall be available for payment by the Secretary of the costs incurred in furnishing the supplies or equipment or in detailing the personnel, on which the reduction of the payment is based, and the amount shall be deemed to be part of the payment and shall be deemed to have been paid to the State.

Use of Allotment Funds

- Sec. 504. (a) Except as otherwise provided under this section, a State may use amounts paid to it under section 503 for the provision of health services and related activities (including planning, administration, education, and evaluation) consistent with its description of intended expenditures and statement of assurances transmitted under section 505.
 - (b) Amounts described in subsection (a) may not be used for—
 - (1) inpatient services, other than inpatient services provided to crippled children or to high-risk pregnant women and infants and such other inpatient services as the Secretary may approve;
 - (2) cash payments to intended recipients of health services;

- (3) the purchase or improvement of land, the purchase, construction, or permanent improvement (other than minor remodeling) of any building or other facility, or the purchase of major medical equipment;
- (4) satisfying any requirement for the expenditure of non-Federal funds as a condition for the receipt of Federal funds; or
- (5) providing funds for research or training to any entity other than a public or nonprofit private entity.

The Secretary may waive the limitation contained in paragraph (3) upon the request of a State if the Secretary finds that there are extraordinary circumstances to justify the waiver and that granting the waiver will assist in carrying out this title.

(c) A State may use a portion of the amounts described in subsection (a) for the purpose of purchasing technical assistance from public or private entities if the State determines that such assistance is required in developing, implementing, and administering programs funded under this title.

Description of Intended Expenditures and Statement of Assurances

Sec. 505. In order to be entitled to payments for allotments under section 502 for a fiscal year, a State must prepare and transmit to the Secretary—

- (1) a report describing the intended use of payments the State is to receive under this title for the fiscal year, including (A) a description of those populations, areas, and localities in the State which the State has identified as needing maternal and child health services, (B) a statement of goals and objectives for meeting those needs, (C) information on the types of services to be provided and the categories or characteristics of individuals to be served, and (D) data the State intends to collect respecting activities conducted with such payments; and
- (2) a statement of assurances that represents to the Secretary that—
 - (A) the State will provide a fair method (as determined by the State) for allocating funds allotted to the State under this title among such individuals, areas, and localities identified under paragraph (1)(A) as needing maternal and child health services, and the State will identify and apply guidelines for the appropriate frequency and content of, and appropriate referral and followup with respect to, health care assessments and services financially assisted by the State under this title and methods for assuring quality assessments and services:

- (B) funds allotted to the State under this title will only be used, consistent with section 508, to carry out the purposes of this title or to continue activities previously conducted under the consolidated health programs (described in section 502(b)(1));
 - (C) the State will use—
 - (i) a substantial proportion of the sums expended by the State for carrying out this title for the provision of health services to mothers and children, with special consideration given (where appropriate) to the continuation of the funding of special projects in the State previously funded under this title (as in effect before the date of the enactment of the Maternal and Child Health Services Block Grant Act), and
 - (ii) a reasonable proportion (based upon the State's previous use of funds under this title) of such sums to carry out the purposes described in paragraphs (1) through (3) of section 501(a);
- (D) if the State imposes any charges for the provision of health services assisted by the State under this title, such charges (i) will be pursuant to a public schedule of charges, (ii) will not be imposed with respect to services provided to low income mothers or children, and (iii) will be adjusted to reflect the income, resources, and family size of the individual provided the services; and
- (E) the State agency (or agencies) administering the State's program under this title will participate—
 - (i) in the coordination of activities between such program and the early and periodic screening, diagnosis, and treatment program under title XIX, to ensure that such programs are carried out without duplication of effort,
 - (ii) in the arrangement and carrying out of coordination agreements described in section 1902(a)(11) (relating to coordination of care and services available under this title and title XIX), and
 - (iii) in the coordination of activities within the State with programs carried out under this title and related Federal grant programs (including supplemental food programs for mothers, infants, and children, related education programs. and other health, developmental disability, and family planning programs).

The description and statement shall be made public within the State in such manner as to facilitate comment from any person (including any Federal or other public agency) during development of the description and statement and after its transmittal. The description and statement

shall be revised (consistent with this section) throughout the year as may be necessary to reflect substantial changes in any element of such description or statement, and any revision shall be subject to the requirements of the preceding sentence.

Reports and Audits

Sec. 506. (a) (1) Each State shall prepare and submit to the Secretary annual reports on its activities under this title. In order properly to evaluate and to compare the performance of different States assisted under this title and to assure the proper expenditure of funds under this title, such reports shall be in such form and contain such information as the Secretary determines (after consultation with the States and the Comptroller General) to be necessary (A) to secure an accurate description of those activities, (B) to secure a complete record of the purposes for which funds were spent, of the recipients of such funds, and of the progress made toward achieving the purposes of this title, and (C) to determine the extent to which funds were expended consistent with the State's description and statement transmitted under section 505. Copies of the report shall be provided, upon request, to any interested public agency, and each such agency may provide its views on these reports to the Congress.

(2) The Secretary shall annually report to the Congress on activities funded under section 502(a) and shall provide for transmittal of a

copy of such report to each State.

(b) (1) Each State shall, not less often than once every two years, audit its expenditures from amounts received under this title. Such State audits shall be conducted by an entity independent of the State agency administering a program funded under this title in accordance with the Comptroller General's standards for auditing governmental organizations, programs, activities, and functions and generally accepted auditing standards. Within 30 days following the completion of each audit report, the State shall submit a copy of that audit report to the Secretary.

(2) Each State shall repay to the United States amounts found by the Secretary, after notice and opportunity for a hearing to the State, not to have been expended in accordance with this title and, if such repayment is not made, the Secretary may offset such amounts against the amount of any allotment to which the State is or may become entitled under this title or may otherwise recover such amounts.

(3) The Secretary may, after notice and opportunity for a hearing, withhold payment of funds to any State which is not using its allotment under this title in accordance with this title. The Secretary may withhold such funds until the Secretary finds that the reason for the withholding has been removed and there is reasonable assurance that it will not recur.

- (c) The State shall make copies of the reports and audits required by this section available for public inspection within the State.
- (d) (1) For the purpose of evaluating and reviewing the block grant established under this title, the Secretary and the Comptroller General shall have access to any books, accounts, records, correspondence, or other documents that are related to such block grant, and that are in the possession, custody, or control of States, political subdivisions thereof, or any of their grantees.
- (2) In conjunction with an evaluation or review under paragraph (1), no State or political subdivision thereof (or grantee of either) shall be required to create or prepare new records to comply with paragraph (1).
- (3) For other provisions relating to deposit, accounting, reports, and auditing with respect to Federal grants to States, see section 202 of the Intergovernmental Cooperation Act of 1968 (42 U.S.C. 4212).

Criminal Penalty for False Statements

Sec. 507. (a) Whoever—

- (1) knowingly and willfully makes or causes to be made any false statement or representation of a material fact in connection with the furnishing of items or services for which payment may be made by a State from funds allotted to the State under this title, or
- (2) having knowledge of the occurrence of any event affecting his initial or continued right to any such payment conceals or fails to disclose such event with an intent fraudulently to secure such payment either in a greater amount than is due or when no such payment is authorized,

shall be fined not more than \$25,000 or imprisoned for not more than five years, or both.

(b) For civil monetary penalties for certain submissions of false claims, see section 1128A of this Act.

Nondiscrimination

- Sec. 508. (a) (1) For the purpose of applying the prohibitions against discrimination on the basis of age under the Age Discrimination Act of 1975, on the basis of handicap under section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, on the basis of sex under title IX of the Education Amendments of 1972, or on the basis of race, color, or national origin under title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964, programs and activities funded in whole or in part with funds made available under this title are considered to be programs and activities receiving Federal financial assistance.
- (2) No person shall on the ground of sex or religion be excluded from participation in, be denied the benefits of, or be subjected to

discrimination under, any program or activity funded in whole or in part with funds made available under this title.

(b) Whenever the Secretary finds that a State, or an entity that has received a payment from an allotment to a State under section 502(b), has failed to comply with a provision of law referred to in subsection (a) (1), with subsection (a) (2), or with an applicable regulation (including one prescribed to carry out subsection (a) (2), he shall notify the chief executive officer of the State and shall request him to secure compliance. If within a reasonable period of time, not to exceed sixty days, the chief executive officer fails or refuses to secure compliance, the Secretary may—

(1) refer the matter to the Attorney General with a recommendation that an appropriate civil action be instituted,

(2) exercise the powers and functions provided by title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964, the Age Discrimination Act of 1975, or section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, as may be applicable, or

(3) take such other action as may be provided by law.

(c) When a matter is referred to the Attorney General pursuant to subsection (b) (1), or whenever he has reason to believe that the entity is engaged in a pattern or practice in violation of a provision of law referred to in subsection (a) (1) or in violation of subsection (a) (2), the Attorney General may bring a civil action in any appropriate district court of the United States for such relief as may be appropriate, including injunctive relief.

Administration of Title and State Programs

Sec. 509. (a) The Secretary shall designate an identifiable administrative unit with expertise in maternal and child health within the Department of Health and Human Services, which unit shall be responsible for—

(1) the Federal program described in section 502(a);

(2) promoting coordination at the Federal level of the activities authorized under this title and under title XIX of this Act, especially early and periodic screening, diagnosis and treatment, related activities funded by the Departments of Agriculture and Education, and under health block grants and categorical health programs, such as immunizations, administered by the Secretary;

(3) disseminating information to the States in such areas as preventive health services and advances in the care and treatment of mothers and children;

- (4) providing technical assistance, upon request, to the States in such areas as program planning, establishment of goals and objectives, standards of care, and evaluation;
- (5) in cooperation with the National Center for Health Statistics and in a manner that avoids duplication of data collection,

collection, maintenance, and dissemination of information relating to the health status and health service needs of mothers and children in the United States; and

- (6) assisting in the preparation of reports to the Congress on the activities funded and accomplishments achieved under this title from the information required to be reported by the States under sections 505 and 506.
- (b) The State health agency of each State shall be responsible for the administration (or supervision of the administration) of programs carried out with allotments made to the State under this title, except that, in the case of a State which on July 1, 1967, provided for adminisration (or supervision thereof) of the State plan under this title (as in effect on such date) by a State agency other than the State health agency, that State shall be considered to comply the requirement of this subsection if it would otherwise comply but for the fact that such other State agency administers (or supervises the administration of) any such program providing services for crippled children.

TITLE VI—GRANTS TO STATES FOR SERVICES TO THE AGED. BLIND. OR DISABLED

[Title VI was repealed effective October 1, 1975 by Public Law 93-647. See title XX for social services.]

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TITLE VII—ADMINISTRATION

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Office of Commissioner of Social Security

Section 701. [Superseded by section 4 of Reorganization Plan No. 1 of 1953. Section 701 provided for an Office of Commissioner for Social Security. Section 4 of the Plan provides: "There shall be in the Department a Commissioner of Social Security who shall be appointed by the President by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, shall perform such functions concerning social security and public welfare as the Secretary may prescribe, and shall receive compensation at the rate now or hereafter fixed by law for grade GS-18 of the general schedule established by the Classification Act of 1949, as amended." Under subsequent legislation (5 U.S.C. 5315(97)), the position of Commissioner of Social Security is established at level IV of the Executive Schedule.]

Duties of the Secretary

Sec. 702. The Secretary of Health, Education, and Welfare shall perform the duties imposed upon him by this Act, shall also have the duty of studying and making recommendations as to the most effective methods of providing economic security through social insurance, and as to legislation and matters of administrative policy concerning old-age pensions, unemployment compensation, accident compensation, and related subjects.

Expenses of the Secretary

Sec. 703. The Secretary is authorized to appoint and fix the compensation of such officers and employees, and to make such expenditures, as may be necessary for carrying out his functions under this Act. Appointments of attorneys and experts may be made without regard to the civil service laws.

¹ This table of contents does not appear in the law.

Reports

Sec. 704. The Secretary shall make a full report to Congress, within one hundred and twenty days after the beginning of each regular session, of the administration of the functions with which he is charged under this Act. In addition to the number of copies of such report authorized by other law to be printed, there is hereby authorized to be printed not more than five thousand copies of such report for use by the Secretary for distribution to Members of Congress and to State and other public or private agencies or organizations participating in or concerned with the social security program.¹

Training Grants for Public Welfare Personnel

Sec. 705. (a) In order to assist in increasing the effectiveness and efficiency of administration of public assistance programs by increasing the number of adequately trained public welfare personnel available for work in public assistance programs, there are hereby authorized to be appropriated for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1963, the sum of \$3,500,000, and for each fiscal year thereafter the sum of \$5,000,000.

- (b) Such portion of the sums appropriated pursuant to subsection (a) for any fiscal year as the Secretary may determine, but not in excess of \$1,000,000 in the case of the fiscal year ending June 30, 1963, and \$2,000,000 in the case of any fiscal year thereafter, shall be available for carrying out subsection (f). From the remainder of the sums so appropriated for any fiscal year, the Secretary shall make allotments to the States on the basis of (1) population, (2) relative need for trained public welfare personnel, particularly for personnel to provide self-support and self-care services, and (3) financial need.
- (c) From each State's allotment under subsection (b), the Secretary shall from time to time pay to such State its costs of carrying out the purposes of this section through (1) grants to public or other nonprofit institutions of higher learning for training personnel employed or preparing for employment in public assistance programs, (2) special courses of study or seminars of short duration conducted for such personnel by experts hired on a temporary basis for the purpose, and (3) establishing and maintaining, directly or through grants to such institutions, fellowships or traineeships for such personnel at such institutions, with such stipends and allowances as may be permitted under regulations of the Secretary.
- (d) Payments pursuant to subsection (c) shall be made in advance on the basis of estimates by the Secretary and adjustments may be made in future payments under this section to take account of overpayments or underpayments in amounts previously paid.

¹ Section 704 was amended by section 88 of P.L. 94-278.

- (e) The amount of any allotment to a State under subsection (b) for any fiscal year which the State certifies to the Secretary will not be required for carrying out the purposes of this section in such State shall be available for reallotment from time to time, on such dates as the Secretary may fix, to other States which the Secretary determines have need in carrying out such purposes for sums in excess of those previously allotted to them under this section and will be able to use such excess amounts during such fiscal year; such reallotments to be made on the basis provided in subsection (b) for the initial allotments to the States. Any amount so reallotted to a State shall be deemed part of its allotment under such subsection.
- (f) (1) The portion of the sums appropriated for any fiscal year which is determined by the Secretary under the first sentence of subsection (b) to be available for carrying out this subsection shall be available to enable him to provide (A) directly or through grants to or contracts with public or nonprofit private institutions of higher learning, for training personnel who are employed or preparing for employment in the administration of public assistance programs, (B) directly or through grants to or contracts with public or nonprofit private agencies or institutions, for special courses of study or seminars of short duration (not in excess of one year) for training of such personnel, and (C) directly or through grants to or contracts with public or nonprofit private institutions of higher learning, for establishing and maintaining fellowships or traineeships for such personnel at such institutions, with such stipends and allowances as may be permitted by the Secretary.
- (2) Payments under paragraph (1) may be made in advance on the basis of estimates by the Secretary, or may be made by way of reimbursement, and adjustments may be made in future payments under this subsection to take account of overpayments or underpayments in amounts previously paid.
- (3) The Secretary may, to the extent he finds such action to be necessary, prescribe requirements to assure that any individual will repay the amount of his fellowship or traineeship received under this subsection to the extent such individual fails to serve, for the period prescribed by the Secretary, with a State or political subdivision thereof, or with the Federal Government, in connection with administration of any State or local public assistance program. The Secretary may relieve any individual of his obligation to so repay, in whole or in part, whenever and to the extent that requirement of such repayment would, in his judgment, be inequitable or would be contrary to the purposes of any of the public welfare programs established by this Act.

Advisory Council on Social Security

Sec. 706. (a) During 1969 (but not before February 1, 1969) and every fourth year thereafter (but not before February 1 of such fourth year), the Secretary shall appoint an Advisory Council on Social Security for the purpose of reviewing the status of the Federal Old-Age and Survivors Insurance Trust Fund, the Federal Disability Insurance Trust Fund, the Federal Hospital Insurance Trust Fund, and the Federal Supplementary Medical Insurance Trust Fund in relation to the long-term commitments of the old-age, survivors, and disability insurance program and the programs under parts A and B of title XVIII, and of reviewing the scope of coverage and the adequacy of benefits under, and all other aspects of, these programs, including their impact on the public assistance programs under this Act.

(b) Each such Council shall consist of a Chairman and 12 other persons, appointed by the Secretary without regard to the provisions of title 5, United States Code, governing appointments in the competitive service. The appointed members shall, to the extent possible, represent organizations of employers and employees in equal numbers

and represent self-employed persons and the public.

(c) (1) Any Council appointed hereunder is authorized to engage such technical assistance, including actuarial services, as may be required to carry out its functions, and the Secretary shall, in addition, make available to such Council such secretarial, clerical, and other assistance and such actuarial and other pertinent data prepared by the Department of Health, Education, and Welfare as it may require to carry out such functions.

(2) Appointed members of any such Council, while serving on business of the Council (inclusive of travel time) shall receive compensation at rates fixed by the Secretary, but not exceeding \$100 per day and, while so serving away from their homes or regular places of business, they may be allowed travel expenses, including per diem in lieu of subsistence, as authorized by section 5703 of title 5, United States Code, for persons in the Government employed intermittently.

(d) Each such Council shall submit reports (including any interim reports such Council may have issued) of its findings and recommendations to the Secretary not later than January 1 of the second year after the year in which it is appointed, and such reports and recommendations shall thereupon be transmitted to the Congress and to the Board of Trustees of each of the Trust Funds. The reports required by this subsection shall include—

(1) a separate report with respect to the old-age, survivors, and disability insurance program under title II and of the taxes imposed under sections 1401(a), 3101(a), and 3111(a) of the

Internal Revenue Code of 1954,

- (2) a separate report with respect to the hospital insurance program under part A of title XVIII and of the taxes imposed by sections 1401(b), 3101(b), and 3111(b) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954, and
- (3) a separate report with respect to the supplementary medical insurance program established by part B of title XVIII and of the financing thereof.

After the date of the transmittal to the Congress of the reports required by this subsection, the Council shall cease to exist.¹

Grants for Expansion and Development of Undergraduate and Graduate Programs

Sec. 707. (a) There is authorized to be appropriated \$5,000,000 for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1969, and \$5,000,000 for each of the three succeeding fiscal years, for grants by the Secretary to public or nonprofit private colleges and universities and to accredited graduate schools of social work or an association of such schools to meet part of the costs of development, expansion, or improvement of (respectively) undergraduate programs in social work and programs for the graduate training of professional social work personnel, including the costs of compensation of additional faculty and administrative personnel and minor improvements of existing facilities. Not less than one-half of the sums appropriated for any fiscal year under the authority of this subsection shall be used by the Secretary for grants with respect to undergraduate programs.

(b) In considering applications for grants under this section, the Secretary shall take into account the relative need in the States for personnel trained in social work and the effect of the grants thereon.

- (c) Payment of grants under this section may be made (after necessary adjustments on account of previously made overpayments or underpayments) in advance or by way of reimbursement, and on such terms and conditions and in such installments, as the Secretary may determine.
 - (d) For purposes of this section—
 - (1) the term "graduate school of social work" means a department, school, division, or other administrative unit, in a public or nonprofit private college or university, which provides, primarily or exclusively, a program of education in social work and allied subjects leading to a graduate degree in social work;
 - (2) the term "accredited" as applied to a graduate school of social work refers to a school which is accredited by a body or

¹ See also sec. 372 of P.L. 95-216.

bodies approved for the purpose by the Commissioner of Education or with respect to which there is evidence satisfactory to the Secretary that it will be so accredited within a reasonable time; and

(3) the term "nonprofit" as applied to any college or university refers to a college or university which is a corporation or association, or is owned and operated by one or more corporations or associations, no part of the net earnings of which inures, or may lawfully inure, to the benefit of any private shareholder or individual.

Delivery of Benefit Checks

- Sec. 708. (a) If the day regularly designated for the delivery of benefit checks under title II or title XVI falls on a Saturday, Sunday, or legal public holiday (as defined in section 6103 of title 5, United States Code) in any month, the benefit checks which would otherwise be delivered on such day shall be mailed for delivery on the first day preceding such day which is not a Saturday, Sunday, or legal public holiday (as so defined), without regard to whether the delivery of such checks would as a result have to be made before the end of the month for which such checks are issued.
- (b) If more than the correct amount of payment under title II or XVI is made to any individual as a result of the receipt of a benefit check pursuant to subsection (a) before the end of the month for which such check is issued, no action shall be taken (under section 204 or 1631(b) or otherwise) to recover such payment or the incorrect portion thereof.¹

TITLE VIII—TAXES WITH RESPECT TO EMPLOYMENT

[Note.—The provisions of this title are now contained in, and are superseded by, chapter 21 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954.]

¹ Section 708 was added by sec. 338 of P.L. 95-216.

TITLE IX—MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS RELATING TO EMPLOYMENT SECURITY

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Employment Security Administration Account

Establishment of Account

Section 901. (a) There is hereby established in the Unemployment Trust Fund an employment security administration account.

Appropriations to Account

(b) (1) There is hereby appropriated to the Unemployment Trust Fund for credit to the employment security administration account, out of any moneys in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1961, and for each fiscal year thereafter, an amount equal to 100 per centum of the tax (including inter-

¹ This table of contents does not appear in the law.

est, penalties, and additions to the tax) received during the fiscal year under the Federal Unemployment Tax Act and covered into the Treasury.

- (2) The amount appropriated by paragraph (1) shall be transferred at least monthly from the general fund of the Treasury to the Unemployment Trust Fund and credited to the employment security administration account. Each such transfer shall be based on estimates made by the Secretary of the Treasury of the amounts received in the Treasury. Proper adjustments shall be made in the amounts subsequently transferred, to the extent prior estimates (including estimates for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1960) were in excess of or were less than the amounts required to be transferred.
- (3) The Secretary of the Treasury is directed to pay from time to time from the employment security administration account into the Treasury, as repayments to the account for refunding internal revenue collections, amounts equal to all refunds made after June 30, 1960, of amounts received as tax under the Federal Unemployment Tax Act (including interest on such refunds).

Administrative Expenditures

(c) (1) There are hereby authorized to be made available for expenditure out of the employment security administration account for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1971, and for each fiscal year thereafter—

(A) such amounts (not in excess of the applicable limit provided by paragraph (3) and, with respect to clause (ii), not in excess of the limit provided by paragraph (4)) as the Congress may deem appropriate for the purpose of—

(i) assisting the States in the administration of their unemployment compensation laws as provided in title III (including administration pursuant to agreements under any Federal unemployment compensation law),

(ii) the establishment and maintenance of systems of public employment offices in accordance with the Act of June 6, 1933, as amended (29 U.S.C., secs. 49-49n), and

(iii) carrying into effect section 2003 of title 38 of the United States Code;

- (B) such amounts (not in excess of the limit provided by paragraph (4) with respect to clause (iii)) as the Congress may deem appropriate for the necessary expenses of the Department of Labor for the performance of its functions under—
 - (i) this title and titles III and XII of this Act,

(ii) the Federal Unemployment Tax Act,

(iii) the provisions of the Act of June 6, 1933, as amended,

(iv) chapter 41 (except section 2003) of title 38 of the United States Code, and

(v) any Federal unemployment compensation law. The term "necessary expenses" as used in this subparagraph (B) shall include the expense of reimbursing a State for salaries and other expenses of employees of such State temporarily assigned or detailed to duty with the Department of Labor and of paying such employees for travel expenses, transportation of household goods, and per diem in lieu of subsistence while away from their regular duty stations in the State, at rates authorized by law for civilian em-

ployees of the Federal Government.

(2) The Secretary of the Treasury is directed to pay from the employment security administration account into the Treasury as miscellaneous receipts the amount estimated by him which will be expended during a three-month period by the Treasury Department for the performance of its functions under—

(A) this title and titles III and XII of this Act, including the expenses of banks for servicing unemployment benefit payment and clearing accounts which are offset by the maintenance of

balances of Treasury funds with such banks,

(B) the Federal Unemployment Tax Act, and

(C) any Federal unemployment compensation law with respect to which responsibility for administration is vested in the Secretary of Labor.

If it subsequently appears that the estimates under this paragraph in any particular period were too high or too low, appropriate adjustments shall be made by the Secretary of the Treasury in future

payments.

(3) (A) For purposes of paragraph (1) (A), the limitation on the amount authorized to be made available for any fiscal year after June 30, 1970, is, except as provided in subparagraph (B) and in the second sentence of section 901(f)(3)(A), an amount equal to 95 percent of the amount estimated and set forth in the budget of the United States Government for such fiscal year as the amount by which the net receipts during such year under the Federal Unemployment Tax Act will exceed the amount transferred under section 905(b) during such year to the extended unemployment compensation account.

(B) The limitation established by subparagraph (A) is increased by any unexpended amount retained in the employment security administration account in accordance with section 901(f)(2)(B).

(C) Each estimate of net receipts under this paragraph shall be based upon (i) a tax rate of 0.5 percent in the case of any calendar year for which the rate of tax under section 3301 of the Federal

Unemployment Tax Act is 3.2 percent, and (ii) a tax rate of 0.8 percent in the case of any calendar year for which the rate of tax under such section is 3.5 percent.¹

² Subparagraph (C) was amended by section 211(e)(1) of P.L. 94-566 and by sec. 271(b)(2) of P.L. 97-248. Effective for remuneration paid after December 31, 1984, subpar. (c) is further amended so that the percentages specified therein will be 0.6, 6.0, 0.8, and 6.2 percent rather than 0.5, 3.2, 0.8, and 3.5 percent.

(4) For purposes of paragraphs (1) (A) (ii) and (1) (B) (iii) the amount authorized to be made available out of the employment security administration account for any fiscal year after June 30, 1972, shall reflect the proportion of the total cost of administering the system of public employment offices in accordance with the Act of June 6, 1988, as amended, and of the necessary expenses of the Department of Labor for the performance of its functions under the provisions of such Act, as the President determines is an appropriate charge to the employment security administration account, and reflects in his annual budget for such year. The President's determination, after consultation with the Secretary, shall take into account such factors as the relationship between employment subject to State laws and the total labor force in the United States, the number of claimants and the number of job applicants, and such other factors as he finds relevant.

Additional Tax Attributable to Reduced Credits

(d) (1) The Secretary of the Treasury is directed to transfer from the employment security administration account—

(A) To the Federal unemployment account, an amount equal

to the amount by which-

(i) 100 per centum of the additional tax received under the Federal Unemployment Tax Act with respect to any. State by reason of the reduced credits provisions of section 8302(c)(3) of such Act and covered into the Treasury for the repayment of advances made to the State under section 1201, exceeds

(ii) the amount transferred to the account of such State

pursuant to subparagraph (B) of this paragraph.

Any amount transferred pursuant to this subparagraph shall be credited against, and shall operate to reduce, that balance of advances, made under section 1201 to the State, with respect to which employers paid such additional tax.

(B) To the account (in the Unemployment Trust Fund) of the State with respect to which employers paid such additional tax an amount equal to the amount by which such additional tax received and covered into the Treasury exceeds that balance of advances, made under section 1201 to the State, with respect to which employers paid such additional tax.

(2) Transfers under this subsection shall be as of the beginning of the month succeeding the month in which the moneys were credited to the employment security administration account pursuant to subsec-

tion (b) (2).

· Revolving Fund

(a) (1) There is hereby established in the Treasury a revolving fund which shall be available to make the advances authorized by this sub-

section. There are hereby authorized to be appropriated, without fiscal year limitation, to such revolving fund such amounts as may be neces-

sary for the purposes of this section.

- (2) The Secretary of the Treasury is directed to advance from time to time from the revolving fund to the employment security administration account such amounts as may be necessary for the purposes of this section. If the net balance in the employment security administration account as of the beginning of any fiscal year equals 40 percent of the amount of the total appropriation by the Congress out of the employment security administration account for the preceding fiscal year, no advance may be made under this subsection during such fiscal year.
- (8) Advances to the employment security administration account made under this subsection shall bear interest until repaid at a rate equal to the average rate of interest (computed as of the end of the calendar month next preceding the date of such advance) borne by all interest-bearing obligations of the United States then forming a part of the public debt; except that where such average rate is not a multiple of one-eighth of 1 per centum, the rate of interest shall be the multiple of one-eighth of 1 per centum next lower than such average rate.
- (4) Advances to the employment security administration account made under this subsection, plus interest accrued thereon, shall be repaid by the transfer from time to time, from the employment security administration account to the revolving fund, of such amounts as the Secretary of the Treasury, in consultation with the Secretary of Labor, determines to be available in the employment security administration account for such repayment. Any amount transferred as a repayment under this paragraph shall be credited against, and shall operate to reduce, any balance of advances (plus accrued interest) repayable under this subsection.

Determination of Excess Amount To Be Retained in Employment Security Administration Account

- (f)(1) The Secretary of the Treasury shall determine as of the close of each fiscal year (beginning with the fiscal year ending June 30, 1961) the excess in the employment security administration account.
- (2) (A) Except as provided in subparagraph (B), the excess in the employment security administration account as of the close of any fiscal year is the amount by which the net balance in such account as of such time (after the application of section 902(b) and section 901 (f)(3)(C)) exceeds the net balance in the employment security administration account as of the beginning of that fiscal year (including the fiscal year for which the excess is being computed) for which

the net balance was higher than as of the beginning of any other such fiscal year.

- (B) With respect to the fiscal years ending June 30, 1970, June 30, 1971, and June 30, 1972, the balance in the employment security administration account at the close of each such fiscal year shall not be considered excess but shall be retained in the account for use as provided in paragraph (1) of subsection (c).
- (3) (A) The excess determined as provided in paragraph (2) as of the close of any fiscal year after June 30, 1972, shall be retained (as of the beginning of the succeeding fiscal year) in the employment security administration account until the amount in such account is equal to 40 percent of the amount of the total appropriation by the Congress out of the employment security administration account for the fiscal year for which the excess is determined. Three-eighths of the amount in the employment security administration account as of the beginning of any fiscal year after June 30, 1972, or \$150 million, whichever is the lesser, is authorized to be made available for such fiscal year pursuant to subsection (c) (1) for additional costs of administration due to an increase in the rate of insured unemployment for a calendar quarter of at least 15 percent over the rate of insured unemployment for the corresponding calendar quarter in the immediately preceding year.
- (B) If the entire amount of the excess determined as provided in paragraph (2) as of the close of any fiscal year after June 30, 1972, is not retained in the employment security administration account, there shall be transferred (as of the beginning of the succeeding fiscal year) to the extended unemployment compensation account the balance of such excess or so much thereof as is required to increase the amount in the extended unemployment compensation account to the limit provided in section 905(b) (2).
- (C) If as of the close of any fiscal year after June 30, 1972, the amount in the extended unemployment compensation account exceeds the limit provided in section 905(b)(2), such excess shall be transferred to the employment security administration account as of the close of such fiscal year.
- (4) For the purposes of this section, the net balance in the employment security administration account as of any time is the amount in such account as of such time reduced by the sum of—
 - (A) the amounts then subject to transfer pursuant to subsection (d), and
 - (B) the balance of advances (plus interest accrued thereon) then repayable to the revolving fund established by subsection (e).

² Subparagraph (A) was amended by section 39 of P.L. 94-273.

The net balance in the employment security administration account as of the beginning of any fiscal year shall be determined after the disposition of the excess in such account as of the close of the preceding fiscal year.

Transfers Between Federal Unemployment Account and Employment Security Administration Account

Transfers to Federal Unemployment Account

- Sec. 902. (a) Whenever the Secretary of the Treasury determines pursuant to section 901(f) that there is an excess in the employment security administration account as of the close of any fiscal year and the entire amount of such excess is not retained in the employment security administration account or transferred to the extended unemployment compensation account as provided in section 901(f)(8), there shall be transferred (as of the beginning of the succeeding fiscal year) to the Federal unemployment account the balance of such excess or so much thereof as is required to increase the amount in the Federal unemployment account to whichever of the following is the greater:
 - (1) \$550 million, or
 - (2) the amount (determined by the Secretary of Labor and certified by him to the Secretary of the Treasury) equal to one-eighth of 1 percent of the total wages subject (determined without any information on amount) to contributions under all State unemployment compensation laws for the calendar year ending during the fiscal year for which the excess is determined.

Transfers to Employment Security Administration Account

(b) The amount, if any, by which the amount in the Federal unemployment account as of the close of any fiscal year exceeds the greater of the amounts specified in paragraphs (1) and (2) of subsection (a) shall be transferred to the employment security administration account as of the close of such fiscal year.

Report to the Congress

(c) Whenever the Secretary of Labor has reason to believe that in the next fiscal year the employment security administration account will reach the limit provided for such account in section 901(f) (3)(A), and the Federal unemployment account will reach the limit provided for such account in section 902(a), and the extended unemployment compensation account will reach the limit provided for such account in section 905(b)(2), he shall, after consultation with the Secretary of the Treasury, so report to the Congress with a recommendation for appropriate action by the Congress.

Amounts Transferred to State Accounts

In General

Sec. 903. (a) (1) If as of the close of any fiscal year after the fiscal year ending June 30, 1972, the amount in the extended unemployment compensation account has reached the limit provided in section 905(b) (2) and the amount in the Federal unemployment account has reached the limit provided in section 902(a) and all advances pursuant to section 905(d) and section 1203 have been repaid, and there remains in the employment security administration account any amount over the amount provided in section 901(f)(3)(A), such excess amount, except as provided in subsection (b), shall be transferred (as of the beginning of the succeeding fiscal year) to the accounts of the States in the Unemployment Trust Fund.

(2) Each State's share of the funds to be transferred under this subsection as of any October 1—

- (A) shall be determined by the Secretary of Labor and certified by him to the Secretary of the Treasury before that date on the basis of reports furnished by the States to the Secretary of Labor before September 1, and
- (B) shall bear the same ratio to the total amount to be so transferred as the amount of wages subject to contributions under such State's unemployment compensation law during the preceding calendar year which have been reported to the State before August 1 bears to the total of wages subject to contributions under all State unemployment compensation laws during such calendar year which have been reported to the States before August 1.1

Limitation on Transfers

(b) (1) If the Secretary of Labor finds that on October 1 of any fiscal year—

(A) a State is not eligible for certification under section 808, or

(B) the law of a State is not approvable under section 8304 of the Federal Unemployment Tax Act.

then the amount available for transfer to such State's account shall, in lieu of being so transferred, be transferred to the Federal unemployment account as of the beginning of such October 1. If, during the fiscal year beginning on such October 1, the Secretary of Labor finds and certifies to the Secretary of the Treasury that such State is eligible for certification under section 303, that the law of such State is approvable under such section 3304, or both, the Secretary of the Treasury

¹ Paragraph (2) was amended by sections 2(20), 8(28) and 28 of P.L. 94-278.

shall transfer such amount from the Federal unemployment account to the account of such State. If the Secretary of Labor does not so find and certify to the Secretary of the Treasury before the close of such fiscal year then the amount which was available for transfer to such State's account as of October 1 of such fiscal year shall (as of the close of such fiscal year) become unrestricted as to use as part of the Federal unemployment account.¹

- (2) The amount which, but for this paragraph, would be transferred to the account of a State under subsection (a) or paragraph (1) of this subsection shall be reduced (but not below zero) by the balance of advances made to the State under section 1201. The sum by which such amount is reduced shall—
 - (A) be transferred to or retained in (as the case may be) the Federal unemployment account, and

(B) be credited against, and operate to reduce—

- (i) first, any balance of advances made before the date of the enactment of the Employment Security Act of 1960 to the State under section 1201, and
- (ii) second, any balance of advances made on or after such date to the State under section 1201.

(8) [Repealed.]

Use of Transferred Amounts

(c) (1) Except as provided in paragraph (2), amounts transferred to the account of a State pursuant to subsections (a) and (b) shall be used only in the payment of cash benefits to individuals with respect to their unemployment, exclusive of expenses of administration.

(2) A State may, pursuant to a specific appropriation made by the legislative body of the State, use money withdrawn from its account in the payment of expenses incurred by it for the administration of its unemployment compensation law and public employment offices if and only if—

(A) the purposes and amounts were specified in the law mak-

ing the appropriation,

(B) the appropriation law did not authorize the obligation of such money after the close of the two-year period which began on the date of enactment of the appropriation law,

(C) the money is withdrawn and the expenses are incurred

after such date of enactment, and

(D) the appropriation law limits the total amount which may be obligated during a twelve-month period (as prescribed in the law of the State), or during a transitional period of less than

¹ Paragraph (1) was amended by section 3(23) of P.L. 94-273.

twelve months caused by a change in the twelve-month period (as prescribed in the law of the State), to an amount which does not exceed the amount by which (i) the aggregate of the amounts transferred to the account of such State pursuant to subsections (a) and (b) during such twelve-month period or transitional period of less than twelve months and the thirty-four preceding twelve-month periods (including the transitional period of less than twelve months if it is within such thirty-four twelve-month periods) exceeds (ii) the aggregate of the amounts used by the State pursuant to this subsection and charged against the amounts transferred to the account of such State during such thirty-four twelve-month periods (and the transitional period of less than twelve months if it is within the thirty-four twelve-month periods).

For the purposes of subparagraph (D), amounts used by a State during any twelve-month period or transitional period of less than twelve months shall be charged against equivalent amounts which were transferred and which have not previously been so charged; except that no amount obligated for administration during any such period may be charged against any amount transferred during a twelve-month period or transitional period of less than twelve months earlier than the thirty-fourth preceding twelve-month period (including the transitional period of less than twelve months if it is within such thirty-four twelve-month periods).

(3)(A) If—

(i) amounts transferred to the account of a State pursuant to subsections (a) and (b) of this section were used in payment of unemployment benefits to individuals; and

(ii) the Governor of such State submits a request to the Secretary of Labor that such amounts be restored under this paragraph.

then the amounts described in clause (i) shall be restored to the status of funds transferred under subsections (a) and (b) of this section which have not been used by eliminating any charge against amounts so transferred for the use of such amounts in the payment of unemployment benefits.

- (B) Subparagraph (A) shall apply only to the extent that the amounts described in clause (i) of such subparagraph do not exceed the amount then in the State's account.
- (C) Subparagraph (A) shall not apply if the State has a balance of advances made to its account under title XII of this Act.
- (D) If the Secretary of Labor determines that the requirements of this paragraph are met with respect to any request, the Secretary

¹ Paragraph (2) was amended by section 41 of P.L. 94-278 and by sec. 192(a) of P.L. 97-248.

shall notify the Governor of the State that such requirements are met with respect to such request and the amount restored under this paragraph. Such restoration shall be as of the first day of the first month following the month in which the notification is made.

Unemployment Trust Fund

Establishment, etc.

Sec. 904. (a) There is hereby established in the Treasury of the United States a trust fund to be known as the "Unemployment Trust Fund", hereinafter in this title called the "Fund". The Secretary of the Treasury is authorized and directed to receive and hold in the Fund all moneys deposited therein by a State agency from a State unemployment fund, or by the Railroad Retirement Board to the credit of the railroad unemployment insurance account or the railroad unemployment insurance administration fund, or otherwise deposited in or credited to the Fund or any account therein. Such deposit may be made directly with the Secretary of the Treasury, with any depositary designated by him for such purpose, or with any Federal Reserve Bank.

Investments

(b) It shall be the duty of the Secretary of the Treasury to invest such portion of the Fund as is not, in his judgment, required to meet

¹ Par. (3) was added by sec. 192(b) of P.L. 97-248.

current withdrawals. Such investments may be made only in interestbearing obligations of the United States or in obligations guaranteed as to both principal and interest by the United States. For such purpoce such obligations may be acquired (1) on original issue at the issue price, or (2) by purchase of outstanding obligations at the market price. The purposes for which obligations of the United States may be issued under the Second Liberty Bond Act, as amended, are hereby extended to authorize the issuance at par of special obligations exclusively to the Fund. Such special obligations shall bear interest at a rate equal to the average rate of interest, computed as of the end of the calendar month next preceding the date of such issue, borne by all interest-bearing obligations of the United States then forming part of the public debt; except that where such average rate is not a multiple of one-eighth of 1 per centum, the rate of interest of such special obligations shall be the multiple of one-eighth of 1 per centum next lower than such average rate. Obligations other than such special obligations may be acquired for the Fund only on such terms as to provide an investment yield not less than the yield which would be required in the case of special obligations if issued to the Fund upon the date of such acquisition. Advances made to the Federal unemployment account pursuant to section 1208 shall not be invested.

Sale or Redemption of Obligations

(c) Any obligations acquired by the Fund (except special obligations issued exclusively to the Fund) may be sold at the market price, and such special obligations may be redeemed at par plus accrued interest.

Treatment of Interest and Proceeds

(d) The interest on, and the proceeds from the sale or redemption of, any obligations held in the Fund shall be credited to and form a part of the Fund.

Separate Book Accounts

- (e) The Fund shall be invested as a single fund, but the Secretary of the Treasury shall maintain a separate book account for each State agency, the employment security administration account, the Federal unemployment account, the railroad unemployment insurance administration fund and shall credit quarterly (on March 31, June 30, September 30, and December 31, of each year) to each account, on the basis of the average daily balance of such account, a proportionate part of the earnings of the Fund for the quarter ending on such date. For the purpose of this subsection the average daily balance shall be computed—
 - (1) in the case of any State account, by reducing (but not below

- zero) the amount in the account by the balance of advances made to the State under section 1201, and
 - (2) in the case of the Federal unemployment account—
 - (A) by adding to the amount in the account the aggregate of the reductions under paragraph (1), and
 - (B) by subtracting from the sum so obtained the balance of advances made under section 1203 to the account.

Payments to State Agencies and Railroad Retirement Board

(f) The Secretary of the Treasury is authorized and directed to pay out of the Fund to any State agency such amount as it may duly requisition, not exceeding the amount standing to the account of such State agency at the time of such payment. The Secretary of the Treasury is authorized and directed to make such payments out of the railroad unemployment insurance account for the payment of benefits, and out of the railroad unemployment insurance administration fund for the payment of administrative expenses, as the Railroad Retirement Board may duly certify, not exceeding the amount standing to the credit of such account or such fund, as the case may be, at the time of such payment.

Federal Unemployment Account

(g) There is hereby established in the Unemployment Trust Fund a Federal unemployment account. There is hereby authorized to be appropriated to such Federal unemployment account a sum equal to (1) the excess of taxes collected prior to July 1, 1946, under title IX of this Act or under the Federal Unemployment Tax Act, over the total unemployment administrative expenditures made prior to July 1, 1946, plus (2) the excess of taxes collected under the Federal Unemployment Tax Act after June 80, 1946, and prior to July 1, 1958, over the unemployment administrative expenditure made after June 80, 1946, and prior to July 1, 1958. As used in this subsection, the term "unemployment administrative expenditures" means expenditures for grants under title III of this Act, expenditures for the administration of that title by the Social Security Board, the Federal Security Administrator, or the Secretary of Labor, and expenditures for the administration of title IX of this Act, or of the Federal Unemployment Tax Act, by the Department of the Treasury, the Social Security Board, the Federal Security Administrator, or the Secretary of Labor. For the purposes of this subsection, there shall be deducted from the total amount of taxes collected prior to July 1, 1948, under title IX of this Act, the sum of \$40,561,886.43 which was authorized to be appropriated by the Act of August 24, 1987 (50 Stat. 754), and

the sum of \$18,451,846 which was authorized to be appropriated by section 11(b) of the Railroad Unemployment Insurance Act.

Extended Unemployment Compensation Account

Establishment of Account

Sec. 905. (a) There is hereby established in the Unemployment Trust Fund an extended unemployment compensation account. For the purposes provided for in section 904(e), such account shall be maintained as a separate book account.

Transfers to Account

- (b) (1) Except as provided by paragraph (8), the Secretary of the Treasury shall transfer (as of the close of July 1970, and each month thereafter), from the employment security administration account to the extended unemployment compensation account established by subsection (a), an amount determined by him to be equal, in the case of any month before April 1972, to one-fifth, and in the case of any month after March 1972, to one-tenth, of the amount by which—
 - (A) transfers to the employment security administration account pursuant to section 901(b)(2) during such month, exceed
 - (B) payments during such month from the employment security administration account pursuant to section 901(b)(8) and (d).
- If for any such month the payments referred to in subparagraph (B) exceed the transfers referred to in subparagraph (A), proper adjustments shall be made in the amounts subsequently transferred. In the case of any month after March 1983 and before April 1 of the first calendar year to which paragraph (2) of section 8301 of the Federal Unemployment Tax Act applies, the first sentence of this paragraph shall be applied by substituting "40 percent" for "one-tenth."
- (2) Whenever the Secretary of the Treasury determines pursuant to section 901(f) that there is an excess in the employment security administration account as of the close of any fiscal year beginning after June 30, 1972, there shall be transferred (as of the beginning of the succeeding fiscal year) to the extended unemployment compensation account the total amount of such excess or so much thereof as is required to increase the amount in the extended unemployment compensation account to whichever of the following is the greater:
 - (A) \$750,000,000, or
 - (B) the amount (determined by the Secretary of Labor and certified by him to the Secretary of the Treasury) equal to one-eighth of 1 percent of the total wages subject (determined with-

¹ Paragraph (1) was amended by section 211(e)(2) of P.L. 94-566 and by sec. 271(b) (2)(B) of P.L. 97-248.

out any limitation on amount) to contributions under all State unemployment compensation laws for the calendar year ending during the fiscal year for which the excess is determined.

(3) The Secretary of the Treasury shall make no transfer pursuant to paragraph (1) as of the close of any month if he determines that the amount in the extended unemployment compensation account is equal to (or in excess of) the limitation provided in paragraph (2).

Transfers to State Accounts

(c) Amounts in the extended unemployment compensation account shall be available for transfer to the accounts of the States in the Unemployment Trust Fund as provided in section 204(e) of the Federal-State Extended Unemployment Compensation Act of 1970.

Advances to Extended Unemployment Compensation Account and Repayment

(d) There are hereby authorized to be appropriated, without fiscal year limitation, to the extended unemployment compensation account, as repayable advances (without interest), such sums as may be necessary to carry out the purposes of the Federal-State Extended Unemployment Compensation Act of 1970. Amounts appropriated as repayable advances shall be repaid, without interest, by transfers from the extended unemployment compensation account to the general fund of the Treasury, at such times as the amount in the extended unemployment compensation account is determined by the Secretary of the Treasury, in consultation with the Secretary of Labor, to be adequate for such purpose. Repayments under the preceding sentence shall be made whenever the Secretary of the Treasury (after consultation with the Secretary of Labor) determines that the amount then in the account exceeds the amount necessary to meet the anticipated payments from the account during the next 3 months. Any amount transferred as a repayment under this subsection shall be credited against. and shall operate to reduce, any balance of advances repayable under this subsection.1

Unemployment Compensation Research Program

Sec. 906. (a) The Secretary of Labor shall—

(1) establish a continuing and comprehensive program of research to evaluate the unemployment compensation system. Such research shall include, but not be limited to, a program of factual studies covering the role of unemployment compensation under varying patterns of unemployment including those in seasonal industries, the relationship between the unemployment compensation and other social insurance programs, the effect of State eligibility and disqualification provisions, the personal

¹ Subsec. (d) was amended by sec. 275 of P.L. 97-248.

characteristics, family situations, employment background and experience of claimants, with the results of such studies to be made public; and

(2) establish a program of research to develop information (which shall be made public) as to the effect and impact of ex-

tending coverage to excluded groups with first attention to agricultural labor.

(b) To assist in the establishment and provide for the continuation of the comprehensive research program relating to the unemployment compensation system, there are hereby authorized to be appropriated for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1971, and for each fiscal year thereafter, such sums, not to exceed \$8,000,000, as may be necessary to carry out the purposes of this section. From the sums authorized to be appropriated by this subsection the Secretary may provide for the conduct of such research through grants or contracts.

Personnel Training

- Sec. 907. (a) In order to assist in increasing the effectiveness and efficiency of administration of the unemployment compensation program by increasing the number of adequately trained personnel, the Secretary of Labor shall—
 - (1) provide directly, through State agencies, or through contracts with institutions of higher education or other qualified agencies, organizations, or institutions, programs and courses designed to train individuals to prepare them, or improve their qualifications, for service in the administration of the unemployment compensation program, including claims determinations and adjudication, with such stipends and allowances as may be permitted under regulations of the Secretary;
 - (2) develop training materials for and provide technical assistance to the State agencies in the operation of their training programs;
 - (3) under such regulations as he may prescribe, award fellowships and traineeships to persons in the Federal-State employment security agencies, in order to prepare them or improve their qualifications for service in the administration of the unemployment compensation program.
- (b) The Secretary may, to the extent that he finds such action to be necessary, prescribe requirements to assure that any person receiving a fellowship, traineeship, stipend or allowance shall repay the costs thereof to the extent that such person fails to serve in the Federal-State employment security program for the period prescribed by the Secretary. The Secretary may relieve any individual of his obligation to so repay, in whole or in part, whenever and to the extent that such repayment would, in his judgment, be inequitable or would be contrary to the purposes of any of the programs established by this section.
- (c) The Secretary, with the concurrence of the State, may detail Federal employees to State unemployment compensation administra-

tion and the Secretary may concur in the detailing of State employees to the United States Department of Labor for temporary periods for training or for purposes of unemployment compensation administration, and the provisions of section 507 of the Elementary and Secondary Education Act of 1965 (79 Stat. 27) or any more general program of interchange enacted by a law amending, supplementing or replacing section 507 shall apply to any such assignment.

(d) There are hereby authorized to be appropriated for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1971, and for each fiscal year thereafter such sums, not to exceed \$5,000,000, as may be necessary to carry out the

purposes of this section.

Federal Advisory Council

Sec. 908. (a) The Secretary of Labor shall establish a Federal Advisory Council, of not to exceed 16 members including the chairman, for the purpose of reviewing the Federal-State program of unemployment compensation and making recommendations to him for improvement of the system.

(b) The Council shall be appointed by the Secretary without regard to the civil service laws and shall consist of men and women who shall be representatives of employers and employees in equal numbers, and

the public.

(c) The Secretary may make available to the Council an Executive Secretary and secretarial, clerical, and other assistance, and such pertinent data prepared by the Department of Labor, as it may require to

carry out its functions.

- (d) Members of the Council shall, while serving on business of the Council, be entitled to receive compensation at rates fixed by the Secretary, but not exceeding \$100 per day, including travel time; and while so serving away from their homes or regular places of business, they may be allowed travel expenses, including per diem in lieu of subsistence, as authorized by 5 U.S.C. 5703(b) for persons in government service employed intermittently.
- (e) The Secretary shall encourage the organization of similar State advisory councils.
- (f) There are hereby authorized to be appropriated for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1971, and for each fiscal year thereafter such sums, not to exceed \$100,000, as may be necessary to carry out the purposes of this section.

Federal Employees Compensation Account

Sec. 909. There is hereby established in the Unemployment Trust Fund a Federal Employees Compensation Account which shall be used for the purposes specified in section 8509 of title 5, United States Code. For the purposes provided for in section 904(e), such account shall be maintained as a separate book account.

¹ Sec. 909 was added by sec. 1028(a) of P.L. 96-499.

TITLE X—GRANTS TO STATES FOR AID TO THE BLIND '

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Appropriation ³

Section 1001. For the purpose of enabling each State to furnish financial assistance, as far as practicable under the conditions in such State, to needy individuals who are blind, there is hereby authorized to be appropriated for each fiscal year a sum sufficient to carry out the purposes of this title. The sums made available under this section shall be used for making payments to States which have submitted, and had approved by the Secretary of Health, Education, and Welfare, State plans for aid to the blind.

State Plans for Aid to the Blind

Sec. 1002. (a) A State plan for aid to the blind must (1) except to the extent permitted by the Secretary with respect to services, provide that it shall be in effect in all political subdivisions of the State, and, if administered by them, be mandatory upon them; (2) provide for financial participation by the State; (3) either provide for the establishment or designation of a single State agency to administer the plan, or provide for the establishment or designation of a single State agency to supervise the administration of the plan; (4) provide (A) for granting an opportunity for a fair hearing before the State agency to any individual whose claim for aid to the blind is denied or is not acted upon with reasonable promptness, and (B) that if the State plan is administered in each of the political subdivisions of the State by a local agency and such local agency provides a hearing at which evidence may be presented prior to a hearing before the State agency,

¹P.L. 92-603, sec. 303 repealed title X effective January 1, 1974, but such repeal does not apply to Puerto Rico, Guam, and the Virgin Islands.

This table of contents does not appear in the law.
Sec. 1001 was amended by sec. 2184 of P.L. 97-35.

such local agency may put into effect immediately upon issuance its decision upon the matter considered at such hearing; (5) provide (A) such methods of administration (including after January 1, 1940, methods relating to the establishment and maintenance of personnel standards on a merit basis, except that the Secretary shall exercise no authority with respect to the selection, tenure of office, and compensation of any individual employed in accordance with such methods) as are found by the Secretary to be necessary for the proper and efficient operation of the plan, and (B) for the training and effective use of paid subprofessional staff, with particular emphasis on the full-time or part-time employment of recipients and other persons of low-income, as community service aides, in the administration of the plan and for the use of nonpaid or partially paid volunteers in a social service volunteer program in providing services to applicants and recipients and in assisting any advisory committees established by the State agency; (6) provide that the State agency will make such reports, in such form and containing such information, as the Secretary may from time to time require, and comply with such provisions as the Secretary may from time to time find necessary to assure the correctness and verification of such reports; and (7) provide that no aid will be furnished any individual under the plan with respect to any period with respect to which he is receiving old-age assistance under the State plan approved under section 2 of this Act or aid to families with dependent children under the State plan approved under section 402 of this Act; (8) provide that the State agency shall, in determining need, take into consideration any other income and resources of the individual claiming aid to the blind, as well as any expenses reasonably attributable to the earning of any such income, except that, in making such determination, the State agency (A) shall disregard the first \$85 per month of earned income, plus one-half of earned income in excess of \$85 per month, (B) shall, for a period not in excess of twelve months, and may, for a period not in excess of thirty-six months. disregard such additional amounts of other income and resources, in the case of an individual who has a plan for achieving self-support approved by the State agency, as may be necessary for the fulfillment of such plan, and (C) may, before disregarding the amounts referred to in clauses (A) and (B), disregard not more than \$7.50 of any income; (9) provide safeguards which permit the use or disclosure of information concerning applicants or recipients only (A) to public officials who require such information in connection with their official duties, or (B) to other persons for purposes directly connected with the administration of the State plan; (10) provide that, in determining whether an individual is blind, there shall be an examination by a physician skilled in diseases of the eye or by an optometrist, whichever the individual may select; (11) effective July 1, 1951, provide that

all individuals wishing to make application for aid to the blind shall have opportunity to do so, and that aid to the blind shall be furnished with reasonable promptness to all eligible individuals; (12) effective July 1, 1953, provide, if the plan includes payments to individuals in private or public institutions, for the establishment or designation of a State authority or authorities which shall be responsible for establishing and maintaining standards for such institutions; and (13) provide a description of the services (if any) which the State agency makes available (using whatever internal organizational arrangement it finds appropriate for this purpose) to applicants for and recipients of aid to the blind to help them attain self-support or self-care, including a description of the steps taken to assure, in the provision of such services, maximum utilization of other agencies providing similar or related services.

(b) The Secretary shall approve any plan which fulfills the conditions specified in subsection (a), except that he shall not approve any plan which imposes, as a condition of eligibility for aid to the blind under the plan—

(1) Any residence requirement which excludes any resident of the State who has resided therein five years during the nine years immediately preceding the application for aid and has resided therein continuously for one year immediately preceding the application; or

(2) Any citizenship requirement which excludes any citizen of the United States. At the option of the State, the plan may provide that manuals and other policy issuances will be furnished to persons without charge for the reasonable cost of such materials, but such provision shall not be required by the Secretary as a condition for the approval of such plan under this title.

In the case of any State (other than Puerto Rico and the Virgin Islands) which did not have on January 1, 1949, a State plan for aid to the blind approved under this title, the Secretary shall approve a plan of such State for aid to the blind for purposes of this title, even though it does not meet the requirements of clause (8) of subsection (a) of this section, if it meets all other requirements of this title for an approved plan for aid to the blind; but payments under section 1003 shall be made, in the case of any such plan, only with respect to expenditures thereunder which would be included as expenditures for the purposes of section 1003 under a plan approved under this section without regard to the provisions of this sentence.

Payments to States

Sec. 1003. (a) From the sums appropriated therefor, the Secretary of the Treasury shall pay to each State which has an approved plan for

aid to the blind, for each quarter, beginning with the quarter commencing October 1, 1958—

- (2) in the case of Puerto Rico, the Virgin Islands, and Guam an amount equal to one-half of the total of the sums expended during such quarter as aid to the blind under the State plan, not counting so much of any expenditure with respect to any month as exceeds \$37.50 multiplied by the total number of recipients of aid to the blind for such month; and
- "(3) in the case of any State, an amount equal to the sum of the following proportions of the total amounts expended during such quarter as found necessary by the Secretary of Health and Human Services for the proper and efficient administration of the State plan—
 - "(A) 75 per centum of so much of such expenditures as are for the training (including both short- and long-term training at educational institutions through grants to such institutions or by direct financial assistance to students enrolled in such institutions) of personnel employed or preparing for employment by the State agency or by the local agency administering the plan in the political subdivision; plus
 - "(B) one-half of the remainder of such expenditures.1
- (b) The method of computing and paying such amounts shall be as follows:
 - (1) The Secretary of Health, Education, and Welfare shall, prior to the beginning of each quarter, estimate the amount to be paid to the State for such quarter under the provisions of subsection (a), such estimate to be based on (A) a report filed by the State containing its estimate of the total sum to be expended in such quarter in accordance with the provisions of such subsection, and stating the amount appropriated or made available by the State and its political subdivisions for such expenditures in such quarter, and if such amount is less than the State's proportionate share of the total sum of such estimated expenditures, the source or sources from which the difference is expected to be derived, (B) records showing the number of blind individuals in the State, and (C) such other investigation as the Secretary may find necessary.
 - (2) The Secretary of Health, Education, and Welfare shall then certify to the Secretary of the Treasury the amount so estimated by the Secretary of Health, Education, and Welfare, (A) reduced or increased, as the case may be, by any sum by which the Secretary of Health, Education, and Welfare finds that his estimate for any prior quarter was greater or less than the amount which should have been paid to the State under subsection (a) for

¹ Sec. 1003(a) was amended by secs. 2184 and 2353 of P.L. 97-35.

such quarter, and (B) reduced by a sum equivalent to the pro rata share to which the United States is equitably entitled, as determined by the Secretary of Health, Education, and Welfare, of the net amount recovered during a prior quarter by the State or any political subdivision thereof with respect to aid to the blind furnished under the State plan; except that such increases or reductions shall not be made to the extent that such sums have been applied to make the amount certified for any prior quarter greater or less than the amount estimated by the Secretary of Health, Education, and Welfare for such prior quarter: *Provided*, That any part of the amount recovered from the estate of a deceased recipient which is not in excess of the amount expended by the State or any political subdivision thereof for the funeral expenses of the deceased shall not be considered as a basis for reduction under clause (B) of this paragraph.

(3) The Secretary of the Treasury shall thereupon, through the Fiscal Service of the Treasury Department, and prior to audit or settlement by the General Accounting Office, pay to the State, at the time or times fixed by the Secretary of Health, Education, and Welfare, the amounts so certified.

Operation of State Plans

Sec. 1004. In the case of any State plan for aid to the blind which has been approved by the Secretary of Health, Education, and Welfare, if the Secretary, after reasonable notice and opportunity for hearing to the State agency administering or supervising the administration of such plan, finds—

- (1) that the plan has been so changed as to impose any residence or citizenship requirement prohibited by section 1002(b), or that in the administration of the plan any such prohibited requirement is imposed, with the knowledge of such State agency, in a substantial number of cases; or
- (2) that in the administration of the plan there is a failure to comply substantially with any provision required by section 1002(a) to be included in the plan;

the Secretary shall notify such State agency that further payments will not be made to the State (or, in his discretion, that payments will be limited to categories under or parts of the State plan not affected by such failure) until the Secretary is satisfied that such prohibited requirement is no longer so imposed, and that there is no longer any such failure to comply. Until he is so satisfied he shall make no further payments to such State (or shall limit payments to categories under or parts of the State plan not affected by such failure).

Administration

Sec. 1005. Executed. Authorized appropriation for administrative expenses of the Social Security Board for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1936.

Definition 1

Sec. 1006. For the purpose of this title, the term "aid to the blind" means money payments to blind individuals who are needy, but does not include any such payments to or care in behalf of any individual who is an inmate of a public institution (except as a patient in a medical institution) or any individual who is a patient in an institution for tuberculosis or mental diseases. Such term also includes payments which are not included within the meaning of such term under the preceding sentence, but which would be so included except that they are made on behalf of such a needy individual to another individual who (as determined in accordance with standards prescribed by the Secretary) is interested in or concerned with the welfare of such needy individual, but only with respect to a State whose State plan approved under section 1002 includes provision for—

(1) determination by the State agency that such needy individual has, by reason of his physical or mental condition, such inability to manage funds that making payments to him would be contrary to his welfare and, therefore, it is necessary to provide

such aid through payments described in this sentence;

(2) making such payments only in cases in which such payments will, under the rules otherwise applicable under the State plan for determining need and the amount of aid to the blind to be paid (and in conjunction with other income and resources), meet all the need of the individuals with respect to whom such payments are made;

(3) undertaking and continuing special efforts to protect the welfare of such individual and to improve, to the extent possible,

his capacity for self-care and to manage funds;

(4) periodic review by such State agency of the determination under paragraph (1) to ascertain whether conditions justifying such determination still exist, with provision for termination of such payments if they do not and for seeking judicial appointment of a guardian or other legal representative, as described in section 1111, if and when it appears that such action will best serve the interests of such needy individual; and

(5) opportunity for a fair hearing before the State agency on the determination referred to in paragraph (1) for any indi-

vidual with respect to whom it is made.

¹ Sec. 1006 was amended by sec. 2184 of P.L. 97-35.

At the option of a State (if its plan approved under this title so provides), such term (i) need not include money payments to an individual who has been absent from such State for a period in excess of 90 consecutive days (regardless of whether he has maintained his residence in such State during such period) until he has been present in such State for 30 consecutive days in the case of such an individual who has maintained his residence in such State during such period or 90 consecutive days in the case of any other such individual and (ii) may include rent payments made directly to a public housing agency on behalf of a recipient or a group or groups of recipients of aid under such plan.

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Part A-General Provisions

Definitions

Sec. 1101. (a) When used in this Act—

(1) The term "State", except where otherwise provided, includes the District of Columbia and the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, and when used in titles IV, V, VII, XI, and XIX includes the Virgin Islands and Guam. Such term when used in titles III, IX, and XII also includes the Virgin Islands. Such term when used in title V and in part B of this title also includes American Samoa, the Northern Mariana Islands, and the Trust Territory of the Pacific Islands. Such term when used in title XIX also includes the Northern Mariana Islands. In the case of Puerto Rico, the Virgin Islands, and Guam, title I, X, and XIV, and title XVI, (as in effect without regard to the amendment made by section 301 of the Social Security Amendments of 1972) shall continue to apply, and the term "States" when used in such titles (but not in title XVI as in effect pursuant to such amendment after December 31, 1973) includes Puerto Rico, the Virgin Islands, and Guam. Such term when used in title XX also includes the Virgin Islands, Guam, and the Northern Mariana Islands.2

³ This table of contents does not appear in the law.

² Paragraph (1) was amended by section 116(a) of P.L. 94-566, sec. 5(e)(2) of P.L. 95-142, secs. 2162(a)(1) and 2352(b) of P.L. 97-35 and sec. 160(c) of P.L. 97-248.

- (2) The term "United States" when used in a geographical sense means, except when otherwise provided, the States.
- (3) The term "person" means an individual, a trust or estate, a partnerhip, or a corporation.
- (4) The term "corporation" includes associations, joint-stock companies, and insurance companies.
- (5) The term "shareholder" includes a member in an association, joint-stock company, or insurance company.
- (6) The term "Secretary", except when the context otherwise requires, means the Secretary of Health, Education, and Welfare.
- (7) The terms "physician" and "medical care" and "hospitalization" include osteopathic practitioners or the services of osteopathic practitioners and hospitals within the scope of their practice as defined by State law.
- (8) (A) The "Federal percentage" for any State (other than Puerto Rico, the Virgin Islands, and Guam) shall be 100 per centum less the State percentage; and the State percentage shall be that percentage which bears the same ratio to 50 per centum as the square of the per capita income of such State bears to the square of the per capita income of the United States; except that the Federal percentage shall in no case be less than 50 per centum or more than 65 per centum.
- (B) The Federal percentage for each State (other than Puerto Rico, the Virgin Islands, and Guam) shall be promulgated by the Secretary between October 1 and November 30 of each even-numbered year, on the basis of the average per capita income of each State and of the United States for the three most recent calendar years for which satisfactory data are available from the Department of Commerce. Such promulgation shall be conclusive for each of the eight quarters in the period beginning October 1 next succeeding such promulgation: *Provided*, That the Secretary shall promulgate such percentage as soon as possible after the enactment of the Social Security Amendments of 1958, which promulgation shall be conclusive for each of the eleven quarters in the period beginning October 1, 1958, and ending with the close of June 30, 1961.
- (C) The term "United States" means (but only for purposes of subparagraphs (A) and (B) of this paragraph) the fifty States and the District of Columbia.
- (D) Promulgations made before satisfactory data are available from the Department of Commerce for a full year on the per capita income of Alaska shall prescribe a Federal percentage for Alaska of 50 per centum and, for purposes of such promulgations, Alaska shall not be included as part of the "United States." Promulgations made thereafter but before per capita income data for Alaska for a full

¹ Sec. 509(b) of P.L. 96-88 provides that references to the Secretary of Health, Education, and Welfare are deemed to be references to the Secretary of Health and Human Services.

Paragraph (B) was amended by section 22 of P.L. 94-273.

three-year period are available from the Department of Commerce shall be based on satisfactory data available therefrom for Alaska for such one full year or, when such data are available for a two-year period, for such two years.

- (9) The term "shared health facility" means any arrangement whereby—
 - (A) two or more health care practitioners practice their professions at a common physical location;
 - (B) such practitioners share (i) common waiting areas, examining rooms, treatment rooms, or other space, (ii) the services of supporting staff, or (iii) equipment;
 - (C) such practitioners have a person (who may himself be a practitioner)—
 - (i) who is in charge of, controls, manages, or supervises substantial aspects of the arrangement or operation for the delivery of health or medical services at such common physical location, other than the direct furnishing of professional health care services by the practitioners to their patients; or
 - (ii) who makes available to such practitioners the services of supporting staff who are not employees of such practitioners:

and who is compensated in whole or in part, for the use of such common physical location or support services pertaining thereto, on a basis related to amounts charged or collected for the services rendered or ordered at such location or on any basis clearly unrelated to the value of the services provided by the person; and

(D) at least one of such practitioners received payments on a fee-for-service basis under titles XVIII and XIX in an amount exceeding \$5,000 for any one month during the preceding 12 months or in an aggregate amount exceeding \$40,000 during the preceding 12 months;

except that such term does not include a provider of services (as defined in section 1861(u) of this Act), a health maintenance organization (as defined in section 1301(a) of the Public Health Service Act), a hospital cooperative shared services organization meeting the requirements of section 501(e) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954, or any public entity. Such term when used in title XX also includes the Virgin Islands, American Samoa, the Northern Mariana Islands, and the Trust Territory of the Pacific Islands.

- (b) The terms "includes" and "including" when used in a definition contained in this Act shall not be deemed to exclude other things otherwise within the meaning of the term defined.
- (c) Whenever under this Act or any Act of Congress, or under the law of any State, an employer is required or permitted to deduct any amount from the remuneration of an employee and to pay the amount

¹ Paragraph (9) was added by sec. 5(c)(2) of P.L. 95–142 with the exception of the last sentence which was added by sec. 2352(b) of P.L. 97–35. Subpar. (D) was amended by sec. 2193(c) (2) of P.L. 97–35.

deducted to the United States, a State, or any political subdivision thereof, then for the purposes of this Act the amount so deducted shall be considered to have been paid to the employee at the time of such deduction.

(d) Nothing in this Act shall be construed as authorizing any Federal official, agent, or representative, in carrying out any of the provisions of this Act, to take charge of any child over the objections of either of the parents of such child, or of the person standing in loco parentis to such child.

Rules and Regulations

Sec. 1102. The Secretary of the Treasury, the Secretary of Labor, and the Secretary of Health, Education, and Welfare, respectively, shall make and publish such rules and regulations, not inconsistent with this Act, as may be necessary to the efficient administration of the functions with which each is charged under this Act.

Separability

Sec. 1103. If any provision of this Act, or the application thereof to any person or circumstance, is held invalid, the remainder of the Act and the application of such provision to other persons or circumstances shall not be affected thereby.

Reservation of Power

Sec. 1104. The right to alter, amend, or repeal any provision of this Act is hereby reserved to the Congress.

Short Title

Sec. 1105. This Act may be cited as the "Social Security Act."

Disclosure of Information in Possession of Department

Sec. 1106. (a) No disclosure of any return or portion of a return (including information returns and other written statements) filed with the Commissioner of Internal Revenue under title VIII of the Social Security Act or under subchapter E of chapter 1 or subchapter A of chapter 9 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1939, or under chapter 2 or 21 or, pursuant thereto, under subtitle F of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954, or under regulations made under authority thereof, which has been transmitted to the Secretary of Health, Education, and Welfare by the Commissioner of Internal Revenue, or of any file, record, report, or other paper, or any information, obtained at any time by the Secretary or by any officer or employee of the Department of Health, Education, and Welfare in the course of discharging the

duties of the Secretary under this Act, and no disclosure of any such file, record, report, or other paper, or information, obtained at any time by any person from the Secretary or from any officer or employee of the Department of Health, Education, and Welfare, shall be made except as the Secretary may by regulations prescribe and except as otherwise provided by Federal law. Any person who shall violate any provision of this section shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor and, pon conviction thereof, shall be punished by a fine not exceeding \$1,000, or by imprisonment not exceeding one year, or both.

(b) Requests for information, disclosure of which is authorized by regulations prescribed pursuant to subsection (a) of this section, and requests for services, may, subject to such limitations as may be prescribed by the Secretary to avoid undue interference with his functions under this Act, be complied with if the agency, person, or organization making the request agrees to pay for the information or services requested in such amount, if any (not exceeding the cost of furnishing the information or services), as may be determined by the Secretary. Payments for information or services furnished pursuant to this section shall be made in advance or by way of reimbursement, as may be requested by the Secretary, and shall be deposited in the Treasury as a special deposit to be used to reimburse the appropriations (including authorizations to make expenditures from the Federal Old-Age and Survivors Insurance Trust Fund, the Federal Disability Insurance Trust Fund, the Federal Hospital Insurance Trust Fund, and the Federal Supplementary Medical Insurance Trust Fund) for the unit or units of the Department of Health, Education, and Welfare which furnished the information or services. Notwithstanding the preceding provisions of this subsection, requests for information made pursuant to the provisions of part D of title IV of this Act for the purpose of using Federal records for locating parents shall be complied with and the cost incurred in providing such information shall be paid for as provided in such part D of title IV.

(c) Notwithstanding sections 552 and 552a of title 5, United States Code, or any other provision of law, whenever the Secretary determines that a request for information is made in order to assist a party in interest (as defined in section 3 of the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974 (29 U.S.C. 1002)) with respect to the administration of an employee benefit plan (as so defined), or is made for any other purpose not directly related to the administration of the program or programs under this Act to which such information relates, the Secretary may require the requester to pay the full cost, as determined by the Secretary, of providing such information.

Subsec. (a) was amended by sec. 2207 of P.L. 97-35.
 Subsec. (c) was added by sec. 2207 of P.L. 97-35.

- (d) Notwithstanding any other provision of this section the Secretary shall make available to each State agency operating a program under title XIX and shall, subject to the limitations contained in subsection (e), make available for public inspection in readily accessible form and fashion, the following official reports (not including, however, references to any internal tolerance rules and practices that may be contained therein, internal working papers or other informal memoranda) dealing with the operation of the health programs established by titles XVIII and XIX—
 - (1) individual contractor performance reviews and other formal evaluations of the performance of carriers, intermediaries,

and State agencies, including the reports of follow-up reviews;

(2) comparative evaluations of the performance of such contractors, including comparisons of either overall performance or of any particular aspects of contractor operation; and

(3) program validation survey reports and other formal evaluations of the performance of providers of services, including the reports of follow-up reviews, except that such reports shall not identify individual patients, individual health care practitioners, or other individuals.

(e) No report described in subsection (d) shall be made public by the Secretary or the State title XIX agency until the contractor or provider of services whose performance is being evaluated has had a reasonable opportunity (not exceeding 60 days) to review such report and to offer comments pertinent parts of which may be incorporated in the public report; nor shall the Secretary be required to include in any such report information with respect to any deficiency (or improper practice or procedures) which is known by the Secretary to have been fully corrected, within 60 days of the date such deficiency was first brought to the attention of such contractor or provider of services, as the case may be.

Penalty for Fraud

Sec. 1107. (a) Whoever, with the intent to defraud any person, shall make or cause to be made any false representation concerning the requirement of this Act, subchapter E of chapter 1 or subchapter A, C, or E of chapter 9 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1939, or chapter 2, 21, or 23 or section 6011(a), 6017, or 6051(a) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954 or of any rules or regulations issued thereunder, knowing such representations to be false, shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon conviction thereof, shall be punished by a fine not exceeding \$1,000, or by imprisonment not exceeding one year, or both.

(b) Whoever, with the intent to elicit information as to the date of birth, employment, wages, or benefits of any individual (1) falsely represents to the Secretary of Health, Education, and Welfare that he is such individual, or the wife, husband, widow, widower, former wife divorced, child, or parent of such individual, or the duly authorized agent of such individual, or of the wife, husband, widow, widower, former wife divorced, child, or parent of such individual, or (2) falsely represents to any person that he is an employee or agent of the United States, shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and, upon conviction thereof, shall be punished by a fine not exceeding \$1,000, or by imprisonment not exceeding one year, or both.

Limitation on Payments to Puerto Rico, the Virgin Islands, and Guam

Sec. 1108. (a) The total amount certified by the Secretary of Health and Human Services under titles I, X, XIV, and XVI, and under parts A and E of title IV (exclusive of any amounts on account of services and items to which subsection (b) applies)—

(1) for payment to Puerto Rico shall not exceed—

- (A) \$12,500,000 with respect to the fiscal year 1968,
- (B) \$15,000,000 with respect to the fiscal year 1969,
- (C) \$18,000,000 with respect to the fiscal year 1970,
- (D) \$21,000,000 with respect to the fiscal year 1971,
- (E) \$24,000,000 with respect to each of the fiscal years 1972 through 1978, or
- (F) \$72,000,000 with respect to the fiscal year 1979 and each fiscal year thereafter;
- (2) for payment to the Virgin Islands shall not exceed—
 - (A) \$425,000 with respect to the fiscal year 1968,
 - (B) \$500,000 with respect to the fiscal year 1969,
 - (C) \$600,000 with respect to the fiscal year 1970,
 - (D) \$700,000 with respect to the fiscal year 1971.
 - (E) \$800,000 with respect to each of the fiscal years 1972 through 1978, or
 - (F) \$2,400,000 with respect to the fiscal year 1979 and each fiscal year thereafter;
- (8) for payment to Guam shall not exceed—
 - (A) \$575,000 with respect to the fiscal year 1968,
 - (B) \$690,000 with respect to the fiscal year 1969,
 - (C) \$825,000 with respect to the fiscal year 1970,
 - (D) \$960,000 with respect to the fiscal year 1971,
 - (E) \$1,100,000 with respect to each of the fiscal years 1972 through 1978, or

(F) \$3,300,000 with respect to the fiscal year 1979 and each fiscal year thereafter.

Each jurisdiction specified in this subsection may use in its program under title XX any sums available to it under this subsection which are not needed to carry out the programs specified in this subsection.¹

- (b) The total amount certified by the Secretary under part A of title IV, on account of family planning services and services provided under section 402(a) (19) with respect to any fiscal year—
 - (1) for payment to Puerto Rico shall not exceed \$2,000,000,
 - (2) for payment to the Virgin Islands shall not exceed \$65,000, and
 - (8) for payment to Guam shall not exceed \$90,000.

¹ Subsec. (a) was amended by sec. 802(b) of P.L. 95-600, secs. 207 and 205 of P.L. 96-272, sec. 2853(f) of P.L. 97-35, and sec. 160(a) of P.L. 97-248.

- (c) The total amount certified by the Secretary under title XIX with respect to a fiscal year for payment to—
 - (1) Puerto Rico shall not exceed \$45,000,000,
 - (2) the Virgin Islands shall not exceed \$1,500,000.
 - (3) Guam shall not exceed \$1,400,000, and
 - (4) the Northern Mariana Islands shall not exceed \$350,000.1
 - (d) Notwithstanding the provisions of section 421; and

¹ Subsec. (c) was amended in its entirety by sec. 2162 of P.L. 97-35.

until such time as the Congress may by appropriation or other law otherwise provide, the Secretary shall, in lieu of the initial allotment specified in such sections, allot such smaller amounts to Guam, American Samoa, and the Trust Territory of the Pacific Islands as he may deem appropriate.¹

Amounts Disregarded Not To Be Taken Into Account in Determining Eligibility of Other Individuals

Sec. 1109. Any amount which is disregarded (or set aside for future needs) in determining the eligibility of and amount of the aid or assistance for any individual under a State plan approved under title I, X, XIV, XVI, or XIX, or part A of title IV, shall not be taken into consideration in determining the eligibility of and amount of aid or assistance for any other individual under a State plan approved under any other of such titles.

Cooperative Research or Demonstration Projects

Sec. 1110. (a) (1) There are hereby authorized to be appropriated for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1957, \$5,000,000 and for each fiscal year thereafter such sums as the Congress may determine for (A) making grants to States and public and other nonprofit organizations and agencies for payment part of the cost of research or demonstration projects such as those relating to the prevention and reduction of dependency, or which will aid in effecting coordination of planning between private and public welfare agencies or which will help improve the administration and effectiveness of programs carried on or assisted under the Social Security Act and programs related thereto, and (B) making contracts or jointly financed cooperative arrangements with States and public and other organizations and agencies for the conduct of research or demonstration projects relating to such matters.

- (2) No contract or jointly financed cooperative arrangement shall be entered into, and no grant shall be made, under paragraph (1), until the Secretary obtains the advice and recommendations of specialists who are competent to evaluate the proposed project as to soundness of their design, the possibilities of securing productive results, the adequacy of resources to conduct the proposed research or demonstrations, and their relationship to other similar research or demonstrations already completed or in process.
- (3) Grants and payments under contracts or cooperative arrangements under paragraph (1) may be made either in advance or by way of reimbursement, as may be determined by the Secretary; and shall

¹ Subsec. (d) was amended by sec. 2193(c) (1) of P.L. 97-35.

be made in such installments and on such conditions as the Secretary finds necessary to carry out the purposes of this subsection.

- (b) (1) The Secretary is authorized to waive any of the requirements, conditions, or limitations of title XVI (or to waive them only for specified purposes, or to impose additional requirements, conditions, or limitations) to such extent and for such period as he finds necessary to carry out one or more experimental, pilot, or demonstration projects which, in his judgment, are likely to assist in promoting the objectives or facilitate the administration of such title. Any costs for benefits under or administration of any such project (including planning for the project and the review and evaluation of the project and its results), in excess of those that would have been incurred without regard to the project, shall be met by the Secretary from amounts available to him for this purpose from appropriations made to carry out such title. The costs of any such project which is carried out in coordination with one or more related projects under other titles of this Act shall be allocated among the appropriations available for such projects and any Trust Funds involved, in a manner determined by the Secretary, taking into consideration the programs (or types of benefit) to which the project (or part of a project) is most closely related or which the project (or part of a project) is intended to benefit. If, in order to carry out a project under this subsection, the Secretary requests a State to make supplementary payments (or makes them himself pursuant to an agreement under section 1616), or to provide medical assistance under its plan approved under title XIX, to individuals who are not eligible therefor. or in amounts or under circumstances in which the State does not make such payments or provide such medical assistance, the Secretary shall reimburse such State for the non-Federal share of such payments or assistance from amounts appropriated to carry out title XVI.
- (2) With respect to the participation of recipients of supplemental security income benefits in experimental, pilot, or demonstration projects under this subsection—
 - (A) the Secretary is not authorized to carry out any project that would result in a substantial reduction in any individual's total income and resources as a result of his or her participation in the project;
 - (B) the Secretary may not require any individual to participate in a project; and he shall assure (i) that the voluntary participation of individuals in any project is obtained through informed written consent which satisfies the requirements for informed consent established by the Secretary for use in any experimental, pilot, or demonstration project in which human

subjects are at risk, and (ii) that any individual's voluntary agreement to participate in any project may be revoked by such individual at any time;

- (C) the Secretary shall, to the extent feasible and appropriate, include recipients who are under age 18 as well as adult recipients; and
- (D) the Secretary shall include in the projects carried out under this section such experimental, pilot, or demonstration projects as may be necessary to ascertain the feasibility of treating alcoholics and drug addicts to prevent the onset of irreversible medical conditions which may result in permanent disability, including programs in residental care treatment centers.

¹ Sec. 1110(a), previously designated (a), (b), and (c), was reorganized by sec. 505 of P.L. 96-265. Redesignated (b) was also added by sec. 505 of P.L. 96-265.

Public Assistance Payments to Legal Representatives

Sec. 1111. For purposes of titles I, X, XIV, and XVI, and Part A of title IV, payments on behalf of an individual, made to another person who has been judicially appointed, under the law of the State in which such individual resides, as legal representative of such individual for the purpose of receiving and managing such payments (whether or not he is such individual's legal representative for other purposes), shall be regarded as money payments to such individual.

Medical Care Guides and Reports for Public Assistance and Medical Assistance

Sec. 1112. In order to assist the States to extend the scope and content, and improve the quality, of medical care and medical services for which payments are made to or on behalf of needy and low-income individuals under this Act and in order to promote better public understanding about medical care and medical assistance for needy and low-income individuals, the Secretary shall develop and revise from time to time guides or recommended standards as to the level, content, and quality of medical care and medical services for the use of the States in evaluating and improving their public assistance medical care programs and their programs of medical assistance; shall secure periodic reports from the States on items included in, and the quantity of, medical care and medical services for which expenditures under such programs are made; and shall from time to time publish data secured from these reports and other information necessary to carry out the purposes of this section.

Assistance for United States Citizens Returned From Foreign Countries

- Sec. 1113. (a) (1) The Secretary is authorized to provide temporary assistance to citizens of the United States and to dependents of citizens of the United States, if they (A) are identified by the Department of State as having returned, or been brought, from a foreign country to the United States because of the destitution of the citizen of the United States or the illness of such citizen or any of his dependents or because of war, threat of war, invasion, or similar crisis, and (B) are without available resources.
- (2) Except in such cases or classes of cases as are set forth in regulations of the Secretary, provision shall be made for reimbursement to the United States by the recipients of the temporary assistance to cover the cost thereof.
- (3) The Secretary may provide assistance under paragraph (1) directly or through utilization of the services and facilities of appropriate public or private agencies and organizations, in accordance

with argeements providing for payment, in advance or by way of reimbursement, as may be determined by the Secretary, of the cost thereof. Such cost shall be determined by such statistical, sampling, or other method as may be provided in the agreement.

- (b) The Secretary is authorized to develop plans and make arrangements for provision of temporary assistance within the United States to individuals specified in subsection (a) (1). Such plans shall be developed and such arrangements shall be made after consultation with the Secretary of State, the Attorney General, and the Secretary of Defense. To the extent feasible, assistance provided under subsection (a) shall be provided in accordance with the plans developed pursuant to this subsection, as modified from time to time by the Secretary.
- (c) For purposes of this section, the term "temporary assistance" means money payments, medical care, temporary billeting, transportation, and other goods and services necessary for the health or welfare of individuals (including guidance, counseling, and other welfare services) furnished to them within the United States upon their arrival in the United States and for such period after their arrival, not exceeding ninety days, as may be provided in regulations of the Secretary; except that assistance under this section may be furnished beyond such ninety-day period in the case of any citizen or dependent upon a finding by the Secretary that the circumstances involved necessitate or justify the furnishing of assistance beyond such period in that particular case.
- (d) The total amount of temporary assistance provided under this section shall not exceed—
 - (1) \$8,000,000 during the fiscal years ending June 30, 1975, and June 30, 1976, and the succeeding calendar quarter, or
 - (2) \$300,000 during any fiscal year beginning on or after October 1, 1976.

Appointment of Advisory Council and Other Advisory Groups

Sec. 1114. (a) The Secretary shall, during 1964, appoint an Advisory Council on Public Welfare for the purpose of reviewing the administration of the public assistance and child welfare services programs for which funds are appropriated pursuant to this Act and making recommendations for improvement of such administration, and reviewing the status of and making recommendations with respect to the public assistance programs for which funds are so appropriated, especially in relation to the old-age, survivors, and disability insurance program, with respect to the fiscal capacities of the States and the Federal Government, and with respect to any other matters bear-

¹ Section 1113 was amended by Public Law 94-44.

ing on the amount and proportion of the Federal and State shares in the public assistance and child welfare services programs.

- (b) The Council shall be appointed by the Secretary without regard to the provisions of title 5, United States Code, governing appointments in the competitive service and shall consist of twelve persons who shall, to the extent possible, be representatives of employers and employees in equal numbers, representatives of State or Federal agencies concerned with the administration or financing of the public assistance and child welfare services programs, representatives of non-profit private organizations concerned with social welfare programs, other persons with special knowledge, experience, or qualifications with respect to such programs, and members of the public.
- (c) The Council is authorized to engage such technical assistance as may be required to carry out its functions, and the Secretary shall, in addition, make available to the Council such secretarial, clerical, and other assistance and such pertinent data prepared by the Department of Health, Education, and Welfare as it may require to carry out such functions.
- (d) The Council shall make a report of its findings and recommendations (including recommendations for changes in the provisions of the Social Security Act) to the Secretary, such report to be submitted not later than July 1, 1966, after which date such Council shall cease to exist.
- (e) The Secretary shall also from time to time thereafter appoint an Advisory Council on Public Welfare, with the same functions and constituted in the same manner as prescribed for the Advisory Council in the preceding subsections of this section. Each Council so appointed shall report its findings and recommendations, as prescribed in subsection (d), not later than July 1 of the second year after the year in which it is appointed, after which date such Council shall cease to exist.
- (f) The Secretary may also appoint, without regard to the provisions of title 5, United States Code, governing appointments in the competitive service, such advisory committees as he may deem advisable to advise and consult with him in carrying out any of his functions under this Act. The Secretary shall report to the Congress annually on the number of such committees and on the membership and activities of each such committee.
- (g) Members of the Council or of any advisory committee appointed under this section who are not regular full-time employees of the United States shall, while serving on business of the Council or any such committee be entitled to receive compensation at rates fixed by the Secretary, but not exceeding \$75 per day, including travel time; and while so serving away from their homes or regular places of business, they may be allowed travel expenses, including per diem in lieu

of subsistence, as authorized by section 5703 of title 5, United States Code for persons in Government service employed intermittently.

- (h) (1) Any member of the Council or any advisory committee appointed under this Act, who is not a regular full-time employee of the United States, is hereby exempted, with respect to such appointment, from the operation of sections 281, 283, and 1914 of title 18 of the United States Code, and section 190 of the Revised Statutes (5 U.S.C. 99), except as otherwise specified in paragraph (2) of this subsection.
 - (2) The exemption granted by paragraph (1) shall not extend—

(A) to the receipt or payment of salary in connection with the appointee's Government service from any source other than the employer of the appointee at the time of his appointment, or

(B) during the period of such appointment, to the prosecution or participation in the prosecution, by any person so appointed, of any claim against the Government involving any matter with which such person, during such period, is or was directly connected by reason of such appointment.

Demonstration Projects 1

Sec. 1115. (a) In the case of any experimental, pilot, or demonstration project which, in the judgment of the Secretary, is likely to assist in promoting the objectives of title I, VI, X, XIV, XVI, or XIX, or part A of title IV, in a State or States-

(1) the Secretary may waive compliance with any of the requirements of section 2, 402, 602, 1002, 1402, 1602, or 1902, as the case may be, to the extent and for the period he finds necessary to enable such State or States to carry out such project, and

(2) costs of such project which would not otherwise be included as expenditures under section 3, 403, 603, 1003, 1403, 1603, or 1903, as the case may be, and which are not included as part of the costs of projects under section 1110, shall, to the extent and for the period prescribed by the Secretary, be regarded as expenditures under the State plan or plans approved under such title, or for administration of such State plan or plans, as may be appropriate.

In addition, not to exceed \$4,000,000 of the aggregate amount appropriated for payments to States under such titles for any fiscal year beginning after June 30, 1967, shall be available, under such terms and conditions as the Secretary may establish, for payments to States

¹ Section 1115 was amended by sec. 404 of P.L. 95-216 and by sec. 2353(g) of P.L. 97-35.

to cover so much of the cost of such project as is not covered by payments under such titles and is not included as part of the cost of projects for purposes of section 1110.

- (b) (1) In order to permit the States to achieve more efficient and effective use of funds for public assistance, to reduce dependency, and to improve the living conditions and increase the incomes of individuals who are recipients of public assistance, any State having an approved plan under part A of title IV may, subject to the provisions of this subsection, establish and conduct not more than three demonstration projects. In establishing and conducting any such project the State shall—
 - (A) provide that not more than one such project be conducted on a statewide basis;
 - (B) provide that in making arrangements for public service employment—
 - (i) appropriate standards for the health, safety, and other conditions applicable to the performance of work and training on such project are established and will be maintained,
 - (ii) such project will not result in the displacement of employed workers,
 - (iii) each participant in such project shall be compensated for work performed by him at an hourly rate equal to the prevailing hourly wage for similar work in the locality where the participant performs such work (and, for purposes of this clause, benefits payable under the State's plan approved under part A of title IV of the family of which such participant is a member shall be regarded as compensation for work performed by such participant),
 - (iv) with respect to such project the conditions of work, training, education, and employment are reasonable in the light of such factors as the type of work, geographical region, and proficiency of the participant, and
 - (v) appropriate workmen's compensation protection is provided to all participants; and
 - (C) provide that participation in such project by any individual receiving aid to families with dependent children be voluntary.
- (2) Any State which establishes and conducts demonstration projects under this subsection may, subject to paragraph (3), with respect to any such project—
 - (A) waive, subject to paragraph (3), any or all of the requirements of sections 402(a)(1) (relating to statewide operation), 402(a)(3) (relating to administration by a single State agency),

402(a)(8) (relating to disregard of earned income), except that no such waiver of 402(a)(8) shall operate to waive any amount in excess of one-half of the earned income of any individual, and 402(a)(19) (relating to the work incentive program);

(B) subject to paragraph (4), use to cover the costs of the project such funds as are appropriated for payment to such State with respect to the assistance which is or would, except for participation in a project under this subsection, be payable to individuals participating in such projects under part A of title IV for any

fiscal year in which such projects are conducted; and

(C) use such funds as are appropriated for payments to States under the State and Local Fiscal Assistance Act of 1972 for any fiscal year in which the project is conducted to cover so much of the costs of salaries for individuals participating in public service employment as is not covered through the use of funds made

available under subparagraph (B).

- (3) (A) Any State which wishes to establish and conduct demonstration projects under the provisions of this subsection shall submit an application to the Secretary in such form and containing such information as the Secretary may require. Whenever any State submits such an application to the Secretary, it shall at the same time issue public notice of that fact together with a general description of the project with respect to which the application is submitted, and shall invite comment thereon from interested parties and comments thereon may be submitted, within the 30-day period beginning with the date the application is submitted to the Secretary, to the State or the Secretary by such parties. The State shall also make copies of the application available for public inspection. The Secretary shall also immediately publish a summary of the proposed project, make copies of the application available for public inspection, and receive and consider comments submitted with respect to the application. A State shall be authorized to proceed with a project submitted under this subsection-
 - (i) when such application has been approved by the Secretary (which shall be no earlier than 30 days following the date the application is submitted to him), or

(ii) 60 days after the date on which such application is submitted to the Secretary unless, during such 60 day period, he denies

the application.

(B) Notwithstanding the provisions of paragraph (2)(A), the Secretary may review any waiver made by a State under such paragraph. Upon a finding that any such waiver is inconsistent with the purposes of this subsection and the purposes of part A of title IV, the Secretary may disapprove such waiver. The project with respect to

which any such disapproved waiver was made shall be terminated by such State not later than the last day of the month following the month in which such waiver was disapproved.

- (4) Any amount payable to a State under section 403(a) on behalf of an individual participating in a project under this section shall not be increased by reason of the participation of such individual in any demonstration project conducted under this subsection over the amount which would be payable if such individual were receiving aid to families with dependent children and not participating in such project.
- (5) Participation in a project established under this section shall not be considered to constitute employment for purposes of any finding with respect to "unemployment" as that term is used in section 407.
- (6) Any demonstration project established and conducted pursuant to the provisions of this subsection shall be conducted for not longer than two years. All demonstration projects established and conducted pursuant to the provisions of this subsection shall be terminated not later than September 30, 1980.

Administrative and Judicial Review of Certain Administrative Determinations 1

Sec. 1116. (a) (1) Whenever a State plan is submitted to the Secretary by a State for approval under title I, VI, X, XIV, XVI, or XIX, or part A of title IV, he shall not later than 90 days after the date the plan is submitted to him, make a determination as to whether it conforms to the requirements for approval under such title. The 90-day period provided herein may be extended by written agreement of the Secretary and the affected State.

- (2) Any State dissatisfied with a determination of the Secretary under paragraph (1) with respect to any plan may, within 60 days after it has been notified of such determination, file a petition with the Secretary for reconsideration of the issue of whether such plan conforms to the requirements for approval under such title. Within 30 days after receipt of such a petition, the Secretary shall notify the State of the time and place at which a hearing will be held for the purpose of reconsidering such issue. Such hearing shall be held not less than 20 days nor more than 60 days after the date notice of such hearing is furnished to such State, unless the Secretary and such State agree in writing to holding the hearing at another time. The Secretary shall affirm, modify, or reverse his original determination within 60 days of the conclusion of the hearing.
- (3) Any State which is dissatisfied with a final determination made by the Secretary on such a reconsideration or a final determination of the Secretary under section 4, 404, 604, 1004, 1404, 1604, or 1904 may, within 60 days after it has been notified of such determination, file with the United States court of appeals for the circuit in which such State is located a petition for review of such determination. A copy of the petition shall be forthwith transmitted by the clerk of the court to the Secretary. The Secretary thereupon shall file in the court the record of the proceedings on which he based his determination as provided in section 2112 of title 28, United States Code.
- (4) The findings of fact by the Secretary, if supported by substantial evidence, shall be conclusive; but the court, for good cause shown, may remand the case to the Secretary to take further evidence, and the Secretary may thereupon make new or modified findings of fact and may modify his previous action, and shall certify to the court the transcript and record of the further proceedings. Such new or modified findings of fact shall likewise be conclusive if supported by substantial evidence.
- (5) The court shall have jurisdiction to affirm the action of the Secretary or to set it aside, in whole or in part. The judgment of the court shall be subject to review by the Supreme Court of the United States upon certiorari or certification as provided in section 1254 of title 28, United States Code.

¹ Sec. 1116 was amended by sec. 2353(h) of P.L. 97-35.

- (b) For the purposes of subsection (a), any amendment of a State plan approved under title I, VI, X, XIV, XVI, or XIX, or part A of title IV, may, at the option of the State, be treated as the submission of a new State plan.
- (c) Action pursuant to an initial determination of the Secretary described in subsection (a) shall not be stayed pending reconsideration, but in the event that the Secretary subsequently determines that his initial determination was incorrect he shall certify restitution forthwith in a lump sum of any funds incorrectly withheld or otherwise denied.
- (d) Whenever the Secretary determines that any item or class of items on account of which Federal financial participation is claimed under title I, VI, X, XIV, XVI, or XIX, or part A of title IV, shall be disallowed for such participation, the State shall be entitled to and upon request shall receive a reconsideration of the disallowance.

Sec. 1117. [Repealed.]

Alternative Federal Payment With Respect to Public Assistance Expenditures

Sec. 1118. In the case of any State which has in effect a plan approved under title XIX for any calendar quarter, the total of the payments to which such State is entitled for such quarter, and for each succeeding quarter in the same fiscal year (which for purposes of this section means the 4 calendar quarters ending with September 30), under paragraphs (1) and (2) of sections 3(a), 403(a), 1003(a), 1403(a), and 1603(a) shall, at the option of the State, be determined by application of the Federal medical assistance percentage (as defined by section 1905), instead of the perentages provided under each such section, to the expenditures under its State plans approved under titles I, X, XIV, and XVI, and part A of title IV, which would be included in determining the amounts of the Federal payments to which such State is entitled under such sections, but without regard to any maximum on the dollar amounts per recipient which may be counted under such sections. For purposes of the preceding sentence, the term "Federal medical assistance percentage" shall, in the case of Puerto Rico, the Virgin Islands, and Guam, mean 75 per centum.1

¹ Sec. 1118 was amended by sec. 2(23) of P.L. 94-273, by sec. 802(a) of P.L. 95-600, and by sec. 305(c) of P.L. 96-272.

Federal Participation in Payments for Repairs to Home Owned by Recipient of Aid or Assistance

Sec. 1119. In the case of an expenditure for repairing the home owned by an individual who is receiving aid or assistance, other than medical assistance to the aged under a State plan approved under title I, X, XIV, or XVI, or part A of title IV if—

(1) the State agency or local agency administering the plan approved under such title has made a finding (prior to making such expenditure) that (A) such home is so defective that con-

tinued occupancy is unwarranted, (B) unless repairs are made to such home, rental quarters will be necessary for such individual, and (C) the cost of rental quarters to take care of the needs of such individual (including his spouse living with him in such home and any other individual whose needs were taken into account in determining the need of such individual) would exceed (over such time as the Secretary may specify) the cost of repairs needed to make such home habitable together with other costs attributable to continued occupancy of such home, and

(2) no such expenditures were made for repairing such home pursuant to any prior finding under this section,

the amount paid to any such State for any quarter under section 3(a), 403(a), 1003(a), 1403(a), or 1603(a) shall be increased by 50 per centum of such expenditures, except that the excess above \$500 expended with respect to any one home shall not be included in determining such expenditures.

Approval of Certain Projects

Sec. 1120. (a) No payment shall be made under this Act with respect to any experimental, pilot, demonstration, or other project all or any part of which is wholly financed with Federal funds made available under this Act (without any State, local, or other non-Federal financial participation) unless such project shall have been personally approved by the Secretary or Under Secretary of Health, Education, and Welfare.

(b) As soon as possible after the approval of any project under subsection (a), the Secretary shall submit to the Congress a description of such project including a statement of its purpose, probable cost, and expected duration.

Uniform Reporting Systems for Health Services Facilities and Organizations ¹

Sec. 1121. (a) For the purposes of reporting the cost of services provided by, of planning, and of measuring and comparing the efficiency of and effective use of services in, hospitals, skilled nursing facilities, intermediate care facilities, home health agencies, health maintenance organizations, and other types of health services facilities and organizations to which payment may be made under this Act, the Secretary shall establish by regulation, for each such type of health services facility or organization, a uniform system for the reporting by a facility or organization of that type of the following information:

¹ Section 1121 was added by sec. 19(a) of P.L. 95-142. See also sec. 19(c) which is printed in this document on p. 765.

- (1) The aggregate cost of operation and the aggregate volume of services.
- (2) The costs and volume of services for various functional accounts and subaccounts.
 - (3) Rates, by category of patient and class of purchaser.
- (4) Capital assets, as defined by the Secretary, including (as appropriate) capital funds, debt service, lease agreements used in lieu of capital funds, and the value of land, facilities, and equipment.
 - (5) Discharge and bill data.

The uniform reporting system for a type of health services facility or organization shall provide for appropriate variation in the application of the system to different classes of facilities or organizations within that type and shall be established, to the extent practicable, consistent with the cooperative system for producing comparable and uniform health information and statistics described in section 306(e) (1) of the Public Health Service Act. In reporting under such a system, hospitals shall employ such chart of accounts, definitions, principles, and statistics as the Secretary may prescribe in order to reach a uniform reconciliation of financial and statistical data for specified uniform reports to be provided to the Secretary.

(b) The Secretary shall-

- (1) monitor the operation of the systems established under subsection (a):
- (2) assist with and support demonstrations and evaluations of the effectiveness and cost of the operation of such systems and encourage State adoption of such systems; and
- (3) periodically revise such systems to improve their effectiveness and diminish their cost.
- (c) The Secretary shall provide information obtained through use of the uniform reporting systems described in subsection (a) in a useful manner and format to appropriate agencies and organizations, including health systems agencies (designated under section 1515 of the Public Health Service Act) and State health planning and development agencies (designated under section 1521 of such Act), as may be necessary to carry out such agencies' and organizations' functions.

Limitation on Federal Participation for Capital Expenditures 1

Sec. 1122. (a) The purpose of this section is to assure that Federal funds appropriated under titles XVIII and XIX are not used to

¹P.L. 92-603, sec. 221(a), added sec. 1122. Applicable only to a capital expenditure the obligation for which is incurred by or on behalf of a health care facility or health maintenance organization subsequent to whichever of the following is earlier: (A) December 31, 1972, or (B) with respect to any State or any part thereof specified by such State, the last day of the calendar quarter in which the State requests that the amendment made by subsection (a) of this section apply in such State or such part thereof.

P.L. 92-603, sec. 221(d), provides:

[&]quot;In the case of a health care facility providing health care services as of December 18, 1970, which on such date is committed to a formal plan of expansion or replacement, the amendments made by the preceding provisions of this section shall not apply with respect to such expenditures as may be made or obligations incurred for capital items included in such plan where preliminary expenditures toward the plan of expansion or replacement (including payments for studies, surveys, designs, plans, working drawings, specifications, and site acquisition, essential to the acquisition, improvement, expansion, or replacement of the health care facility or equipment concerned) of \$100,000 or more, had been made during the three-year period ended December 17, 1970."

Sec. 1122 was amended by sec. 14(b) of P.L. 95-559 and sec. 2193(c)(3) of P.L. 97-35. The phrase "or health maintenance organization" apparently should have been deleted in the places indicated by a star (*) but was not so deleted because of a technical error in P.L. 95-559.

support unnecessary capital expenditures made by or on behalf of health care facilities which are reimbursed under any of such titles and that, to the extent possible, reimbursement under such titles shall support planning activities with respect to health services and facilities in the various States.

- (b) The Secretary, after consultation with the Governor (or other chief executive officer) and with appropriate local public officials, shall make an agreement with any State which is able and willing to do so under which a designated planning agency (which shall be an agency described in clause (ii) of subsection (d) (1) (B) that has a governing body or advisory board at least half of whose members represent consumer interests) will—
 - (1) make, and submit to the Secretary together with such supporting materials as he may find necessary, findings and recommendations with respect to capital expenditures proposed by or on behalf of any health care facility or health maintenance organization* in such State within the field of its responsibilities.
 - (2) receive from other agencies described in clause (ii) of subsection (d)(1)(B), and submit to the Secretary together with such supporting material as he may find necessary, the findings and recommendations of such other agencies with respect to capital expenditures proposed by or on behalf of health care facilities in such State within the fields of their respective responsibilities, and
 - (3) establish and maintain procedures pursuant to which a person proposing any such capital expenditure may appeal a recommendation by the designated agency and will be granted an opportunity for a fair hearing by such agency or person other than the designated agency as the Governor (or other chief executive officer) may designate to hold such hearings,

whenever and to the extent that the findings of such designated agency or any such other agency indicate that any such expenditure is not consistent with the standards, criteria, or plans developed pursuant to the Public Health Service Act (or the Mental Retardation Facilities and Community Mental Health Centers Construction Act of 1963) to meet the need for adequate health care facilities in the area covered by the plan or plans so developed.

- (c) The Secretary shall pay any such State from the Federal Hospital Insurance Trust Fund, in advance or by way of reimbursement as may be provided in the agreement with it (and may make adjustments in such payments on account of overpayments or underpayments previously made), for the reasonable cost of performing the functions specified in subsection (b).
- (d) (1) Except as provided in paragraph (2), if the Secretary determines that—

^{*}See footnote 1 on page 319-B.

- (A) neither the planning agency designated in the agreement described in subsection (b) nor an agency described in clause (ii) of subparagraph (B) of this paragraph had been given notice of any proposed capital expenditure (in accordance with such procedure or in such detail as may be required by such agency) at least 60 days prior to obligation for such expenditure; or
- (B) (i) the planning agency so designated or an agency so described had received such timely notice of the intention to make such capital expenditure and had, within a reasonable period after receiving such notice and prior to obligation for such expenditure, notified the person proposing such expenditure that the expenditure would not be in conformity with the standards, criteria, or plans developed by such agency or any other agency described in clause (ii) for adequate health care facilities in such State or in the area for which such other agency has responsibility, and
- (ii) the planning agency so designated had, prior to submitting to the Secretary the findings referred to in subsection (b)—
 - (I) consulted with, and taken into consideration the findings and recommendations of, the State planning agencies established pursuant to sections 314(a) and 604(a) of the Public Health Service Act (to the extent that either such agency is not the agency so designated) as well as the public or nonprofit private agency or organization responsible for the comprehensive regional, metropolitan area, or other local area plan or plans referred to in section 314(b) of the Public Health Service Act and covering the area in which the health care facility or health maintenance organization* proposing such capital expenditure is located (where such agency is not the agency designated in the agreement), or, if there is no such agency, such other public or nonprofit private agency or organization (if any) as performs, as determined in accordance with criteria included in regulations, similar functions, and
 - (II) granted to the person proposing such capital expenditure an opportunity for a fair hearing with respect to such findings;

then, for such period as he finds necessary in any case to effectuate the purpose of this section, he shall, in determining the Federal payments to be made under titles, XVIII and XIX with respect to services furnished in the health care facility for which such capital expenditure is made, not include any amount which is attributable to depreciation, interest on borrowed funds, a return on equity capital (in the case of proprietary facilities), or other expenses related to such capital

^{*}See footnote 1 on page 319-B.

expenditure. With respect to any organization which is reimbursed on a per capita or a fixed fee or negotiated rate basis, in determining the Federal payments to be made under titles XVIII and XIX, the Secretary shall exclude an amount which in his judgment is a reasonable equivalent to the amount which would otherwise be excluded under this subsection if payment were to be made on other than a per capita or a fixed fee or negotiated rate basis.

- (2) If the Secretary, after submitting the matters involved to the advisory council established or designated under subsection (i), determines that an exclusion of expenses related to any capital expenditure of any health care facility or health maintenance organization* would discourage the operation or expansion of such facility which has demonstrated to his satisfaction proof of capability to provide comprehensive health care services (including institutional services) efficiently, effectively, and economically, or would otherwise be inconsistent with the effective organization and delivery of health services or the effective administration of title XVIII or XIX, he shall not exclude such expenses pursuant to paragraph (1).
- (e) Where a person obtains under lease or comparable arrangement any facility or part thereof, or equipment for a facility, which would have been subject to an exclusion under subsection (d) if the person had acquired it by purchase, the Secretary shall (1) in computing such person's rental expense in determining the Federal payments to be made under titles XVIII and XIX with respect to services furnished in such facility, deduct the amount which in his judgment is a reasonable equivalent of the amount that would have been excluded if the person had acquired such facility or such equipment by purchase, and (2) in computing such person's return on equity capital deduct any amount deposited under the terms of the lease or comparable arrangement.
- (f) Any person dissatisfied with a determination by the Secretary under this section may within six months following notification of such determination request the Secretary to reconsider such determination. A determination by the Secretary under this section shall not be subject to administrative or judicial review.
- (g) For the purposes of this section, a "capital expenditure" is an expenditure which, under generally accepted accounting principles, is not properly chargeable as an expense of operation and maintenance and which (1) exceeds \$100,000, (2) changes the bed capacity of the facility with respect to which such expenditure is made, or (3) substantially changes the services of the facility with respect to which such expenditure is made. For purposes of clause (1) of the preceding sentence, the cost of the studies, surveys, designs, plans, working drawings, specifications, and other activities essential to the acquisi-

on, improvement, expansion, or replacement of the plant and equipent with respect to which such expenditure is made shall be inuded in determining whether such expenditure exceeds \$100,000.

(h) The provisions of this section shall not apply to Christian cience sanatoriums operated, or listed and certified, by the First

hurch of Christ, Scientist, Boston, Massachusetts.

(i) (1) The Secretary shall establish a national advisory council, r designate an appropriate existing national advisory council, to dvise and assist him in the preparation of general regulations to carry at the purposes of this section and on policy matters arising in the dministration of this section, including the coordination of activities nder this section with those under other parts of this Act or under ther Federal or federally assisted health programs.

(2) The Secretary shall make appropriate provision for consultaon between and coordination of the work of the advisory council stablished or designated under paragraph (1) and the Federal Hosital Council, the National Advisory Health Council, the Health nsurance Benefits Advisory Council, and other appropriate national dvisory councils with respect to matters bearing on the purposes and dministration of this section and the coordination of activities under

his section with related Federal health programs.

(3) If an advisory council is established by the Secretary under paragraph (1), it shall be composed of members who are not otherwise n the regular full-time employ of the United States, and who shall e appointed by the Secretary without regard to the civil service laws irom among leaders in the fields of the fundamental sciences, the medcal sciences, and the organization, delivery, and financing of health are, and persons who are State or local officials or are active in comnunity affairs or public or civic affairs or who are representative of ninority groups. Members of such advisory council, while attending neetings of the council or otherwise serving on business of the council, shall be entitled to receive compensation at rates fixed by the Secretary. out not exceeding the maximum rate specified at the time of such servce for grade GS-18 in section 5332 of title 5, United States Code, ncluding traveltime, and while away from their homes or regular places of business they may also be allowed travel expenses, including per diem in lieu of subsistence, as authorized by section 5703(b) of such title 5 for persons in the Government service employed intermittently.

Program for Determining Qualifications for Certain Health Care Personnel

Sec. 1123. (a) The Secretary, in carrying out his functions relating to the qualifications for health care personnel under title XVIII, shall develop (in consultation with appropriate professional health

organizations and State health and licensure agencies) and conduct (in conjunction with State health and licensure agencies) until December 31, 1981, a program designed to determine the proficiency of individuals (who do not otherwise meet the formal educational, professional membership, or other specific criteria established for determining the qualifications of practical nurses, therapists, laboratory technicians, and technologists, and cytotechnologists, X-ray technicians, psychiatric technicians, or other health care technicians and technologists) to perform the duties and functions of practical nurses, therapists, laboratory technicians, technologists, and cytotechnologists, X-ray technicians, psychiatric technicians, or other health care technicians and technologists. Such program shall include (but not be limited to) the employment of procedures for the formal testing of the proficiency of individuals. In the conduct of such program, no individual who otherwise meets the proficiency requirements for any health care specialty shall be denied a satisfactory proficiency rating solely because of his failure to meet formal educational or professional membership requirements.1

(b) If any individual has been determined, under the program established pursuant to subsection (a), to be qualified to perform the duties and functions of any health care specialty, no person or provider utilizing the services of such individual to perform such duties and functions shall be denied payment, under title XVIII or under any State plan approved under title XIX, for any health care services provided by such person on the grounds that such individual is not qualified to perform such duties and functions.

Disclosure of Ownership and Related Information²

Sec. 1124. (a) (1) The Secretary shall by regulation or by contract provision provide that each disclosing entity (as defined in paragraph (2)) shall—

(A) as a condition of the disclosing entity's participation in, or certification or recertification under, any of the programs established by titles V, XVIII, and XIX, or

(B) as a condition for the approval or renewal of a contract or agreement between the disclosing entity and the Secretary or the appropriate State agency under any of the programs established under titles V, XVIII, and XIX.

supply the Secretary or the appropriate State agency with full and complete information as to the identity of each person with an ownership or control interest (as defined in paragraph (3)) in the entity or in any subcontractor (as defined by the Secretary in regulations) in which the entity directly or indirectly has a 5 per centum or more ownership interest.

Subsec. (a) was amended by sec. 911 of P.L. 96-499.
 Sec. 1124 was added by sec. 3(a) (1) of P.L. 95-142 and was amended by sec. 2353(i) of P.L. 97-35.

- (2) As used in this section, the term "disclosing entity" means an entity which is—
 - (A) a provider of services (as defined in section 1861(u), other than a fund), an independent clinical laboratory, a renal disease facility, or a health maintenance organization (as defined in section 1301(a) of the Public Health Service Act);
 - (B) an entity (other than an individual practitioner or group of practitioners) that furnishes, or arranges for the furnishing of, items or services with respect to which payment may be claimed by the entity under any plan or program established pursuant to title V or under a State plan approved under title XIX; or
 - (C) a carrier or other agency or organization that is acting as a fiscal intermediary or agent with respect to one or more providers of services (for purposes of part A or part B of title XVIII, or both, or for purposes of a State plan approved under title XIX) pursuant to (i) an agreement under section 1816, (ii) a contract under section 1842; or (iii) an agreement with a single State agency administering or supervising the administration of a State plan approved under title XIX.
- (3) As used in this section, the term "person with an ownership or control interest" means, with respect to an entity, a person who—
 - (A) (i) has directly or indirectly (as determined by the Secretary in regulations) an ownership interest of 5 per centum or more in the entity; or
 - (ii) is the owner of a whole or part interest in any mortgage, deed of trust, note, or other obligation secured (in whole or in part) by the entity or any of the property or assets thereof, which whole or part interest is equal to or exceeds \$25,000 or 5 per centum of the total property and assets of the entity; or 1
 - (B) is an officer or director of the entity, if the entity is organized as a corporation; or
 - (C) is a partner in the entity, if the entity is organized as a partnership.
- (b) To the extent determined to be feasible under regulations of the Secretary, a disclosing entity shall also include in the information supplied under subsection (a) (1), with respect to each person with an ownership or control interest in the entity, the name of any other disclosing entity with respect to which the person is a person with an ownership or control interest.

² Clause (ii) was amended by sec. 912(a) of P.L. 96-499.

Issuance of Subpenas by Comptroller General 1

- Sec. 1125. (a) For the purpose of any audit, investigation, examination, analysis, review, evaluation, or other function authorized by law with respect to any program authorized under this Act, the Comptroller General of the United States shall have power to sign and issue subpenas to any person requiring the production of any pertinent books, records, documents, or other information. Subpenas so issued by the Comptroller General shall be served by anyone authorized by him (1) by delivering a copy thereof to the person named therein, or (2) by registered mail or by certified mail addressed to such person at his last dwelling place or principal place of business. A verified return by the person so serving the subpena setting forth the manner of service, or, in the case of service by registered mail or by certified mail, the return post office receipt therefor signed by the person so served, shall be proof of service.
- (b) In case of contumacy by, or refusal to obey a subpena issued pursuant to subsection (a) of this section and duly served upon, any person, any district court of the United States for the judicial district in which such person charged with contumacy or refusal to obey is found or resides or transacts business, upon application by the Comptroller General, shall have jurisdiction to issue an order requiring such person to produce the books, records, documents, or other information sought by the subpena; and any failure to obey such order of the court may be punished by the court as a contempt thereof. In proceedings brought under this subsection, the Comptroller General shall be represented by attorneys employed in the General Accounting Office or by counsel whom he may employ without regard to the provisions of title 5, United States Code, governing appointments in the competitive service, and the provisions of chapter 51 and subchapters III and VI of chapter 53 of such title, relating to classification and General Schedule pay rates.
- (c) No personal medical record in the possession of the General Accounting Office shall be subject to subpens or discovery proceedings in a civil action.

Disclosure by Institutions, Organizations, and Agencies of Owners and Certain Other Individuals Who Have Been Convicted of Certain Offenses²

Sec. 1126. (a) As a condition of participation in or certification or recertification under the programs established by titles XVIII and XIX, any hospital, nursing facility, or other institution,

¹ Section 1125 was added by sec. 6 of P.L. 95-142.

² Section 1126 was added by sec. 8(a) of P.L. 95-142 and amended by sec. 2353(j) of P.L. 97-35.

organization, or agency shall be required to disclose to the Secretary or to the appropriate State agency the name of any person who—

- (1) has a direct or indirect ownership or control interest of 5 percent or more in such institution, organization, or agency or is an officer, director, agent, or managing employee (as defined in subsection (b)) of such institution, organization, or agency, and
- (2) has been convicted (on or after the date of the enactment of this section, or within such period prior to that date as the Secretary shall specify in regulations) of a criminal offense related to the involvement of such person in any of such programs.

The Secretary or the appropriate State agency shall promptly notify the Inspector General in the Department of Health, Education, and Welfare of the receipt from any institution, organization, or agency of any application or request for such participation, certification, or recertification which discloses the name of any such person, and shall notify the Inspector General of the action taken with respect to such application or request.

(b) For the purposes of this section, the term "managing employee" means, with respect to an institution, organization, or agency, an individual, including a general manager, business manager, administrator, and director, who exercises operational or managerial control over the institution, organization, or agency, or who directly or indirectly conducts the day-to-day operations of the institution, organization, or agency.

Adjustment of Retroactive Benefits Under Title II on Account of Supplemental Security Income Benefits

Sec. 1127. Notwithstanding any other provision of this Act, in any case where an individual—

- (1) makes application for benefits under title II and is subsequently determined to be entitled to those benefits, and
- (2) was an individual with respect to whom supplemental security income benefits were paid under title XVI (including State supplementary payments which were made under an agreement pursuant to section 1616(a) or an administration agreement under section 212 of Public Law 93-66) for one or more months during the period beginning with the first month for which a benefit described in paragraph (1) is payable and ending with the month before the first month in which such benefit is paid pursuant to the application referred to in paragraph (1),

the benefits (described in paragraph (1)) which are otherwise retroactively payable to such individual for months in the period described in paragraph (2) shall be reduced by an amount equal to so much of such supplemental security income benefits (including State supplementary payments) described in paragraph (2) for such month or months as would not have been paid with respect to such individual or his eligible spouse if the individual had received the benefits under title II at the times they were regularly due during such period rather than retroactively; and from the amount of such reduction the Secretary shall reimburse the State on behalf of which such supplementary payments were made for the amount (if any) by which such State's expenditures on account of such supplementary payments for the period involved exceeded the expenditures which the State would have made (for such period) if the individual had received the benefits under title II at the times they were regularly due during such period rather than retroactively. An amount equal to the portion of such reduction remaining after reimbursement of the State under the preceding sentence shall be covered into the general fund of the Treasury.

Exclusion of Certain Individuals Convicted of Medicare- or Medicaid-Related Crimes ²

Sec. 1128. (a) Whenever the Secretary determines that a physician or other individual has been convicted (on or after October 25, 1977, or within such period prior to that date as the Secretary shall specify in regulations) of a criminal offense related to such individual's participation in the delivery of medical care or services under title XVIII, XIX, or XX, the Secretary—

(1) shall bar from participation in the program under title XVIII each such individual otherwise eligible to participate in

such program;

(2) (A) shall promptly notify each appropriate State agency administering or supervising the administration of a State plan approved under title XIX of the fact and circumstances of such determination, and (except as provided in subparagraph (B)) require each such agency to bar such individual from participation in such program for such period as he shall specify, which in the case of an individual specified in paragraph (1) shall be the period established pursuant to paragraph (1);

(B) may waive the requirement under subparagraph (A) to bar an individual from participation in a State plan program under title XIX, where he receives and approves a request for such a waiver with respect to that individual from the State agency administering or supervising the administration of such

plan; and

(3) shall promptly notify the appropriate State or local agency or authority having responsibility for the licensing or certification

¹ Sec. 1127 was added by sec. 501 of P.L. 96-265 effective July 1981.

² Sec. 1128 was added by sec. 913(a) of P.L. 96-499 and amended by sec. 2105 and sec. 2353(k) of P.L. 97-35.

of such individual of the fact and circumstances of such determination, request that appropriate investigations be made and sanctions invoked in accordance with applicable State law and policy, and request that such State or local agency or authority keep the Secretary and the Inspector General of the Department of Health and Human Services fully and currently informed with respect to any actions taken in response to such request.

(b) Whenever the Secretary makes a final determination to impose a civil money penalty or assessment against a person (including an organization, agency, or other entity) under section 1128A relating

to a claim under title XVIII or XIX, the Secretary—

(1) may bar the person from participation in the program under title XVIII, and

(2) (A) shall promptly notify each appropriate State agency administering or supervising the administration of a State plan approved under title XIX of the fact and circumstances of such determination, and (except as provided in subparagraph (B)) may require each such agency to bar the person from participation in the program established by such plan for such period as he shall specify, which in the case of an individual shall be the period established pursuant to paragraph (1), and

(B) may waive the requirement of subparagraph (A) to bar a person from participation in such program where he receives and approves a request for such waiver with respect to that person

from the State agency referred to in that subparagraph.

- (c) A determination made by the Secretary under this section shall be effective at such time and upon such reasonable notice to the public and to the person furnishing the services involved as may be specified in regulations. Such determination shall be effective with respect to services furnished to an individual on or after the effective date of such determination (except that in the case of inpatient hospital services, post-hospital extended care services, and home health services furnished under title XVIII, determination shall be effective in the manner provided in paragraphs (3) and (4) of section 1866(b) with respect to terminations of agreements), and shall remain in effect until the Secretary finds and gives reasonable notice to the public that the basis for such determination has been removed and that there is reasonable assurance that it will not recur.
- (d) Any person who is the subject of an adverse determination made by the Secretary under subsection (a) or (b) shall be entitled to reasonable notice and opportunity for a hearing thereon by the Secretary to the same extent as is provided in section 205(b), and to judicial review of the Secretary's final decision after such hearing as is provided in section 205(g).

Civil Monetary Penalties 1

Sec. 1128A. (a) Any person (including an organization, agency, or other entity) that presents or causes to be presented to an officer, employee, or agent of the United States, or of any department or agency thereof, or of any State agency (as defined in subsection (h) (1)), a claim (as defined in subsection (h)(2) that the Secretary determines__

(1) is for a medical or other item or service—

(A) that the person knows or has reason to know was not

provided as claimed, or

(B) payment for which may not be made under the program under which such claim was made, pursuant to a determination by the Secretary under section 1128, 1160(b). 1862(d), or 1866(b) (2), or

(2) is submitted in violation of an agreement between the

person and the United States or a State agency.

shall be subject, in addition to any other penalties that may be prescribed by law, to a civil money penalty of not more than \$2,000 for each item or service. In addition, such a person shall be subject to an assessment of not more than twice the amount claimed for each such item or service in lieu of damages sustained by the United States or a State agency because of such claim.

(b) (1) The Secretary may initiate a proceeding to determine whether to impose a civil money penalty or assessment under subsection (a) only as authorized by the Attorney General pursuant to pro-

cedures agreed upon by them.

- (2) The Secretary shall not make a determination adverse to any person under subsection (a) until the person has been given written notice and an opportunity for the determination to be made on the record after a hearing at which the person is entitled to be represented by counsel, to present witnesses, and to cross-examine witnesses against the person.
- (c) In determining the amount or scope of any penalty or assessment imposed pursuant to subsection (a), the Secretary shall take into account-

(1) the nature of claims and the circumstances under which they were presented.

(2) the degree of culpability, history of prior offenses, and financial condition of the person presenting the claims, and

(3) such other matters as justice may require.

(d) Any person adversely affected by a determination of the Secretary under this section may obtain a review of such determination in the United States Court of Appeals for the circuit in which the

¹ Sec. 1128A was added by sec. 2105 of P.L. 97-35.

person resides, or in which the claim was presented, by filing in such court (within sixty days following the date the person is notified of the Secretary's determination) a written petition requesting that the determination be modified or set aside. A copy of the petition shall be forthwith transmitted by the clerk of the court to the Secretary, and thereupon the Secretary shall file in the Court the record in the proceeding as provided in section 2112 of title 28. United States Code. Upon such filing, the court shall have jurisdiction of the proceeding and of the question determined therein, and shall have the power to make and enter upon the pleadings, testimony, and proceedings set forth in such record a decree affirming, modifying, remanding for further consideration, or setting aside, in whole or in part, the determination of the Secretary and enforcing the same to the extent that such order is affirmed or modified. No objection that has not been urged before the Secretary shall be considered by the court, unless the failure or neglect to urge such objection shall be excused because of extraordinary circumstances. The findings of the Secretary with respect to questions of fact, if supported by substantial evidence on the record considered as a whole, shall be conclusive. If any party shall apply to the court for leave to adduce additional evidence and shall show to the satisfaction of the court that such additional evidence is material and that there were reasonable grounds for the failure to adduce such evidence in the hearing before the Secretary, the court may order such additional evidence to be taken before the Secretary and to be made a part of the record. The Secretary may modify his findings as to the facts, or make new findings, by reason of additional evidence so taken and filed, and he shall file with the court such modified or new findings, which findings with respect to questions of fact, if supported by substantial evidence on the record considered as a whole, shall be conclusive, and his recommendations, if any, for the modification or setting aside of his original order. Upon the filing of the record with it, the jurisdiction of the court shall be exclusive and its judgment and decree shall be final, except that the same shall be subject to review by the Supreme Court of the United States, as provided in section 1254 of title 28, United States Code.

- (e) Civil money penalties and assessments imposed under this section may be compromised by the Secretary and may be recovered in a civil action in the name of the United States brought in United States district court for the district where the claim was presented, or where the claimant resides, as determined by the Secretary. Amounts recovered under this section shall be paid to the Secretary and disposed of as follows:
 - (1) (A) In the case of amounts recovered arising out of a claim until title XIX, there shall be paid to the State agency an

amount equal to the State's share of the amount paid by the State agency for such claim.

- (B) In the case of amounts recovered arising out of a claim under an allotment to a State under title V, there shall be paid to the State agency an amount equal to three-sevenths of the amount recovered.
- (2) Such portion of the amounts recovered as is determined to have been paid out of the trust funds under sections 1817 and 1841 shall be repaid to such trust funds.
- (3) The remainder of the amounts recovered shall be deposited as miscellaneous receipts of the Treasury of the United States. The amount of such penalty or assessment, when finally determined, or the amount agreed upon in compromise, may be deducted from any sum then or later owing by the United States or a State agency to the person against whom the penalty or assessment has been assessed.
- (f) A determination by the Secretary to impose a penalty or assessment under subsection (a) shall be final upon the expiration of the sixty-day period referred to in subsection (d). Matters that were raised or that could have been raised in a hearing before the Secretary or in an appeal pursuant to subsection (d) may not be raised as a defense to a civil action by the United States to collect a penalty or assessment assessed under this section.
- (g) Whenever the Secretary's determination to impose a penalty or assessment under subsection (a) becomes final, he shall notify the appropriate State or local medical or professional organization, and the appropriate Professional Standards Review Organization, and the appropriate State or local licensing agency or organization (including the agency specified in section 1864(a) and 1902(a) (33)) that such a penalty or assessment has become final and the reasons therefor.
 - (h) For the purposes of this subsection:
 - (1) The term "State agency" means the agency established or designated to administer or supervise the administration of the State plan under title XIX of this Act or designated to administer the State's program under title V of this Act.
 - (2) The term "claim" means an application submitted by-
 - (A) a provider of services or other person, agency, or organization that furnishes an item or service under title XVIII of this Act, or
 - (B) a person, agency, or organization that furnishes an item or service for which medical assistance is provided under title XIX of this Act, or
 - (C) a person, agency, or organization that provides an item or service for which payment is made under title V of this Act or from an allotment to a State under such title,

to the United States or a State agency, or agent thereof, for payment for health care services under title XVIII or XIX of this Act or for any item or service under title V of this Act.

- (3) The term "item or service" includes (A) any particular item, device, medical supply, or service claimed to have been provided to a patient and listed in an itemized claim for payment, and (B) in the case of a claim based on costs, any entry in the cost report, books of account or other documents supporting such claim.
- (4) The term "agency of the United States" includes any contractor acting as a fiscal intermediary, carrier, or fiscal agent or any other claims processing agent for a health insurance or medical services program under title XVIII or XIX of this Act.

Coordinated Audits 1

Sec. 1129. (a) If an entity provides services reimbursable on a costrelated basis under title XIX, as well as services reimbursable on
such a basis under title XVIII, the Secretary shall require, as a condition for payment to any State under title XIX with respect to
administrative costs incurred in the performance of audits of the
books, accounts, and records of that entity, that these audits be coordinated through common audit procedures with audits performed
with respect to the entity for purposes of title XVIII. The Secretary
shall specify by regulation such methods as he finds feasible and
equitable for the apportionment of the cost of coordinated audits
between the program established under title XIX and the program
established under title XVIII. Where the Secretary finds that a State
has declined to participate in such a common audit with respect to
title XIX, he shall reduce the payments otherwise due such State
under such title by an amount which he estimates to be in

¹ Sec. 1129 was added by sec. 914(a) of P.L. 96-499 and amended by sec. 2193(c)(4) of P.L. 97-35. See excerpt from sec. 914(d) of that act for required report on this amendment.

excess of the amount that would have been apportioned to the State under the title (for the expenses of the Sale incurred in the common audit) if it had participated in the common audit.

- (b) (1) In the case of entities which have audits coordinated under subsection (a), the Secretary shall establish one or more projects to demonstrate the feasibility of creating a single coordinated appeal hearing to adjudicate those administrative cost items which are determined under such a coordinated audit and which such entities dispute and appeal.
- (2) In the case of a demonstration project under this subsection, the Secretary may waive such requirements of title XVIII or XIX as would prevent carrying out the project or would require duplicative activity or otherwise create unnecessary administrative burdens in carrying out the project.
- (3) The Secretary shall report to Congress not later than December 31, 1982, with respect to demonstration projects conducted under this subsection, including the reaction of the entities involved and estimates of any savings effected through reduction of duplication of appeal hearings, and shall include in such report recommendations for such legislation as the Secretary deems appropriate to insure the maximum feasible coordination of such appeal hearings.
- (4) The Secretary shall also provide for the review of the feasibility of establishing a single coordinated process for the collection of over-payments established in a coordinated audit under subsection (a). The Secretary shall report to Congress not later than December 31, 1981, on such review and on such recommendations for changes in legislation as the Secretary deems appropriate.

Sec. 1130. [Repealed.]

Notification of Social Security Claimant With Respect to Deferred Vested Benefits

Sec. 1131. (a) Whenever-

- (1) the Secretary makes a finding of fact and a decision as to—
 - (A) the entitlement of any individual to monthly benefits under section 202, 223, or 228,
 - (B) the entitlement of any individual to a lump-sum death payment payable under section 202(i) on account of the death of any person to whom such individual is related by blood, marriage, or adoption, or
- (C) the entitlement under section 226 of any individual to hospital insurance benefits under part A of title XVIII, or (2) the Secretary is requested to do so—
 - (A) by any individual with respect to whom the Secretary holds information obtained under section 6057 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954, or

(B) in the case of the death of the individual referred to in subparagraph (A), by the individual who would be entitled to payment under section 204(d) of this Act,

he shall transmit to the individual referred to in paragraph (1) or the individual making the request under paragraph (2) any information, as reported by the employer, regarding any deferred vested benefit transmitted to the Secretary pursuant to such section 6057 with respect to the individual referred to in paragraph (1) or (2) (A) or the person on whose wages and self-employment income entitlement (or claim of entitlement) is based.

(b) (1) For purposes of section 201(g) (1), expenses incurred in the administration of subsection (a) shall be deemed to be expenses

incurred for the administration of title II.

(2) There are hereby authorized to be appropriated to the Federal Old-Age and Survivors Insurance Trust Fund for each fiscal year (commencing with the fiscal year ending June 30, 1974) such sums as the Secretary deems necessary on account of additional administrative expenses resulting from the enactment of the provisions of subsection (a).

Period Within Which Certain Claims Must Be Filed

Sec. 1132. (a) Notwithstanding any other provision of this Act (but subject to subsection(b)), any claim by a State for payment with respect to an expenditure made during any calendar quarter by the State—

(1) in carrying out a State plan approved under title I, IV, X, XIV, XVI, XIX, or XX of this Act, or

(2) under any other provision of this Act which provides (on an entitlement basis) for Federal financial participation in

expenditures made under State plans or programs,

shall be filed (in such form and manner as the Secretary shall by regulations prescribe) within the two-year period which begins on the first day of the calendar quarter immediately following such calendar quarter; and payment shall not be made under this Act on account of any such expenditure if claim therefor is not made within such two-year period; except that this subsection shall not be applied so as to deny payment with respect to any expenditure involving court-ordered retroactive payments or audit exceptions, or adjustments to prior year costs.

(b) The Secretary shall waive the requirement imposed under subsection (a) with respect to the filing of any claim if he determines (in accordance with regulations) that there was good cause for the failure by the State to file such claim within the period prescribed under subsection (a). Any such waiver shall be only for such additional period of time as may be necessary to provide the State with a reasonable

opportunity to file such claim. A failure to file a claim within such time period which is attributable to neglect or administrative inadequacies shall be deemed not to be for good cause.

Applicants or Recipients Under Public Assistance Programs
Not To Be Required To Make Election Respecting Certain
Veterans' Benefits

Sec. 1133. (a) Notwithstanding any other provision of law (but subject to subsection (b)), no individual who is an applicant for or recipient of aid or assistance under a State plan approved under title I, X, XIV, or XVI, or part A of title IV, or of benefits under the Supplemental Security Income program established by title XVI shall—

(1) be required, as a condition of eligibility for (or of continuing to receive) such aid, assistance, or benefits, to make an election under section 306 of the Veterans' and Survivors' Pension Improvement Act of 1978 with respect to pension paid by the Veterans' Administration, or

(2) by reason of failure or refusal to make such an election, be denied (or suffer a reduction in the amount of) such aid, assistance, or benefits.

(b) The provisions of subsection (a) shall be applicable only with respect to an individual, who is an applicant for or recipient of aid, assistance, or benefits described in subsection (a), during a period with respect to which there is in effect—

(1) in case such individual is an applicant for or recipient of aid or assistance under a State plan referred to in subsection (a), in the State having such plan, or

(2) in case such individual is an applicant for or recipient of benefits under the Supplemental Security Income program established by title XVI, in the State in which the individual applies for or receives such benefits,

a State plan for medical assistance, approved under title XIX, under which medical assistance is available to such individual only for periods for which such individual is a recipient of aid, assistance, or benefits described in subsection (a).²

Nonprofit Hospital Philanthropy

Sec. 1134. For purposes of determining, under titles XVIII and XIX of this Act, the reasonable costs of services provided by nonprofit hospitals, the following items shall not be deducted from the operating costs of such hospitals:

¹Sec. 1182 was added by sec. 306 of P.L. 96-272 and amended by sec. 2193(c)(5) of P.L. 97-35.

² Sec. 1138 was added by sec. 310 of P.L. 96-272. See excerpt from P.L. 96-272 (sec. 310).

⁸ Sec. 1134 was added by sec. 901(a) of P.L. 96-449 and amended by sec. 2193(c) (6) of P.L. 97-35.

- (1) A grant, gift, or endowment, or income therefrom, which is to or for such a hospital and which has not been designated by the donor for paying any specific operating costs.
- (2) A grant or similar payment which is to such a hospital which was made by a government entity, and which is not available under the terms of the grant or payment for use as operating funds.
- (3) Those types of donor designated grants and gifts (including grants and similar payments which are made by a governmental entity), and income therefrom, which the Secretary determines, in the best interests of needed health care, should be encouraged.
- (4) The proceeds from the sale or mortgage of any real estate or other capital asset of such a hospital, which real estate or asset the hospital acquired through gift or grant, if such proceeds are not available for use as operating funds under the terms of the gift or grant.

Paragraph (4) shall not apply to the recovery of the appropriate share of depreciation when gains or losses are realized from the disposal of depreciable assets.

Development of Model Prospective Rate Methodology 1

- Sec. 1135. (a) The Secretary shall develop a model system or systems for the payment of hospitals for inpatient hospital services on a prospective basis which may be applied for reimbursement of hospitals under title XVIII or under a State plan approved under title XIX.
- (b) The Secretary shall report to the Congress on the development of such system or systems not later than July 31, 1982.

PART B—PEER REVIEW OF THE UTILIZATION AND QUALITY OF HEALTH CARE SERVICES:

Purpose

Sec. 1151. The purpose of this part is to establish the contracting process which the Secretary must follow pursuant to the requirements of section 1862(g) of this Act, including the definition of the utilization and quality control peer review organizations with which the Secretary shall contract, the functions such peer review organizations are to perform, the confidentiality of medical records, and related administrative matters to facilitate the carrying out of the purposes of this part.

¹ Sec. 1135 was added by sec. 2173(c) of P.L. 97-35. ² Part B was amended in its entirety by sec. 148 of P.L. 97-248.

- (1) only when, and to the extent, medically necessary, as determined in the exercise of reasonable limits of professional discretion; and
- (2) in the case of services provided by a hospital or other health care facility on an inpatient basis, only when and for such period as such services cannot, consistent with professionally recognized health care standards, effectively be provided on an outpatient basis or more economically in an inpatient health care facility of a different type, as determined in the exercise of reasonable limits of professional discretion.

Definition of Utilization and Quality Control Peer Review Organization

Sec. 1152. The term "utilization and quality control peer review organization" means an entity which—

- (1) (A) is composed of a substantial number of the licensed doctors of medicine and osteopathy engaged in the practice of medicine or surgery in the area and who are representative of the practicing physicians in the area, designated by the Secretary under section 1153, with respect to which the entity shall perform services under this part, or (B) has available to it, by arrangement or otherwise, the services of a sufficient number of licensed doctors of medicine or osteopathy engaged in the practice of medicine or surgery in such area to assure that adequate peer review of the services provided by the various medical specialties and subspecialties can be assured; and
- (2) is able, in the judgment of the Secretary, to perform review functions required under section 1154 in a manner consistent with the efficient and effective administration of this part and to perform reviews of the pattern of quality of care in an area of medical practice where actual performance is measured against objective criteria which define acceptable and adequate practice.

Contracts With Utilization and Quality Control Peer Review Organizations

Sec. 1153. (a) (1) The Secretary shall establish throughout the United States geographic areas with respect to which contracts under this part will be made. In establishing such areas, the Secretary shall use the same areas as established under section 1152 of this Act as in effect immediately prior to the date of the enactment of the Peer Review Improvement Act of 1982, but subject to the provisions of paragraph (2).

(2) As soon as practicable after the date of the enactment of the Peer Review Improvement Act of 1982, the Secretary shall consolidate such geographic areas, taking into account the following criteria:

(A) Each State shall generally be designated as a geographic area for purposes of paragraph (1).

(B) The Secretary shall establish local or regional areas rather than State areas only where the volume of review activity or other relevant factors (as determined by the Secretary) warrant such an establishment, and the Secretary determines that review activity can be carried out with equal or greater efficiency by establishing such local or regional areas. In applying this subparagraph the Secretary shall take into account the number of hospital admissions within each State for which payment may be made under

title XVIII or a State plan approved under title XIX, with any State having fewer than 180,000 such admissions annually being established as a single statewide area, and no local or regional area being established which has fewer than 60,000 total hospital admissions (including public and private pay patients) under review annually, unless the Secretary determines that other relevant factors warrant otherwise.

(C) No local or regional area shall be designated which is not a self-contained medical service area, having a full spectrum of

services, including medical specialists' services.

- (b) (1) The Secretary shall enter into a contract with a utilization and quality control peer review organization for each area established under subsection (a) if a qualified organization is available in such area and such organization and the Secretary have negotiated a proposed contract which the Secretary determines will be carried out by such organization in a manner consistent with the efficient and effective administration of this part. If more than one such qualified organization meets the requirements of the preceding sentence, priority shall be given to any such organization which is described in section 1152 (1) (A).
- (2) (A) During the first twelve months in which the Secretary is entering into contracts under this section, the Secretary shall not enter into a contract under this part with any entity which is, or is affiliated with (through management, ownership, or common control), an entity which directly or indirectly makes payments to any practitioner or provider whose health care services are reviewed by such entity or would be reviewed by such entity if it entered into a contract with the Secretary under this part.
- (B) If, after the expiration of the twelve-month period referred to in subparagraph (A), the Secretary determines that there is no other entity available for an area with which the Secretary can enter into a contract under this part, the Secretary may then enter into a contract under this part with an entity described in subparagraph (A) for such area if such entity otherwise meets the requirements of this part.
- (3) The Secretary shall not enter into a contract under this part with any entity which is, or is affiliated with (through management, ownership, or common contral), a health care facility, or association of such facilities, within the area served by such entity or which would be served by such entity if it entered into a contract with the Secretary under this part.

(c) Each contract with an organization under this section shall provide that—

(1) the organization shall perform the functions set forth in section 1154(a), or may subcontract for the performance of all or some of such functions (and for purposes of paragraphs (2) and

(3) of subsection (b), a subcontract under this paragraph shall not constitute an affiliation with the subcontractor);

(2) the Secretary shall have the right to evaluate the quality and effectiveness of the organization in carrying out the functions specified in the contract;

(3) the contract shall be for an initial term of two years and

shall be renewable on a biennial basis thereafter;

- (4) if the Secretary intends not to renew a contract, he shall notify the organization of his decision at least 90 days prior to the expiration of the contract term, and shall provide the organization an opportunity to present data, interpretations of data, and other information pertinent to its performance under the contract, which shall be reviewed in a timely manner by the Secretary;
- (5) the organization may terminate the contract upon 90 days notice to the Secretary;
- (6) the Secretary may terminate the contract prior to the expiration of the contract term upon 90 days notice to the organization if the Secretary determines that—

(A) the organization does not substantially meet the requirements of section 1152; or

(B) the organization has failed substantially to carry out the contract or is carrying out the contract in a manner inconsistent with the efficient and effective administration of this part, but only after such organization has had an opportunity to submit data and have such data reviewed by the panel established under subsection (d);

(7) the Secretary shall include in the contract negotiated objectives against which the organization's performance will be judged, and negotiated specifications for use of regional norms, or modifications thereof based on national norms, for performing review

functions under the contract; and

(8) reimbursement shall be made to the organization in accord-

ance with the terms of the contract.

- (d) (1) Prior to making any termination under subsection (c) (5) (B), the Secretary must provide the organization with an opportunity to provide data, interpretations of data, and other information pertinent to its performance under the contract. Such data and other information shall be reviewed in a timely manner by a panel appointed by the Secretary, and the panel shall submit a report of its findings to the Secretary in a timely manner. The Secretary shall make a copy of the report available to the organization.
- (2) The Secretary may accept or not accept the findings of the panel. After the panel has submitted a report with respect to an organization, the Secretary may, with the concurrence of the organization, amend the contract to modify the scope of the functions to be

carried out by the organization, or in any other manner. The Secretary may terminate a contract under the authority of subsection (c) (5) (C) upon 90 days notice after the panel has submitted a report, or earlier if the organization so agrees.

- (3) A panel appointed by the Secretary under this subsection shall consist of not more than five individuals, each of whom shall be a member of a utilization and quality control peer review organization having a contract with the Secretary under this part. While serving on such panel individuals shall be paid at a per diem rate not to exceed the current per diem equivalent at the time that service on the panel is rendered for grade GS-18 under section 5332 of title 5, United States Code. Appointments shall be made without regard to title 5, United States Code.
- (e) Contracting authority of the Secretary under this section may be carried out without regard to any provision of law relating to the making, performance, amendment, or modification of contracts of the United States as the Secretary may determine to be inconsistent with the purposes of this part. The Secretary may use different contracting methods with respect to different geographical areas.
- (f) Any determination by the Secretary to terminate or not to renew a contract under this section shall not be subject to judicial review.

Functions of Peer Review Organizations

Sec. 1154. (a) Any utilization and quality control peer review organization entering into a contract with the Secretary under this part must perform the following functions:

- (1) The organization shall review some or all of the professional activities in the area, subject to the terms of the contract, of physicians and other health care practitioners and institutional and noninstitutional providers of health care services in the provision of health care services and items for which payment may be made (in whole or in part) under title XVIII for the purpose of determining whether—
 - (A) such services and items are or were reasonable and medically necessary or otherwise allowable under section 1862(a)(1);
 - (B) the quality of such services meets professionally recognized standards of health care; and
 - (C) in case such services and items are proposed to be provided in a hospital or other health care facility on an inpatient basis, such services and items could, consistent with the provision of appropriate medical care, be effectively provided more economically on an outpatient basis or in an inpatient health care facility of a different type.

- (2) The organization shall determine, on the basis of the review carried out under subparagraphs (A) and (C) of paragraph (1), whether payment shall be made for services under title XVIII. Such determination shall constitute the conclusive determination on those issues for purposes of payment under title XVIII, except that payment may be made if—
 - (A) such payment is allowed by reason of section 1879;
 - (B) in the case of inpatient hospital services or posthospital extended care services, the peer review organization determines that additional time is required in order to arrange for postdischarge care, but payment may be continued under this subparagraph for not more than two days, but only in the case where the provider of such services did not know and could not reasonably have been expected to know (as determined under section 1879) that payment would not otherwise be made for such services under title XVIII prior to notification by the organization under paragraph (3);
 - (C) such determination is changed as the result of any hearing or review of the determination under section 1155;
 - (D) such payment is authorized under section 1861(v)(1)(G).
- (3) Whenever the organization makes a determination that any health care services or items furnished or to be furnished to a patient by any practitioner or provider are disapproved, the organization shall promptly notify such practitioner or provider, such patient, and the agency or organization responsible for the payment of claims under title XVIII of this Act. In the case of practitioners and providers of services, the organization shall provide an opportunity for discussion and review of the determination.
- (4) The organization shall, after consultation with the Secretary, determine the types and kinds of cases (whether by type of health care or diagnosis involved, or whether in terms of other relevant criteria relating to the provision of health care services) with respect to which such organization will, in order to most effectively carry out the purposes of this part, exercise review authority under the contract. The organization shall notify the Secretary periodically with respect to such determinations.
- (5) The organization shall consult with nurses and other professional health care practitioners (other than physicians described in section 1861(r)(1)) and with representatives of institutional and noninstitutional providers of health care services, with respect to the organization's responsibility for the review under paragraph (1) of the professional activities of such practitioners and providers.

- (6) The organization shall, consistent with the provisions of its contract under this part, apply professionally developed norms of care, diagnosis, and treatment based upon typical patterns of practice within the geographic area served by the organization as principal points of evaluation and review, taking into consideration national norms where appropriate. Such norms with respect to treatment for particular illnesses or health conditions shall include—
 - (A) the types and extent of the health care services which, taking into account differing, but acceptable, modes of treatment and methods of organizing and delivering care, are considered within the range of appropriate diagnosis and treatment of such illness or health condition, consistent with professionally recognized and accepted patterns of care; and
 - (B) the type of health care facility which is considered, consistent with such standards, to be the type in which health care services which are medically appropriate for such illness or condition can most economically be provided.
- (7) The organization, to the extent necessary and appropriate to the performance of the contract, shall—
 - (A) make arrangements to utilize the services of persons who are practitioners of, or specialists in, the various areas of medicine (including dentistry), or other types of health care, which persons shall, to the maximum extent practicable, be individuals engaged in the practice of their profession within the area served by such organization;
 - (B) undertake such professional inquiries either before or after, or both before and after, the provision of services with respect to which such organization has a responsibility for review which in the judgment of such organization will facilitate its activities:
 - (C) examine the pertinent records of any practitioner or provider of health care service providing services with respect to which such organization has a responsibility for review under paragraph (1); and
 - (D) inspect the facilities in which care is rendered or services are provided (which are located in such area) of any practitioner or provider of health care services providing services with respect to which such organization has a responsibility for review under paragraph (1).
- (8) The organization shall perform such duties and functions and assume such responsibilities and comply with such other requirements as may be required by this part or under regulations of the Secretary promulgated to carry out the provisions of this part.

Duties and Functions of Professional Standards Review Organizations

Sec. 1155. (a) (1) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, but consistent with the provisions of this part, it shall be the duty and function of each Professional Standards Review Organization for any area to assume, to the extent and at the time specified by the Secretary under section 1154(f), responsibility for the review of the professional activities in such area of physicians and other health care practitioners and institutional and noninstitutional providers of health care services (except as provided in paragraph (7)) in the provision of health care services and items for which payment may be made (in whole or in part) under title XVIII of this Act for the purpose of determining whether—

- (A) such services and items are or were medically necessary;
- (B) the quality of such services meets professionally recognized standards of health care; and
- (C) in case such services and items are proposed to be provided in a hospital or other health care facility on an inpatient basis, such services and items could, consistent with the provision of appropriate medical care, be effectively provided on an outpatient basis or more economically in an inpatient health care facility of a different type.

Each agreement with an Organization under this part shall require the Organization, if requested by a State with a plan approved under title XIX, to enter into a contract with the State, for the performance of review functions in the case of health care services and items provided under such State plan under terms and conditions similar to those contained in the agreement between the Organization and the Secretary under this part.

- (2) Each Professional Standards Review Organization shall have the authority to determine, in advance, in the case of—
 - (A) any elective admission to a hospital, or other health care facility (including admissions occurring on weekends), and
 - (B) any routine diagnostic services furnished in connection with such an admission,

whether such service, if provided, or if provided by a particular health care practitioner or by a particular hospital or other health care facility, organization, or agency, would meet the criteria specified in subparagraphs (A) and (C) of paragraph (1). Each such Organization may be directed by the Secretary to exercise such authority where the Secretary finds (consistent with section 1154(f)) that such determinations can be made on a timely basis by the Organization and

¹ Par. (1) was amended by sec. 5(d)(3)(B)(i) and sec. 51(o)(2) of P.L. 95-142, by sec. 924(b)(1) of P.L. 96-499, and by sec. 2113 of P.L. 97-35.

- (9) The organization shall collect such information relevant to its functions, and keep and maintain such records, in such form as the Secretary may require to carry out the purposes of this part, and shall permit access to and use of any such information and records as the Secretary may require for such purposes, subject to the provisions of section 1160.
- (10) The organization shall coordinate activities, including information exchanges, which are consistent with economical and efficient operation of programs among appropriate public and private agencies or organizations including—
 - (A) agencies under contract pursuant to sections 1816 and 1842 of this Act;
 - (B) other peer review organizations having contracts under this part; and
 - (C) other public or private review organizations as may be appropriate.
- (11) The organization shall make available its facilities and resources for contracting with private and public entities paying for health care in its area for review, as feasible and appropriate of services reimbursed by such entities.
- (b) (1) No physician shall be permitted to review—
 - (A) health care services provided to a patient if he was directly responsible for providing such services; or
 - (B) health care services provided in or by an institution, organization, or agency, if he or any member of his family has, directly or indirectly, a significant financial interest in such institution, organization, or agency.
- (2) For purposes of this subsection, a physician's family includes only his spouse (other than a spouse who is legally separated from him under a decree of divorce or separate maintenance), children (including legally adopted children), grandchildren, parents, and grandparents.
- (c) No utilization and quality control peer review organization shall utilize the services of any individual who is not a duly licensed doctor of medicine, osteopathy, or dentistry to make final determinations of denial decisions in accordance with its duties and functions under this part with respect to the professional conduct of any other duly licensed doctor of medicine, osteopathy, or dentistry, or any act performed by any duly licensed doctor of medicine, osteopathy, or dentistry in the exercise of his profession.

Right to Hearing and Judicial Review

Sec. 1155. Any beneficiary who is entitled to benefits under title XVIII, and any practitioner or provider, who is dissatisfied with a determination made by a contracting peer review organization in con-

ducting its review responsibilities under this part, shall be entitled to a reconsideration of such determination by the reviewing organization. Where the reconsideration is adverse to the beneficiary and where the matter in controversy is \$200 or more, such beneficiary shall be entitled to a hearing by the Secretary (to the same extent as is provided in section 205(b)), and, where the amount in controversy is \$2,000 or more, to judicial review of the Secretary's final decision.

Obligations of Health Care Practitioners and Providers of Health Care Services; Sanctions and Penalties; Hearings and Review

Sec. 1156. (a) It shall be the obligation of any health care practitioner and any other person (including a hospital or other health care facility, organization, or agency) who provides health care services for which payment may be made (in whole or in part) under title XVIII, to assure, to the extent of his authority that services or items ordered or provided by such practitioner or person to beneficiaries and recipients under such title—

(1) will be provided economically and only when, and to the extent, medically necessary;

(2) will be a quality which meets professionally recognized standards of health care; and

(3) will be supported by evidence of medical necessity and quality in such form and fashion and at such time as may reasonably be required by a reviewing peer review organization in the exercise of its duties and responsibilities.

(b) (1) If after reasonable notice and opportunity for discussion with the practitioner or person concerned, any organization having a contract with the Secretary under this part determines that such practitioner or person has—

ply with any obligation imposed on him under subsection (a), or (B) grossly and flagrantly violated any such obligation in one or more instances.

(A) failed in a substantial number of cases substantially to com-

such organization shall submit a report and recommendations to the Secretary. If the Secretary agrees with such determination, and determines that such practitioner or person, in providing health care services over which such organization has review responsibility and for which payment (in whole or in part) may be made under title XVIII, has demonstrated an unwillingness or a lack of ability substantially to comply with such obligations, the Secretary (in addition to any other sanction provided under law) may exclude (permanently or for such period as the Secretary may prescribe) such practitioner or person from eligibility to provide such services on a reimbursable basis. If the Secretary fails to act upon the recommendations submitted to him by such organization within 120 days after such submission,

such practitioner or person shall be excluded from eligibility to provide services on a reimbursable basis until such time as the Secretary determines otherwise.

- (2) A determination made by the Secretary under this subsection to exclude a practitioner or person shall be effective at such time and upon such reasonable notice to the public and to the practitioner or person furnishing the services involved as may be specified in regulations. Such determination shall be effective with respect to services furnished to an individual on or after the effective date of such determination (except that in the case of institutional health care services such determination shall be effective in the manner provided in title XVIII with respect to terminations of provider agreements), and shall remain in effect until the Secretary finds and gives reasonable notice to the public that the basis for such determination has been removed and that there is reasonable assurance that it will not recur.
- (3) In lieu of the sanction authorized by paragraph (1), the Secretary may require that (as a condition to the continued eligibility of such practitioner or person to provide such health care services on a reimbursable basis) such practitioner or person pays to the United States, in case such acts or conduct involved the provision or ordering by such practitioner or person pays to the United States, in case such acts or conduct involved the provision or ordering by such practitioner or person of health care services which were medically improper or unnecessary, an amount not in excess of the actual or estimated cost of the medically improper or unnecessary services so provided. Such amount may be deducted from any sums owing by the United States (or any instrumentality thereof) to the practitioner or person from which such amount is claimed.
- (4) Any practitioner or person furnishing services described in paragraph (1) who is dissatisfied with a determination made by the Secretary under this subsection shall be entitled to reasonable notice and opportunity for a hearing thereon by the Secretary to the same extent as is provided in section 205(b), and to judicial review of the Secretary's final decision after such hearing as is provided in section 205(g).
- (c) It shall be the duty of each utilization and quality control peer review organization to use such authority or influence it may possess as a professional organization, and to enlist the support of any other professional or governmental organization having influence or authority over health care practitioners and any other person (including a hospital or other health care facility, organization, or agency) providing health care services in the area served by such review organization, in assuring that each practitioner or person (referred to in subsection (a)) providing health care services in such area shall comply with all obligations imposed on him under subsection (a).

Limitation on Liability

Sec. 1157. (a) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, no person providing information to any organization having a contract with the Secretary under this part shall be held, by reason of having provided such information, to have violated any criminal law, or to be civilly liable under any law of the United States or of any State (or political subdivision thereof) unless—

(1) such information is unrelated to the performance of the

contract of such organization; or

(2) such information is false and the person providing it knew, or had reason to believe, that such information was false.

- (b) No person who is employed by, or who has a fiduciary relationship with, any such organization or who furnishes professional services to such organization, shall be held by reason of the performance by him of any duty, function, or activity required or authorized pursuant to this part or to a valid contract entered into under this part, to have violated any criminal law, or to be civilly liable under any law of the United States or of any State (or political subdivision thereof) provided he has exercised due care.
- (c) No doctor of medicine or osteopathy and no provider (including directors, trustees, employees, or officials thereof) of health care services shall be civilly liable to any person under any law of the United States or of any State (or political subdivision thereof) on account of any action taken by him in compliance with or reliance upon professionally developed norms of care and treatment applied by an organization under contract pursuant to section 1153 operating in the area where such doctor of medicine or osteopathy or provider took such action; but only if—
 - (1) he takes such action in the exercise of his profession as a doctor of medicine or osteopathy or in the exercise of his functions as a provider of health care services; and
 - (2) he exercised due care in all professional conduct taken or directed by him and reasonably related to, and resulting from, the actions taken in compliance with or reliance upon such professionally accepted norms of care and treatment.
- (d) The Secretary shall make payment to an organization under contract with him pursuant to this part, or to any member or employee thereof, or to any person who furnishes legal counsel or services to such organization, in an amount equal to the reasonable amount of the expenses incurred, as determined by the Secretary, in connection with the defense of any suit, action, or proceeding brought against such organization, member, or employee related to the performance of any duty or function under such contract by such organization, member, or employee.

Application of This Part to Certain State Programs Receiving Federal Financial Assistance

Sec. 1158. (a) A State plan approved under title XIX of this Act may provide that the functions specified in section 1154 may be performed in an area by contract with a utilization and quality control peer review organization that has entered into a contract with the Secretary in accordance with the provisions of section 1862(g).

(b) In the event a State enters into a contract in accordance with subsection (a), the Federal share of the expenditures made to the contracting organization for its costs in the performance of its functions under the State plan shall be 75 percent (as provided in section 1903(a)(3)(C)).

Authorization for Use of Certain Funds to Administer the Provisions of This Part

Sec. 1159. Expenses incurred in the administration of the contracts described in section 1862(g) shall be payable from—

(1) funds in the Federal Hospital Insurance Trust Fund; and

(2) funds in the Federal Supplementary Medical Insurance Trust Fund,

in such amounts from each of such Trust Funds as the Secretary shall deem to be fair and equitable after taking into consideration the expenses attributable to the administration of this part with respect to each of such programs. The Secretary shall make such transfers of moneys between such Trust Funds as may be appropriate to settle accounts between them in cases where expenses properly payable from one such Trust Fund have been paid from the other such Trust Fund.

Prohibition Against Disclosure of Information

Sec. 1160. (a) An organization, in carrying out its functions under a contract entered into under this part, shall not be a Federal agency for purposes of the provisions of section 552 of title 5, United States Code (commonly referred to as the Freedom of Information Act). Any data or information acquired by any such organization in the exercise of its duties and functions shall be held in confidence and shall not be disclosed to any person except—

(1) to the extent that may be necessary to carry out the purposes of this part,

- (2) in such cases and under such circumstances as the Secretary shall by regulations provide to assure adequate protection of the rights and interests of patients, health care practitioners, or providers of health care, or
 - (3) in accordance with subsection (b).
- (b) An organization having a contract with the Secretary under

this part shall provide in accordance with procedures and safeguards established by the Secretary, data and information—

(1) which may identify specific providers or practitioners as

may be necessary—

(A) to assist Federal and State agencies recognized by the Secretary as having responsibility for identifying and investigating cases or patterns of fraud or abuse, which data and information shall be provided by the peer review organization to any such agency at the request of such agency relating to a specific case or pattern;

(B) to assist appropriate Federal and State agencies recognized by the Secretary as having responsibility for identifying cases or patterns involving risks to the public health, which data and information shall be provided by the peer review

organization to any such agency-

(i) at the discretion of the peer review organization, at the request of such agency relating to a specific case or pattern with respect to which such agency has made a finding, or has a reasonable belief, that there may be a substantial risk to the public health, or

(ii) upon a finding by, or the reasonable belief of, the peer review organization that there may be a substan-

tial risk to the public health; and

(C) to assist appropriate State agencies recognized by the Secretary as having responsibility for licensing or certification of providers or practitioners, which data and information shall be provided by the peer review organization to any such agency at the request of such agency relating to a specific case, but only to the extent that such data and information is required by the agency in carrying out a function which is within the jurisdiction of such agency under State law; and

(2) to assist the Secretary, and such Federal and State agencies recognized by the Secretary as having health planning or related responsibilities under Federal or State law (including health systems agencies and State health planning and development agencies), in carrying out appropriate health care planning and related activities, which data and information shall be provided in such format and manner as may be prescribed by the Secretary or agreed upon by the responsible Federal and State agencies and such organization, and shall be in the form of aggregate statistical data (without explicitly identifying any individual) on a geographic, institutional, or other basis reflecting the volume and frequency of services furnished, as well as the demographic characteristics of the population subject to review by such organization.

The penalty provided in subsection (c) shall not apply to the disclosure of any information received under this subsection, except that such penalty shall apply to the disclosure (by the agency receiving such information) of any such information described in paragraph (1) unless such disclosure is made in a judicial, administrative, or other formal legal proceeding resulting from an investigation conducted by the agency receiving the information. An organization may require payment of a reasonable fee for providing information under this subsection in response to a request for such information.

(c) It shall be unlawful for any person to disclose any such information described in subsection (a) other than for the purposes provided in subsections (a) and (b), and any person violating the provisions of this section shall, upon conviction, be fined not more than \$1,000, and imprisoned for not more than 6 months, or both, and shall be required to pay the costs of prosecution.

(d) No patient record in the possession of an organization having a contract with the Secretary under this part shall be subject to subpena or discovery proceedings in a civil action.

Annual Reports

Sec. 1161. The Secretary shall submit to the Congres not later than April 1 of each year, a full and complete report on the administration, impact, and cost of the program under this part during the preceding fiscal year including data and information on—

(1) the number, status, and service areas of all utilization and quality control peer review organizations participating in the

program;

(2) the number of health care institutions and practitioners whose services are subject to review by such organizations, and the number of beneficiaries and recipients who received services subject to such review during such year;

(3) the various methods of reimbursement utilized in contracts under this part, and the relative efficiency of each such method

of reimbursement;

(4) the imposition of penalties and sanctions under this title for violations of law and for failure to comply with the obliga-

tions imposed by this part;

(5) the total costs incurred under titles XVIII and XIX of this Act in the implementation and operation of all procedures required by such titles for the review of services to determine their medical necessity, appropriateness of use, and quality; and

(6) descriptions of the criteria upon which decisions are made,

and the selection and relative weights of such criteria.

Exemptions of Christian Science Sanatoriums

Sec. 1162. The provisions of this part shall not apply with respect to a Christian Science sanatorium operated, or listed and certified, by the First Church of Christ, Scientist, Boston, Massachusetts.

Medical Officers in American Samoa, the Northern Mariana Islands, and the Trust Territory of the Pacific Islands to be Included in the Utilization and Quality Control Peer Review Program

Sec. 1163. For purposes of applying this part to American Samoa, the Northern Mariana Islands, and the Trust Territory of the Pacific Islands, individuals licensed to practice medicine in those places shall be considered to be physicians and doctors of medicine.

(Page 347 follows)

(c) Any review or appeals provided under this section shall be in lieu of any review, hearing, or appeal under this Act with respect to the same issue.

Obligations of Health Care Practitioners and Providers of Health Care Services; Sanctions and Penalties; Hearings and Review

Sec. 1160. (a) (1) It shall be the obligation of any health care practitioner and any other person (including a hospital or other health care facility, organization, or agency) who provides health care services for which payment may be made (in whole or in part) under title XVIII (or under a State plan approved under title XIX, where the services furnished by the person are subject to review under a contract between the State and an Organization under section 1155(a)), to assure that services or items ordered or provided by

such practitioner or person to beneficiaries and recipients under such title (or such State plan)—

(A) will be provided only when, and to the extent, medically necessary; and

(B) will be of a quality which meets professionally recognized standards of health care; and

(C) will be supported by evidence of such medical necessity and quality in such form and fashion and at such time as may reasonably be required by the Professional Standards Review Organization in the exercise of its duties and responsibilities;

and it shall be the obligation of any health care practitioner in ordering, authorizing, directing, or arranging for the provision by any other person (including a hospital or other health care facility, organization, or agency), of health care services for any patient of such practitioner, to exercise his professional responsibility with a view to assuring (to the extent of his influence or control over such patient, such person, or the provision of such services) that such services or items will be provided—

- (D) only when, and to the extent, medically necessary; and
- (E) will be of a quality which meets professionally recognized standards of health care.
- (2) Each health care practitioner, and each hospital or other provider of health care services, shall have an obligation, within reasonable limits of professional discretion, not to take any action, in the exercise of his profession (in the case of any health care practitioner), or in the conduct of its business (in the case of any hospital or other such provider), which would authorize any individual to be admitted as an inpatient in or to continue as an inpatient in any hospital or other health care facility unless—
 - (A) inpatient care is determined by such practitioner and by such hospital or other provider, consistent with professionally recognized health care standards, to be medically necessary for the proper care of such individual; and

(B) (i) the inpatient care required by such individual cannot, consistent with such standards, be provided more economically in a health care facility of a different type; or

(ii) (in the case of a patient who requires care which can, consistent with such standards, be provided more economically in a health care facility of a different type) there is, in the area in which such individual is located, no such facility or no such facility which is available to provide care to such individual at the time when care is needed by him.¹

(b) (1) If after reasonable notice and opportunity for discussion with the health care practitioner or hospital, or other health care

¹ Subsec. 1160(a) was amended by sec. 2113 of P.L. 97-35.

facility, agency, or organization concerned, any Professional Standards Review Organization submits a report and recommendations to the Secretary pursuant to section 1157 (which report and recommendations shall be submitted through the Statewide Professional Standards Review Council, if such Council has been established, which shall promptly transmit such report and recommendations together with any additional comments and recommendations thereon as it deems appropriate) and if the Secretary determines that such health care practitioner or hospital, or other health care facility, agency, or organization, in providing health care services over which such organization has review responsibility and for which payment (in whole or in part) may be made under title XVIII—

(A) by failing, in a substantial number of cases, substantially to comply with any obligation imposed on him under subsection (a), or

(B) by grossly and flagrantly violating any such obligation in one or more instances,

demonstrated an unwillingness or a lack of ability substantially to comply with such obligations, he (in addition to any other sanction provided under law) may exclude (permanently or for such period as the Secretary may prescribe) such health care practitioner or hospital, or other health care facility, agency, or organization from eligibility to provide such services on a reimbursable basis.¹

- (2) A determination made by the Secretary under this subsection shall be effective at such time and upon such reasonable notice to the public and to the person furnishing the services involved as may be specified in regulations. Such determination shall be effective with respect to services furnished to an individual on or after the effective date of such determination (except that in the case of institutional health care services such determination shall be effective in the manner provided in title XVIII with respect to terminations of provider agreements), and shall remain in effect until the Secretary finds and gives reasonable notice to the public that the basis for such determination has been removed and that there is reasonable assurance that it will not recur.
- (3) In lieu of the sanction authorized by paragraph (1), the Secretary may require that (as a condition to the continued eligibility of such practitioner or provider to provide such health care services on a reimbursable basis) such practitioner or provider pay to the United States, in case such acts or conduct involved the provision or ordering by such practitioner or provider of health care services which were medically improper or unnecessary, an amount not in excess of the

¹ Paragraph (1) was amended by secs. 5(e) and 5(o)(3) of P.L. 95-142 and sec. 2113 of P.L. 97-35.

actual or estimated cost of the medically improper or unnecessary services so provided, or (if less) \$5,000. Such amount may be deducted from any sums owing by the United States (or any instrumentality thereof) to the person from whom such amount is claimed.

- (4) Any person furnishing services described in paragraph (1) who is dissatisfied with a determination made by the Secretary under this subsection shall be entitled to reasonable notice and opportunity for a hearing thereon by the Secretary to the same extent as is provided in section 205(b), and to judicial review of the Secretary's final decision after such hearing as is provided in section 205(g).
- (c) It shall be the duty of each Professional Standards Review Organization and each Statewide Professional Standards Review Council to use such authority or influence it may possess as a professional organization, and to enlist the support of any other professional or governmental organization having influence or authority over health care practitioners and any other person (including a hospital or other health care facility, organization, or agency) providing health care services in the area served by such review organization, in assuring that each practitioner or provider (referred to in subsection (a)) providing health care services in such area shall comply with all obligations imposed on him under subsection (a).

Notice to Practitioner or Provider

Sec. 1161. Whenever any Professional Standards Review Organization takes any action or makes any determination—

- (a) which denies any request, by a health care practitioner or other provider of health care services, for approval of a health care service or item proposed to be ordered or provided by such practitioner or provider; or
- (b) that any such practitioner or provider has violated any obligation imposed on such practitioner or provider under section 1160,

such organization shall, immediately after taking such action or making such determination, give notice to such practitioner or provider of such determination and the basis therefor, and shall provide him with appropriate opportunity for discussion and review of the matter.

Statewide Professional Standards Review Councils; Advisory Groups to Such Councils

Sec. 1162. (a) In any State in which there are located three or more Professional Standards Review Organizations, the Secretary shall establish a Statewide Professional Standards Review Council.

(b) The membership of any such Council for any State shall be appointed by the Secretary and shall consist of—

- (1) one representative from and designated by each Professional Standards Review Organization in the State;
- (2) four physicians, two of whom may be designated by the State medical society and two of whom may be designated by the State hospital association of such State to serve as members on such Council; and
- (3) four persons knowledgeable in health care from such State whom the Secretary shall have selected as representatives of the public in such State (at least two of whom shall have been recommended for membership on the Council by the Governor of such State).
- (c) It shall be the duty and function of the Statewide Professional Standards Review Council for any State, in accordance with regulations of the Secretary, (1) to coordinate the activities of, and disseminate information and data among the various Professional Standards Review Organizations within such State including assisting the Secretary in development of uniform data gathering procedures and operating procedures applicable to the several areas in a State (including, where appropriate, common data processing operations serving several or all areas) to assure efficient operation and objective evaluation of comparative performance of the several areas and, (2) to assist the Secretary in evaluating the performance of each Professional Standards Review Organization, and (3) where the Secretary finds it necessary to replace a Professional Standards Review Organization, to assist him in developing and arranging for a qualified replacement Professional Standards Review Organization.
- (d) The Secretary is authorized to enter into an agreement with any such Council under which the Secretary shall make payments to such Council equal to the amount of expenses reasonably and necessarily incurred, as determined by the Secretary, by such Council in carrying out the duties and functions provided in this section.
- (e) (1) The Statewide Professional Standards Review Council for any State shall be advised and assisted in carrying out its functions by an advisory group (of not less than seven nor more than eleven members) which shall be made up of representatives (including at least one registered professional nurse and at least one doctor of dental surgery or of dental medicine) of health care practitioners (other than physicians) and hospitals and other health care facilities which provide within the State health care services for which payment (in whole or in part) may be made under title XVIII.
- (2) The Secretary shall by regulations provide the manner in which members of such advisory group shall be selected by the Statewide Professional Standards Review Council.

¹ Subsec. (e) was amended by sec. 2113 of P.L. 97-35.

(3) The expenses reasonably and necessarily incurred, as determined by the Secretary, by such group in carrying out its duties and functions under this subsection shall be considered to be expenses necessarily incurred by the Statewide Professional Standards Review Council served by such group.¹

National Professional Standards Review Council

Sec. 1163. (a) (1) There shall be established a National Professional Standards Review Council (hereinafter in this section referred to as the "Council") which shall consist of eleven physicians, one doctor of dental surgery or of dental medicine, one registered professional nurse, and one other health practitioner (other than a physician as defined in section 1861(r)(1)), not otherwise in the employ of the United States, appointed by the Secretary without regard to the provision of title 5, United States Code, governing appointments in the competitive service.

(2) Members of the Council shall be appointed for a term of three years, except that the Secretary may provide, in the case of any terms scheduled to expire after January 1, 1978, for such shorter terms as will ensure that (on a continuing basis) the terms of no more than five members expire in any year. Members of the Council shall be eligible for reappointment.²

(3) The Secretary shall from time to time designate one of the physician members of the Council to serve as Chairman thereof.²

- (b) Physician members of the Council shall consist of physicians of recognized standing and distinction in the appraisal of medical practice. A majority of such members shall be physicians who have been recommended by the Secretary to serve on the Council by national organizations recognized by the Secretary as representing practicing physicians. The membership of the Council shall include physicians who have been recommended for membership on the Council by consumer groups and other health care interests.
- (c) The Council is authorized to utilize, and the Secretary shall make available, or arrange for, such technical and professional consultative assistance as may be required to carry out its functions, and the Secretary shall, in addition, make available to the Council such secretarial, clerical and other assistance and such pertinent data prepared by, for, or otherwise available to, the Department of Health, Education, and Welfare as the Council may require to carry out its functions.

¹ Subsec. (e) was amended, effective June 4, 1981, by secs. 923 and 927(b) of P.L. 96–499.

Subsec. (a) was amended, effective June 4, 1981, by sec. 928(a)—(c) of P.L. 96—499.
 Subsec. (b) was amended, effective June 4, 1981, by sec. 928(d) of P.L. 96—499.

(d) Members of the Council, while serving on business of the Council, shall be entitled to receive compensation at a rate fixed by the Secretary (but not in excess of the daily rate paid under GS-18 of the General Schedule under section 5332 of title 5, United States

Code), including travel time; and while so serving away from their homes or regular places of business, they may be allowed travel expenses, including per diem in lieu of subsistence, as authorized by section 5708 of title 5, United States Code, for persons in Government service employed intermittently.

(e) It shall be the duty of the Council to—

- (1) advise the Secretary in the administration of this part;
- (2) provide for the development and distribution, among Statewide Professional Standards Review Councils and Professional Standards Review Organizations of information and data which will assist such review councils and organizations in carrying out their duties and functions;
- (3) review the operations of Statewide Professional Standards Review Councils and Professional Standards Review Organizations with a view to determining the effectiveness and comparative performance of such review councils and organizations in carrying out the purposes of this part; and
- (4) make or arrange for the making of studies and investigations with a view to developing and recommending to the Secretary and to the Congress measures designed more effectively to accomplish the purposes and objectives of this part.

(f) [Repealed] 1

Sec. 1164. [Repealed.] 2

¹ Subsection (f) was repealed by sec. 5(g) of P.L. 95-142.

² Section 1164 was repealed by sec. 2113 of P.L. 97-35.

Correlation of Functions Between Professional Standards Review Organizations and Administrative Instrumentalities

Sec. 1165. The Secretary shall by regulations provide for such correlation of activities, such interchange of data and information, and such other cooperation consistent with economical, efficient, coordinated, and comprehensive implementation of this part (including, but not limited to, usage of existing mechanical and other data-gathering capacity) between and among—

- (a) (1) agencies and organizations which are parties to agreements entered into pursuant to section 1816, (2) carriers which are parties to contracts entered into pursuant to section 1842, and (3) any other public or private agency (other than a Professional Standards Review Organization) having review or control functions, or proved relevant data-gathering procedures and experience, and
- (b) Professional Standards Review Organizations, as may be necessary or appropriate for the effective administration of title XVIII, or State plans approved under this Act.

Prohibition Against Disclosure of Information 1

- Sec. 1166. (a) Any data or information acquired by any Professional Standards Review Organization, in the exercise of its duties and functions, shall be held in confidence and shall not be disclosed to any person except (1) to the extent that may be necessary to carry out the purposes of this part, (2) in such cases and under such circumstances as the Secretary shall by regulations provide to assure adequate protection of the rights and interests of patients, health care practitioners, or providers of health care, or (3) in accordance with subsection (b).
- (b) A Professional Standards Review Organization shall provide, in accordance with procedures established by the Secretary, data and information—
 - (1) to assist Federal and State agencies recognized by the Secretary as having responsibility for identifying and investigating cases or patterns of fraud or abuse, which data and information shall be provided by such organization to such agencies at the request of such agencies at the discretion of such Organization on the basis of its findings with respect to evidence of fraud or abuse; and
 - (2) to assist the Secretary, and such Federal and State agencies recognized by the Secretary as having health planning or

¹ Section 1166 was amended by sec. 5(h) of P.L. 95-142....

related responsibilities under Federal or State law (including health systems agencies and State health planning and development agencies), in carrying out appropriate health care planning and related activities, which data and information shall be provided in such format and manner as may be prescribed by the Secretary or agreed upon by the responsible Federal and State agencies and such Organization, and shall be in the form of aggregate statistical data (without identifying any individual) on a geographic, institutional, or other basis reflecting the volume and frequency of services furnished, as well as the demographic characteristics of the population subject to review by such Organization.

The penalty provided in subsection (c) shall not apply to the disclosure of any data and information received under this subsection, except that such penalty shall apply to the disclosure (by the agency receiving such data and information) of any such data and information described in paragraph (1) unless such disclosure is made in a judicial, administrative, or other formal legal proceeding resulting from an investigation conducted by the agency receiving the data and information.

- (c) It shall be unlawful for any person to disclose any such information other than for such purposes, and any person violating the provisions of this section shall, upon conviction, be fined not more than \$1,000, and imprisoned for not more than six months, or both, together with the costs of prosecution.
- (d) No patient record in the possession of a Professional Standards Review Organization, a Statewide Professional Standards Review Council, or the National Professional Standards Review Council shall be subject to subpena or discovery proceedings in a civil action.

Limitation on Liability for Persons Providing Information, and for Members and Employees of Professional Standards Review Organizations and Statewide Professional Standards Review Councils, and for Health Care Practitioners and Providers ¹

Sec. 1167. (a) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, no person providing information to any Professional Standards Review Organization or to any Statewide Professional Standards Review Council shall be held, by reason of having provided such information, to have violated any criminal law, or to be civilly liable under any law, of the United States or of any State (or political subdivision thereof) unless—

¹ Section 1167 was amended by sec. 5(n) of P.L. 95-142.

- (1) such information is unrelated to the performance of the duties and functions of such Organization or such Council, or
- (2) such information is false and the person providing such information knew, or had reason to believe, that such information was false.
- (b) (1) No individual who, as a member or employee of any Professional Standards Review Organization or of any Statewide Professional Standards Review Council or who furnishes professional counsel or services to such organization or council shall be held by reason of the performance by him of any duty, function, or activity authorized or required of Professional Standards Review Organizations or of Statewide Professional Standards Review Councils under this part, to have violated any criminal law, or to be civilly liable under any law, of the United States or of any State (or political subdivision thereof) provided he has exercised due care.
- (2) The provisions of paragraph (1) shall not apply with respect to any action taken by any individual if such individual, in taking such action, was motivated by malice toward any person affected by such action.
- (c) No doctor of medicine or osteopathy and no provider (including directors, trustees, employees, or officials thereof) of health care services shall be civilly liable to any person under any law of the United States or of any State (or political subdivision thereof) on account of any action taken by him in compliance with or reliance upon professionally developed norms of care and treatment applied by a Professional Standards Review Organization (which has been designated in accordance with section 1152(b)(1)(A)) operating in the area where such doctor of medicine or osteopathy or provider took such action but only if—
 - (1) he takes such action (in the case of a health care practitioner) in the exercise of his profession as a doctor of medicine or osteopathy (or in the case of a provider of health care services) in the exercise of his functions as a provider of health care services, and
 - (2) he exercised due care in all professional conduct taken or directed by him and reasonably related to, and resulting from, the actions taken in compliance with or reliance upon such professionally accepted norms of care and treatment.
- (d) The Secretary shall make payment to a Professional Standards Review Organization, whether conditionally designated or qualified, or to any member or employee thereof, or to any person who furnishes legal counsel or services to such organization, in an amount equal to the reasonable amount of the expenses incurred, as determined by

the Secretary, in connection with the defense of any suit, action, or proceeding brought against such organization, member, or employee related to the performance of any duty or function of such organization, member, or employee (as described in section 1155).¹

Authorization for Use of Certain Funds to Administer the Provisions of This Part ²

Sec. 1168. Expenses incurred in the administration of this part shall be payable from—

(1) funds in the Federal Hospital Insurance Trust Fund; and

(2) funds in the Federal Supplementary Medical Insurance rust Fund:

in such amounts from each of the sources of funds (referred to in paragraphs (1) and (2)) as the Secretary shall deem to be fair and equitable after taking into consideration the costs attributable to the administration of this part with respect to each of such plans and programs. The Secretary shall make such transfers of moneys between funds such as may be appropriate to settle accounts between them. The Secretary shall make payments to Professional Standards Review Organizations (whether designated on a conditional basis or otherwise) from funds described in the first sentence of this section for expenses incurred in the performance of duties by such Organizations.

Technical Assistance to Organizations Desiring To Be Designated as Professional Standards Review Organizations

Sec. 1169. The Secretary is authorized to provide all necessary technical and other assistance (including the preparation of prototype plans of organization and operation) to organizations described in section 1152(b)(1) which—

- (a) express a desire to be designated as a Professional Standards Review Organization; and
- (b) the Secretary determines have a potential for meeting the requirements of a Professional Standards Review Organization; to assist such organizations in developing a proper plan to be submitted to the Secretary and otherwise in preparing to meet the requirements of this part for designation as a Professional Standards Review Organization.

¹ Subsection (d) was added by sec. 5(i) of P.L. 95-142.

² Sec. 1168 was amended by sec. 112 of P.L. 94-182, by sec. 5(j) of P.L. 95-142, and sec. 2113 of P.L. 97-35.

Exemptions of Christian Science Sanatoriums

Sec. 1170. The provisions of this part shall not apply with respect to a Christian Science sanatorium operated, or listed and certified, by the First Church of Christ, Scientist, Boston, Massachusetts.

Sec. 1171. [Repealed.] ¹

¹ Sec. 1171 was repealed by sec. 2113 of P.L. 97-35.

Annual Reports 1

Sec. 1172. The Secretary shall submit to the Congress not later than April 1, 1978, and not later than April 1 of each year thereafter, a full and complete report on the administration, impact, and cost of the program under this part during the preceding fiscal year, including data and information on—

- (1) the number, status (conditional or otherwise), and service areas of, and review methodologies employed by, all Professional Standards Review Organizations participating in the program;
- (2) the number of health care institutions and practitioners whose services are subject to review by Professional Standards Review Organizations, and the number of beneficiaries and recipients who received services subject to such review during such year;
- (3) The imposition of penalties and sanctions under this title for violations of law and for failure to comply with the obligations imposed by this part;
- (4) the total costs incurred under titles XI and XVIII of this act in the implementation and operation of all procedures required by such titles for the review of services to determine their medical necessity, appropriateness of use, and quality;
- (5) changes in utilization rates and patterns, and changes in medical procedures and practices, attributable to the activities of Professional Standards Review Organizations;
- (6) the results of program evaluation activities, including the operation of data collection systems and the status of Professional Standards Review Organization data policy and implementation;
- (7) the extent to which Professional Standards Review Organizations are performing reviews of services for other governmental or private health insurance programs; and
 - (8) recommendations for legislative changes.

Medical Officers in American Samoa, the Northern Mariana Islands, and the Trust Territory of the Pacific Islands To Be Included in the Professional Standards Review Program²

Sec. 1173. For purposes of applying this part (except section 1155(c)) to American Samoa, the Northern Mariana Islands, and the Trust Territory of the Pacific Islands, individuals licensed to practice medicine in those places shall be considered to be physicians and doctors of medicine.

¹ Sec. 1172 was added by sec. 5(k) of P.L. 95-142 and amended by sec. 2118 of P.L. 97-35.

Sec. 1178 was added by sec.5(1) (1) of P.L. 95–142.
 Sec. 1178 was amended, effective June 4, 1981, by sec. 928(e) of P.L. 96–499.

TITLE XII—ADVANCES: TO STATE UNEMPLOYMENT FUNDS

| Sec. | 1201. | Advance to State Unemployment Funds | Page ² 847 |
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Advance to State Unemployment Funds:

Section 1201. (a) (1) Advances shall be made to the States from the Federal unemployment account in the Unemployment Trust Fund as provided in this section, and shall be repayable, with interest to the extent provided in section 1202(b), in the manner provided in sections 901(d)(1), 903(b)(2), and 1202. An advance to a State for the payment of compensation in any 8-month period may be made if—

- (A) the Governor of the State applies therefor no earlier than the first day of the month preceding the first month of such 8-month period, and
- (B) he furnishes to the Secretary of Labor his estimate of the amount of an advance which will be required by the State for the payment of compensation in each month of such 3-month period.
- (2) In the case of any application for an advance under this section to any State for any 8-month period, the Secretary of Labor shall—
 - (A) determine the amount (if any) which he finds will be required by such State for the payment of compensation in each month of such 3-month period, and
 - (B) certify to the Secretary of the Treasury the amount (not greater than the amount estimated by the Governor of the State) determined under subparagraph (A).

The aggregate of the amounts certified by the Secretary of Labor with respect to any 3-month period shall not exceed the amount which the Secretary of the Treasury reports to the Secretary of Labor is available in the Federal unemployment account for advances with respect to each month of such 3-month period.

(8) For purposes of this subsection—

(A) an application for an advance shall be made on such forms, and shall contain such information and data (fiscal and other-

This table does not appear in the law.

Sec. 1301 was amended by sec. 218 of P.L. 94-566 and sec. 2407 of P.L. 97-35.

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- wise) concerning the operation and administration of the State unemployment compensation law, as the Secretary of Labor deems necessary or relevant to the performance of his duties under this title,
- (B) the amount required by any State for the payment of compensation in any month shall be determined with due allowance for contingencies and taking into account all other amounts that will be available in the State's unemployment fund for the payment of compensation in such month, and

(C) the term "compensation" means cash benefits payable to individuals with respect to their unemployment, exclusive of ex-

penses of administration.

(b) The Secretary of the Treasury shall, prior to audit or settlement by the General Accounting Office, transfer in monthly installments from the Federal unemployment account to the account of the State in the Unemployment Trust Fund the amount certified under subsection (a) by the Secretary of Labor (but not exceeding that portion of the balance in the Federal unemployment account at the time of the transfer which is not restricted as to use pursuant to section 903(b)(1)). The amount of any monthly installment so transferred shall not exceed the amount estimated by the State to be required for the payment of compensation for the month with respect to which such installment is made.

Repayment by States of Advances to State Unemployment Funds

Sec. 1202. (a) The Governor of any State may at any time request that funds be transferred from the account of such State to the Federal unemployment account in repayment of part or all of that balance of advances, made to such State under section 1201, specified in the request. The Secretary of Labor shall certify to the Secretary of the Treasury the amount and balance specified in the request; and the Secretary of the Treasury shall promptly transfer such amount in reduction of such balance.

- (b) (1) Except as otherwise provided in this subsection, each State shall pay interest on any advance made to such State under section 1201. Interest so payable with respect to periods during any calandar year shall be at the rate determined under paragraph (4) for such calendar year.
- (2) No interest shall be required to be paid under paragraph (1) with respect to any advance made during any calendar year if—
 - (A) such advance is repaid in full before the close of September 30 of the calendar year in which the advance was made, and
 - (B) no other advance was made to such State under section 1201 during such calendar year and after the date on which the repayment of the advance was completed.

- (3) (A) Interest payable under paragraph (1) which was attributable to periods during any fiscal year shall be paid by the State to the Secretary of the Treasury not later than the first day of the following fiscal year. If interest is payable under paragraph (1) on any advance (hereinafter in this subparagraph referred to as the "first advance") by reason of another advance made to such State after September 30 of the calendar year in which the first advance was made, interest on such first advance attributable to periods before such September 30 shall be paid not later than the day after the date on which the other advance was made.
- (B) Notwithstanding subparagraph (A), in the case of any advance made during the last 5 months of any fiscal year, interest on such advance attributable to periods during such fiscal year shall not be required to be paid before the last day of the succeeding taxable year. Any interest the time for payment of which is deferred by the preceding sentence shall bear interest in the same manner as if it were an advance made on the day on which it would have been required to be paid but for this subparagraph.

(C) (i) In the case of any State which meets the requirements of clause (ii) for any calendar year, any interest otherwise required to be paid under this subsection during such calendar year shall be paid

as follows-

(I) 25 percent of the amount otherwise required to be paid on or before any day during such calendar year shall be paid on or before such day; and

(II) 25 percent of the amount otherwise required to be paid on or before such day shall be paid on or before the corresponding

day in each of the 3 succeeding calendar years.

Any interest the time for payment of which is deferred under this subparagraph shall bear interest in the same manner as if it were an advance made on the day on which it would have been required to be paid but for this subparagraph.

(ii) A State meets the requirements of this clause for any calendar year if the rate of insured unemployment (as determined for purposes of section 208 of the Federal-State Extended Unemployment Compensation Act of 1970) under the State law of the period consisting of the first 6 months of the preceding calendar year equaled or exceeded 7.5 percent.

(4) The interest rate determined under this paragraph with respect to any calendar year is a percentage (but not in excess of 10

percent) determined by dividing-

(A) the aggregate amount credited under section 904(e) to State accounts on the last day of the last calendar quarter of the immediately preceding calendar year, by

² Subpar. (C) was added by sec. 274 of P.L. 97-248, effective for interest required to be paid after December 81, 1983.

- (B) the aggregate of the average daily balances of the State accounts for such quarter as determined under section 904(e).
- (5) Interest required to be paid under paragraph (1) shall not be paid (directly or indirectly) by a State from amounts in its unemployment fund. If the Secretary of Labor determines that any State action results in the paying of such interest directly or indirectly (by an equivalent reduction in State unemployment taxes or otherwise) from such unemployment fund, the Secretary of Labor shall not certify such State's unemployment compensation law under section 8304 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954. Such noncertification shall be made in accordance with section 8304 (c) of such Code.
- (6) (A) For purposes of paragraph (2), any voluntary repayment shall be applied against advances made under section 1201 on the last made first repaid basis. Any other repayment of such an advance shall be applied against advances on a first made first repaid basis.
- (B) For purposes of this paragraph, the term "voluntary repayment" means any repayment made under subsection (a).
- (7) This subsection shall only apply to advances made on or after April 1, 1982, and before January 1, 1988.

Advances to Federal Unemployment Account

Sec. 1203. There are hereby authorized to be appropriated to the Federal unemployment account, as repayable advances (without interest), such sums as may be necessary to carry out the purposes of this title. Whenever, after the application of sections 901(f)(8) and 902(a) with respect to the excess in the employment security administration account as of the close of any fiscal year, there remains any portion of such excess, so much of such remainder as does not exceed the balance of advances made pursuant to this section shall be transferred to the general fund of the Treasury and shall be credited against, and shall operate to reduce, such balance of advances.

Definition of Governor

Sec. 1204. When used in this title, the term "Governor" includes the Commissioners of the District of Columbia.

TITLE XIII—RECONVERSION UNEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS FOR SEAMEN

[This title was added by the 1946 Amendment; however, the program provided by this title has expired.]

¹ Subsec. (b) was added by sec. 2407 of P.L. 97-85.

TITLE XIV—GRANTS TO STATES FOR AID TO THE PERMANENTLY AND TOTALLY DISABLED:

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Appropriation?

Section 1401. For the purpose of enabling each State to furnish financial assistance, as far as practicable under the conditions in such State, to needy individuals eighteen years of age and older who are permanently and totally disabled, there is hereby authorized to be appropriated for each fiscal year a sum sufficient to carry out the purposes of this title. The sums made available under this section shall be used for making payments to States which have submitted, and had approved by the Secretary of Health, Education, and Welfare, State plans for aid to the permanently and totally disabled.

State Plans for Aid to the Permanently and Totally Disabled

Sec. 1402. (a) A State plan for aid to the permanently and totally disabled must (1) except to the extent permitted by the Secretary with respect to services, provide that it shall be in effect in all political subdivisions of the State, and, if administered by them, be mandatory upon them; (2) provide for financial participation by the State; (3) either provide for the establishment or designation of a single State agency to administer the plan, or provide for the establishment or designation of a single State agency to supervise the administration of the plan; (4) provide (A) for granting an opportunity for a fair hearing before the State agency to any individual whose claim for aid to the permanently and totally disabled is denied or is not acted upon with reasonable promptness, and (B) that if the State plan is admin-

¹ P.L. 92-603, sec. 303, repealed title XIV effective January 1, 1974, but such repeal does not apply to Puerto Rico, Guam, and the Virgin Islands.

This table of contents does not appear in the law.

Bec. 1401 was amended by sec. 2184 of P.L. 97–35.

istered in each of the political subdivisions of the State by a local agency and such local agency provides a hearing at which evidence may be presented prior to a hearing before the State agency, such local agency may put into effect immediately upon issuance its decision upon the matter considered at such hearing; (5) provide (A) such methods of administration (including methods relating to the establishment and maintenance of personnel standards on a merit basis except that the Secretary shall exercise no authority with respect to the selection, tenure of office, and compensation of any individual employed in accordance with such methods) as are found by the Secretary to be necessary for the proper and efficient operation of the plan. and (B) for the training and effective use of paid subprofessional staff. with particular emphasis on the full-time or part-time employment of recipients and other persons of low income, as community service aides, in the administration of the plan and for the use of nonpaid or partially paid volunteers in a social service volunteer program in providing services to applicants and recipients and in assisting any advisory committees established by the State agency: (6) provide that the State agency will make such reports, in such form and containing such information, as the Secretary may from time to time require, and comply with such provisions as the Secretary may from time to time find necessary to assure the correctness and verification of such reports; (7) provide that no aid will be furnished any individual under the plan with respect to any period with respect to which he is receiving old-age assistance under the State plan approved under section 2 of this Act, aid to families with dependent children under the State plan approved under section 402 of this Act, or aid to the blind under the State plan approved under section 1002 of this Act; (8) provide that the State agency shall, in determining need, take into consideration any other income and resources of an individual claiming aid to the permanently and totally disabled, as well as any expenses reasonably attributable to the earning of any such income; except that, in making such determination, (A) the State agency may disregard not more than \$7.50 of any income, (B) of the first \$80 per month of additional income which is earned the State agency may disregard not more than the first \$20 thereof plus one-half of the remainder, and (C) the State agency may, for a period not in excess of 36 months, disregard such additional amounts of other income and resources, in the case of an individual who has a plan for achieving self-support approved by the State agency, as may be necessary for the fulfillment of such plan, but only with respect to the part or parts of such period during substantially all of which he is actually undergoing vocational rehabilitation; (9) provide safeguards which permit the use or disclosure of information concerning applicants or recipients only (A) to public officials who require such information

in connection with their official duties, or (B) to other persons for purposes directly connected with the administration of the State plan; (10) provide that all individuals wishing to make application for aid to the permanently and totally disabled shall have opportunity to do so, and that aid to the permanently and totally disabled shall be furnished with reasonable promptness to all eligible individuals; (11) effective July 1, 1958, provide, if the plan includes payments to individuals in private or public institutions, for the establishment or designation of a State authority or authorities which shall be responsible for establishing and maintaining standards for such institutions; and (12) provide a description of the services (if any) which the State agency makes available (using whatever internal organizational arrangement it finds appropriate for this purpose) to applicants for and recipients of aid to the permanently and totally disabled to help them attain self-support or self-care, including a description of the steps taken to assure, in the provision of such services, maximum utilization of other agencies providing similar or related services.

(b) The Secretary shall approve any plan which fulfills the conditions specified in subsection (a), except that he shall not approve any plan which imposes, as a condition of eligibility for aid to the permanently and totally disabled under the plan—

(1) Any residence requirement which excludes any resident of the State who has resided therein five years during the nine years immediately preceding the application for aid to the permanently and totally disabled and has resided therein continuously for one year immediately preceding the application;

(2) Any citizenship requirement which excludes any citizen of the United States.

At the option of the State, the plan may provide that manuals and other policy issuances will be furnished to persons without charge for the reasonable cost of such materials, but such provision shall not be required by the Secretary as a condition for the approval of such plan under this title.

Payments to States

Sec. 1403. (a) From the sums appropriated therefor, the Secretary of the Treasury shall pay to each State which has an approved plan for aid to the permanently and totally disabled, for each quarter, beginning with the quarter commencing October 1, 1958—

(1) [Repealed.]

(2) in the case of Puerto Rico, and Virgin Islands, and Guam, an amount equal to one-half of the total of the sums expended during such quarter as aid to the permanently and totally disabled under the State plan, not counting so much of any expenditure with respect to any month as exceeds \$37.50 multiplied by the total number of recipients of aid to the permanently and totally disabled for such months; and

(3) in the case of any State, an amount equal to the sum of the following proportions of the total amounts expended during such quarter as found necessary by the Secretary of Health and Human Services for the proper and efficient administration of the State

plan-

(A) 75 per centum of so much of such expenditures as are for the training (including both short- and long-term training at educational institutions through grants to such institutions or by direct financial assistance to students enrolled in such institutions) of personnel employed or preparing for employment by the State agency or by the local agency administering the plan in the political subdivision; plus

(B) one-half of the remainder of such expenditures.1

- (b) The method of computing and paying such amounts shall be as follows:
 - (1) The Secretary of Health, Education, and Welfare shall, prior to the beginning of each quarter, estimate the amount to be paid to the State for such quarter under the provisions of subsection (a), such estimate to be based on (A) a report filed by the State containing its estimate of the total sum to be expended in such quarter in accordance with the provisions of such subsection, and stating the amount appropriated or made available by the State and its political subdivisions for such expenditures in such quarter, and if such amount is less than the State's proportionate share of the total sum of such estimated expenditures, the source or sources from which the difference is expected to be derived, (B) records showing the number of permanently and totally disabled individuals in the State, and (C) such other investigation as the Secretary may find necessary.
 - (2) The Secretary of Health, Education, and Welfare shall then certify to the Secretary of the Treasury the amount so estimated by the Secretary of Health, Education, and Welfare, (A) reduced or increased, as the case may be, by any sum by which the Secretary of Health, Education, and Welfare finds that his estimate for any prior quarter was greater or less than the amount which should have been paid to the State under subsection (a) for such quarter, and (B) reduced by a sum equivalent to the pro rata share to which the United States is equitably entitled.

¹ Sec. 1408(a) was amended by secs. 2184 and 2858(1) of P.L. 97-85.

as determined by the Secretary of Health, Education, and Welfare, of the net amount recovered during a prior quarter by the State or any political subdivision thereof with respect to aid to the permanently and totally disabled furnished under the State plan; except that such increases or reductions shall not be made to the extent that such sums have been applied to make the amount certified for any prior quarter greater or less than the amount estimated by the Secretary of Health, Education, and Welfare for such prior quarter: *Provided*, That any part of the amount recovered from the estate of a deceased recipient which is not in excess of the amount expended by the State or any political subdivision thereof for the funeral expenses of the deceased shall not be considered as a basis for reduction under clause (B) of this paragraph.

(8) The Secretary of the Treasury shall thereupon, through the Fiscal Service of the Treasury Department, and prior to audit or settlement by the General Accounting Office, paid to the State, at the time or times fixed by the Secretary of Health, Education,

and Welfare, the amount so certified.

Operation of State Plans

Sec. 1404. In the case of any State plan for aid to the permanently and totally disabled which has been approved by the Secretary of Health, Education, and Welfare, if the Secretary after reasonable notice and opportunity for hearing to the State agency administering or supervising the administration of such plan, finds—

- (1) that the plan has been so changed as to impose any residence or citizenship requirement prohibited by section 1402(b), or that in the administration of the plan any such prohibited requirement is imposed, with the knowledge of such State agency, in a substantial number of cases; or
- (2) that in the administration of the plan there is a failure to comply substantially with any provision required by section 1409 (a) to be included in the plan;

the Secretary shall notify such State agency for further payments will not be made to the State (or, in his discretion, that payments will be limited to categories under or parts of the State plan not affected by such failure) until he is satisfied that such prohibited requirement is no longer so imposed and that there is no longer any such failure to comply. Until he is so satisfied he shall make no further payments to such State (or shall limit payments to categories under or parts of the State plan not affected by such failure).

Definition 1

Sec. 1405. For the purposes of this title, the term "aid to the permanently and totally disabled" means money payments to needy individuals eighteen years of age or older who are permanently and totally disabled, but does not include any such payments to or care in behalf of any individual who is an inmate of a public institution (except as a patient in a medical institution) or any individual who is a patient in an institution for tuberculosis or mental diseases. Such term also includes payments which are not included within the meaning of such term under the preceding sentence, but which would be so included except that they are made on behalf of such a needy individual to another individual who (as determined in accordance with standards prescribed by the Secretary) is interested in or concerned with the welfare of such needy individual, but only with respect to a State whose State plan approved under section 1402 includes provision for—

(Page 359 follows)

¹ Sec. 1405 was amended by sec. 2184 of P.L. 97-35.

- (1) determination by the State agency that such needy individual has, by reason of his physical or mental condition, such inability to manage funds that making payments to him would be contrary to his welfare and, therefore, it is necessary to provide such aid through payments described in this sentence;
- (2) making such payments only in cases in which such payments will, under the rules otherwise applicable under the State plan for determining need and the amount of aid to the permanently and totally disabled to be paid (and in conjunction with other income and resources), meet all the need of the individuals with respect to whom such payments are made;

(3) undertaking and continuing special efforts to protect the welfare of such individual and to improve, to the extent possible,

his capacity for self-care and to manage funds;

- (4) periodic review by such State agency of the determination under paragraph (1) to ascertain whether conditions justifying such determination still exist, with provision for termination of such payments if they do not and for seeking judicial appointment of a guardian or other legal representative, as described in section 1111, if and when it appears that such action will best serve the interests of such needy individual; and
- (5) opportunity for a fair hearing before the State agency on the determination referred to in paragraph (1) for any individual with respect to whom it is made.

At the option of a State (if its plan approved under this title so provides), such term (i) need not include money payments to an individual who has been absent from such State for a period in excess of ninety consecutive days (regardless of whether he has maintained his residence in such State during such period) until he has been present in such State for thirty consecutive days in the case of such an individual who has maintained his residence in such State during such period or ninety consecutive days in the case of any other such individual, and (ii) may include rent payments made directly to a public housing agency on behalf of a recipient or a group or groups of recipients of aid under such plan.

TITLE XV—UNEMPLOYMENT COMPENSATION FOR FED-ERAL EMPLOYEES AND THE EX-SERVICEMEN'S UN-EMPLOYMENT COMPENSATION PROGRAM

[P.L. 89-554, 80 Stat. 378, approved September 6, 1966, repealed title XV of the Social Security Act (68 Stat. 1130; 72 Stat. 1087), and codified the provisions thereof as chapter 85 of title 5 of the United States Code.]

TITLE XVI—GRANTS TO STATES FOR AID TO THE AGED, BLIND, OR DISABLED, OR FOR SUCH AID FOR THE AGED ¹

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Appropriation ³

Section 1601. For the purpose of enabling each State, as far as practicable under the conditions in such State, to furnish financial assistance to needy individuals who are 65 years of age or over, are blind, or are 18 years of age or over and permanently and totally disabled, there is hereby authorized to be appropriated for each fiscal year a sum sufficient to carry out the purposes of this title. The sums made available under this section shall be used for making payments to States which have submitted, and had approved by the Secretary of Health, Education, and Welfare, State plans for aid to the aged, blind, or disabled.

State Plans for Aid to the Aged, Blind or Disabled *

Sec. 1602. (a) A State plan for aid to the aged, blind, or disabled, must—

¹P.L. 92-608, section 801, amended title XVI in its entirety under the title "Supplemental Security Income for the Aged, Blind, and Disabled," effective January 1, 1974, but pursuant to P.L. 92-608, sec. 808(b), such amendment does not apply to Puerto Rice, Guam, and the Virgin Islands. The amended title starts on page 377, this volume. This heading was amended by sec. 2184 of P.L. 97-85.

This table of contents does not appear in the law.

Sec. 1601 and 1602 were amended by sec. 2184 of P.L. 97-85. See also sec. 2858(m) of P.L. 97-85.

- (1) except to the extent permitted by the Secretary with respect to services, provide that it shall be in effect in all political subdivisions of the State, and if administered by them, be mandatory upon them;
 - (2) provide for financial participation by the State;
- (3) either provide for the establishment or designation of a single State agency to administer the plan, or provide for the establishment or designation of a single State agency to supervise the administration of the plan;
- (4) (A) provide for granting an opportunity for a fair hearing before the State agency to any individual whose claim for aid or assistance under the plan is denied or is not acted upon with reasonable promptness, and (B) that if the State plan is administered in each of the political subdivisions of the State by a local agency and such local agency provides a hearing at which evidence may be presented prior to a hearing before the State agency, such local agency may put into effect immediately upon issuance its decision upon the matter considered at such hearing;
- (5) provide (A) such methods of administration (including methods relating to the establishment and maintenance of personnel standards on a merit basis, except that the Secretary shall exercise no authority with respect to the selection, tenure of office, and compensation of any individual employed in accordance with such methods) as are found by the Secretary to be necessary for the proper and efficient operation of the plan, and (B) for the training and effective use of paid subprofessional staff, with particular emphasis on the full-time or part-time employment of recipients and other persons of low income, as community service aides, in the administration of the plan and for the use of nonpaid or partially paid volunteers in a social service volunteer program in providing services to applicants and recipients and in assisting any advisory committees established by the State agency;
- (6) provide that the State agency will make such reports, in such form and containing such information, as the Secretary may from time to time require, and comply with such provisions as the Secretary may from time to time find necessary to assure the correctness and verification of such reports;
- (7) provide safeguards which permit the use or disclosure of information concerning applicants or recipients only (A) to public officials who require such information in connection with their official duties, or (B) to other persons for purposes directly connected with the administration of the State plan;
- (8) provide that all individuals wishing to make application for aid or assistance under the plan shall have opportunity to

do so, and that such aid or assistance shall be furnished with reasonable promptness to all eligible individuals;

- (9) provide, if the plan includes aid or assistance to or on behalf of individuals in private or public institutions, for the establishment or designation of a State authority or authorities which shall be responsible for establishing and maintaining standards for:
- (10) provide a description of the services (if any) which the State agency makes available (using whatever internal organizational arrangement it finds appropriate for this purpose) to applicants for or recipients of aid or assistance under the plan to help them attain self-support or self-care, including a description of the steps taken to assure, in the provision of such services, maximum utilization of other agencies providing similar or related services;
- (11) provide that no aid or assistance will be furnished any individual under the plan with respect to any period with respect to which he is receiving assistance under the State plan approved under title I or aid under the State plan approved under part A of title IV or under title X or XIV;
- (12) provide that, in determining whether an individual is blind, there shall be an examination by a physician skilled in the diseases of the eye or by an optometrist, whichever the individual may select;
- (13) include reasonable standards, consistent with the objectives of this title, for determining eligibility for and the extent of aid or assistance under the plan; and
- (14) provide that the State agency shall, in determining need for aid to the aged, blind, or disabled, take into consideration any other income and resources of an individual claiming such aid as well as any expenses reasonably attributable to the earning of any such income; except that, in making such determination with respect to any individual—
 - (A) if such individual is blind, the State agency (i) shall disregard the first \$85 per month of earned income plus one-half of earned income in excess of \$85 per month, and (ii) shall, for a period not in excess of 12 months, and may, for a period not in excess of 36 months, disregard such additional amounts of other income and resources, in the case of any such individual who has a plan for achieving self-support approved by the State agency, as may be necessary for the fulfillment of such plan,
 - (B) if such individual is not blind but is permanently and totally disabled, (i) of the first \$80 per month of earned

income, the State agency may disregard not more than the first \$20 thereof plus one-half of the remainder, and (ii) the State agency may, for a period not in excess of 36 months, disregard such additional amounts of other income and resources, in the case of any such individual who has a plan for achieving self-support approved by the State agency, as may be necessary for the fulfillment of such plan, but only with respect to the part or parts of such period during substantially all of which he is actually undergoing vocational rehabilitation,

- (C) if such individual has attained age 65 and is neither blind nor permanently and totally disabled, of the first \$80 per month of earned income the State agency may disregard not more than the first \$20 thereof plus one-half of the remainder, and
- (D) the State agency may, before disregarding the amounts referred to above in this paragraph (14), disregard not more than \$7.50 of any income.

Notwithstanding paragraph (3), if on January 1, 1962, and on the date on which a State submits its plan for approval under this title, the State agency which administered or supervised the administration of the plan of such State approved under title X was different from the State agency which administered or supervised the administration of the plan of such State approved under title I and the State agency which administered or supervised the administration of the plan of such State approved under title XIV, the State agency which administered or supervised the administration of such plan approved under title X may be designated to administer or supervise the administration of the portion of the State plan for aid to the aged, blind, or disabled which relates to blind individuals and a separate State agency may be established or designated to administer or supervise the administration of the rest of such plan; and in such case the part of the plan which each such agency administers, or the administration of which each such agency supervises, shall be regarded as a separate plan for purposes of this title.

- (b) The Secretary shall approve any plan which fulfills the conditions specified in subsection (a), except that he shall not approve any plan which imposes, as a condition of eligibility for aid or assistance under the plan—
 - (1) an age requirement of more than sixty-five years; or
 - (2) any residence requirement which excludes any resident of the State who has resided therein five years during the nine years immediately preceding the application for such aid and has resided therein continuously for one year immediately preceding the application; or ¹

¹ The comma followed by a semicolon appears in the law.

(8) any citizenship requirement which excludes any citizen of the United States.

At the option of the State, the plan may provide that manuals and other policy issuances will be furnished to persons without charge for the reasonable cost of such materials, but such provision shall not be required by the Secretary as a condition for the approval of such plan under this title. In the case of any State to which the provisions of section 344 of the Social Security Act Amendments of 1950 were applicable on January 1, 1962, and to which the sentence of section 1002(b) following paragraph (2) thereof is applicable on the date on which its State plan for aid to the aged, blind or disabled was submitted for approval under this title, the Secretary shall approve the plan of such State for aid to the aged, blind, or disabled for purposes of this title, even though it does not meet the requirements of paragraph (14) of subsection (a) if it meets all other requirements of this title for an approved plan for aid to the aged, blind, or disabled; but payments under section 1603 shall be made, in the case of any such plan, only with respect to expenditures thereunder which would be included as expenditures for the purposes of section 1603 under a plan approved under this section without regard to the provisions of this sentence.

(c) Subject to the last sentence of subsection (a), nothing in this title shall be construed to permit a State to have in effect with respect to any period more than one State plan approved under this title.

Payments to States 1

Sec. 1603. (a) From the sums appropriated therefor, the Secretary shall pay to each State which has a plan approved under this title, for each quarter, beginning with the quarter commencing October 1, 1962—

- (1) [Repealed.]
- (2) in the case of Puerto Rico, the Virgin Islands, and Guam, an amount equal to—
 - (A) one-half of the total of the sums expended during such quarter as aid to the aged, blind, or disabled under the State plan, not counting so much of any expenditure with respect to any month as exceeds \$37.50 multiplied by the total number of recipients of aid to the aged, blind, or disabled for such month; plus
 - (B) one-half of the amount by which such expenditures exceed the maximum which may be counted under clause (A), not counting so much of any expenditure with respect to any month as exceeds the product of \$45 multiplied by the total number of such recipients of aid to the aged, blind, or disabled for such month; and

¹ Sec. 1608 was amended by sec. 2184 and sec. 2353(m)(2) of P.L. 97-85.

(3) [Repealed.]

(4) in the case of any State, an amount equal to the sum of the following proportions of the total amounts expended during such quarter as found necessary by the Secretary of Health and Human Services for the proper and efficient administration of the State plan—

(A) 75 per centum of so much of such expenditures as are for the training (including both short- and long-term training at educational institutions through grants to such institutions or by direct financial assistance to students enrolled in such institutions) of personnel employed or preparing for employment by the State agency or by the local agency administering the plan in the political subdivision; plus

(B) one-half of the remainder of such expenditures.

- (b) (1) Prior to the beginning of each quarter, the Secretary shall estimate the amount to which a State will be entitled under subsection (a) for such quarter, such estimates to be based on (A) a report filed by the State containing its estimate of the total sum to be expended in such quarter in accordance with the provisions of such subsection, and stating the amount appropriated or made available by the State and its political subdivisions for such expenditures in such quarter, and if such amount is less than the State's proportionate share of the total sum of such estimated expenditures, the source or sources from which the difference is expected to be derived, and (B) such other investigation as the Secretary may find necessary.
- (2) The Secretary shall then pay, in such installments as he may determine, to the State the amount so estimated, reduced or increased to the extent of any overpayment or underpayment which the Secretary determines was made under this section to such State for any prior quarter and with respect to which adjustment has not already been made under this subsection.
- (3) The pro rata share to which the United States is equitably entitled, as determined by the Secretary, of the net amount recovered during any quarter by the State or any political subdivision thereof with respect to aid or assistance furnished under the State plan, but excluding any amount of such aid or assistance recovered from the estate of a deceased recipient which is not in excess of the amount expended by the State or any political subdivision thereof for the funeral expenses of the deceased, shall be considered an overpayment to be adjusted under this subsection.
- (4) Upon the making of any estimate by the Secretary under this subsection, any appropriations available for payments under this section shall be deemed obligated.

Operation of State Plans

Sec. 1604. If the Secretary, after reasonable notice and opportunity for hearing to the State agency administering or supervising the administration of the State plan approved under this title, finds—

(1) that the plan has been so changed that it no longer complies with the provisions of section 1602; or

(2) that in the administration of the plan there is a failure to comply substantially with any such provision;

the Secretary shall notify such State agency that further payments will not be made to the State (or, in his discretion, that payments will be limited to categories under or parts of the State plan not affected by such failure), until the Secretary is satisfied that there will no longer be any such failure to comply. Until he is so satisfied he shall make no further payments to such State (or shall limit payments to categories under or parts of the State plan not affected by such failure).

Definitions 1

Sec. 1605. (a) For purposes of this title, the term "aid to the aged, blind, or disabled" means money payments to needy individuals who are 65 years of age or older, are blind, or are 18 years of age or over and permanently and totally disabled, but such term does not include—

(1) any such payments to or care in behalf of any individual who is an inmate of a public institution (except as a patient in a medical institution): or

(2) any such payments to or care in behalf of any individual who has not attained 65 years of age and who is a patient in an institution for tuberculosis or mental diseases.

Such term also includes payments which are not included within the meaning of such term under the preceding sentence, but which would be so included except that they are made on behalf of such a needy individual to another individual who (as determined in accordance with standards prescribed by the Secretary) is interested in or concerned with the welfare of such needy individual, but only with respect to a State whose State plan approved under section 1602 includes provision for—

(A) determination by the State agency that such needy individual has, by reason of his physical or mental condition, such inability to manage funds that making payments to him would be contrary to his welfare and, therefore, it is necessary to provide such aid through payments described in this sentence;

¹ Sec. 1605(a) was amended by sec. 2184 of P.L. 97-35. The same section repealed sec. 1605(b).

(B) making such payments only in cases in which such payments will, under the rules otherwise applicable under the State plan for determining need and the amount of aid to the aged, blind, or disabled to be paid (and in conjunction with other income and resources), meet all the need of the individuals with respect to whom such payments are made;

(C) undertaking and continuing special efforts to protect the welfare of such individual and to improve, to the extent possible,

his capacity for self-care and to manage funds;

(D) periodic review by such State agency of the determination under clause (A) to ascertain whether conditions justify such determination still exist, with provision for termination of such payments if they do not and for seeking judicial appointment of a guardian or other legal representative, as described in section 1111, if and when it appears that such action will best serve the interests of such needy individual; and

(E) opportunity for a fair hearing before the State agency on the determination referred to in clause (A) for any individual

with respect to whom it is made.

At the option of a State (if its plan approved under this title so provides), such term (i) need not include money payments to an individual who has been absent from such State for a period in excess of ninety consecutive days (regardless of whether he has maintained his residence in such State during such period) until he has been present in such State for thirty consecutive days in the case of such an individual who has maintained his residence in such State during such period or ninety consecutive days in the case of any other such individual, and (ii) may include rent payments made directly to a public housing agency on behalf of a recipient or a group or groups of recipients of aid under such plan.

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Section 1601. For the purpose of establishing a national program to provide supplemental security income to individuals who have attained age 65 or are blind or disabled, there are authorized to be appropriated sums sufficient to carry out this title.

¹ This table of contents does not appear in the law.

Basic Eligibility for Benefits

Section 1602. Every aged, blind, or disabled individual who is determined under part A to be eligible on the basis of his income and resources shall, in accordance with and subject to the provisions of this title, be paid benefits by the Secretary of Health, Education, and Welfare.

Part A—Determination of Benefits Eligibility for and Amount of Benefits Definition of Eligible Individual

Sec. 1611. (a) (1) Each aged, blind, or disabled individual who does not have an eligible spouse and—

- (A) whose income, other than income excluded pursuant to section 1612(b), is at a rate of not more than \$1,752 (or, if greater, the amount determined under section 1617)¹ for the calendar year 1974 or any calendar year thereafter, and
- (B) whose resources, other than resources excluded pursuant to section 1613(a), are not more than (i) in case such individual has a spouse with whom he is living, \$2,250, or (ii) in case such individual has no spouse with whom he is living, \$1,500, shall be an eligible individual for purposes of this title.
- (2) Each aged, blind, or disabled individual who has an eligible spouse and—
 - (A) whose income (together with the income of such spouse), other than income excluded pursuant to section 1612(b), is at a rate of not more than \$2,628 (or, if greater, the amount determined under section 1617)¹ for the calendar year 1974, or any calendar year thereafter, and
 - (B) whose resources (together with the resources of such spouse), other than resources excluded pursuant to section 1618 (a), are not more than \$2,250,

shall be an eligible individual for purposes of this title.

Amounts of Benefits

- (b) (1) The benefit under this title for an individual who does not have an eligible spouse shall be payable at the rate of \$1,752 (or, if greater, the amount determined under section 1617)¹ for the calendar year 1974 and any calendar year thereafter, reduced by the amount of income, not excluded pursuant to section 1612(b), of such individual.
- (2) The benefit under this title for an individual who has an eligible spouse shall be payable at the rate of \$2,628 (or, if greater, the amount determined under section 1617) for the calendar year 1974 and

¹ See Appendix M.

any calendar year thereafter, reduced by the amount of income, not excluded pursuant to section 1612(b), of such individual and spouse.

Period for Determination of Benefits

(c) (1) An individual's eligibility for a benefit under this title for a month shall be determined on the basis of the individual's (and eligible spouse's, if any) income, resources, and other relevant characteristics in such month, and, except as provided in paragraphs (2), (3), and (4), the amount of such benefit shall be determined for such month on the basis of income and other characteristics in the first or, if the Secretary so determines, second month preceding such month. Eligibility for and the amount of such benefits shall be redetermined at such time or times as may be provided by the Secretary.

(2) The amount of such benefit for the month in which an application for benefits becomes effective (or, if the Secretary so determines, for such month and the following month) and for any month immediately following a month of ineligibility for such benefits (or, if the Secretary so determines, for such month and the following month)

shall-

(A) be determined on the basis of the income of the individual and the eligible spouse, if any, of such individual and other relevant circumstances in such month; and

- (B) in the case of the month in which an application becomes effective or the first month following a period of ineligibility, if such application becomes effective, or eligibility is restored, after the first day of such month, bear the same ratio to the amount of the benefit which would have been payable to such individual if such application had become effective, or eligibility had been restored, on the first day of such month as the number of days in such month including and following the effective date of such application or restoration of eligibility bears to the total number of days in such month.
- (3) For purposes of this subsection, an increase in the benefit amount payable under title II (over the amount payable in the preceding month, or, at the election of the Secretary, the second preceding month) to an individual receiving benefits under this title shall be included in the income used to determine the benefit under this title of such individual for any month which is—
 - (A) the first month in which the benefit amount payable to such individual under this title is increased pursuant to section 1617, or
 - (B) at the election of the Secretary, the month immediately following such month.
- (4) (A) Notwithstanding paragraph (3), if the Secretary determines that reliable information is currently available with respect to

the income and other circumstances of an individual for a month (including information with respect to a class of which such individual is a member and information with respect to scheduled cost-of-living adjustments under other benefit programs), the benefit amount of such individual under this title for such month may be determined on the basis of such information.

- (B) The Secretary shall prescribe by regulation the circumstances in which information with respect to an event may be taken into account pursuant to subparagraph (A) in determining benefit amounts under this title.
- (5) For purposes of this subsection, an application of an individual for benefits under this title shall be effective on the later of—
 - (A) the date such application is filled, or
 - (B) the date such individual first becomes eligible for such benefits with respect to such application.
- (6) The Secretary may waive the limitations specified in subparagraphs (A) and (B) of subsection (e) (1) on an individual's eligibility and benefit amount for a month (to the extent either such limitation is applicable by reason of such individual's presence throughout such month in a hospital, extended care facility, nursing home, or intermediate care facility) if such waiver would promote the individual's removal from such institution or facility. Upon waiver of such limitations, the Secretary shall apply, to the month preceding the month of removal, or, if the Secretary so determines, the two months preceding the month of removal, the benefit rate that is appropriate to such individual's living arrangement subsequent to his removal from such institution or facility.

Special Limits on Gross Income

(d) The Secretary may prescribe the circumstances under which, consistently with the purposes of this title, the gross income from a trade or business (including farming) will be considered sufficiently large to make an individual ineligible for benefits under this title. For purposes of this subsection, the term "gross income" has the same meaning as when used in chapter 1 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954.

Limitation on Eligibility of Certain Individuals

- (e) (1) (A) Except as provided in subparagraph (B) and (C), no person shall be an eligible individual or eligible spouse for purposes of this title with respect to any month if throughout such month he is an inmate of a public institution.
- (B) In any case where an eligible individual or his eligible spouse (if any) is, throughout any month, in a hospital, extended care

¹ Subsec. (c) was amended by Sec. 2341 of P.L. 97-35 and by secs. 181 and 183 of P.L. 97-248.

³ Subparagraph (A) was amended by section 505(a) of P.L. 94-566.

facility, nursing home, or intermediate care facility receiving payments (with respect to such individual or spouse) under a State plan approved under title XIX, the benefit under this title for such individual for such month shall be payable—

(i) at a rate not in excess of \$300 per year (reduced by the amount of any income not excluded pursuant to section 1612(b)) in the case of an individual who does not have an eligible spouse;

(ii) in the case of an individual who has an eligible spouse, if only one of them is in such a hospital, home or facility throughout such month, at a rate not in excess of the sum of—

(I) the rate of \$300 per year (reduced by the amount of any income, not excluded pursuant to section 1612(b), of the

one who is in such hospital, home, or facility), and

(II) the applicable rate specified in subsection (b)(1) (reduced by the amount of any income, not excluded pursuant to section 1612(b), of the other); and ¹

(iii) at a rate not in excess of \$600 per year (reduced by the amount of any income not excluded pursuant to section 1612(b)) in the case of an individual who has an eligible spouse, if both of them are in such a hospital, home, or facility throughout such month.

(C) As used in subparagraph (A), the term "public institution" does not include a publicly operated community residence which serves no more than 16 residents."

(2) No person shall be an eligible individual or eligible spouse for purposes of this title if, after notice to such person by the Secretary that it is likely that such person is eligible for any payments of the type enumerated in section 1612(a)(2)(B), such person fails within 30 days to take all appropriate steps to apply for and (if

eligible) obtain any such payments.

(3) (A) No person who is an aged, blind, or disabled individual solely by reason of disability (as determined under section 1614(a) (3)) shall be an eligible individual or eligible spouse for purposes of this title with respect to any month if such individual is medically determined to be a drug addict or an alcoholic unless such individual is undergoing any treatment that may be appropriate for his condition as a drug addict or alcoholic (as the case may be) at an institution or facility approved for purposes of this paragraph by the Secretary (so long as such treatment is available) and demonstrates that he is complying with the terms, conditions, and requirements of such treatment and with requirements imposed by the Secretary under subparagraph (B).

(B) The Secretary shall provide for the monitoring and testing of all individuals who are receiving benefits under this title and who as a condition of such benefits are required to be undergoing treatment and complying with the terms, conditions, and requirements thereof as described in subparagraph (A), in order to assure such compliance and to determine the extent to which the imposition of such requirement is contributing to the achievement of the purposes

¹ Clause (ii) was amended by section 502 of P.L. 94-566.

Subparagraph (C) was added by section 505(a) of P.L. 94-566.

of this title. The Secretary shall annually submit to the Congress a full and complete report on his activities under this paragraph.

(4) No benefit shall be payable under this title, except as provided in section 1619 (or section 1616(c)(3)), with respect to an eligible individual or his eligible spouse who is an aged, blind, or disabled individual solely by application of section 1614(a)(3)(F) for any month, after the third month, in which he engages in substantial gainful activity during the fifteen-month period following the end of his trial work period determined by application of section 1614(a)(4)(D)(i).

Suspension of Payments to Individuals Who Are Outside the United States

(f) Notwithstanding any other provision of this title, no individual shall be considered an eligible individual for purposes of this title for any month during all of which such individual is outside the United States (and no person shall be considered the eligible spouse of an individual for purposes of this title with respect to any month during all of which such person is outside the United States). For purposes of the preceding sentence, after an individual has been outside the United States for any period of 30 consecutive days, he shall be treated as remaining outside the United States until he has been in the United States for a period of 30 consecutive days.

Certain Individuals Deemed To Meet Resources Test

- (g) In the case of any individual or any individual and his spouse (as the case may be) who—
 - (1) received aid or assistance for December 1973 under a plan of a State approved under title I, X, XIV, or XVI,
 - (2) has, since December 31, 1973, continuously resided in the State under the plan of which he or they received such aid or assistance for December 1973, and
 - (3) has, since December 31, 1973, continuously been (except for periods not in excess of six consecutive months) an eligible individual or eligible spouse with respect to whom supplemental security income benefits are payable.

the resources of such individual or such individual and his spouse (as the case may be) shall be deemed not to exceed the amount specified in sections 1611(a)(1)(B) and 1611(a)(2)(B) during any period that the resources of such individual or individuals and his spouse (as the case may be) does not exceed the maximum amount of resources specified in the State plan, as in effect for October 1972, under which he or they received such aid or assistance for December 1973.

² Subsec. (e) was added by sec. 303 of P.L. 96-265.

Certain Individuals Deemed To Meet Income Test

- (h) In determining eligibility for, and the amount of, benefits payable under this section in the case of any individual or any individual and his spouse (as the case may be) who—
 - (1) received aid or assistance for December 1973 under a plan of a State approved under title X or XVI,
 - (2) is blind under the definition of that term in the plan, as in effect for October 1972, under which he or they received such aid or assistance for December 1973,

- (3) has, since December 31, 1973, continuously resided in the State under the plan of which he or they received such aid or assistance for December 1973, and
- (4) has, since December 31, 1973, continuously been (except for periods not in excess of six consecutive months) an eligible individual or an eligible spouse with respect to whom supplemental security income benefits are payable,

there shall be disregarded an amount equal to the greater of (A) the maximum amount of any earned or unearned income which could have been disregarded under the State plan, as in effect for October 1972, under which he or they received such aid or assistance for December 1973, and (B) the amount which would be required to be disregarded under section 1612 without application of this subsection.

Income

Meaning of Income

Sec. 1612. (a) For purposes of this title, income means both earned income and unearned income; and—

(1) earned income means only-

- (A) wages as determined under section 208(f)(5)(C);
- (B) net earnings from self-employment, as defined in section 211 (without the application of the second and third sentences following subsection (a) (11), and the last paragraph of subsection (a)), including earnings for services described in paragraphs (4), (5), and (6) of subsection (c); and
- (C) any refund of Federal income taxes made by reason of section 43 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954 (relating to earned income credit) and any payment made by an employer under section 3507 of such Code (relating to advance payment of earned income credit);²
- (D) remuneration received for services performed in a sheltered workshop or work activities center; and ³

(2) unearned income means all other income, including—

(A) support and maintenance furnished in cash or kind; except that (i) in the case of any individual (and his eligible spouse, if any) living in another person's household and receiving support and maintenance in kind from such person, the dollar amounts otherwise applicable to such individual (and spouse) as specified in subsections (a) and (b) of section 1611 shall be reduced by 33½ percent in lieu of including such support and maintenance in the unearned income of such individual (and spouse) as otherwise required by this subparagraph, (ii) in the case of any individual or his

¹ Subpar. (B) was amended by sec. 6(g) (1) of P.L. 96-478.

² Subpar. (C) was added by sec. 101 of P.L. 96-222.

This subparagraph was added by sec. 202 of P.L. 96-265 effective Oct. 1, 1980 and was redesignated as subpar. (D) by sec. 6(g) (2) of P.L. 96-478.

eligible spouse who resides in a nonprofit retirement home or similar nonprofit institution, support and maintenance shall not be included to the extent that it is furnished to such individual or such spouse without such institution receiving payment therefor (unless such institution has expressly undertaken an obligation to furnish full support and maintenance to such individual or spouse without any current or future payment therefor) or payment therefor is made by another nonprofit organization, and (iii) support and maintenance shall not be included and the provisions of clause (i) shall not be applicable in the case of any individual (and his eligible spouse, if any) for the period which begins with the month in which such individual (or such individual and his eligible spouse) began to receive support and maintenance while living in a residential facility (including a private household) maintained by another person and ends with the close of the month in which such individual (or such individual and his eligible spouse) ceases to receive support and maintenance while living in such a residential facility (or, if earlier, with the close of the seventeenth month following the month in which such period began), if, not more than 30 days prior to the date on which such individual (or such individual and his eligible spouse) began to receive support and maintenance while living in such a residential facility, (I) such individual (or such individual and his eligible spouse) were residing in a household maintained by such individual (or by such individual and others) as his or their own home, (II) there occurred within the area in which such household is located (and while such individual, or such individual and his spouse, were residing in the household referred to in subclause (I)) a catastrophe on account of which the President declared a major disaster to exist therein for purposes of the Disaster Relief Act of 1974, and (III) such individual declares that he (or he and his eligible spouse) ceased to continue living in the household referred to in subclause (II) because of such catastrophe: 1

(B) any payments received as an annuity, pension, retirement, or disability benefit, including veterans' compensation and pensions, workmen's compensation payments, old-age, survivors, and disability insurance benefits, railroad retirement annuities and pensions, and unemployment insurance benefits:

(C) prizes and awards;

(D) the proceeds of any life insurance policy to the extent that they exceed the amount expended by the beneficiary for purposes of the insured individual's last illness and burial or \$1,500, whichever is less;

¹Clause (iii) was added by section 4 of P.L. 94-331 and amended by section 2125 of P.L. 94-455. It is effective only in the case of catastrophes which occur on or after June 1, 1976.

(E) gifts (cash or otherwise), support and alimony payments, and inheritances; and

(F) rents, dividends, interest, and royalties.

Exclusions From Income¹

(b) In determining the income of an individual (and his eligible spouse) there shall be excluded—

(1) subject to limitations (as to amount or otherwise) prescribed by the Secretary, if such individual is a child who is, as determined by the Secretary, a student regularly attending a school, college, or university, or a course of vocational or technical training designed to prepare him for gainful employment, the earned income of such individual;

(2) (A) the first \$240 per year (or proportionately smaller amounts for shorter periods) of income (whether earned or unearned) other than income which is paid on the basis of the need

of the eligible individual:

(B) monthly (or other periodic) payments received by any individual, under a program established prior to July 1, 1978, if such payments are made by the State of which the individual receiving such payments is a resident, and if eligibility of any individual for such payments is not based on need and is based solely on attainment of age 65 and duration of residence in such State by such individual; ²

(3) (A) the total unearned income of such individual (and such spouse, if any) in a month which, as determined in accordance with criteria prescribed by the Secretary, is received too infrequently or irregularly to be included, if such income so received does not exceed \$20 in such month, and (B) the total earned income of such individual (and such spouse, if any) in a month which, as determined in accordance with such criteria, is received too infrequently or irregularly to be included, if such income so received does not exceed \$10 in such month;

(4) (A) if such individual (or such spouse) is blind (and has not attained age 65, or received benefits under this title (or aid under a State plan approved under section 1002 or 1602) for the month before the month in which he attained age 65), (i) the first \$780 per year (or proportionately smaller amounts for shorter periods) of earned income not excluded by the preceding paragraphs of this subsection, plus one-half of the remainder thereof, (ii) an amount equal to any expenses reasonably attributable to the earning of any income, and (iii) such additional amounts of

¹ In addition to the exclusions specified here, see section 2(h) of the Housing Authorisation Act of 1976 which appears in this document on page 757.

² Subparagraph (B) added by section 9 of Public Law 94–202 and was amended by sec. 6(g) (3) of P.L. 96–473.

³ Subsec. (b) (8) was amended by sec. 2841 of P.L. 97–85.

other income, where such individual has a plan for achieving self-support approved by the Secretary, as may be necessary for the fulfillment of such plan.

- (B) if such individual (or such spouse) is disabled but not blind (and has not attained age 65, or received benefits under this title (or aid under a State plan approved under section 1402 or 1602) for the month before the month in which he attained age 65), (i) the first \$780 per year (or proportionately smaller amounts for shorter periods) of earned income not excluded by the preceding paragraphs of this subsection, (ii) such additional amounts of earned income of such individual (for purposes of determining the amount of his or her benefits under this title and of determining his or her eligibility for such benefits for consecutive months of eligibility after the initial month of such eligibility), if such individual's disability is sufficiently severe to result in a functional limitation requiring assistance in order for him to work, as may be necessary to pay the costs (to such individual) of attendant care services, medical devices, equipment, prostheses, and similar items and services (not including routine drugs or routine medical services unless such drugs or services are necessary for the control of the disabling condition) which are necessary (as determined by the Secretary in regulations) for that purpose, whether or not such assistance is also needed to enable him to carry out his normal daily functions, except that the amounts to be excluded shall be subject to such reasonable limits as the Secretary may prescribe, (iii) one-half of the amount of earned income not excluded after the application of the preceding provisions of this subparagraph, and (iv) such additional amounts of other income, where such individual has a plan for achieving selfsupport approved by the Secretary, as may be necessary for the fulfillment of such plan, or 1
- (C) if such individual (or such spouse) has attained age 65 and is not included under subparagraph (A) or (B), the first \$780 per year (or proportionately smaller amounts for shorter periods) of earned income not excluded by the preceding paragraphs of this subsection, plus one-half of the remainder thereof;
- (5) any amount received from any public agency as a return or refund of taxes paid on real property or on food purchased by such individual (or such spouse);
- (6) assistance, furnished to or on behalf of such individual (and spouse), which is based on need and furnished by any State or political subdivision of a State;²
 - (7) any portion of any grant, scholarship, or fellowship

² Par. (6) was amended by sec. 505(b) of P.L. 94-566.

¹ Subpar. (B) was amended by sec. 302 of P.L. 96-265 effective December 1980.

received for use in paying the cost of tuition and fees at any educational (including technical or vocational education) institution;

- (8) home produce of such individual (or spouse) utilized by the household for its own consumption;
- (9) if such individual is a child one-third of any payment for his support received from an absent parent;
- (10) any amounts received for the foster care of a child who is not an eligible individual but who is living in the same home as such individual and was placed in such home by a public or nonprofit private child-placement or child-care agency;
- (11) assistance received under the Disaster Relief Act of 1974 or other assistance provided pursuant to a Federal statute on account of a catastrophe which is declared to be a major disaster by the President; and ¹
- (12) interest income received on assistance funds referred to in paragraph (11) within the 9-month period beginning on the

¹Par. (11) was added by sec. 2 of P.L. 94-881 and is effective only in the case of catastrophies taking place after June 1, 1976.

date such funds are received (or such longer periods as the Secretary shall by regulations prescribe in cases where good cause is shown by the individual concerned for extending such period).

Resources

Exclusions From Resources

Sec. 1613. (a) In determining the resources of an individual (and his eligible spouse, if any) there shall be excluded—

(1) the home (including the land that appertains thereto);²

- (2) (A) household goods, personal effects, and an automobile, to the extent that their total value does not exceed such amount as the Secretary determines to be reasonable; and
- (B) the value of any burial space (subject to such limits as to size or value as the Secretary may by regulation prescribe) held for the purpose of providing a place for the burial of the individual, his spouse, or any other member of his immediate family;
- (8) other property which, as determined in accordance with and subject to limitations prescribed by the Secretary, is so essential to the means of self-support of such individual (and such spouse) as to warrant its exclusion;
- (4) such resources of an individual who is blind or disabled and who has a plan for achieving self-support approved by the Secretary, as may be necessary for the fulfillment of such plan;
- (5) in the case of Natives of Alaska, shares of stock held in a Regional or a Village Corporation, during the period of twenty years in which such stock is inalienable, as provided in section 7(h) and section 8(c) of the Alaska Native Claims Settlement Act; and
- (6) assistance referred to in section 1612(b)(11) for the 9-month period beginning on the date such funds are received (or for such longer period as the Secretary shall by regulations prescribe in cases where good cause is shown by the individual concerned for extending such period); and, for purposes of this paragraph, the term "assistance" includes interest thereon which is excluded from income under section 1612(b)(12).

In determining the resources of an individual (or eligible spouse) an insurance policy shall be taken into account only to the extent of its cash surrender value; except that if the total face value of all life insurance policies on any person is \$1,500 or less, no part of the value of any such policy shall be taken into account.

¹ Paragraph (12) was added by sec. 8(a) of P.L. 95-171.

Paragraph (1) was amended by section 5 of P.L. 94-569.

Par. (2) was amended by sec. 185(a) of P.L. 97-248.

⁴ Paragraph (6) was added by sec. 9(a) of P.L. 95-171.

Disposition of Resources

(b) The Secretary shall prescribe the period or periods of time within which, and the manner in which, various kinds of property must be disposed of in order not to be included in determining an individual's eligibility for benefits. Any portion of the individual's benefits paid for any such period shall be conditioned upon such disposal; and any benefits so paid shall (at the time of the disposal) be considered overpayments to the extent they would not have been paid had the disposal occurred at the beginning of the period for which such benefits were paid.

Disposal of Resources for Less Than Fair Market Value

- (c) (1) In determining the resources of an individual (and his eligible spouse, if any) there shall be included (but subject to the exclusions under subsection (a)) any resource (or interest therein) owned by such individual or eligible spouse within the preceding 24 months if such individual or eligible spouse gave away or sold such resource or interest at less than fair market value of such resource or interest for the purpose of establishing eligibility for benefits or assistance under this Act.
- (2) Any transaction described in paragraph (1) shall be presumed to have been for the purpose of establishing eligibility for benefits or assistance under this Act unless such individual or eligible spouse furnishes convincing evidence to establish that the transaction was exclusively for some other purpose.
- (3) For purposes of paragraph (1) the value of such a resource or interest shall be the fair market value of such resource or interest at the time it was sold or given away, less the amount of compensation received for such resource or interest, if any.

Funds Set Aside for Burial Expenses'

- (d) (1) In determining the resources of an individual, there shall be excluded an amount, not in excess of \$1,500 each with respect to such individual and his spouse (if any), that is separately identifiable and has been set aside to meet the burial and related expenses of such individual or spouse if the inclusion of any portion of such amount or amounts would cause the resources of such individual, or of such individual and spouse, to exceed the limits specified in paragraph (1) or (2) (whichever may be applicable) of section 1611(a).
- (2) The amount of \$1,500, referred to in paragraph (1), with respect to an individual shall be reduced by an amount equal to (A) the total face value of all insurance policies on his life which are

¹ Subsec. (c) was added by sec. 5(A) of P.L. 96-611.

³ Subsec. (d) was added by sec. 185(b) of P.L. 97-248.

owned by him or his spouse and the cash surrender value of which has been excluded in determining the resources of such individual or of such individual and his spouse, and (B) the total of any amounts in an irrevocable trust (or other irrevocable arrangement) available to meet the burial and related expenses of such individual or his spouse.

- (3) If the Secretary finds that any part of the amount excluded under paragraph (1) was used for purposes other than those for which it was set aside, he shall reduce any future benefits payable to the eligible individual (or to such individual and his spouse) by an amount equal to such part.
- (4) The Secretary may provide by regulations that whenever an amount set aside to meet burial and related expenses is excluded under paragraph (1) in determining the resources of an individual, any interest earned or accrued on such amount (and left to accumulate), and any appreciation in the value of prepaid burial arrangements for which such amount was set aside, shall also be excluded (to such extent and subject to such conditions or limitations as such regulations may prescribe) in determining the resources (and the income) of such individual.

Meaning of Terms

Aged, Blind, or Disabled Individual

Sec. 1614. (a) (1) For purposes of this title, the term "aged, blind, or disabled individual" means an individual who—

- (A) is 65 years of age or older, is blind (as determined under paragraph (2)), or is disabled (as determined under paragraph (3)), and
- (B) is a resident of the United States, and is either (i) a citizen or (ii) an alien lawfully admitted for permanent residence or otherwise permanently residing in the United States under color of law (including any alien who is lawfully present in the United States as a result of the application of the provisions of section 203(a)(7) or section 212(d)(5) of the Immigration and Nationality Act).
- (2) An individual shall be considered to be blind for purposes of this title if he has central visual acuity of 20/200 or less in the better eye with the use of a correcting lens. An eye which is accompanied by a limitation in the fields of vision such that the widest diameter of the visual field subtends an angle no greater than 20 degrees shall be considered for purposes of the first sentence of this subsection as having a central visual acuity of 20/200 or less. An individual shall also be considered to be blind for purposes of this title if he is blind as defined under a State plan approved under title X or XVI as in effect for October 1972 and received aid under such plan (on the basis of blindness) for December 1978, so long as he is continuously blind as so defined.
- (3) (A) An individual shall be considered to be disabled for purposes of this title if he is unable to engage in any substantial gainful activity by reason of any medically determinable physical or mental impairment which can be expected to result in death or which has lasted or can be expected to last for a continuous period of not less than twelve months (or, in the case of a child under the age of 18, if he suffers from any medically determinable physical or mental impairment of comparable severity).
- (B) For purposes of subparagraph (A), an individual shall be determined to be under a disability only if his physical or mental impairment or impairments are of such severity that he is not only unable to do his previous work but cannot, considering his age, education, and work experience, engage in any other kind of substantial gainful work which exists in the national economy, regardless of whether such work exists in the immediate area in which he lives, or whether a specific job vacancy exists for him, or whether he would be hired if he applied for work. For purposes of the preceding sentence (with respect to any individual), "work which exists in the national economy" means work which exists in significant numbers either in the region where such individual lives or in several regions of the country.

- (C) For purposes of this paragraph, a physical or mental impairment is an impairment that results from anatomical, physiological, or psychological abnormalities which are demonstrable by medically acceptable clinical and laboratory diagnostic techniques.
- (D) The Secretary shall by regulations prescribe the criteria for determining when services performed or earnings derived from services demonstrate an individual's ability to engage in substantial gainful activity. In determining whether an individual is able to engage in substantial gainful activity by reason of his earnings, where his disability is sufficiently severe to result in a functional limitation requiring assistance in order for him to work, there shall be excluded from such earnings an amount equal to the cost (to such individual) of any attendant care services, medical devices, equipment, prostheses, and similar items and services (not including routine drugs or routine medical services unless such drugs or services are necessary for the control of the disabling condition) which are necessary (as determined by the Secretary in regulations) for that purpose, whether or not such assistance is also needed to enable him to carry out his normal daily functions; except that the amounts to be excluded shall be subject to such reasonable limits as the Secretary may prescribe. Notwithstanding the provisions of subparagraph (B), an individual whose services or earnings meet such criteria, except for purposes of subparagraph (F) or paragraph (4), shall be found not to be disabled.1
- (E) Notwithstanding the provisions of subparagraphs (A) through (D), an individual shall also be considered to be disabled for purposes of this title if he is permanently and totally disabled as defined under a State plan approved under title XIV or XVI as in effect for October 1972 and received aid under such plan (on the basis of disability) for December 1973 (and for at least one month prior to July 1973), so long as he is continuously disabled as so defined.
- (F) For purposes of this title, an individual whose trial work period has ended by application of paragraph (4)(D)(i) shall, subject to section 1611(e)(4), nonetheless be considered (except for purposes of section 1631(a)(5)) to be disabled through the end of the month preceding the termination month. For purposes of the preceding sentence, the termination month for any individual shall be the earlier of (i) the earliest month after the end of such period of trial work with respect to which such individual is determined to no longer be suffering from a disabling physical or mental impairment, or (ii) the first month, after the period of 15 consecutive months following the end of such period of trial work, in which such individual engages in or is determined to be able to engage in substantial gainful activity.

¹ Subpar. (D) was amended by secs. 302 and 308 of P.L. 96–265 effective December 1980.

Subpar. (F) was added by sec. 303 of P.L. 96-265 effective December 1980.

- (4) (A) For purposes of this title, any services rendered during a period of trial work (as defined in subparagraph (B)) by an individual who is an aged, blind, or disabled individual solely by reason of disability (as determined under paragraph (3) of this subsection) shall be deemed not to have been rendered by such individual in determining whether his disability has ceased in a month during such period. As used in this paragraph, the term "services" means activity which is performed for remuneration or gain or is determined by the Secretary to be of a type normally performed for remuneration or gain.
- (B) The term "period of trial work", with respect to an individual who is an aged, blind, or disabled individual solely by reason of disability (as determined under paragraph (3) of this subsection), means a period of months beginning and ending as provided in subparagraphs (C) and (D).
- (C) A period of trial work for any individual shall begin with the month in which he becomes eligible for benefits under this title on the basis of his disability; but no such period may begin for an individual who is eligible for benefits under this title on the basis of a disability if he has had a previous period of trial work while eligible for benefits on the basis of the same disability.
- (D) A period of trial work for any individual shall end with the close of whichever of the following months is the earlier:
 - (i) the ninth month, beginning on or after the first day of such period, in which the individual renders services (whether or not such nine months are consecutive); or

(ii) the month in which his disability (as determined under paragraph (3) of this subsection) ceases (as determined after the application of subparagraph (A) of this paragraph).

Eligible Spouse

(b) For purposes of this title, the term "eligible spouse" means an aged, blind, or disabled individual who is the husband or wife of another aged, blind, or disabled individual and who has not been living apart from such other aged, blind, or disabled individual for more than six months. If two aged, blind, or disabled individuals are husband and wife as described in the preceding sentence, only one of them may be an "eligible individual" within the meaning of section 1611(a).

Definition of Child

(c) For purposes of this title, the term "child" means an individual who is neither married nor (as determined by the Secretary) the head of a household, and who is (1) under the age of eighteen, or (2) under the age of twenty-two and (as determined by the Secretary) a student regularly attending a school, college, or university, or a course of vocational or technical training designed to prepare him for gainful employment.

Determination of Marital Relationships

- (d) In determining whether two individuals are husband and wife for purposes of this title, appropriate State law shall be applied; except that—
 - (1) if a man and woman have been determined to be husband and wife under section 216(h)(1) for purposes of title II they shall be considered (from and after the date of such determination or the date of their application for benefits under this title, whichever is later) to be husband and wife for purposes of this title, or
 - (2) if a man and woman are found to be holding themselves out to the community in which they reside as husband and wife, they shall be so considered for purposes of this title notwithstanding any other provision of this section.

United States

(e) For purposes of this title, the term "United States", when used in a geographical sense, means the 50 States and the District of Columbia.

Income and Resources of Individuals Other Than Eligible Individuals and Eligible Spouses

- (f) (1) For purposes of determining eligibility for and the amount of benefits for any individual who is married and whose spouse is living with him in the same household but is not an eligible spouse, such individual's income and resources shall be deemed to include any income and resources of such spouse, whether or not available to such individual, except to the extent determined by the Secretary to be inequitable under the circumstances.
- (2) For purposes of determining eligibility for and the amount of benefits for any individual who is a child under age 18, such individual's income and resources shall be deemed to include any income and resources of a parent of such individual (or the spouse of such a parent) who is living in the same household as such individual, whether or not available to such individual, except to the extent determined by the Secretary to be inequitable under the circumstances.
- (3) For purposes of determining eligibility for and the amount of benefits for any individual who is an alien, such individual's income and resources shall be deemed to include the income and resources of his sponsor and such sponsor's spouse (if such alien has a sponsor) as provided in section 1621. Any such income deemed to be income of such individual shall be treated as unearned income of such individual.

Rehabilitation Services for Blind and Disabled Individuals

Sec. 1615. (a) In the case of any blind or disabled individual who-

(1) has not attained age 65, and

(2) is receiving benefits (or with respect to whom benefits are paid) under this title,

the Secretary shall make provision for referral of such individual to the appropriate State agency administering the State plan for vocational rehabilitation services approved under the Vocational Rehabilitation Act, or, in the case of any such individual who has not attained age 16, to the State agency administering the State program under title V, and (except for individuals who have not attained age 16 and except in such other cases as he may determine) for a review not less often than quarterly of such individual's blindness or disability and his need for and utilization of the services made available to him under such plan.

(b) [Repealed.]

¹ Subpar. (2) was amended by sec. 203 of P.L. 96-265. See excerpt from that Act for savings clause.

³ Subpar. (3) was added by sec. 504 of P.L. 96-265 effective Oct. 1, 1980.

³ Sec. 1615 was amended by sec. 501 of P.L. 94–566.

Subsec. (a) of sec. 1615 was amended and subsecs. (b) and (e) were repealed by sec. 2193(c) (8) of P.L. 97-85.

- (c) Every individual age 16 or over with respect to whom the Secretary is required to make provision for referral under subsection (a) shall accept such services as are made available to him under the State plan for vocational and rehabilitation services approved under the Vocational Rehabilitation Act; and no such individual shall be an eligible individual or eligible spouse for purposes of this title if he refuses without good cause to accept services for which he is referred under subsection (a).
- (d) The Secretary is authorized to reimburse the State agency administering or supervising the administration of a State plan for vocational rehabilitation services approved under the Vocational Rehabilitation Act for the costs incurred under such plan in the provision of rehabilitation services to individuals who are referred for such services pursuant to subsection (a) if such services result in their performance of substantial gainful activity which lasts for a continuous period of nine months. The determination of the amount of costs to be reimbursed under this subsection shall be made by the Commissioner of Social Security in accordance with criteria determined by him in the same manner as under section 222(d) (1).

Optional State Supplementation²

Sec. 1616. (a) Any cash payments which are made by a State (or political subdivision thereof) on a regular basis to individuals who are receiving benefits under this title or who would but for their income be eligible to receive benefits under this title, as assistance based on need in supplementation of such benefits (as determined by the Secretary), shall be excluded under section 1612(b)(6) in determining the income of such individuals for purposes of this title and the Secretary and such State may enter into an agreement which satisfies subsection (b) under which the Secretary will, on behalf of such State (or subdivision) make such supplementary payments to all such individuals.

(Page 393 follows)

¹ Subsec. (d) was amended by sec. 2344 of P.L. 97-35.

² Sec. 1616 was amended by sec. 2353(n) of P.L. 97-35.

(b) Any agreement between the Secretary and a State entered into under subsection (a) shall provide—

(1) that such payments will be made (subject to subsection (c)) to all individuals residing in such State (or subdivision) who

are receiving benefits under this title, and

(2) such other rules with respect to eligibility for or amount of the supplementary payments, and such procedural or other general administrative provisions, as the Secretary finds necessary (subject to subsection (c)) to achieve efficient and effective administration of both the program which he conducts under this title and the optional State supplementation.

(c) (1) Any State (or political subdivision) making supplementary payments described in subsection (a) may at its option impose as a condition of eligibility for such payments, and include in the State's agreement with the Secretary under such subsection, a residence requirement which excludes individuals who have resided in the State (or political subdivision) for less than a minimum period prior to

application for such payments.

(2) Any State (or political subdivision), in determining the eligibility of any individual for supplementary payments described in subsection (a), may disregard amounts of earned and unearned income in addition to other amounts which it is required or permitted to disregard under this section in determining such eligibility, and shall include a provision specifying the amount of any such income that will be disregarded, if any.

(8) Any State (or political subdivision) making supplementary payments described in subsection (a) shall have the option of making such payments to individuals who receive benefits under this title under the provisions of section 1619, or who would be eligible to receive such benefits but for their income.

(d) Any State which has entered into an agreement with the Secretary under this section which provides that the Secretary will, on behalf of the State (or political subdivision), make the supplementary payments to individuals who are receiving benefits under this title (or who would but for their income be eligible to receive such benefits), shall, at such times and in such installments as may be agreed

¹ Subpar. (3) was added by sec. 201 of P.L. 96-265.

upon between the Secretary and such State, pay to the Secretary an amount equal to the expenditures made by the Secretary as such supplementary payments.

(2) Par. (1) of this subsection shall only apply with respect to that portion of the supplementary payments made by the Secretary on behalf of the State under such agreements in any fiscal year which does not exceed in the case of any individual the difference between—

(A) the adjusted payment level under the appropriate approved plan of such State as in effect for January 1972 (as defined in subsec. (b) of this section), and (B) the benefits under title XVI of the Social Security Act (subject to the second

sentence of this paragraph) plus income not excluded under sec. 1612(b) of such Act in determining such benefits, paid to such individual in such fiscal year. and shall not apply with respect to supplementary payments to any individual who (i) is not required by sec. 1616 of such Act to be included in any such agreement administered by the Secretary and (ii) would have been ineligible (for reasons other than income) for payments under the appropriate approved State plan as in effect for January 1972. In determining the difference between the level specified in subpar.

for January 1972. In determining the difference betwen the level specified in subpar. (A) and the benefits and income described in subpar. (B) there shall be excluded any part of any such benefit which results from (and would not be payable but for) any cost-of-living increase in such benefits under sec. 1617 of such Act (or any general increase enacted by law in the dollar amounts referred to in such section) becoming effective after June 30, 1977, and before July 1, 1979. In determining the difference between the level specified in subparagraph (A) and the benefits and income described in subparagraph (B) there shall be excluded any part of any such benefit which results from (and would not be payable but for) any cost-of-living increase in such benefits under section 1617 of such Act (or any general increase enacted by law in the dollar amounts referred to in such section) becoming effective after

June 30, 1977.^a
(b) (1) For purposes of subsection (a), the term "adjusted payment level under the appropriate approved plan of a State as in effect for January 1972" means the amount of the money payment which an individual with no other income would have received under the plan of such State approved under title I, X, XIV, or XVI of the Social Security Act, as may be appropriate, and in effect for January 1972; except that the

State may, at its option, increase such payment level with respect to any such plan by an amount which does not exceed the sum of—

(A) a payment level modification (as defined in paragraph (2) of this subsection) with respect to such plan, and

(B) the bonus value of food stamps in such State for January 1972 (as defined in paragraph (3) of this subsection).

(2) For purposes of paragraph (1), the term "payment level modification" with respect to any State plan means that amount by which a State which for January 1972 made money payments under such plan to individuals with no other income which were less than 100 per centum of its standard of need could have increased such money payments without increasing (if it reduced its standard of need under such plan so that such increased money payments equaled 100 per centum of such standard of need) the non-Federal share of expenditures as aid or assistance for quarters in calendar year 1972 under the plans of such State approved under titles I, X, XIV, and XVI of the Social Security Act.

(3) For purposes of paragraph (1), the term "bonus value of food stamps in a State for January 1972" (with respect to an individual) means—

(A) the face value of the coupon allotment which would have been provided to such an individual under the Food Stamp Act of 1964 for January 1972, reduced by

* Paragraph (2) was amended by section 504 of P.L. 94-566 and by section 2(b) of P. L. 94-585.

(Continued)

¹ The liability of certain States under this section is limited by sec. 401 of P.L. 92-603 as follows:

SEC. 401. (a) (1) The amount payable to the Secretary by a State for any fiscal year pursuant to its agreement or agreements under sec. 1616 of the Social Security Act shall not exceed the non-Federal share of expenditures as aid or assistance for quarters in the calendar year 1972 under the plans of the State approved under titles I, X, XIV, and XVI of the Social Security Act (as defined in subsec. (c) of this section).

- (e) (1) Each State shall establish or designate one or more State or local authorities which shall establish, maintain, and insure the enforcement of standards for any category of institutions, foster homes, or group living arrangements in which (as determined by the State) a significant number of recipients of supplemental security income benefits is residing or is likely to reside. Such standards shall be appropriate to the needs of such recipients and the character of the facilities involved, and shall govern such matters as admission policies, safety, sanitation, and protection of civil rights.
- (2) Each State shall annually make available for public review a summary of the standards established pursuant to paragraph (1), and shall make available to any interested individual a copy of such standards, along with the procedures available in the State to insure the enforcement of such standards and a list of any waivers of such standards and any violations of such standards which have come to the attention of the authority responsible for their enforcement.

(3) Each State shall certify annually to the Secretary that it is in compliance with the requirements of this subsection.

(4) Payments made under this title with respect to an individual shall be reduced by an amount equal to the amount of any supplemen-

⁽continued)

⁽B) the charge which such an individual would have paid for such coupon allotment.

if the income of such individual, for purposes of determining the charge it would have paid for its coupon allotment, had been equal to the adjusted payment level under the State plan (including any payment level modification with respect to the plan adopted pursuant to paragraph (2) (but not including any amount under this paragraph)). The total face value of food stamps and the cost thereof in January 1972 shall be determined in accordance with rules prescribed by the Secretary of Agriculture in effect in each month.

⁽c) For purposes of this section, the term "non-Federal share of expenditures as aid or assistance for quarters in the calendar year 1972 under the plans of a State approved under titles I, X, XIV, and XVI of the Social Security Act" means the difference between—

^{.(1)} the total expenditures in such quarters under such plans for aid or assistance (expenditures authorized under section 1119 of such Act for repairing the home of an individual who was receiving aid or assistance under one of such plans (as such section was in effect prior to the enactment of this Act)), and

⁽²⁾ the total of the amounts determined under sections 3, 1003, 1403, and 1603 of the Social Security Act, under section 1118 of such Act, and under section 9 of the Act of April 19, 1950, for such State with respect to such expenditures in such quarters.

⁽d) In addition to the amount which a State must pay to the Secretary for the fiscal year 1983 or the fiscal year 1984, as determined under subsection (a), the State shall also pay, for the fiscal year 1983, 60 percent of the further amount that would be payable but for the limit specified in subsection (a), and, for the fiscal year 1984, 80 percent of such further amount. For each fiscal year thereafter, the limit prescribed in subsection (a) shall be inapplicable and a State shall pay to the Secretary the full amount of any supplementary payments he makes on behalf of such State ¹ Subsec. (d) was added by sec. 184 of P.L. 97-248.

tary payment (as described in subsection (a)) or other payment made by a State (or political subdivision thereof) which is made for or on account of any medical or any other type of remedial care provided by an institution of the type described in paragraph (1) to such individual as a resident or an inpatient of such institution if such institution is not approved as meeting the standards described in such paragraph by the appropriate State or local authorities.¹

Cost-of-Living Adjustments in Benefits

- Sec. 1617. (a) Whenever benefit amounts under title II are increased by any percentage effective with any month as a result of a determination made under section 215(i)—
 - (1) each of the dollar amounts in effect for such month under subsections (a) (1) (A), (a) (2) (A), (b) (1), and (b) (2) of section 1611, and subsection (a) (1) (A) of section 211 of Public Law 93-66, as specified in such subsections or as previously increased under this section, shall be increased by the amount (if any) by which—
 - (A) the amount which would have been in effect for such month under such subsection but for the rounding of such amount pursuant to paragraph (2), exceeds

(B) the amount in effect for such month under such subsection; and

- (2) the amount obtained under paragraph (1) with respect to each subsection shall be further increased by the same percentage by which benefit amounts under title II are increased for such month (and rounded, when not a multiple of \$12, to the next lower multiple of \$12), effective with respect to benefits for months after such month.
- (b) The new dollar amounts to be in effect under section 1611 of this title and under section 211 of Public Law 93-66 by reason of this section shall be published in the Federal Register together with, and at the same time as, the material required by section 215(i)(2)(D) to be published therein by reason of the determination involved.

Operation of State Supplementation Programs

Sec. 1618. (a) In order for any State which makes supplementary payments of the type described in section 1616(a) (including payments pursuant to an agreement entered into under section 212(a) of Public Law 93-66), on or after June 30, 1977, to be eligible for payments pursuant to title XIX with respect to expenditures for any calendar quarter which begins—

(1) after June 30, 1977, or, if later,

Subsection (e) was added exctive October 1, 1977 by section 505(d) of P.L. 94-506.
 Sec. 1617 was amended by sec. 182 of P.L. 97-248.

- (2) after the calendar quarter in which it first makes such supplementary payments, such State must have in effect an agreement with the Secretary whereby the State will—
 - (3) continue to make such supplementary payments, and
 - (4) maintain such supplementary payments at levels which are not lower than the levels of such payments in effect in December 1976, or, if no such payments were made in that month, the levels for the first subsequent month in which such payments were made.
- (b) The Secretary shall not find that a State has failed to meet the requirements imposed by paragraph (4) of subsection (a) with respect to the levels of its supplementary payments for a particular month or months if the State's expenditures for such payments in the twelve-month period (within which such month or months fall) beginning on the effective date of any increase in the level of supplemental security income benefits pursuant to section 1617 are not less than its expenditures for such payments in the preceding twelve-month period.
- (c) Any State which satisfies the requirements of this section solely by reason of subsection (b) for a particular month or months in any 12-month period (described in such subsection) ending on or after June 30, 1982, may elect, with respect to any month in any subsequent 12-month period (so described), to apply subsection (a) (4) as though the reference to December 1976 in such subsection were a reference to the month of December which occurred in the 12-month period immediately preceding such subsequent period.¹

Benefits for Individuals Who Perform Substantial Gainful Activity Despite Severe Medical Impairment ²

Sec. 1619. (a) Any individual who is an eligible individual (or eligible spouse) by reason of being under a disability and was eligible to receive benefits under section 1611(b) or under this section for the month preceding the month for which eligibility for benefits under this section is now being determined, and who would otherwise be denied benefits by reason of section 1611(e)(4) or ceases to be an eligible individual (or eligible spouse) because his earnings have demonstrated a capacity to engage in substantial gainful activity, shall nevertheless qualify for a monthly benefit equal to an amount

¹ Sec. 1618 was added by sec. 2(a) of P.L. 94-585. Subsec. (c) was added by sec. 186 of P.L. 97-248.

This section was added by sec. 201(a) of P.L. 96-265 effective for the period Jan. 1, 1981-Dec. 31, 1983. Sec. 201(e) of P.L. 96-265 reads: "(e) The Secretary shall provide for separate accounts with respect to the benefits payable by reason of the amendments made by subsections (a) and (b) so as to provide for evaluation of the effects of such amendments on the programs established by titles II, XVI, XIX, and XX of the Social Security Act." Sec. 1619 was amended by sec. 2853(o) of P.L. 97-85.

determined under section 1611(b)(1) (or, in the case of an individual who has an eligible spouse, under section 1611(b)(2)), and for purposes of title XIX of this Act shall be considered a disabled individual receiving supplemental security income benefits under this title, for so long as the Secretary determines that—

- (1) such individual continues to have the disabling physical or mental impairment on the basis of which such individual was found to be under a disability, and continues to meet all non-disability-related requirements for eligibility for benefits under this title; and
- (2) the income of such individual, other than income excluded pursuant to section 1612(b), is not equal to or in excess of the amount which would cause him to be ineligible for payments

under section 1611(b) (if he were otherwise eligible for such payments).

- (b) For purposes of title XIX, any individual under age 65 who, for the month preceding the first month in the period to which this subsection applies, received—
 - (i) a payment of supplemental security income benefits under section 1611(b) on the basis of blindness or disability,
 - (ii) a supplementary payment under section 1616 of this Act or under section 212 of Public Law 93-66 on such basis,
 - (iii) a payment of monthly benefits under subsection (a), or
 - (iv) a supplementary payment under section 1616(c)(3),

shall be considered to be a blind or disabled individual receiving supplemental security income benefits for so long as the Secretary determines under regulations that—

- (1) such individual continues to be blind or continues to have the disabling physical or mental impairment on the basis of which he was found to be under a disability and, except for his earnings, continues to meet all non-disability-related requirements for eligibility for benefits under this title;
- (2) the income of such individual would not, except for his earnings, be equal to or in excess of the amount which would cause him to be ineligible for payments under section 1611(b) (if he were otherwise eligible for such payments);
- (3) the termination of eligibility for benefits under title XIX would seriously inhibit his ability to continue his employment; and
- (4) such individual's earnings are not sufficient to allow him to provide for himself a reasonable equivalent of the benefits under this title and title XIX which would be available to him in the absence of such earnings.

Medical and Social Services for Certain Handicapped Persons ¹

- Sec. 1620. (a) There are authorized to be appropriated such sums as may be necessary to establish and carry out a 3-year Federal-State pilot program to provide medical and social services for certain handicapped individuals in accordance with this section.
- (b) (1) The total sum of \$18,000,000 shall be allotted to the States for such program by the Secretary, during the period beginning September 1, 1981, and ending September 30, 1984, as follows:
 - (A) The total sum of \$6,000,000 shall be allotted to the States for the fiscal year ending September 30, 1982 (which for purposes of this section shall include the month of September 1981).
 - (B) The total sum of \$6,000,000, plus any amount remaining available (after the application of paragraph (4)) from the allot-

¹ Sec. 1620 was added by sec. 201(c) of P.L. 96-265 and amended by sec. 2353(p) of P.L. 97-35.

ment made under subparagraph (A), shall be allotted to the States for the fiscal year ending September 30, 1983.

- (C) The total sum of \$6,000,000, plus any amount remaining available (after the application of paragraph (4)) from the allotments made under subparagraphs (A) and (B), shall be allotted to the States for the fiscal year ending September 30, 1984.
- (2) The allotment to each State from the total sum allotted under paragraph (1) for any fiscal year shall bear the same ratio to such total sum as the number of individuals in such State who are over age 17 and under age 65 and are receiving supplemental security income benefits as disabled individuals in such year (as determined by the Secretary on the basis of the most recent data available) bears to the total number of such individuals in all the States. For purposes of the preceding sentence, the term "supplemental security income benefits" includes payments made pursuant to an agreement under section 1616(a) of this Act or under section 212(b) of Public Law 93-66.
- (3) At the beginning of each fiscal year in which the pilot program under this section is in effect, each State that does not intend to use the allotment to which it is entitled for such year (or any allotment which was made to it for a prior fiscal year), or that does not intend to use the full amount of any such allotment, shall certify to the Secretary the amount of such allotment which it does not intend to use, and the State's allotment for the fiscal year (or years) involved shall thereupon be reduced by the amount so certified.
- (4) The portion of the total amount available for allotment for any particular fiscal year under paragraph (1) which is not allotted to States for that year by reason of paragraph (3) (plus the amount of any reductions made at the beginning of such year in the allotments of States for prior fiscal years under paragraph (3)) shall be reallocated in such manner as the Secretary may determine to be appropriate to States which need, and will use, additional assistance in providing services to severely handicapped individuals in that particular year under their approved plans. Any amount reallocated to a State under this paragraph for use in a particular fiscal year shall be treated for purposes of this section as increasing such State's allotment for that year by an equivalent amount.
- (c) In order to participate in the pilot program and be eligible to receive payments for any period under subsection (d), a State (during such period) must have a plan, approved by the Secretary as meeting the requirements of this section, which provides medical and social services for severely handicapped individuals whose carnings are above the level which ordinarily demonstrates an ability to engage in substantial gainful activity and who are not receiving benefits under section 1611 or 1619 or assistance under a State plan approved under section 1902, and which—

(1) declares the intent of the State to participate in the pilot program;

(2) designates an appropriate State agency to administer or

supervise the administration of the program in the State;

- (3) describes the criteria to be applied by the State in determining the eligibility of any individual for assistance under the plan and in any event requires a determination by the State agency to the effect that (A) such individual's ability to continue his employment would be significantly inhibited without such assistance and (B) such individual's earnings are not sufficient to allow him to provide for himself a reasonable equivalent of the cash and other benefits that would be available to him under this title and titles XIX and XX in the absence of those earnings;
- (4) describes the process by which the eligibility of individuals for such assistance is to be determined (and such process may not involve the performance of functions by any State agency or entity which is engaged in making determinations of disability for purposes of disability insurance or supplemental security income benefits except when the use of a different agency or entity to perform those functions would not be feasible);

(5) describes the medical and social services to be provided

under the plan;

(6) describes the manner in which the medical and social services involved are to be provided and, if they are not to be provided through the State's medical assistance and social services programs under titles XIX and XX (with the Federal payments being made under subsection (d) of this section rather than under those titles), specifies the particular mechanisms and procedures to be used in providing such services; and

(7) contains such other provisions as the Secretary may find to be necessary or appropriate to meet the requirements of this section or otherwise carry out its purpose.

(d) (1) From its allotment under subsection (b) for any fiscal year (and any amounts remaining available from allotments made to it for prior fiscal years), the Secretary shall from time to time pay to each State which has a plan approved under subsection (c) an amount equal to 75 per centum of the total sum expended under such plan (including the cost of administration of such plan) in providing medical and social services to severely handicapped individuals who are eligible for such services under the plan.

(2) The method of computing and making payments under this

section shall be as follows:

- (A) The Secretary shall, prior to each period for which a payment is to be made to a State, estimate the amount to be paid to the State for such period under the provisions of this section.
- (B) From the allotment available therefor, the Secretary shall pay the amount so estimated, reduced or increased, as the case may be, by any sum (not previously adjusted under this subsection) by which he finds that his estimate of the amount to be paid the State for any prior period under this section was greater or less than the amount which should have been paid to the State for such period under this section.
- (e) Within nine months after the date of the enactment of this section, the Secretary shall prescribe and publish such regulations as may be necessary or appropriate to carry out the pilot program and otherwise implement this section.
- (f) Each State participating in the pilot program under this section shall from time to time report to the Secre' y on the operation and results of such program in that State, with particular emphasis upon the work incentive effects of the program. On or before October 1, 1983, the Secretary shall submit to the Congress a report on the program, incorporating the information contained in the State reports along with his findings and recommendations.

Attribution of Sponsor's Income and Resources to Aliens 1

- Sec. 1621. (a) For purposes of determining eligibility for and the amount of benefits under this title for an individual who is an alien, the income and resources of any person who (as a sponsor of such individual's entry into the United States) executed an affidavit of support or similar agreement with respect to such individual, and the income and resources of the sponsor's spouse, shall be deemed to be the income and resources of such individual (in accordance with subsections (b) and (c)) for a period of three years after the individual's entry into the United States. Any such income deemed to be income of such individual shall be treated as unearned income of such individual.
- (b) (1) The amount of income of a sponsor (and his spouse) which shall be deemed to be the unearned income of an alien for any year shall be determined as follows:
 - (A) The total yearly rate of earned and unearned income (as determined under section 1612(a)) of such sponsor and such sponsor's spouse (if such spouse is living with the sponsor) shall be determined for such year.
 - (B) The amount determined under subparagraph (A) shall be reduced by an amount equal to (i) the maximum amount of the Federal benefit under this title for such year which would be

¹ Sec. 1621 was added by sec. 504 of P.L. 96-265 effective Oct. 1, 1980.

payable to an eligible individual who has no other income and who does not have an eligible spouse (as determined under section 1611(b)(1)), plus (ii) one-half of the amount determined under clause (i) multiplied by the number of individuals who are dependents of such sponsor (or such sponsor's spouse if such spouse is living with the sponsor), other than such alien and such alien's spouse.

- (C) The amount of income which shall be deemed to be unearned income of such alien shall be at a yearly rate equal to the amount determined under subparagraph (B). The period for determination of such amount shall be the same as the period for determination of benefits under section 1611(c).
- (2) The amount of resources of a sponsor (and his spouse) which shall be deemed to be the resources of an alien for any year shall be determined as follows:
 - (A) The total amount of the resources (as determined under section 1613) of such sponsor and such sponsor's spouse (if such spouse is living with the sponsor) shall be determined.
 - (B) The amount determined under subparagraph (A) shall be reduced by an amount equal to (i) \$1,500 in the case of a sponsor who has no spouse with whom he is living, or (ii) \$2,250 in the case of a sponsor who has a spouse with whom he is living.
 - (C) The resources of such sponsor (and spouse) as determined under subparagraphs (A) and (B) shall be deemed to be resources of such alien in addition to any resources of such alien.
- (c) In determining the amount of income of an alien during the period of three years after such alien's entry into the United States, the reduction in dollar amounts otherwise required under section 1612(a)(2)(A)(i) shall not be applicable if such alien is living in the household of a person who is a sponsor (or such sponsor's spouse) of such alien, and is receiving support and maintenance in kind from such sponsor (or spouse), nor shall support or maintenance furnished in cash or kind to an alien by such alien's sponsor (to the extent that it reflects income or resources which were taken into account in determining the amount of income and resources to be deemed to the alien under subsection (a) or (b)) be considered to be income of such alien under section 1612(a)(2)(A).
- (d) (1) Any individual who is an alien shall, during the period of three years after entry into the United States, in order to be an eligible individual or eligible spouse for purposes of this title, be required to provide to the Secretary such information and documentation with respect to his sponsor as may be necessary in order for the Secretary to make any determination required under this section, and to obtain any cooperation from such sponsor necessary for any such determination. Such alien shall also be required to provide to

the Secretary such information and documentation as the Secretary may request and which such alien or his sponsor provided in support of such alien's immigration application.

- (2) The Secretary shall enter into agreements with the Secretary of State and the Attorney General whereby any information available to such persons and required in order to make any determination under this section will be provided by such persons to the Secretary, and whereby such persons shall inform any sponsor of an alien, at the time such sponsor executes an affidavit of support or similar agreement, of the requirements imposed by this section.
- (e) Any sponsor of an alien, and such alien, shall be jointly and severably liable for an amount equal to any overpayment made to such alien during the period of three years after such alien's entry into the United States, on account of such sponsor's failure to provide correct information under the provisions of this section, except where such sponsor was without fault, or where good cause for such failure existed. Any such overpayment which is not repaid to the Secretary or recovered in accordance with section 1631(b) shall be withheld from any subsequent payment to which such alien or such sponsor is entitled under any provision of this Act.
- (f) (1) The provisions of this section shall not apply with respect to any individual who is an "aged, blind, or disabled individual" for purposes of this title by reason of blindness (as determined under section 1614(a)(2)) or disability (as determined under section 1614 (a)(3)), from and after the onset of the impairment, if such blindness or disability commenced after the date of such individual's admission into the United States for permanent residence.
- (2) The provisions of this section shall not apply with respect to any alien who is—
 - (A) admitted to the United States as a result of the application, prior to April 1, 1980, of the provisions of section 203(a) (7) of the Immigration and Nationality Act;
 - (B) admitted to the United States as a result of the application, after March 31, 1980, of the provisions of section 207(c) (1) of such Act;
 - (C) paroled into the United States as a refugee under section 212(d) (5) of such Act; or
 - (D) granted political asylum by the Attorney General.

Sec. 1622. [Repealed.] ¹

Part B-Procedural and General Provisions

Payments and Procedures Payment of Benefits

Sec. 1631. (a) (1) Benefits under this title shall be paid at such time or times and in such installments as will best effectuate the pur-

¹ Repealed by sec. 2 of P.L. 97-123.

poses of this title, as determined under regulations (and may in any case be paid less frequently than monthly where the amount of the monthly benefit would not exceed \$10).

- (2) Payments of the benefit of any individual may be made to any such individual or to his eligible spouse (if any) or partly to each, or, if the Secretary deems it appropriate to any other person (including an appropriate public or private agency) who is interested in or concerned with the welfare of such individual (or spouse). Notwithstanding the provisions of the preceding sentence, in the case of any individual or eligible spouse referred to in section 1611(e)(3)(A), the Secretary shall provide for making payments of the benefit to any other person (including an appropriate public or private agency) who is interested in or concerned with the welfare of such individual (or spouse).
- (3) The Secretary may by regulation establish ranges of incomes within which a single amount of benefits under this title shall apply.
 - (4) The Secretary—
 - (A) may make to any individual initially applying for benefits under this title who is presumptively eligible for such benefits and who is faced with financial emergency a cash advance against such benefits in an amount not exceeding \$100; and
 - (B) may pay benefits under this title to an individual applying for such benefits on the basis of disability or blindness for a period not exceeding 3 months prior to the determination of such individual's disability or blindness, if such individual is presumptively disabled or blind and is determined to be otherwise eligible for such benefits, and any benefits so paid prior to such determination shall in no event be considered overpayments for purposes of subsection (b) solely because such individual is determined not to be disabled or blind.¹
- (5) Payment of the benefit of any individual who is an aged, blind, or disabled individual solely by reason of blindness (as determined under section 1614(a)(2)) or disability (as determined under section 1614(a)(3)), and who ceases to be blind or to be under such disability, shall continue (so long as such individual is otherwise eligible) through the second month following the month in which such blindness or disability ceases.
- (6) Notwithstanding any other provision of this title, payment of the benefit of any individual who is an aged, blind, or disabled individual solely by reason of disability (as determined under section 1614(a)(3)) shall not be terminated or suspended because the physical or mental impairment, on which the individual's eligibility for such benefit is based, has or may have ceased, if—
 - (A) such individual is participating in an approved voca-

¹ Subpar. (B) was amended by sec. 4 of P.L. 94-569.

tional rehabilitation program under a State plan approved under title I of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, and

(B) the Commissioner of Social Security determines that the completion of such program, or its continuation for a specified period of time, will increase the likelihood that such individual may (following his participation in such program) be permanently removed from the disability benefit.¹

Overpayments and Underpayments

- (b) (1) Whenever the Secretary finds that more or less than the correct amount of benefits has been paid with respect to any individual, proper adjustment or recovery shall, subject to the succeeding provisions of this subsection, be made by appropriate adjustments in future payments to such individual or by recovery from or payment to such individual or his eligible spouse (or by recovery from the estate of either). The Secretary shall make such provision as he finds appropriate in the case of payment of more than the correct amount of benefits with respect to an individual with a view to avoiding penalizing such individual or his eligible spouse who was without fault in connection with the overpayment, if adjustment or recovery on account of such overpayment in such case would defeat the purposes of this title, or be against equity or good conscience, or (because of the small amount involved) impede efficient or effective administration of this title.
- (2) In any case in which advance payments for a taxable year made by all employers to an individual under section 3507 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954 (relating to advance payment of earned income credit) exceed the amount of such individual's earned income credit allowable under section 43 of such Code for such year, so that such individual is liable under section 43(g) of such Code for a tax equal to such excess, the Secretary shall provide for an appropriate adjustment of such individual's benefit amount under this title so as to provide payment to such individual of an amount equal to the amount of such benefits lost by such individual on account of such excess advance payments.²
- (3) For payments for which adjustments are made by reason of a retroactive payment of benefits under title II, see section 1127.3

Hearings and Review

(c) (1) The Secretary is directed to make findings of fact, and decisions as to the rights of any individual applying for payment under this title. Any such decision by the Secretary which involves a determination of disability and which is in whole or in part unfavorable to such individual shall contain a statement of the case, in understandable language, setting forth a discussion of the evidence, and stat-

¹ Par. (6) was added by sec. 301 of P.L. 96-265 effective December 1980.

² Par. (2) was added by sec. 101 of P.L. 96-222.

³ This paragraph was added by sec. 501 of P.L. 96–265 effective July 1980 and was redesignated as par. (3) by sec. 6(h) of P.L. 96–473.

ing the Secretary's determination and the reason or reasons upon which it is based. The Secretary shall provide reasonable notice and opportunity for a hearing to any individual who is or claims to be an eli-

¹ This sentence was added by sec. 305(b) of P.L. 96-265 effective July 1981.

gible individual or eligible spouse and is in disagreement with any determination under this title with respect to eligibility of such individual for benefits, or the amount of such individual's benefits, if such individual requests a hearing on the matter in disagreement within sixty days after notice of such determination is received, and, if a hearing is held, shall, on the basis of evidence adduced at the hearing affirm, modify, or reverse his findings of fact and such decision. The Secretary is further authorized, on his own motion, to hold such hearings and to conduct such investigations and other proceedings as he may deem necessary or proper for the administration of this title. In the course of any hearing, investigation, or other proceeding, he may administer oaths and affirmations, examine witnesses, and receive evidence. Evidence may be received at any hearing before the Secretary even though inadmissible under the rules of evidence applicable to court procedure.

(2) Determination on the basis of such hearing, except to the extent that the matter in disagreement involves a disability (within the meaning of section 1614(a)(3)), shall be made within ninety days after the individual requests the hearing as provided in paragraph (1).

(3) The final determination of the Secretary after a hearing under paragraph (1) shall be subject to judicial review as provided in section 205(g) to the same extent as the Secretary's final determinations under section 205.1

Procedures: Prohibitions of Assignments; Representation of Claimants

- (d) (1) The provisions of section 207 and subsections (a), (d), (e), and (f) of section 205 shall apply with respect to this part to the same extent as they apply in the case of title II.
- (2) The Secretary may prescribe rules and regulations governing the recognition of agents or other persons, other than attorneys, as hereinafter provided, representing claimants before the Secretary under this title, and may require of such agents or other persons, before being recognized as representatives of claimants, that they shall show that they are of good character and in good repute, possessed of the necessary qualifications to enable them to render such claimants valuable service, and otherwise competent to advise and assist such claimants in the presentation of their cases. An attorney in good standing who is admitted to practice before the highest court of the State, Territory, District, or insular possession of his residence or before the Supreme Court of the United States or the inferior Federal courts, shall be entitled to represent claimants before the Secretary. The Secretary may, after due notice and opportunity for hearing, suspend or prohibit from further practice before him any such person, agent, or

¹ Section 1631(c) was amended by section 1 of Public Law 94-202.

attorney who refuses to comply with the Secretary's rules and regulations or who violates any provision of this paragraph for which a penalty is prescribed. The Secretary may, by rule and regulation, prescribe the maximum fees which may be charged for services performed in connection with any claim before the Secretary under this title, and any agreement in violation of such rules and regulations shall be void. Any person who shall, with intent to defraud, in any manner willfully and knowingly deceive, mislead, or threaten any claimant or prospective claimant or beneficiary under this title by word, circular, letter, or advertisement, or who shall knowingly charge or collect directly or indirectly any fee in excess of the maximum fee, or make any agreement directly or indirectly to charge or collect any fee in excess of the maximum fee, prescribed by the Secretary, shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor and, upon conviction thereof, shall for each offense be punished by a fine not exceeding \$500 or by imprisonment not exceeding one year, or both.1

Applications and Furnishing of Information

- (e) (1) (A) The Secretary shall, subject to subparagraph (B), prescribe such requirements with respect to the filing of applications, the suspension or termination of assistance, the furnishing of other data and material, and the reporting of events and changes in circumstances, as may be necessary for the effective and efficient administration of this title.
- (B) The requirements prescribed by the Secretary pursuant to subparagraph (A) shall require that eligibility for benefits under this title will not be determined solely on the basis of declarations by the applicant concerning eligibility factors or other relevant facts, and that relevant information will be verified from independent or collateral sources and additional information obtained as necessary in order to assure that such benefits are only provided to eligible individuals (or eligible spouses) and that the amounts of such benefits are correct.
- (2) In case of the failure by any individual to submit a report of events and changes in circumstances relevant to eligibility for or amount of benefits under this title as required by the Secretary under paragraph (1), or delay by any individual in submitting a report as so required, the Secretary (in addition to taking any other action he may consider appropriate under paragraph (1)) shall reduce any benefits which may subsequently become payable to such individual under this title by—

¹ Section 1631(d) was amended by section 2 of Public Law 94-202.

- (A) \$25 in the case of the first such failure or delay,
- (B) \$50 in the case of the second such failure or delay, and
- (C) \$100 in the case of the third or a subsequent such failure or delay,

except where the individual was without fault or good cause for such failure or delay existed.

Furnishing of Information by Other Agencies

(f) The head of any Federal agency shall provide such information as the Secretary needs for purposes of determining eligibility for or amount of benefits, or verifying other information with respect thereto.

Reimbursement to States for Interim Assistance Payments

- (g) (1) Notwithstanding subsection (d) (1) and subsection (b) as it relates to the payment of less than the correct amount of benefits, the Secretary may, upon written authorization by an individual, withhold benefits due with respect to that individual and may pay to a State (or a political subdivision thereof if agreed to by the Secretary and the State) from the benefits withheld an amount sufficient to reimburse the State (or political subdivision) for interim assistance furnished on behalf of the individual by the State (or political subdivision).
- (2) For purposes of this subsection, the term "benefits" with respect to any individual means supplemental security income benefits under this title, and any State supplementary payments under section 1616 or under section 212 of Public Law 93-66 which the Secretary makes on behalf of a State (or political subdivision thereof), that the Secretary has determined to be due with respect to the individual at the time the Secretary makes the first payment of benefits. A cash advance made pursuant to subsection (a) (4) (A) shall not be considered as the first payment of benefits for purposes of the preceding sentence.
- (3) For purposes of this subsection, the term "interim assistance" with respect to any individual means assistance financed from State or local funds and furnished for meeting basic needs during the period, beginning with the month in which the individual filed an application for benefits (as defined in paragraph (2)), for which he was eligible for such benefits.
- (4) In order for a State to receive reimbursement under the provisions of paragraph (1), the State shall have ir. effect an agreement with the Secretary which shall provide—

- (A) that if the Secretary makes payment to the State (or a political subdivision of the State as provided for under the agreement) in reimbursement for interim assistance (as defined in paragraph (3)) for any individual in an amount greater than the reimbursable amount authorized by paragraph (1), the State (or political subdivision) shall pay to the individual the balance of such payment in excess of the reimbursable amount as expeditiously as possible, but in any event within ten working days or a shorter period specified in the agreement; and
- (B) that the State will comply with such other rules as the Secretary finds necessary to achieve efficient and effective administration of this subsection and to carry out the purposes of the program established by this title, including protection of hearing rights for any individual aggrieved by action taken by the State (or political subdivision) pursuant to this subsection.
- (5) The provisions of subsection (c) shall not be applicable to any disagreement concerning payment by the Secretary to a State pursuant to the preceding provisions of this subsection nor the amount retained by the State (or political subdivision).
 - (6) [Repealed.] 1

Payment of Certain Travel Expenses

(h) The Secretary shall pay travel expenses, either on an actual cost or commuted basis, to individuals for travel incident to medical examinations requested by the Secretary in connection with disability determinations under this title, and to parties, their representatives, and all reasonably necessary witnesses for travel within the United States (as defined in section 1614(e)) to attend reconsideration interviews and proceedings before administrative law judges with respect to any determination under this title. The amount available under the preceding sentence for payment for air travel by any person shall not exceed the coach fare for air travel between the points involved unless the use of first-class accommodations is required (as determined under regulations of the Secretary) because of such person's health condition or the unavailability of alternative accommodations; and the amount available for payment for other travel by any person shall not exceed the cost of travel (between the points involved) by the most economical and expeditious means of transportation appropriate to such person's health condition, as specified in such regulations.2

Payment to States With Respect to Certain Unnegotiated Checks ³

(i) (1) The Secretary of the Treasury shall, on a monthly basis, notify the Secretary of all benefit checks issued under this title which

¹ Par. (6) repealed by sec. 1, of P.L. 94-365.

² Subsec. (h) was added by sec. 310, of P.L. 96-265.

² Subsec. (1) was added by sec. 2343 of P.L. 97-35.

include amounts representing State supplementary payments as described in paragraph (2) and which have not been presented for payment within one hundred and eighty days after the day on which they were issued.

- (2) The Secretary shall from time to time determine the amount representing the total of the State supplementary payments made pursuant to agreements under section 1616(a) of this Act and under section 212(b) of Public Law 93-66 which is included in all such benefit checks not presented for payment within one hundred and eighty days after the day on which they were issued, and shall pay each State (or credit each State with) an amount equal to that State's share of all such amount. Amounts not paid to the States shall be returned to the appropriation from which they were originally paid.
- (3) The Secretary, upon notice from the Secretary of the Treasury under paragraph (1), shall notify any State having an agreement described in paragraph (2) of all such benefit checks issued under that State's agreement which were not presented for payment within one hundred and eighty days after the day on which they were issued.
- (4) The Secretary shall, to the maximum extent feasible, investigate the whereabouts and eligibility of the individuals whose benefit checks were not presented for payment within one hundred and eighty days after the day on which they were issued.

Penalties for Fraud

Sec. 1632. Whoever—

(1) knowingly and willfully makes or causes to be made any false statement or representation of a material fact in any appli-

¹ Par. (2) was amended by sec. 187 of P.L. 97-248.

cation for any benefit under this title.

(2) at any time knowingly and willfully makes or causes to be made any false statement or representation of a material fact for

use in determining rights to any such benefit.

(3) having knowledge of the occurrence of any event affecting (A) his initial or continued right to any such benefit, or (B) the initial or continued right to any such benefit of any other individual in whose behalf he has applied for or is receiving such benefit, conceals or fails to disclose such event with an intent fraudulently to secure such benefit either in a greater amount or quantity than is due or when no such benefit is authorized, or

(4) having made application to receive any such benefit for the use and benefit of another and having received it. knowingly and willfully converts such benefit or any part thereof to a use

other than for the use and benefit of such other person.

shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction thereof shall be fined not more than \$1,000 or imprisoned for not more than one year, or both.

Administration

Sec. 1633. (a) Subject to subsection (b), the Secretary may make such administrative and other arrangements (including arrangements for the determination of blindness and disability under section 1614(a) (2) and (3) in the same manner and subject to the same conditions as provided with respect to disability determinations under section 221) as may be necessary or appropriate to carry out his functions under this title.

(b) In determining, for purposes of this title, whether an individual is blind, there shall be an examination of such individual by a physician skilled in the diseases of the eye or by an optometrist, whichever the individual may select.

Determinations of Medicaid Eligibility

Sec. 1634. The Secretary may enter into an agreement with any State which wishes to do so under which he will determine eligibility for medical assistance in the case of aged, blind, or disabled individuals under such State's plan approved under title XIX. Any such agreement shall provide for payments by the State, for use by the Secretary in carrying out the agreement, of an amount equal to onehalf of the cost of carrying out the agreement, but in computing such cost with respect to individuals eligible for benefits under this title, the Secretary shall include only those costs which are additional to the costs incurred in carrying out this title.

TITLE XVII—GRANTS FOR PLANNING COMPREHENSIVE ACTION TO COMBAT MENTAL RETARDATION

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Authorization of Appropriations

Section 1701. For the purpose of assisting the States (including the District of Columbia, the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, the Virgin Islands, Guam, and American Samoa) to plan for and take other steps leading to comprehensive State and community action to combat mental retardation, there is authorized to be appropriated the sum of \$2,200,000. There are also authorized to be appropriated, for assisting such States in initiating the implementation and carrying out of planning and other steps to combat mental retardation, \$2,750,000 for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1966, and \$2,750,000 for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1967.

Grants to States

Sec. 1702. The sums appropriated pursuant to the first sentence of section 1701 shall be available for grants to States by the Secretary during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1964, and the succeeding fiscal year; and the sums appropriated pursuant to the second sentence of such section for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1966, shall be available for such grants during such year and the next two fiscal years, and sums appropriated pursuant thereto for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1967, shall be available for such grants during such year and the succeeding fiscal year. Any such grant to a State, which shall not exceed 75 per centum of the cost of the planning and related activities involved, may be used by it to determine what action is needed to combat mental retardation in the State and the resources available for this purpose, to develop public awareness of the mental retardation problem and of the need for combating it, to coordinate State and local activities relating to the various aspects of mental retardation and its prevention, treatment, or amelioration, and to plan other activities leading to comprehensive State and community action to combat mental retardation.

² This table of contents does not appear in the law.

Applications

Sec. 1703. In order to be eligible for a grant under section 1702, a State must submit an application therefor which—

(1) designates or establishes a single State agency, which may be an interdepartmental agency, as the sole agency for carrying out the purposes of this title;

- (2) indicates the manner in which provision will be made to assure full consideration of all aspects of services essential to planning for comprehensive State and community action to combat mental retardation, including services in the fields of education, employment, rehabilitation, welfare, health, and the law, and services provided through community programs for and institutions for the mentally retarded;
- (3) sets forth its plan for expenditure of such grant, which plans provide reasonable assurance of carrying out the purposes of this title;
- (4) provides for submission of a final report of the activities of the State agency in carrying out the purposes of this title, and for submission of such other reports, in such form and containing such information, as the Secretary may from time to time find necessary for carrying out the purposes of this title and for keeping such records and affording such access thereto as he may find necessary to assure the correctness and verification of such reports; and
- (5) provides for such fiscal control and fund accounting procedures as may be necessary to assure proper disbursement of and accounting for funds paid to the State under this title.

Payments

Sec. 1704. Payment of grants under this title may be made (after necessary adjustment on account of previously made underpayments or overpayments) in advance or by way of reimbursement, and in such installments and on such conditions, as the Secretary may determine.

TITLE XVIII—HEALTH INSURANCE FOR THE AGED AND DISABLED

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Prohibition Against Any Federal Interference

Section 1801. Nothing in this title shall be construed to authorize any Federal officer or employee to exercise any supervision or control over the practice of medicine or the manner in which medical services are provided, or over the selection, tenure, or compensation of any officer or employee of any institution, agency, or person providing health services; or to exercise any supervision or control over the administration or operation of any such institution, agency, or person.

Free Choice by Patient Guaranteed

Sec. 1802. Any individual entitled to insurance benefits under this title may obtain health services from any institution, agency, or person qualified to participate under this title if such institution, agency, or person undertakes to provide him such services.

Option to Individuals To Obtain Other Health Insurance Protection

Sec. 1803. Nothing contained in this title shall be construed to preclude any State from providing, or any individual from purchasing or otherwise securing, protection against the cost of any health services.

Part A—Hospital Insurance Benefits for the Aged and Disabled Description of Program

Sec. 1811. The insurance program for which entitlement is established by sections 226 and 226A provides basic protection against the costs of hospital, related post-hospital, home health services, and hospice care in accordance with this part for (1) individuals who are age 65 or over and are eligible for retirement benefits under title II of this Act (or would be eligible for such benefits if certain Federal employment were covered employment under such title) or under the railroad retirement system, (2) individuals under age 65 who have been entitled for not less than 24 months to benefits under title II of this Act (or would have been so entitled to such benefits if certain Federal employment were covered employment under such title) or under the railroad retirement system on the basis of a disability, and (3) certain individuals who do not meet the conditions specified in either clause (1) or (2) but who are medically determined to have end stage renal disease.

¹Sec. 1811 was amended by acc. 4(a) of P.L. 95-292, sec. 108 of P.L. 96-265, by sec. 2(b) of P.L. 96-473, by sec. 930(a) of P.L. 96-499, and secs. 122(a)(1) and 278(b)(3) of P.L. 97-248.

Scope of Benefits

Sec. 1812. (a) The benefits provided to an individual by the insurance program under this part shall consist of entitlement to have payment made on his behalf or, in the case of payments referred to in section 1814(d)(2) to him (subject to the provisions of this part) for—

- (1) inpatient hospital services for up to 150 days during any spell of illness minus one day for each day of inpatient hospital services in excess of 90 received during any preceding spell of illness (if such individual was entitled to have payment for such services made under this part unless he specifies in accordance with regulations of the Secretary that he does not desire to have such payment made);
- (2) (A) post-hospital extended care services for up to 100 days during any spell of illness, and (B) to the extent provided in subsection (f), extended care services that are not post-hospital extended care services: 1

(3) home health services; and ²

- (4) in lieu of certain other benefits, hospice care with respect to the individual during up to two periods of 90 days each and one subsequent period of 30 days with respect to which the individual makes an election under subsection (d)(1).
- (b) Payment under this part for services furnished an individual during a spell of illness may not (subject to subsection (c)) be made for—
 - (1) inpatient hospital services furnished to him during such spell after such services have been furnished to him for 150 days during such spell minus 1 day for each day of inpatient hospital services in excess of 90 received during any preceding spell of illness (if such individual was entitled to have payment for such services made under this part unless he specifies in accordance with regulations of the Secretary that he does not desire to have such payment made);
 - (2) post-hospital extended care services furnished to him during such spell after such services have been furnished to him for 100 days during such spell; or

¹ Par. (2) was amended by sec. 123(a) of P.L. 97-248.

² Par. (3) was amended by sec. 930(b) of P.L. 96-499.

³ Par. (4) was added by sec. 122(b) (1) of P.L. 97-248.

- (3) inpatient psychiatric hospital services furnished to him after such services have been furnished to him for a total of 190 days during his lifetime.
- (c) If an individual is an inpatient of a psychiatric hospital on the first day of the first month for which he is entitled to benefits under this part, the days on which he was an inpatient of such a hospital in the 150-day period immediately before such first day shall be included in determining the number of days limit under subsection (b) (1) insofar as such limit applies to (1) inpatient psychiatric hospital services, or (2) inpatient hospital services for an individual who is an inpatient primarily for the diagnosis or treatment of mental illness (but shall not be included in determining such number of days limit insofar as it applies to other inpatient hospital services or in determining the 190-day limit under subsection (b)(3)).
- (d) (1) Payment under this part may be made for hospice care provided with respect to an individual only during two periods of 90 days each and one subsequent period of (30) days during the individual's lifetime and only, with respect to each such period, if the individual makes an election under this paragraph to receive hospice care under this part provided by, or under arrangements made by, a particular hospice program instead of certain other benefits

under this title.

- (2) (A) Except as provided in subparagraphs (B) and (C) and except in such exceptional and unusual circumstances as the Secretary may provide, if an individual makes such an election for a period with respect to a particular hospice program, the individual shall be deemed to have waived all rights to have payment made under this title with respect to—
 - (i) hospice care provided by another hospice program (other than under arrangements made by the particular hospice program) during the period, and
 - (ii) services furnished during the period that are determined (in accordance with guidelines of the Secretary) to be-
 - (I) related to the treatment of the individual's condition with respect to which a diagnosis of terminal illness has been made or
- (II) equivalent to (or duplicative of) hospice care; except that clause (ii) shall not apply to physicians' services furnished by the individual's attending physician (if not an employee of the hospice program) or to other than services provided by (or under arrangements made by) the hospice program.
- (B) After an individual makes such an election with respect to a 90- or 30-day period, the individual may revoke the election during the period, in which case-
 - (i) the revocation shall act as a waiver of the right to have payment made under this part for any hospice care benefits for

the remaining time in such period and (for purposes of subsection (a) (4) and subparagraph (A)) the individual shall be deemed to have been provided such benefits during such entire period, and

(ii) the individual may at any time after the revocation execute a new election for a subsequent period, if the individual otherwise is entitled to hospice care benefits with respect to such

a period.

(C) An individual may, once in each such period, change the hospice program with respect to which the election is made and such change shall not be considered a revocation of an election under

subparagraph (B).

(D) For purposes of this title, an individual's election with respect to a hospice program shall no longer be considered to be in effect with respect to that hospice program after the date the individual's revocation or change of election with respect to that election takes effect.1

¹ Subsec. (d) was added by sec. 122(b) (2) of P.L. 97-248.

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- (e) For purposes of subsections (b) and (c), inpatient hospital services, inpatient psychiatric hospital services, and post-hospital extended care services shall be taken into account only if payment is or would be, except for this section or the failure to comply with the request and certification requirements of or under section 1814(a), made with respect to such services under this part.1
- (f) (1) The Secretary shall provide for coverage, under clause (B) of subsection (a)(2), of extended care services which are not posthospital extended care services at such time and for so long as the Secretary determines, and under such terms and conditions (described in paragraph (2)) as the Secretary finds appropriate, that the inclusion of such services will not result in any increase in the total of payments made under this title and will not alter the acute care nature of the benefit described in subsection (a) (2).

(2) The Secretary may provide—

- (A) for such limitations on the scope and extent of services described in subsection (a)(2)(B) and on the categories of individuals who may be eligible to receive such services, and
- (B) notwithstanding sections 1814, 1861(v), and 1886, for such restrictions and alternatives on the amounts and methods of payment for services described in such subsection.

as may be necessary to carry out paragraph (1).2

(g) For definition of "spell of illness", and for definitions of other terms used in this part, see section 1861.

Deductibles and Coinsurance

Sec. 1813. (a) (1) The amount payable for inpatient hospital services furnished an individual during any spell of illness shall be reduced by a deduction equal to the inpatient hospital deductible or, if less, the charges imposed with respect to such individual for such services, except that, if the customary charges for such services are greater than the charges so imposed, such customary charges shall be considered to be the charges so imposed. Such amount shall be further reduced by a coinsurance amount equal to-

(A) one-fourth of the inpatient hospital deductible for each day (before the 91st day) on which such individual is furnished such services during such spell of illness after such services have been

furnished to him for 60 days during such spell; and

(B) one-half of the inpatient hospital deductible for each day (before the day following the last day for which such individual is entitled under section 1812(a) (1) to have payment made on his behalf for inpatient hospital services during such spell of

¹Subsec. (e) was amended, with respect to services furnished on or after July 1, 1981, by sec. 930(d) of P.L. 96-499.

Subsec. (f) was added by sec. 123(b) of P.L. 97-248.

² Subsec. (g) was redesignated by sec. 123(b) of P.L. 97-248.

illness) on which such individual is furnished such services during such spell of illness after such services have been furnished

to him for 90 days during such spell;

except that the reduction under this sentence for any day shall not exceed the charges imposed for that day with respect to such individual for such services (and for this purpose, if the customary charges for such services are greater than the charges so imposed, such customary charges shall be considered to be the charges so imposed).

(2) The amount payable to any provider of services under this part for services furnished an individual during any spell of illness shall be further reduced by a deduction equal to the cost of the first three pints of whole blood (or equivalent quantities of packed red blood cells. as defined under regulations) furnished to him as part of such services during such spell of illness.

(8) The amount payable for post-hospital extended care services furnished an individual during any spell of illness shall be reduced by a coinsurance amount equal to one-eighth of the inpatient hospital deductible for each day (before the 101st day) on which he is furnished such services after such services have been furnished to him for 20 days during such spell.

(4) (A) The amount payable for hospice care shall be reduced—

(i) in the case of drugs and biologicals provided on an outpatient basis by (or under arrangements made by) the hospice program, by a coinsurance amount equal to an amount (not to exceed \$5 per prescription) determined in accordance with a drug copayment schedule (established by the hospice program) which is related to, and approximates 5 percent of, the cost of the drug or biological to the program, and

(ii) in the case of respite care provided by (or under arrangements made by) the hospice program, by a coinsurance amount equal to 5 percent of the amount estimated by the hospice program (in accordance with regulations of the Secretary) to be equal to the amount of payment under section 1814(i) to that

program for respite care;

except that the total of the coinsurance required under clause (ii) for an individual may not exceed for a hospice coinsurance period the inpatient hospital deductible applicable for the year in which the period began. For purposes of this subparagraph, the term "hospice coinsurance period" means, for an individual, a period of consecutive days beginning with the first day for which an election under section 1812(d) is in effect for the individual and ending with the close of the first period of 14 consecutive days on each of which such an election is not in effect for the individual.

(B) During the period of an election by an individual under section 1812(d)(1), no copayments or deductibles other than those under subparagraph (A) shall apply with respect to services furnished to such individual which constitute hospice care, regardless of the setting in which such services are furnished.

(b) (1) The inpatient hospital deductible which shall be applicable for the purposes of subsection (a) shall be \$40 in the case of any spell

of illness beginning before 1969.

(2) The Secretary shall, between July 1 and October 1 of 1968, and of each year thereafter, determine and promulgate the inpatient hospital deductible which shall be applicable for the purposes of subsection (a) in the case of any inpatient hospital services or posthospital extended care services furnished during the succeeding calendar year. Such inpatient hospital deductible shall be equal to \$45 multiplied by the ratio of (A) the current average per diem rate for inpatient hospital services for the calendar year preceding the promulgation, to (B) the current average per diem rate for such services for 1966. Any amount determined under the preceding sentence which is not a multiple of \$4 shall be rounded to the nearest multiple of \$4 (or, if it is midway between two multiples of \$4, to the next higher multiple of \$4). The current average per diem rate for any year shall be determined by the Secretary on the basis of the best information available to him (at the time the determination is made) as to the amounts paid under this part on account of inpatient hospital services furnished during such year, by hospitals which have agreements in effect under section 1866, to individuals who are entitled to hospital insurance benefits under section 226, plus the amount which would have been so paid but for subsection (a) (1) of this section.2

Conditions of and Limitations on Payment for Services Requirement of Requests and Certifications

Sec. 1814. (a) Except as provided in subsections (d) and (g) and in section 1876, payment for services furnished an individual may be made only to providers of services which are eligible therefor under

section 1866 and only if-

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(1) written request, signed by such individual, except in cases in which the Secretary finds it impracticable for the individual to do so, is filed for such payment in such form, in such manner, and by such person or persons as the Secretary may by regulation prescribe, no later than the close of the period of 3 calendar years following the year in which such services are furnished (deeming any services furnished in the last 3 calendar months of any calendar year to have been furnished in the succeeding calendar year) except that where the Secretary deems that efficient administration so requires, such period may be reduced to not less than 1 calendar year;

¹ Par. (4) was added by sec. 122(e) of P.L. 97–248.

The first sentence of sec. 1813(b) (2) was amended by sec. 2181(a) of P.L. 97-35.

- (2) physician certifies (and recertifies, where such services are furnished over a period of time, in such cases, with such frequency, and accompanied by such supporting material, appropriate to the case involved, as may be provided by regulations, except that the first of such recertifications shall be required in each case of inpatient hospital services not later than the 20th day of such period) that—
 - (A) in the case of inpatient psychiatric hospital services, such services are or were required to be given on an inpatient basis, by or under the supervision of a physician, for the psychiatric treatment of an individual; and (i) such treatment can or could reasonably be expected to improve the condition for which such treatment is or was necessary or (ii) inpatient diagnostic study is or was medically required and such services are or were necessary for such purposes;
 - (B) in the case of inpatient tuberculosis hospital services, such services are or were required to be given on an inpatient basis, by or under the supervision of a physician, for the treatment of an individual for tuberculosis; and such treatment can or could reasonably be expected to (i) improve the condition for which such treatment is or was necessary or (ii) render the condition noncommunicable;
 - (C) in the case of post-hospital extended care services, such services are or were required to be given because the individual needs or peeded on a daily basis skilled nursing care (provided directly by or requiring the supervision of skilled nursing personnel) or other skilled rehabilitation services, which as a practical matter can only be provided in a skilled nursing facility on an inpatient basis, for any of the conditions with respect to which he was receiving inpatient hospital services (or services which would constitute inpatient hospital services if the institution met the requirements of paragraphs (6) and (9) of section 1861(e)) prior to transfer to the skilled nursing facility or for a condition requiring such extended care services which arose after such transfer and while he was still in the facility for treatment of the condition or conditions for which he was receiving such inpatient hospital services:
 - (D) in the case of home health services, such services are or were required because the individual is or was confined to his home (except when receiving items and services referred to in section 1861(m)(7)) and needs or needed skilled nursing care on an intermittent basis or physical or speech therapy or, in the case of an individual who has been furnished home health services based on such a need and who no longer has such a need for such care or therapy, continues or continued

to need occupational therapy, a plan for furnishing such services to such individual has been established and is periodically reviewed by a physician; and such services are or were furnished while the individual was under the care of a physician; or ¹.

(E) in the case of inpatient hospital services in connection with the care, treatment, filling, removal, or replacement of teeth or structures directly supporting teeth, the individual, because of his underlying medical condition and clinical status or because of the severity of the dental procedure, require hospitalization in connection with the provision of such services: ²

(F) [Repealed.] ²

- (3) with respect to inpatient hospital services (other than inpatient psychiatric hospital services and inpatient tuberculosis hospital services) which are furnished over a period of time, a physician certifies that such services are required to be given on an inpatient basis for such individual's medical treatment, or that inpatient diagnostic study is medically required and such services are necessary for such purpose, except that (A) such certification shall be furnished only in such cases, with such frequency, and accompanied by such supporting material, appropriate to the cases involved, as may be provided by regulations, and (B) the first such certification required in accordance with clause (A) shall be furnished no later than the 20th day of such period;
- (4) in the case of inpatient psychiatric hospital services, the services are those which the records of the hospital indicate were furnished to the individual during periods when he was receiving (A) intensive treatment services, (B) admission and related services necessary for a diagnostic study, or (C) equivalent services;
- (5) in the case of inpatient tuberculosis hospital services, the services are those which the records of the hospital indicate were furnished to the individual during periods when he was receiving treatment which could reasonably be expected to (A) improve his condition or (B) render it noncommunicable;
- (6) with respect to inpatient hospital services furnished such individual after the 20th day of a continuous period of such services and with respect to post-hospital extended care services furnished after such day of a continuous period of such services as may be prescribed in or pursuant to regulations, there was not in

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¹ Subpar. (D) was amended, with respect to services furnished on or after July 1, 1981, by sec. 930(f) of P.L. 96-499. The subparagraph was also amended by sec. 2122(a)(1) of P.L. 97-35.

^{*}Subpar. (E) was amended, with respect to services furnished on or after July 1, 1981, by sec. 936(b) of P.L. 96-499.

² Subpar. (F) was repealed by sec. 2121(b) of P.L. 97-35.

effect, at the time of admission of such individual to the hospital or skilled nursing facility, as the case may be, a decision under section 1866(d) (based on a finding that utilization review of long-stay cases is not being made in such hospital or facility);

(7) with respect to inpatient hospital services or post-hospital extended care services furnished such individual during a continuous period, a finding has not been made (by the physician members of the committee or group, as described in section 1861(k)(4), including any finding made in the course of a sample or other review of admissions to the institution) pursuant to the system of utilization to review that further inpatient hospital services or further post-hospital extended care services, as the case may be, are not medically necessary; except that, if such a finding has been made, payment may be made for such services furnished before the 4th day after the day on which the hospital or skilled nursing facility, as the case may be, received notice of such finding; and

To the extent provided by regulations, the certification and recertification requirements of paragraph (2) shall be deemed satisfied where, at a later date, a physician makes certification of the kind provided in subparagraph (A), (B), (C), (D), or (E) of paragraph (2) (whichever would have applied), but only where such certification is accompanied by such medical and other evidence as may be required by such regulations. With respect to the physician certification required by paragraph (2) for home health services furnished to any individual by a home health agency (other than an agency which is a governmental entity) and with respect to the establishment and review of a plan for such services, the Secretary shall prescribe regulations which shall become effective no later than July 1, 1981, and which prohibit a physician who has a significant ownership interest in, or a significant financial or contractual relationship with, such home health agency from performing such certification and from establishing or reviewing such plan.

(8) in the case of hospice care provided an individual—

(A) (i) in the first 90-day period—

(I) the individual's attending physician (as defined in section 1861(dd)(3)(B)), and

(II) the medical director (or physician member of the interdisciplinary group described in section 1861 (dd)(2)(B)) of the hospice program providing (or arranging for) the care,

each certify, not later than two days after hospice care is initiated, that the individual is terminally ill (as defined in section 1861(dd)(3)(A)), and

- (ii) in a subsequent 90- or 30-day period, the medical director or physician described in clause (i) (II) recertifies at the beginning of the period that the individual is terminally ill;
- (B) a written plan for providing hospice care with respect to such individual has been established (before such care is

provided by, or under arrangements made by, that hospice program) and is periodically reviewed by the individual's attending physician and by the medical director (and the interdisciplinary group described in section 1861(dd)(2)(B)) of the hospice program; and

(C) such care is being or was provided pursuant to such

plan of care.1

Amount Paid to Providers

(b) The amount paid to any provider of services (other than a hospice program providing hospice care) with respect to services for which payment may be made under this part shall, subject to the provisions of sections 1813 and 1886, be—

(1) except as provided in paragraph (3), the lesser of (A) the reasonable cost of such services, as determined under section 1861 (v) and as further limited by section 1881(b)(2)(B), or (B) the

customary charges with respect to such services;

(2) if such services are furnished by a public provider of services free of charge or at nominal charges to the public, the amount determined on the basis of those items (specified in regulations prescribed by the Secretary) included in the determination of such reasonable cost which the Secretary finds will provide fair compensation to such provider for such services; or

- (3) if some or all of the hospitals in a State have been reimbursed for services (for which payment may be made under this part) pursuant to a reimbursement system approved as a demonstration project under section 402 of the Social Security Amendments of 1967 or section 222 of the Social Security Amendments of 1972, if the rate of increase in such hospitals in their costs per hospital inpatient admission of individuals entitled to benefits under this part over the duration of such project was equal to or less than such rate of increase for admissions of such individuals with respect to all hospitals in the United States during such period, and if either the State has legislative authority to operate such system and the State elects to have reimbursement to such hospitals made in accordance with this paragraph or the system is operated through a voluntary agreement of hospitals and such hospitals elect to have reimbursement to those hospitals made in accordance with this paragraph, then the Secretary may provide for continuation of reimbursement to such hospitals under such system until the Secretary determines that-
 - (A) a third-party payor reimburses such a hospital on a basis other than under such system, or

¹ Subsec. (b) was amended by sec. 4(f) of P.L. 95-292, sec. 903(a) of P.L. 96-499, secs. 101(c) (1), 122(c) (1), and 122(c) (2) (A) of P.L. 97-248.

(B) the rate of increase for the previous three-year period in such hospitals in costs per hospital inpatient admission of individuals entitled to benefits under this part is greater than such rate of increase for admissions of such individuals with respect to all hospitals in the United States for such period.

In the case of any State which has had such a demonstration project reimbursement system in continuous operation since July 1, 1977, the Secretary shall provide under paragraph (3) for continuation of reimbursement to hospitals in the State under such system until the first day of the seventh month beginning after the date the Secretary determines and notifies the Governor of the State that either of the conditions described in subparagraph (A) or (B) of such paragraph has occurred.¹

No Payments to Federal Providers of Services

(c) Subject to section 1880, no payment may be made under this part (except under subsection (d) or subsection (h)) to any Federal provider of services, except a provider of services which the Secretary determines is providing services to the public generally as a community institution or agency; and no such payment may be made to any provider of services for any item or service which such provider is obligated by a law of, or a contract with, the United States to render at public expense.²

¹The last sentence of subsec. (a) was added, with respect to services furnished on or after July 1, 1981, by sec. 930(e) of P.L. 96–499.

² Subsec. (c) was amended by sec. 401(a) of P.L. 94–487, sec. 23(a) of P.L. 95–142, and sec. 941(b) of P.L. 96–499.

Payments for Emergency Hospital Services

- (d) (1) Payments shall also be made to any hospital for inpatient hospital services furnished in a calendar year by the hospital or under arrangements (as defined in section 1861(w)) with it, to an individual entitled to hospital insurance benefits under section 226 even though such hospital does not have an agreement in effect under this title if (A) such services were emergency services, (B) the Secretary would be required to make such payment if the hospital had such an agreement in effect and otherwise met the conditions of payment hereunder, and (C) such hospital has elected to claim payments for all such inpatient emergency services and for the emergency outpatient services referred to in section 1835(b) furnished during such year. Such payments shall be made only in the amounts provided under subsection (b) and then only if such hospital agrees to comply, with respect to the emergency services provided, with the provisions of section 1866(a).
- (2) Payment may be made on the basis of an itemized bill to an individual entitled to hospital insurance benefits under section 226 for services described in paragraph (1) which are emergency services if (A) payment cannot be made under paragraph (1) solely because the hospital does not elect to claim such payment, and (B) such individual files application (submitted within such time and in such form and manner and by such person, and containing and supported by such information as the Secretary shall by regulations prescribe) for reimbursement.
- (3) The amounts payable under the preceding paragraph with respect to services described therein shall, subject to the provisions of section 1813, be equal to 60 percent of the hospital's reasonable charges for routine services furnished in the accommodations occupied by the individual or in semiprivate accommodations (as defined in section 1861(v)(4)), whichever is less, plus 80 percent of the hospital's reasonable charges for ancillary services. If separate charges for routine and ancillary services are not made by the hospital, reimbursement may be based on two-thirds of the hospital's reasonable charges for the services received but not to exceed the charges which would have been made if the patient had occupied semiprivate accommodations. For purposes of the preceding provisions of this paragraph, the term "routine services" shall mean the regular room, dietary and nursing services, minor medical and surgical supplies, and the use of equipment and facilities for which a separate charge is not customarily made; the term "ancillary services" shall mean those special services for which charges are customarily made in addition to routine services.

Payment for Inpatient Hospital Services Prior to Notification of Noneligibility

(e) Notwithstanding that an individual is not entitled to have payment made under this part for inpatient hospital services furnished

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by any hospital, payment shall be made to such hospital (unless it elects not to receive such payment or, if payment has already been made by or on behalf of such individual, fails to refund such payment within the time specified by the Secretary) for such services which are furnished to the individual prior to notification to such hospital from the Secretary of his lack of entitlement, if such payments are precluded only by reason of section 1812 and if such hospital complies with the requirements of and regulations under this title with respect to such payments, has acted in good faith and without knowledge of such lack of entitlement, and has acted reasonably in assuming entitlement existed. Payment under the preceding sentence may not be made for the services furnished an individual pursuant to any admission after the 6th elapsed day (not including as an elapsed day Saturday, Sunday, or legal holiday) after the day on which such admission occurred.

Payment for Certain Inpatient Hospital Services Furnished Outside the United States

(f) (1) Pay nent shall be made for inpatient hospital services furnished to an individual entitled to hospital insurance benefits under section 226 by a hospital located outside the United States, or under arrangements (as defined in section 1861(w)) with it, if—

(A) such individual is a resident of the United States, and

(B) such hospital was closer to, or substantially more accessible from, the residence of such individual than the nearest hospital within the United States which was adequately equipped to deal with, and was available for the treatment of, such individual's illness or injury.

(2) Payment may also be made for emergency inpatient hospital services furnished to an individual entitled to hospital insurance benefits under section 226 by a hospital located outside the United States if—

(A) such individual was physically present—

(i) in a place within the United States; or

(ii) at a place within Canada while traveling without unreasonable delay by the most direct route (as determined by the Secretary) between Alaska and another State;

at the time the emergency which necessitated such inpatient hos-

pital services occurred, and

(B) such hospital was closer to, or substantially more accessible from, such place than the nearest hospital within the United States which was adequately equipped to deal with, and was available for the treatment of, such individual's illness or injury.

(8) Payment shall be made in the amount provided under subsection (b) to any hospital for the inpatient hospital services described in paragraph (1) or (2) furnished to an individual by the

hospital or under arrangements (as defined in section 1861(w)) with it if (A) the Secretary would be required to make such payment if the hospital had an agreement in effect under this title and otherwise met the conditions of payment hereunder, (B) such hospital elects to claim such payment, and (C) such hospital agrees to comply, with respect to such services, with the provisions of section 1866(a).

(4) Payment for the inpatient hospital services described in paragraph (1) or (2) furnished to an individual entitled to hospital insurance benefits under section 226 may be made on the basis of an itemized bill to such individual if (A) payment for such services cannot be made under paragraph (3) solely because the hospital does not elect to claim such payment, and (B) such individual files application (submitted within such time and in such form and manner and by such person, and continuing and supported by such information as the Secretary shall by regulations prescribe) for reimbursement. The amount payable with respect to such services shall, subject to the provisions of section 1813, be equal to the amount which would be payable under subsection (d) (3).

Payment for Services of a Physician Rendered in a Teaching Hospital

- (g) For purposes of services for which the reasonable cost thereof is determined under section 1861(v)(1)(D), payment under this part shall be made to such fund as may be designated by the organized medical staff of the hospital in which such services were furnished or, if such services were furnished in such hospital by the faculty of a medical school, to such fund as may be designated by such faculty, but only if—
 - (1) such hospital has an agreement with the Secretary under section 1866, and
 - (2) the Secretary has received written assurances that (A) such payment will be used by such fund solely for the improvement of care of hospital patients or for educational or charitable purposes and (B) the individuals who were furnished such services or any other persons will not be charged for such services (or if charged, provision will be made for return of any moneys incorrectly collected).

Payment for Certain Hospital Services Provided in Veterans' Administration Hospitals

(h) (1) Payments shall also be made to any hospital operated by the Veterans' Administration for inpatient hospital services furnished in a calendar year by the hospital, or under arrangements (as defined in section 1861(w)) with it, to an individual entitled to hospital benefits under section 226 even though the hospital is a Federal provider of services if (A) the individual was not entitled to have the services furnished to him free of charge by the hospital, (B) the individual was admitted to the hospital in the reasonable belief on the part of the admitting authorities that the individual was a person who was entitled to have the services furnished to him free of charge, (C) the authorities of the hospital, in admitting the individual, and the individual, acted in good faith, and (D) the services were furnished during a period ending with the close of the day on which the authorities operating the hospital first became aware of the fact that the individual was not entitled to have the services furnished to him by the hospital free of charge, or (if later) ending with the first day on which it was medically feasible to remove the individual from the hospital by discharging him therefrom or transferring him to a hospital which has in effect an agreement under this title.

(2) Payment for services described in paragraph (1) shall be in an amount equal to the charge imposed by the Veterans' Administration for such services, or (if less) the reasonable costs for such services (as estimated by the Secretary). Any such payment shall be made to the entity to which payment for the services involved would have been payable, if payment for such services had been made by the individual receiving the services involved (or by another private person acting on behalf of such individual).

Payment for Hospice Care

(i) (1) Subject to the limitation under paragraph (2) and the provisions of section 1813(a) (4), the amount paid to a hospice program with respect to hospice care for which payment may be made under this part shall be an amount equal to the costs which are reasonable and related to the cost of providing hospice care or which are based on such other tests of reasonableness as the Secretary may prescribe in regulations (including those authorized under section 1861(v)(1)(A)), except that no payment may be for bereavement counseling and no reimbursement may be made for other counseling services (including nutritional and dietary counseling) as separate services.

¹ Subsec. (h), formerly subsec. (j) was added by sec. 28(b) of P.L. 95-142 and was redesignated by sec. 941(a) of P.L. 96-499, which also struck out former subsecs. (h) and (i) relating to posthospital extended care and home health services.

² Subsec. (1), was added by sec. 122(c) (2) (B) of P.L. 97-248.

(2) (A) The amount of payment made under this part for hospice care provided by (or under arrangements made by) a hospice program located in a region (as defined by the Secretary) for an accounting year may not exceed the "cap amount" for the region for the year (computed under subparagraph (B)) multiplied by the number of medicare beneficiaries in the hospice program in that year (determined under subparagraph (C)).

(B) For purposes of subparagraph (A), the "cap amount" for a

region for a year is computed as follows:

(i) The Secretary, using records of the program under this title, shall identify individuals (or a representative sample of such individuals)—

(I) who died during the base period (as defined in clause (v)),

(II) with respect to whom the primary cause of death was cancer, and

(III) who, during the six-month period preceding death,

were provided benefits under this title.

(ii) The Secretary shall determine a national average medicare per capita expenditure amount by (I) determining (or estimating) the amount of payments made under this title with respect to services provided to individuals identified in clause (i) during the six months before death, and (II) dividing such amount of payments by the number of such individuals.

(iii) The Secretary, using the best available data, shall then compute a regional average medicare per capita expenditure amount for each region, by adjusting the national average medicare per capita expenditure amount (computed under clause (ii)) to reflect the relative difference between that region's average cost of delivering health care and the national average cost of deliver-

ing health care.

- (iv) The "cap amount" for a region for an accounting year is 40 percent of the regional average determined under clause (iii) for that region, increased or decreased by the same percentage as the percentage increase or decrease, respectively, in the medical care expenditure category of the consumer price index for all urban consumers (U.S. city average), published by the Bureau of Labor Statistics, from the fourth month of the base period to the fifth month of the accounting year.
- (v) For purposes of this subparagraph, the term "base period" means the most recent period of 12 months (ending before the date proposed regulations are first issued to carry out this paragraph) for which the Secretary determines he has sufficient data to make the determinations required under clauses (i) through (iii).

(C) For purposes of subparagraph (A), the "number of medicare beneficiaries" in a hospice program in an accounting year is equal to the number of individuals who have made an election under subsection (d) with respect to the hospice program and have been provided hospice care by (or under arrangements made by) the hospice program under this part in the accounting year, such number reduced to reflect the proportion of hospice care that each such individual was provided in a previous or subsequent accounting year or under a plan of care established by another hospice program.

Payment to Providers of Services

Sec. 1815. (a) The Secretary shall periodically determine the amount which should be paid under this part to each provider of services with respect to the services furnished by it, and the provider of services shall be paid, at such time or times as the Secretary believes appropriate (but not less often than monthly) and prior to audit or

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settlement by the General Accounting Office, from the Federal Hospital Insurance Trust Fund, the amounts so determined, with necessary adjustments on account of previously made overpayments or underpayments; except that no such payments shall be made to any provider unless it has furnished such information as the Secretary may request in order to determine the amounts due such provider under this part for the period with respect to which the amounts are

being paid or any prior period.

(b) No payment shall be made to a provider of services which is a hospital for or with respect to services furnished by it for any period with respect to which it is deemed, under section 1861(w) (2), to have in effect an arrangement with a Professional Standards Review Organization for the conduct of utilization review activities by such organization unless such hospital has paid to such organization the amount due (as determined pursuant to such section) to such organization for the review activities conducted by it pursuant to such arrangements or such hospital has provided assurances satisfactory to the Secretary that such organization will promptly be paid the amount so due to it from the proceeds of the payment claimed by the hospital. Payment under this title for utilization review activities provided by a quality control and peer review organization pursuant to an arrangement or deemed arrangement with a hospital under section 1861(w)(2) shall be calculated without any requirement that the reasonable cost of such activities be apportioned among the patients of such hospital, if any, to whom such activities were not applicable.1

(c) No payment which may be made to a provider of services under this title for any service furnished to an individual shall be made to any other person under an assignment or power of attorney; but nothing in this subsection shall be construed (1) to prevent the making of such a payment in accordance with an assignment from the provider if such assignment is made to a governmental agency or entity or is established by or pursuant to the order of a court of competent jurisdiction, or (2) to preclude an agent of the provider of services from receiving any such payment if (but only if) such agent does so pursuant to an agency agreement under which the compensation to be paid to the agent for his services for or in connection with the billing or collection of payments due such provider under this title is unrelated (directly or indirectly) to the amount of such payments or the billings therefor, and is not dependent upon the actual collection of any such payment. 2

¹ Subsection (b) was added by section 112 of Public Law 94–182 effective February 1, 1976 and amended by sec. 148(b) of P.L. 97–248.

² Subsec. (c) was added by sec. 2(a) (2) of P.L. 95–142 and was amended by sec. 6(i) of

(d) Whenever a final determination is made that the amonut of payment made under this part to a provider of services was in excess of or less than the amount of payment that is due, and payment of such excess or deficit is not made (or effected by offset) within 30 days of the date of the determination, interest shall accrue on the balance of such excess or deficit not paid or offset (to the extent that the balance is owed by or owing to the provider) at a rate determined in accordance with the regulations of the Secretary of the Treasury applicable to charges for late payments.

² Subsec. (d) was added by sec. 117(a) (1) of P.L. 97-248.

Use of Public Agencies or Private Organizations To Facilitate Payment to Providers of Services

Sec. 1816. (a) If any group or association of providers of services wishes to have payments under this part to such providers made through a national, State, or other public or private agency or organization and nominates such agency or organization for this purpose. the Secretary is authorized to enter into an agreement with such agency or organization providing for the determination by such agency or organization (subject to the provisions of section 1878 and to such review by the Secretary as may be provided for by the agreement) of the amount of the payments required pursuant to this part to be made to such providers (and to providers assigned to such agency or organization under subsection (e)), and for the making of such payments by such agency or organization to such providers (and to providers assigned to such agency or organization under subsection (e)). Such agreement may also include provision for the agency or organization to do all or any part of the following: (1) to provide consultative services to institutions or agencies to enable them to establish and maintain fiscal records necessary for purposes of this part and otherwise to qualify as hospitals, extended care facilities, or home health agencies, and (2) with respect to the providers of services which are to receive payments through it (A) to serve as a center for, and communicate to providers, any information or instructions furnished to it by the Secretary, and serve as a channel of communication from providers to the Secretary; (B) to make such audits of the records of providers as may be necessary to insure that proper payments are made under this part; and (C) to perform such other functions as are necessary to carry out this subsection.1

(b) The Secretary shall not enter into or renew an agreement with any agency or organization under this section unless—

(1) he finds—

- (A) after applying the standards, criteria, and procedures developed under subsection (f), that to do so is consistent with the effective and efficient administration of this part, and
- (B) that such agency or organization is willing and able to assist the providers to which payments are made through it under this part in the application of safeguards against unnecessary utilization of services furnished by them to individuals entitled to hospital insurance benefits under section 226, and the agreement provides for such assistance; and
- (2) such agency or organization agrees—

¹ Subsection (a) was amended by sec. 14(a) (1) of P.L. 95-142.

(A) to furnish to the Secretary such of the information acquired by it in carrying out its agreement under this section, and

(B) to provide the Secretary with access to all such data,

information, and claims processing operations,

as the Secretary may find necessary in performing his functions under this part.1

- (c) An agreement with any agency or organization under this section may contain such terms and conditions as the Secretary finds necessary or appropriate, may provide for advances of funds to the agency or organization for the making of payments by it under subsection (a), and shall provide for payment of so much of the cost of administration of the agency or organization as is determined by the Secretary to be necessary and proper for carrying out the functions covered by the agreement.
- (d) If the nomination of an agency or organization as provided in this section is made by a group or association of providers of services, it shall not be binding on members of the group or association which notify the Secretary of their election to that effect. Any provider may, upon such notice as may be specified in the agreement under this section with an agency or organization, withdraw its nomination to receive payments through such agency or organization. Any provider which has not made a nomination, may elect to receive payments from any agency or organization which has entered into an agreement with the Secretary under this section if the Secretary and such agency or organization agree to it.
- (e) (1) Notwithstanding subsections (a) and (d), the Secretary, after taking into consideration any preferences of providers of services, may assign or reassign any provider of services to any agency or organization which has entered into an agreement with him under this section, if he determines, after applying the standards, criteria, and procedures developed under subsection (f), that such assignment or reassignment would result in the more effective and efficient administration of this part.
- (2) Notwithstanding subsections (a) and (d), the Secretary may (subject to the provisions of paragraph (4)) designate a national or regional agency or organization which has entered into an agreement with him under this section to perform functions under the agreement with respect to a class of providers of services in the Nation or region (as the case may be), if he determines, after applying the standards, criteria, and procedures developed under subsection (f), that such designation would result in more effective and efficient administration of this part.

¹ Subsec. (b) was amended by sec. 14(a)(2) of P.L. 95-142 effective as specified in subsecs. (c) and (d) of sec. 14.

² Par. (2) was amended by sec. 930(o)(1) of P.L. 96-499.

- (3) (A) Before the Secretary makes an assignment or reassignment under paragraph (1) of a provider of services to other than the agency or organization nominated by the provider, he shall furnish (i) the provider and such agency or organization with a full explanation of the reasons for his determination as to the efficiency and effectiveness of the agency or organization to perform the functions required under this part with respect to the provider, and (ii) such agency or organization with opportunity for a hearing, and such determination shall be subject to judicial review in accordance with chapter 7 of title 5, United States Code.
- (B) Before the Secretary makes a designation under paragraph (2) with respect to a class of providers of services, he shall furnish (i) such providers and the agencies and organizations adversely affected by such designation with a full explanation of the reasons for his determination as to the efficiency and effectiveness of such agencies and organizations to perform the functions required under this part with respect to such providers, and (ii) the agencies and organizations adversely affected by such designation with opportunity for a hearing, and such determination shall be subject to judicial review in accordance with chapter 7 of title 5, United States Code.
- (4) Notwithstanding subsections (a) and (d) and paragraphs (1), (2), and (3) of this subsection, the Secretary shall designate regional agencies or organizations which have entered into an agreement with him under this section to perform functions under such agreement with respect to home health agencies (as defined in section 1861(o)) in the region, except that in assigning such agencies to such designated regional agencies or organizations the Secretary shall assign a home health agency which is a subdivision of a hospital (and such agency and hospital are affiliated or under common control) only if, after applying such criteria relating to administrative efficiency and effectiveness as he shall promulgate, he determines that such assignment would result in the more effective and efficient administration of this title.
- (5) Notwithstanding any other provision of this title, the Sectary shall designate the agency or organization which has entered into an agreement under this section to perform functions under such an agreement with respect to each hospice program, except that with respect to a hospice program which is a subdivision of a provider of services (and such hospice program and provider of services are under common control) due regard shall be given to the agency or organization which performs the functions under this section for the provider of services.¹

¹ Subsec. (e) was added (and the former subsec. (e) was redesignated (g)) by sec. 14(a) (4) and (5) of P.L. 95–142. Par. (4) was added by sec. 930(o) (2) of P.L. 96–499 and par. (5) was added by sec. 122(c) (8) of P.L. 97–248.

(f) In order to determine whether the Secretary should enter into, renew, or terminate an agreement under this section with an agency or organization, whether the Secretary should assign or reassign a provider of services to an agency or organization, and whether the Secretary should designate an agency or organization to perform services with respect to a class of providers of services, the Secretary shall develop standards, criteria, and procedures to evaluate such agency's or organization's (1) overall performance of claims processing and other related functions required to be performed by such an agency or organization under an agreement entered into under this section, and

- (2) performance of such functions with respect to specific providers of services, and the Secretary shall establish, by regulation, standards and criteria with respect to the efficient and effective administration of this part. No agency or organization shall be found under such standards and criteria not to be efficient or effective or to be less efficient or effective solely on the ground that the agency or organization serves only providers located in a single State.¹
- (g) An agreement with the Secretary under this section may be terminated—
 - (1) by the agency or organization which entered into such agreement at such time and upon such notice to the Secretary, to the public, and to the providers as may be provided in regulations, or
 - (2) by the Secretary at such time and upon such notice to the agency or organization, to the providers which have nominated it for purposes of this section, and to the public, as may be provided in regulations, but only if he finds, after applying the standards, criteria, and procedures developed under subsection (f) and after reasonable notice and opportunity for hearing to the agency or organization, that (A) the agency or organization has failed substantially to carry out the agreement, or (B) the continuation of some or all of the functions provided for in the agreement with the agency or organization is disadvantageous or is inconsistent with the efficient administration of this part.²
- (h) An agreement with an agency or organization under this section may require any of its officers or employees certifying payments or disbursing funds pursuant to the agreement, or otherwise participating in carrying out the agreement, to give surety bond to the United States in such amount as the Secretary may deem appropriate.³
- (i) (1) No individual designated pursuant to an agreement under this section as a certifying officer shall, in the absence of gross negligence or intent to defraud the United States, be liable with respect to any payments certified by him under this section.
- (2) No disbursing officer shall, in the absence of gross negligence or intent to defraud the United States, be liable with respect to any payment by him under this section if it was based upon a voucher signed by a certifying officer designated as provided in paragraph (1) of this subsection.

¹ Subsec. (f) was added (and former subsec. (f) was redesignated (h)) by sec. 14(a) (4) and (5) of P.L. 95-142q

² Subsec. (g) was formerly subsec. (e) and was redesignated by sec. 14(a)(4) of P.L. 95-142. The subsection was amended by sec. 14(a)(3) of P.L. 95-142.

³ Subsecs. (h) and (i) were formerly (f) and (g) respectively and were redesignated by sec. 14(a)(4) of P.L. 95–142.

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(3) No such agency or organization shall be liable to the United States for any payments referred to in paragraph (1) or (2).

Federal Hospital Insurance Trust Fund

Sec. 1817. (a) There is hereby created on the books of the Treasury of the United States a trust fund to be known as the "Federal Hospital Insurance Trust Fund" (hereinafter in this section referred to as the "Trust Fund"). The Trust Fund shall consist of such gifts and bequests as may be made as provided in section 201(i) (1), and such

¹ Subsecs. (h) and (i) were formerly (f) and (g) respectively and were redesignated by sec. 14(a) (4) of P.L. 95-142.

amounts as may be deposited in, or appropriated to, such fund as provided in this part. There are hereby appropriated to the Trust Fund for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1966, and for each fiscal year thereafter, out of any moneys in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, amounts equivalent to 100 per centum of—

- (1) the taxes imposed by section 3101(b) and 3111(b) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954 with respect to wages reported to the Secretary of the Treasury or his delegate pursuant to subtitle F of such Code after December 31, 1965, as determined by the Secretary of the Treasury by applying the applicable rates of tax under such sections to such wages, which wages shall be certified by the Secretary of Health, Education, and Welfare on the basis of records of wages established and maintained by the Secretary of Health, Education, and Welfare in accordance with such reports; and
- (2) the taxes imposed by section 1401(b) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954 with respect to self-employment income reported to the Secretary of the Treasury or his delegate on tax returns under subtitle F of such Code, as determined by the Secretary of the Treasury by applying the applicable rate of tax under such section to such self-employment income, which self-employment income shall be certified by the Secretary of Health, Education, and Welfare on the basis of records of self-employment established and maintained by the Secretary of Health, Education, and Welfare in accordance with such returns.

The amounts appropriated by the preceding sentence shall be transferred from time to time from the general fund in the Treasury to the Trust Fund, such amounts to be determined on the basis of estimates by the Secretary of the Treasury of the taxes, specified in the preceding sentence, paid to or deposited into the Treasury; and proper adjustments shall be made in amounts subsequently transferred to the extent prior estimates were in excess of or were less than the taxes specified in such sentence.

- (b) With respect to the Trust Fund, there is hereby created a body to be known as the Board of Trustees of the Trust Fund (hereinafter in this section referred to as the "Board of Trustees") composed of the Secretary of the Treasury, the Secretary of Labor, and the Secretary of Health, Education, and Welfare, all ex officio. The Secretary of the Treasury shall be the Managing Trustee of the Board of Trustees (hereinafter in this section referred to as the "Managing Trustee"). The Administrator of the Health Care Financing Administration shall serve as the Secretary of the Board of Trustees. The Board of Trustees shall meet not less frequently than once each calendar year. It shall be the duty of the Board of Trustees to—
 - (1) Hold the Trust Fund;

(2) Report to the Congress not later than the first day of April of each year on the operation and status of the Trust Fund during the preceding fiscal year and on its expected operation and status during the current fiscal year and the next 2 fiscal years;

(3) Report immediately to the Congress whenever the Board is of the opinion that the amount of the Trust Fund is unduly

small; and

(4) Review the general policies followed in managing the Trust Fund, and recommend changes in such policies, including necessary changes in the provisions of law which govern the way in

which the Trust Fund is to be managed.

The report provided for in paragraph (2) shall include a statement of the assets of, and the disbursements made from, the Trust Fund during the preceding fiscal year, an estimate of the expected income to, and disbursements to be made from, the Trust Fund during the current fiscal year and each of the next 2 fiscal years, and a statement of the actuarial status of the Trust Fund. Such report shall be printed as a House document of the session of the Congress to which the report is made.¹

(c) It shall be the duty of the Managing Trustee to invest such portion of the Trust Fund as is not, in his judgment, required to meet current withdrawals. Such investments may be made only in interestbearing obligations of the United States or in obligations guaranteed as to both principal and interest by the United States. For such purpose such obligations may be acquired (1) on original issue at the issue price, or (2) by purchase of outstanding obligations at the market price. The purposes for which obligations of the United States may be issued under the Second Liberty Bond Act, as amended, are hereby extended to authorize the issuance at par of public-debt obligations for purchase by the Trust Fund. Such obligations issued for purchase by the Trust Fund shall have maturities fixed with due regard for the needs of the Trust Fund and shall bear interest at a rate equal to the average market yield (computed by the Managing Trustee on the basis of market quotations as of the end of the calendar month next preceding the date of such issue) on all marketable interest-bearing obligations of the United States then forming a part of the public debt which are not due or callable until after the expiration of 4 years from the end of such calendar month; except that where such average market yield is not a multiple of one-eighth of 1 per centum, the rate of interest on such obligations shall be the multiple of one-eighth of 1 per centum nearest such market yield. The managing Trustee may

¹ Subsection (b) was amended by sec. 5 of P.L. 95-292.

purchase other interest-bearing obligations of the United States or obligations guaranteed as to both principal and interest by the United States, on original issue or at the market price, only where he determines that the purchase of such other obligations is in the public interest.

(d) Any obligations acquired by the Trust Fund (except public-debt obligations issued exclusively to the Trust Fund) may be sold by the Managing Trustee at the market price, and such public-debt obligations may be redeemed at par plus accrued interest.

(e) The interest on, and the proceeds from the sale or redemption of, any obligations held in the Trust Fund shall be credited to and

form a part of the Trust Fund.

- (f) (1) The Managing Trustee is directed to pay from time to time from the Trust Fund into the Treasury the amount estimated by him as taxes imposed under section 3101(b) which are subject to refund under section 6413(c) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954 with respect to wages paid after December 31, 1965. Such taxes shall be determined on the basis of the records of wages established and maintained by the Secretary of Health, Education, and Welfare in accordance with the wages reported to the Secretary of the Treasury or his delegate pursuant to subtitle F of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954, and the Secretary of Health, Education, and Welfare shall furnish the Managing Trustee such information as may be required by the Managing Trustee shall be covered into the Treasury as repayments to the account for refunding internal revenue collections.
- (2) Repayments made under paragraph (1) shall not be available for expenditures but shall be carried to the surplus fund of the Treasury. If it subsequently appears that the estimates under such paragraph in any particular period were too high or too low, appropriate adjustments shall be made by the Managing Trustee in future payments.
- (g) There shall be transferred periodically (but not less often than once each fiscal year) to the Trust Fund from the Federal Old-Age and Survivors Insurance Trust Fund and from the Federal Disability Insurance Trust Fund amounts equivalent to the amounts not previously so transferred which the Secretary of Health, Education, and Welfare shall have certified as overpayments (other than amounts so certified to the Railroad Retirement Board) pursuant to section 1870(b) of this Act. There shall be transferred periodically (but not less often than once each fiscal year) to the Trust Fund from the Railroad Retirement Account amounts equivalent to the amounts not previously so transferred which the Secretary of Health, Education, and Welfare shall have certified as overpayments to the Railroad Retirement Board pursuant to section 1870(b) of this Act.
- (h) The Managing Trustee shall also pay from time to time from the Trust Fund such amounts as the Secretary of Health, Education, and Welfare certifies are necessary to make the payments provided for by this part, and the payments with respect to administrative expenses in accordance with section 201(g)(1).

- (i) There are authorized to be made available for expenditure out of the Trust Fund such amounts as are required to pay travel expenses, either on an actual cost or commuted basis, to parties, their representatives, and all reasonably necessary witnesses for travel within the United States (as defined in section 210(i)) to attend reconsideration interviews and proceedings before administrative law judges with respect to any determination under this title. The amount available under the preceding sentence for payment for air travel by any person shall not exceed the coach fare for air travel between the points involved unless the use of first-class accommodations is required (as determined under regulations of the Secretary) because of such person's health condition or the unavailability of alternative accommodations; and the amount available for payment for other travel by any person shall not exceed the cost of travel (between the points involved) by the most economical and expeditious means of transportation appropriate to such person's health condition, as specified in such regulations.1
- (j) (1) If at any time prior to January 1983 the Managing Trustee determines that borrowing authorized under this subsection is appropriate in order to best meet the need for financing the benefit payments from the Federal Hospital Insurance Trust Fund, the Managing Trustee may borrow such amounts as he determines to be appropriate from either the Federal Old-Age and Survivors Insurance Trust Fund or the Federal Disability Insurance Trust Fund for transfer to and deposit in the Federal Hospital Insurance Trust Fund.
- (2) In any case where a loan has been made to the Federal Hospital Insurance Trust Fund under paragraph (1), there shall be transferred from time to time, from such Trust Fund to the lending Trust Fund, interest with respect to the unrepaid balance of such loan at a rate equal to the rate which the lending Trust Fund would earn on the amount involved if the loan were an investment under subsection (c).
- (8) If in any month after a loan has been made to the Federal Hospital Insurance Trust Fund under paragraph (1), the Managing Trustee determines that the assets of such Trust Fund are sufficient to permit repayment of all or part of any loans made to such Fund under paragraph (1), he shall make such repayments as he determines to be appropriate.
- (4) The Board of Trustees shall make a timely report to the Congress of any amounts transferred (including interest payments) under this subsection.²

¹ Subsec. (i) was added by sec. 310 of P.L. 96-265.

^{*} Subsec. (j) was added by sec. 1(b) of P.L. 97-128.

Hospital Insurance Benefits for Uninsured Individuals Not Otherwise Eligible

Sec. 1818. (a) Every individual who-

- (1) has attained the age of 65,
- (2) is enrolled under part B of this title,
- (3) is a resident of the United States, and is either (A) a citizen or (B) an alien lawfully admitted for permanent residence who has resided in the United States continuously during the 5 years immediately preceding the month in which he applies for enrollment under this section, and
- (4) is not otherwise entitled to benefits under this part, shall be eligible to enroll in the insurance program established by this part.

(b) An individual may enroll under this section only in such manner and form as may be prescribed in regulations, and only during

an enrollment period prescribed in or under this section.

(c) The provisions of section 1837 (except subsection (f) thereof), section 1838, subsection (c) of section 1839, and subsections (f) and (h) of section 1840 shall apply to persons authorized to enroll under this section except that—

- (1) individuals who meet the conditions of subsection (a) (1), (3), and (4) on or before the last day of the seventh month after the month in which this section is eracted may enroll under this part and (if not already so enrolled) may also enroll under part B during an initial general enrollment period which shall begin on the first day of the second month which begins after the date on which this section is enacted and shall end on the last day of the tenth month after the month in which this Act is enacted;
- (2) in the case of an individual who first meets the conditions of eligibility under this section on or after the first day of the eighth month after the month in which this section is enacted, the initial enrollment period shall begin on the first day of the third month before the month in which he first becomes eligible and shall end 7 months later;
- (3) in the case of an individual who enrolls pursuant to paragraph (1) of this subsection, entitlement to benefits shall begin on—
 - (A) the first day of the second month after the month in which he enrolls,

(B) July 1, 1978, or

- (C) the first day of the first month in which he meets the requirements of subsection (a), whichever is the latest;
- (4) termination of coverage under this section by the filing of notice that the individual no longer wishes to participate in the

hospital insurance program shall take effect at the close of the month following the month in which such notice is filed;

- (5) an individual's entitlement under this section shall terminate with the month before the first month in which he becomes eligible for hospital insurance benefits under section 226 of this Act or section 103 of the Social Security Amendments of 1965; and upon such termination, such individual shall be deemed, solely for purposes of hospital insurance entitlement, to have filed in such first month the application required to establish such entitlement; and
- (6) termination of coverage for supplementary medical insurance shall result in simultaneous termination of hospital insurance benefits for uninsured individuals who are not otherwise entitled to benefits under this Act.
- (d) (1) The monthly premium of each individual for each month in his coverage period before July 1974 shall be \$33.
- (2) The Secretary shall, during the last calendar quarter of each year, beginning in 1973, determine and promulgate the dollar amount (whether or not such dollar amount was applicable for premiums for any prior month) which shall be applicable for premiums for months occurring in the 12-month period commencing July 1 of the next year. Such amount shall be equal to \$33, multiplied by the ratio of (A) the inpatient hospital deductible for such next year, as promulgated under section 1813(b)(2), to (B) such deductible promulgated for 1973. Any amount determined under the preceding sentence which is not a multiple of \$1 shall be rounded to the nearest multiple of \$1, or if midway between multiples of \$1 to the next higher multiple of \$1.
- (e) Payment of the monthly premiums on behalf of any individual who meets the conditions of subsection (a) may be made by any public or private agency or organization under a contract or other arrangement entered into between it and the Secretary if the Secretary determines that payment of such premiums under such contract or arrangement is administratively feasible.
- (f) Amounts paid to the Secretary for coverage under this section shall be deposited in the Treasury to the credit of the Federal Hospital Insurance Trust Fund.

Part B—Supplementary Medical Insurance Benefits for the Aged and Disabled

Establishment of Supplementary Medical Insurance Program for the Aged and the Disabled

Sec. 1831. There is hereby established a voluntary insurance program to provide medical insurance benefits in accordance with the pro-

visions of this part for aged and disabled individuals who elect to enroll under such program, to be financed from premium payments by enrollees together with contributions from funds appropriated by the Federal Government.

Scope of Benefits

Sec. 1832. (a) The benefits provided to an individual by the insurance program established by this part shall consist of—

(1) entitlement to have payment made to him or on his behalf (subject to the provisions of this part) for medical and other health services, except those described in subparagraphs (B) and (D) of paragraph (2); and

(2) entitlement to have payment made on his behalf (subject to

the provisions of this part) for-

(A) home health services;

(B) medical and other health services furnished by a provider of services or by others under arrangement with them made by a provider of services, excluding—

(i) physician services except where furnished by—

(I) a resident or intern of a hospital, or

(II) a physician to a patient in a hospital which has a teaching program approved as specified in paragraph (6) of section 1861(b) (including services in conjunction with the teaching programs of such hospital whether or not such patient is an inpatient of such hospital) where the conditions specified in paragraph (7) of such section are met, and

(ii) services for which payment may be made pursuant to section 1835(b)(2); and

- (C) outpatient physical therapy services, other than services to which the next to last sentence of section 1861(p) applies;
 - (D) rural health clinic services;
- (E) comprenensive outpatient rehabilitation facility services; and
- (F) facility services furnished in connection with surgical procedures specified by the Secretary—
 - (i) pursuant to section 1833(i) (1) (A) and performed in an ambulatory surgical center (which meets health, safety, and other standards specified by the Secretary in regulations) if the center has an agreement in effect with the Secretary by which the center agrees to accept the amount determined under section 1833(i) (2) (A) as full payment for such services and to accept an assign-

ment described in section 1842(b)(3)(B)(ii) with respect to payment for all such services furnished by the center to individuals enrolled under this part, or

(ii) pursuant to section 1888(i) (1) (B) and performed by a physician, described in section 1861(r) (1), in his

office, if the Secretary has determined that-

(I) a quality control and peer review organization (having a contract with the Secretary under part B of title XI of this Act) is willing, able, and has agreed to carry out a review (on a sample or other reasonable basis) of the physician's performing such procedures in the physician's office,

(II) the particular physician involved has agreed to make available to such Organization such records as the Secretary determines to be necessary to

carry out the review, and

(III) the physician is authorized to perform the procedure in a hospital located in the area in which the office is located;

and if the physician agrees to accept the amount determined under section 1838(i) (2) (B) as full payment for such services and to accept an assignment described in section 1842(b) (3) (B) (ii) with respect to payment for all services (including all pre- and post-operative services) described in paragraphs (1) and (2) (A) of section 1861(s) and furnished in connection with such surgical procedure to individuals enrolled under this part.

(b) For definitions of "spell of illness", "medical and other health services", and other terms used in this part, see section 1861.

Payment of Benefits

Sec. 1833. (a) Except as provided in section 1876, and subject to the succeeding provisions of this section, there shall be paid from the Federal Supplementary Medical Insurance Trust Fund, in the case of each individual who is covered under the insurance program established by this part and incurs expenses for services with respect to which benefits are payable under this part, amounts equal to—

(1) in the case of services described in section 1832(a)(1)—80 percent of the reasonable charges for the services; except that (A) an organization which provides medical and other health services (or arranges for their availability) on a prepayment

¹ Subsec. (a) was amended by sec. 1(a) of P.L. 95-210. Subsec. (a) was further amended by P.L. 96-499 as follows: Subpar. (A) was amended effective with respect to services furnished on or after July 1, 1961 by sec. 980(g); subpar. (B) was amended by sec. 948(a) sec. 938; subpar. (F) was added by sec. 984(a). Subsec. (a) was further amended by sec. 148(c) of P.L. 97-248.

basis may elect to be paid 80 percent of the reasonable cost of services for which payment may be made under this part on behalf of individuals enrolled in such organization in lieu of 80 percent of the reasonable charges for such services if the organization undertakes to charge such individuals no more than 20 percent of such reasonable cost plus any amounts payable by them as a result of subsection (b), (B) with respect to items and services described in section 1861(s)(10), the amounts paid shall be 100 percent of the reasonable charges for such items and services, (C) with respect to expenses incurred for those physicians' services for which payment may be made under this part that are described in section 1862(a) (4), the amounts paid shall be subject to such limitations as may be prescribed by regulations. (D) with respect to diagnostic tests performed in a laboratory for which payment is made under this part to the laboratory, the amounts paid shall be equal to 100 percent of the negotiated rate for such tests (as determined pursuant to subsection (h) of this section), (E) with respect to services furnished to individuals who have been determined to have end stage renal disease, the amounts paid shall be determined subject to the provisions of section 1881, (F) with respect to expenses incurred for physicians' services (furnished by a physician who has an agreement in effect with the Secretary by which the physician agrees to accept an assignment described in section 1842(b) (3) (B) (ii) with respect to payment for all physicians' services which are preadmission diagnostic services furnished by the physician to individuals enrolled under this part) which are preadmission diagnostic services for which payment may be made under this part and which are furnished (i) in the outpatient department of a hospital within seven days of such individual's admission to the same hospital as an inpatient or, to the extent practicable as determined by regulations prescribed by the Secreary, to another hospital, or (ii) to the extent practicable as determined by regulations prescribed by the Secretary, in a physician's office within seven days of such individual's admission to a hospital as an inpatient, the amounts paid shall be equal to the reasonable charges for such services, and (G) with respect to expenses incurred for services described in subsection (i) (8) under the conditions specified in such subsection, the amounts paid shall be the reasonable charge for such services, and 1

¹ Subpar. (1) was amended by sec. 112(a) of P.L. 97-248.

- (2) in the case of services described in section 1832(a)(2) (except those services described in subparagraphs (D), (E), and (F) of such section and in paragraph (5) of this subsection and unless otherwise specified in section 1881)—
 - (A) with respect to home health services and to items and services described in section 1861(s) (10), the lesser of—
 - (i) the reasonable cost of such services, as determined under section 1861(v), or
 - (ii) the customary charges with respect to such services,

or, if such services are furnished by a public provider of services free of charge or at nominal charges to the public, the amount determined in accordance with section 1814(b) (2); 1

- (B) with respect to other services (except those described in subparagraph (C) of this paragraph and except as may be provided in section 1886)—
 - (i) the lesser of-
 - (I) the reasonable cost of such services, as determined under section 1861(v), or
 - (II) the customary charges with respect to such services,

less the amount a provider may charge as described in clause (ii) of section 1866(a) (2) (A), but in no case may the payment for such other services exceed 80 percent of such reasonable cost, or

- (ii) if such services are furnished by a public provider of services free of charge or at nominal charges to the public, 80 percent of the amount determined in accordance with section 1814(b)(2), or
- (iii) if (and for so long as) the conditions described in section 1814(b)(8) are met, the amounts determined under the reimbursement system described in such section; and ¹
- (C) with respect to services described in the second sentence of section 1861(p), 80 percent of the reasonable charges for such services;
- (8) in the case of services described in subparagraphs (D) and (E) of section 1832(a) (2), the costs which are reasonable and related to the cost of furnishing such services or which are based on such other tests of reasonableness as the Secretary may prescribe in regulations, including those authorized under section 1861(v)(1)(A), less the amount a provider may charge as described in clause (ii) of section 1866(a)(2)(A), but in no case

¹ Subparas. (A) and (B) were amended in their entirety by sec. 2106(a) of P.L. 97-35. Subpar. (B) was subsequently amended by sec. 101(c)(2) of P.L. 97-248.

may the payment for such services (other than for items and services described in section 1861(s)(10)) exceed 80 percent of such costs:

(4) in the case of facility services described in subparagraph (F) of section 1832(a)(2), the applicable amount described in

paragraph (2) of section 1888(i); and

- (5) in the case of preadmission diagnostic services described in section 1861(s)(2)(C) which are furnished to an individual by the outpatient department of a hospital within 7 days of such individual's admission to the same hospital as an inpatient or (to the extent practicable as determined by regulations prescribed by the Secretary) to another hospital, the reasonable costs for such services.¹
- (b) Before applying subsection (a) with respect to expenses incurred by an individual during any calendar year, the total amount of the expenses incurred by such individual during such year (which would, except for this subsection, constitute incurred expenses from which benefits payable under subsection (a) are determinable) shall be reduced by a deductible of \$75; except that (1) such total amount shall not include expenses incurred for items and services described in section 1861(s)(10), (2) such deductible shall not apply with respect to home health services, and (3) such total amount shall with respect to home health services, and (3) such total amount shall not include expenses incurred for services the amount of payment for which is determined under subsection (a) (1) (G) or under subsection (i) (2) or (i) (4). The total amount of the expenses incurred by an individual as determined under the preceding sentence shall, after the reduction specified in such sentence, be further reduced by an amount equal to the expenses incurred for the first three pints of whole blood (or equivalent quantities of packed red blood cells, as defined under

¹ Subsec. (a) was amended by sec. 1(b) of P.L. 95-210; see also sec. 1(c) of that law which is printed in this document on p. 766. Subsec. (a) was also amended by secs. 4(b) and 4(c) of P.L. 95-292.

Subsec. (a) was also amended by the following sections of P.L. 96-499: sec. 918 (a) (4); sec. 932; sec. 934(d) (1); sec. 942; and sec. 948 (which modified par. (1) (B) effective with respect to services furnished on or after July 1, 1981.) Subsec. (a) was further amended by sec. 1(b) (1) of P.L. 96-611 (which added subpar. (1) (H) effective July 1, 1981).

Section 982(b) of P.I. 96-499 provides as follows:

[&]quot;(b) The Secretary of Health and Human Services shall transmit to the Congress, no later than one year after the date of the enactment of this Act, a report describing the policy which has been developed and is being or will be implemented with respect to the amendments made by subsection (a) (1) of this section and by section 942 of this title as they concern expenses incurred for preadmission diagnostic testing furnished to an individual at a hospital within seven days of an individual's admission to another hospital."

regulations) furnished to the individual during the calendar year, except that such deductible for such blood shall in accordance with regulations be appropriately reduced to the extent that there has been a replacement of such blood (or equivalent quantities of packed red blood cells, as so defined); and for such purposes blood (or equivalent quantities of packed red blood cells, as so defined) furnished such individual shall be deemed replaced when the institution or other person furnishing such blood (or such equivalent quantities of packed red blood cells, as so defined) is given one pint of blood for each pint of blood (or equivalent quantities of packed red blood cells, as so defined) furnished such individual with respect to which a deduction is made under this sentence.¹

- (c) Notwithstanding any other provision of this part, with respect to expenses incurred in any calendar year in connection with the treatment of mental, psychoneurotic, and personality disorders of an individual who is not an inpatient of a hospital at the time such expenses are incurred, there shall be considered as incurred expenses for purposes of subsections (a) and (b) only whichever of the following amounts is the smaller:
 - (1) \$312.50, or

(2) 621/2 percent of such expenses.

- (d) No payment may be made under this part with respect to any services furnished an individual to the extent that such individual is entitled (or would be entitled except for section 1818) to have payment made with respect to such services under part A.
- (g) In the case of services described in the next to last sentence of section 1861(p), with respect to expenses incurred in any calendar year, no more than \$500 shall be considered as incurred expenses for purposes of subsections (a) and (b).
- (h) With respect to diagnostic tests performed in a laboratory for which payment is made under this part to the laboratory, the Secretary is authorized to establish a payment rate which is acceptable to the laboratory and which would be considered the full charge for such tests. Such negotiated rate shall be limited to an amount not in excess of the total payment that would have been made for the services in the absence of such a rate.
- (i) (1) The Secretary shall, in consultation with appropriate medical organizations—

¹ Subsec. (b) was amended by sec. 980(h) and 948 of P.L. 96-499 effective with respect to services furnished on or after July 1, 1981 and, effective Dec. 5, 1980, by sec. 984(c) (8) (which added par. (4)). Subsec. (b) was further amended by section 1(b) (2) of P.L. 96-611 which added subpar. (1) (B) effective July 1, 1981. Subsec. (b) was also amended by secs. 2188 and 2184 of P.L. 97-35 and sec. 112(b) of P.L. 97-248.

² Subsec. (g) was amended, effective with expenses incurred in calendar years after 1981, by sec. 935 of P.L. 96-499.

Bubeec. (h) was redesignated by sec. 6(j) of P.L. 96-478.

- (A) specify those surgical procedures which are appropriately (when considered in terms of the proper utilization of hospital inpatient facilities) performed on an inpatient basis in a hospital but which also can be performed safely on an ambulatory basis in an ambulatory surgical center (meeting the standards specified under section 1832(a)(2)(F)(i)) or hospital outpatient department, and
- (B) specify those surgical procedures which are appropriately (when considered in terms of the proper utilization of hospital inpatient facilities) performed on an inpatient basis in a hospital but which also can be performed safely on an ambulatory basis in a physician's office.
- (2) (A) The amount of payment to be made for facility services furnished in connection with a surgical procedure specified pursuant to paragraph (1) (A) and furnished to an individual in an ambulatory surgical center described in such paragraph shall be equal to a standard overhead amount established by the Secretary (with respect to each such procedure) on the basis of the Secretary's estimate of a fair fee which—
 - (i) takes into account the costs incurred by such centers, or classes of centers, generally in providing services furnished in connection with the performance of such procedure, and
 - (ii) takes such costs into account in such a manner as will assure that the performance of the procedure in such a center will result in substantially less amounts paid under this title than would have been paid if the procedure had been performed on an inpatient basis in a hospital.

Each amount so established shall be reviewed periodically and may be adjusted by the Secretary, when appropriate, to take account of varying conditions in different areas.

- (B) The amount of payment to be made under this part for facility services furnished, in connection with a surgical procedure specified pursuant to paragraph (1)(B), in a physician's office shall be equal to a standard overhead amount established by the Secretary (with respect to each such procedure) on the basis of the Secretary's estimate of a fair fee which—
 - (i) takes into account additional costs, not usually included in the professional fee, incurred by physicians in securing, maintaining, and staffing the facilities and ancillary services appropriate for the performance of such procedure in the physician's office, and
 - (ii) takes such items into account in such a manner which will assure that the performance of such procedure in the physician's office will result in substantially less amounts paid under this title than would have been paid if the services had been furnished on an inpatient basis in a hospital.

Each amount so established shall be reviewed periodically and may be adjusted by the Secretary, when appropriate, to take account of varying conditions in different areas.

- (3) In the case of services (including all pre- and post-operative services) described in paragraphs (1) and (2) (A) of section 1861(s) and furnished in connection with surgical procedures (specified pursuant to paragraph (1) of this subsection) in a physician's office, an ambulatory surgical center described in such paragraph, or a hospital outpatient department, payment for such services shall be determined in accordance with subsection (a) (1) (G) if the physician accepts an assignment described in section 1842(b) (3) (B) (ii) with respect to payment for such services.
- (4) (A) The Secretary is authorized to provide by regulations that in the case of a surgical procedure, specified by the Secretary pursuant to paragraph (1) (A), performed in an ambulatory surgical center described in such paragraph, there shall be paid (in lieu of any amounts otherwise payable under this part) with respect to the facility services furnished by such center and with respect to all related services (including physicians' services, laboratory, X-ray, and diagnostic services) a single all-inclusive fee established pursuant to subparagraph (B), if all parties furnishing all such services agree to accept such fee (to be divided among the parties involved in such manner as they shall have previously agreed upon) as full payment for the services furnished.
- (B) In implementing this paragraph, the Secretary shall establish with respect to each surgical procedure specified pursuant to paragraph (1)(A) the amount of the all-inclusive fee for such procedure, taking into account such factors as may be appropriate. The amount so established with respect to any surgical procedure shall be reviewed periodically and may be adjusted by the Secretary, when appropriate, to take account of varying conditions in different areas.¹
- (j) Whenever a final determination is made that the amount of payment made under this part either to a provider of services or to another person pursuant to an assignment under section 1842(b)(3)(B)(ii) was in excess of or less than the amount of payment that is due, and payment of such excess or deficit is not made (or effected by offset) within 30 days of the date of the determination, interest shall accrue on the balance of such excess or deficit not paid or offset (to the extent that the balance is owed by or owing to the provider) at a rate determined in accordance with the regulations of the Secretary of the Treasury applicable to charges for late payments.

Sec. 1834. [Repealed] *

¹ Subsec. (i) was added by sec. 934(b) of P.L. 96-499 and amended by sec. 148(d) of P.L. 97-248.

Subsec. (j) was added by sec. 117(a) (2) of P.L. 97-248.

^{*}Sec. 1834 was repealed by sec. 930(1) of P.L. 96-499 effective with respect to services furnished on or after July 1, 1981.

Procedure for Payment of Claims of Providers of Services

Sec. 1835. (a) Except as provided in subsections (b), (c), and (e), payment for services described in section 1832(a) (2) furnished an individual may be made only to providers of services which are eligible therefor under section 1866(a), and only if—

- (1) written request, signed by such individual, except in cases in which the Secretary finds it impracticable for the individual to do so, is filed for such payment in such form, in such manner and by such person or persons as the Secretary may by regulation prescribe, no later than the close of the period of 3 calendar years following the year in which such services are furnished (deeming any services furnished in the last 3 calendar months of any calendar year to have been furnished in the succeeding calendar year) except that, where the Secretary deems that efficient administration so requires, such period may be reduced to not less than 1 calendar year; and
- (2) a physician certifies (and recertifies, where such services are furnished over a period of time, in such cases, with such frequency, and accompanied by such supporting material, appropriate to the case involved, as may be provided by regulations) that—
 - (A) in the case of home health services (i) such services are or were required because the individual is or was confined to his home (except when receiving items and services referred to in section 1861(m)(7)) and needs or needed skilled nursing care on an intermittent basis or physical or speech therapy or, in the case of an individual who has been furnished home health services based on such a need and who no longer has such a need for such care or therapy, continues or continued to need occupational therapy, (ii) a plan for furnishing such services to such individual has been established and is periodically reviewed by a physician, and (iii) such services are or were furnished while the individual is or was under the care of a physician; ¹
 - (B) in the case of medical and other health services except services described in subparagraphs (B), (C), and (D) of section 1861(s)(2), such services are or were medically required; and
 - (C) in the case of outpatient physical therapy services, (i) such services are or were required because the individual needed physical therapy services, (ii) a plan for furnishing such services has been established, and is periodically reviewed by a physician, and (iii) such services are or were furnished while the individual is or was under the care of a physician;
 - (D) in the case of outpatient speech pathology services, (i) such services are or were required because the individual needed speech pathology services, (ii) a plan for furnishing such services has been established by a physican or by the speech pathologist providing such services and is periodically

¹ Subpar. (A) was amended by sec. 980(j) of P.L. 96-499 effective with respect to services furnished on or after July 1, 1981. The subparagraph was also amended by sec. 2122(a)(1) of P.L. 97-85.

reviewed by a physician, and (iii) such services are or were furnished while the individual is or was under the care of a

physician; and 1

(E) in the case of comprehensive outpatient rehabilitation facility services, (i) such services are or were required because the individual needed skilled rehabilitation services, (ii) a plan for furnishing such services has been established and is periodically reviewed by a physician, and (iii) such services are or were furnished while the individual is or was under the care of a physician.*

To the extent provided by regulations, the certification and recertification requirements of paragraph (2) shall be deemed satisfied where at a later date, a physician makes a certification of the kind provided in subparagraph (A) or (B) of paragraph (2) (whichever would have applied), but only where such certification is accompanied by such medical and other evidence as may be required by such regulations. For purposes of this section, the term "provider of services" shall include a clinic, rehabilitation agency, or public health agency if, in the case of a clinic or rehabilitation agency, such clinic or agency meets the requirements of section 1861(p)(4)(A), or if, in the case of a public health agency, such agency meets the requirements of section 1861(p)(4)(B), but only with respect to the furnishing of outpatient physical therapy services (as therein defined). With respect to the physician certification required by paragraph (2) for home health services furnished to any individual by a home health agency (other than an agency which is a governmental entity) and with respect to the establishment and review of a plan for such services, the Secretary shall prescribe regulations which shall become effective no later than July 1, 1981, and which prohibit a physician who has a significant ownership interest in, or a significant financial or contractual relationship with, such home health agency from performing such certification and from establishing or reviewing such plan.3

(b) (1) Payment may also be made to any hospital for services described in section 1861(s) furnished as an outpatient service by a hospital or by others under arrangements made by it to an individual entitled to benefits under this part even though such hospital does not have an agreement in effect under this title if (A) such services were emergency services, (B) the Secretary would be required to make such payment if the hospital had such an agreement in effect and otherwise met the conditions of payment hereunder, and (C)

[:] Subpar. (D) was amended by sec. 944 of P.L. 96-499.

² Subpar. (E) was added by sec. 933(b) effective with respect to accounting periods beginning on or after July 1, 1981.

³ The last sentence of subsec. (a) was added by sec. 930(e) of P.L. 96-499 effective with respect to services furnished on or after July 1, 1981.

such hospital has made an election pursuant to section 1814(d) (1) (C) with respect to the calendar year, in which such emergency services are provided. Such payments shall be made only in the amounts provided under section 1833(a) (2) and then only if such hospital agrees to comply, with respect to the emergency services provided, with the provisions of section 1866(a).

- (2) Payment may also be made on the basis of an itemized bill to an individual for services described in paragraph (1) of this subsection if (A) payment cannot be made under such paragraph (1) solely because the hospital does not elect, in accordance with section 1814(d) (1) (C), to claim such payments and (B) such individual files application (submitted within such time and in such form and manner, and containing and supported by such information as the Secretary shall by regulations prescribe) for reimbursement. The amounts payable under this paragraph shall, subject to the provisions of section 1833, be equal to 80 percent of the hospital's reasonable charges for such services.
- (c) Notwithstanding the provisions of this section and sections 1832, 1833, and 1866(a) (1) (A), a hospital may, subject to such limitations as may be prescribed by regulations, collect from an individual the customary charges for services specified in secton 1861(s) and furnished to him by such hospital as an outpatient, but only if such charges for such services do not exceed the applicable supplementary medical insurance deductible, and such customary charges shall be regarded as expenses incurred by such individual with respect to which benefits are payable in accordance with section 1833(a) (1). Payments under this title to hospitals which have elected to make collections from individuals in accordance with the preceding sentence shall be adjusted periodically to place the hospital in the same position it would have been had it instead been reimbursed in accordance with section 1833(a) (2).
- (d) Subject to section 1880, no payment may be made under this part to any Federal provider of services or other Federal agency, except a provider of services which the Secretary determines is providing services to the public generally as a community institution or agency; and no such payment may be made to any wider of services or other person for any item or service which such provider or person is obligated by a law of, or a contract with, the United States to render at public expense.¹
- (e) For purposes of services (1) which are inpatient hospital services by reason of paragraph (7) of section 1861(b) or for which entitlement exists by reason of clause (II) of section 1832(a)(2)(B) (i), and (2) for which the reasonable cost thereof is determined under section 1861(v)(1)(D), payment under this part shall be made to

² Subsection (d) was amended by section 401(a) of P.L. 94-437.

such fund as may be designated by the organized medical staff of the hospital in which such services were furnished or, if such services were furnished in such hospital by the faculty of a medical school, to such fund as may be designated by such faculty, but only if—

(1) such hospital has an agreement with the Secretary under

section 1866, and

(2) the Secretary has received written assurances that such payment will be used by such fund solely for the improvement of care to patients in such hospital or for educational or charitable purposes and (B) the individuals who were furnished such services or any other persons will not be charged for such services (or if charged provision will be made for return for any moneys incorrectly collected).

Eligible Individuals

Sec. 1836. Every individual who—

(1) is entitled to hospital insurance benefits under part A, or

(2) has attained age 65 and is a resident of the United States, and is either (A) a citizen or (B) an alien lawfully admitted for permanent residence who has resided in the United States continuously during the 5 years immediately preceding the month in which he applies for enrollment under this part.

is eligible to enroll in the insurance program established by this part.

Enrollment Periods

Sec. 1837. (a) An individual may enroll in the insurance program established by this part only in such manner and form as may be prescribed by regulations, and only during an enrollment period prescribed in or under this section.

(b) [Repealed] 1

- (c) In the case of individuals who first satisfy paragraph (1) or (2) of section 1836 before March 1, 1966, the initial general enrollment period shall begin on the first day of the second month which begins after the date of enactment of this title and shall end on May 31, 1966. For purposes of this subsection and subsection (d), an individual who has attained age 65 and who satisfies paragraph (1) of section 1836 but not paragraph (2) of such section shall be treated as satisfying such paragraph (1) on the first day on which he is (or on filing application would have been) entitled to hospital insurance benefits under part A.
- (d) In the case of an individual who first satisfies paragraph (1) or (2) of section 1836 on or after March 1, 1966, his initial enrollment period shall begin on the first day of the third month before the

¹ Subsec. (b) was repealed, effective with respect to enrollments occurring on or after Apr. 1, 1981, by sec. 945(a) of P.L. 96-499.

month in which he first satisfies such paragraphs and shall end seven months later. Where the Secretary finds that an individual who has attained age 65 failed to enroll under this part during his initial enrollment period (based on a determination by the Secretary of the month in which such individual attained age 65), because such individual (relying on documentary evidence) was mistaken as to his correct date of birth, the Secretary shall establish for such individual an initial enrollment period based on his attaining age 65 at the time shown in such documentary evidence (with a coverage period determined under section 1838 as though he had attained such age at that time).

(e) There shall be a general enrollment period during the period beginning on January 1 and ending on March 31 of each year.¹

(f) Any individual-

(1) who is eligible under section 1836 to enroll in the medical insurance program by reason of entitlement to hospital insurance benefits as described in paragraph (1) of such section, and

(2) whose initial enrollment period under subsection (d)

begins after March 81, 1978, and

(8) who is residing in the United States, exclusive of Puerto Rico.

shall be deemed to have enrolled in the medical insurance program established by this part.

(g) All of the provisions of this section shall apply to individuals

satisfying subsection (f), except that—

(1) in the case of an individual who satisfies subsection (f) by reason of entitlement to disability insurance benefits described in section 226(a)(2)(B), his initial enrollment period shall begin on the first day of the later of (A) April 1973 or (B) the third month before the 25th month of such entitlement, and shall reoccur with each continuous period of eligibility (as defined in section 1839(e)) and upon attainment of age 65;

(2) (A) in the case of an individual who is entitled to monthly benefits under section 202 or 223 on the first day of his initial enrollment period or becomes entitled to monthly benefits under section 202 during the first 3 months of such period, his enrollment shall be deemed to have occurred in the third month of his

initial enrollment period, and

(B) in the case of an individual who is not entitled to benefits under section 202 on the first day of his initial enrollment period and does not become so entitled during the first 3 months of such period, his enrollment shall be deemed to have occurred in the month in which he files the application establishing his entitlement to hospital insurance benefits provided such filing occurs during the last 4 months of his initial enrollment period; and

* Subpar. (1) was amended by sec. 103 of P.L. 96-265.

¹ Subsec. (e) was amended in its entirety by sec. 2151(a)(i) of P.L. 97-35.

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- (3) in the case of an individual who would otherwise satisfy subsection (f) but does not establish his entitlement to hospital insurance benefits until after the last day of his initial enrollment period (as defined in subsection (d) of this section), his enrollment shall be deemed to have occurred on the first day of the earlier of the then current or immediately succeeding general enrollment period (as defined in subsection (e) of this section).
- (h) In any case where the Secretary finds that an individual's enrollment or nonenrollment in the insurance program established by this part or part A pursuant to section 1818 is unintentional, inadvertent, or erroneous and is the result of the error, misrepresentation, or inaction of an officer, employee, or agent of the Federal Government, or its instrumentalities, the Secretary may take such action (including the designation for such individual of a special initial or subsequent enrollment period, with a coverage period determined on the basis thereof and with appropriate adjustments of premiums) as may be necessary to correct or eliminate the effects of such error, misrepresentation, or inaction.

Coverage Period

- Sec. 1838. (a) The period during which an individual is entitled to benefits under the insurance program established by this part (hereinafter referred to as his "coverage period") shall begin on whichever of the following is the latest:
 - (1) July 1, 1966 or (in the case of a disabled individual who has not attained age 65) July 1, 1973, or
 - (2) (A) in the case of an individual who enrolls pursuant to subsection (d) of section 1837 before the month in which he first satisfies paragraph (1) or (2) of section 1836, the first day of such month, or
 - (B) in the case of an individual who enrolls pursuant to such subsection (d) in the month in which he first satisfies such paragraph, the first day of the month following the month in which he so enrolls, or
 - (C) in the case of an individual who enrolls pursuant to such subsection (d) in the month following the month in which he first satisfies such paragraph, the first day of the second month following the month in which he so enrolls, or
 - (D) in the case of an individual who enrolls pursuant to such subsection (d) more than one month following the month in which he satisfies such paragraph, the first day of the third month following the month in which he so enrolls, or

¹ Par. (3) was amended, effective with respect to enrollments occurring on or after Apr. 1, 1981, by sec. 945(b)(2) of P.L. 96-499. Par. (3) was also amended by sec. 2151 (a)(2) of P.L. 97-35.

- (E) in the case of an individual who enrolls pursuant to subsection (e) of section 1837, the July 1 following the month in which he so enrolls; or ¹
- (3) (A) in the case of an individual who is deemed to have enrolled on or before the last day of the third month of his initial enrollment period, the first day of the month in which he first meets the applicable requirements of section 1836 or July 1, 1973, whichever is later, or
- (B) in the case of an individual who is deemed to have enrolled on or after the first day of the fourth month of his initial enrollment period, as prescribed under subparagraphs (B), (C), (D), and (E) of paragraph (2) of this subsection.
- (b) An individual's coverage period shall continue until his enrollment has been terminated—
 - (1) by the filing of notice that the individual no longer wishes to participate in the insurance program established by this part, or
 - (2) for nonpayment of premiums.

The termination of a coverage period under paragraph (1) shall (except as otherwise provided in section 1843(e)) take effect at the close of the calendar quarter following the calendar quarter in which the notice is filed. The termination of a coverage period under paragraph (2) shall take effect on a date determined under regulations, which may be determined so as to provide a grace period in which overdue premiums may be paid and coverage continued. The grace period determined under the preceding sentence shall not exceed 90 days; except that it may be extended to not to exceed 180 days in any case where the Secretary determines that there was good cause for failure to pay the overdue premiums within such 90-day period.²

Where an individual who is deemed to have enrolled for medical insurance pursuant to section 1837(f) files a notice before the first day of the month in which his coverage period begins advising that he does not wish to be so enrolled, the termination of the coverage period resulting from such deemed enrollment shall take effect with the first day of the month the coverage would have been effective. Where an individual who is deemed enrolled for medical insurance benefits pursuant to section 1837(f) files a notice requesting termination of his deemed coverage in or after the month in which such coverage becomes effective, the termination of such coverage hall take effect at the close of the calendar quarter following the calendar quarter in which the notice is filed.

(c) In the case of an individual satisfying paragraph (1) of section 1836 whose entitlement to hospital insurance benefits under part A

¹ Subpar. (E) was amended, effective for enrollments on or after Apr. 1, 1981 by sec. 945(c)(1) of P.L. 96-499. Subpar. (E) was also amended by sec. 2151(a)(3) of P.L. 97-35.

This paragraph was amended by sec. 2106(b)(2) of P.L. 97-35.

³ Subsec. (b) was amended by sec. 947(b) of P.L. 96-499. effective for notices filed after March 1981.

is based on a disability rather than on his having attained the age of 65, his coverage period (and his enrollment under this part) shall be terminated as of the close of the last month for which he is entitled to hospital insurance benefits.

(d) No payments may be made under this part with respect to the expenses of an individual unless such expenses were incurred by such individual during a period which, with respect to him, is a coverage period.

Amounts of Premiums

Sec. 1839. (a) The monthly premium of each individual enrolled under this part for each month before 1968 shall be \$3.

(b) (1) The monthly premium of each individual enrolled under this part for each month after 1967 and before July 1, 1973, shall be

the amount determined under paragraph (2).

- (2) The Secretary shall, during December 1968 and of each year ending on or before December 31, 1971, determine and promulgate the dollar amount (whether or not such dollar amount was applicable for premiums for any prior month) which shall be applicable for premiums for months occurring in the 12-month period commencing July 1 in each succeeding year. Such dollar amount shall be such amount as the Secretary estimates to be necessary so that the aggregate premiums for such 12-month period will equal one-half of the total of the benefits and administrative costs which he estimates will be payable from the Federal Supplementary Mcdical Insurance Trust Fund for such 12-month period. In estimating aggregate benefits payable for any period, the Secretary shall include an appropriate amount for a contingency margin. Whenever the Secretary, pursuant to the preceding sentence, promulgates the dollar amount which shall be applicable for premiums for any period, he shall, at the time such promulgation is announced, issue a public statement setting forth the actuarial assumptions and bases employed by him in arriving at the amount of premiums so promulgated.
- (c) (1) The Secretary shall, during December of 1972 and of each year thereafter, determine the monthly actuarial rate for enrollees age 65 and over which shall be applicable for the 12-month period commencing July 1 in the succeeding year. Such actuarial rate shall be the amount the Secretary estimates to be necessary so that the aggregate amount for such 12-month period with respect to those enrollees age 65 and over will equal one-half of the total of the benefits and administrative costs which he estimates will be payable from the Federal Supplementary Medical Insurance Trust Fund for services performed and related administrative costs incurred in such 12-month period. In cal-

culating the monthly actuarial rate, the Secretary shall include an appropriate amount for a contingency margin.

(2) The monthly premium of each individual enrolled under this part for each month after June 1973 shall, except as provided in subsections (d) and (g), be the amount determined under paragraph (3).

(3) The Secretary shall, during December of 1972 and of each year thereafter, determine and promulgate the monthly premium applicable for the individuals enrolled under this part for the 12-month period commencing July 1 in the succeeding year. The monthly premium shall (except as otherwise provided in subsection (g)) be equal to the smaller of—

(A) the monthly actuarial rate for enrollees age 65 and over, determined according to paragraph (1) of this subsection, for that

12-month period, or

(B) the monthly premium rate most recently promulgated by the Secretary under this paragraph, increased by a percentage determined as follows: The Secretary shall ascertain the primary insurance amount computed under section 215(a)(1), based upon average indexed monthly earnings of \$900, that applied to individuals who became eligible for and entitled to old-age insurance benefits on May 1 of the year of the promulgation. He shall increase the monthly premium rate by the same percentage by which that primary insurance amount is increased when, by reason of the law in effect at the time the promulgation is made, it is so computed to apply to those individuals on the following May 1.2

Whenever the Secretary promulgates the dollar amount which shall be applicable as the monthly premium for any period, he shall, at the time such promulgation is announced, issue a public statement setting forth the actuarial assumptions and bases employed by him in arriving at the amount of an adequate actuarial rate for enrollees age 65 and over as provided in paragraph (1) and the derivation of the dollar

amounts specified in this paragraph.

(4) The Secretary shall also, during December of 1972 and of each year thereafter, determine the monthly actuarial rate for disabled enrolless under age 65 which shall be applicable for the 12-month period commencing July 1 in the succeeding year. Such actuarial rate shall be the amount the Secretary estimates to be necessary so that the aggregate amount for such 12-month period with respect to disabled enrolless under age 65 will equal one-half of the total of the benefits and administrative costs which he estimates will be incurred in the Federal Supplementary Medical Insurance Trust Fund for such 12-

¹ Subsec. (c) (2) was amended by sec. 124(a) (1) of P.L. 97-248.

⁸ Subparagraph (B) was amended by section 205(e) of P.L. 95–216, effective with respect to social security benefits payable for months after December 1978.

^{*}Subsection (c) (3) was amended by section 104 of Public Law 94-182 and sec. 124(a) (2) of P.L. 97-248.

month period with respect to such enrollees. In calculating the monthly actuarial rate under this paragraph, the Secretary shall include an appropriate amount for a contingency margin.

- (d) In the case of an individual whose coverage period began pursuant to an enrollment after his initial enrollment period (determined pursuant to subsection (c) or (d) of section 1837), the monthly premium determined under subsection (b) or (c) shall be increased by 10 percent of the monthly premium so determined for each full 12 months (in the same continuous period of eligibility) in which he could have been but was not enrolled. For purposes of the preceding sentence, there shall be taken into account (1) the months which elapsed between the close of his initial enrollment period and the close of the enrollment period in which he enrolled, plus (in the case of an individual who reenrolls) (2) the months which elapsed between the date of termination of a previous coverage period and the close of the enrollment period in which he reenrolled. Any increase in an individual's monthly premium under the first sentence of this subsection with respect to a particular continuous period of eligibility shall not be applicable with respect to any other continuous period of eligibility which such individual may have.1
- (e) If any monthly premium determined under the foregoing provisions of this section is not a multiple of 10 cents, such premium shall be rounded to the nearest multiple of 10 cents.
- (f) For purposes of subsection (c) (and section 1837 (g) (1)), an individual's "continuous period of eligibility" is the period beginning with the first day on which he is eligible to enroll under section 1836 and ending with his death; except that any period during all of which an individual satisfied paragraph (1) of section 1836 and which terminated in or before the month preceding the month in which he attained age 65 shall be a separate "continuous period of eligibility" with respect to such individual (and each such period which terminates shall be deemed not to have existed for purposes of subsequently applying this section).
- (g) (1) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (c), the monthly premium for each individual enrolled under this part for each month after June 1983 and prior to July 1985 shall be an amount equal to 50 percent of the monthly actuarial rate for enrollees age 65 and over, as determined under subsection (c) (1) and applicable to such month.

¹ Subsec. (d) was amended, effective with respect to enrollments occurring on or after Apr. 1, 1981, by sec. 945(c) (2) of P.L. 96-499. Subsec. (d) was also amended by avc. 2151 (a) (4) of P.L. 97-85.

(2) Any increases in premium amounts taking effect prior to July 1985 by reason of paragraph (1) shall be taken into account for purposes of determining increases thereafter under subsection (c) (3).

Payment of Premiums

- Sec. 1840. (a) (1) In the case of an individual who is entitled to monthly benefits under section 202 or 223, his monthly premiums under this part shall (except as provided in subsections (b) (1) and (c)) be collected by deducting the amount thereof from the amount of such menthly benefits. Such deduction shall be made in such manner and at such times as the Secretary shall by regulation prescribe.
- (2) The Secretary of the Treasury shall, from time to time, transfer from the Federal Old-Age and Survivors Insurance Trust Fund or the Federal Disability Insurance Trust Fund to the Federal Supplementary Medical Insurance Trust Fund the aggregate amount deducted under paragraph (1) for the period to which such transfer relates from benefits under section 202 or 223 which are payable from such Trust Fund. Such transfer shall be made on the basis of a certification by the Secretary of Health, Education, and Welfare and shall be appropriately adjusted to the extent that prior transfers were too great or too small.
- (b) (1) In the case of an individual who is entitled to receive for a month an annuity under the Railroad Retirement Act of 1974 (whether or not such individual is also entitled for such month to a monthly insurance benefit under section 202), his monthly premiums under this part shall (except as provided in subsection (c)) be collected by deducting the amount thereof from such annuity or pension. Such deduction shall be made in such manner and at such times as the Secretary shall by regulations prescribe. Such regulations shall be prescribed only after consultation with the Railroad Retirement Board.
- (2) The Secretary of the Treasury shall, from time to time, transfer from the Railroad Retirement Account to the Federal Supplementary Medical Insurance Trust Fund the aggregate amount deducted under paragraph (1) for the period to which such transfer relates. Such transfers shall be made on the basis of a certification by the Railroad Retirement Board and shall be appropriately adjusted to the extent that prior transfers were too great or too small.
- (c) If an individual to whom subsection (a) or (b) applies estimates that the amount which will be available for deduction under such subsection for any premium payment period will be less than the amount of the monthly premiums for such period, he may (under regulations) pay to the Secretary such portion of the monthly premiums for such period as he desires.

¹ Subsec. (g) was added by sec. 124(b) of P.L. 97-248.

- (d) (1) In the case of an individual receiving an annuity under subchapter III of chapter 83 of title 5, United States Code, or any other law administered by the Civil Service Commission providing retirement or survivorship protection, to whom neither subsection (a) nor subsection (b) applies, his monthly premiums under this part (and the monthly premiums of the spouse of such individual under this part if neither subsection (a) nor subsection (b) applies to such spouse and if such individual agrees) shall, upon notice from the Secretary of Health, Education, and Welfare to the Civil Service Commission, be collected by deducting the amount thereof from each installment of such annuity. Such deduction shall be made in such manner and at such times as the Civil Service Commission may determine. The Civil Service Commission shall furnish such information as the Secretary of Health, Education, and Welfare may reasonably request in order to carry out his functions under this part with respect to individuals to whom this subsection applies. A plan described in section 8903 of title 5, United States Code, may reimburse each annuitant enrolled in such plan an amount equal to the premiums paid by him under this part if such reimbursement is paid entirely from funds of such plan which are derived from sources other than the contributions described in section 8906 of such title.
- (2) The Secretary of the Treasury shall, from time to time, but not less often than quarterly, transfer from the Civil Service Retirement and Disability Fund, or the account (if any) applicable in the case of such other law administered by the Civil Service Commission, to the Federal Supplementary Medical Insurance Trust Fund, the aggregate amount deducted under paragraph (1) for the period to which such transfer relates. Such transfer shall be made on the basis of a certification by the Civil Service Commission and shall be appropriately adjusted to the extent that prior transfers were too great or too small.
- (e) In the case of an individual who participates in the insurance program established by this part but with respect to whom none of the preceding provisions of this section applies, or with respect to whom subsection (c) applies, the premiums shall be paid to the Secretary at such times, and in such manner, as the Secretary shall by regulations prescribe.
- (f) Amounts paid to the Secretary under subsection (c) or (e) shall be deposited in the Treasury to the credit of the Federal Supplementary Medical Insurance Trust Fund.
- (g) In the case of an individual who participates in the insurance program established by this part, premiums shall be payable for the period commencing with the first month of his coverage period and ending with the month in which he dies or, if earlier, in which his coverage under such program terminates.

(h) In the case of an individual who is enrolled under the program established by this part as a member of a coverage group to which an agreement with a State entered into pursuant to section 1843 is applicable, subsection (a), (b), (c), and (d) of this section shall not apply to his monthly premium for any month in his coverage period which is determined under section 1843(d).

Federal Supplementary Medical Insurance Trust Fund

Sec. 1841. (a) There is hereby created on the books of the Treasury of the United States a trust fund to be known as the "Federal Supplementary Medical Insurance Trust Fund" (hereinafter in this section referred to as the "Trust Fund"). The Trust Fund shall consist of such gifts and bequests as may be made as provided in section 201 (i) (1), and such amounts as may be deposited in, or appropriated

to, such fund as provided in this part.

(b) With respect to the Trust Fund, there is hereby created a body to be known as the Board of Trustees of the Trust Fund (hereinafter in this section referred to as the "Board of Trustees") composed of the Secretary of the Treasury, the Secretary of Labor and the Secretary of Health, Education, and Welfare, all ex officio. The Secretary of the Treasury shall be the Managing Trustee of the Board of Trustees (hereinafter in this section referred to as the "Managing Trustee"). The Administrator of the Health Care Financing Administration shall serve as the Secretary of the Board of Trustees. The Board of Trustees shall meet not less frequently than once each calendar year. It shall be the duty of the Board of Trustees to—

(1) Hold the Trust Fund;

(2) Report to the Congress not later than the first day of April of each year on the operation and status of the Trust Fund during the preceding fiscal year and on its expected operation and status during the current fiscal year and the next 2 fiscal years;

(3) Report immediately to the Congress whenever the Board is of the opinion that the amount of the Trust Fund is unduly

small; and

(4) Review the general policies followed in managing the Trust Fund, and recommend changes in such policies, including necessary changes in the provisions of law which govern the way in which the Trust Fund is to be managed.

The report provided for in paragraph (2) shall include a statement of the assets of, and the disbursements made from, the Trust Fund during the preceding fiscal year, an estimate of the expected income to, and disbursements to be made from, the Trust Fund during the current fiscal year and each of the next 2 fiscal years, and a statement of the actuarial status of the Trust Fund. Such report shall be printed

as a House document of the session of the Congress to which the report is made.¹

- (c) It shall be the duty of the Managing Trustee to invest such portion of the Trust Fund as is not, in his judgment, required to meet current withdrawals. Such investments may be made only in interestbearing obligations of the United States or in obligations guaranteed as to both principal and interest by the United States. For such purpose such obligations may be acquired (1) on original issue at the issue price, or (2) by purchase of outstanding obligations at the market price. The purposes for which obligations of the United States may be issued under the Second Liberty Bond Act, as amended, are hereby extended to authorize the issuance at par of public-debt obligations for purchase by the Trust Fund. Such obligations issued for purchase by the Trust Fund shall have maturities fixed with due regard for the needs of the Trust Fund and shall bear interest at a rate equal to the average market yield (computed by the Managing Trustee on the basis of market quotations as of the end of the calendar month next preceding the date of such issue) on all marketable interest-bearing obligations of the United States then forming a part of the public debt which are not due or callable until after the expiration of 4 years from the end of such calendar month; except that where such average market yield is not a multiple of one-eighth of 1 per centum, the rate of interest on such obligations shall be the multiple of one-eighth of 1 per centum nearest such market yield. The Managing Trustee may purchase other interest-bearing obligations of the United States or obligations guaranteed as to both principal and interest by the United. States, on original issue or at the market price, only where he determines that the purchase of such other obligations is in the public interest.
- (d) Any obligations acquired by the Trust Fund (except public debt obligations issued exclusively to the Trust Fund) may be sold by the Managing Trustee at the market price, and such public-debt obligations may be redeemed at par plus accrued interest.

(e) The interest on, and the proceeds from the sale or redemption of, any obligations held in the Trust Fund shall be credited to and form a part of the Trust Fund.

(f) There shall be transferred periodically (but not less often than once each fiscal year) to the Trust Fund from the Federal Old-Age and Survivors Insurance Trust Fund and from the Federal Disability Insurance Trust Fund amounts equivalent to the amounts not previously so transferred which the Secretary of Health, Education, and Welfare shall have certified as overpayments (other than amounts so certified to the Railroad Retirement Board) pursuant to section 1870(b) of this Act. There shall be transferred periodically (but not less often than once each fiscal year) to the Trust Fund from the Rail-

¹ Subsection (b) was amended by sec. 5 of P.L. 95-292.

road Retirement Account amounts equivalent to the amounts not previously so transferred which the Secretary of Health, Education, and Welfare shall have certified as overpayments to the Railroad Retirement Board pursuant to section 1870(b) of this Act.

(g) The Managing Trustee shall pay from time to time from the Trust Fund such amounts as the Secretary of Health, Education, and Welfare certifies are necessary to make the payments provided for by this part, and the payments with respect to administrative expenses

in accordance with section 201(g) (1).

(h) The Managing Trustee shall pay from time to time from the Trust Fund such amounts as the Secretary of Health, Education, and Welfare certifies are necessary to pay the costs incurred by the Civil Service Commission in making deductions pursuant to section 1840 (d) During each fiscal year, or after the close of such fiscal year, the Civil Service Commission shall certify to the Secretary the amount of the costs it incurred in making such deductions, and such certified amount shall be the basis for the amount of such costs certified by the Secretary to the Managing Trustee.

(i) The Managing Trustee shall pay from time to time from the Trust Fund such amounts as the Secretary of Health, Education, and Welfare certifies are necessary to pay the costs incurred by the Railroad Retirement Board for services performed pursuant to section 1840(b) (1) and section 1842(g). During each fiscal year or after the close of such fiscal year, the Railroad Retirement Board shall certify to the Secretary the amount of the costs it incurred in performing such services and such certified amount shall be the basis for the amount of such costs certified by the Secretary to the Managing Trustee.

Use of Carriers for Administration of Benefits

Sec. 1842. (a) In order to provide for the administration of the benefits under this part with maximum efficiency and convenience for individuals entitled to benefits under this part and for providers of services and other persons farnishing services to such individuals, and with a view to furthering coordination of the administration of the benefits under part A and under this part, the Secretary is authorized to enter into contracts with carriers, including carriers with which agreements under section 1816 are in effect, which will perform some or all of the following functions (or, to the extent provided in such contracts, will secure performance thereof by other organizations); and, with respect to any of the following functions which involve payments for physicians' services on a reasonable charge basis, the Secretary shall to the extent possible enter into such contracts:

(1) (A) make determinations of the rates and amounts of payments required pursuant to this part to be made to providers of

services and other persons on a reasonable cost or reasonable charge basis (as may be applicable);

(B) receive, disburse, and account for funds in making such

payments; and

(C) make such audits of the records of providers of services as may be necessary to assure that proper payments are made under this part;

(2) (A) determine compliance with the requirements of section 1861(k) as to utilization review; and

(B) assist providers of services and other persons who furnish services for which payment may be made under this part in the development of procedures relating to utilization practices, make studies of the effectiveness of such procedures and methods for their improvement, assist in the application of safeguards against unnecessary utilization of services furnished by providers of services and other persons to individuals entitled to benefits under this part, and provide procedures for and assist in arranging, where necessary, the establishment of groups outside hospitals (meeting the requirements of section 1861(k)(2)) to make reviews of utilization;

(3) serve as a channel of communication of information relating to the administration of this part; and

(4) otherwise assist, in such manner as the contract may provide, in discharging administrative duties necessary to carry out the purposes of this part.

(b) (1) Contracts with carriers under subsection (a) may be entered into without regard to section 3709 of the Revised Statutes or any

other provision of law requiring competitive bidding.

(2) No such contract shall be entered into with any carrier unless the Secretary finds that such carrier will perform its obligations under the contract efficiently and effectively and will meet such requirements as to financial responsibility, legal authority, and other matters as he finds pertinent.

(3) Each such contract shall provide that the carrier—

- (A) will take such action as may be necessary to assure that, where payment under this part for a service is on a cost basis, the cost is reasonable cost (as determined under section 1861(v));
- (B) will take such action as may be necessary to assure that, where payment under this part for a service is on a charge basis, such charge will be reasonable and not higher than the charge applicable, for a comparable service and under comparable circumstances, to the policyholders and subscribers of the carrier, and such payment will (except as otherwise provided in section 1870(f)) be made—

(i) on the basis of an itemized bill; or

Sec. 1842(b)

(ii) on the basis of an assignment under the terms of which (I) the reasonable charge is the full charge for the service (except in the case of physicians' services and ambulance service furnished as described in section 1862(a) (4), other than for purposes of section 1870(f)) and (II) the physician or other person furnishing such service agrees not to charge for such service if payment may not be made therefor by reason of the provisions of paragraph (1) of section 1862(a), and if the individual to whom such service was furnished was without fault in incurring the expenses of such service, and if the Secretary's determination that payment (pursuant to such assignment) was incorrect and was made subsequent to the third year following the year in which notice of such payment was sent to such individual; except that the Secretary may reduce such three-year period to not less than one year if he finds such reduction is consistent with the objectives of this title: 1

but (in the case of bills submitted, or requests for payment made, after March 1968) only if the bill is submitted, or a written request for payment is made in such other form as may be permitted under regulations, no later than the close of the calendar year following the year in which such service is furnished (deeming any service furnished in the last 3 months of any calendar year to have been furnished in the succeeding calendar year);

(C) will establish and maintain procedures pursuant to which an individual enrolled under this part will be granted an opportunity for a fair hearing by the carrier, in any case where the amount in controversy is \$100 or more when requests for payment under this part with respect to services furnished him are denied or are not acted upon with reasonable promptness or when the amount of such payment is in controversy:

(D) will furnish to the Secretary such timely information and reports as he may find necessary in performing his functions under this part;

(E) will maintain such records and afford such access thereto as the Secretary finds necessary to assure the correctness and verification of the information and reports under subparagraph (D) and otherwise to carry out the purposes of this part; and

(F) will take such action as may be necessary to assure that where payment under this part for a service rendered is on a charge basis, such payment shall be determined on the basis of the charge that is determined in accordance with this section on the basis of customary and prevailing charge levels in effect at the time the service was rendered or, in the case of services rendered more than 12 months before the year (ending on June 30) in which the

¹ Clause (II) was amended by sec. 128(d) (1) of P.L. 97-248.

bill is submitted or request for payment is made, on the basis of such levels in effect for the 12-month period preceding such year; 1

and shall contain such other terms and conditions not inconsistent with this section as the Secretary may find necessary or appropriate. In determining the reasonable charge for services for purposes of this paragraph, there shall be taken into consideration the customary charges for similar services generally made by the physician or other person furnishing such services, as well as the prevailing charges in the locality for similar services.

No charge may be determined to be reasonable in the case of bills submitted or requests for payment made under this part after December 31, 1970, if it exceeds the higher of (i) the prevailing charge recognized by the carrier and found acceptable by the Secretary for similar services in the same locality in administering this part on December 31. 1970, or (ii) the prevailing charge level that, on the basis of statistical data and methodology acceptable to the Secretary, would cover 75 percent of the customary charges made for similar services in the same locality during the last preceding calendar year elapsing prior to the start of the twelve-month period (beginning July 1 of each year) in which the service is rendered. In the case of physician services the prevailing charge level determined for purposes of clause (ii) of the preceding sentence for any twelve-month period (beginning after June 30, 1973) specified in clause (ii) of such sentence may not exceed (in the aggregate) the level determined under such clause for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1973, except to the extent that the Secretary finds, on the basis of appropriate economic index data, that such higher level is justified by economic changes. With respect to power-operated wheelchairs for which payment may be made in accordance with section 1861(s)(6), charges determined to be reasonable may not exceed the lowest charge at which power-operated wheelchairs are available in the locality. In the case of medical services, supplies, and equipment (including equipment servicing) that, in the judgment of the Secretary, do not generally vary significantly in quality from one supplier to another, the charges incurred after December 31, 1972, determined to be reasonable may not exceed the lowest charge levels at which such services, supplies, and equipment are widely and consistently available in a locality except to the extent and under the circumstances specified by the Secretary. The requirement in subparagraph (B) that a bill be submitted or request for payment be made by the close of the following calendar year shall not apply if (i) failure to submit the bill or request the payment by the

¹ Subpar. (F) was added, effective with respect to bills submitted or requests for payment made on or after July 1, 1981, by sec. 946(b) of P.L. 96-499.

close of such year is due to the error or misrepresentation of an officer. employee, fiscal intermediary, carrier, or agent of the Department of Health, Education, and Welfare performing functions under this title and acting within the scope of his or its authority, and (ii) the bill is submitted or the payment is requested promptly after such error or misrepresentation is eliminated or corrected. Notwithstanding the provisions of the third and fourth sentences preceding this sentence, the prevailing charge level in the case of a physician service in a particular locality determined pursuant to such third and fourth sentences for the twelve-month period beginning on July 1 in any calendar year after 1974 shall, if lower than the prevailing charge level for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1975, in the case of a similar physician service in the same locality by reason of the application of economic index data, be raised to such prevailing charge level for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1975.1 The amount of any charges for outpatient services which shall be considered reasonable shall be subject to the limitations established by regulations issued by the Secretary pursuant to section 1861(v)(1)(K), and in determining the reasonable charge for such services, the Secretary may limit such reasonable charge to a percentage of the amount of the prevailing charge for similar services furnished in a physician's office, taking into account the extent to which overhead costs associated with such outpatient services have been included in the reasonable cost or charge of the facility.2

(4) Each contract under this section shall be for a term of at least one year, and may be made automatically renewable from term to term in the absence of notice by either party of intention to terminate at the end of the current term; except that the Secretary may terminate any such contract at anytime (after such reasonable notice and opportunity for hearing to the carrier involved as he may provide in regulations) if he finds that the carrier has failed substantially to carry out the contract or is carrying out the contract in a manner inconsistent with the efficient and effective administration of the insurance program established by this part.

(5) No payment under this part for a service provided to any individual shall (except as provided in section 1870) be made to anyone other than such individual or (pursuant to an assignment described in subparagraph (B) (ii) of paragraph (3)) the physician or other person who provided the service, except that payment may be made (A) to the employer of such physician or other person if such physician or other person is required as a condition of his employment to turn over

¹This sentence of par. (8) was added by sec. 101(a) of P.L. 94-182 subject to limitations specified in sec. 101(b).

³ Par. (3) was amended by secs. 2 and 3 of P.L. 94-368. Par. (8) was also amended by sec. 501(b) of P.L. 95-216 and effective with respect to bills submitted or request for payment made on or after July 1, 1981, by sec. 946(a) of P.L. 96-499. The last sentence of par. (3) was added by sec. 2142(b) of P.L. 97-35. Par. (3) was further amended by sec. 104(a) of P.L. 97-248.

his fee for such service to his employer, or (B) (where the service was provided in a hospital, clinic, or other facility) to the facility in which the service was provided if there is a contractual arrangement between such physician or other person and such facility under which such facility submits the bill for such service. No payment which under the preceding sentence may be made directly to the physician or other person providing the service involved (pursuant to an assignment described in subparagraph (B) (ii) of paragraph (3)) shall be made

to anyone else under a reassignment or power of attorney (except to an employer or facility as described in clause (A) or (B) of such sentence); but nothing in this subsection shall be construed (i) to prevent the making of such a payment in accordance with an assignment from the individual to whom the service was provided or a reassignment from the physician or other person providing such service if such assignment or reassignment is made to a governmental agency or entity or is established by or pursuant to the order of a court of competent jurisdiction, or (ii) to preclude an agent of the physician or other person providing the service from receiving any such payment if (but only if) such agent does so pursuant to an agency agreement under which the compensation to be paid to the agent for his services for or in connection with the billing or collection of payments due such physician or other person under this title is unrelated (directly or indirectly) to the amount of such payments or the billings therefor, and is not dependent upon the actual collection of any such payment.1

(6) (A) In the case of physicians' services furnished to a patient in a hospital with a teaching program approved as specified in section 1861(b)(6) but which does not meet the conditions described in section 1861(b)(7), the carrier shall not provide (except on the basis described in subparagraph (C)) for payment for such services under this part—

(i) unless-

- (I) the physician renders sufficient personal and identifiable physicians' services to the patient to exercise full, personal control over the management of the portion of the case for which the payment is sought,
- (II) the services are of the same character as the services the physician furnishes to patients not entitled to benefits under this title, and
- (III) at least 25 percent of the hospital's patients (during a representative past period, as determined by the Secretary) who were not entitled to benefits under this title and who were furnished services described in subclauses (I) and (II) paid all or a substantial part of charges (other than nominal charges) imposed for such services; and
- (ii) to the extent that the amount of the payment exceeds the reasonable charge for the services (with the customary charge determined consistent with subparagraph (B)).
- (B) The customary charge for such services in a hospital shall be determined in accordance with regulations issued by the Secretary and taking into account the following factors:
 - (1, In the case of a physician who has a substantial practice outside the teaching setting, the carrier shall take into account

¹The last sentence of par (5) was added by sec. 2(a) (1) of P.L. 95-142.

the amounts the physician charges for similar services in the physician's outside practice.

- (ii) In the case of a physician who does not have a practice described in clause (i), if the hospital, its physicians, or other appropriate billing entity has established one or more schedules of charges which are collected for medical and surgical services, the carrier shall base payment under this title on the greater of—
 - (I) the charges (other than nominal charges) which are most frequently collected in full or substantial part with respect to patients who were not entitled to benefits under this title and who were furnished services described in subclauses (I) and (II) of subparagraph (A)(i), or

(II) the mean of the charges (other than nominal charges) which were collected in full or substantial part with respect to such patients.

(C) In the case of physicians' services furnished to a patient in a hospital with a teaching program approved as specified in section 1861(b)(6) but which does not meet the conditions described in section 1861(b)(7), if the conditions described in subclauses (I) and (II) of subparagraph (A)(i) are met and if the physician elects payment to be determined under this subparagraph, the carrier shall provide for payment for such services under this part on the basis of regulations of the Secretary governing reimbursement for the services of hospital-based physicians (and not on any other basis).

- (D) (i) In the case of physicians' services furnished to a patient in a hospital with a teaching program approved as specified in section 1861(b) (6) but which does not meet the conditions described in section 1861(b) (7), no payment shall be made under this part for services of assistants at surgery with respect to a surgical procedure if such hospital has a training program relating to the medical specialty required for such surgical procedure and a qualified individual on the staff of the hospital is available to provide such services; except that payment may be made under this part for such services, to the extent that such payment is otherwise allowed under this paragraph, if such services, as determined under regulations of the Secretary—
 - (I) are required due to exceptional medical circumstances,
 - (II) are performed by team physicians needed to perform complex medical procedures, or
 - (III) constitute concurrent medical care relating to a medical condition which requires the presence of, and active care by, a physician of another specialty during surgery,

and under such other circumstances as the Secretary determines by regulation to be appropriate.

- (ii) For purposes of this subparagraph, the term "assistant at surgery" means a physician who actively assists the physician in charge of a case in performing a surgical procedure.
- (iii) The Secretary shall determine appropriate methods of reimbursement of assistants at surgery where such services are reimbursable under this part.¹
- (c) Any contract entered into with a carrier under this section shall provide for advances of funds to the carrier for the making of payments by it under this part, and shall provide for payment of the cost of administration of the carrier, as determined by the Secretary to be necessary and proper for carrying out the functions covered by the contract.
- (d) Any contract with a carrier under this section may require such carrier or any of its officers or employees certifying payments or disbursing funds pursuant to the contract, or otherwise participating in carrying out the contract, to give surety bond to the United States in such amount as the Secretary may deem appropriate.
- (c) (1) No individual designated pursuant to a contract under this section as a certifying officer shall, in the absence of gross negligence or intent to defraud the United States, be liable with respect to any payments certified by him under this section.
- (2) No disbursing officer shall, in the absence of gross negligence or intent to defraud the United States, be liable with respect to any pay-

¹ Par. (6), subpars. (A), (B), and (C) were added by sec. 948(b) of P.L. 96-499. Subpar. (D) was added by sec, 118(a) of P.L. 97-248.

ment by him under this section if it was based upon a voucher signed by a certifying officer designated as provided in paragraph (1) of this subsection.

(3) No such carrier shall be lighle to the United States for any payments referred to in paragraph (1) or (2).

(f) For purpose of this part, the term "carrier" means—

- (1) with respect to providers of services and other persons, a voluntary association, corporation, partnership, or other nongovernmental organization which is lawfully engaged in providing, paying for, or reimbursing the cost of, health services under group insurance policies or contracts, medical or hospital service agreements, membership or subscription contracts, or similar group arrangements, in consideration of premiums or other periodic charges payable to the carrier, including a health benefits plan duly sponsored or underwritten by an employee organization; and
- (2) with respect to providers of services only, any agency or organization (not described in paragraph (1)) with which an agreement is in effect under section 1816.
- (g) The Railroad Retirement Board shall, in accordance with such regulations as the Secretary may prescribe, contract with a carrier or carriers to perform the functions set out in this section with respect to individuals entitled to benefits as qualified railroad retirement beneficiaries pursuant to section 226(a) of this Act and section 7(d) of the Railroad Retirement Act of 1974.
- (h) If a physician's bill or request for payment for a physician's services includes a charge to a patient for a laboratory test for which payment may be made under this part, the amount payable with respect to the test shall be determined as follows:
 - (1) If the bill or request for payment indicates that the physician who submitted the bill or for whose services the request for payment was made personally performed or supervised the performance of the test or that another physician with whom the physician shares his practice personally performed or supervised the test, the payment shall be the reasonable charge for the test (less the applicable deductible and coinsurance amounts).
 - (2) If the bill or request for payment indicates that the test was performed by a laboratory, identifies the laboratory, and indicates the amount the laboratory charged the physician who submitted the bill or for whose services the request for payment was made. payment for the test shall be the lower of—
 - (A) the laboratory's reasonable charge to individuals enrolled under this part for the test, or
 - (B) the amount the laboratory charged the physician for the test,

plus a nominal fee (where the physician bills for such a service) to cover the physician's costs in collecting and handling the sample on which the test was performed (less the applicable deductible and coinsurance amounts).

(3) If the bill or request for payment (A) does not indicate who performed the test, or (B) indicates that the test was performed by a laboratory but does not identify the laboratory or include the amount charged by the laboratory, payment shall be the lowest charged at which the carrier estimates the test could have been secured by a physician from a laboratory serving the locality (less the applicable deductible and coinsurance amounts).²

State Agreements for Coverage of Eligible Individuals Who Are Receiving Money Payments Under Public Assistance Programs (or Are Eligible for Medical Assistance)

Sec. 1843. (a) The Secretary shall, at the request of a State made before January 1, 1970, or during 1981, enter into an agreement with

 $^{^1}$ Subsec. (h) was added by sec. 918(a)(1) of P.L. 96-499, effective as specified in sec. 918(a)(2). Secs. 918(a)(1) and 918(a)(2) read as follows:

[&]quot;(2) The amendment made by paragraph (1) shall apply to bills submitted and requests for payment made on or after such date (not later than April 1, 1981) as the Secretary of Health and Human Services prescribes by a notice published in the Federal Register. "(3) Not later than 24 months after the effective date specified in paragraph (2), the Secretary shall report to the Congress—

[&]quot;(A) the proportion of bills and requests for payment submitted during the 18month period beginning on such effective date) under title XVIII of the Social Security Act for laboratory tests which did not identify who performed the tests.

[&]quot;(B) the proportion of bills and requests for payment submitted during such period for laboratory tests with respect to which the amount paid under such title was less than the amount that would otherwise have been payable in the absence of section 1842(h) of such Act.

[&]quot;(C) with respect to requests for payment described in subparagraph (B) which were submitted by patients, the average additional cost per laboratory test to patients resulting from reductions in payment that would otherwise have been made for such tests in the absence of such section 1842(h), and

[&]quot;(D) with respect to bills described in subparagraph (B) which were submitted by physicians, the average reduction in payment per laboratory test to physicians resulting from the application of such section 1842(h)."

such State pursuant to which all eligible individuals in either of the coverage groups described in subsection (b) (as specified in the agreement) will be enrolled under the program established by this part.

(b) An agreement entered into with any State pursuant to subsection (a) may be applicable to either of the following coverage groups:

(1) individuals receiving money payments under the plan of such State approved under title I or title XVI; or

(2) individuals receiving money payments under all of the plans of such State approved under titles I, X, XIV, and XVI, and part A of title IV.

Except as provided in subsection (g), there shall be excluded from any covenage group any individual who is entitled to monthly insurance benefits under title II or who is entitled to receive an annuity under the Railroad Retirement Act of 1974. Effective January 1, 1974,

¹ Subsec. (a) was amended by sec. 945(e) of P.L. 96-499.

and subject to section 1902(f), the Secretary shall, at the request of any State not eligible to participate in the State plan program established under title XVI, continue in effect the agreement entered into under this section with such State subject to such modifications as the Secretary may by regulations provide to take account of the termination of any plans of such State approved under titles I, X, XIV, and XVI and the establishment of the supplemental security income program under title XVI.

(c) For purposes of this section, an individual shall be treated as an eligible individual only if he is an eligible individual (within the meaning of section 1836) on the date an agreement covering him is entered into under subsection (a) or he becomes an eligible individual (within the meaning of such section) at any time after such date; and he shall be treated as receiving money payments described in subsection (b) if he receives such payments for the month in which the agreement is entered into or any month thereafter.

(d) In the case of any individual enrolled pursuant to this section—

- (1) the monthly premium to be paid by the State shall be determined under section 1839 (without any increase under subsection (c) thereof);
- (2) his coverage period shall begin on whichever of the following is the latest:

(A) July 1, 1966;

(B) the first day of the third month following the month in which the State agreement is entered into;

(C) the first day of the first month in which he is both an eligible individual and a member of a coverage group specified in the agreement under this section; or

(D) such date as may be specified in the agreement; and

- (3) his coverage period attributable to the agreement with the State under this section shall end on the last day of whichever of the following first occurs:
 - (A) the month in which he is determined by the State agency to have become ineligible both for money payments of a kind specified in the agreement and (if there is in effect a modification entered into under subsection (h)) for medical assistance, or
 - (B) the month preceding the first month for which he becomes entitled to monthly benefits under title II or to an annuity or pension under the Railroad Retirement Act of 1937.
- (e) Any individual whose coverage period attributable to the State agreement is terminated pursuant to subsection (d)(3) shall be deemed for purposes of this part (including the continuation of his

Sec. 1843(e)

coverage period under this part) to have enrolled under section 1837 in the initial general enrollment period provided by section 1837(c). The coverage period under this part of any such individual who (in the last month of his coverage period attributable to the State agreement or in any of the following six months) files notice that he no longer wishes to participate in the insurance program established by this part, shall terminate at the close of the month in which the notice is filed.¹

- (f) With respect to eligible individuals receiving money payments under the plan of a State approved under title I, X, XIV, or XVI or part A of title IV, or eligible to receive medical assistance under the plan of such State approved under title XIX, if the agreement entered into under this section so provides the term "carrier" as defined in section 1842(f) also includes the State agency, specified in such agreement, which administers or supervises the administration of the plan of such State approved under title I, XVI, or XIX. The agreement shall also contain such provisions as will facilitate the financial transactions of the State and the carrier with respect to deductions, coinsurance, and otherwise, and as will lead to economy and efficiency of operation, with respect to individuals receiving money payments under plans of the State approved under titles I, X, XIV, and XVI, and part A of title IV, and individuals eligible to receive medical assistance under the plan of the State approved under title XIX.
- (g) (1) The Secretary shall, at the request of a State made before January 1, 1970, or during 1981, enter into a modification of an agreement entered into with such State pursuant to subsection (a) under which the second sentence of subsection (b) shall not apply with respect to such agreement.²
- (2) In the case of any individual who would (but for this subsection) be excluded from the applicable coverage group described in subsection (b) by the second sentence of such subsection—
 - (A) subsections (c) and (d)(2) shall be applied as if such subsections referred to the modification under this subsection (in lieu of the agreement under subsection (a)), and
 - (B) subsection (d)(3)(B) shall not apply so long as there is in effect a modification entered into by the State under this subsection.
- (h) (1) The Secretary shall, at the request of a State made before January 1, 1970, or during 1981, enter into a modification of an agreement entered into with such State pursuant to subsection (a) under which the coverage group described in subsection (b) and specified in such agreement is broadened to include individuals who are eligible

¹ The last sentence of subsec. (e) was added by sec. 947(a) of P.L. 96-499, effective for notices filed after Mar. 31, 1981. See also sec. 947(e) in excerpts from P.L. 96-499.

² Par. (1) was amended by sec. 945(e) of P.L. 96-499.

³ Par. (2) was amended by sec. 947(c) of P.L. 96-499. See footnote to subsec. (e) above.

to receive medical assistance under the plan of such State approved under title XIX.¹

(2) For purposes of this section, an individual shall be treated as eligible to receive medical assistance under the plan of the State approved under title XIX if, for the month in which the modification is entered into under this subsection or for any month thereafter, he has been determined to be eligible to receive medical assistance under such plan. In the case of any individual who would (but for this subsection) be excluded from the agreement, subsections (c) and (d) (2) shall be applied as if they referred to the modification under this subsection (in lieu of the agreement under subsection (a)), and subsection (d) (2) (C) shall be applied by substituting "second month following the first month" for "first month."

Appropriations to Cover Government Contributions and Contingency Reserve

Sec. 1844. (a) There are authorized to be appropriated from time to time out of any maneys in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, to the Federal Supplementary Medical Insurance Trust Fund—

(1) (A) A Government contribution equal to the aggregate premiums payable for a month for enrollees age 65 and over under this part and deposited in the Trust Fund, multiplied by the ratio of—

(i) twice the dollar amount of the actuarially adequate rate per enrollee age 65 and over as determined under section 1839(c)(1) for such month, minus the dollar amount of the premium per enrollee for such month as determined under section 1839(c)(3) or 1839(g), as the case may be, to

(ii) the dollar amount of the premium per enrollee for

such month, plus

(B) a Government contribution equal to the aggregate premiums payable for a month for enrollees under age 65 under this part and deposited in the Trust Fund, multiplied by the ratio of—

(i) twice the dollar amount of the actuarially adequate rate per enrollee under age 65 as determined under section 1839 (c) (4) for such month, minus the dollar amount of the premium per enrollee for such month, as determined under section 1839(c) (3) or 1839(g), as the case may be, to

(ii) the dollar amount of the premium per enrollee for such

month.

(2) such sums as the Secretary deems necessary to place the Trust Fund, at the end of any fiscal year occurring after June 80, 1967, in the same position in which it would have been at the end of such fiscal year if (A) a Government contribution represent-

¹ Par. (1) was amended by sec. 945(e) of P.L. 96-499 and sec. 124(c) of P.L. 97-248.

ing the excess of the premiums deposited in the Trust Fund during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1967, over the Government contribution actually appropriated to the Trust Fund during such fiscal year had been appropriated to it on June 30, 1967, and (B) the Government contribution for premiums deposited in the Trust Fund after June 30, 1967, had been appropriated to it when such premiums were deposited.

(b) In order to assure prompt payment of benefits provided under this part and the administrative expenses thereunder during the early months of the program established by this part, and to provide a contingency reserve, there is also authorized to be appropriated, out of any moneys in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, to remain available through the calendar year 1969 for repayable advances (without interest) to the Trust Fund, an amount equal to \$18 multiplied by the number of individuals (as estimated by the Secretary) who could be covered in July 1966 by the insurance program established by this part if they had theretofore enrolled under this part.

Part C-Miscellaneous Provisions

Definition of Services, Institutions, etc.

Sec. 1861. For purposes of this title—

Spell of Illness

- (a) The term "spell of illness" with respect to any individual means a period of consecutive days—
 - (1) beginning with the first day (not included in a previous spell of illness) (A) on which such individual is furnished inpatient hospital services or extended care services, and (B) which occurs in a month for which he is entitled to benefits under part A, and
 - (2) ending with the close of the first period of 60 consecutive days thereafter on each of which he is neither an inpatient of a hospital nor an inpatient of a skilled nursing facility.

Inpatient Hospital Services

- (b) The term "inpatient hospital services" means the following items and services furnished to an inpatient of a hospital and (except as provided in paragraph (3)) by the hospital—
 - (1) bed and board;
 - (2) such nursing services and other related services, such use of hospital facilities, and such medical social services as are ordinarily furnished by the hospital for the care and treatment of inpatients, and such drugs, biologicals, supplies, appliances, and equipment, for use in the hospital, as are ordinarily furnished by such hospital for the care and treatment of inpatients; and

- (3) such other diagnostic or therapeutic items or services, furnished by the hospital or by others under arrangements with them made by the hospital, as are ordinarily furnished to inpatients either by such hospital or by others under such arrangements; excluding, however—
 - (4) medical or surgical services provided by a physician, resident, or intern; and
 - (5) the services of a private-duty nurse or other private-duty attendant.
- Paragraph (4) shall not apply to services provided in a hospital by—
 - (6) an intern or a resident-in-training under a teaching program approved by the Council on Medical Education of the American Medical Association or, in the case of an osteopathic hospital, approved by the Committee on Hospitals of the Bureau of Professional Education of the American Osteopathic Association, or, in the case of services in a hospital or osteopathic hospital by an intern or resident-in-training in the field of dentistry, approved by the Council on Dental Education of the American Dental Association, or in the case of services in a hospital or osteopathic hospital by an intern or resident-in-training in the field of podiatry, approved by the Council on Podiatry Education of the American Podiatry Association; or
 - (7) a physician where the hospital has a teaching program approved as specified in paragraph (6), if (A) the hospital elects to receive any payment due under this title for reasonable costs of such services, and (B) all physicians in such hospital agree not to bill charges for professional services rendered in such hospital to individuals covered under the insurance program established by this title.¹

Inpatient Psychiatric Hospital Services

(c) The term "inpatient psychiatric hospital services" means inpatient hospital services furnished to an inpatient of a psychiatric hospital.

Inpatient Tuberculosis Hospital Services

(d) The term "inpatient tuberculosis hospital services" means inpatient hospital services furnished to an inpatient of a tuberculosis hospital.

Hospital

(e) The term "hospital" (except for purposes of sections 1814(d), 1814(f) and 1835(b), subsection (a)(2) of this section, paragraph

¹ Par. (7) was amended by sec. 948(a)(1) of P.L. 96–499, effective as specified in sec. 948(c)(1) which reads:

[&]quot;(c) (L) The amendments made by subsec. (a) shall apply with respect to cost accounting periods beginning on or after Oct. 1, 1978. A hospital's election under sec. 1861(b) (7) (A) of the Social Security Act (as administered in accordance with sec. 15 of P.L. 93—238) as of Sept. 30, 1978, shall constitute such hospital's election under such section (as amended by subsec. (a) (1)) on and after Oct. 1, 1978, until otherwise provided by the hospital."

- (7) of this subsection, and subsection (i) of this section) means an institution which—
 - (1) is primarily engaged in providing, by or under the supervision of physicians, to inpatients (A) diagnostic services and therapeutic services for medical diagnosis, treatment, and care of injured, disabled, or sick persons, or (B) rehabilitation services for the rehabilitation of injured, disabled, or sick persons;
 - (2) maintains clinical records on all patients;
 - (3) has bylaws in effect with respect to its staff or physicians;
 - (4) has a requirement that every patient must be under the care of a physician;
 - (5) provides 24-hour nursing service rendered or supervised by a registered professional nurse, and has a licensed practical nurse or registered professional nurse on duty at all times except that until January 1, 1979, the Secretary is authorized to waive the requirement of this paragraph for any one-year period with respect to any institution, insofar as such requirement relates to the provision of twenty-four-hour nursing service rendered or supervised by a registered professional nurse (except that in any event a registered professional nurse must be present on the premises to render or supervise the nursing service provided, during at least the regular daytime shift), where immediately preceding such one-year period he finds that—
 - (A) such institution is located in a rural area and the supply of hospital services in such area is not sufficient to meet the needs of individuals residing therein,
 - (B) the failure of such institution to qualify as a hospital would seriously reduce the availability of such services to such individual, and
 - (C) such institution has made and continues to make a good faith effort to comply with this paragraph, but such compliance is impeded by the lack of qualified nursing personnel in such area; ¹
 - (6) has in effect a hospital utilization review plan which meets the requirements of subsection (k);
 - (7) in the case of an institution in any State in which State or applicable local law provides for the licensing of hospitals, (A) is licensed pursuant to such law or (B) is approved, by the agency of such State or locality responsible for licensing hospitals, as meeting the standards established for such licensing;
 - (8) has in effect an overall plan and budget that meets the requirements of subsection (z); and

¹ Par. (5) was amended by sec. 102 of P.L. 94-182.

(9) meets such other requirements as the Secretary finds necessary in the interest of the health and safety of the individuals who are furnished services in the institution.

For purposes of subsection (a) (2), such term includes any institution which meets the requirements of paragraph (1) of this subsection. For purposes of sections 1814(d) and 1835(b) (including determination of whether an individual received inpatient hospital services or diagnostic services for purposes of such sections), section 1814(f)(2), and subsection (i) of this section, such term includes any institution which (i) meets the requirements of paragraphs (5) and (7) of this subsection, (ii) is not primarily engaged in providing the services described in section 1861(j)(1)(A) and (iii) is primarily engaged in providing, by or under the supervision of individuals referred to in paragraph (1) of section 1861(r) to inpatients diagnostic services and therapeutic services for medical diagnosis, treatment, and care of injured, disabled, or sick persons, or rehabilitation services for the rehabilitation of injured, disabled, or sick persons. For purposes of section 1814(f)(1), such term includes an institution which (i) is a hospital for purposes of sections 1814(d), 1814(f) (2), and 1835(b) and (ii) is accredited by the Joint Commission on Accreditation of Hospitals, or is accredited by or approved by a program of the country in which such institution is located if the Secretary finds the accreditation or comparable approval standards of such program to be essentially equivalent to those of the Joint Commission on Accreditation of Hospitals. Notwithstanding the preceding provisions of this subsection, such term shall not, except for purposes of subsection (a) (2), include any institution which is primarily for the care and treatment of mental diseases or tuberculosis unless it is a tuberculosis hospital (as defined in subsection (g)) or unless it is a psychiatric hospital (as defined in subsection (f)). The term "hospital" also includes a Christian Science sanatorium operate, or listed and certified, by the First Church of Christ, Scientist, Boston, Massachusetts, but only with respect to items and services ordinarily furnished by such institution to inpatients, and payment may be made with respect to services provided by or in such an institution only to such extent and under such conditions, limitations, and requirements (in addition to or in lieu of the conditions, limitations, and requirements otherwise applicable) as may be provided in regulations. For provisions deeming certain requirements of this subsection to be met in the case of accredited institutions, see section 1865. The term "hospital" also includes a facility of fifty beds or less which is located in an area determined by the Secretary to meet the definition relating to a rural area described in subparagraph (A) of paragraph (5) of this subsection and which meets the other requirements of this subsection, except that-

(A) with respect to the requirements for nursing services applicable after December 31, 1978, such requirements shall pro-

vide for temporary waiver of the requirements, for such period as the Secretary deems appropriate, where (i) the facility's failure to fully comply with the requirements is attributable to a temporary shortage of qualified nursing personnel in the area in which the facility is located, (ii) a registered professional nurse is present on the premises to render or supervise the nursing service provided during at least the regular daytime shift. and (iii) the Secretary determines that the employment of such nursing personnel as are available to the facility during such temporary period will not adversely affect the health and safety of patients:

(B) with respect to the health and safety requirements promulgated under paragraph (9), such requirements shall be applied by the Secretary to a facility herein defined in such manner as to assure that personnel requirements take into account the availability of technical personnel and the educational opportunities for technical personnel in the area in which such facility is located, and the scope of services rendered by such facility; and the Secretary, by regulations, shall provide for the continued participation of such a facility where such personnel requirements are not fully met, for such period as the Secretary determines that (i) the facility is making good faith efforts to fully comply with the personnel requirements, (ii) the employment by the facility of such personnel as are available to the facility will not adversely affect the health and safety of patients; and (iii) if the Secretary has determined that because of the facility's waiver under this subparagraph the facility should limit its scope of services in order not to adversely affect the health and safety of the facility's patients, the facility is so limiting the scope of services it provides; and

(C) with respect to the fire and safety requirements promulgated under paragraph (9), the Secretary (i) may waive, for such period as he deems appropriate, specific provisions of such requirements which if rigidly applied would result in unreasonable hardship for such a facility and which, if not applied, would not jeopardize the health and safety of patients, and (ii) may accept a facility's compliance with all applicable State codes relating to fire and safety in lieu of compliance with the fire and safety requirements promulgated under paragraph (9), if he determines that such State has in effect fire and safety codes, imposed by State law, which adequately protect pa-

tients.1

¹The last sentence of subsec. (e) was added by sec. 949 of P.L. 96-499. Subsec. (e) was also amended, effective for services furnished on or after July 1, 1981, by sec. 930(k) of P.L. 96-499. Subpar. (C) was amended by sec. 128(d)(2) of P.L. 97-248.

Psychiatric Hospital

(f) The term "psychiatric hospital" means an institution which— (1) is primarily engaged in providing, by or under the supervision of a physician, psychiatric services for the diagnosis and treatment of mentally ill persons;

- (2) satisfies the requirements of paragraphs (3) through (9) of subsection (e);
- (3) maintains clinical records on all patients and maintains such records as the Secretary finds to be necessary to determine the degree and intensity of the treatment provided to individuals entitled to hospital insurance benefits under part A;
- (4) meets such staffing requirements as the Secretary finds necessary for the institution to carry out an active program of treatment for individuals who are furnished services in the institution; and
- (5) is accredited by the Joint Commission on Accreditation of Hospitals.

In the case of an institution which satisfies paragraphs (1) and (2) of the preceding sentence and which contains a distinct part which also satisfies paragraphs (3) and (4) of such sentence, such distinct part shall be considered to be a "psychiatric hospital" if the institution is accredited by the Joint Commission on Accreditation of Hospitals or if such distinct part meets requirements equivalent to such accreditation requirements as determined by the Secretary.

Tuberculosis Hospital

- (g) The term "tuberculosis hospital" means an institution which—
 - (1) is primarily engaged in providing, by or under the supervision of a physician, medical services for the diagnosis and treatment of tuberculosis:
 - (2) satisfies the requirements of paragraphs (3) through (9) of subsection (e);
 - (3) maintains clinical records on all patients and maintains such records as the Secretary finds to be necessary to determine the degree and intensity of the treatment provided to individuals covered by the insurance program established by part A;
 - (4) meets such staffing requirements as the Secretary finds necessary for the institution to carry out an active program of treatment for individuals who are furnished services in the institution; and
 - (5) is accredited by the Joint Commission on Accreditation of Hospitals.

In the case of an institution which satisfies paragraphs (1) and (2) of the preceding sentence and which contains a distinct part which also satisfies paragraphs (3) and (4) of such sentence, such distinct part shall be considered to be a "tuberculosis hospital" if the institution is accredited by the Joint Commission on Accreditation of Hospitals or if such distinct part meets requirements equivalent to such accreditation requirements as determined by the Secretary.

(C) diagnostic services which are—

(i) furnished to an individual as an outpatient by a hospital or by others under arrangements with them made by a

hospital, and

(ii) ordinarily furnished by such hospital (or by others under such arrangements) to its outpatients for the purpose of diagnostic study;

(D) outpatient physical therapy services;

(E) rural health clinic services; 1

(F) home dialysis supplies and equipment, self-care home dialysis services, and institutional dialysis services and supplies; 2

(G) antigens (subject to quantity limitations prescribed in regulations by the Secretary) prepared by a physician, as defined in section 1861(r)(1), for a particular patient, including antigens so prepared which are forwarded to another qualified person (including a rural health clinic) for administration to such patient, from time to time, by or under the supervision of another such physician; and *

(H) services furnished pursuant to a contract under section 1876 to a member of an eligible organization by a physician assistant or by a nurse practitioner (as defined in subsection (aa)(3)) and such services and supplies furnished as an incident to his service to such a member as would otherwise be covered under this part if furnished by a physician or as an incident to a physician's service: 4

(3) diagnostic X-ray tests (including tests under the supervision of a physician, furnished in a place of residence used as the patient's home, if the performance of such tests meets such conditions relating to health and safety as the Secretary may find necessary), diagnostic laboratory tests, and other diagnostic tests;

(4) X-ray, radium, and radioactive isotope therapy, including materials and services of technicians;

(5) surgical dressings, and splints, casts, and other devices used for a reduction of fractures and dislocations;

(6) durable medical equipment, including iron lungs, oxygen tents, hospital beds, and wheelchairs (which may include a power-operated vehicle that may be appropriately used as a wheelchair, but only where the use of such a vehicle is determined to be necessary on the basis of the individual's medical and physical condition and the vehicle meets such safety requirements as the Secretary may prescribe) used in the patient's home (including an institution used as his home other than an institu-

¹ Subpar. (E) was added by sec. 1(g) of P.L. 95-210.

² Subpar. (F) was added by sec. 4(d) of P.L. 95-292.

^{*} Subpar. (G) was added by sec. 938 of P.L. 96-499.

⁴ Subpar. (H) was added by sec. 114(b) of P.L. 97-248.

tion that meets the requirements of subsection (e)(1) or (j)(1) of this section), whether furnished on a rental basis or purchased; 1

(7) ambulance service where the use of other methods of transportation is contraindicated by the individual's condition, but only to the extent provided in regulations;

(8) prosthetic devices (other than dental) which replace all or part of an internal body organ (including colostomy bags and supplies directly related to colostomy care) including replacement of such devices;

(9) leg, arm, back, and neck braces, and artificial legs, arms, and eyes, including replacements if required because of a change in the patient's physical condition; and

(10) pneumococcal vaccine and its administration.2

No diagnostic tests performed in any laboratory which is independent of a physician's office, a rural health clinic, or a hospital (which, for purposes of this sentence, means an institution considered a hospital for purposes of section 1814(d)) shall be included within paragraph (3) unless such laboratory—

- (11) if situated in any State in which State or applicable local law provides for licensing of establishments of this nature, (A) is licensed pursuant to such law, or (B) is approved, by the agency of such State or locality responsible for licensing establishments of this nature, as meeting the standards established for such licensing; and
- (12) meets such other conditions relating to the health and safety of individuals with respect to whom such tests are performed as the Secretary may find necessary.³

There shall be excluded from the diagnostic services specified in paragraph (2)(C) any item or service (except services referred to in paragraph (1)) which—

(13) would not be included under subsection (b) if it were furnished to an inpatient of a hospital; or

(14) is furnished under arrangements referred to in such paragraph (2) (C) unless furnished in the hospital or in other facilities operated by or under the supervision of the hospital or its organized medical staff.⁴

None of the items and services referred to in the preceding paragraphs (other than paragraphs (1) and (2)(A)) of this subsection which are furnished to a patient of an institution which meets the definition of a hospital for purposes of section 1814(d) shall be included unless

¹ Par. (6) was amended by sec. 501(a) of P.L. 95-216.

² Par. (10) was added by sec. 1(a) of P.L. 96-611 effective for services furnished on or after July 1, 1981.

³This sentence was amended by sec. 1(h) of P.L. 95-210 and by sec. 1(a) (1) (A) of P.L. 96-611.

^{*}Pars. (18) and (14) were renumbered by sec. 1(a) (1) (A) of P.L. 96-611.

such other conditions are met as the Secretary may find necessary relating to health and safety of individuals with respect to whom such items and services are furnished.

Drugs and Biologicals

(t) The term "drugs" and the term "biologicals," except for purposes of subsection (m) (5) of this section, include only such drugs and biologicals, respectively, as are included (or approved for inclusion) in the United States Pharmacopoeia, the National Formulary, or the United States Homeopathic Pharmacopoea, or in New Drugs or Accepted Dental Remedies (except for any drugs and biologicals unfavorably evaluated therein), or as are approved by the pharmacy and drug therapeutics committee (or equivalent committee) of the medical staff of the hospital furnishing such drugs and biologicals for use in such hospital.

Provider of Services

(u) The term "provider of services" means a hospital, skilled nursing facility, comprehensive outpatient rehabilitation facility, home health agency, hospice program, or, for purposes of section 1814(g) and section 1835(e), a fund.¹

Reasonable Cost

(v) (1) (A) The reasonable cost of any services shall be the cost actually incurred, excluding therefrom any part of incurred cost found to be unnecessary in the efficient delivery of needed health services, and shall be determined in accordance with regulations establishing the method or methods to be used, and the items to be included, in determining such costs for various types or classes of institutions, agencies, and services; except that in any case to which paragraph (2) or (3) applies, the amount of the payment determined under such paragraph with respect to the services involved shall be considered the reasonable cost of such services. In prescribing the regulations referred to in the preceding sentence, the Secretary shall consider, among other things, the principles generally applied by national organizations or established prepayment organizations (which have developed such principles) in computing the amount of payment, to be made by persons other than the recipients of services, to providers

^{&#}x27;Subsec. (u) was amended, effective April 1, 1981, by sec. 981(c) of P.L. 96-499 and was further amended, effective with respect to a comprehensive outpatient rehabilitation facility's first account period which begins on or after July 1, 1981, by sec. 933(c) of P.L. 96-499. Sec. 2121(c) of P.L. 97-35 struck the words "detoxification facility". Sec. 122(d) (1) of P.L. 97-248 added the words "hospice program,".

- (11) complies with the requirements of section 1124; 1
- (12) cooperates in an effective program which provides for a regular program of independent medical evaluation and audit of the patients in the facility to the extent required by the programs in which the facility participates (including medical evaluation of each patient's need for skilled nursing facility care);
- (13) meets such provisions of such edition (as specified by the Secretary in regulations) of the Life Safety Code of the National Fire Protection Association as are applicable to nursing homes: except that the Secretary may waive, for such periods as he deems appropriate, specific provisions of such Code which if rigidly applied would result in unreasonable hardship upon a nursing home, but only if such waiver will not adversely affect the health and safety of the patients; except that the provisions of such Code shall not apply in any State if the Secretary finds that in such State there is in effect a fire and safety code, imposed by State law, which adequately protects patients in nursing facilities; ²
- (14) establishes and maintains a system that (A) assures a full and complete accounting of its patients' personal funds, and (B) includes the use of such separate account for such funds as will preclude any commingling of such funds with facility funds or with the funds of any person other than another such patient; and ²
- (15) meets such other conditions relating to the health and safety of individuals who are furnished services in such institution or relating to the physical facilities thereof as the Secretary may find necessary (subject to the second sentence of section 1863), except that the Secretary shall not require as a condition of participation that medical social services be furnished in any such institution. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, all information concerning skilled nursing facilities required by this subsection to be filed with the Secretary shall be made available to Federal or State employees for purposes consistent with the effective administration of programs established under titles XVIII and XIX of this Act:

¹ Par. (11) was amended by sec. 3(a) (2) of P.L. 95-142.

² Par. (13) was amended by sec. 106(a) of P.L. 94-182 and by sec. 915(a) of P.L. 96-499. Sec. 915(b) of P.L. 96-499 reads as follows:

[&]quot;(b) Any institution (or part of an institution) which complied with the requirements of section 1861(j)(13) of the Social Security Act on the day before the date of the enactment of this Act shall, so long as such compliance is maintained (either by meeting the applicable provisions of the Life Safety Code (21st edition, 1967, or 23d edition, 1973), with or without waivers of specific provisions, or by meeting the applicable provisions of a fire and safety code imposed by State law as provided for in such section 1861 (j)(13), be considered (for purposes of titles XVIII or XIX of such Act) to be in compliance with the requirements of such section 1861(j)(13), as it is amended by subsection (a) of this section."

² Par. (14) was added by section 21(a) of P.L. 95-142. See also secs. 21 (b) and (c) which are printed in this document on p. 766.

except that such term shall not (other than for purposes of subsection (a)(2)) include any institution which is primarily for the care and treatment of mental diseases or tuberculosis. For purposes of subsection (a)(2), such term includes any institution which meets the requirements of paragraph (1) of this subsection. The term "skilled nursing facility" also includes an institution described in paragraph (1) of subsection (y), to the extent and subject to the limitations provided in such subsection.

To the extent that paragraph (6) of this subsection may be deemed to require that any skilled nursing facility engage the services of a registered professional nurse for more than 40 hours a week, the Secretary is authorized to waive such requirement if he finds that—

- (A) such facility is located in a rural area and the supply of skilled nursing facility services in such area is not sufficient to meet the needs of individuals residing therein,
- (B) such facility has one full-time registered professional nurse who is regularly on duty at such facility 40 hours a week, and
- (C) such facility (i) has only patients whose physicians have indicated (through physicians' orders or admission notes) that each such patient does not require the services of a registered nurse or a physician for a 48-hour period, or (ii) has made arrangements for a registered professional nurse or a physician to spend such time at such facility as may be indicated as necessary by the physician to provide necessary skilled nursing services on days when the regular full-time registered professional nurse is not on duty.

Utilization Review

- (k) A utilization review plan of a hospital or skilled nursing facility shall be considered sufficient if it is applicable to services furnished by the institution to individuals entitled to insurance benefits under this title and if it provides—
 - (1) for the review, on a sample or other basis, of admissions to the institution, the duration of stays therein, and the professional services (including drugs and biologicals) furnished, (A) with respect to the medical necessity of the services, and (B) for the purpose of promoting the most efficient use of available health facilities and services;
 - (2) for such review to be made by either (A) a staff committee of the institution composed of two or more physicians (of which at least two must be physicians described in subsection (r) (1) of this section), with or without participation of other professional personnel, or (B) a group outside the institution which is similarly composed and (i) which is established by the local medical society and some or all of the hospitals and skilled nursing

facilities in the locality, or (ii) if (and for as long as) there has not been established such a group which serves such institution. which is established in such other manner as may be approved by the Secretary; ¹

- (3) for such review, in each case of inpatient hospital services or extended care services furnished to such an individual during a continuous period of extended duration, as of such days of such period (which may differ for different classes of cases) as may be specified in regulations, with such review to be made as promptly as possible, after each day so specified, and in no event later than one week following such day; and
- (4) for prompt notification to the institution, the individual, and his attending physician of any finding (made after opportunity for consultation to such attending physician) by the physician members of such committee or group that any further stay in the institution is not medically necessary.

The review committee must be composed as provided in clause (B) of paragraph (2) rather than as provided in clause (A) of such paragraph in the case of any hospital or skilled nursing facility where, because of the small size of the institution, or (in the case of a skilled nursing facility) because of lack of an organized medical staff, or for such other reason or reasons as may be included in regulations, it is impracticable for the institution to have a properly functioning staff committee for the purposes of this subsection. If the Secretary determines that the utilization review procedures established pursuant to title XIX are superior in their effectiveness to the procedures required under this section, he may, to the extent that he deems it appropriate, require for purposes of this title that the procedures established pursuant to title XIX be utilized instead of the procedures required by this section.

Agreements for Transfer Between Skilled Nursing Facilities and Hospitals

- (1) A hospital and a skilled nursing facility shall be considered to have a transfer agreement in effect if, by reason of a written agreement between them or (in case the two institutions are under common control) by reason of a written undertaking by the person or body which controls them, there is reasonable assurance that—
 - (1) transfer of patients will be effected between the hospital and the skilled nursing facility whenever such transfer is medically appropriate as determined by the attending physician; and
 - (2) there will be interchange of medical and other information necessary or useful in the care and treatment of individuals transferred between the institutions, or in determining whether such individuals can be adequately cared for otherwise than in either of such institutions.

¹ Par. (2) was amended by sec. 951(b) of P.L. 96-499.

Any skilled nursing facility which does not have such an agreement in effect, but which is found by a State agency (of the State in which such facility is situated) with which an agreement under section 1864 is in effect (or, in the case of a State in which no such agency has an agreement under section 1864, by the Secretary) to have attempted in good faith to enter into such an agreement with a hospital sufficiently close to the facility to make feasible the transfer between them of patients and the information referred to in paragraph (2), shall be considered to have such an agreement in effect if and for so long as such agency (or the Secretary, as the case may be) finds that to do so is in the public interest and essential to assuring extended care services for persons in the community who are eligible for payments with respect to such services under this title.

Home Health Services

- (m) The term "home health services" means the following items and services furnished to an individual, who is under the care of a physician, by a home health agency or by others under arrangements with them made by such agency, under a plan (for furnishing such items and services to such individual) established and periodically reviewed by a physician, which items and services are, except as provided in paragraph (7), provided on a visiting basis in a place of residence used as such individual's home—
 - (1) part-time or intermittent nursing care provided by or under the supervision of a registered professional nurse;

(2) physical, occupational, or speech therapy;

- (3) medical social services under the direction of a physician;
- (4) to the extent permitted in regulations, part-time or intermittent services of a home health aide who has successfully completed a training program approved by the Secretary; ¹

(5) medical supplies (other than drugs and biologicals), and the

use of medical appliances, while under such a plan;

- (6) in the case of a home health agency which is affiliated or under common control with a hospital, medical services provided by an intern or resident-in-training of such hospital under a teaching program of such hospital approved as provided in the last sentence of subsection (b); and
- (7) any of the foregoing items and services which are provided on an outpatient basis, under arrangements made by the home health agency, at a hospital or skilled nursing facility, or at a rehabilitation center which meets such standards as may be prescribed in regulations, and—
 - (A) the furnishing of which involves the use of equipment of such a nature that the items and services cannot readily be made available to the individual in such place of residence, or

¹ Par. (4) as amended, with respect to services furnished on or after July 1, 1981, by sec. 930(1) of P.L. 96-499.

(B) which are furnished at such facility while he is there to receive any such item or service described in clause (A), but not including transportation of the individual in connection with any such item or service;

excluding, however, any item or service if it would not be included under subsection (b) if furnished to an inpatient of a hospital.

Post-Hospital Home Health Services

(n) [Repealed] 1

Home Health Agency

- (o) The term "home health agency" means a public agency or private organization, or a subdivision of such an agency or organization, which—
 - (1) is primarily engaged in providing skilled nursing services and other therapeutic services;
 - (2) has policies, established by a group of professional personnel (associated with the agency or organization), including one or more physicians and one or more registered professional nurses, to govern the services (referred to in paragraph (1)) which it provides, and provides for supervision of such services by a physician or registered professional nurse;
 - (3) maintains clinical records on all patients;
 - (4) in the case of an agency or organization in any State in which State or applicable local law provides for the licensing of agencies or organizations of this nature, (A) is licensed pursuant to such law, or (B) is approved, by the agency of such State or locality responsible for licensing agencies or organizations of this nature, as meeting the standards established for such licensing;
 - (5) has in effect an overall plan and budget that meets the requirements of subsection (z);
 - (6) meets such other conditions of participation as the Secretary may find necessary in the interest of the health and safety of individuals who are furnished services by such agency or organization; and
 - (7) meets such additional requirements (including conditions relating to bonding or establishing of escrow accounts as the Secretary finds necessary for the financial security of the program) as the Secretary finds necessary for the effective and efficient operation of the program; ²

¹ Subsec. (n) was repealed, effective with respect to services furnished on or after July 1, 1981, by sec. 930(m) of P.L. 96–499.

² Par. (7) was added by sec. 930(n)(1) of P.L. 96-499. Sec. 930(s)(2) provides: "(2) The Secretary of Health and Human Services shall take administrative action to assure that improvements, in accordance with the amendment made by subsection (n)(1), will be made not later than June 30, 1981."

except that for purposes of part A such term shall not include any agency or organization which is primarily for the care and treatment of mental diseases.¹

Outpatient Physical Therapy Services

- (p) The term "outpatient physical therapy services" means physical therapy services furnished by a provider of services, a clinic, rehabilitation agency, or a public health agency, or by others under an arrangement with, and under the supervision of, such provider, clinic, rehabilitation agency, or public health agency to an individual as an outpatient—
 - (1) who is under the care of a physician (as defined in section 1861(r)(1)), and
 - (2) with respect to whom a plan prescribing the type, amount, and duration of physical therapy services that are to be furnished such individual has been established, and is periodically reviewed, by a physician (as so defined);

excluding, however-

- (3) any item or service if it would not be included under subsection (b) if furnished to an inpatient of a hospital; and
 - (4) any such service—
 - (A) if furnished by a clinic or rehabilitation agency, or by others under arrangements with such clinic or agency, unless such clinic or rehabilitation agency—
 - (i) provides an adequate program of physical therapy services for outpatients and has the facilities and personnel required for such program or required for the supervision of such a program, in accordance with such requirements as the Secretary may specify,
 - (ii) has policies, established by a group of professional personnel, including one or more physicians (associated with the clinic or rehabilitation agency) and one or more qualified physical therapists, to govern the services (referred to in clause (i)) it provides,
 - (iii) maintains clinical records on all patients,
 - (iv) if such clinic or agency is situated in a State in which State or applicable local law provides for the licensing of institutions of this nature, (I) is licensed pursuant to such law, or (II) is approved by the agency of such State or locality responsible for licensing insti-

¹ Subsec. (o) was amended, effective with respect to services furnished on or after July 1, 1981, by sec. 930(n) (2) of P.L. 96-499.

tutions of this nature, as meeting the standards established for such licensing; and

- (v) meets such other conditions relating to the health and safety of individuals who are furnished services by such clinic or agency on an outpatient basis, as the Secretary may find necessary, or
- (B) if furnished by a public health agency, unless such agency meets such other conditions relating to health and safety of individuals who are furnished services by such agency on an outpatient basis, as the Secretary may find necessary.

The term "outpatient physical therapy services" also includes physical therapy services furnished an individual by a physical therapist (in his office or in such individual's home) who meets licensing and other standards prescribed by the Secretary in regulations, otherwise than under an arrangement with and under the supervision of a provider of services, clinic, rehabilitation agency, or public health agency, if the furnishing of such services meets such conditions relating to health and safety as the Secretary may find necessary. In addition, such term includes physical therapy services which meet the requirements of the first sentence of this subsection except that they are furnished to an individual as an inpatient of a hospital or extended care facility. The term "outpatient physical therapy services" also includes speech pathology services furnished by a provider of services, a clinic, rehabilitation agency, or by a public health agency, or by others under an arrangement with, and under the supervision of, such provider, clinic, rehabilitation agency, or public health agency to an individual as an outpatient, subject to the conditions prescribed in this subsection.

Physicians' Services

(q) The term "physicians' services" means professional services performed by physicians, including surgery, consultation, and home, office, and institutional calls (but not including services described in subsection (b) (6)).

Physician

(r) The term "physician," when used in connection with the performance of any function or action, means (1) a doctor of medicine or osteopathy legally authorized to practice medicine and surgery by the State in which he performs such function or action (including a physician within the meaning of section 1101(a)(7)), (2) a doctor of dental surgery or of dental medicine who is legally authorized to practice dentistry by the State in which he performs such function and who is acting within the scope of his license when he performs such functions, (3) a doctor of podiatric medicine for the purposes of subsection (s) of this section but only with respect to functions

which he is legally authorized to perform as such by the State in which he performs them; and for the purposes of subsections (k) and (m) of this section and sections 1814(a) and 1835 but only if his performance of functions under subsections (k) and (m) and sections 1814(a) and 1835 is consistent with the policy of the institution or agency with respect to which he performs them and with the functions which he is legally authorized to perform, or (4) a doctor of optometry who is legally authorized to practice optometry by the State in which he performs such function, but only with respect to services related to the condition of aphakia, or (5) a chiropractor who is licensed as such by the State (or in a State which does not license chiropractors as such, is legally authorized to perform the services of a chiropractor in the jurisdiction in which he performs such services), and who meets uniform minimum standards promulgated by the Secretary, but only for the purpose of sections 1861(s)(1) and 1861(s) (2) (A) and only with respect to treatment by means of manual manipulation of the spine (to correct a subluxation demonstrated by X-ray to exist) which he is legally authorized to perform by the State or jurisdiction in which such treatment is provided. For the purposes of section 1862(a) (4) and subject to the limitations and conditions provided in the previous sentence, such term includes a doctor of one of the arts, specified in such previous sentence, legally authorized to practice such art in the country in which the inpatient hospital services (referred to in such section 1862(a)(4)) are furnished.¹

Medical and Other Health Services

- (s) The term "medical and other health services" means any of the following items or services:
 - (1) physicians' services;
 - (2) (A) services and supplies (including drugs and biologicals which cannot, as determined in accordance with regulations, be self-administered) furnished as an incident to a physician's professional service, of kinds which are commonly furnished in physicians' offices and are commonly either rendered without charge or included in the physicians' bills;
 - (B) hospital services (including drugs and biologicals which cannot, as determined in accordance with regulations, be self-administered) incident to physicians' services rendered to outpatients;

¹ Clauses (2) and (4) were amended, effective with respect to services provided on or after July 1, 1981, by secs. 936(a) and 937(a) of P.L. 96-499. Clause (3) was amended by sec. 951(a) of P.L. 96-499. Sec. 937(b) of P.L. 96-499 provides as follows:

[&]quot;(b) The Secretary of Health and Human Services shall submit to Congress by January 1, 1982, legislative recommendations with respect to reimbursement under title XVIII of the Social Security Act for services furnished by optometrists in connection with cataracts and such services which they are legally authorized to perform."

(C) diagnostic services which are—

(i) furnished to an individual as an outpatient by a hospital or by others under arrangements with them made by a hospital, and

(ii) ordinarily furnished by such hospital (or by others under such arrangements) to its outpatients for the purpose

of diagnostic study;

(D) outpatient physical therapy services;

(E) rural health clinic services; 1

- (F) home dialysis supplies and equipment, self-care home dialysis services, and institutional dialysis services and supplies; and *
- (G) antigens (subject to quantity limitations prescribed in regulations by the Secretary) prepared by a physician, as defined in section 1861(r)(1), for a particular patient, including antigens so prepared which are forwarded to another qualified person (including a rural health clinic) for administration to such patient, from time to time, by or under the supervision of another such physician; ²
- (3) diagnostic X-ray tests (including tests under the supervision of a physician, furnished in a place of residence used as the patient's home, if the performance of such tests meets such conditions relating to health and safety as the Secretary may find necessary), diagnostic laboratory tests, and other diagnostic tests;
- (4) X-ray, radium, and radioactive isotope therapy, including materials and services of technicians:
- (5) surgical dressings, and splints, casts, and other devices used for a reduction of fractures and dislocations;
- (6) durable medical equipment, including iron lungs, oxygen tents, hospital beds, and wheelchairs (which may include a power-operated vehicle that may be appropriately used as a wheelchair, but only where the use of such a vehicle is determined to be necessary on the basis of the individual's medical and physical condition and the vehicle meets such safety requirements as the Secretary may prescribe) used in the patient's home (including an institution used as his home other than an institution that meets the requirements of subsection (e)(1) or (j)(1) of this section), whether furnished on a rental basis or purchased;
- (7) ambulance service where the use of other methods of transportation is contraindicated by the individual's condition, but only to the extent provided in regulations;

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¹ Subpar. (E) was added by sec. 1(g) of P.L. 95-210.

² Subpar. (F) was added by sec. 4(d) of P.L. 95-292.

Subpar. (G) was added by sec. 938 of P.L. 96-499.
 Par. (6) was amended by sec. 501(a) of P.L. 95-216.

- (8) prosthetic devices (other than dental) which replace all or part of an internal body organ (including colostomy bags and supplies directly related to colostomy care) including replacement of such devices;
- (9) leg, arm, back, and neck braces, and artificial legs, arms, and eyes, including replacements if required because of a change in the patient's physical condition; and
- (10) pneumococcal vaccine and its administration.'
 No diagnostic tests performed in any laboratory which is independent of a physician's office, a rural health clinic, or a hospital (which, for purposes of this sentence, means an institution considered a hospital

for purposes of section 1814(d)) shall be included within paragraph (3) unless such laboratory—

- (11) if situated in any State in which State or applicable local law provides for licensing of establishments of this nature, (A) is licensed pursuant to such law, or (B) is approved, by the agency of such State or locality responsible for licensing establishments of this nature, as meeting the standards established for such licensing; and
- (12) meets such other conditions relating to the health and safety of individuals with respect to whom such tests are performed as the Secretary may find necessary.

There shall be excluded from the diagnostic services specified in paragraph (2)(C) any item or service (except services referred to in paragraph (1)) which—

- (13) would not be included under subsection (b) if it were furnished to an inpatient of a hospital; or
- (14) is furnished under arrangements referred to in such paragraph (2)(C) unless furnished in the hospital or in other facilities operated by or under the supervision of the hospital or its organized medical staff.

None of the items and services referred to in the preceding paragraphs (other than paragraphs (1) and (2) (A)) of this subsection which are furnished to a patient of an institution which meets the definition of a hospital for purposes of section 1814(d) shall be included unless such other conditions are met as the Secretary may find necessary relating to health and safety of individuals with respect to whom such items and services are furnished.

Drugs and Biologicals

(t) The term "drugs" and the term "biologicals," except for purposes of subsection (m)(5) of this section, include only such drugs

Par. (10) was added by sec. 1(a) of P.L. 96-611 effective for services furnished on or after July 1, 1981.

²¹This sentence was amended by sec. 1(h) of P.L. 95–210 and by sec. 1(a)(1)(A) of P.L. 96–611.

² Pars. (18) and (14) were renumbered by sec. 1(a) (1) (A) of P.L. 96-611.

and biologicals, respectively, as are included (or approved for inclusion) in the United States Pharmacopoeia, the National Formulary, or the United States Homeopathic Pharmacopoea, or in New Drugs or Accepted Dental Remedies (except for any drugs and biologicals unfavorably evaluated therein), or as are approved by the pharmacy and drug therapeutics committee (or equivalent committee) of the medical staff of the hospital furnishing such drugs and biologicals for use in such hospital.

Provider of Services

(u) The term "provider of services" means a hospital, skilled nursing facility, comprehensive outpatient rehabilitation facility, home health agency, or, for purposes of section 1814(g) and section 1835(e), a fund.¹

Reasonable Cost

(v) (1) (A) The reasonable cost of any services shall be the cost actually incurred, excluding therefrom any part of incurred cost found to be unnecessary in the efficient delivery of needed health services, and shall be determined in accordance with regulations establishing the method or methods to be used, and the items to be included, in determining such costs for various types or classes of institutions, agencies, and services; except that in any case to which paragraph (2) or (3) applies, the amount of the payment determined under such paragraph with respect to the services involved shall be considered the reasonable cost of such services. In prescribing the regulations referred to in the preceding sentence, the Secretary shall consider, among other things, the principles generally applied by national organizations or established prepayment organizations (which have developed such principles) in computing the amount of payment, to be made by persons other than the recipients of services, to providers

^{&#}x27;Subsec. (u) was amended, effective April 1, 1981, by sec. 981(c) of P.L. 96-499 and was further amended, effective with respect to a comprehensive outpatient rehabilitation facility's first account period which begins on or after July 1, 1981, by sec. 933(c) of P.L. 96-499. Sec. 2121(c) of P.L. 97-35 struck the words "detoxification facility".

of services on account of services furnished to such recipients by such providers. Such regulations may provide for determination of the costs of services on a per diem, per unit, per capita, or other basis, may provide for using different methods in different circumstances. may provide for the use of estimates of costs of particular items or services, may provide for the establishment of limits on the direct or indirect overall incurred costs or incurred costs of specific items or services or groups of items or services to be recognized as reasonable based on estimates of the costs necessary in the efficient delivery of needed health services to individuals covered by the insurance programs established under this title, and may provide for the use of charges or a percentage of charges where this method reasonably reflects the costs. Such regulations shall (i) take into account both direct and indirect costs of providers of services (excluding therefrom any such costs, including standby costs, which are determined in accordance with regulations to be unnecessary in the efficient delivery of services covered by the insurance programs established under this title) in order that, under the methods of determining costs, the necessary costs of efficiently delivering covered services to individuals covered by the insurance programs established by this title will not be borne by individuals not so covered, and the costs with respect to individuals not so covered will not be borne by such insurance programs, and (ii) provide for the making of suitable retroactive corrective adjustments where, for a provider of services for any fiscal period, the aggregate reimbursement produced by the methods of determining costs proves to be either inadequate or excessive.

(B) Such regulations in the case of extended care services furnished by proprietary facilities shall include provision for specific recognition of a reasonable return on equity capital, including necessary working capital, invested in the facility and used in the furnishing of such services, in lieu of other allowances to the extent that they reflect similar items. The rate of return recognized pursuant to the preceding sentence for determining the reasonable cost of any services furnished in any fiscal period shall not exceed one and one-half times the average of the rates of interest, for each of the months any part of which is included in such fiscal period, on obligations issued for purchase by the Federal Hospital Insurance Trust Fund.

(C) Where a hospital has an arrangement with a medical school under which the faculty of such school provides services at such hospital, an amount not in excess of the reasonable cost of such services to the medical school shall be included in determining the reasonable cost to the hospital of furnishing services—

(i) for which payment may be made under part A, but only if
(I) payment for such services as furnished under such
arrangement would be made under part A to the hospital

had such services been furnished by the hospital, and

- (II) such hospital pays to the medical school at least the reasonable cost of such services to the medical school, or
- (ii) for which payment may be made under part B, but only if such hospital pays to the medical school at least the reasonable cost of such services to the medical school.
- (D) Where (i) physicians furnish services which are either inpatient hospital services (including services in conjunction with the teaching programs of such hospital) by reason of paragraph (7) of subsection (b) or for which entitlement exists by reason of clause (II) of section 1832(a)(2)(B) (i) and (ii) such hospital (or medical school under arrangement with such hospital) incurs no actual cost in the furnishing of such services, the reasonable cost of such services shall (under regulations of the Secretary) be deemed to be the cost such hospital or medical school would have incurred had it paid a salary to such physicians rendering such services approximately equivalent to the average salary paid to all physicians employed by such hospital (or if such employment does not exist, or is minimal in such hospital, by similar hospitals in a geographic area of sufficient size to assure reasonable inclusion of sufficient physicians in development of such average salary).
- (E) (i) Such regulations shall provide that any determination or reasonable cost with respect to services provided by hospital-based skilled nursing facilities shall be made on the basis of a single standard based on the reasonableness of costs incurred by free standing skilled nursing facilities, subject to such adjustments as the Secretary may deem appropriate.
- (ii) Such regulations may, in the case of skilled nursing facilities in any State, provide for the uses of rates, developed by the State in which such facilities are located, for the payment of the cost of skilled nursing facility services furnished under the State's plan approved under title XIX (and such rates may be increased by the Secretary on a class or size of institution or on a geographical basis by a percentage factor not in excess of 10 percent to take into account determinable items or services or other requirements under this title not otherwise included in the computation of such State rates), if the Secretary finds that such rates are reasonably related to (but not necessarily limited to) analyses undertaken by such State of costs of care in comparable facilities in such State.¹

¹ Subpar. (E) was amended in its entirety by sec. 102(a) of P.L. 97-248.

(F) Such regulations shall require each provider of services (other than a fund) to make reports to the Secretary of information described in section 1121(a) in accordance with the uniform reporting system (established under such section) for that type of provider.¹

- (G) (i) In any case in which a hospital provides inpatient services to an individual that would constitute post-hospital extended care services if provided by a skilled nursing facility and a quality control and peer review organization (or, in the absence of such a qualified organization, the Secretary or such agent as the Secretary may designate determines that inpatient hospital services for the individual are not medically necessary but post-hospital extended care services for the individual are medically necessary and such extended care services are not otherwise available to the individual (as determined in accordance with criteria established by the Secretary) at the time of such determination, payment for such services provided to the individual shall continue to be made under this title at the payment rate described in clause (ii) during the period in which—
 - (I) such post-hospital extended care services for the individual are medically necessary and not otherwise available to the individual (as so determined),
 - (II) inpatient hospital services for the individual are not medically necessary, and
 - (III) the individual is entitled to have payment made for post-hospital extended care services under this title,

except that if the Secretary determines that there is not an excess of hospital beds in such hospital and (subject to clause (iv)) there is not an excess of hospital beds in the area of such hospital, such payment shall be made (during such period) on the basis of the reasonable cost of inpatient hospital services.

- (ii) (I) Except as provided in subclause (II), the payment rate referred to in clause (i) is a rate equal to the estimated adjusted Statewide average rate per patient-day paid for services provided in skilled nursing facilities under the State plan approved under title XIX for the State in which such hospital is located, or, if the State in which the hospital is located does not have a State plan approved under title XIX, the estimated adjusted State-wide average allowable costs per patient-day for extended care services under this title in that State.
- (II) If a hospital has a unit which is a skilled nursing facility, the payment rate referred to in clause (i) for the hospital is a rate equal to the lesser of the rate described in subclause (I) or the allow-

¹ Subpar. (F) was added by section 19(b)(1) of P.L. 95-142, effective as specified in sec. 19(c) which is printed in this document on p. 765.

able costs in effect under this title for extended care services provided to patients of such unit.

- (iii) Any day on which an individual receives inpatient services for which payment is made under this subparagraph shall, for purposes of this Act (other than this subparagraph), be deemed to be a day on which the individual received inpatient hospital services.
- (iv) In determining under clause (i), in the case of a public hospital, whether or not there is an excess of hospital beds in the area of such hospital, such determination shall be made on the basis of only the public hospitals (including the hospital) which are in the area of the hospital and which are under common ownership with that hospital.

(H) In determining such reasonable cost with respect to home health

agencies, the Secretary may not include—

- (i) any costs incurred in connection with bonding or establishing an escrow account by any such agency as a result of the financial security requirement described in subsection (o) (7);
- (ii) in the case of home health agencies to which the financial security requirement described in subsection (o) (7) applies, any costs attributed to interest charged such an agency in connection with amounts borrowed by the agency to repay overpayments made under this title to the agency, except that such costs may be included in reasonable cost if the Secretary determines that the agency was acting in good faith in borrowing the amounts:
- (iii) in the case of contracts entered into by a home health agency after the date of the enactment of this subparagraph for the purpose of having services furnished for or on behalf of such agency, any cost incurred by such agency pursuant to any such contract which is entered into for a period exceeding five years;
- (iv) in the case of contracts entered into by a home health agency ore the date of the enactment of this subparagraph for the purpose of having services furnished for or on behalf of such agency, any cost incurred by such agency pursuant to any such contract, which determines the amount payable by the home health agency on the basis of a percentage of the agency's reimbursement or claim for reimbursement for services furnished by the agency, to the extent that such cost exceeds the reasonable value of the services furnished on behalf of such agency.²
- (I) In determining such reasonable cost, the Secretary may not include any costs incurred by a provider with respect to any services furnished in connection with matters for which payment may be made

¹Subpar. (G) (i) was amended by secs. 2102 and 2114 of P.L. 97-35 and sec. 148(b) of P.L. 97-248. Sec. 2102 of P.L. 97-35 also amended subpar. (G) (iv) in its entirety.

Subpar. (H) was added, effective with respect to services furnished on or after July 1, 1981, by sec. 930(p) of P.L. 96-499 and amended by sec. 109(b)(1) of P.L. 97-248.

under this title and furnished pursuant to a contract between the provider and any of its subcontractors which is entered into after the date of the enactment of this subparagraph and the value or cost of which is \$10,000 or more over a twelve-month period unless the contract contains a clause to the effect that—

- (i) until the expiration of four years after the furnishing of such services pursuant to such contract, the subcontractor shall make available, upon written request to the Secretary, or upon request to the Comptroller General, or any of their duly authorized representatives, the contract, and books, documents and records of such subcontractor that are necessary to certify the nature and extent of such costs, and
- (ii) if the subcontractor carries out any of the duties of the contract through a subcontract, with a value or cost of \$10,000 or more over a twelve-month period, with a related organization, such subcontract shall contain a clause to the effect that until the expiration of four years after the furnishing of such services pursuant to such subcontract, the related organization shall make available, upon written request to the Secretary, or upon request to the Comptroller General, or any of their duly authorized representatives, the subcontract, and books, documents and records of such organization that are necessary to verify the nature and extent of such costs.

The Secretary shall prescribe in regulation criteria and procedures which the Secretary shall use in obtaining access to books, documents, and records under clauses required in contracts and subcontracts under this subparagraph.¹

(J) Such regulations may not provide for any inpatient routine salary cost differential as a reimbursable cost for hospitals and skilled nursing facilities.²

(K) The Secretary shall issue regulations that provide, to the extent feasible, for the establishment of limitations on the amount of any costs or charges that shall be considered reasonable with respect to services provided on an outpatient basis by hospitals (other than bona fide emergency services provided in an emergency room) or clinics (other than rural health clinics), which are reimbursed on a cost basis or on the basis of cost related charges, and by physicians utilizing such outpatient facilities. Such limitations shall be reasonably related to the charges in the same area for similar services provided in physicians' offices. Such regulations shall provide for exceptions to such limitations in cases where similar services are not generally

¹ Subpar. (I) was added by sec. 952 of P.L. 96-499.
² Subpar. (j) was added by sec. 2141(a) of P.L. 97-35 and amended by sec. 103(a) of P.L. 97-248. See sec. 2141(b) of P.L. 97-35 relating to a study of this provision.

available in physicians' offices in the area to individuals entitled to benefits under this title.

- (L) The Secretary, in determining the amount of the payments that may be made under this title with respect to services furnished by home health agencies, may not recognize as reasonable (in the efficient delivery of such services) costs for the provision of such services by an agency to the extent these costs exceed (on the aggregate for the agency) the 75th percentile of such costs per visit for free standing home health agencies, or, in the judgment of the Secretary, such lower percentile or such comparable or lower limit (based on or related to the mean of the costs of such agencies or otherwise) as the Secretary may determine. The Secretary may provide for such exemptions and exceptions to such limitation as he deems appropriate.²
- (M) Such regulations shall provide that costs respecting care provided by a provider of services, pursuant to an assurance under title VI or XVI of the Public Health Service Act that the provider will make available a reasonable volume of services to persons unable to pay therefor, shall not be allowable as reasonable costs.³
- (N) In determining such reasonable costs, costs incurred for activities directly related to influencing employees respecting unionization may not be included.

Certification and Approval of Skilled Nursing Facilities

- (2) (A) If the bed and board furnished as part of inpatient hospital services (including inpatient tuberculosis hospital services and inpatients psychiatric hospital services) or post-hospital extended care services is in accommodations more expensive than semi-private accommodations, the amount taken into account for purposes of payment under this title with respect to such services may not exceed an amount equal to the reasonable cost of such services if furnished in such semi-private accommodations unless the more expensive accommodations were required for medical reasons.
- (B) Where a provider of services which has an agreement in effect under this title furnishes to an individual items or services which are in excess of or more expensive than the items or services with respect to which payment may be made under part A or part B, as the case may be, the Secretary shall take into account for purposes of payment to such provider of services only the equivalent of the reasonable cost of the items or services with respect to which such payment may be made.

¹ Subpar. (K) was added by sec. 2142(a) of P.L. 97-35.

² Subpar. (L) was added by secs. 2143 and 2144 of P.L. 97-35 and amended by secs. 101(a)(2) and 105(a) of P.L. 97-248.

<sup>Subpar. (M) was added by sec. 106(a) of P.L. 97–248.
Subpar. (N) was added by sec. 107(a) of P.L. 97–248.</sup>

- (3) If the bed and board furnished as part of inpatient hospital services (including inpatient tuberculosis hospital services and inpatient psychiatric hospital services) or post-hospital extended care services is in accommodations other than, but not more expensive than, semi-private accommodations and the use of such other accommodations rather than semi-private accommodations was neither at the request of the patient nor for a reason which the Secretary determines is consistent with the purposes of this title, the amount of the payment with respect to such bed and board under part A shall be the reasonable cost of such bed and board furnished in semi-private accommodations (determined pursuant to paragraph (1)) minus the difference between the charge customarily made by the hospital or skilled nursing facility for bed and board in semi-private accommodations and the charge customarily made by it for bed and board in the accommodations furnished.
- (4) If a provider of services furnishes items or services to an individual which are in excess of or more expensive than the items or services determined to be necessary in the efficient delivery of needed health services and charges are imposed for such more expensive items or services under the authority granted in section 1866(a)(2)(B)(ii), the amount of payment with respect to such items or services otherwise due such provider in any fiscal period shall be reduced to the extent that such payment plus such charges exceed the cost actually incurred for such items or services in the fiscal period in which such charges are imposed.
- (5) (A) Where physical therapy services, occupational therapy services, speech therapy services, or other therapy services or services of other health-related personnel (other than physicians) are fur-

nished under an arrangement with a provider of services or other organizations, specified in the first sentence of section 1861(p) the amount included in any payment to such provider or other organization under this title as the reasonable cost of such services (as furnished under such arrangements) shall not exceed an amount equal to the salary which would reasonably have been paid for such services (together with any additional costs that would have been incurred by the provider or other organization) to the person performing them if they had been performed in an employment relationship with such provider or other organization (rather than under such arrangement) plus the cost of such other expenses (including a reasonable allowance for traveltime and other reasonable types of expense related to any differences in acceptable methods of organization for the provision of such therapy) incurred by such person, as the Secretary may in regulations determine to be appropriate.

(B) Notwithstanding the provisions of subparagraph (A), if a provider of services or other organization specified in the first sentence of section 1861(p) requires the services of a therapist on a limited part-time basis, or only to perform intermittent services, the Secretary may make payment on the basis of a reasonable rate per unit of service, even though such rate is greater per unit of time than salary related amounts, where he finds that such greater payment is, in the aggregate, less than the amount that would have been paid if such organization had employed a therapist on a full- or part-time

salary basis.

(6) For purposes of this subsection, the term "semi-private accommodations" means two-bed, three-bed, or four-bed accommodations.

(7) (A) For limitation on Federal participation for capital expenditures which are out of conformity with a comprehensive plan of a State or areawide planning agency, see section 1122.

(B) For further limitations on reasonable cost and determination of payment amounts for operating costs of inpatient hospital serv-

ices and waivers for certain States, see section 1886.1

(C) For provisions restricting payment for provider-based physicians' services, and for payments under certain percentage arrangements, see section 1887.²

Arrangements for Certain Services

(w) (1) The term "arrangements" is limited to arrangements under which receipt of payment by the hospital, a skilled nursing facility, home health agency, or hospice program (whether in its own right or as agent), with respect to services for which an individual is entitled

¹ Subpar. (B) was added by sec. 101(d) of P.L. 97-848.

² Subpar. (C) was added by sec. 108(a)(2) of P.L. 97-248 and amended by sec. 109(b) (2) of P.L. 97-248.

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individual or any other person to pay for the services.1

(2) Utilization review activities conducted, in accordance with the requirements of the program established under part B of title XI of the Social Security Act with respect to services furnished by a hospital to patients insured under part A of this title or entitled to have payment made for such services under part B of this title or under a State plan approved under title XIX, by a quality control and peer review organization designated for the area in which such hospital is located shall be deemed to have been conducted pursuant to arrangements between such hospital and such organization under which such hospital is obligated to pay to such organization, as a condition of receiving payment for hospital services so furnished under this part or under such a State plan, such amount as is reasonably incurred and requested (as determined under regulations of the Secretary) by such organization in conducting such review activities with respect to services furnished by such hospital to such patients.²

State and United States

(x) The terms "State" and "United States" have the meaning given to them by subsections (h) and (i), respectively, of section 210.

Post-Hospital Extended Care in Christian Science Skilled Nursing Facilities

(y) (1) The term "skilled nursing facility" also includes a Christian Science sanatorium operated, or listed and certified, by the First Church of Christ, Scientist, Boston, Massachusetts, but only (except for purposes of subsection (a) (2)) with respect to items and services ordinarily furnished by such an institution to inpatients, and payment may be made with respect to services provided by or in such an institution only to such extent and under such conditions, limitations, and requirements (in addition to or in lieu of the conditions, limitations, and requirements otherwise applicable) as may be provided in regulations.

(2) Notwithstanding any other provision of this title, payment under part A may not be made for services furnished an individual in a skilled nursing facility to which paragraph (1) applies unless such individual elects, in accordance with regulations, for a spell of illness to have such services treated as post-hospital extended care services for purposes of such part; and payment under part A may not

be made for post-hospital extended care services-

(A) furnished an individual during such spell of illness in a skilled nursing facility to which paragraph (1) applies after—

(i) such services have been furnished to him in such a facility for 30 days during such spell, or

¹ Paragraph (1) was amended by sec. 122(d) (2) of P.L. 97-248.

² Paragraph (2) was added by section 112 of P.L. 94-182 and was amended by section 5(m) of P.L. 95-142, the first par. (9) of sec. 2193(c) of P.L. 97-35, and sec. 148(b) of P.L. 97-248.

(ii) such services have been furnished to him during such spell in a skilled nursing facility to which such paragraph does not apply; or

(B) furnished an individual during such spell of illness in a skilled nursing facility to which paragraph (1) does not apply after such services have been furnished to him during such spell in a skilled nursing facility to which such paragraph applies.

(3) The amount payable under part A for post-hospital extended care services furnished an individual during any spell of illness in a skilled nursing facility to which paragraph (1) applies shall be reduced by a coinsurance amount equal to one-eighth of the inpatient hospital deductible for each day before the 31st day on which he is furnished such services in such a facility during such spell (and the reduction under this paragraph shall be in lieu of any reduction under section 1813(a)(3)).

(4) For purposes of subsection (i), the determination of whether services furnished by or in an institution described in paragraph (1) constitute post-hospital extended care services shall be made in accordance with and subject to such conditions, limitations, and require-

ments as may be provided in regulations.

Institutional Planning

(z) An overall plan and budget of a hospital, facility, comprehensive outpatient rehabilitation facility, skilled nursing home health agency shall be considered sufficient if it—

(1) provides for an annual operating budget which includes all anticipated income and expenses related to items which would, under generally accepted accounting principles, be considered income and expense items (except that nothing in this paragraph shall require that there be prepared, in connection with any budget an item-by-item identification of the components of each

type of anticipated expenditure or income);

- (2) provides for a capital expenditures plan for at least a 3-year period (including the year to which the operating budget described in subparagraph (1) is applicable) which includes and identifies in detail the anticipated sources of financing for, and the objectives of, each anticipated expenditure in excess of \$100,000 related to the acquisition of land, the improvement of land, buildings, and equipment, and the replacement, modernization, and expansion of the buildings and equipment which would, under generally accepted accounting principles, be considered capital items;
 - (8) provides for review and updating at least annually; and
- (4) is prepared, under the direction of the governing body of the institution or agency, by a committee consisting of representa-

tives of the governing body, the administrative staff, and the medical staff (if any) of the institution or agency.¹

Rural Health Clinic Services

- (aa) (1) The term "rural health clinic services" means-
 - (A) physicians' services and such services and supplies as are covered under section 1861(s)(2)(A) if furnished as an incident to a physician's professional service and items and services described in section 1861(s)(10).
 - (B) such services furnished by a physician assistant or by a nurse practitioner and such services and supplies furnished as an incident to his service as would otherwise be covered if furnished by a physician or as an incident to a physician's service, and
 - (C) in the case of a rural health clinic located in an area in which there exists a shortage of home health agencies, part-time or intermittent nursing care and related medical supplies (other than drugs and biologicals) furnished by a registered professional nurse or licensed practical nurse to a homebound individual under a written plan of treatment (i) established and periodically reviewed by a physician described in paragraph (2) (B), or (ii) established by a nurse practitioner or physician assistant and periodically reviewed and approved by a physician described in paragraph (2) (B),

when furnished to an individual as an outpatient of a rural health clinic.

- (2) The term "rural health clinic" means a facility which-
 - (A) is primarily engaged in furnishing to outpatients services described in subparagraphs (A) and (B) of paragraph (1);
 - (B) in the case of a facility which is not a physician-directed clinic, has an arrangement (consistent with the provisions of State and local law relative to the practice, performance, and delivery of health services) with one or more physicians (as defined in subsection (r)(1)) under which provision is made for the periodic review by such physicians of covered services furnished by physician assistants and nurse practitioners, the supervision and guidance by such physicians of physician assistants and nurse practitioners, the preparation by such physicians of such medical orders for care and treatment of clinic patients as may be necessary, and the availability of such physicians for such referral of and consultation for patients as is necessary and for advice and assistance in the management of medical emergencies; and, in the case of a physician-directed clinic, has one or more of its staff

¹ Subsec. (2) was amended by sec. 933(d) of P.L. 96-499.

² Subpar. (A) was amended by sec. 1(b) (3) of P.L. 96-611 effective July 1, 1981.

physicians perform the activities accomplished through such an arrangement;

- (C) maintains clinical records on all patients;
- (D) has arrangements with one or more hospitals, having agreements in effect under section 1866, for the referral and admission of patients requiring inpatient services or such diagnostic or other specialized services as are not available at the clinic;

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- (E) has written policies, which are developed with the advice of (and with provision for review of such policies from time to time by) a group of professional personnel, including one or more physicians and one or more physician assistants or nurse practitioners, to govern those services described in paragraph (1) which it furnishes;
- (F) has a physician, physician assistant, or nurse practitioner responsible for the execution of policies described in subparagraph (E) and relating to the provision of the clinic's services:
- (G) directly provides routine diagnostic services, including clinical laboratory services, as prescribed in regulations by the Secretary, and has prompt access to additional diagnostic services from facilities meeting requirements under this title:
- (H) in compliance with State and Federal law, has available for administering to patients of the clinic at least such drugs and biologicals as are determined by the Secretary to be necessary for the treatment of emergency cases (as defined in regulations) and has appropriate procedures or arrangements for storing, administering, and dispensing any drugs and biologicals;
- (I) has appropriate procedures for review of utilization of clinic services to the extent that the Secretary determines to be necessary and feasible; and
- (J) meets such other requirements as the Secretary may find necessary in the interest of the health and safety of the individuals who are furnished services by the clinic.

For the purposes of this title, such term includes only a facility which (i) is located in an area that is not an urbanized area (as defined by the Bureau of the Census) and that is designated by the Secretary either (I) as an area with a shortage of personal health services under section 1302(7) of the Public Health Service Act or (II) as a health manpower shortage area described in section 332(a)(1)(A) of that Act because of its shortage of primary medical care manpower, (ii) has filed an agreement with the Secretary by which it agrees not to charge any individual or other person for items or services for which such individual is entitled to have payment made under this title, except for the amount of any deductible or coinsurance amount imposed with respect to such items or services (not in excess of the amount customarily charged for such items and services by such clinic), pursuant to subsections (a) and (b) of section 1833, (iii) employs a physician assistant or nurse practitioner, and (iv) is not a rehabilitation agency or a facility which is primarily for the care and treatment of mental diseases. A facility that is in operation and qualifies as a rural health clinic under this title or title XIX and that subsequently fails to satisfy the requirement of clause (i) shall be considered, for purposes of this title and title XIX, as still satisfying the requirement of such clause.

(3) The term "physician assistant" and the term "nurse practitioner" mean, for the purposes of pargaraphs (1) and (2), a physician assistant or nurse practitioner who performs such services as such individual is legally authorized to perform (in the State in which the individual performs such services) in accordance with State law (or the State regulatory mechanism provided by State law), and who meets such training, education, and experience requirements (or any combination thereof) as the Secretary may prescribe in regulations.¹ (bb) [Repealed.] ²

Comprehensive Outpatient Rehabilitation Facility Services

(cc) (1) The term "comprehensive outpatient rehabilitation facility services" means the following items and services furnished by a physician or other qualified professional personnel (as defined in regulations by the Secretary) to an individual who is an outpatient of a comprehensive outpatient rehabilitation facility under a plan (for

* Subsec. (bb) was repealed by sec. 2121(d) of P.L. 97-85.

¹Subsec. (aa) was added by sec. 1(d) of P.L. 95-210. See also sec. 1(e) of that law which was printed in this document on p. 767.

furnishing such items and services to such individual) established and periodically reviewed by a physician—

(A) physicians' services;

(B) physical therapy, occupational therapy, speech pathology services, and respiratory therapy;

(C) prosthetic and orthotic devices, including testing, fitting, or training in the use of prosthetic and orthotic devices;

(D) social and psychological services;

(E) nursing care provided by or under the supervision of a registered professional nurse;

(F) drugs and biologicals which cannot, as determined in accordance with regulations, be self administered;

(G) supplies, appliances, and equipment, including the purchase or rental of equipment; and

(H) such other items and services as are medically necessary for the rehabilitation of the patient and are ordinarily furnished by comprehensive inpatient rehabilitation facilities,¹

excluding, however, any item or service if it would not be included under subsection (b) if furnished to an outpatient of a hospital.

(2) The term "comprehensive outpatient rehabilitation facility" means a facility which—

(A) is primarily engaged in providing (by or under the supervision of physicians) diagnostic, therapeutic, and restorative services to outpatients for the rehabilitation of injured, disabled, or sick persons;

(B) provides at least the following comprehensive outpatient rehabilitation services: (i) physicians' services (rendered by physicians, as defined in section 1861(r)(1), who are available at the facility on a full- or part-time basis); (ii) physical therapy; and (iii) social or psychological services;

(C) maintains clinical records on all patients;

(D) has policies established by a group of professional personnel (associated with the facility), including one or more physicians defined in subsection (r)(1) to govern the comprehensive outpatient rehabilitation services it furnishes, and provides for the carrying out of such policies by a full- or part-time physician referred to in subparagraph (B)(i);

(E) has a requirement that every patient must be under the care of a physician;

(F) in the case of a facility in any State in which State or applicable local law provides for the licensing of facilities of this nature (i) is licensed pursuant to such law, or (ii) is approved by the agency of such State or locality, responsible for licensing facilities of this nature, as meeting the standard establishment for such licensing;

¹ Subpar. (H) was amended by sec. 128(a)(1) of P.L, 97-248.

(G) has in effect a utilization review plan in accordance with regulations prescribed by the Secretary;

(H) has in effect an overall plan and budget that meets the

requirements of subsection (z); and

(I) meets such other conditions of participation as the Secretary may find necessary in the interest of the health and safety of individuals who are furnished services by such facility, including conditions concerning qualifications of personnel in these facilities.¹

Hospice Care; Hospice Program ²

- (dd) (1) The term "hospice care" means the following items and services provided to a terminally ill individual by, or by others under arrangements made by, a hospice program under a written plan (for providing such care to such individual) established and periodically reviewed by the individual's attending physician and by the medical director (and by the interdisciplinary group described in paragraph (2) (B)) of the program—
 - (A) nursing care provided by or under the supervision of a registered professional nurse,
 - (B) physical or occupational therapy or speech-language pathology,
 - (C) medical social services under the direction of a physician,
 - (D) (i) services of a home health aide who has successfully completed a training program approved by the Secretary and (ii) homemaker services,
 - (E) medical supplies (including drugs and biologicals) and the use of medical appliances, while under such a plan,

(F) physicians' services,

- (G) short-term inpatient care (including both respite care and procedures necessary for pain control and acute and chronic symptom management) in an inpatient facility meeting such conditions as the Secretary determines to be appropriate to provide such care, but such respite care may be provided only on an intermittent, nonroutine, and occasional basis and may not be provided consecutively over longer than five days, and
- (H) counseling (including dietary counseling) with respect to care of the terminally ill individual and adjustment to his death.

The care and services described in subparagraphs (A) and (D) may be provided on a 24-hour, continuous basis only during periods of crisis (meeting criteria established by the Secretary) and only as

¹ Subsec. (cc) was added by sec. 983(e) of P.L. 96-499 effective with respect to a comprehensive outpatient rehabilitation facility's first accounting period which begins on or after July 1, 1981.

^{*} Subsec. (dd) was added by sec. 122(d) (8) of P.L. 97-248.

necessary to maintain the terminally ill individual at home.

- (2) The term "hospice program" means a public agency or private organization (or a subdivision thereof) which—
 - (A) (i) is primarily engaged in providing the care and services described in paragraph (1) and makes such services available (as needed) on a 24-hour basis and which also provides bereavement counseling for the immediate family of terminally ill individuals,
 - (ii) provides for such care and services in individuals' homes, on an outpatient basis, and on a short-term inpatient basis, directly or under arrangements made by the agency or organization, except that—
 - (I) the agency or organization must routinely provide directly substantially all of each of the services described in subparagraphs (A), (C), (F), and (H) of paragraph (1), and
 - (II) in the case of other services described in paragraph (1) which are not provided directly by the agency or organization, the agency or organization must maintain professional management responsibility for all such services furnished to an individual, regardless of the location or facility in which such services are furnished; and
 - (iii) provides assurances satisfactory to the Secretary that the aggregate number of days of inpatient care described in paragraph (1)(G) provided in any 12-month period to individuals who have an election in effect under section 1812(d) with respect to that agency or organization does not exceed 20 percent of the aggregate number of days during that period on which such elections for such individuals are in effect;
 - (B) has an interdisciplinary group of personnel which—
 (i) includes at least—
 - (I) one physician (as defined in subsection (r)(1)),
 - (II) one registered professional nurse, and
 - (III) one social worker,

employed by the agency or organization, and also includes at least one pastoral or other counselor,

- (ii) provides (or supervises the provision of) the care and services described in paragraph (1), and
- (iii) establishes the policies governing the provision of such care and services;
- (C) maintains central clinical records on all patients;
- (D) does not discontinue the hospice care it provides with respect to a patient because of the inability of the patient to pay for such care:

- (E) (i) utilizes volunteers in its provision of care and services in accordance with standards set by the Secretary, which standards shall ensure a continuing level of effort to utilize such volunteers, and (ii) maintains records on the use of these volunteers and the cost savings and expansion of care and services achieved through the use of these volunteers;
- (F) in the case of an agency or organization in any State in which State or applicable local law provides for the licensing of agencies or organizations of this nature, is licensed pursuant to such law; and
- (G) meets such other requirements as the Secretary may find necessary in the interest of the health and safety of the individuals who are provided care and services by such agency or organization.

(3) (A) An individual is considered to be "terminally ill" if the individual has a medical prognosis that the individual's life expectancy is 6 months or less.

(B) The term "attending physician" means, with respect to an individual, the physician (as defined in subsection (r)(1)), who may be employed by a hospice program, whom the individual identifies as having the most significant role in the determination and delivery of medical care to the individual at the time the individual makes an election to receive hospice care.

(4) (A) An entity which is certified as a provider of services other than a hospice program shall be considered, for purposes of certification as a hospice program, to have met any requirements under paragraph (2) which are also the same requirements for certification as such other type of provider. The Secretary shall coordinate surveys for determining certification under this title so as to provide, to the extent feasible, for simultaneous surveys of an entity which seeks to be certified as a hospice program and as a provider of services of another type.

(B) Any entity which is certified as a hospice program and as a provider of another type shall have separate provider agreements under section 1866 and shall file separate cost reports with respect to costs incurred in providing hospice care and in providing other services and items under this title.

Exclusions From Coverage

Sec. 1862. (a) Notwithstanding any other provisions of this title, no payment may be made under part A or part B for any expenses incurred for items or services—

(1) (A) which, except for items and services described in subparagraph (B) or (C), are not reasonable and necessary for the diagnosis or treatment of illness or injury or to improve the functioning of a malformed body member,

(B) in the case of items and services described in section 1861(s) (10), which are not reasonable and necessary for the

prevention of illness, and

(C) in the case of hospice care, which are not research and necessary for the palliation or management of terminal illness; 1

(2) for which the individual furnished such items or services has no legal obligation to pay, and which no other person (by reason of such individual's membership in a prepayment plan or otherwise) has a legal obligation to provide or pay for;

(3) which are paid for directly or indirectly by a governmental entity (other than under this Act and other than under a health benefits or insurance plan established for employees of such an entity), except in the case of rural health clinic services, as defined in section 1861(aa)(1), and in such other cases as the Sec-

retary may specify;

(4) which are not provided within the United States (except for inpatient hospital services furnished outside the United States under the conditions described in section 1814(f) and, subject to such conditions, limitations, and requirements as are provided under or pursuant to this title, physicians' services and ambulance services furnished an individual in conjunction with such inpatient hospital services but only for the period during which such inpatient hospital services were furnished);

(5) which are required as a result of war, or of an act of war, occurring after the effective date of such individual's current

coverage under such part;

(6) which constitute personal comfort items (except, in the case of hospice care, as is otherwise permitted under paragraph

(1)(C);

(7) where such expenses are for routine physical checkups, eyeglasses or eye examinations for the purpose of prescribing, fitting,
or changing eyeglasses, procedures performed (during the course
of any eye examination) to determine the refractive state of the
eyes, hearing aids or examinations therefor, or immunizations
(except as otherwise allowed under section 1861(s)(10) and
paragraph (1)(B));⁴

(8) where such expenses are for orthopedic shoes or other sup-

portive devices for the feet;

¹ Par. (1) was amended by sec. 1(a)(2)(A) of P.L. 96-611 and in its entirety by sec. 122(f) of P.L. 97-248.
2 Par. (3) was amended by sec. 1(b) of P.L. 95-210.

i Par. (6) was amended by sec. 122(f) of P.L. 97-248.

Par. (6) was amended by sec. 1(a) (8) (B) of P.L. 96-611 and sec. 122(f) of P.L. 97-248.

- (9) where such expenses are for custodial care (except, in the case of hospice care, as is otherwise permitted under paragraph (1)(C));¹
- (10) where such expenses are for cosmetic surgery or are incurred in connection therewith, except as required for the prompt repair of accidental injury or for improvement of the functioning of a malformed body member;

(11) where such expenses constitute charges imposed by immediate relatives of such individual or members of his household;

(12) where such expenses are for services in connection with the care, treatment, filling, removal, or replacement of teeth or structures directly supporting teeth, except that payment may be made under part A in the case of inpatient hospital services in connection with the provision of such dental services if the individual, because of his underlying medical condition and clinical status, or because of the severity of the dental procedure, requires hospitalization in connection with the provision of such services; or ²

(13) where such expenses are for-

(A) the treatment of flat foot conditions and the prescription of supporting devices therefor,

(B) the treatment of subluxations of the foot, or

- (C) routine foot care (including the cutting or removal of corns, or calluses, the trimming of nails, and other routine hygienic care).
- (b) (1) Payment under this title may not be made with respect to any item or service to the extent that payment has been made, or can reasonably be expected to be made (as determined in accordance with regulations), with respect to such item or service, under a workmen's compensation law or plan of the United States or a State or under an automobile or liability insurance policy or plan (including a self-insured plan) or under no fault insurance. Any payment under this title with respect to any item or service shall be conditioned on reimbursement to the appropriate Trust Fund established by this title when notice or other information is received that payment for such item or service has been made under such a law, policy, plan, or insurance. The Secretary may waive the provisions of this subsection in the case of an individual claim if he determines that the probability of recovery or amount involved in such claim does not warrant the pursuing of the claim.

¹ Par. (9) was amended by sec. 122(f) of P.L. 97-248.

FPar. (12) was amended by sec. 936(c) of P.L. 96-499 effective with respect to services provided on or after July 1, 1981. The double comma is a technical error.

² Par. (18) was amended by sec. 939 of P.L. 96-499 effective with respect to services provided on or after July 1, 1981.

⁴ Subsec. (b) (1) was amended by sec. 958 of P.L. 96-499 and sec. 128(a) (2) of P.L. 97-248.

- (2) (A) In the case of an individual who is entitled to benefits under part A or is eligible to enroll under part B solely by reason of section 226A, payment under this title may not be made, except as provided in subparagraph (B), with respect to any item or service furnished during the period described in subparagraph (C) to the extent that payment with respect to expenses for such item or service (i) has been made under any group health plan (as defined in section 162(i) (2) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954) or (ii) the Secretary determines will be made under such a plan as promptly as would otherwise be the case if payment were made by the Secretary under this title. ¹
- (B) Any payment under this title with respect to any item or service furnished to an individual described in subparagraph (A) during the period described in subparagraph (C) shall be conditioned on reimbursement to the appropriate Trust Fund established by this title when notice or other information is received that payment for such item or service has been made under a plan described in subparagraph (A). The Secretary may waive the provisions of this subparagraph in the case of an individual claim if he determines that the probability of recovery or amount involved in such claim does not warrant the pursuing of the claim.
- (C) The provisions of subparagraphs (A) and (B) shall apply to an individual only during the 12-month period which begins with the earlier of—
 - (i) the month in which a regular course of renal dialysis is initiated, or
 - (ii) in the case of an individual who receives a kidney transplant, the first month in which he would be eligible for benefits under this title (if he had filed an application for such benefits) under the provisions of section 226(A)(b)(1)(B).
- (D) Where payment for an item or service under such plan is less than the amount of the charge for such item or service, payment may be made under this title (without regard to deductibles and coinsurance under this title) for the remainder of such charge, but—
 - (i) such payment under this title may not exceed an amount which would be payable under this title for such item or service in the absence of such group health plan; and
 - (ii) such payment under this title, when combined with the amount payable under such plan, may not exceed the combined amount which would have been payable under this title and such plan if this paragraph were not in effect.
- (3) (A) (i) Payment under this title may not be made, except as provided in clause (ii), with respect to any item or service furnished during the period described in clause (iii) to an individual who is over

Subsec. (b) (2) (A) and (B) were amended by P.L. 97-248.
 Subpar. (2) was added by sec. 2146(a) of P.L. 97-35.

64 but under 70 years of age (or to the spouse of such individual, if the spouse is over 64 but under 70 years of age) who is employed at the time such item or service is furnished to the extent that payment with respect to expenses for such item or service has been made, or can reasonably be expected to be made, under a group health plan (as defined in clause (iv)) under which such individual is covered by reason of such employment.

- (ii) Any payment under this title with respect to any item or service during the period described in clause (iii) shall be conditioned on reimbursement to the appropriate Trust Fund established by this title when notice or other information is received that payment for such item or service has been made under a group health plan. The Secretary may waive the provisions of this clause in the case of an individual claim if he determines that the probability of recovery or amount involved in such claim does not warrant the pursuing of the claim.
- (iii) The provisions of clauses (i) and (ii) shall apply to an individual only for the period beginning with the month in which such individual becomes entitled to benefits under this title under section 226(a) and ending with the month in which such individual attains the age of 70 and shall not include any month for which the individual would, upon application, be entitled to benefits under section 226A.
- (iv) For purposes of this paragraph, the term 'group health plan' has the meaning given to such term in section 162(i) (2) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954.
- (B) Where payment for an item or service under a group health plan is less than the amount of the charge for such item or service, payment may be made under this title (without regard to deductibles and coinsurance under this title) for the remainder of such charge, but—
 - (i) such payment under this title may not exceed an amount which would be payable under this title for such item or service in the absence of such group health plan; and
 - (ii) such payment under this title, when combined with the amount payable under such plan, may not exceed—
 - (I) in the case of an item or service payment for which is determined under this title on the basis of reasonable cost (or other cost-related basis) or under section 1886, the amount which would be payable under this title on such basis; and
 - (II) in the case of an item or service for which payment is authorized under this title on another basis, the greater of—
 - (a) the amount which would be payable under the group health plan (without regard to deductibles and coinsurance under such plan), or

- (b) the reasonable charge or other amount which would be payable under this title (without regard to deductibles and coinsurance under this title).
- (c) No payment may be made under part B for any expenses incurred for—

(1) a drug product—

(A) which is described in section 107(c)(3) of the Drug Amendments of 1962,

(B) which may be dispensed only upon prescription,

- (C) for which the Secretary has issued a notice of an opportunity for a hearing under subsection (e) of section 505 of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act on a proposed order of the Secretary to withdraw approval of an application for such drug product under such section because the Secretary has determined that the drug is less than effective for all conditions of use prescribed, recommended, or suggested in its labeling, and
- (D) for which the Secretary has not determined there is a compelling justification for its medical need; and

(2) any other drug product—

- (A) which is identical, related, or similar (as determined in accordance with section 310.6 of title 21 of the Code of Federal Regulations) to a drug product described in paragraph (1), and
- (B) for which the Secretary has not determined there is a compelling justification for its medical need,

until such time as the Secretary withdraws such proposed order.2

(d) (1) No payment may be made under this title with respect to any item or services furnished to an individual by a person where the Secretary determines under this subsection that such person—

(A) has knowingly and willfully made, or caused to be made, any false statement or representation of a material fact for use in an application for payment under this title or for use in deter-

mining the right to a payment under this title;

(B) has submitted or caused to be submitted (except in the case of a provider of services), bills or requests for payment under this title containing charges (or in applicable cases requests for payment of costs to such person) for services rendered which the Secretary finds to be substantially in excess of such person's customary charges (or in applicable cases substantially in excess of such person's costs) for such services, unless the Secretary finds there is good cause for such bills or requests containing such charges (or in applicable cases, such costs); or ²

¹ Subpar. (3) was added by sec. 116(b) of P.L. 97–248.

² Subsec. (c) was added by sec. 2103(a) of P.L. 97-35.

^{*} Subpar. (B) was amended by sec. 13(b) (1) of P.L. 95-142.

- (C) has furnished services or supplies which are determined by the Secretary, on the basis of information acquired by the Secretary in the administration of this title to be substantially in excess of the needs of individuals or to be of a quality which fails to meet professionally recognized standards of health care.¹
- (2) A determination made by the Secretary under this subsection shall be effective at such time and upon such reasonable notice to the public and to the person furnishing the services involved as may be specified in regulations. Such determination shall be effective with respect to services furnished to an individual on or after the effective date of such determination (except that in the case of inpatient hospital services, posthospital extended care services, and home health services such determination shall be effective in the manner provided in section 1866(b)(3) and (4) with respect to terminations of agreements), and shall remain in effect until the Secretary finds and gives reasonable notice to the public that the basis for such determination has been removed and that there is reasonable assurance that it will not recur.
- (3) Any person furnishing services described in paragraph (1) who is dissatisfied with a determination made by the Secretary under this subsection shall be entitled to reasonable notice and opportunity for a hearing thereon by the Secretary to the same extent as is provided in section 205(b), and to judicial review of the Secretary's final decision after such hearing as is provided in section 205(g).

(4) The Scaretary shall promptly notify each State agency which administers or supervises the administration of a State plan approved under title XIX of any determination made under the provisions of this subsection.²

(e) No payment may be made under this title with respect to any item or service furnished by a physician or other individual during the period when he is barred pursuant to section 1128 from partici-

pation in the program under this title.3

(f) The Secretary shall establish utilization guidelines for the determination of whether or not payment may be made, consistent with paragraph (1)(A) of subsection (a), under part A or part B for expenses incurred with respect to the provision of home health services, and shall provide for the implementation of such guidelines through a process of selective postpayment coverage review by intermediaries or otherwise.⁴

¹Subpar. (C) was amended by sec. 18(b)(2) of P.L. 95–142 and sec. 148(a) of P.L. 97–

² Par. (4) had been struck out by sec. 13(a) of P.L. 95–142. New par. 4 was added by sec. 808 of P.L. 96–272.

³Subsec. (e) was amended by sec. 913(b) of P.L. 96-499.

 $^{^4}$ Subsec. (f) was added by sec. 2152(a) of P.L. 97-35 and amended by sec. 122(g) (1) of P.L. 97-248.

(g) The Secretary shall, in making the determinations under paragraphs (1) and (9) of subsection (a), and for the purposes of promoting the effective, efficient, and economical delivery of health care services, and of promoting the quality of services of the type for which payment may be made under this title, enter into contracts with utilization and quality control peer review organizations pursuant to part B of title XI of this Act.¹

Consultation With State Agencies and Other Organizations To Develop Conditions of Participation for Providers of Services

Sec. 1863. In carrying out his functions, relating to determination of conditions of participation by providers of services, under subsections (e) (9), (f) ($\overline{4}$), (g) ($\overline{4}$), (j) ($\overline{11}$), (o) (6), (cc) (2) ($\overline{1}$), and (dd) (2) of section 1861, or by ambulatory surgical centers under section 1832 (a) (2) (F) (i), the Secretary shall consult with the Health Insurance Benefits Advisory Council established by section 1867, appropriate State agencies, and recognized national listing or accrediting bodies, and may consult with appropriate local agencies. Such conditions prescribed under any of such subsections may be varied for different areas or different classes of institutions or agencies and may, at the request of a State, provide higher requirements for such State than for other States; except that, in the case of any State or political subdivision of a State which imposes higher requirements on institutions as a condition to the purchase of services (or of certain specified services) in such institutions under a State plan approved under title I, XVI, or XIX, the Secretary shall impose like requirements as a condition to the payment for services (or for the services specified by the State or subdivision) in such institutions in such State or subdivision.2

Use of State Agencies To Determine Compliance by Providers of Services With Conditions of Participation

Sec. 1864. (a) The Secretary shall make an agreement with any State which is able and willing to do so under which the services of the State health agency or other appropriate State agency (or the appropriate local agencies) will be utilized by him for the purpose of

¹ Subsec. (g) was added by sec. 142 of P.L. 97-248.

⁵ Sec. 1868 was amended by secs. 988(f) and 984(c) (1) of P.L. 96-499 and sec. 122(g) (2) of P.L. 97-248.

determining whether an institution therein is a hospital or skilled nursing facility, or whether an agency therein is a home health agency, or whether an agency is a hospice program or whether a facility therein is a rural health clinic as defined in section 1861(aa)(2) or a comprehensive outpatient rehabilitation facility as defined in section 1861(cc) (2), or whether a laboratory meets the requirements of paragraphs (11) and (12) of section 1861(s), or whether a clinic, rehabilitation agency or public health agency meets the requirements of subparagraph (A) or (B), as the case may be, of section 1861(p) (4), or whether an ambulatory surgical center meets the standards specified under section 1832(a)(2)(F)(i). To the extent that the Secretary finds it appropriate, an institution or agency which such a State (or local) agency certifies is a hospital, skilled nursing facility, rural health clinic, comprehensive outpatient rehabilitation facility, home health agency, or hospice program (as those terms are defined in section 1861) may be treated as such by the Secretary. Any State agency which has such an agreement may (subject to approval of the Secretary) furnish to a skilled nursing facility after proper request by such facility, such specialized consultative services (which such agency is able and willing to furnish in a manner satisfactory to the Secretary) as such facility may need to meet one or more of the conditions specified in section 1861(j). Any such services furnished by a State agency shall be deemed to have been furnished pursuant to such agreement. Within 90 days following the completion of each survey of any health care facility, ambulatory surgical center, rural health clinic, comprehensive outpatient rehabilitation facility, laboratory, clinic, agency, or organization by the appropriate State or local agency described in the first sentence of this subsection, the Secretary shall make public in readily available form and place the pertinent findings of each such survey relating to the compliance of each such health care facility, ambulatory surgical center, rural health clinic, comprehensive outpatient rehabilitation facility, laboratory, clinic, agency, or organization with (1) the statutory conditions of participation imposed under this title and (2) the major additional conditions which the Secretary finds necessary in the interest of health and safety of individuals who are furnished care or services by any such health care facility, ambulatory surgical center, rural health clinic, comprehensive outpatient rehabilitation facility, laboratory, clinic, agency, or organization.1

(b) The Secretary shall pay any such State, in advance or by way of reimbursement, as may be provided in the agreement with it (and may make adjustments in such payments on account of overpayments or underpayments previously made), for the reasonable cost of performing the functions specified in subsection (a), and for the Federal Hospital Insurance Trust Fund's fair share of the costs attributable

¹ Subsec. (a) was amended by sec. 1(i) of P.L. 95-210, by secs. 938(g) and 934(c) (2) of P.L. 96-499, by sec. 1(a) (2) of P.L. 96-611, and sec. 122(g) (3) of P.L. 97-248.

to the planning and other efforts directed toward coordination of activities in carrying out its agreement and other activities related to the provision of services similar to those for which payment may be made under part A, or related to the facilities and personnel required for the provision of such services, or related to improving the quality of such services.

(c) The Secretary is authorized to enter into an agreement with any State under which the appropriate State or local agency which

performs the certification function described in subsection (a) will survey, on a selective sample basis (or where the Secretary finds that a survey is appropriate because of substantial allegations of the existence of a significant deficiency or deficiencies which would, if found to be present, adversely affect health and safety of patients), hospitals which have an agreement with the Secretary under section 1866 and which are accredited by the Joint Commission on the Accreditation of Hospitals. The Secretary shall pay for such services in the manner prescribed in subsection (b).

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Effect of Accreditation

Sec. 1865. (a) Except as provided in subsection (b) and the second sentence of section 1863, if—

(1) an institution is accredited as a hospital by the Joint Com-

mission on Accreditation of Hospitals, and

(2) such institution (if it is included within a survey described in section 1864(c)) authorizes the Commission to release to the Secretary (on a confidential basis) upon his request (or such State agency as the Secretary may designate) a copy of the most current accreditation survey of such institution made by such Commission.

then, such institution shall be deemed to meet the requirements of the numbered paragraphs of section 1861(e); except—

(3) paragraph (6) thereof, and

(4) any standard, promulgated by the Secretary pursuant to paragraph (9) thereof, which is higher than the requirements prescribed for accreditation by such Commission.

If such Commission, as a condition for accreditation of a hospital, requires a utilization review plan (or imposes another requirement which serves substantially the same purpose) or imposes a standard which the Secretary determines is at least equivalent to the standard promulgated by the Secretary as described in paragraph (4) of this subsection, the Secretary is authorized to find that all institutions so accredited by such Commission comply also with section 1861(e)(6) or the standard described in such paragraph (4), as the case may be. In addition, if the Secretary finds that accreditation of an institution or agency by the American Osteopathic Association or any other national accreditation body provides reasonable assurance that any or all of the conditions of section 1861(e), (j), or (o), or (dd), as the case may be, are met, he may, to the extent he deems it appropriate, treat such institution or agency as meeting the condition or conditions with respect to which he made such finding.¹

(b) Notwithstanding any other provision of this title, if the Secretary finds following a survey made pursuant to section 1864(c) that a hospital has significant deficiencies (as defined in regulations

¹ Sec. (a) was amended by sec. 122(g) (4) of P.L. 97-248.

pertaining to health and safety), the hospital shall, after the date of notice of such finding to the hospital and for such period as may be prescribed in regulations, be deemed not to meet the requirements of the numbered paragraphs of section 1861(e).¹

Agreements With Providers of Services

Sec. 1866. (a) (1) Any provider of services (except a fund designated for purposes of section 1814(g) and section 1835(e)) shall be qualified to participate under this title and shall be eligible for payments under this title if it files with the Secretary an agreement—

(A) not to charge, except as provided in paragraph (2), any individual or any other person for items or services for which such individual is entitled to have payment made under this title (or for which he would be so entitled if such provider of services had complied with the procedural and other requirements under or pursuant to this title or for which such provider is paid pursuant to the provisions of section 1814(e)), and

(B) not to charge any individual or any other person for items or services for which such individual is not entitled to have payment made under this title because payment for expenses incurred for such items or services may not be made by reason of the provisions of paragraph (1) or (9) of section 1862(a), but only if (i) such individual was without fault in incurring such expenses and (ii) the Secretary's determination that such payment may not be made for such items and services was made after the third year following the year in which notice of such payment was sent to such individual; except that the Secretary may reduce such three-year period to not less than one year if he finds such reduction is consistent with the objectives of this title, and

(C) to make adequate provision for return (or other disposition, in accordance with regulations) of any moneys incorrectly collected from such individual or other person, and

(D) to promptly notify the Secretary of its employment of an individual who, at any time during the year preceding such employment, was employed in a managerial, accounting, auditing, or similar capacity (as determined by the Secretary by regulation) by an agency or organization which serves as a fiscal intermediary or carrier (for purposes of part A or part B, or both, of this title) with respect to the provider, and ²

¹ Subsec. (b) was amended by sec. 128(d) (8) of P.L. 97-248.

² Subsection (a) (1) was amended by sec. 15 of P.L. 95–142, sec. 2153 of P.L. 97–35, and sec. 129(d) (4) of P.L. 97–248.

- (E) to release data with respect to patients of such provider upon request to an organization having a contract with the Secretary under part B of title XI as may be necessary (i) to allow such organization to carry out its functions under such contract, or (ii) to allow such organization to carry out similar review functions under any contract the organization may have with a private or public agency paying for health care in the same area with respect to patients who authorize release of such data for such purposes.¹
- (2) (A) A provider of services may charge such individual or other person (i) the amount of any deduction or coinsurance amount imposed pursuant to section 1813(a)(1), (a)(3), or (a)(4), section 1833(b), or section 1861(y)(3) with respect to such items and services (not in excess of the amount customarily charged for such items and services by such provider), and (ii) an amount equal to 20 per centum of the reasonable charges for such items and services (not in excess of 20 per centum of the amount customarily charged for such items and services by such provider) for which payment is made under part B (but in the case of items and services furnished to individuals with end-stage renal disease, an amount equal to 20 percent of the estimated amounts for such items and services calculated on the basis established by the Secretary). In the case of items and services described in section 1833(c), clause (ii) of the preceding sentence shall be applied by substituting for 20 per centum the proportion which is appropriate under such section. A provider of services may not impose a charge under clause (ii) of the first sentence of this subparagraph with respect to items and services described in section 1861(s) (10) for which payment is made under part B.2
- (B) (i) Where a provider of services has furnished, at the request of such individual, items or services which are in excess of or more expensive than the items or services with respect to which payment may be made under this title, such provider of services may also charge such individual or other person for such more expensive items or services to the extent that the amount customarily charged by it for the items or services furnished at such request exceeds the amount customarily charged by it for the items or services with respect to which payment may be made under this title.
- (ii) Where a provider of services customarily furnishes an individual items or services which are more expensive than the items or services determined to be necessary in the efficient delivery of needed health services under this title and which have not been requested by

¹ Subpar. (E) was added by sec. 144 of P.L. 97-248.

² Subpar. (A) was amended by sec. 4(e) of P.L. 95-292, and was further amended by sec. 1(b) (4) of P.L. 96-611. The words "or (a) (4)," in the first sentence were apparently intended to be added by sec. 122(y) (5) of P.L. 97-248. A technical error in that provision made the amendment applicable to subsection (b) (2) (A) rather than subsection (a) (2).

such individual, such provider may (except with respect to emergency services) also charge such individual or other person for such more expensive items or services to the extent that the costs of (or, if less, the customary charges for) such more expensive items or services experienced by such provider in the second fiscal period immediately preceding the fiscal period in which such charges are imposed exceed the cost of such items or services determined to be necessary in the efficient delivery of needed health services, but only if—

- (I) the Secretary has provided notice to the public of any charges being imposed on individuals entitled to benefits under this title on account of costs in excess of the costs determined to be necessary in the efficient delivery of needed health services under this title by particular providers of services in the area in which such items or services are furnished, and
- (II) the provider of services has identified such charges to such individual or other person, in such manner as the Secretary

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may prescribe, as charges to meet costs in excess of the cost determined to be necessary in the efficient delivery of needed health services under this title.

(C) A provider of services may in accordance with its customary practice also appropriately charge any such individual for any whole blood (or equivalent quantities of packed red blood cells, as defined under regulations) furnished him with respect to which a deductible is imposed under section 1813(a)(2), except that (i) any excess of such charge over the cost to such provider for the blood (or equivalent quantities of packed red blood cells, as so defined) shall be deducted from any payment to such provider under this title, (ii) no such charge may be imposed for the cost of administration of such blood (or equivalent quantities of packed red blood cells, as so defined) and (iii) such charge may not be made to the extent such blood (or equivalent quantities of packed red blood cells, as so defined) has been replaced on behalf of such individual or arrangements have been made for its replacement on his behalf.

For purposes of subparagraph (C), whole blood (or equivalent quantities of packed red blood cells, as so defined) furnished an individual shall be deemed replaced when the provider of services is given one pint of blood for each pint of blood (or equivalent quantities of packed red blood cells, as so defined) furnished such individual with respect to which a deduction is imposed under section 1813 (a) (2).

- (D) Where a provider of services customarily furnishes items or services which are in excess of or more expensive than the items or services with respect to which payment may be made under this title, such provider, notwithstanding the preceding provisions of this paragraph, may not, under the authority of section 1866(a)(2)(B)(ii), charge any individual or other person any amount for such items or services in excess of the amount of the payment which may otherwise be made for such items or services under this title if the admitting physician has a direct or indirect financial interest in such provider.
- (3) The Secretary may refuse to enter into or renew an agreement under this section with a provider of services if any person who has a direct or indirect ownership or control interest of 5 percent or more in such provider, or who is an officer, director, agent, or managing employee (as defined in section 1126(b)) of such provider, is a person described in section 1126(a).
- (b) An agreement with the Secretary under this section may be terminated—2
 - (1) by the provider of services at such time and upon such notice to the Secretary and the public as may be provided in

Paragraph (3) was added by section 8(b) (1) of P.L. 95-142.

The matter preceding par. (1) was amended by sec. 128(a)(5) of P.L. 97-248.

regulations, except that notice of more than 6 months shall not be required, or

(2) by the Secretary at such time and upon such reasonable notice to the provider of services and the public as may be specified in regulations, but only after the Secretary has determined (A) that such provider of services is not complying substantially with the provisions of such agreement, or with the provisions of this title and regulations thereunder, or (B) that such provider of services no longer substantially meets the applicable provisions of section 1861, or (C) that such provider of services has failed (i) to provide such information as the Secretary finds necessary to determine whether payments are or were due under this title and the amounts thereof, or has refused to permit such examination of its fiscal and other records by or on behalf of the Secretary as may be necessary to verify such information, or (ii) to supply (within such period as may be specified by the Secretary in regulations) upon request specifically addressed to such provider by the Secretary (I) full and complete information as to the ownership of a subcontractor (as defined by the Secretary in regulations) with whom such provider has had, during the previous twelve months, business transactions in an aggregate amount in excess of \$25,000, and (II) full and complete information as to any significant business transactions (as defined by the Secretary in regulations), occurring during the five-year period ending on the date of such request, between such provider and any wholly owned supplier or between such provider and any subcontractor, or (D) that such provider has made, or caused to be made, any false statement or representation of a material fact for use in an application for payment under this title or for use in determining the right to a payment under this title, or (E) that such provider has submitted, or caused to be submitted, requests for payment under this title of amounts for rendering services substantially in excess of the costs incurred by such provider for rendering such services, or (F) that such provider has furnished services or supplies which are determined by the Secretary to be substantially in excess of the needs of individuals or to be of a quality which fails to meet professionally recognized standards of health care, or (G) that such provider (at the time the agreement was entered into) did not fully and accurately make any disclosure required of it by section 1126(a).

Any termination shall be applicable—

(8) in the case of inpatient hospital services (including tuberculosis hospital services and inpatient psychiatric hospital serv-

¹ Paragraph (2) was amended by sections 8(b), 8(b) (2), and 18(b) (8) of P.L. 95-142.

- ices) or post-hospital extended care services, with respect to services furnished after the effective date of such termination, except that payment may be made for up to thirty days with respect to inpatient institutional services furnished to any eligible individual who was admitted to such institution prior to the effective date of such termination,
- (4)(A) with respect to home health services or hospice care furnished to an individual under a plan therefor established on or after the effective date of such termination, or (B) if a plan is established before such effective date, with respect to such services furnished to such individual after the calendar year in which such termination is effective, and 1
- (5) with respect to any other items and services furnished on or after the effective date of such termination.
- (c) (1) Where an agreement filed under this title by a provider of services has been terminated by the Secretary, such provider may not file another agreement under this title unless the Secretary finds that the reason for the termination has been removed and that there is reasonable assurance that it will not recur.
- (2) In the case of a skilled nursing facility participating in the programs established by this title and title XIX, the Secretary may enter into an agreement under this section only if such facility has been approved pursuant to section 1910(a), and the term of any such agreement shall be in accordance with the period of approval of eligibility specified by the Secretary pursuant to such section.²
- (3) Where an agreement filed under this title by a provider of services has been terminated by the Secretary, the Secretary shall promptly notify each State agency which administers or supervises the administration of a State plan approved under title XIX of such termination.
- (d) If the Secretary finds that there is a substantial failure to make timely review in accordance with section 1861(k) of long-stay cases in a hospital or skilled nursing facility, he may, in lieu of terminating his agreement with such hospital or facility, decide that, with respect to any individual admitted to such hospital or facility after a subsequent date specified by him, no payment shall be made under this title for inpatient hospital services (including inpatient tuberculosis hospital services and inpatient psychiatric hospital services) after the 20th day of a continuous period of such services or for post-hospital extended care services after such day of a continuous period of such care as is prescribed in or pursuant to regulations, as the case may be. Such decision may be made effective only after such notice to the hospital, or (in the case of a skilled nursing facility) to the facility and

² Par. (4) was amended by sec. 122(g) (6) of P.L. 97-248.

⁹ Par.(2) was amended by sec. 2(e) of P.L. 95-210.

Par. (8) was added by sec. 808 of P.L. 96-272.

the hospital or hospitals with which it has a transfer agreement, and to the public, as may be prescribed by regulations, and its effectiveness shall terminate when the Secretary finds that the reason therefor has been removed and that there is reasonable assurance that it will not recur. The Secretary shall not make any such decision except after reasonable notice and opportunity for hearing to the institution or agency affected thereby.

(e) For purposes of this section, the term "provider of services" shall include a clinic, rehabilitation agency or public health agency if, in the case of a clinic or rehabilitation agency, such clinic or agency meets the requirements of section 1861(p)(4)(A), or if, in the case of a public health agency, such agency meets the requirements of section 1861(p)(4)(B), but only with respect to the furnishing of outpatient physical therapy services (as therein defined).

(f)(1) Where the Secretary determines that a skilled nursing facility which has filed an agreement pursuant to subsection (a)(1) or which has been certified for participation in a plan approved under title XIX no longer substantially meets the provisions of section 1861(j), and further determines that the facility's deficiencies—

(A) immediately jeopardize the health and safety of its patients, the Secretary shall provide for the termination of the agreement or of the certification of the facility and shall provide, or

(B) do not immediately jeopardize the health and safety of its patients, the Secretary may, in lieu of terminating the agreement or certification of the facility, provide

that no payment shall be made under this title (and order a State agency established or designated pursuant to section 1902(a) (5) of this Act to administer or supervise the administration of the State plan under title XIX of this Act to deny payment under such title XIX) with respect to any individual admitted to such facility after a date specified by him.

- (2) The Secretary shall not make such a decision with respect to a facility until such facility has had a reasonable opportunity, following the initial determination that it no longer substantially meets the provisions of section 1861(j), to correct its deficiences, and, following this period, has been given reasonable notice and opportunity for a hearing.
- (3) The Secretary's decision to deny payment may be made effective only after such notice to the public and to the facility as may be prescribed in regulations, and its effectiveness shall terminate (A) when the Secretary finds that the facility is in substantial compliance (or is making good faith efforts to achieve substantial compliance) with the provisions of section 1861(j), or (B) in the case described in paragraph (1) (B), with the end of the eleventh month following the month

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such decision is made effective, whichever occurs first. If a facility to which clause (B) of the previous sentence applies still fails to substantially meet the provisions of section 1861(j) on the date specified in such clause, the Secetary shall terminate such facility's agreement or provide for termination of such facility's certification, notwithstanding the provisions of paragraph (2) of subsection (b), effective with the first day of the first month following the month specified in such clause.¹

Health Insurance Benefits Advisory Council

Sec. 1867. (a) There is hereby created a Health Insurance Benefits Advisory Council which shall consist of 19 persons, not otherwise in the employ of the United States, appointed by the Secretary without regard to the provisions of title 5, United States Code, governing appointments in the competitive services. The Secretary shall from time to time appoint one of the members to serve as Chairman. The members shall include persons who are outstanding in fields related to hospital, medical, and other health activities, persons who are representative of organizations and associations of professional personnel in the field of medicine, and at least one person who is representative of the general public. Each member shall hold office for a term of four years, except that any member appointed to fill a vacancy occurring prior to the expiration of the term for which his predecessor was appointed shall be appointed for the remainder of such term. A member shall not be eligible to serve continuously for more than two terms. Members of the Advisory Council, while attending meetings or con-

¹ Subsec. (f) was added by sec. 916(a) of P.L. 96-499.

ferences thereof or otherwise serving on business of the Advisory Council, shall be entitled to receive compensation at rates fixed by the Secretary, but not exceeding \$100 per day, including traveltime, and while so serving away from their homes or regular places of business they may be allowed travel expenses, including per diem in lieu of subsistence, as authorized by section 5703 of title 5, United States Code, for persons in the Government service employed intermittently. The Advisory Council shall meet as the Secretary deems necessary, but not less than annually.

(b) It shall be the function of the Advisory Council to provide advice and recommendations for the consideration of the Secretary on matters of general policy with respect to this title and title XIX.

Sec. 1868. [Repealed.]

Determinations; Appeals

Sec. 1869. (a) The determination of whether an individual is entitled to benefits under part A or part B, and the determination of the amount of benefits under part Λ , shall be made by the Secretary in accordance with regulations prescribed by him.

(b) (1) Any individual dissatisfied with any determination under

subsection (a) as to—

(A) whether he meets the conditions of section 226 of this Act or section 103 of the Social Security Amendments of 1965, or

- (B) whether he is eligible to enroll and has enrolled pursuant to the provisions of part B of this title, or section 1818, or section 1819, or
- (C) the amount of benefits under part A (including a determination where such amount is determined to be zero).

shall be entitled to a hearing thereon by the Secretary to the same extent as is provided in section 205(b) and to judicial review of the Secretary's final decision after such hearing as is provided in section 205(g).

- (2) Notwithstanding the provisions of subparagraph (C) of paragraph (1) of this subsection, a hearing shall not be available to an individual by reason of such subparagraph (C) if the amount in controversy is less than \$100; nor shall judicial review be available to an individual by reason of such subparagraph (C) if the amount in controversy is less than \$1,000.
- (c) Any institution or agency dissatisfied with any determination by the Secretary that it is not a provider of services, or with any determination described in section 1866(b)(2), shall be entitled to a hearing thereon by the Secretary (after reasonable notice and opportunity for hearing) to the same extent as is provided in section

205(b), and to judicial review of the Secretary's final decision after such hearing as is provided in section 205(g).

Overpayments on Behalf of Individuals and Settlement of Claims for Benefits on Behalf of Deceased Individuals

Sec. 1870. (a) Any payment under this title to any provider of services or other person with respect to any items or services furnished any individual shall be regarded as a payment to such individual.

(b) Where-

- (1) more than the correct amount is paid under this title to a provider of services or other person for items or services furnished an individual and the Secretary determines (A) that, within such period as he may specify, the excess over the correct amount cannot be recouped from such provider of services or other person, or (B) that such provider of services or other person was without fault with respect to the payment of such excess over the correct amount, or
- (2) any payment has been made under section 1814(e) to a provider of services or other person for items or services furnished an individual.

proper adjustments shall be made, under regulations prescribed (after consultation with the Railroad Retirement Board) by the Secretary, by decreasing subsequent payments—

(3) to which such individual is entitled under title II of this Act or under the Railroad Retirement Act of 1974, as the case may be, or

(4) if such individual dies before such adjustment has been completed, to which any other individual is entitled under title II of this Act or under the Railroad Retirement Act of 1974, as the case may be, with respect to the wages and self-employment income or the compensation constituting the basis of the benefits of such deceased individual under title II of such Act.

As soon as practicable after any adjustment under paragraph (3) or (4) is determined to be necessary, the Secretary, for purposes of this section, section 1817(g), and section 1841(f), shall certify (to the Railroad Retirement Board if the adjustment is to be made by decreasing subsequent payments under the Railroad Retirement Act of 1974) the amount of the overpayment as to which the adjustment is to be made. For purposes of clause (B) of paragraph (1), such provider of services or such other person shall, in the absence of evidence to the contrary, be deemed to be without fault if the Secretary's determination that more than such correct amount was paid was made subsequent to the third year following the year in which notice was

sent to such individual that such amount had been paid; except that the Secretary may reduce such three-year period to not less than one year if he finds such reduction is consistent with the objectives of this title.

- (c) There shall be no adjustment as provided in subsection (b) (nor shall there be recovery) in any case where the incorrect payment has been made (including payments under section 1814(e)) with respect to an individual who is without fault or where the adjustment (or recovery) would be made by decreasing payments to which another person who is without fault is entitled as provided in subsection (b) (4), if such adjustment (or recovery) would defeat the purposes of title II or title XVIII or would be against equity and good conscience. Adjustment or recovery of an incorrect payment (or only such part of an incorrect payment as the Secretary determines to be inconsistent with the purposes of this title) against an individual who is without fault shall be deemed to be against equity and good conscience if (A) the incorrect payment was made for expenses incurred for items or services for which payment may not be made under this title by reason of the provisions of paragraph (1) or (9) of section 1862 (a) and (B) if the Secretary's determination that such payment was incorrect was made subsequent to the third year following the year in which notice of such payment was sent to such individual; except that the Secretary may reduce such three-year period to not less than one year if he finds such reduction is consistent with the objectives of this title.1
- (d) No certifying or disbursing officer shall be held liable for any amount certified or paid by him to any provider of services or other person where the adjustment or recovery of such amount is waived under subsection (c) or where adjustment under subsection (b) is not completed prior to the death of all persons against whose benefits such adjustment is authorized.
- (e) If an individual, who received services for which payment may be made to such individual under this title, dies, and payment for such services was made (other than under this title), and the individual died before any payments due him under this title with respect to such services was completed, payment of the amount due (including the amount of any unnegotiated checks) shall be made—
 - (1) if the payment for such services was made (before or after such individual's death) by a person other than the deceased individual, to the person or persons determined by the Secretary under regulations to have paid for such services, or if the payment for such services was made by the deceased individual before his death, to the legal representative of the estate of such deceased individual, if any;

¹ Subsec. (c) was amended by sec. 128(d) (1) of P.L. 97-248.

- (2) if there is no person who meets the requirements of paragraph (1), to the person, if any, who is determined by the Secretary to be the surviving spouse of the deceased individual and who was either living in the same household with the deceased at the time of his death or was, for the month in which the deceased individual died, entitled to a monthly benefit on the basis of the same wages and self-employment income as was the deceased individual;
- (3) if there is no person who meets the requirements of paragraph (1) or (2), or if the person who meets such requirements dies before the payment due him under this title is completed, to the child or children, if any, of the deceased individual who were, for the month in which the deceased individual died, entitled to monthly benefits on the basis of the same wages and self-employment income as was the deceased individual (and, in case there is more than one such child, in equal parts to each such child);
- (4) if there is no person who meets the requirements of paragraph (1), (2), or (3), or if each person who meets such requirements dies before the payment due him under this title is completed, to the parent or parents, if any, of the deceased individual who were, for the month in which the deceased individual died, entitled to monthly benefits on the basis of the same wages and self-employment income as was the deceased individual (and, in case there is more than one such parent, in equal parts to each such parent);
- (5) if there is no person who meets the requirements of paragraph (1), (2), (3), or (4), or if each person who meets such requirements dies before the payment due him under this title is completed, to the person, if any, determined by the Secretary to be the surviving spouse of the deceased individual;
- (6) if there is no person who meets the requirements of paragraph (1), (2), (3), (4), or (5), or if each person who meets such requirements dies before the payment due him under this title is completed, to the person or persons, if any, determined by the Secretary to be the child or children of the deceased individual (and, in case there is more than one such child, in equal parts to each such child);
- (7) if there is no person who meets the requirements of paragraph (1), (2), (3), (4), (5), or (6), or if each person who meets such requirements dies before the payment due him under this title is completed, to the parent or parents, if any, of the deceased individual (and, in case there is more than one such parent, in equal parts to each such parent); or

(8) if there is no person who meets the requirements of paragraph (1), (2), (3), (4), (5), (6), or (7), or if each person who meets such requirements dies before the payment due him under this title is completed, to the legal representatives of the estate of the deceased individual, if any.

(f) If an individual who received medical and other health services for which payment may be made under section 1832(a)(1) dies, and no assignment of the right to payment for such services was made by such individual before his death, and payment for such services has

not been made-

(1) if the person or persons who furnished the services agree that the reasonable charge is the full charge for the services, payment for such services shall be made to such person or persons, and

(2) if the person or persons who furnished the services do not agree that the reasonable charge is the full charge for the services, payment for such services shall be made on the basis of an itemized bill to the person who has agreed to assume the legal obligation to make payment for such services and files a request for payment (with such accompanying evidence of such legal obligation as may be required in regulations).

but only in such amount and subject to such conditions as would be applicable if the individual who received the services had not died.¹

(g) If an individual, who is enrolled under section 1818(c) of the Social Security Act or under section 1837, dies, and premiums with respect to such enrollment have been received with respect to such individual for any month after the month of his death, such premiums shall be refunded to the person or persons determined by the Secretary under regulations to have paid such premiums or if payment for such premiums was made by the deceased individual before his death, to the legal representative of the estate of such deceased individual, if any. If there is no person who meets the requirements of the preceding sentence such premiums shall be refunded to the person or persons in the priorities specified in paragraphs (2) through (7) of subsection (e).

Regulations

Sec. 1871. The Secretary shall prescribe such regulations as may be necessary to carry out the administration of the insurance programs under this title. When used in this title, the term "regulations" means, unless the context otherwise requires, regulations prescribed by the Secretary.

¹ Subsec. (f) was amended by sec. 954 of P.L. 96-499.

Application of Certain Provisions of Title II

Sec. 1872. The provisions of sections 206 and 216(j), and of subsections (a), (d), (e), (f), (h), (i), (j), (k), and (l) of section 205, shall also apply with respect to this title to the same extent as they are applicable with respect to title II.

Designation of Organization or Publication by Name

Sec. 1873. Designation in this title, by name, of any nongovernmental organization or publication shall not be affected by change of name of such organization or publication, and shall apply to any successor organization or publication which the Secretary finds serves the purpose for which such designation is made.

Administration

Sec. 1874. (a) Except as otherwise provided in this title and in the Railroad Retirement Act of 1974, the insurance programs established by this title shall be administered by the Secretary. The Secretary may perform any of his functions under this title directly, or by contract providing for payment in advance or by way of reimbursement, and in such installments, as the Secretary may deem necessary.

(b) The Secretary may contract with any person, agency, or institution to secure on a reimbursable basis such special data, actuarial information, and other information as may be necessary in the carry-

ing out of his functions under this title.

(c) In the course of any hearing, investigation, or other proceeding that he is authorized to conduct under this title, the Secretary may administer oaths and affirmations.

Studies and Recommendations

Sec. 1875. (a) The Secretary shall carry on studies and develop recommendations to be submitted from time to time to the Congress relating to health care of the aged and the disabled, including studies and recommendations concerning (1) the adequacy of existing personnel and facilities for health care for purposes of the programs under parts A and B; (2) methods for encouraging the further development of efficient and economical forms of health care which are a constructive alternative to inpatient hospital care; and (3) the effects of the deductibles and coinsurance provisions upon beneficiaries, persons who provide health services, and the financing of the program.

(b) The Secretary shall make a continuing study of the operation and administration of the insurance programs under parts A and B (including a validation of the accreditation process of the Joint Commission on the Accreditation of Hospitals, the operation and administration of health maintenance organizations authorized by section 226 of the Social Security Amendments of 1972, the experiments and demonstration projects authorized by section 402 of the Social Se-

curity Amendments of 1967, and the experiments and demonstration projects authorized by section 222(a) of the Social Security Amendments of 1972), and shall transmit to the Congress annually a report concerning the operation of such programs.

Payments to Health Maintenance Organizations and Competitive Medical Plans ¹

SEC. 1876. (a) (1) (A) The Secretary shall annually determine—

(i) a per capita rate of payment for each class of individuals who are enrolled under this section with an eligible organization which has entered into a risk-sharing contract and who are entitled to benefits under part A and enrolled under part B, and

(ii) a per capita rate of payment for each class of individuals who are so enrolled with such an organization and who are

enrolled under part B only.

For purposes of this section, the term "risk-sharing contract" means a contract entered into under subsection (g) and the term "reasonable cost reimbursement contract" means a contract entered into under subsection (h).

(B) The Secretary shall define appropriate classes of members, based on age, disability status, and such other factors as the Secretary determines to be appropriate, so as to ensure actuarial equivalence. The Secretary may add to, modify, or substitute for such classes, if such changes will improve the determination of actuarial equivalence.

(C) The annual per capita rate of payment for each such class shall be equal to 95 percent of the adjusted average per capita cost (as

defined in paragraph (4)) for that class.

(D) In the case of an eligible organization with a risk-sharing contract, the Secretary shall make monthly payments in advance and in accordance with the rate determined under subparagraph (C) and except as provided in subsection (g)(2), to the organization for each individual enrolled with the organization under this section.

(E) The amount of payment under this paragraph may be retroactively adjusted to take into account any difference between the actual number of individuals enrolled in the plan under this section and the number of such individuals estimated to be so enrolled in determining the amount of the advance payment.

(2) With respect to any eligible organization which has entered into a reasonable cost reimburseemnt contract, payments shall be made to such plan in accordance with subsection (h) (2) rather than

paragraph (1).

(3) Payments under a contract to an eligible organization under paragraph (1) or (2) shall be instead of the amounts which (in the absence of the contract) would be otherwise payable, pursuant to

¹ Sec. 1876 was amended in its entirety by sec. 114(a) of P.L. 97-348.

sections 1814(b) and 1833(a), for services furnished by or through the organization to individuals enrolled with the organization under this section.

- (4) For purposes of this section, the term "adjusted average per capita cost" means the average per capita amount that the Secretary estimates in advance (on the basis of actul experience, or retrospective actuarial equivalent based upon an adequate sample and other information and data, in a geographic area served by an eligible organization or in a similar area, with appropriate adjustments to assure actuarial equivalence) would be payable in any contract year for services covered under parts A and B, or part B only, and types of expenses otherwise reimbursable under parts A and B, or part B only (including administrative costs incurred by organizations described in sections 1816 and 1842), if the services were to be furnished by other than an eligible organization or, in the case of services covered only under section 1861(s)(2)(H), if the services were to be furnished by a physician or as an incident to a physician's service.
- (5) The payment to an eligible organization under this section for individuals enrolled under this section with the organization and entitled to benefits under part A and enrolled under part B shall be made from the Federal Hospital Insurance Trust Fund and the Federal Supplementary Medical Insurance Trust Fund. The portion of that payment to the organization for a month to be paid by the latter trust fund shall be equal to 200 percent of the sum of—

(A) the product of (i) the number of such individuals for the month who have attained age 65, and (ii) the monthly actuarial rate for supplementary medical insurance for the month as determined under section 1889(c) (1), and

(B) the product of (i) the number of such individuals for the month who have not attained age 65, and (ii) the monthly actuarial rate for supplementary medical insurance for the month as determined under section 1889(c) (4).

The remainder of that payment shall be paid by the former trust

- fund.
 (6) If an individual is enrolled under this section with an sligible organization having a risk-sharing contract, only the eligible organization shall be entitled to receive payments from the Secretary under this title for services furnished to the individual.
- (b) For purposes of this section, the term "eligible organization" means a public or private entity (which may be a health maintenance organization or a competitive medical plan), organized under the laws of any State, which—
 - (1) is a qualified health maintenance organization (as defined in section 1310(d) of the Public Health Service Act), or

(2) meets the following requirements:

- (A) The entity provides to enrolled members at least the following health care services:
 - (i) Physicians' services performed by physicians (as defined in section 1861(r)(1)).
 - (ii) Inpatient hospital services.
 - (iii) Laboratory, X-ray, emergency, and preventive services.
 - (iv) Out-of-area coverage.
- (B) The entity is compensated (except for deductibles, coinsurance, and copayments) for the provision of health care services to enrolled members by a payment which is paid on a periodic basis without regard to the date the health care services are provided and which is fixed without regard to the frequency, extent, or kind of health care service actually provided to a member.
- (C) The entity provides physicians' services primarily (i) directly through physicians who are either employees or partners of such organization, or (ii) through contracts with individual physicians or one or more groups of physicians (organized on a group practice or individual practice basis).

(D) The entity assumes full financial risk on a prospective basis for the provision of the health care services listed

in paragraph (1), except that such entity may-

(i) obtain insurance or make other arrangements for the cost of providing to any enrolled member health care services listed in subparagraph (A) the aggregate value of which exceeds \$5,000 in any year,

(ii) obtain insurance or make other arrangements for the cost of health care service listed in subparagraph (A) provided to its enrolled members other than through the entity because medical necessity required their provision before they could be secured through the entity,

(iii) obtain insurance or make other arrangements for not more than 90 percent of the amount by which its costs for any of its fiscal years exceed 115 percent of its

income for such fiscal year, and

(iv) make arrangements with physicians or other health professionals, health care institutions, or any combination of such individuals or institutions to assume all or part of the financial risk on a prospective basis for the provision of basic health services by the physicians or other health professionals or through the institutions.

(E) The entity has made adequate provision against the risk of insolvency, which provision is satisfactory to the

Secretary.

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Paragraph (2) (A) (ii) shall not apply to an entity which had contracted with a single State agency administering a State plan approved under title XIX for the provision of services (other than inpatient hospital services) to individuals eligible for such services under such State plan on a prepaid risk basis prior to 1970.

- (c) (1) The Secretary may not enter into a contract under this section with an eligible organization unless it meets the requirements of this subsection and subsection (e) with respect to members enrolled under this section.
- (2) The organization must provide to members enrolled under this section, through providers and other persons that meet the applicable requirements of this title and part A of title XI—
 - (A) only those services covered under parts A and B of this title, for those members entitled to benefits under part A and enrolled under part B, or

(B) only those services covered under part B, for those members enrolled only under such part.

which are available to individuals residing in the geographic area served by the organization, except that (i) the organization may provide such members with such additional health care services as the members may elect, at their option, to have covered, and (ii) in the case of an organization with a risk-sharing contract, the organization may provide such members with such additional health care services as the Secretary may approve. The Secretary shall approve any such additional health care services which the organization proposes to offer to such members, unless the Secretary determines that including such additional services will substantially discourage enrollment by covered individuals with the organization.

(3) (A) Each eligible organization must have an open enrollment period, for the enrollment of individuals under this section, of at least 30 days duration every year, and must provide that at any time during which enrollments are accepted, the organization will accept up to the limits of its capacity (as determined by the Secretary) and without restrictions, except as may be authorized in regulations, individuals who are eligible to enroll under subsection (d) in the order in which they apply for enrollment, unless to do so would result in failure to meet the requirements of subsection (f) or would result in the enrollment of enrollees substantially nonrepresentative, as determined in accordance with regulations of the Secretary, of the population in the geographic area served by the organization.

(B) An individual may enroll under this section with an eligible organization in such manner as may be prescribed in regulations and may terminate his enrollment with the eligible organization as of the beginning of the first calendar month following a full calendar month after the request is made for such termination (or, in the

case of financial insolvency of the organization, as may be prescribed by regulations) or, in the case of such an organization with a reasonable cost reimbursement contract, as may be prescribed by regulations.

- (C) The Secretary may prescribe the procedures and conditions under which an eligible organization that has entered into a contract with the Secretary under this subsection may inform individuals eligible to enroll under this section with the organization about the organization, or may enroll such individuals with the organization.
- (D) The organization must provide assurances to the Secretary that it will not expel or refuse to re-enroll any such individual because of the individual's health status or requirements for health care services, and that it will notify each such individual of such fact at the time of the individual's enrollment.

(4) The organization must—

- (A) make the services described in paragraph (2) (and such other health care services as such individuals have contracted for) (i) available and accessible to each such individual, within the area served by the organization, promptly as appropriate and in a manner which assures continuity, and (ii) when medically necessary, available and accessible twenty-four hours a day and seven days a week, and
- (B) provide for reimbursement with respect to services which are described in subparagraph (A) and which are provided to such an individual other than through the organization, if (i) the services were medically necessary and immediately required because of an unforeseen illness, injury, or condition and (ii) it was not reasonable given the circumstances to obtain the services through the organization.

(5) (A) The organization must provide meaningful procedures for hearing and resolving grievances between the organization (including any entity or individual through which the organization provides health care services) and members enrolled with the organization under this section.

(B) A member enrolled with an eligible organization under this section who is dissatisfied by reason of his failure to receive any health service to which he believes he is entitled and at no greater charge than he believes he is required to pay is entitled, if the amount in controversy is \$100 or more, to a hearing before the Secretary to the same extent as is provided is section 205(b), and in any such hearing the Secretary shall make the eligible organization a party. If the amount in controversy is \$1,000 or more, the individual or eligible organization shall, upon notifying the other party, be entitled to judicial review of the Secretary's final decision as provided in section 205(g), and both the individual and the eligible organization shall be entitled to be parties to that judicial review.

- (6) The organization must have arrangements, established in accordance with regulations of the Secretary, for an ongoing quality assurance program for health care services it provides to such individuals, which program (A) stresses health outcomes and (B) provides review by physicians and other health care professionals of the process followed in the provision of such health care services.
- (d) Subject to the provisions of subsection (c) (3), every individual entitled to benefits under part A and enrolled under part B or enrolled under part B only (other than an individual medically determined to have end-stage renal disease) shall be eligible to enroll under this section with any eligible organization with which the Secretary has entered into a contract under this section and which serves the geographic area in which the individual resides.

(e) (1) In no case may—

- (A) the portion of an eligible organization's premium rate and the actuarial value of its deductibles, coinsurance, and copayments charged (with respect to services covered under parts A and B) to individuals who are enrolled under this section with the organization and who are entitled to benefits under part A and enrolled under part B, or
- (B) the portion of its premium rate and the actuarial value of its deductibles, coinsurance, and copayments charged (with respect to services covered under part B) to individuals who are enrolled under this section with the organization and enrolled under part B only

exceed the actuarial value of the coinsurance and deductibles that would be applicable on the average to individuals enrolled under this section with the organization (or, if the Secretary finds that adequate data are not available to determine that actuarial value, the actuarial value of the coinsurance and deductibles applicable on the average to individuals in the area, in the State, or in the United States, eligible to enroll under this section with the organization, or other appropriate data) and entitled to benefits under part A and enrolled under part B, or enrolled under part B only, respectively, if they were not members of an eligible organization.

- (2) If the eligible organization provides to its members enrolled under this section services in addition to services covered under parts A and B of this title, election of coverage for such additional services (unless such services have been approved by the Secretary under subsection (c)(2)) shall be optional for such members and such organization shall furnish such members with information on the portion of its premium rate or other charges applicable to such additional services. In no case may the sum of—
 - (A) the portion of such organization's premium rate charged, with respect to such additional services, to members enrolled under this section, and

(B) the actuarial value of its deductibles, coinsurance, and copayments charged, with respect to such services to such members

exceed the adjusted community rate for such services.

(3) For purposes of this section, the term "adjusted community rate" for a service or services means, at the election of an eligible organization, either—

- (A) the rate of payment for that service or services which the Secretary annually determines would apply to a member enrolled under this section with an eligible organization if the rate of payment were determined under a "community rating system" (as defined in section 1302(8) of the Public Health Service Act, other than subparagraph (C)), or
- (B) such portion of the weighted aggregate premium, which the Secretary annually estimates would apply to a member enrolled under this section with the eligible organization, as the Secretary annually estimates is attributable to that service or services,

but adjusted for differences between the utilization characteristics of the members enrolled with the eligible organization under this section and the utilization characteristics of the other members of the organization (or, if the Secretary finds that adequate data are not available to adjust for those differences, the differences between the utilization characteristics of members in other eligible organizations, or individuals in the area, in the State, or in the United States, eligible to enroll under this section with an eligible organization and the utilization characteristics of the rest of the population in the area, in the State, or in the United States, respectively).

(4) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the eligible organization may (in the case of the provision of services to a member enrolled under this section for an illness or injury for which the member is entitled to benefits under a workmen's compensation law or plan of the United States or a State, under an automobile or liability insurance policy or plan, including a self-insured plan, or under no fault insurance) charge or authorize the provider of such services to charge, in accordance with the charges allowed under such law or policy—

(A) the insurance carrier, employer, or other entity which under such law, plan, or policy is to pay for the provision of such services, or

(B) such member to the extent that the member has been paid

under such law, plan, or policy for such services.

(f) (1) Each eligible organization with which the Secretary enters into a contract under this section shall have, for the duration of such contract, an enrolled membership at least one-half of which consists

of individuals who are not entitled to benefits under this title or under a State plan approved under title XIX.

(2) The Secretary may modify or waive the requirement imposed

by paragraph (1) only if the Secretary determines that—

- (A) special circumstances warrant such modification or waiver, and
- (B) the eligible organization has taken and is making reasonable efforts to enroll individuals who are not entitled to benefits under this title or under a State plan approved under title XIX.
- (g) (1) The Secretary may enter a risk-sharing contract with any eligible organization, as defined in subsection (b) (1), which has at least 5,000 members, except that the Secretary may enter into such a contract with an eligible organization that has fewer members if the organization primarily serves members residing outside of urbanized areas.
 - (2) Each risk-sharing contract shall provide that—
 - (A) if the adjusted community rate, as defined in subsection (e)(8), for services under parts A and B (as reduced for the actuarial value of the coinsurance and deductibles under those parts) for members enrolled under this section with the organization and entitled to benefits under part A and enrolled in part B, or

(B) if the adjusted community rate for services under part B (as reduced for the actuarial value of the coinsurance and deductibles under that part) for members enrolled under this section with the organization and entitled to benefits under part B only

is less than the average of the per capita rates of payment to be made under subsection (a) (1) at the beginning of an annual contract period for members enrolled under this section with the organization and entitled to benefits under part A and enrolled in part B, or enrolled in part B only, respectively, the eligible organization shall provide to members enrolled under a risk-sharing contract under this section with the organization and entitled to benefits under part A and enrolled in part B, or enrolled in part B only, respectively, the additional benefits described in paragraph (8) which are selected by the eligible organization and which the Secretary finds are at least equal in value to the difference between that average per capita payment and the adjusted community rate (as so reduced); except that this paragraph shall not apply with respect to any organization which elects to receive a lesser payment to the extent that there is no longer a difference between the average per capita payment and adjusted community rate (as so reduced). If the Secretary finds that there is insufficient enrollment experience to determine an average of the per capita rates of payment to be made under subsection (a) (1) at the beginning of a contract period, the Secretary may determine such an

average based on the enrollment experience of other contracts entered into under this section.

(3) The additional benefits referred to in paragraph (2) are—

- (A) the reduction of the premium rate or other charges made with respect to services furnished by the organization to members enrolled under this section, or
- (B) the provision of additional health benefits, or both.

(h)(1) If—

(A) the Secretary is not satisfied that an eligible organization has the capacity to bear the risk of potential losses under a risk-sharing contract under this section, or

(B) the eligible organization so elects or has an insufficient number of members to be eligible to enter into a risk-sharing

contract under subsection (g) (1), the Secretary may, if he is otherwise satisfied that the eligible organization is able to perform its contractual obligations effectively and efficiently, enter into a contract with such organization pursuant to which such organization is reimbursed on the basis of its reasonable cost (as defined in section 1861(v)) in the manner prescribed in paragraph (3).

(2) A reasonable cost reimbursement contract under this subsection may, at the option of such organization, provide that the Secretary—

(A) will reimburse hospitals and skilled nursing facilities either for the reasonable cost (as determined under section 1861(v)) or for payment amounts determined in accordance with section 1886, as applicable, of services furnished to individuals enrolled with such organization pursuant to subsection (d), and

(B) will deduct the amount of such reimbursement from payment which would otherwise be made to such organization.

If such an eligible organization pays a hospital or skilled nursing facility directly, the amount paid shall not exceed the reasonable cost of the services (as determined under section 1861(v)) or the amount determined under section 1886, as applicable, unless such organization demonstrates to the satisfaction of the Secretary that such excess payments are justified on the basis of advantages gained by the organization.

(8) Payments made to an organization with a reas mable cost reimbursement contract shall be subject to appropriate retroactive corrective adjustment at the end of each contract year so as to assure that such organization is paid for the reasonable cost actually incurred (excluding any part of incurred cost found to be unnecessary in the efficient delivery of health services) or the amounts otherwise determined under section 1886 for the types of expenses otherwise reimbursable under this title for providing services covered under this title to individuals described in subsection (a) (1).

(4) Any reasonable cost reimbursement contract with an eligible organization under this subsection shall provide that the Secretary shall require, at such time following the expiration of each accounting period of the eligible organization (and in such form and in such

detail) as he may prescribe—

(A) that the organization report to him in an independently certified financial statement its per capita incurred cost based on types of components of expenses otherwise reimbursable under this title for providing services described in subsection (a)(1), including therein, in accordance with accounting procedures prescribed by the Secretary, its methods of allocating costs between individuals enrolled under this section and other individuals enrolled with such organization;

- (B) that failure to report such information as may be required may be deemed to constitute evidence of likely over-payment on the basis of which appropriate collection action
- may be taken;
- (C) that in any case in which an eligible organization is related to another organization by common ownership or control, a consolidated financial statement shall be filed and that the allowable costs for such organization may not include costs for the types of expense otherwise reimbursable under this title, in excess of those which would be determined to be reasonable in accordance with regulations (providing for limiting reimbursement to costs rather than charges to the eligible organization by related organizations and owners) issued by the Secretary; and

(D) that in any case in which compensation is paid by an eligible organization substantially in excess of what is normally paid for similar services by similar practitioners (regardless of method of compensation), such compensation may as appropri-

ate be considered to constitute a distribution of profits.

- (i) (1) Each contract under this section shall be for a term of at least one year, as determined by the Secretary, and may be made automatically renewable from term to term in the absence of notice by either party of intention to terminate at the end of the current term; except that the Secretary may terminate any such contract at any time (after such reasonable notice and opportunity for hearing to the eligible organization involved as he may provide in regulations), if he finds that the organization—
 - (A) has failed substantially to carry out the contract,
 - (B) is carrying out the contract in a manner inconsistent with the efficient and effective administration of this section, or
 - (C) no longer substantially meets the applicable conditions of subsections (b), (c), and (e).

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- (2) The effective date of any contract executed pursuant to this section shall be specified in the contract.
 - (3) Each contract under this section—
 - (A) shall provide that the Secretary, or any person or organization designated by him—
 - (i) shall have the right to inspect or otherwise evaluate (I) the quality, appropriateness, and timeliness of services performed under the contract and (II) the facilities of the organization when there is reasonable evidence of some need for such inspection, and
 - (ii) shall have the right to audit and inspect any books and records of the eligible organization that pertain (I) to the ability of the organization to bear the risk of potential financial losses, or (II) to services performed or determinations of amounts payable under the contract;
 - (B) shall require the organization with a risk-sharing contract to provide (and pay for) written notice in advance of the contract's termination, as well as a description of alternatives for obtaining benefits under this title, to each individual enrolled under this section with the organization; and
 - (C) shall require the organization to comply with subsections (a) and (c) of section 1318 of the Public Health Service Act (relating to disclosure of certain financial information) and with the requirement of section 1301(c)(8) of such Act (relating to liability arrangements to protect members); and
 - (D) shall contain such other terms and conditions not inconsistent with this section (including requiring the organization to provide the Secretary with such information) as the Secretary may find necessary and appropriate.
- (4) The Secretary may not enter into a risk-sharing contract with an eligible organization if a previous risk-sharing contract with that organization under this section was terminated at the request of the organization within the preceding five-year period, except in circumstances which warrant special consideration, as determined by the Secretary.
- (5) The authority vested in the Secretary by this section may be performed without regard to such provisions of law or regulations relating to the making, performance, amendment, or modification of contracts of the United States as the Secretary may determine to be inconsistent with the furtherance of the purpose of this title.

Penalties 1

Sec. 1877. (a) Whoever-

(1) knowingly and willfully makes or causes to be made any false statement or representation of a material fact in any application for any benefit or payment under this title,

(2) at any time knowingly and willfully makes or causes to be made any false statement or representation of a material fact for

use in determining rights to any such benefit or payment,

(3) having knowledge of the occurrence of any event affecting (A) his initial or continued right to any such benefit or payment, or (B) the initial or continued right to any such benefit or payment of any other individual in whose behalf he has applied for or is receiving such benefit or payment, conceals or fails to disclose such event with an intent fraudulently to secure such benefit or payment either in a greater amount or quantity than is due or when no such benefit or payment is authorized, or

(4) having made application to receive any such benefit or payment for the use and benefit of another and having received it, knowingly and willfully converts such benefit or payment or any part thereof to a use other than for the use and benefit of such

other person,

shall (i) in the case of such a statement, representation, concealment, failure, or conversion by any person in connection with the furnishing (by that person) of items or services for which payment is or may be made under this title, be guilty of a felony and upon conviction thereof fined not more than \$25,000 or imprisoned for not more than five years or both, or (ii) in the case of such a statement, representation, concealment, failure, or conversion by any other person, be guilty of a mis-

¹ Section 1877 was amended, in its entirety, by section 4(a) of P.L. 95-142.

demeanor and upon conviction thereof fined not more than \$10,000 or imprisoned for not more than one year, or both.

- (b) (1) Whoever knowingly and willfully solicits or receives any remuneration (including any kickback, bribe, or rebate) directly or indirectly, overtly or covertly, in cash or in kind—
 - (A) in return for referring an individual to a person for the furnishing or arranging for the furnishing of any item or service for which payment may be made in whole or in part under this title, or
 - (B) in return for purchasing, leasing, ordering, or arranging for or recommending purchasing, leasing, or ordering any good, facility, service, or items for which payment may be made in whole or in part under this title,

shall be guilty of a felony and upon conviction thereof, shall be fined not more than \$25,000 or imprisoned for not more than five years, or both.

- (2) Whoever knowingly and willfully offers or pays any remuneration (including any kickback, bribe, or rebate) directly or indirectly, overtly or covertly, in cash or in kind to any person to induce such person—
 - (A) to refer an individual to a person for the furnishing or arranging for the furnishing of any item or service for which payment may be made in whole or in part under this title, or
 - (B) to purchase, lease, order, or arrange for or recommend purchasing, leasing, or ordering any good, facility, service, or item for which payment may be made in whole or in part under this title,

shall be guilty of a felony and upon conviction thereof, shall be fined not more than \$25,000 or imprisoned for not more than five years, or both.

(8) Paragraphs (1) and (2) shall not apply to—

- (A) a discount or other reduction in price obtained by a provider of services or other entity under this title if the reduction in price is properly disclosed and appropriately reflected in the costs claimed or charges made by the provider or entity under this title; and
- (B) any amount paid by an employer to an employee (who has a bona fide employment relationship with such employer) for employment in the provision of covered items or services.

¹ Subsec. (b) was amended by sec. 917 of P.L. 96-499.

review of any final decision of the Board, or of any reversal, affirmance, or modification by the Secretary, by a civil action commenced within 60 days of the date on which notice of any final decision by the Board or of any reversal, affirmance, or modification by the Secretary is received. Providers shall also have the right to obtain judicial review of any action of the fiscal intermediary which involves a question of law or regulations relevant to the matters in controversy whenever the Board determines (on its own motion or at the request of a provider of services as described in the following sentence) that it is without authority to decide the question, by a civil action commenced within sixty days of the date on which such determination is rendered. If a provider of services may obtain a hearing under subsection (a) and has filed a request for such a hearing, such provider may file a request for a determination by the Board of its authority to decide the question of law or regulations relevant to the matters in controversy (accompanied by such documents and materials as the Board shall require for purposes of rendering such determination). The Board shall render such determination in writing within thirty days after the Board receives the request and such accompanying documents and materials, and the determination shall be considered a final decision and not subject to review by the Secretary. If the Board fails to render such determination within such period, the provider may bring a civil action (within sixty days of the end of such period) with respect to the matter in controversy contained in such request for a hearing. Such action shall be brought in the district court of the United States for the judicial district in which the provider is located or in the District Court for the District of Columbia and shall be tried pursuant to the applicable provisions under chapter 7 of title 5, United States Code, notwithstanding any other provisions in section 205.1

(2) Where a provider seeks judicial review pursuant to paragraph (1), the amount in controversy shall be subject to annual interest beginning on the first day of the first month beginning after the 180-day period as determined pursuant to subsection (a) (3) and equal to the rate of return on equity capital established by regulation pursuant to section 1861(v)(1)(B) and in effect at the time the civil action authorized under paragraph (1) is commenced, to be awarded by the reviewing court in favor of the prevailing party.

(3) No interest awarded pursuant to paragraph (2) shall be deemed income or cost for the purposes of determining reimbursement due providers under this Act.

¹ Par. (1) was amended by sec. 955 of P.L. 96-499.

(g) The finding of a fiscal intermediary that no payment may be made under this title for any expenses incurred for items or services furnished to an individual because such items or services are listed in section 1862 shall not be reviewed by the Board, or by any court pur-

suant to an action brought under subsection (f).

(h) The Board shall be composed of five members appointed by the Secretary without regard to the provisions of title 5, United States Code, governing appointments in the competitive services. Two of such members shall be representative of providers of services. All of the members of the Board shall be persons knowledgeable in the field of cost reimbursement, and at least one of them shall be a certified public accountant. Members of the Board shall be entitled to receive compensation at rates fixed by the Secretary, but not exceeding the rate specified (at the time the service involved is rendered by such members) for grade GS-18 in section 5332 of title 5, United States Code. The term of office shall be three years, except that the Secretary shall appoint the initial members of the Board for shorter terms to the extent necessary to permit staggered terms of office.

(i) The Board is authorized to engage such technical assistance as may be required to carry out its functions, and the Secretary shall, in addition, make available to the Board such secretarial, clerical, and other assistance as the Board may require to carry out its functions.

Limitation on Liability of Beneficiary Where Medicare Claims Are Disallowed

Sec. 1879. (a) Where-

(1) a determination is made that, by reason of section 1862(a)

(1) or (9), payment may not be made under part A or part B of this title for any expenses incurred for items or services furnished an individual by a provider of services or by another person pursuant to an assignment under section 1842(b)(3)(B)(ii), and

(2) both such individual and such provider of services or such other person, as the case may be, did not know, and could not reasonably have been expected to know, that payment would not be made for such items or services under such part A or part B, to the extent permitted by this title, payment shall, notwithstand-

then to the extent permitted by this title, payment shall, notwithstanding such determination, be made for such items or services (and for such period of time as the Secretary finds will carry out the objectives of this title), as though section 1862(a)(1) and section 1862(a)(9) did not apply. In each such case the Secretary shall notify both such individual and such provider of services or such other person, as the case may be, of the conditions under which payment for such items or services was made and in the case of comparable situations arising

thereafter with respect to such individual or such provider or such other person, each shall, by reason of such notice (or similar notices provided before the enactment of this section), be deemed to have knowledge that payment cannot be made for such items or services or reasonably comparable items or services.

Any provider or other person furnishing items or services for which payment may not be made by reason of section 1862(a) (1) or (9) shall be deemed to have knowledge that payment cannot be made for such items or services if the claim relating to such items or services involves a case, provider or other person furnishing services, procedure, or test, with respect to which such provider or other person has been notified by the Secretary (including notification by a utilization and quality control peer review organization) that a pattern of inappropriate utilization has occurred in the past, and such provider or other person has been allowed a reasonable time to correct such inappropriate utilization.¹

- (b) In any case in which the provisions of paragraphs (1) and (2) of subsection (a) are met, except that such provider or such other person, as the case may be, knew, or could be expected to know, that payment for such services or items could not be made under such part A or part B, then the Secretary shall, upon proper application filed within such time as may be prescribed in regulations, indemnify the individual (referred to in such paragraphs), subject to the deductible and coinsurance provisions of this title, for any payments received from such individual by such provider or such other person, as the case may be, for such items or services. Any payments made by the Secretary as indemnification shall be deemed to have been made to such provider or such other person, as the case may be, and shall be treated as overpayments, recoverable from such provider or such other person, as the case may be, under applicable provisions of law. In each such case the Secretary shall notify such individual of the conditions under which indemnification is made and in the case of comparable situations arising thereafter with respect to such individual, he shall, by reason of such notice (or similar notices provided before the enactment of this section), be deemed to have knowledge that payment cannot be made for such items or services.
- (c) No payments shall be made under this title in any cases in which the provisions of paragraph (1) of subsection (a) are met, but both the individual to whom the items or services were furnished and the provider of service or other person, as the case may be, who furnished the items or services knew, or could reasonably have been expected to know, that payment could not be made for items or services under part A or part B by reason of section 1862(a) (1) or (a) (9).

¹ The last sentence of subsection (a) was added by sec. 145 of P.L. 97-248.

- (d) In any case arising under subsection (b) (but without regard to whether payments have been made by the individual to the provider or other person) or subsection (c), the provider or other person shall have the same rights that an individual has under section 1869(b) (when the determination is under part A) or section 1842(b)(3)(C) (when the determination is under part B) when the amount of benefit or payments is in controversy, except that such rights may, under prescribed regulations, be exercised by such provider or other person only after the Secretary determines that the individual will not exercise such rights under such sections.
- (e) Where payment for inpatient hospital services or extended care services may not be made under part A of this title on behalf of an individual entitled to benefits under such part solely because of an unintentional, inadvertent, or erroneous action with respect to the transfer of such individual from a hospital or skilled nursing facility that meets the requirements of section 1861 (e) or (j) by such a provider of services acting in good faith in accordance with the advice of a utilization review committee, quality control and peer review organization, or fiscal intermediary, or on the basis of a clearly erroneous administrative decision by a provider of services, the Secretary shall take such action with respect to the payment of such benefits as he determines may be necessary to correct the effects of such unintentional, inadvertent, or erroneous action.

¹ Subsec. (e) was added by sec. 956 of P.L. 96-499 and amended by sec. 148(e) of P.L. 97-248.

Indian Health Service Facilities

Sec. 1880. (a) A hospital or skilled nursing facility of the Indian Health Service, whether operated by such Service or by an Indian tribe or tribal organization (as those terms are defined in section 4 of the Indian Health Care Improvement Act), shall be eligible for payments under this title, notwithstanding sections 1814(c) and 1835(d), if and for so long as it meets all of the conditions and requirements for such payments which are applicable generally to hospitals or skilled nursing facilities (as the case may be) under this title.

- (b) Notwithstanding subsection (a), a hospital or skilled nursing facility of the Indian Health Service which does not meet all of the conditions and requirements of this title which are applicable generally to hospitals or skilled nursing facilities (as the case may be), but which submits to the Secretary within six months after the date of the enactment of this section an acceptable plan for achieving compliance with such conditions and requirements, shall be deemed to meet such conditions and requirements (and to be eligible for payments under this title), without regard to the extent of its actual compliance with such conditions and requirements, during the first 12 months after the month in which such plan is submitted.
- (c) Notwithstanding any other provision of this title, payments to which any hospital or skilled nursing facility of the Indian Health Service is entitled by reason of this section shall be placed in a special fund to be held by the Secretary and used by him (to such extent or in such amounts as are provided in appropriation Acts) exclusively for the purpose of making any improvements in the hospitals and skilled nursing facilities of such Service which may be necessary to achieve compliance with the applicable conditions and requirements of this title. The preceding sentence shall cease to apply when the Secretary determines and certifies that substantially all of the hospitals and skilled nursing facilities of such Service in the United States are in compliance with such conditions and requirements.
- (d) The annual report of the Secretary which is required by section 701 of the Indian Health Care Improvement Act shall include (along with the matters specified in section 403 of such Act) a detailed statement of the status of the hospitals and skilled nursing facilities of the Service in terms of their compliance with the applicable conditions and requirements of this title and of the progress being made by such hospitals and facilities (under plans submitted under subsection (b) and otherwise) toward the achievement of such compliance.¹

¹ Section 1880 was added by section 401(b) of P.L. 94-487 subject to the limitation in section 401(c)-401(d) of that act. These provisions are printed in this document on page 758.

Medicare Coverage For End Stage Renal Disease Patients¹

Sec. 1881. (a) The benefits provided by parts A and B of this title shall include benefits for individuals who have been determined to have end-stage renal disease as provided in section 226A, and benefits for kidney donors as provided in subsection (d) of this section. Notwithstanding any other provision of this title, the type, duration, and scope of the benefit provided by parts A and B with respect to individuals who have been determined to have end-stage renal disease and who are entitled to such benefits without regard to section 226A shall in no case be less than the type, duration, and scope of the benefits so provided for individuals entitled to such benefits solely by reason of that section.

- (b) (1) Payments under this title with respect to services, in addition to services for which payment would otherwise be made under this title, furnished to individuals who have been determined to have end-stage renal disease shall include (A) payments on behalf of such individuals to providers of services and renal dialysis facilities which meet such requirements as the Secretary shall by regulation prescribe for institutional dialysis services and supplies (including self-dialysis services in a self-care dialysis unit maintained by the provider or facility), transplantation services, self-care home dialysis support services which are furnished by the provider or facility, and routine professional services performed by a physician during a maintenance dialysis episode if payments for his other professional services furnished to an individual who has end-stage renal disease are made on the basis specified in paragraph (3)(A) of this subsection, and (B) payments to or on behalf of such individuals for home dialysis supplies and equipment. The requirements prescribed by the Secretary under subparagraph (A) shall include requirements for a minimum utilization rate for covered procedures and for self-dialysis training programs.
- (2) (A) With respect to payments for dialysis services furnished by providers of services and renal dialysis facilities to individuals determined to have end-stage renal disease for which payments may be made under part B of this title, such payments (unless otherwise provided in this section) shall be equal to 80 percent of the amounts determined in accordance with subparagraph (B); and with respect to payments for services for which payments may be made under part A of this title, the amounts of such payments (which amounts shall not exceed, in respect to costs in procuring organs attributable to payments made to an organ procurement agency or histocompatibility laboratory, the costs incurred by that agency or laboratory) shall be determined in accordance with section 1861(v). Payments shall be made to a renal dialysis facility only it if agrees to accept such pay-

¹ Sec. 1881 was added by sec. 2 of P.L. 95-292.

ments as payment in full for covered services, except for payment by the individual of 20 percent of the estimated amounts for such services calculated on the basis established by the Secretary under subparagraph (B) and the deductible amount imposed by section 1833(b).

(B) The Secretary shall prescribe in regulations any methods and procedures to (i) determine the costs incurred by providers of services and renal dialysis facilities in furnishing covered services to individuals determined to have end-stage renal disease, and (ii) determine, on a cost-related basis or other economical and equitable basis (including any basis authorized under section 1861(v)) and consistent with any regulations promulgated under paragraph (7), the amounts of payments to be made for part B services furnished by such providers and facilities to such individuals.

(C) Such regulations, in the case of services furnished by proprietary providers and facilities may include, if the Secretary finds it feasible and appropriate, provision for recognition of a reasonable rate of return on equity capital, providing such rate of return does not exceed the rate of return stipulated in section 1861(v)(1)(B).

(D) For purposes of section 1878, a renal dialysis facility shall be

treated as a provider of services.

(3) With respect to payments for physicians' services furnished to individuals determined to have end-stage renal disease, the Secretary shall pay 80 percent of the amounts calculated for such services—

(A) on a reasonable charge basis (but may, in such case, make payment on the basis of the prevailing charges of other physicians for comparable services) except that payment may not be made under this subparagraph for routine services furnished during a maintenance dialysis episode, or

(B) on a comprehensive monthly fee or other basis (which effectively encourages the efficient delivery of dialysis services and provides incentives for the increased use of home dialysis) for an aggregate of services provided over a period of time (as defined

in regulations).

(4) Pursuant to agreements with approved providers of services and renal dialysis facilities, the Secretary may make payments to such providers and facilities for the cost of home dialysis supplies and equipment and self-care home dialysis support services furnished to patients whose self-care home dialysis is under the direct supervision of such provider or facility, on the basis of a target reimbursement rate (as defined in paragraph (6)) or on the basis of a method established under paragraph (7).

(5) An agreement under paragraph (4) shall require, in accordance with regulations prescribed by the Secretary, that the provider

or facility will-

(A) assume full responsibility for directly obtaining or arranging for the provision of—

(i) such medically necessary dialysis equipment as is pre-

scribed by the attending physician;

(ii) dialysis equipment maintenance and repair services;

(iii) the purchase and delivery of all necessary medical supplies; and

(iv) where necessary, the services of trained home dialysis

ides:

(B) perform all such administrative functions and maintain such information and records as the Secretary may require to verify the transactions and arrangements described in subparagraph (A);

(C) submit such cost reports, data, and information as the Secretary may require with respect to the costs incurred for equipment, supplies, and services furnished to the facility's home dial-

ysis patient population; and

(D) provide for full access for the Secretary to all such records, data, and information as he may require to perform his functions under this section.

- (6) The Secretary shall establish, for each calendar year, commencing with January 1, 1979, a target reimbursement rate for home dialysis which shall be adjusted for regional variations in the cost of providing home dialysis. In establishing such a rate, the Secretary shall include—
 - (A) the Secretary's estimate of the cost of providing medically necessary home dialysis supplies and equipment;
 - (B) an allowance, in an amount determined by the Secretary, to cover the cost of providing personnel to aid in home dialysis; and

(C) an allowance, in an amount determined by the Secretary, to cover administrative costs and to provide an incentive for the efficient delivery of home dialysis;

but in no event (except as may be provided in regulations under paragraph (7)) shall such target rate exceed 75 percent of the national dialysis services furnished in approved providers and facilities during the preceding fiscal year. Any such target rate so established shall be utilized, without renegotiation of the rate, throughout the calendar year for which it is established. During the last quarter of each calendar year, the Secretary shall establish a home dialysis target reimbursement rate for the next calendar year based on the most recent data available to the Secretary at the time. In establishing any rate under this paragraph, the Secretary may utilize a competitive-bid procedure, a prenegotiated rate procedure, or any other procedure

(including methods established under paragraph (7)) which the Secretary determines is appropriate and feasible in order to carry out this

paragraph in an effective and efficient manner.

- (7) The Secretary shall provide by regulation for a method (or methods) for determining prospectively the amounts of payments to be made for dialysis services furnished by providers of services and renal dialysis facilities to individuals in a facility and to such individuals at home. Such method (or methods) shall provide for the prospective determination of a rate (or rates) for each mode of care based on a single composite weighted formula (which takes into account the mix of patients who receive dialysis services at a facility or at home and the relative costs of providing such services in such settings) for hospital-based facilities and such a single composite weighted formula for other renal dialysis facilities, or based on such other method or combination of methods which differentiate between hospital-based facilities and other renal dialysis facilities and which the Secretary determines, after detailed analysis, will more effectively encourage the more efficient delivery of dialysis services and will provide greater incentives for increased use of home dialysis than through the single composite weighted formulas. The Secretary shall provide for such exceptions to such methods as may be warranted by unusual circumstances (including the special circumstances of sole facilities located in isolated, rural areas). The Secretary may provide that such method will serve in lieu of any target reimbursement rate that would otherwise be established under paragraph (6).
- (8) For purposes of this title, the term "home dialysis supplies and equipment" means medically necessary supplies and equipment (including supportive equipment) required by an individual suffering from end-stage renal disease in connection with renal dialysis carried out in his home (as defined in regulations), including obtaining, installing, and maintaining such equipment.

(9) For purposes of this title, the term "self-care home dialysis support services," to the extent permitted in regulation, means—

- (A) periodic monitoring of the patient's home adaptation, including visits by qualified provider or facility personnel (as defined in regulations), so long as this is done in accordance with a plan prepared and periodically reviewed by a professional team (as defined in regulations) including the individual's physician;
 - (B) installation and maintenance of dialysis equipment;
 - (C) testing and appropriate treatment of the water; and
- (D) such additional supportive services as the Secretary finds appropriate and desirable.
- (10) For purposes of this title, the term "self-care dialysis unit" means a renal dialysis facility or a distinct part of such facility or of

a provider of services, which has been approved by the Secretary to make self-dialysis services, as defined by the Secretary in regulations, available to individuals who have been trained for self-dialysis. A self-care dialysis unit must, at a minimum, furnish the services, equipment and supplies needed for self-care dialysis, have patient-staff ratios which are appropriate to self-dialysis (allowing for such appropriate lesser degree of ongoing medical supervision and assistance of ancillary personnel than is required for full care maintenance dialysis), and meet such other requirements as the Secretary may prescribe with respect to the quality and cost-effectiveness of services.¹

(c) (1) (A) For the purpose of assuring effective and efficient administration of the benefits provided under this section, the Secretary shall establish, in accordance with such criteria as he finds appropriate, renal disease network areas, such network organizations (including a coordinating council, an executive committee of such council, and a medical review board, for each network area) as he finds necessary to accomplish such purpose, and a national end stage renal disease medical information system. The Secretary may by regulations provide for such coordination of network planning and quality assurance activities and such exchange of data and information among agencies with responsibilities for health planning and quality assurance activities under Federal law as is consistent with the economical and efficient

¹ Subsec. (b) was amended by sec. 2145(a) of P.L. 97-35.

administration of this section and with the responsibilities established for network organizations under this section.

- (B) At least one patient representative shall serve as a member of each coordinating council and executive committee.
- (C) The Secretary shall, in regulations, prescribe requirements with respect to membership in network organizations by individuals (and the relatives of such individuals) (i) who have an ownership or control interest in a facility or provider which furnishes services referred to in section 1861(s) (2) (F), or (ii) who have received remuneration from any such facility or provider in excess of such amounts as constitute reasonable compensation for services (including time and effort relative to the provision of professional medical services) or goods supplied to such facility or provider; and such requirements shall provide for the definition, disclosure, and, to the maximum extent consistent with effective administration, prevention of potential or actual financial or professional conflicts of interest with respect to decisions concerning the appropriateness, nature, or site of patient care.
- (2) The network organizations of each network shall be responsible, in addition to such other duties and functions as may be prescribed by the Secretary, for—
 - (A) encouraging, consistent with sound medical practice, the use of those treatment settings most compatible with the successful rehabilitation of the patient;
 - (B) developing criteria and standards relating to the quality and appropriateness of patient care; and network goals with respect to the placement of patients in self-care settings and undergoing or preparing for transplantation;
 - (C) evaluating the procedure by which facilities and providers in the network assess the appropriateness of patients for proposed treatment modalities:
 - (D) identifying facilities and providers that are not cooperating toward meeting network goals and assisting such facilities and providers in developing appropriate plans for correction; and
 - (E) submitting an annual report to the Secretary on July 1 of each year which shall include a full statement of the network's goals, data on the network's performance in meeting its goals (including data on the comparative performance of facilities and providers with respect to the identification and placement of suitable candidates in self-care settings and transplantation), identification of those facilities that have consistently failed to cooperate with network goals, and recommendations with respect to the need for additional or alternative services or facilities in the network in order to meet the network goals, including self-dialysis training, transplantation, and organ procurement facilities.

- (3) Where the Secretary determines, on the basis of the data contained in the network's annual report and such other relevant data as may be available to him, that a facility or provider has consistently failed to cooperate with network plans and goals, he may terminate or withhold certification of such facility or provider (for purposes of payment for services furnished to individuals with end stage renal disease) until he determines that such provider or facility is making reasonable and appropriate efforts to cooperate with the network's plans and goals.
- (4) The Secretary shall, in determining whether to certify additional facilities or expansion of existing facilities within a network, take into account the network's goals and performance as reflected in the network's annual report.
- (5) The Secretary, after consultation with appropriate professional and planning organizations, shall provide such guidelines with respect to the planning and delivery of renal disease services as are necessary to assist network organizations in their development of their respective networks' goals to promote the optimum use of self-dialysis and transplantation by suitable candidates for such modalities.
- (6) It is the intent of the Congress that the maximum practical number of patients who are medically, socially, and psychologically suitable candidates for home dialysis or transplantation should be so treated. The Secretary shall consult with appropriate professional and network organizations and consider available evidence relating to developments in research, treatment methods, and technology for home dialysis and transplantation. The Secretary shall periodically submit to the Congress such legislative recommendations as the Secretary finds warranted on the basis of such consultation and evidence to further the national objective of maximizing the use of home dialysis and transplantation consistent with good medical practice.
- (d) Notwithstanding any provision to the contrary in section 226 any individual who donates a kidney for transplant surgery shall be entitled to benefits under parts A and B of this title with respect to such donation. Reimbursement for the reasonable expenses incurred by such an individual with respect to a kidney donation shall be made (without regard to the deductible, premium, and coinsurance provisions of this title), in such manner as may be prescribed by the Secretary in regulations, for all reasonable preparatory, operation, and postoperation recovery expenses associated with such donation, including but not limited to the expenses for which payment could be made if he were an eligible individual for purposes of parts A and B of this title without regard to this subsection. Payments for postoperation recovery expenses shall be limited to the actual period of recovery.

- (e) (1) Notwithstanding any other provision of this title, the Secretary may, pursuant to agreements with approved providers of services, renal dialysis facilities, and nonprofit entities which the Secretary finds can furnish equipment economically and efficiently, reimburse such providers, facilities and nonprofit entities (without regard to the deductible and coinsurance provisions of this title) for the reasonable cost of the purchase, installation, maintenance and reconditioning for subsequent use of artificial kidney and automated dialysis peritoneal machines (including supportive equipment) which are to be used exclusively by entitled individuals dialyzing at home.
- (2) An agreement under this subsection shall require that the provider or facility, or other entity will—
 - (A) make the equipment available for use only by entitled individuals dialyzing at home;
 - (B) recondition the equipment, as needed, for reuse by such individuals throughout the useful life of the equipment, including modification of the equipment consistent with advances in research and technology;
 - (C) provide for full access for the Secretary to all records and information relating to the purchase, maintenance, and use of the equipment; and
 - (D) submit such reports, data, and information as the Secretary may require with respect to the cost, management, and use of the equipment.
- (3) For purposes of this section, the term "supportive equipment" includes blood pumps, heparin pumps, bubble detectors, other alarm systems, and such other items as the Secretary may determine are medically necessary.
- (f) (1) The Secretary shall initiate and carry out, at selected locations in the United States, pilot projects under which financial assistance in the purchase of new or used durable medical equipment for renal dialysis is provided to individuals suffering from end stage renal disease at the time home dialysis is begun, with provision for a trial period to assure successful adaptation to home dialysis before the actual purchase of such equipment.
- (2) The Secretary shall conduct experiments to evaluate methods for reducing the costs of the end stage renal disease program. Such experiments shall include (without being limited to) reimbursement for nurses and dialysis technicians to assist with home dialysis, and reimbursement to family members assisting with home dialysis.
- (3) The Secretary shall conduct experiments to evaluate methods of dietary control for reducing the costs of the end stage renal disease program, including (without being limited to) the use of protein-controlled products to delay the necessity for, or reduce the frequency of, dialysis in the treatment of end stage renal disease.

¹ Subsec. (e) was amended by sec. 957(a) of P.L. 96-499.

- (4) The Secretary shall conduct a comprehensive study of methods for increasing public participation in kidney donation and other organ donation programs.
- (5) The Secretary shall conduct a full and complete study of the reimbursement of physicians for services furnished to patients with end stage renal disease under this title, giving particular attention to the range of payments to physicians for such services, the average amounts of such payments, and the number of hours devoted to furnishing such services to patients at home, in renal disease facilities, in hospitals, and elsewhere.
- (6) The Secretary shall conduct a study of the number of patients with end stage renal disease who are not eligible for benefits with respect to such disease under this title (by reason of this section or otherwise), and of the economic impact of such noneligibility of such individuals. Such study shall include consideration of mechanisms whereby governmental and other health plans might be instituted or modified to permit the purchase of actuarially sound coverage for the costs of end stage renal disease.
- (7) The Secretary shall conduct a study of the medical appropriateness and safety of cleaning and reusing dialysis filters by home dialysis patients. In such cases in which the Secretary determines that such home cleaning and reuse of filters is a medically sound procedure, the Secretary shall conduct experiments to evaluate such home cleaning and reuse as a method of reducing the cost of the end stage renal disease program.
- (8) The Secretary shall submit to the Congress no later than October 1, 1979, a full report on the experiments conducted under paragraphs (1), (2), (3), and (7), and the studies under paragraphs (4), (5), (6), and (7). Such report shall include any recommendations for legislative changes which the Secretary finds necessary or desirable as a result of such experiments and studies.
- (g) The Secretary shall submit to the Congress on July 1, 1979, and July 1 of each year thereafter a report on the end stage renal disease program, including but not limited to—
 - (1) the number of patients, nationally and by renal disease network, on dialysis (self-dialysis or otherwise) at home and in facilities:
 - (2) the number of new patients entering dialysis at home and in facilities during the year;
 - (8) the number of facilities providing dialysis and the utilization rates of those facilities;
 - (4) the number of kidney transplants, by source of donor organ;
 - (5) the number of patients awaiting organs for transplant;
 - (6) the number of transplant failures;

- (7) the range of costs of kidney acquisitions, by type of facility and by region;
- (8) the number of facilities providing transplants and the number of transplants performed per facilitity;
 - (9) patient mortality and morbidity rates;
- (10) the average annual cost of hospitalization for ancillary problems in dialysis and transplant patients, and drug costs for transplant patients;
- (11) medicare payment rates for dialysis, transplant procedures, and physician services, along with any changes in such rates during the year and the reasons for those changes;
 - (12) the results of cost-saving experiments;
- (13) the results of basic kidney disease research conducted by the Federal Government, private institutions, and foreign governments.
- (14) information on the activities of medical review boards and other networks organizations; and
 - (15) estimated program costs over the next five years.1

Voluntary Certification of Medicare Supplemental Health Insurance Policies²

Sec. 1882. (a) The Secretary shall establish a procedure whereby medicare supplemental policies (as defined in subsection (g) (1)) may be certified by the Secretary as meeting minimum standards and requirements set forth in subsection (c). Such procedure shall provide an opportunity for any insurer to submit any such policy, and such additional data as the Secretary finds necessary, to the Secretary for his examination and for his certification thereof as meeting the standards and requirements set forth in subsection (c). Such certification shall remain in effect if the insurer files a notarized statement with the Secretary no later than June 30 of each year stating that the policy continues to meet such standards and requirements and if the insurer submits such additional data as the Secretary finds necessary to independently verify the accuracy of such notarized statement. Where the Secretary determines such a policy meets (or continues to meet) such standards and requirements, he shall authorize the insurer to have printed on such policy (but only in accordance with such requirements and conditions as the Secretary may prescribe) an emblem which the Secretary shall cause to be designed for use as an indication that a policy has received the Secretary's certification. The Secretary shall provide each State commissioner or superintendent of insurance with a list of all the policies which have received his certification.

(b) (1) Any medicare supplemental policy issued in any State

¹ Subsec. (e) was amended by sec. 957(b) of P.L. 96-499.

² Sec. 1882 was added by sec. 507 of P.L. 96-265.

which the Supplemental Health Insurance Panel (established under paragraph (2)) determines has established under State law a regulatory program that—

- (A) provides for the application of standards with respect to such policies equal to or more stringent than the NAIC Model Standards (as defined in subsection (g)(2)(A));
- (B) includes a requirement equal to or more stringent than the requirement described in subsection (c) (2); and
- (C) provides for application of the standards and requirements described in subparagraphs (A) and (B) to all medicare supplemental policies (as defined in subsection (g)(1)) issued in such State.

shall be deemed (for so long as the Panel finds that such State regulatory program continues to meet the standards and requirements of this paragraph) to meet the standards and requirements set forth in subsection (c).

- (2) (A) There is hereby established a panel (hereinafter in this section referred to as the "Panel") to be known as the Supplemental Health Insurance Panel. The Panel shall consist of the Secretary, who shall serve as the Chairman, and four State commissioners or superintendents of insurance, who shall be appointed by the President and serve at his pleasure. Such members shall first be appointed not later than December 31, 1980.
- (B) A majority of the members of the Panel shall constitute a quorum, but a lesser number may conduct hearings.
- (C) The Secretary shall provide such technical, secretarial, clerical, and other assistance as the Panel may require.
- (D) There are authorized to be appropriated such sums as may be necessary to carry out this paragraph.
- (E) Members of the Panel shall be allowed, while away from their homes or regular places of business in the performance of services for the Panel, travel expenses (including per diem in lieu of subsistence) in the same manner as persons employed intermittently in the Government service are allowed expenses under section 5703 of title 5, United States Code.
- (c) The Secretary shall certify under this section any medicare supplemental policy, or continue certification of such a policy, only if he finds that such policy—
 - (1) meets or exceeds (either in a single policy or, in the case of nonprofit hospital and medical service associations, in one or more policies issued in conjunction with one another) the NAIC Model Standards; and
 - (2) can be expected (as estimated for the entire period for which rates are computed to provide coverage, on the basis of incurred claims experience and earned premiums for such period

and in accordance with accepted actuarial principles and practices) to return to policyholders in the form of aggregate benefits provided under the policy, at least 75 percent of the aggregate amount of premiums collected in the case of group policies and at least 60 percent of the aggregate amount of premiums collected in the case of individual policies.

For purposes of paragraph (2), policies issued as a result of solicitations of individuals through the mails or by mass media advertising (including both print and broadcast advertising) shall be deemed to be individual policies.

- (d) (1) Whoever knowingly or willfully makes or causes to be made or induces or seeks to induce the making of any false statement or representation of a material fact with respect to the compliance of any policy with the standards and requirements set forth in subsection (c) or in regulations promulgated pursuant to such subsection, or with respect to the use of the emblem designed by the Secretary under subsection (a), shall be guilty of a felony and upon conviction thereof shall be fined not more than \$25,000 or imprisoned for not more than 5 years, or both.
- (2) Whoever falsely assumes or pretends to be acting, or misrepresents in any way that he is acting, under the authority of or in association with, the program of health insurance established by this title, or any Federal agency, for the purpose of selling or attempting to sell insurance, or in such pretended character demands, or obtains money, paper, documents, or anything of value, shall be guilty of a felony and upon conviction thereof shall be fined not more than \$25,000 or imprisoned for not more than 5 years, or both.
- (3) (A) Whoever knowingly sells a health insurance policy to an individual entitled to benefits under part A or enrolled under part B of this title, with knowledge that such policy substantially duplicates health benefits to which such individual is otherwise entitled, other than benefits to which he is entitled under a requirement of State or Federal law (other than this title), shall be guilty of a felony and upon conviction thereof shall be fined not more than \$25,000 or imprisoned for not more than 5 years, or both.
- (B) For purposes of this paragraph, benefits which are payable to or on behalf of an individual without regard to other health benefit coverage of such individual, shall not be considered as duplicative.
- (C) Subparagraph (A) shall not apply with respect to the selling of a group policy or plan of one or more employers or labor organizations, or of the trustees of a fund established by one or more employers or labor organizations (or combination thereof), for employees or former employees (or combination thereof) or for members or former members (or combination thereof) of the labor organizations.
- (4) (A) Whoever knowingly, directly or through his agent, mails or causes to be mailed any matter for a prohibited purpose (as deter-

mined under subparagraph (B)) shall be guilty of a felony and upon conviction thereof shall be fined not more than \$25,000 or imprisoned for not more than 5 years, or both.

- (B) For purposes of subparagraph (A), a prohibited purpose means the advertising, solicitation, or offer for sale of a medicare supplemental policy, or the delivery of such a policy, in or into any State in which such policy has not been approved by the State commissioner or superintendent of insurance. For purposes of this paragraph, a medicare supplemental policy shall be deemed to be approved by the commissioner or superintendent of insurance of a State if—
 - (i) the policy has been certified by the Secretary pursuant to subsection (c) or was issued in a State with an approved regulatory program (as defined in subsection (g)(2)(B));
 - (ii) the policy has been approved by the commissioners or superintendents of insurance in States in which more than 30 percent of such policies are sold; or
 - (iii) the State has in effect a law which the commissioner or superintendent of insurance of the State has determined gives him the authority to review, and to approve, or effectively bar from sale in the State, such policy;

except that such a policy shall not be deemed to be approved by a State commissioner or superintendent of insurance if the State notifies the Secretary that such policy has been submitted for approval to the State and has been specifically disapproved by such State after providing appropriate notice and opportunity for hearing pursuant to the procedures (if any) of the State.

- (C) Subparagraph (A) shall not apply in the case of a person who mails or causes to be mailed a medicare supplemental policy into a State if such person has ascertained that the party insured under such policy to whom (or on whose behalf) such policy is mailed is located in such State on a temporary basis.
- (D) Subparagraph (A) shall not apply in the case of a person who mails or causes to be mailed a duplicate copy of a medicare supplemental policy previously issued to the party to whom (or on whose behalf) such duplicate copy is mailed, if such policy expires not more than 12 months after the date on which the duplicate copy is mailed.¹
- (e) The Secretary shall provide to all individuals entitled to benefits under this title (and, to the extent feasible, to individuals about to become so entitled) such information as will permit such individuals to evaluate the value of medicare supplemental policies to them and the relationship of any such policies to benefits provided under this title.
- (f)(1)(A) The Secretary shall, in consultation with Federal and State regulatory agencies, the National Association of Insurance Com-

¹ Par. (4) of sec. 1882(d) becomes effective on July 1, 1982 under sec. 507(b), of P.L. 96-265.

missioners, private insurers, and organizations representing consumers and the aged, conduct a comprehensive study and evaluation of the comparative effectiveness of various State approaches to the regulation of medicare supplemental policies in (i) limiting marketing and agent abuse (ii) assuring the dissemination of such information to individuals entitled to benefits under this title (and to other consumers) as is necessary to permit informed choice, (iii) promoting policies which provide reasonable economic benefits for such individuals, (iv) reducing the purchase of unnecessary duplicative coverage, (v) improving price competition, and (vi) establishing effective approved State regulatory programs described in subsection (b).

- (B) Such study shall also address the need for standards or certification of health insurance policies, other than medicare supplemental policies, sold to individuals eligible for benefits under this title.
- (C) The Secretary shall, no later than January 1, 1982, submit a report to the Congress on the results of such study and evaluation, accompanied by such recommendations as the Secretary finds warranted by such results with respect to the need for legislative or administrative changes to accomplish the objectives set forth in subparagraphs (A) and (B), including the need for a mandatory Federal regulatory program to assure the marketing of appropriate types of medicare supplemental policies, and such other means as he finds may be appropriate to enhance effective State regulation of such policies.
- (2) The Secretary shall submit to the Congress no later than July 1, 1982, and periodically as may be appropriate thereafter (but not less often than once every 2 years), a report evaluating the effectiveness of the certification procedure and the criminal penalties established under this section, and shall include in such reports an analysis of—
 - (A) the impact of such procedure and penalties on the types, market share, value, and cost to individuals entitled to benefits under this title of medicare supplemental policies which have been certified by the Secretary;
 - (B) the need for any change in the certification procedure to improve its administration or effectiveness; and
 - (C) whether the certification program and criminal penalties should be continued.
- (g) (1) For purposes of this section, a medicare supplemental policy is a health insurance policy or other health benefit plan offered by a private entity to individuals who are entitled to have payment made under this title, which provides reimbursement for expenses incurred for services and items for which payment may be made under this title but which are not reimbursable by reason of the applicability of deductibles, coinsurance amounts, or other limitations imposed pursuant to this title; but does not include any such policy or plan of one or more employers or labor organizations, or of the trustees of a fund

established by one or more employers or labor organizations (or combination thereof), for employees or former employees (or combination thereof) or for members or former members (or combination thereof) of the labor organizations. For purposes of this section, the term "policy" includes a certificate issued under such policy.

(2) For purposes of this section:

- (A) The term "NAIC Model Standards" means the "NAIC Model Regulation to Implement the Individual Accident and Sickness Insurance Minimum Standards Act", adopted by the National Association of Insurance Commissioners on June 6, 1979, as it applies to medicare supplement policies.
- (B) The term "State with an approved regulatory program" means a State for which the Panel has made a determination under subsection (b) (1).
 - (C) The State in which a policy is issued means—
 - (i) in the case of an individual policy, the State in which the policyholder resides; and
 - (ii) in the case of a group policy, the State in which the holder of the master policy resides.
- (h) The Secretary shall prescribe such regulations as may be necessary for the effective, efficient, and equitable administration of the certification procedure established under this section. The Secretary shall first issue final regulations to implement the certification procedure established under subsection (a) not later than March 1, 1981.
- (i) (1) No medicare supplemental policy shall be certified and no such policy may be issued bearing the emblem authorized by the Secretary under subsection (a) until July 1, 1982. On and after such date policies certified by the Secretary may bear such emblem, including policies which were issued prior to such date and were subsequently certified, and insurers may notify holders of such certified policies issued prior to such date using such emblem in the notification.
- (2) (A) The Secretary shall not implement the certification program established under subsection (a) with respect to policies issued in a State unless the Panel makes a finding that such State cannot be expected to have established, by July 1, 1982, an approved State regulatory program meeting the standards and requirements of subsection (b) (1). If the Panel makes such a finding, the Secretary shall implement such program under subsection (a) with respect to medicare supplemental policies issued in such State, until such time as the Panel determines that such State has a program that meets the standards and requirements of subsection (b) (1).
- (B) Any finding by the Panel under subparagraph (A) shall be transmitted in writing, not later than January 1, 1982, to the Committee on Finance of the Senate and to the Committee on Interstate and Foreign Commerce and the Committee on Ways and Means of

the House of Representatives and shall not become effective until 60 days after the date of its transmittal to the Committees of the Congress under this subparagraph. In counting such days, days on which either House is not in session because of an adjournment sine die or an adjournment of more than three days to a day certain are excluded in the computation.

(j) Nothing in this section shall be construed so as to affect the right of any State to regulate medicare supplemental policies which, under the provisions of this section, are considered to be issued in another State.

Hospital Providers of Extended Care Services

- Sec. 1883. (a) (1) Any hospital (other than a hospital which has in effect a waiver under subparagraph (A) of the last sentence of section 1861(e)) which has an agreement under section 1866 may (subject to subsection (b)) enter into an agreement with the Secretary under which its inpatient hospital facilites may be used for the furnishing of services of the type which, if furnished by a skilled nursing facility, would constitute extended care services.
- (2) (A) Notwithstanding any other provision of this title, payment to any hospital for services furnished under an agreement entered into under this section shall be based upon the reasonable cost of the services as determined under subparagraph (B).
- (B)(i) The reasonable cost of the services consists of the reasonable cost of routine services (determined under clause (ii)) and the reasonable cost of ancillary services, (determined under clause (iii)).
- (ii) The reasonable cost of routine services furnished during any calendar year by a hospital under an agreement under this section is equal to the product of—
 - (I) the number of patient-days during the year for which the services were furnished, and
 - (II) the average reasonable cost per patient-day, such average reasonable cost per patient-day being the average rate per patient-day paid for routine services during the previous calendar year under the State plan (of the State in which the hospital is located) under title XIX to skilled nursing facilities located in the State and which meet the requirements specified in section 1902(a)(28), or, in the case of a hospital located in a State which does not have such a State plan, the average rate per patient-day paid for routine services during the previous calendar year under this title to skilled nursing facilities in such State.
- (iii) The reasonable cost of ancillary services shall be determined in the same manner as the reasonable cost of ancillary services provided for inpatient hospital services.

- (b) The Secretary may not enter into an agreement under this section with any hospital unless—
 - (1) except as provided under subsection (g), the hospital is located in a rural area and has less than 50 beds, and
 - (2) the hospital has been granted a certificate of need for the provision of long-term care services from the State health planning and development agency (designated under section 1521 of the Public Health Service Act) for the State in which the hospital is located.
- (c) An agreement with a hospital under this section shall, except as otherwise provided under regulations of the Secretary, be of the same duration and subject to termination on the same conditions as are agreements with skilled nursing facilities under section 1866 and shall, where not inconsistent with any provision of this section, impose the same duties, responsibilities, conditions, and limitations, as those imposed under such agreements entered into under section 1866; except that no such agreement with any hospital shall be in effect for any period during which the hospital does not have in effect for the hospital a waiver under subparagraph (A) of the last sentence of section 1861(e). A hospital with respect to which an agreement under this section has been terminated shall not be eligible to enter into a new agreement until a two-year period has elapsed from the termination date.
- (d) Any agreeemnt with a hospital under this section shall provide that payment for services will be made only for services for which payment would be made as post-hospital extended care services if those services had been furnished by a skilled nursing facility under an agreement entered into under section 1866; and any individual who is furnished services, for which payment may be made under an agreement under this section, shall, for purposes of this title (other than this section), be deemed to have received post-hospital extended care services in like manner and to the same extent as if the services furnished to him had been post-hospital extended care services furnished by a skilled nursing facility under an agreement under section 1866.
- (e) During a period for which a hospital has in effect an agreement under this section, in order to allocate routine costs between hospital and long-term care services for purposes of determining payment for inpatient hospital services, the total reimbursement due for routine services from all classes of long-term care patients (including title XVIII, title XIX, and private pay patients) shall be subtracted from the hospital's total routine costs before calculations are made to determine title XVIII reimbursement for routine hospital services.

- (f) A hospital which enters into an agreement with the Secretary under this section shall be required to meet those conditions applicable to skilled nursing facilities relating to discharge planning and the social services function (and staffing requirements to satisfy it) which are promulgated by the Secretary under section 1861(j)(15). Services furnished by such a hospital which would otherwise constitute post-hospital extended care services if furnished by a skilled nursing facility shall be subject to the same requirements applicable to such services when furnished by a skilled nursing facility except for those requirements the Secretary determines are inappropriate in the case of these services being furnished by a hospital under this section.
- (g) The Secretary may enter into an agreement under this section on a demonstration basis with any hospital which does not meet the requirement of subsection (b) (1). if the hospital otherwise meets the requirements of this section.¹

Payments To Promote Closing and Conversions of Underutilized Hospital Facilities ²

- Sec. 1884. (a) Any hospital may file an application with the Secretary (in such form and including such data and information as the Secretary may require) for establishment of a transitional allowance under this title with respect to the closing or conversion of an underutilized hospital facility. The Secretary also may establish procedures, consistent with this section, by which a hospital, before undergoing an actual closure or conversion of a hospital facility, can have a determination made as to whether or not it will be eligible for a transitional allowance under this section with respect to such closure or conversion.
- (b) If the Secretary finds, after consideration of an application under subsection (a), that—
 - (1) the hospital's closure or conversion—
 - (A) is formally initiated after September 30, 1981,
 - (B) is expected to benefit the program under this title by (i) eliminating excess bed capacity, (ii) discontinuing an underutilized service for which there are adequate alternative sources, or (iii) substituting for the underutilized service some other service which is needed in the area, and
 - (C) is consistent with the findings of an appropriate health planning agency and with any applicable State program for reduction in the number of hospital beds in the State, and
 - (2) in the case of a complete closure of a hospital—

¹ Sec. 1883 was added by sec. 904(a) of P.L. 96-499 effective upon the promulgation of final regulations no later than June 1, 1981. See sec. 904(c) in excerpts from P.L. 96-499 for evaluation requirement.

² Sec. 1884 was added by sec. 2101 of P.L. 97-35. See also sec. 2101(b) of P.L. 97-35 related to limitations on transitional allowances and to a report on this subsection.

- (A) the hospital is a private nonprofit hospital or a local governmental hospital, and
- (B) the closure is not for replacement of the hospital, the Secretary may include as an allowable cost in the hospital's reasonable cost (for the purpose of making payments to the hospital under this title) an amount (in this section referred to as a "transitional allowance), as provided in subsection (c).
- (c) (1) Each transitional allowance established shall be reasonably related to the prior or prospective use of the facility involved under this title and shall recognize—
 - (A) in the case of a facility conversion or closure (other than a complete closure of a hospital—
 - (i) in the case of a private nonprofit or local governmental hospital, that portion of the hospital's costs attributable to capital assets of the facility which have been taken into account in determining reasonable cost for purposes of determining the amount of payment to the hospital under this title, and
 - (ii) in the case of any hospital, transitional operating cost increases related to the conversion or closure to the extent that such operating costs exceed amounts ordinarily reimbursable under this title; and
 - (B) in the case of complete closure of a hospital, the outstanding portion of actual debt obligations previously recognized as reasonable for purposes of reimbursement under this title, less any salvage value of the hospital.
- (2) A transitional allowance shall be for a period (not to exceed 20 years) specified by the Secretary, except that, in the case of a complete closure described in paragraph (1)(B), the Secretary may provide for a lump-sum allowance where the Secretary determines that such a one-time allowance is more efficient and economical.
- (3) A transitional allowance shall take effect on a date established by the Secretary, but not earlier than the date of completion of the closure or conversion concerned.
- (4) A transitional allowance shall not be considered in applying the limits to costs recognized as reasonable pursuant to the third sentence of subparagraph (A) and subparagraph (L) (i) of section 1861(v) (1) of this Act, or in determining whether the reasonable cost exceeds the customary charges for a service for purposes of determining the amount to be paid to a provider pursuant to sections 1814(b) and 1833(a) (2) of this Act.
- (d) A hospital dissatisfied with a determination of the Secretary on its application under this section may obtain an informal or formal hearing, at the discretion of the Secretary, by filing (in such form and

¹ Subsec. (d) was redesignated by sec. 128(a) (6) of P.L. 97-248.

within such time period as the Secretary establishes) a request for such a hearing. The Secretary shall make a final determination on such application within 30 days after the last day of such hearing.

Withholding of Payments for Certain Medicaid Providers 1

Sec. 1885. (a) The Secretary may adjust, in accordance with this section, payments under parts A and B to any institution which has in effect an agreement with the Secretary under section 1866, and any person who has accepted payment on the basis of an assignment under section 1842(b) (3) (B) (ii), where such institution or person—

(1) has (or previously had) in effect an agreement with a State agency to furnish medical care and services under a State plan

approved under title XIX, and

(2) from which (or from whom) such State agency (A) has been unable to recover overpayments made under the State plan, or (B) has been unable to collect the information necessary to enable it to determine the amount (if any) of the overpayments made to such institution or person under the State plan.

(b) The Secretary shall by regulation provide procedures for

implementation of this section, which procedures shall—

(1) assure that the authority under this section is exercised only on behalf of a State agency which demonstrates to the Secretary's satisfaction that it has provided adequate notice of a determination or of a need for information, and an opportunity to appeal such determination or to provide such information.

(2) determine the amount of the payment to which the institution or person would otherwise be entitled under this title which shall be treated as a setoff against overpayments under

title XIX, and

- (3) assure the restoration to the institution or person of amounts withheld under this section which are ultimately determined to be in excess of overpayments under title XIX and to which the institution or person would otherwise be entitled under this title.
- (c) Notwithstanding any other provision of this Act, from the trust funds established under sections 1817 and 1841, as appropriate, the Secretary shall pay to the appropriate State agency amounts recovered under this section to offset the State agency's overpayment under title XIX. Such payments shall be accounted for by the State agency as recoveries of overpayments under the State plan.

¹ Sec. 1885 was added by sec. 2104 of P.L. 97-85.

Payment to Hospitals for Inpatient Hospital Services 1

Sec. 1886. (a) (1) (A) (i). The Secretary, in determining the amount of the payments that may be made under this title with respect to operating costs of inpatient hospital services (as defined in paragraph (4)) shall not recognize as reasonable (in the efficient delivery of health services) costs for the provision of such services by a hospital for a cost reporting period to the extent such costs exceed the applicable percentage (as determined under clause (ii)) of the average of such costs for all hospitals in the same grouping as such hospital for comparable time periods.

(ii) For purposes of clause (i), the applicable percentage for

hospital cost reporting periods beginning-

(I) on or after October 1, 1982, and before October 1, 1983, is 120 percent:

(II) on or after October 1, 1983, and before October 1, 1984, is 115 percent; and

(III) on or after October 1, 1984, is 110 percent.

(B) (i) For purposes of subparagraph (A) the Secretary shall establish case mix indexes for all short-term hospitals, and shall set limits for each hospital based upon the general mix of types of medical cases with respect to which such hospital provides services for which payment may be made under this title.

(ii) The Secretary shall set such limits for a cost reporting period

of a hospital—

(I) by updating available data for a previous period to the immediate preceding cost reporting period by the estimated average rate of change of hospital costs industry-wide, and

(II) by projecting for the cost reporting period by the applicable percentage increase (as defined in subsection (b)(3)(B)).

(C) The limitation established under subparagraph (A) for any hospital shall in no event be lower than the allowable operating costs of inpatient hospital services (as defined in paragraph (4)) recognized under this title for such hospital for such hospital's last cost reporting period prior to the hospital's first cost reporting period for which this section is in effect.

(2) The Secretary shall provide for such exemptions from, and exceptions and adjustments to, the limitation established under paragraph (1)(A) as he deems appropriate, including those which he

deems necessary to take into account-

(A) the special needs of sole community hospitals, of new hospitals, of risk based health maintenance organizations, and of hospitals which provide atypical services or essential community services, and to take into account extraordinary circum-

¹ Sec. 1886 was added by secs. 101(a)(1) of P.L. 97-248 and amended by sec. 110 of P.L. 97-248.

stances beyond the hospital's control, medical and paramedical education costs, significantly fluctuating population in the service area of the hospital, and unusual labor costs,

- (B) the special needs of psychiatric hospitals and of public or other hospitals that serve a significantly disportionate number of patients who have low income or are entitled to benefits under part A of this title, and
- (C) a decrease in the inpatient hospital services that a hospital provides and that are customarily provided directly by similar hospitals which results in a significant distortion in the operating costs of inpatient hospital services.
- (3) The limitation established under paragraph (1)(A) shall not apply with respect to any hospital which—
 - (A) is located outside of a standard metropolitan statistical area, and
 - (B) (i) has less than 50 beds, and
 - (ii) was in operation and had less than 50 beds on the date of the enactment of this section.
- (4) For purposes of this section, the term "operating costs of inpatient hospital services" includes all routine operating costs, ancillary service operating costs, and special care unit operating costs with respect to inpatient hospital services and such costs are determined on an average per admission or per discharge basis (as determined by the Secretary).
- (b) (1) Notwithstanding sections 1814(b) but subject to the provisions of sections 1813, if the operating costs of inpatient hospital services (as defined in subsection (a) (4)) of a hospital for a cost reporting period subject to this paragraph—
 - (A) are less than or equal to the target amount (as defined in paragraph (3)) for that hospital for that period, the amount of the payment with respect to such operating costs payable under part A on a per discharge or per admission basis (as the case may be) shall be equal to the amount of such operating costs, plus—
 - (i) 50 percent of the amount by which the target amount exceeds the amount of the operating costs, or
 - (ii) 5 percent of the target amount, whichever is less; or
 - (B) are greater than the target amount, the amount of the payment with respect to such operating costs payable under part A on a per discharge or per admission basis (as the case may be) shall be equal to (i) the target amount, plus (ii) in the case of cost reporting periods beginning on or after October 1, 1982, and before October 1, 1984, 25 percent of the amount by which the amount of the operating costs exceeds the target amount;

except that in no case may the amount payable under this title with respect to operating costs of inpatient hospital services exceed the maximum amount payable with respect to such costs pursuant to subsection (a).

(2) Paragraph (1) shall not apply to cost reporting periods of hospitals beginning on or after October 1, 1985.

(3) (A) For purposes of this subsection, the term "target amount" means, with respect to a hospital for a particular 12-month cost reporting period—

(i) in the case of the first such reporting period for which this subsection is in effect, the allowable operating costs of inpatient hospital services (as defined in subsection (a)(4)) recognized under this title for such hospital for the preceding 12-month cost reporting period, and

(ii) in the case a later reporting period, the target amount for the preceding 12-month cost reporting period,

increased by the applicable percentage increase under subparagraph

(B) for that particular cost reporting period.

- (B) For purposes of subparagraph (A), the "applicable percentage increase" for any 12-month cost reporting period shall be equal to 1 percentage point plus the percentage, estimated by the Secretary, by which the cost of the mix of goods and services (including personnel costs but excluding non-operating costs) comprising routine, ancillary, and special care unit inpatient hospital services, based on an index of appropriately weighted indicators of changes in wages and prices which are representative of the mix of goods and services included in such inpatient hospital services, for such cost reporting period exceeds the cost of such mix of goods and services for the preceding 12-month cost reporting period.
- (4) (A) The Secretary shall provide for an exemption from, or an exception and adjustment to, the method under this subsection for determining the amount of payment to a hospital where events beyond the hospital's control or extraordinary circumstances, including changes in the case mix of such hospital, create a distortion in the increase in costs for a cost reporting period (including any distortion in the costs for the base period against which such increase is measured). The Secretary may provide for such other exemptions from, and exceptions and adjustments to, such methods as the Secretary deems appropriate, including those which he deems necessary to take into account a decrease in the inpatient hospital services that a hospital provides and that are customarily provided directly by similar hospitals which results in a significant distortion in the operating costs of inpatient hospital services.
- (B) Paragraph (1) shall not apply to payment of hospitals which is otherwise determined under paragraph (3) of section 1814(b).

- (5) In the case of any hospital having any cost reporting period of other than a 12-month period, the Secretary shall determine the 12-month period which shall be used for purposes of this section.
- (6) (A) The Secretary shall provide for an adjustment under this paragraph in the amount of payment otherwise provided a hospital under this subsection in the case of a hospital which, as of August 15, 1982, was subject to the taxes (hereinafter in this paragraph referred to as the "FICA taxes") imposed by section 3111 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954 and which is not subject to such taxes for part or all of a cost reporting period beginning on or after October 1, 1982.
- (B) In making such adjustment for a cost reporting period the Secretary shall estimate the amount of the operating costs of inpatient hospital services that would have resulted if the hospital was subject to the FICA taxes during that period. In making such estimate the Secretary shall reduce the amount of such FICA taxes that would have been paid (but not below zero) by the amount of costs which the hospital demonstrates to the satisfaction of the Secretary were incurred in the period for pensions, health, and other fringe benefits for employees (and former employees and family members) comparable to, and in lieu of, the benefits provided under title II and this title of the Social Security Act.
- (C) If a hospital's operating costs of inpatient hospital services estimated under subparagraph (B) is greater than the hospital's operating costs of inpatient hospital services determined without regard to this paragraph for a cost reporting period, then the Secretary shall reduce the amount otherwise paid the hospital (respecting operating costs of inpatient hospital services) under this subsection for the period by the amount by which—
 - (i) the amount that would have been paid the hospital if (I) the amount of the operating costs of inpatient hospital services estimated under subparagraph (B) were treated as the amount of the operating costs of inpatient hospital services and (II) subsection (a) did not apply to the determination,
- exceeds—

 (ii) the amount that would otherwise have been paid the hospital if subsection (a) (and this paragraph) did not apply; except that, in making such determination for cost reporting periods beginning on or after October 1, 1984, clause (ii) of paragraph (1) (B) shall continue to apply.
- (c) (1) The Secretary may provide, in his discretion, that payment with respect to services provided by a hospital in a State may be made in accordance with a hospital reimbursement control system in a State, rather than in accordance with the other provisions of

this title, if the chief executive officer of the State requests such treatment and if—

- (A) the Secretary determines that the system, if approved under this subsection, will apply (i) to substantially all non-Federal acute care hospitals (as defined by the Secretary) in the State and (ii) to the review of at least 75 percent of all revenues or expenses in the State for inpatient hospital services and of revenues or expenses for inpatient hospital services provided under the State's plan approved under title XIX;
- (B) the Secretary has been provided satisfactory assurances as to the equitable treatment under the system of all entities (including Federal and State programs) that pay hospitals for inpatient hospital services, of hospital employees, and of hospital patients; and
- (C) the Secretary has been provided satisfactory assurances that under the system, over 6-month periods (the first such period beginning with the first month in which this subsection applies to that system in the State), the amount of payments made under this title under such system will not exceed the amount of payments which would otherwise have been made under this title not using such system.
- (2) In determining under paragraph (1) (C) the amount of payment which would otherwise have been made under this title for a State, the Secretary may provide for appropriate adjustment of such amount to take into account previous reductions effected in the amount of payments made under this title in the State due to the operation of the hospital reimbursement control system in the State if the system has resulted in an aggregate rate of increase in operating costs of inpatient hospital services (as defined in subsection (a) (4)) under this title for hospitals in the State which is less than the aggregate rate of increase in such costs under this title for hospitals in the United States.

(3) The Secretary shall discontinue payments under a system de-

scribed in paragraph (1) if the Secretary—

- (A) determines that the system no longer meets the requirement of paragraph (1)(A) or
- (B) has reason to believe that the assurances described in subparagraph (B) or (C) of paragraph (1) are not being (or will not be) met.
- (d) (1) The lesser-of-cost-or-charges provisions (described in paragraph (2)) will not apply in the case of services provided by a class of provider of services if the Secretary determines and certifies to Congress that the failure of such provisions to apply to the services provided by that class of providers will not result in any increase in the amount of payments made for those services under this title. Such change will take effect with respect to services furnished, or cost re-

porting periods of providers, on or after such date as the Secretary shall provide in the certification. Such change for a class of provider shall be discontinued if the Secretary determines and notifies Congress that such change has resulted in an increase in the amount of payments made under this title for services provided by that class of provider.

- (2) The lesser-of-cost-or-charges provisions referred to in paragraph (1) are as follows:
 - (A) Clause (B) of paragraph (1) and paragraph (2) of section 1814(b).
 - (B) So much of subparagraph (A) of section 1833(a)(2) as provides for payment other than of the reasonable cost of such services, as determined under section 1861(v).
 - (C) Subclause (II) of clause (i) and clause (ii) of section 1833(a) (2) (B).

Payment of Provider-Based Physicians and Payment Under Certain Percentage Arrangements ¹

Sec. 1887. (a) (1) The Secretary shall by regulation determine criteria for distinguishing those services (including inpatient and outpatient services) rendered in hospitals or skilled nursing facilities—

- (A) which constitute professional medical services, which are personally rendered for an individual patient by a physician and which contribute to the diagnosis or treatment of an individual patient, and which may be reimbursed as physicians' services under part B, and
- (B) which constitute professional services which are rendered for the general benefit to patients in a hospital or skilled nursing facility and which may be reimbursed only on a reasonable cost basis.
- (2) (A) For purposes of cost reimbursement, the Secretary shall recognize as a reasonable cost of a hospital or skilled nursing facility only that portion of the costs attributable to services rendered by a physician in such hospital or facility which are services described in paragraph (1) (B), apportioned on the basis of the amount of time actually spent by such physician rendering such services.
- (B) In determining the amount of the payments which may be made with respect to services described in paragraph (1)(B), after apportioning costs as required by subparagraph (A), the Secretary may not recognize as reasonable (in the efficient delivery of health services) such portion of the provider's costs for such services to the extent that such costs exceed the reasonable compensation equivalent

¹ Sec. 1887 was added by secs. 108(a) of P.L. 97-248 and amended by 109(a) of P.L. 97-248.

for such services. The reasonable compensation equivalent for any service shall be established by the Secretary in regulations.

- (C) The Secretary may, upon a showing by a hospital or facility that it is unable to recruit or maintain an adequate number of physicians for the hospital or facility on account of the reimbursement limits established under this subsection, grant exceptions to such reimbursement limits as may be necessary to allow such provider to provide a compensation level sufficient to provide adequate physician services in such hospital or facility.
- (b) (1) Except as provided in paragraph (2), in the case of a provider of services which is paid under this title on a reasonable cost basis, or other basis related to costs that are reasonable, and which has entered into a contract for the purpose of having services furnished for or on behalf of it, the Secretary may not include any cost incurred by the provider under the contract if the amount payable under the contract by the provider for that cost is determined on the basis of a percentage (or other proportion) of the provider's charges, revenues, or claim for reimbursement.

(2) Paragraph (1) shall not apply—

- (A) to services furnished by a physician and described in subsection (a)(1)(B) and covered by regulations in effect under subsection (a), and
- (B) under regulations established by the Secretary, where the amount involved under the percentage contract is reasonable and the contract—
 - (i) is a customary commercial business practice, or
 - (ii) provides incentives for the efficient and economical operation of the provider of services.

TITLE XIX—GRANTS TO STATES FOR MEDICAL ASSISTANCE PROGRAMS

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Appropriation

Sec. 1901. For the purpose of enabling each State, as far as practicable under the conditions in such State, to furnish (1) medical assistance on behalf of families with dependent children and of aged, blind, or disabled individuals, whose income and resources are insufficient to meet the cost of necessary medical services, and (2) rehabilitation and other services to help such families and individuals attain or retain capability for independence or self-care, there is hereby authorized to be appropriated for each fiscal year a sum sufficient to carry out the purposes of this citle. The sums made available under this section shall be used for making payments to States which have submitted, and had approved by the Secretary of Health, Education, and Welfare, State plans for medical assistance.

State Plans for Medical Assistance²

Sec. 1902. (a) A State plan for medical assistance must-

- (1) provide that it shall be in effect in all political subdivisions of the State, and, if administered by them, be mandatory upon them:
- (2) provide for financial participation by the State equal to not less than 40 per centum of the non-Federal share of the expenditures under the plan with respect to which payments under

¹ This table of contents does not appear in the law.

^{*}In addition to the requirements of this section, State medical assistance plans must comply with the requirements of section 212(a) of P.L. 93-66 (see page 742 of this document); sec. 503 of P.L. 94-566 (see page 761 of this document) and sec. 1618 of the Social Security Act.

section 1903 are authorized by this title; and, effective July 1, 1969, provide for financial participation by the State equal to all of such non-Federal share or provide for distribution of funds from Federal or State sources, for carrying out the State plan, on an equalization or other basis which will assure that the lack of adequate funds from local sources will not result in lowering the amount, duration, scope, or quality of care and services available under the plan;

(8) provide for granting an opportunity for a fair hearing before the State agency to any individual whose claim for medical assistance under the plan is denied or is not acted upon with

reasonable promptness;

- (4) provide (A) such methods of administration (including methods relating to the establishment and maintenance of personnel standards on a merit basis, except that the Secretary shall exercise no authority with respect to the selection, tenure of office, and compensation of any individual employed in accordance with such methods, and including provision for utilization of professional medical personnel in the administration and, where administered locally, supervision of administration of the plan) as are found by the Secretary to be necessary for the proper and efficient operation of the plan, (B) for the training and effective use of paid subprofessional staff, with particular emphasis on the full-time or part-time employment of recipients and other persons of low income, as community service aides, in the administration of the plan and for the use of nonpaid or partially paid volunteers in a social service volunteer program in providing services to applicants and recipients and in assisting any advisory committees established by the State agency, and (C) that each State or local officer or employee who is responsible for the expenditure of substantial amounts of funds under the State plan, each individual who formerly was such an officer or employee, and each partner of such an officer or employee shall be prohibited from committing any act, in relation to any activity under the plan, the commission of which, in connection with any activity concerning the United States Government, by an officer or employee of the United States Government, an individual who was such an officer or employee, or a partner of such an officer or employee is prohibited by section 207 or 208 of title 18, United States Code: 1
- (5) either provide for the establishment or designation of a single State agency to administer or to supervise the administration of the plan, or provide for the establishment or designation of a single State agency to administer or to supervise the administration of the plan, except that the determination of eligibility for medical assistance under the plan shall be made by the

¹ Par. (4) was amended by sec. 14(a) of P.L. 95-559.

State or local agency administering the State plan approved under title I or XVI (insofar as it relates to the aged) if the State is eligible to participate in the State plan program established under title XVI or by the agency or agencies administering the supplemental security income program established under title XVI or the State plan approved under part A of title IV if the State is not eligible to participate in the State plan program established under title XVI:

- (6) provide that the State agency will make such reports, in such form and containing such information, as the Secretary may from time to time require, and comply with such provisions as the Secretary may from time to time find necessary to assure the correctness and verification of such reports;
- (7) provide safeguards which restrict the use or disclosure of information concerning applicants and recipients to purposes directly connected with the administration of the plan;
- (8) provide that all individuals wishing to make application for medical assistance under the plan shall have opportunity to do so, and that such assistance shall be furnished with reasonable promptness to all eligible individuals;

(9) provide-

- (A) that the State health agency, or other appropriate State medical agency (whichever is utilized by the Secretary for the purposes specified in the first sentence of section 1864 (a)), shall be responsible for establishing and maintaining health standards for private or public institutions in which recipients of medical assistance under the plan may receive care of services,
- (B) for the establishment or designation of a State authority or authorities which shall be responsible for establishing and maintaining standards, other than those relating to health, for such institutions, and
- (C) that any laboratory services paid for under such plan must be provided by a laboratory which meets the applicable requirements of section 1861(e)(9) or paragraphs (11) and (12) of section 1861(s), or, in the case of a laboratory which is in a rural health clinic, of section 1861(aa)(2)(G); ¹ (10) provide—²

¹ Subpar. (C) was added by sec. 2175(d) of P.L. 97-85.

² P.L. 92-603, sec. 249E, provides: "For purposes of section 1902(a) (10) of the Social Security Act any individual who, for the month of August 1972, was eligible for or receiving aid or assistance under a State plan approved under title I, X, XIV, or XVI, or part A of title IV of such Act and who for such month was entitled to monthly insurance benefits under title II of such Act shall be deemed to be eligible for such aid or assistance for any month thereafter prior to July 1975 if such individual would have been eligible for such aid or assistance for such month had the increase in monthly insurance benefits under title II of such Act resulting from enactment of Public Law 92-336 not been applicable to such individual."

- (A) for making medical assistance available, including at least the care and services listed in paragraphs (1) through (5) and (17) of section 1905(a), to—
 - (i) all individuals receiving aid or assistance under any plan of the State approved under title I, X, XIV, or XVI, or part A or part E of title IV (including pregnant women deemed by the State to be receiving such aid as authorized in section 406(g) and individuals considered by the State to be receiving such aid as authorized under section 414(g)), or with respect to whom supplemental security income benefits are being paid under title XVI; and
 - (ii) at the option of the State, to any group or groups of individuals described in section 1905(a) (or, in the case of individuals described in section 1905(a) (i), to any reasonable categories of such individuals) who are not individuals described in clause (i) of this subparagraph but—
 - (I) who meet the income and resources requirements of the appropriate State plan described in clause (i) or the supplemental security income program (as the case may be),
 - (II) who would meet the income and resources requirements of the appropriate State plan described in clause (i) if their work-related child care costs were paid from their earnings rather than by a State agency as a service expenditure.
 - (III) who would be eligible to receive aid under the appropriate State plan described in clause (i) if coverage under such plan was as broad as allowed under Federal law,
 - (IV) with respect to whom there is being paid, or who are eligible, or would be eligible if they were not in a medical institution, to have paid with respect to them, aid or assistance under the appropriate State plan described in clause (i), supplemental security income benefits under title XVI, or a State supplementary payment;
 - (V) who are in a medical institution, who meet the resource requirements of the appropriate State plan described in clause (i) or the supplemental security income program, and whose income does not exceed a separate income standard established by the State which is consistent with the limit established under section 1903(f)(4)(C), or

(VI) who would be eligible under the State plan under this title if they were in a medical institution, with respect to whom there has been a determination that but for the provision of home or community-based services described in section 1915(c) they would require the level of care provided in a hospital, skilled nursing facility or intermediate care facility the cost of which could be reimbursed under the State plan, and who will receive home or community-based services pursuant to a waiver granted by the Secretary under section 1915(c); ¹

¹ Subpar. (A) was amended in its entirety by sec. 137(b) (7) of P.L. 97-248.

- (B) that the medical assistance made available to any individual described in subparagraph (A)—
 - (i) shall not be less in amount, duration, or scope than the medical assistance made available to any other such individual, and

(ii) shall not be less in amount, duration, or scope than the medical assistance made available to individuals not described in subparagraph (A):

(C) that if medical assistance is included for any group of individuals described in section 1905(a) who are not

described in subparagraph (A), then—

- (i) the plan must include a description of (I) the criteria for determining eligibility of individuals in the group for such medical assistance, (II) the amount, duration, and scope of medical assistance made available to individuals in the group, and (III) the single standard to be employed in determining income and resource eligibility for all such groups, and the methodology to be employed in determining such eligibility, which shall be the same methodology which would be employed under the supplemental security income program in the case of groups consisting of aged, blind, or disabled individuals in a State in which such program is in effect, and which shall be the same methodology which would be employed under the appropriate State plan (described in subparagraph (A)(i)) to which such group is most closely categorically related in the case of other groups:
- (ii) the plan must make available medical assistance—

(I) to individuals under the age of 18 who (but for income and resources) would be eligible for medical assistance as an individual described in subparagraph (A)(i), and

(II) to pregnant women, during the course of their pregnancy, who (but for income and resources) would be eligible for medical assistance as an indi-

vidual described in subparagraph (A);

(iii) such medical assistance must include (I) with respect to children under 18 and individuals entitled to institutional services, ambulatory services, and (II) with respect to pregnant women, prenatal care and delivery services: and

(iv) if such medical assistance includes services in institutions for mental diseases or intermediate care facility services for the mentally retarded (or both) for any such group, it also must include for all groups covered at least the care and services listed in paragraphs (1) through (5) and (17) of section 1905(a) or the care and services listed in any 7 of the paragraphs numbered (1) through (17) of such section; and

(D) for the inclusion of home health services for any individual who, under the State plan, is entitled to skilled nursing facility services;

except that (I) the making available of the services described in paragraph (4), (14), or (16) of section 1905(a) to individuals meeting the age requirements prescribed therein shall not, by reason of this paragraph (10), require the making available of any such services, or the making available of such services of the same amount, duration, and scope, to individuals of any other ages, (II) the making available of supplementary medical insurance benefits under part B of title XVIII to individuals eligible therefor (either pursuant to an agreement entered into under section 1843 or by reason of the payment of premiums under such title by the State agency on behalf of such individuals), or provision for meeting part or all of the cost of deductibles, cost sharing, or similar charges under part B of title XVIII for individuals eligible for benefits under such part, shall not, by reason of this paragraph (10), require the making available of any such benefits, or the making available of services of the same amount, duration, and scope, to any other individuals, and (III) the making available of medical assistance equal in amount, duration, and scope to the medical assistance made available to individuals described in clause (A) to any classification of individuals approved by the Secretary, with respect to whom there is being paid, or who are eligible, or would be eligible if they were not in a medical institution, to have paid with respect to them, a State supplementary payment shall not, by reason of this paragraph (10), require the making available of any such assistance, or the making available of such assistance of the same amount, duration, and scope, to any other individuals not described in clause (A); 1

(11) (A) provide for entering into cooperative arrangements with the State agencies responsible for administering or supervising the administration of health services and vocational rehabilitation services in the State looking toward maximum utilization of such services in the provision of medical assistance under the plan, and (B) effective July 1, 1969, provide, to the extent prescribed by the Secretary, for entering into agreements, with any agency, institution, or organization receiving payments

¹ Subpar. (10) was amended by sec. 2171(a) of P.L. 97-35 and sec. 137(b) (8) and (9) of P.L. 97-248.

under (or through an allotment under) title V, (i) providing for utilizing such agency, institution, or organization in furnishing care and services which are available under such title or allotment and which are included in the State plan approved under this section and (ii) making such provision as may be appropriate for reimbursing such agency, institution, or organization for the cost of any such care and services furnished any individual for which payment would otherwise be made to the State with respect to him under section 1903; ¹

(12) provide that, in determining whether an individual is blind, there shall be an examination by a physician skilled in the diseases of the eye or by an optometrist, whichever the individual may select;

(13) provide-2

(A) for payment (except where the State agency is subject to an order under section 1914) of the hospital; skilled nursing facility, and intermediate care facility services provided under the plan through the use of rates (determined in accordance with methods and standards developed by the State and which, in the case of hospitals, take into account the situation of hospitals which serve a disproportionate number of low income patients with special needs and provide, in the case of hospital patients receiving services at an inappropriate level of care (under conditions similar to those described in section 1861(v)(1)(G)), for lower reimbursement rates reflecting the level of care actually received (in a manner consistent with section 1861(v)(1)(G)) which the State finds, and makes assurances satisfactory to the Secretary, are reasonable and adequate to meet the costs which must be incurred by efficiently and economically operated facilities in order to provide care and services in conformity with applicable State and Federal laws, regulations, and quality and safety standards and to assure that individuals eligible for medical assistance have reasonable access (taking into account geographic location and reasonable travel time) to inpatient hospital services of adequate quality; and such State makes further assurances, satisfactory to the Secretary, for the filing of uniform cost reports by each hospital, skilled nursing facility, and intermediate care facility and periodic audits by the State of such reports; and a

¹Par. (11) was amended by sec. 2193(c)(9) of P.L. 97-35.

² The original subpars. (A), (B), and (C) were repealed by sec. 2171(b) of P.L. 97...85.

³ This subpar. originally subpar. (E), was amended, by sec. 962 of P.L. 96–499, effective Oct. 1, 1980, by sec. 905(a) of P.L. 96–499, and amended and redesignated subpar. (A) and by sec. 2178(a) (1) of P.L. 97–35.

(B) for payment for services described in section 1905(a) (2) (B) provided by a rural health clinic under the plan of 100 percent of costs which are reasonable and related to the cost of furnishing such services or based on such other tests of reasonableness, as the Secretary may prescribe in regulations under section 1833(a)(3), or, in the case of services to which those regulations do not apply, on such tests of reasonableness as the Secretary may prescribe in regulations under this subparagraph: 1

(14) provide that enrollment fees, premiums, or similar charges, and deductions, cost sharing, or similar charges, may be imposed

only as provided in section 1916; 2

- (15) in the case of eligible individuals 65 years of age or older who are covered by either or both of the insurance programs established by title XVIII, provide where, under the plan, all of any deductible, cost sharing, or similar charge imposed with respect to such individual under the insurance program established by such title is not met, the portion thereof which is met shall be determined on a basis reasonably related (as determined in accordance with standards approved by the Secretary and included in the plan) to such individual's income or his income and resources;
- (16) provide for inclusion, to the extent required by regulations prescribed by the Secretary, of provisions (conforming to such regulations) with respect to the furnishing of medical assistance under the plan to individuals who are residents of the State but are absent therefrom;
- (17) include reasonable standards (which shall be comparable for all groups and may, in accordance with standards prescribed by the Secretary, differ with respect to income levels, but only in the case of applicants or recipients of assistance under the plan who are not receiving aid or assistance under any plan of the State approved under title I, X, XIV, or XVI, or part A of title IV, and with respect to whom supplemental security income benefits are not being paid under title XVI, based on the variations between shelter costs in urban areas and in rural areas) for determining eligibility for and the extent of medical assistance under the plan which (A) are consistent with the objectives of this title, (B) provide for taking into account only such income and resources as are, as determined in accordance with standards prescribed by the Secretary, available to the applicant or recipient and (in the case of any applicant or recipient who would,

¹ This subparagraph, originally subpar. (F), was added by sec. 2(e) (1) of P.L. 95-210 effective as specified in sec. 2(f) which is printed in this document on p. 808 and redesignated subpar. (B) by sec. 2178(a) (1) of P.L. 97-35.

² Par. (14) was amended in its entirety by sec. 131(a) of P.L. 97-248.

except for income and resources, be eligible for aid or assistance in the form of money payments under any plan of the State approved under title I, X, XIV, or XVI, or part A of title IV, or to have paid with respect to him supplemental security income benefits under title XVI) as would not be disregarded (or set aside for future needs) in determining his eligibility for such aid. assistance, or benefits, (C) provide for reasonable evaluation of any such income or resources, and (D) do not take into account the financial responsibility of any individual for any applicant or recipient of assistance under the plan unless such applicant or recipient is such individual's spouse or such individual's child who is under age 21 or (with respect to States eligible to participate in the State program established under title XVI), is blind or permanently and totally disabled, or is blind or disabled as defined in section 1614 (with respect to States which are not eligible to participate in such program); and provide for flexibility in the application of such standards with respect to income by taking into account, except to the extent prescribed by the Secretary. the costs (whether in the form of insurance premiums or otherwise) incurred for medical care or for any other type of remedial care recognized under State law:

(18) comply with the provisions of section 1917 with respect to liens, adjustments and recoveries of medical assistance correctly paid, and transfers of assets: 1

(19) provide such safeguards as may be necessary to assure that eligibility for care and services under the plan will be determined, and such care and services will be provided, in a manner consistent with simplicity of administration and the best interests of the recipients:

(20) if the State plan includes medical assistance in behalf of individuals 65 years of age or older who are patients in institutions for mental diseases—

(A) provide for having in effect such agreements or other arrangements with State authorities concerned with mental diseases, and, where appropriate, with such institutions, as may be necessary for carrying out the State plan, including arrangements for joint planning and for development of alternate methods of care, arrangements providing assurance of immediate readmittance to institutions where needed for individuals under alternate plans of care, and arrangements

¹ Par. (18) was amended in its entirety by sec. 182(a) of P.L. 97-248.

of any such income or resources, and (D) do not take into account the financial responsibility of any individual for any applicant or recipient of assistance under the plan unless such applicant or recipient is such individual's spouse or such individual's child who is under age 21 or (with respect to States eligible to participate in the State program established under title XVI), is blind or permanently and totally disabled, or is blind or disabled as defined in section 1614 (with respect to States which are not eligible to participate in such program); and provide for flexibility in the application of such standards with respect to income by taking into account, except to the extent prescribed by the Secretary, the costs (whether in the form of insurance premiums or otherwise) incurred for medical care or for any other type of remedial care recognized under State law;

(18) provide that no lien may be imposed against the property of any individual prior to his death on account of medical assistance paid or to be paid on his behalf under the plan (except pursuant to the judgment of a court on account of benefits incorrectly paid on behalf of such individual), and that there shall be no adjustment or recovery (except, in the case of an individual who was 65 years of age or older when he received such assistance, from his estate, and then only after the death of his surviving spouse, if any, and only at a time when he has no surviving child who is under age 21 or (with respect to States eligible to participate in the State program established under title XVI), is blind or permanently and totally disabled, or is blind or disabled as defined in section 1614 (with respect to States which are not eligible to participate in such program)) of any medical assistance correctly paid on behalf of such individual under the plan;

(19) provide such safeguards as may be necessary to assure that eligibility for care and services under the plan will be determined, and such care and services will be provided, in a manner consistent with simplicity of administration and the best interests of the recipients;

(20) if the State plan includes medical assistance in behalf of individuals 65 years of age or older who are patients in institutions for mental diseases—

(A) provide for having in effect such agreements or other arrangements with State authorities concerned with mental diseases, and, where appropriate, with such institutions, as may be necessary for carrying out the State plan, including arrangements for joint planning and for development of alternate methods of care, arrangements providing assurance of immediate readmittance to institutions where needed for individuals under alternate plans of care, and arrangements

providing for access to patients and facilities, for furnishing information, and for making reports;

- (B) provide for an individual plan for each such patient to assure that the institutional care provided to him is in his best interests, including, to that end, assurances that there will be initial and periodic review of his medical and other needs, that he will be given appropriate medical treatment within the institutions, and that there will be a periodical determination of his need for continued treatment in the institution; and
- (C) provide for the development of alternate plans of care, making maximum utilization of available resources, for recipients 65 years of age or older who would otherwise need care in such institutions, including appropriate medical treatment and other aid or assistance; for services referred to in section 3(a)(4)(A) (i) and (ii), section 603(a)(1)(A) (i) and (ii), or section 1603(a)(4)(A) (i) and (ii) which are appropriate for such recipients and for such patients; and for methods of administration necessary to assure that the responsibilities of the State agency under the State plan with respect to such recipients and such patients will be effectively carried out;
 - (D) [Repealed.] 1
- (21) if the State plan includes medical assistance in behalf of individuals 65 years of age or older who are patients in public institutions for mental diseases, show that the State is making satisfactory progress toward developing and implementing a comprehensive mental health program, including provision for utilization of community mental health centers, nursing facilities, and other alternatives to care in public institutions for mental diseases;
- (22) include descriptions of (A) the kinds and numbers of professional medical personnel and supporting staff that will be used in the administration of the plan and of the responsibilities they will have, (B) the standards, for private or public institutions in which recipients of medical assistance under the plan may receive care or services, that will be utilized by the State authority or authorities responsible for establishing and maintaining such standards, (C) the cooperative arrangements with State health agencies and State vocational rehabilitation agencies entered into with a view to maximum utilization of and coordination of the provision of medical assistance with the services administered or supervised by such agencies, and (D) other standards and methods that the State will use to assure that medical or remedial care and services provided to recipients of medical assistance are of high quality;

¹ Subpar. (D) was repealed by sec. 2173(a)(2) of P.L. 97-35.

- (23) except as provided in section 1915 and except in the case of Puerto Rico, the Virgin Islands, and Guam, provide that any individual eligible for medical assistance (including drugs) may obtain such assistance from any institution, agency, community pharmacy, or person, qualified to perform the service or services required (including an organization which provides such services, or arranges for their availability, on a prepayment basis), who undertakes to provide him such services;
- (24) effective July 1, 1969, provide for consultative services by health agencies and other appropriate agencies of the State to hospitals, nursing facilities, home health agencies, clinics, laboratories, and such other institutions as the Secretary may specify in order to assist them (A) to qualify for payments under this Act, (B) to establish and maintain such fiscal records as may be necessary for the proper and efficient administration of this Act, and (C) to provide information needed to determine payments due under this Act on account of care and services furnished to individuals;
- (25) provide (A) that the State or local agency administering such plan will take all reasonable measures to ascertain the legal liability of third parties to pay for care and services (available under the plan) arising out of injury, disease, or disability, (B) that where the State or local agency knows that a third party has such a legal liability such agency will treat such legal liability as a resource of the individual on whose behalf the care and services are made available for purposes of paragraph (17) (B), and (C) that in any case where such a legal liability is found to exist after medical assistance has been made available on behalf of the individual and where the amount of reimbursement the State can reasonably expect to recover exceeds the costs of such recovery, the State or local agency will seek reimbursement for such assistance to the extent of such legal liability; ²

¹ Par. (28) was amended by sec. 2175(a) of P.L. 97-85.

² Par. (25) was amended by sec. 2182 of P.L. 97-85.

- (26) effective July 1, 1969, provide (A) for a regular program of medical review (including medical evaluation) of each patient's need for skilled nursing facility care or (in the case of individuals who are eligible therefor under the State plan) need for care in a mental hospital, a written plan of care, and, where applicable, a plan of rehabilitation prior to admission to a skilled nursing facility; (B) for periodic inspections to be made in all skilled nursing facilities and mental institutions (if the State plan includes care in such institutions) within the State by one or more medical review teams (composed of physicians and other appropriate health and social service personnel, or, in the case of skilled nursing facilities, composed of physicians or registered nurses and other appropriate health and social service personnel) of (i) the care being provided in such nursing facilities (and mental institutions, if care therein is provided under the State plan) to persons receiving assistance under the State plan, (ii) with respect to each of the patients receiving such care, the adequacy of the services available in particular nursing facilities (or institutions) to meet the current health needs and promote the maximum physical well-being of patients receiving care in such facilities (or institutions), (iii) the necessity and desirability of the continued placement of such patients in such nursing facilities (or institutions), and (iv) the feasibility of meeting their health care needs through alternative institutional or noninstitutional services; and (C) for the making by such team or teams of full and complete reports of the findings resulting from such inspections together with any recommendations to the State agency administering or supervising the administration of the State plan; 1
- (27) provide for agreements with every person or institution providing services under the State plan under which such person or institution agrees (A) to keep such records as are necessary fully to disclose the extent of the services provided to individuals receiving assistance under the State plan, and (B) to furnish the State agency or the Secretary with such information, regarding any payments claimed by such person or institution for providing services under the State plan, as the State agency or the Secretary may from time to time request; ²
- (28) provide that any skilled nursing facility receiving payments under such plan must satisfy all of the requirements contained in section 1861(j), except that the exclusion contained therein with respect to institutions which are primarily for the

Paragraph (26) was amended by sec. 20(b) of P.L. 95-142.
 Paragraph (27) was amended by sec. 9 of P.L. 95-142.

care and treatment of mental diseases and tuberculosis shall not apply for purposes of this title;

(29) include a State program which meets the requirements set forth in section 1908, for the licensing of administrators of

nursing homes;

- (30) provide such methods and procedures relating to the utilization of, and the payment for, care and services available under the plan (including but not limited to utilization review plans as provided for in section 1903(i)(4)) as may be necessary to safeguard against unnecessary utilization of such care and services and to assure that payments are consistent with efficiency, economy, and quality of care; ¹
- (31) provide (A) for a regular program of independent professional review (including medical evaluation of each patient's need for intermediate care) and a written plan of service prior to admission or authorization of benefits in an intermediate care facility as determined under regulations of the Secretary; (B) for periodic on-site inspections to be made in all such intermediate care facilities (if the State plan includes care in such institutions) within the State by one or more independent professional review teams (composed of physicians or registered nurses and other appropriate health and social service personnel) of (i) the care being provided in such intermediate care facilities to persons receiving assistance under the State plan, (ii) with respect to each of the patients receiving such care, the adequacy of the services available in particular intermediate care facilities to meet the current health needs and promote the maximum physical wellbeing of patients receiving care in such facilities, (iii) the necessity and desirability of the continued placement of such patients in such facilities, and (iv) the feasibility of meeting their health care needs through alternative institutional or non-institutional services; and (C) for the making by such team or teams of full and complete reports of the findings resulting from such inspections, together with any recommendations to the State agency administering or supervising the administration of the State plan;
- (32) provide that no payment under the plan for any care or service provided to an individual shall be made to anyone other than such individual or the person or institution providing such care or service, under an assignment or power of attorney or otherwise; except that—
 - (A) in the case of any care or service provided by a physician, dentist, or other individual practitioner, such payment may be made (i) to the employer of such physician, dentist,

¹ Subpar. (30) was amended by sec. 2174(a) of P.L. 97-35.

or other practitioner if such physician, dentist, or practitioner is required as a condition of his employment to turn over his fee for such care or service to his employer, or (ii) (where the care or service was provided in a hospital, clinic, or other facility) to the facility in which the care or service was provided if there is a contractual arrangement between such physician, dentist, or practitioner and such facility under which such facility submits the bill for such care or service; and

(B) nothing in this paragraph shall be construed (i) to prevent the making of such a payment in accordance with an assignment from the person or institution providing the care or service involved if such assignment is made to a governmental agency or entity or is established by or pursuant to the order of a court of competent jurisdiction, or (ii) to preclude an agent of such person or institution from receiving any such payment if (but only if) such agent does so pursuant to an agency agreement under which the compensation to be paid to the agent for his services for or in connnection with the billing or collection of payments due such person or institution under the plan is unrelated (directly or indirectly) to the amount of such payments or the billings therefor, and is not dependent upon the actual collection of any such payment; 1

(33) provide—

(A) that the State health agency, or other appropriate State medical agency, shall be responsible for establishing a plan, consistent with regulations prescribed by the Secretary, for the review by appropriate professional health personnel of the appropriateness and quality of care and services furnished to recipients of medical assistance under the plan in order to provide guidance with respect thereto in the administration of the plan to the State agency established or designated pursuant to paragraph (5) and, where applicable, to the State agency described in the penultimate sentence of this subsection; and

(B) that the State or local agency utilized by the Secretary for the purpose specified in the first sentence of section 1864(a), or, if such agency is not the State agency which is responsible for licensing health institutions, the State agency responsible for such licensing, will perform for the State agency administering or supervising the administration of the plan approved under this title the function of determin-

¹ Paragraph (82) was amended by sec. 2(a) (8) of P.L. 95-142.

ing whether institutions and agencies meet the requirements for participation in the program under such plan, except that, if the Secretary has cause to question the adequacy of such determinations, the Secretary is authorized to validate State determinations and, on that basis, make independent and binding determinations concerning the extent to which individual institutions and agencies meet the requirements for participation; ¹

(34) provide that in the case of any individual who has been determined to be eligible for medical assistance under the plan, such assistance will be made available to him for care and services included under the plan and furnished in or after the third month before the month in which he made application (or application was made on his behalf in the case of a deceased individual) for such assistance if such individual was (or upon application would have been) eligible for such assistance at the time such care and services were furnished;

(35) provide that any disclosing entity (as defined in section 1124(a)(2)) receiving payments under such plan complies with the requirements of section 1124;²

(36) provide that within 90 days following the completion of each survey of any health care facility, laboratory, agency, clinic, or organization, by the appropriate State agency described in paragraph (9), such agency shall (in accordance with regulations of the Secretary) make public in readily available form and place the pertinent findings of each such survey relating to the compliance of each such health care facility, laboratory, clinic, agency, or organization with (A) the statutory conditions of participation imposed under this title, and (B) the major additional conditions which the Secretary finds necessary in the interest of health and safety of individuals who are furnished care or services by any such facility, laboratory, clinic, agency, or organization;

(37) provide for claims payment procedures which (A) ensure that 90 per centum of claims for payment (for which no further written information or substantiation is required in order to make payment) made for services covered under the plan and furnished by health care practitioners through individual or group practices or through shared health facilities are paid within 30 days of the date of receipt of such claims and that 99 per centum of such claims are paid within 90 days of the date of receipt of such claims, and (B) provide for procedures of prepayment and postpayment claims review, including review of appropriate data with respect

¹ Subpar. (B) was amended by sec. 916(b) (1) (B) of P.L. 96-499.

² Par. (85) was amended by sec. 3(c)(1)(A) of P.L. 95-142 and by sec. 912(b) of P.L. 96-499.

to the recipient and provider of a service and the nature of the service for which payment is claimed, to ensure the proper and efficient payment of claims and management of the program.¹

(38) require that an entity (other than an individual practitioner or a group of practitioners) that furnishes, or arranges for the furnishing of, items or services under the plan, shall supply (within such period as may be specified in regulations by the Secretary or by the single State agency which administers or supervises the administration of the plan) upon request specifically addressed to such entity by the Secretary or such State agency, respectively, (A) full and complete information as to the ownership of a subcontractor (as defined by the Secretary in regulations) with whom such entity has had, during the previous twelve months, business transactions in an aggregate amount in excess of \$25,000, and (B) full and complete information as to any significant business transactions (as defined by the Secretary in regulations), occurring during the five-year period ending on the date of such request, between such entity and any wholly owned supplier or between such entity and any subcontractor.2

(39) provide that the State agency shall bar any specified person from participation in the program under the State plan for the period specified by the Secretary, when required by him to do so pursuant to section 1128, and provide that no payment may be made under the plan with respect to any item or service furnished

by such person during such period: 3

(40) require each health services facility or organization which receives payments under the plan and of a type for which a uniform reporting system has been established under section 1121(a) to make reports to the Secretary of information described in such section in accordance with the uniform reporting system (established under such section) for that type of facility or organization;

(41) provide that whenever a provider of services or any other person is terminated, suspended, or otherwise sanctioned or prohibited from participating under the State plan, the State agency shall promptly notify the Secretary of such action; ⁵

(42) provide (A) that the records of any entity participating in the plan and providing services reimbursable on a cost-related basis will be audited as the Secretary determines to be necessary to insure that proper payments are made under the plan, (B) that such audits, for such entities also providing services under title XVIII, will be coordinated and conducted jointly (to such extent

¹ Par. (87) was added by sec. 2(b) of P.L 95-142. ² Par. (38) was added by sec. 3(c) (1) (D; of P.L 95-142.

³ Par. (39) was added by sec. 7(b) of P.L. 95-142 and was amended by sec. 913(c) of P.L. 96-499 and sec. 2105(c) of P.L. 97-35.

Par. (40) was added by sec. 19(b) (2) of P.L. 95-142.
 Par. (41) was added by sec. 808 of P.L. 96-272.

and in such manner as the Secretary shall prescribe) with audits conducted for purposes of such part, and (C) for payment of such proportion of costs of each such common audit as is determined under methods specified by the Secretary under section 1129(a); ¹

(43) if the State plan makes provision for payment to a physician for laboratory services the performance of which such physician (or any other physician with whom he shares his practice) did not personally perform or supervise, include provision to insure that payment under the State plan for such laboratory services not exceed the payment authorized for such services by section 1842(h); and ²

(44) provide for-

- (A) informing all persons in the State who are under the age of 21 and who have been determined to be eligible for medical assistance including services described in section 1905(a)(4)(B), of the availability of early and periodic screening, diagnostic, and treatment services as described in section 1905(a)(4)(B),
- (B) providing or arranging for the provision of such screening services in all cases where they are requested, and
- (C) arranging for (directly or through referral to appropriate agencies, organizations, or individuals) corrective treatment the need for which is disclosed by such child health screening services.³

Notwithstanding paragraph (5), if on January 1, 1965, and on the date on which a State submits its plan for approval under this title, the State agency which administered or supervised the administration of the plan of such State approved under title X (or title XVI, insofar as it relates to the blind) was different from the State agency which administered or supervised the administration of the State plan approved under title I (or title XVI, insofar as it relates to the aged), the State agency which administered or supervised the administration of such plan approved under title X (or title XVI, insofar as it relates to the blind) may be designated to administer or supervise the administration of the portion of the State plan for medical assistance which relates to blind individuals and a different State agency may be established or designated to administer or supervise the administration of the rest of the State plan for medical assistance; and in such case the part of the plan which each such agency administers, or the administration of which each such agency supervises, shall be regarded as a separate plan for purposes of this title (except for purposes of

¹ Par. (42) was added by sec. 914(b)(1) of P.L. 96-499, effective April 1, 1981. See sec. 914(b)(2), in excerpts from P.L. 96-499, for deferred effective date for States requiring legislation.

² Par. (43) was added by sec. 918(b)(1) of P.L. 96-499, effective July 1, 1981. See sec. 918(b)(2), in excerpts from P.L. 96-499, for deferred effective date for States requiring legislation.

³ Par. (44) was added by sec. 2181(a)(1) of P.L. 97-35.

paragraph (10)). For purposes of paragraphs (9) (A) (26), (29), (31), and (33), and of section 1903(i) (4), the term "skilled nursing facility" and "nursing home" do not include a Christian Science sanatorium operated, or listed and certified, by the First Church of Christ, Scientist, Boston, Massachusetts.¹

For purposes of paragraph (10) any individual who, for the month of August 1972, was eligible for or receiving aid or assistance under a State plan approved under title I, X, XIV, or XVI, or part A of title IV and who for such month was entitled to monthly insurance benefits under title II shall for purposes of this title only be deemed to be eligible for financial aid or assistance for any month thereafter if such individual would have been eligible for financial aid or assistance for such month had the increase in monthly insurance benefits under title II resulting from enactment of Public Law 92–336 not been applicable to such individual.²

The requirement of clause (A) of paragraph (37) with respect to a State plan may be waived by the Secretary if he finds that the State has exercised good faith in trying to meet such requirement.

(b) The Secretary shall approve any plan which fulfills the conditions specified in subsection (a) of this section, except that he shall not approve any plan which imposes as a condition for eligibility for medical assistance under the plan—

(1) an age requirement of more than 65 years; or

(2) any residence requirement which excludes any individual who resides in the State; or 4

(3) any citizenship requirement which excludes any citizen of the United States.

(c) Notwithstanding subsection (b), the Secretary shall not approve any State plan for medical assistance if he determines that the approval and operation of the plan will result in a reduction in aid or assistance in the form of money payments (other than so much, if any, of the aid or assistance in such form as was, immediately prior to the effective date of the State plan under this title, attributable to medical needs) provided for eligible individuals under a plan of such State approved under title I, X, XIV, or XVI, or part A of title IV.

(d) If a State contracts with a utilization and quality control peer review organization having a contract with the Secretary under part B of title XI for the performance of medical or utilization review functions required under this title of a State plan with respect to specific services or providers (or services or providers in a geographic area of the State), such requirements shall be deemed to be met for those

¹ This par. was amended by sec. 137(e) of P.L. 97-248.

^{*} This sentence was added by P.L. 94-48.

³ This sentence was added by sec. 2(b) (1) (D) of P.L. 95-142.

Pars. (2) and (3) were redesignated by sec. 137(b) (10) of P.L. 97-248.

services or providers (or services or providers in that area) by delegation to such organization (or organizations) under the contract of the State's authority to conduct such review activities if the contract provides for the performance of activities not inconsistent with part B of title XI and provides for such assurances of satisfactory performance by such organization (or organizations) as the Secre-

tary may prescribe.1

(e) (1) Notwithstanding any other provision of this title, effective January 1, 1974, each State plan approved under this title must provide that each family which was receiving aid pursuant to a plan of the State approved under part A of title IV in at least 3 of the 6 months immediately preceding the month in which such family became ineligible for such aid because of increased hours of, or increased income from, employment, shall, while a member of such family is employed, remain eligible for assistance under the plan approved under this title (as though the family was receiving aid under the plan approved under part A of title IV) for 4 calendar months beginning with the month in which such family became ineligible for aid under the plan approved under part A of title IV because of income and resources or hours of work limitations contained in such plan.

(2) (A) In the case of an individual who is enrolled with a qualified health maintenance organization (as defined in title XIII of the Public Health Service Act) under a contract described in section 1903(m)(2)(A) and who would (but for this paragraph) lose eligibility for benefits under this title before the end of the minimum enrollment period (defined in subparagraph (B)), the State plan may provide, notwithstanding any other provision of this title, that the individual shall be deemed to continue to be eligible for such benefits until the end of such minimum period, but only with respect to such benefits provided to the individual as an enrollee of such organization.

(B) For purposes of subparagraph (A), the term "minimum enrollment period" means, with respect to an individual's enrollment with a health maintenance organization under a State plan, a period, established by the State, of not more than six months beginning on the date the individual's enrollment with the organization becomes effective.

(3) At the option of the State, any individual who-

(A) is 18 years of age or younger and qualifies as a disabled individual under section 1614(a);

- (B) with respect to whom there has been a determination by the State that—
 - (i) the individual requires a level of care provided in a hospital, skilled nursing facility, or intermediate care facility,

¹ Subsec. (d) was added by sec. 2113(m) of P.L. 97-35 and amended by sec. 146(a) (1) and (2) of P.L. 97-248.

² Subpar. (2) was added by sec. 2178(b) of P.L. 97-35. See sec. 2178(d) concerning a study related to this section.

(ii) it is appropriate to provide such care for the individual outside such an institution, and

(iii) the estimated amount which would be expended for medical assistance for the individual for such care outside an institution is not greater than the estimated amount which would otherwise be expended for medical assistance for the individual within an appropriate institution; and

(C) if the individual were in a medical institution, would be eligible to have a supplemental security income (or State supplemental) payment made with respect to him under title XVI, shall be deemed, for purposes of this title only, to be an individual with respect to whom a supplemental security income payment, or State supplemental payment, respectively, is being paid under title XVI.

(f) Notwithstanding any other provision of this title, except as provided in subsection (e), no State not eligible to participate in the State plan program established under title XVI shall be required to provide medical assistance to any aged, blind, or disabled individual (within the meaning of title XVI) for any month unless such State would be (or would have been) required to provide medical assistance to such individual for such month had its plan for medical assistance approved under this title and in effect on January 1, 1972, been in effect in such month, except that for this purpose any such individual shall be deemed eligible for medical assistance under such State plan if (in addition to meeting such other requirements as are or may be imposed under the State plan) the income of any such individual as determined in accordance with section 1908(f) (after deducting any supplemental security income payment and State supplementary payment made with respect to such individual and incurred expenses for medical care as recognized under State law) is not in excess of the standard for medical assistance established under the State plan as in effect on January 1, 1972. In States which provide medical assistance to individuals pursuant to clause (10)(C) of subsection (a) of this section, an individual who is eligible for medical assistance by reason of the requirements of this section concerning the deduction of incurred medical expenses from income shall be considered an individual eligible for medical assistance under clause (10) (A) of that subsection if that individual is, or is eligible to be (1) an individual with respect to whom there is payable a State supplementary payment on the basis of which similarly situated individuals are eligible to receive medical assistance equal in amount, duration, and scope to that provided to individuals eligible under clause (10) (A), or (2) an eligible individual or eligible spouse, as defined in title XVI, with respect to whom supplemental security income benefits are payable; otherwise that indi-

i Subpar. (3) was added by sec. 134(a) of P.L. 97-248.

vidual shall be considered to be an individual eligible for medical assistance under clause (10) (C) of that subsection. In States which do not provide medical assistance to individuals pursuant to clause (10) (C) of that subsection, an individual who is eligible for medical assistance by reason of the requirements of this section concerning the deduction of incurred medical expenses from income shall be considered an individual eligible for medical assistance under clause (10) (A) of that subsection.

- (g) [Repealed.] ¹
 (h) [Repealed.] ²
- (i) (1) In addition to any other authority under State law, where a State determines that a skilled nursing facility or intermediate care facility which is certified for participation under its plan no longer substantially meets the provisions of section 1861(j) or section 1905(c), respectively, and further determines that the facility's deficiencies—
 - (A) immediately jeopardize the health and safety of its patients, the State shall provide for the termination of the facility's certification for participation under the plan and may provide, or
 - (B) do not immediately jeopardize the health and safety of its patients, the State may, in lieu of providing for terminating the facility's certification for participation under the plan, provide

that no payment will be made under the State plan with respect to any individual admitted to such facility after a date specified by the State.

(2) The State shall not make such a decision with respect to a facility until the facility has had a reasonable opportunity, following the initial determination that it no longer substantially meets the provisions of section 1861(j) or section 1905(c) (as the case may be), to correct its deficiencies, and, following this period, has been given reasonable notice and opportunity for a hearing.

(3) The State's decision to deny payment may be made effective only after such notice to the public and to the facility as may be provided for by the State, and its effectiveness shall terminate (A) when the State finds that the facility is in substantial compliance (or is making good faith efforts to achieve substantial compliance) with the provisions of section 1861(j) or section 1905(c) (as the case may be), or (B) in the case described in paragraph (1)(B), with the end of the eleventh month following the month such decision is made effective, whichever occurs first. If a facility to which clause (B) of the previous sentence applies still fails to substantially meet the pro-

¹ Subsec. (g) was added by sec. 111 of P.L. 94-182 and repealed by P.L. 94-552. A new subsec. (g) was added by sec. 7(c) of P.L. 95-142 and was repealed by sec. 918(d) of P.L. 96-499.

² Subsec. (h) was repealed by sec. 2173(b) of P.L. 97-35.

visions of the respective section on the date specified in such clause, the State shall terminate such facility's certification for participation under the plan effective with the first day of the first month following

the month specified in such clause.1

(j) Notwithstanding any other requirement of this title, the Secretary may waive or modify any requirement of this title with respect to the medical assistance program in American Samoa, other than a waiver of the Federal medical assistance percentage, the limitation in section 1108(c), or the requirement that payment may be made for medical assistance only with respect to amounts expended by American Samoa for care and services described in paragraphs (1) through (18) of section 1905(a).2

Payment to States

Sec. 1903. (a) From the sums appropriated therefor, the Secretary (except as otherwise provided in this section) shall pay to each State which has a plan approved under this title, for each quarter, begin-

ning with the quarter commencing January 1, 1966

- (1) an amount equal to the Federal medical assistance percentage (as defined in section 1905(b), subject to subsections (g), (h), and (i) of this section) of the total amount expended during such quarter as medical assistance under the State plan (including expenditures for premiums under part B of title XVIII, for individuals who are eligible for medical assistance under the plan and (A) are receiving aid or assistance under any plan of the State approved under title I, X, XIV, or XVI, or part A of title IV, or with respect to whom supplemental security income benefits are being paid under title XVI, or (B) with respect to whom there is being paid a State supplementary payment and are eligible for medical assistance equal in amount, duration, and scope to the medical assistance made available to individuals described in section 1902(a)(10)(A), and, except in the case of individuals sixty-five years of age or older and disabled individuals entitled to hospital insurance benefits under title XVIII who are not enrolled under part B of title XVIII, other insurance premiums for medical or any other type of remedial care or the cost thereof); plus *
- (2) an amount equal to 75 per centum of so much of the sums expended during such quarter (as found necessary by the Secretary for the proper and efficient administration of the State plan) as are attributable to compensation or training of skilled professional medical personnel, and staff directly supporting such personnel of the State agency or any other public agency; plus

(3) an amount equal to—

Subsec. (i) was added by sec. 916(b) (1) (A) of P.L. 96-499.
 Subsec. (j) was added by sec. 136(d) of P.L. 97-248.
 Par. (1) was amended by sec. 905(b) of P.L. 96-499.

(A) (i) 90 per centum of so much of the sums expended during such quarter as are attributable to the design, development, or installation of such mechanized claims processing and information retrieval systems as the Secretary determines are likely to provide more efficient, economical, and effective administration of the plan and to be compatible with the claims processing and information retrieval systems utilized in the administration of title XVIII, including the State's share of the cost of installing such a system to be used jointly in the administration of such State's plan and the plan of any other State approved under this title, and

(ii) 90 per centum of so much of the sums expended during any such quarter in the fiscal year ending June 30, 1972, or the fiscal year ending June 30, 1973, as are attributable to the design, development, or installation of cost determination systems for State-owned general hospitals (except that the total amount paid to all States under this clause for either

such fiscal year shall not exceed \$150,000), and

(B) 75 per centum of so much of the sums expended during such quarter as are attributable to the operation of systems (whether such systems are operated directly by the State or by another person under a contract with the State) of the type described in subparagraph (A)(i) (whether or not designed, developed, or installed with assistance under such subparagraph) which are approved by the Secretary and which include provision for prompt written notice to each individual who is furnished services covered by the plan, or to each individual in a sample group of individuals who are furnished such services, of the specific services (other than confidential services) so covered, the name of the person or persons furnishing the services, the date or dates on which the services were furnished, and the amount of the payment or payments made under the plan on account of the services: and 1

(C) 75 per centum of the sums expended with respect to costs incurred during such quarter (as found necessary by the Secretary for the proper and efficient administration of the State plan) as are attributable to the performance of medical and utilization review by a utilization and quality control peer review organization under a contract entered into under section 1902(d); plus²

(4) an amount equal to 100 per centum of the sums expended with respect to costs incurred during such quarter (as found neces-

¹ Subparagraph (B) was amended by sec. 10 of P.L. 95-143.
² Subparagraph (C) was added by sec. 2113(n) of P.L. 97-35 and amended by sec. 146(b) of P.L. 97-248.

sary by the Secretary for the proper and efficient administration of the State plan) which are attributable to compensation or training of personnel (of the State agency or any other public agency) responsible for inspecting public or private institutions (or portions thereof) providing long-term care to recipients of medical assistance to determine whether such institutions comply with health or safety standards applicable to such institutions under this Act; plus ¹

(5) an amount equal to 90 per centum of the sums expended during such quarter which are attributable to the offering, arranging, and furnishing (directly or on a contract basis) of

family planning services and supplies;

(6) subject to subsection (b) (3), an amount equal to—

(A) 90 per centum of the sums expended during such a quarter within the twelve-quarter period beginning with the first quarter in which a payment is made to the State pursuant to this paragraph, and

(B) 75 per centum of the sums expended during each suc-

ceeding calendar quarter,

with respect to costs incurred during such quarter (as found necessary by the Secretary for the elimination of fraud in the provision and administration of medical assistance provided under the State plan) which are attributable to the establishment and operation of (including the training of personnel employed by) a State medicaid fraud control unit (described in subsection (q)); plus ²

(7) an amount equal to 50 per centum of the remainder of the amounts expended during such quarter as found necessary by the Secretary for the proper and efficient administration of the State

plan.

(b) (1) Notwithstanding the preceding provisions of this section, the amount determined under subsection (a) (1) for any State for any quarter beginning after December 31, 1969, shall not take into account any amounts expended as medical assistance with respect to individuals aged 65 or over and disabled individuals entitled to hospital insurance benefits under title XVIII which would not have been so expended if the individuals involved had been enrolled in the insurance program established by part B of title XVIII, other than amounts expended under provisions of the plan of such State required by section 1902(a) (34).

(2) For limitation on Federal participation for capital expenditures which are out of conformity with a comprehensive plan of a State or

¹ Par. (4) is effective only through Sept. 30, 1980 as provided by sec. 249B of P.L. 92–608, as amended by sec. 8 of P.L. 93–368 and sec. 309 (b) of P.L. 95–83.

⁹ Par. (6) was added (and the former par. (6) was redesignated as par. (7)) by sec. 17 (a) of P.L. 95–142. See also sec. 17(e) which is printed in this document on p. 764. Par. (6) was amended by sec. 963 of P.L. 96–499.

areawide planning agency, see section 1122.

- (3) The amount of funds which the Secretary is otherwise obligated to pay a State during a quarter under subsection (a) (6) may not exceed the higher of—
 - (A) \$125,000, or
 - (B) one-quarter of 1 per centum of the sums expended by the Federal, State, and local governments during the previous quarter in carrying out the State's plan under this title.¹
 - (c) [Repealed.]
- (d) (1) Prior to the beginning of each quarter, the Secretary shall estimate the amount to which a State will be entitled under subsections (a) and (b) for such quarter, such estimates to be based on (A) a report filed by the State containing its estimate of the total sum to be expended in such quarter in accordance with the provisions of such subsections, and stating the amount appropriated or made available by the State and its political subdivisions for such expenditures in such quarter, and if such amount is less than the State's proportionate share of the total sum of such estimated expenditures, the source or sources from which the difference is expected to be derived, and (B) such other investigation as the Secretary may find necessary.
- (2) The Secretary shall then pay to the State, in such installments as he may determine, the amounts so estimated, reduced or increased to the extent of any overpayment or underpayment which the Secretary determines was made under this section to such State for any prior quarter and with respect to which adjustment has not already been made under this subsection. Expenditures for which payments were made to the State under subsection (a) shall be treated as an overpayment to the extent that the State or local agency administering such plan has been reimbursed for such expenditures by a third party pursuant to the provisions of its plan in compliance with section 1902(a) (25).
- (3) The pro rata share to which the United States is equitably entitled, as determined by the Secretary, of the net amount recovered during any quarter by the State or any political subdivision thereof with respect to medical assistance furnished under the State plan shall be considered an overpayment to be adjusted under this subsection.
- (4) Upon the making of an estimate by the Secretary under this subsection, any appropriations available for payments under this section shall be deemed obligated.
- (5) In any case in which the Secretary estimates that there has been an overpayment under this section to a State on the basis of a claim by such State that has been disallowed by the Secretary under section 1116(d), and such State disputes such disallowance, the

¹ Par. (8) was added by sec. 17(b) of P.L. 95-142.

amount of the Federal payment in controversy shall, at the option of the State, be retained by such State or recovered by the Secretary pending a final determination with respect to such payment amount. If such final determination is to the effect that any amount was properly disallowed, and the State chose to retain payment of the amount in controversy, the Secretary shall offset, from any subsequent payments made to such State under this title, an amount equal to the proper amount of the disallowance plus interest on such amount disallowed for the period beginning on the date such amount was disallowed and ending on the date of such final determination at the rate (determined by the Secretary) based on the average of the bond equivalent of the weekly 90-day Treasury bill auction rates during such period.

- (e) A State plan approved under this title may include, as a cost with respect to hospital services under the plan under this title, periodic expenditures made to reflect transitional allowances established with respect to a hospital closure or conversion under section 1884.2
- (f) (1) (A) Except as provided in paragraph (4), payment under the preceding provisions of this section shall not be made with respect to any amount expended as medical assistance in a calendar quarter, in any State, for any member of a family the annual income of which exceeds the applicable income limitation determined under this paragraph.

¹ Par. (5) was added by sec. 961 of P.L. 96-499 and amended by sec. 2163 of P.L. 97-35.

² Subsec. (e) was added by sec. 2101(a)(2) of P.L. 97-35.

- (B) (i) Except as provided in clause (ii) of this subparagraph, the applicable income limitation with respect to any family is the amount determined, in accordance with standards prescribed by the Secretary, to be equivalent to 133½ percent of the highest amount which would ordinarily be paid to a family of the same size without any income or resources, in the form of money payments, under the plan of the State approved under part A of title IV of this Act.
- (ii) If the Secretary finds that the operation of a uniform maximum limits payments to families of more than one size, he may adjust the amount otherwise determined under clause (i) to take account of families of different sizes.
- (C) The total amount of any applicable income limitation determined under subparagraph (B) shall, if it is not a multiple of \$100 or such other amount as the Secretary may prescribe, be rounded to the next higher multiple of \$100 or such other amount, as the case may be.
- (2) In computing a family's income for purposes of paragraph (1), there shall be excluded any costs (whether in the form of insurance premiums or otherwise) incurred by such family for medical care or for any other type of remedial care recognized under State law.
- (3) For purposes of paragraph (1) (B), in the case of a family consisting of only one individual, the "highest amount which would ordinarily be paid" to such family under the State's plan approved under part A of title IV of this Act shall be the amount determined by the State agency (on the basis of reasonable relationship to the amounts payable under such plan to families consisting of two or more persons) to be the amount of the aid which would ordinarily be payable under such plan to a family (without any income or resources) consisting of one person if such plan (without regard to section 408) provided for aid to such a family.
- (4) The limitations on payment imposed by the preceding provisions of this subsection shall not apply with respect to any amount expended by a State as medical assistance for any individual—
 - (A) who is receiving aid or assistance under any plan of the State approved under title I, X, XIV or XVI, or part A of title IV, or with respect to whom supplemental security income benefits are being paid under title XVI, or
 - (B) who is not receiving such aid or assistance, and with respect to whom such benefits are not being paid, but (i) is eligible to receive such aid or assistance, or to have such benefits paid with respect to him, or (ii) would be eligible to receive such aid or assistance, or to have such benefits paid with respect to him if he were not in a medical institution, or

(C) with respect to whom there is being paid, or who is eligible, or would be eligible if he were not in a medical institution, to have paid with respect to him, a State supplementary payment and is eligible for medical assistance equal in amount, duration, and scope to the medical assistance made available to individuals described in section 1902(a)(10)(A), but only if the income of such individual (as determined under section 1612, but without regard to subsection (b) thereof) does not exceed 300 percent of the supplemental security income benefit rate established by section 1611(b)(1),

at the time of the provision of the medical assistance giving rise to

such expenditure.

- (g) (1) Subject to paragraph (3), with respect to amounts paid for the following services furnished under the State plan after June 30, 1973 (other than services furnished pursuant to a contract with a health maintenance organization as defined in section 1876 or which is a qualified health maintenance organization (as defined in section 1310(d) of the Public Health Service Act)), the Federal medical assistance percentage shall be decreased as follows: After an individual has received care as an inpatient in a hospital (including an institution for tuberculosis), skilled nursing facility or intermediate care facility on 60 days, or in a hospital for mental diseases on 90 days (whether or not such days are consecutive), during any fiscal year, which for purposes of this section means the four calendar quarters ending with June 30, the Federal medical assistance percentage with respect to amounts paid for any such care furnished thereafter to such individual in the same fiscal year shall be decreased by a per centum thereof (determined under paragraph (5)) unless the State agency responsible for the administration of the plan makes a showing satisfactory to the Secretary that, with respect to each calendar quarter for which the State submits a request for payment at the full Federal medical assistance percentage for amounts paid for inpatient hospital services (including tuberculosis hospitals), skilled nursing facility services, or intermediate care facility services furnished beyond 60 days (or inpatient mental hospital services furnished beyond 90 days), there is in operation in the State an effective program of control over utilization of such services; such a showing must include evidence that-
 - (A) in each case for which payment is made under the State plan, a physician certifies at the time of admission, or, if later, the time the individual applies for medical assistance under the State plan (and the physician, or a physician assistant or nurse practitioner under the supervision of a physician, recertifies where such services are furnished over a period of time, in such cases, at least every 60 days (or, in the case of services that are inter-

mediate care facility services provided in an institution for the mentally retarded, every year), and accompanied by such supporting material, appropriate to the case involved, as may be provided in regulations of the Secretary), that such services are or were required to be given on an inpatient basis because the individual needs or needed such services; and ¹

(B) in each such case, such services were furnished under a plan established and periodically reviewed and evaluated by a

physician;

(C) such State has in effect a continuous program of review of utilization pursuant to section 1902(a) (30) whereby each admission is reviewed or screened in accordance with criteria established by medical and other professional personnel who are not themselves directly responsible for the care of the patient involved, and who do not have a significant financial interest in any such institution and are not, except in the case of a hospital, employed by the institution providing the care involved; and the information developed from such review or screening, along with the data obtained from prior reviews of the necessity for admission and continued stay of patients by such professional personnel, shall be used as the basis for establishing the size and composition of the sample of admissions to be subject to review and evaluation by such personnel, and any such sample may be of any size up to 100 per centum of all admissions and must be of sufficient size to serve the purpose of (i) identifying the patterns of care being provided and the changes occurring over time in such patterns so that the need for modification may be ascertained, and (ii) subjecting admissions to early or more extensive review where information indicates that such consideration is warranted; and a

(D) such State has an effective program of medical review of the care of patients in mental hospitals, skilled nursing facilities, and intermediate care facilities pursuant to section 1902(a) (26) and (31) whereby the professional management of each case is reviewed and evaluated at least annually by independent profes-

sional review teams.

(11) and (12) of P.L. 97-248.

In determining the number of days on which an individual has received services described in this subsection, there shall not be counted any days with respect to which such individual is entitled to have payments made (in whole or in part) on his behalf under section 1812.*

¹ Subparagraph (A) was amended by sec. 2183(a) of P.L. 97–35 and sec. 137(b) (12) of P.L. 97–248.

² Subparagraph (C) was amended by section 110 of Public Law 94–182 effective April 1,

^{1976.}Paragraph (1) was amended by sec. 20(a) (1) and (2) of P.L. 95-142 and sec. 187(b)

(2) The Secretary shall, as part of his validation procedures under this subsection, conduct timely sample onsite surveys of private and public institutions in which recipients of medical assistance may receive care and services under a State plan approved under this title, and his findings with respect to such surveys (as well as the showings of the

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State agency required under this subsection) shall be made available for public inspection.¹

- (3) (A) No reduction in the Federal medical assistance percentage of a State otherwise required to be imposed under this subsection shall take effect—
 - (i) if such reduction is due to the State's unsatisfactory or invalid showing made with respect to a calendar quarter beginning before January 1, 1977;

(ii) before January 1, 1978;

- (iii) unless a notice of such reduction has been provided to the State at least 30 days before the date such reduction takes effect; or
- (iv) due to the State's unsatisfactory or invalid showing made with respect to a calendar quarter beginning after September 30, 1977, unless notice of such reduction has been provided to the State no later than the first day of the fourth calendar quarter following the calendar quarter with respect to which such showing was made.
- (B) The Secretary shall waive application of any reduction in the Federal medical assistance percentage of a State otherwise required to be imposed under paragraph (1) because a showing by the State, made under such paragraph with respect to a calendar quarter ending after January 1, 1977, and before January 1, 1978, is determined to be either unsatisfactory under such paragraph or invalid under paragraph (2), if the Secretary determines that the State's showing made under paragraph (1) with respect to any calendar quarter ending on or before December 31, 1978, is satisfactory under such paragraph and is valid under paragraph (2).²
- (4) (A) The Secretary may not find the showing of a State, with respect to a calendar quarter under paragraph (1), to be satisfactory if the showing is submitted to the Secretary later than the 30th day after the last day of the calendar quarter, unless the State demonstrates to the satisfaction of the Secretary good cause for not meeting such deadline.
- (B) The Secretary shall find a showing of a State, with respect to a calendar quarter under paragraph (1), to be satisfactory under such paragraph with respect to the requirement that the State conduct annual onsite inspections in mental hospitals, skilled nursing facilities, and intermediate care facilities under paragraph (26) and (31) of section 1902(a), if the showing demonstrates that the State has conducted such an onsite inspection during the 12-month period ending on the last date of the calendar quarter—

¹ Par. (2) was amended by sec. 20(a) (3) of P.L. 95-142.

² Par. (8) was added by sec. 20(a)(4) of P.L. 95-142 effective as specified in sec. 20(c) which is printed in this document on p. 765. Par. (8) was amended by sec. 964 of P.L. 96-499.

(i) in each of not less than 98 per centum of the number of such hospitals and facilities requiring such inspection, and

(ii) in every such hospital or facility which has 200 or more

beds

and that, with respect to such hospitals and facilities not inspected within such period, the State has exercised good faith and due deligence in attempting to conduct such inspection, or if the State demonstrates to the satisfaction of the Secretary that it vould have made such a showing but for failings of a technical nature only.

- (5) In the case of a State's unsatisfactory or invalid showing made with respect to a type of facility or institutional services in a calendar quarter, the per centum amount of the reduction of the State's Federal medical assistance percentage for that type of services under paragraph (1) is equal to 33½ per centum multiplied by a fraction, the denominator of which is equal to the total number of patients receiving that type of services in that quarter under the State plan in facilities or institutions for which a showing was required to be made under this subsection, and the numerator of which is equal to the number of such patients receiving such type of services in that quarter in those facilities or institutions for which a satisfactory and valid showing was not made for that calendar quarter.
- (6) The Secretary shall submit to Congress, not later than sixty days after the end of such calendar quarter, a report on—
 - (A) his determination as to whether or not each showing, made under paragraph (1) by a State with respect to the calendar quarter, has been found to be satisfactory under such paragraph:
 - (B) his review (through onsite surveys and otherwise) under paragraph (2) of the validity of showings previously submitted by a State; and
 - (C) any reduction in the Federal medical assistance percentage he has imposed on a State because of its submittal under paragraph (1) of an unsatisfactory or invalid showing.¹
- (h) (1) If the Secretary determines for any calendar quarter beginning after June 30, 1973, with respect to any State that there does not exist a reasonable cost differential between the statewide average cost of skilled nursing facility services and the statewide average cost of intermediate care facility services in such State, the Secretary may reduce the amount which would otherwise be considered as expenditures under the State plan by any amount which in his judgment is a reasonable equivalent of the difference between the amount of the expenditures by such State for intermediate care facility services and

¹ Paragraphs (4), (5), and (6) were added by sec. 20(a) (4) of P.L. 95-142 effective as specified in sec. 20(c) which is printed in this document on p. 765.

the amount that would have been expended by such State for such services if there had been a reasonable cost differential between the cost of skilled nursing facility services and the cost of intermediate care facility services:

(2) In determining whether any such cost differential in any State is reasonable the Secretary shall take into consideration the range of

such cost differentials in all States.

(3) For the purposes of this subsection, the term "cost differential" for any State for any quarter means, as determined by the Secretary on the basis of the data for the most recent calendar quarter for which satisfactory data are available, the excess of—

(A) the average amount paid in such State (regardless of the source of payment) per inpatient day for skilled nursing facility

services, over

(B) the average amount paid in such State (regardless of the source of payment) per inpatient day for intermediate care facility services.

(4) For purposes of this subsection, the term "cost" shall mean amounts reimbursable by the State under a State plan approved under

this title.

(i) Payment under the preceding provisions of this section shall not be made—

(1) [Repealed.] 1

- (2) with respect to any amount paid for services furnished under the plan after December 31, 1972, by a provider or other person during any period of time, if payment may not be made under title XVIII with respect to services furnished by such provider or person during such period of time solely by reason of a determination by the Secretary under section 1862(d)(1) or under clause (D), (E), or (F) of section 1866(b)(2), or by reason of noncompliance with a request made by the Secretary under clause (C)(ii) of such section 1866(b)(2) or under section 1902(a)(38); or ²
- (3) with respect to any amount expended for inpatient hospital services furnished under the plan to the extent that such amount exceeds the hospital's customary charges with respect to such services or (if such services are furnished under the plan by a public institution free of charge or at nominal charges to the public) exceeds an amount determined on the basis of those items (specified in regulations prescribed by the Secretary) included in the determination of such payment which the Secretary finds will provide fair compensation to such institution for such services; or

¹ Par. (1) was struck out by sec. 2174(b) of P.L. 97-85.

² Paragraph (2) was amended by sec. (8)(c)(2) of P.L. 95-142.

- (4) with respect to any amount expended for care or services furnished under the plan by a hospital or skilled nursing facility unless such hospital or skilled nursing facility has in effect a utilization review plan which meets the requirements imposed by section 1861(k) for purposes of title XVIII; and if such hospital or skilled nursing facility has in effect such a utilization review plan for purposes of title XVIII, such plan shall serve as the plan required by this subsection (with the same standards and procedures and the same review committee or group) as a condition of payment under this title; the Secretary is authorized to waive the requirements of this paragraph if the State agency demonstrates to his satisfaction that it has in operation utilization review procedures which are superior in their effectiveness to the procedures required under section 1861(k); or
- (5) with respect to any amount expended for any drug product for which payment may not be made under part B of title XVIII because of section 1862(c); or ¹
- (6) with respect to any amount expended for inpatient hospital tests (other than in emergency situations) not specifically ordered by the attending physician or other responsible practitioner.¹
- (j) Notwithstanding the preceding provisions of this section, the amount determined under subsection (a) (1) for any State for any quarter shall be adjusted in accordance with section 1914.²
- (k) The Secretary is authorized to provide at the request of any State (and without cost to such State) such technical and actuarial assistance as may be necessary to assist such State to contract with any health maintenance organization which meets the requirements of subsection (m) of this section for the purpose of providing medical care and services to individuals who are entitled to medical assistance under this title.²
 - (l) [Repealed.] 4

(m)(1)(A) The term "health maintenance organization" means a public or private organization, organized under the laws of any State, which is a qualified health maintenance organization (as defined in section 1310(d) of the Public Health Service Act) or which—

(i) makes services it provides to individuals eligible for benefits under this title accessible to such individuals, within the area served by the organization, to the same extent as such services are made accessible to individuals (eligible for medical assistance under the State plan) not enrolled with the organization, and

Pars. (5) and (6) were added by secs. 2108 and 2164, respectively, of P.L. 97-35.

² Subsec. (j) was amended by sec. 905(c) (1) of P.L. 96-499.

^{*} Subsec. (k) was amended by sec. 137(b) (13) of P.L. 97-248.

⁴ Subsec. (1) was added by sec. 111 of P.L. 94-182 and repealed by P.L. 94-552.

- (ii) has made adequate provision against the risk of insolvency, which provision is satisfactory to the State and which assures that individuals eligible for benefits under this title are in no case held liable for debts of the organization in case of the organization's insolvency.
- (B) The duties and functions of the Secretary, insofar as they involve making determinations as to whether an organization is a health maintenance organization within the meaning of subparagraph (A), shall be integrated with the administration of section 1312 (a) and (b) of the Public Health Service Act.²
- (2) (A) Except as provided in subparagraphs (B) and (C), no payment shall be made under this title to a State with respect to expenditures incurred by it for payment (determined under a prepaid capitation basis or under any other risk basis) for services provided by any entity which is responsible for the provision of inpatient hospital services and any other service described in paragraph (2), (3), (4), (5), or (7) of section 1905(a) or for the provision of any three or more of the services described in such paragraphs unless—
 - (i) the Secretary (or the State as authorized by paragraph (3)) has determined that the entity is a health maintenance organization as defined in paragraph (1);
 - (ii) less than 75 percent of the membership of the entity which is enrolled on a prepaid basis consists of individuals who (I) are insured for benefits under part B of title XVIII or for benefits under both parts A and B of such title, or (II) are eligible to receive benefits under this title;
 - (iii) such services are provided for the benefit of individuals eligible for benefits under this title in accordance with a contract between the State and the entity under which prepaid payments to the entity are made on an actuarially sound basis;
 - (iv) such contract provides that the Secretary and the State (or any person or organization designated by either) shall have the right to audit and inspect any books and records of the entity (and of any subcontractor) that pertain (I) to the ability of the entity to bear the risk of potential financial losses, or (II) to services performed or determinations of amounts payable under the contract;
 - (v) such contract provides that in the entity's enrollment, reenrollment, or disenrollment of individuals who are eligible for benefits under this title and eligible to enroll, reenroll, or disenroll with the entity pursuant to the contract, the entity will not discriminate among such individuals on the basis of their health status or requirements for health care services;

¹ Par. (1) (A) was amended by sec. 2178(a) (1) of P.L. 97–35.

² Subpar. (B) was amended by sec. 14(c) of P.L. 95-559.

- (vi) such contract (I) permits individuals who have elected under the plan to enroll with the entity for provision of such benefits to terminate such enrollment without cause as of the beginning of the first calendar month following a full calendar month after the request is made for such termination, and (II) provides for notification of each such individual, at the time of the individual's enrollment, of such right to terminate such enrollment; and
- (vii) such contract provides that, in the case of medically necessary services which were provided (I) to an individual enrolled with the entity under the contract and entitled to benefits with respect to such services under the State's plan and (II) other than through the organization because the services were immediately required due to an unforeseen illness, injury, or condition, either the entity or the State provides for reimbursement with respect to those services.

(B) Subparagraph (A) does not apply with respect to payments under this title to a State with respect to expenditures incurred by it for payment for services provided by an entity which—

(i) (I) received a grant of at least \$100,000 in the fiscal year ending June 30, 1976, under section 319(d)(1)(A) or 330(d)(1) of the Public Health Service Act, and (II) for the period beginning July 1, 1976, and ending on the expiration of the period for which payments are to be made under this title has been the recipient of a grant under either such section; and

(II) provides to its enrollees, on a prepaid capitation risk basis or on any other risk basis, all of the services and benefits described in paragraphs (1), (2), (3), (4) (C), and (5) of section 1905(a) and, to the extent required by section 1902(a) (18) (A) (ii) to be provided under a State plan for medical assistance, the services and benefits described in paragraph (7) of such section; or

(ii) is a nonprofit primary health caré entity located in a rural area (as defined by the Appalachian Regional Commission)—

(I) which received in the fiscal year ending June 30, 1976, at least \$100,000 (by grant, subgrant, or subcontract) under the Appalachian Regional Development Act of 1965, and

(II) for the period beginning July 1, 1976, and ending on the expiration of the period for which payments are to be made under this title either has been the recipient of a grant, subgrant, or subcontract under such Act or has provided services under a contract (initially entered into during a year in

¹ Par. (2)(A) was amended by sec. 105(a)(1) of P.L. 95-83, sec. 2178(a)(2) of P.L. 97-35, and sec. 137 (b)(14) (A) and (B) of P.L. 97-248.

which the entity was the recipient of such a grant, subgrant, or subcontract) with a State agency under this title on a prepaid capitation risk basis or on any other risk basis; or

- (iii) which has contracted with the single State agency for the provision of services (but not including inpatient hospital services) to persons eligible under this title on a prepaid risk basis prior to 1970.
- (C) Subparagraph (A) (ii) shall not apply with respect to payments under this title to a State with respect to expenditures incurred by it for payment for services by an entity during the three-year period beginning on the date of enactment of this subsection or beginning on the date the entity qualifies as a health maintenance organization (as determined by the Secretary), whichever occurs later, but only if the entity demonstrates to the satisfaction of the Secretary by the submission of plans for each year of such three-year period that it is making continuous efforts and progress toward achieving compliance with subparagraph (A) (ii).¹
- (D) In the case of a health maintenance organization that is a public entity, the Secretary may modify or waive the requirement described in subparagraph (A) (ii) but only if the Secretary determines that (i) special circumstances warrant such modification or waiver, and (ii) the organization has taken and is taking reasonable efforts to enroll individuals who are not entitled to benefits under the State plan approved under this title or under title XVIII.²
- (3) A State may, in the case of an entity which has submitted an application to the Secretary for determination that it is a health maintenance organization within the meaning of paragraph (1) and for which no such determination has been made within 90 days of the submission of the application, make a provisional determination for the purposes of this title that such entity is such a health maintenance organization. Such provisional determination shall remain in force until such time as the Secretary makes a determination regarding the entity's qualification under paragraph (1).
- (n) The State agency may refuse to enter into any contract or agreement with a hospital, nursing home, or other institution, organization, or agency for purposes of participation under the State plan, or otherwise to approve an institution, organization, or agency for such purposes, if any person, who has a direct or indirect ownership or control interest of 5 percent or more in such institution, organization, or agency, or who is an officer, director, agent, or managing

¹ Subpar. (C) was amended by sec. 105(a)(2) of P.L. 95-83 and by sec. 128 of P.L. 96-79.

² Subpar. (D) was added by sec. 2178(a) (3) of P.L. 97-35.

Subsec. (m) was added by sec. 202 of P.L. 94-460.

employee (as defined in section 1126(b)) of such institution, organization, or agency, is a person described in section 1126(a) (whether or not such institution, organization, or agency has in effect an agreement entered into with the Secretary pursuant to section 1866; and, notwithstanding any other provision of this section, the State agency may terminate any such contract, agreement, or approval if it determines that the institution, organization, or agency did not fully and accurately make any disclosure required of it by section 1126(a) at the time such contract or agreement was entered into or such approval was given.¹

(o) Notwithstanding the preceding provisions of this section, no payment shall be made to a State under the preceding provisions of this section for expenditures for medical assistance provided for an individual under its State plan approved under this title to the extent that a private insurer (as defined by the Secretary by regulation) would have been obligated to provide such assistance but for a provision of its insurance contract which has the effect of limiting or excluding such obligation because the individual is eligible for or is provided medical assistance under the plan.²

(p) (1) When a political subdivision of a State makes, for the State of which it is a political subdivision, or one State makes, for another State, the enforcement and collection of rights of support or payment assigned under section 1912, pursuant to a cooperative arrangement under such section (either within or outside of such State), there shall be paid to such political subdivision or such other State from amounts which would otherwise represent the Federal share of payments for medical assistance provided to the eligible individuals on whose behalf such enforcement and collection was made, an amount equal to 15 percent of any amount collected which is attributable to such rights of support or payment.

¹ Subsec. (n) was added by sec. 8(c) of P.L. 95–142 and was amended by sec. 905(c) (2) of P.L. 96–499 and sec. 2106(b) (3) of P.L. 97–35.

² Subsec. (o) was added by sec. 11(a) of P.L. 95-142.

- (2) Where more than one jurisdiction is involved in such enforcement or collection, the amount of the incentive payment determined under paragraph (1) shall be allocated among the jurisdictions in a manner to be prescribed by the Secretary.¹
- (q) For the purposes of this section, the term "State medicaid fraud control unit" means a single identifiable entity of the State government which the Secretary certifies (and annually recertifies) as meeting the following requirements:
 - (1) The entity (A) is a unit of the office of the State Attorney General or of another department of State government which possesses statewide authority to prosecute individuals for criminal violations, (B) is in a State the constitution of which does not provide for the criminal prosecution of individuals by a statewide authority and has formal procedures, approved by the Secretary, that (i) assure its referral of suspected criminal violations relating to the program under this title to the appropriate authority or authorities in the State for prosecution and (ii) assure its assistance of, and coordination with, such authority or authorities in such prosecutions, or (C) has a formal working relationship with the office of the State Attorney General and has formal procedures (including procedures for its referral of suspected criminal violations to such office) which are approved by the Secretary and which provide effective coordination of activities between the entity and such office with respect to the detection, investigation, and prosecution of suspected criminal violations relating to the program under this title.
 - (2) The entity is separate and distinct from the single State agency that administers or supervises the administration of the State plan under this title.
 - (3) The entity's function is conducting a statewide program for the investigation and prosecution of violations of all applicable State laws regarding any and all aspects of fraud in connection with any aspect of the provision of medical assistance and the activities of providers of such assistance under the State plan under this title.
 - (4) The entity has procedures for reviewing complaints of the abuse and neglect of patients of health care facilities which receive payments under the State plan under this title, and, where appropriate, for acting upon such complaints under the criminal laws of the State or for referring them to other State agencies for action.
 - (5) The entity provides for the collection, or referral for collection to a single State agency, of overpayments that are made under

Subsection (p) was added by sec. 11(a) of P.L. 95-142.

the State plan to health care facilities and that are discovered by the entity in carrying out its activities.

- (6) The entity employs such auditors, attorneys, investigators, and other necessary personnel and is organized in such a manner as is necessary to promote the effective and efficient conduct of the entity's activities.
- (7) The entity submits to the Secretary an application and annual reports containing such information as the Secretary determines, by regulation, to be necessary to determine whether the entity meets the other requirements of this subsection.¹
- (r) (1) (A) In order to receive payments under paragraphs (2) and (7) of subsection (a) without being subject to per centum reductions set forth in subparagraph (C) of this paragraph, a State must provide that mechanized claims processing and information retrieval systems of the type described in subsection (a) (8) (B) and detailed in an advance planning document approved by the Secretary are operational on or before the deadline established under subparagraph (B).
- (B) The deadline for operation of such systems for a State is the earlier of (i) September 8, 1982, or (ii) the last day of the sixth month following the date specified for operation of such systems in the State's most recently approved advance planning document submitted before the date of the enactment of this subsection.
- (C) If a State fails to meet the deadline established under subparagraph (B), the per centums specified in paragraphs (2) and (7) of subsection (a) with respect to that State shall each be reduced by 5 percentage points for the first two quarters beginning on or after such deadline, and shall be further reduced by an additional 5 percentage points after each period consisting of two quarters during which the Secretary determines the State fails to meet the requirements of subparagraph (A); except that—

(i) neither such per centum may be reduced by more than 25

percentage points by reason of this paragraph; and

(ii) no reduction shall be made under this paragraph for any quarter following the quarter during which such State meets the

requirements of subparagraph (A).

(2) (A) In order to receive payments under paragraphs (2) and (7) of subsection (a) without being subject to the per centum reductions set forth in subparagraph (C) of this paragraph, a State must have its mechanized claims processing and information retrieval systems, of the type required to be operational under paragraph (1), initially approved by the Secretary in accordance with paragraph (5) (A) on or before the deadline established under subparagraph (B).

¹ Subsection (q) was added by sec. 17(c) of P.L. 95-142 effective as specified in sec. 17(e) which is printed in this document on p. 764.

- (B) The deadline for approval of such systems for a State is the last day of the fourth quarter that begins after the date on which the Secretary determines that such systems became operational as required under paragraph (1).
- (C) If a State fails to meet the deadline established under subparagraph (B), the per centums specified in paragraphs (2) and (7) of subsection (a) with respect to that State shall each be reduced by 5 percentage points for the first two quarters beginning after such deadline, and shall be further reduced by an additional 5 percentage points at the end of each period consisting of two quarters during which the State fails to meet the requirements of subparagraph (A); except that—
 - (i) neither such per centum may be reduced by more than 25 percentage points by reason of this paragraph, and
 - (ii) no reduction shall be made under this paragraph for any quarter following the quarter during which such State's systems are approved by the Secretary as provided in subparagraph (A).
- (D) Any State's systems which are approved by the Secretary for purposes of subsection (a) (8) (B) on or before the date of the enactment of this subsection shall be deemed to be initially approved for purposes of this subsection.
- (8) (A) When a State's systems are initially approved, the 75 per centum Federal matching provided in subsection (a)(3)(B) shall become effective with respect to such systems, retroactive to the first quarter beginning after the date on which such systems became operational as required under paragraph (1), except as provided in subparagraph (B).
- (B) In the case of any State which was subject to a per centum reduction under paragraph (2), the per centum specified in subsection (a)(3)(B) shall be reduced by 5 percentage points for the first two quarters beginning after the deadline established under paragraph (2)(B), and shall be further reduced by an additional 5 percentage points at the end of each period consisting of two quarters beginning after such deadline and before the date on which such systems are initially approved, except that no reduction shall be made under this paragraph for any quarter following the quarter during which the State's systems are initially approved by the Secretary.
- (4) (A) The Secretary shall review all approved systems not less often than once each fiscal year, and shall reapprove or disapprove any such systems. Systems which fail to meet the current performance standards, system requirements, and any other conditions for approval developed by the Secretary under paragraph (6) shall be disapproved. Any State having systems which are so disapproved

shall be subject to a per centum reduction under subparagraph (B). The Secretary shall make the determination of reapproval or disapproval and so notify the States not later than the end of the first quarter following the review period.

- (B) If the Secretary disapproves a State's systems under subparagraph (A), the Secretary shall, with respect to such State for quarters beginning after the determination of disapproval and before the first quarter beginning after such systems are reapproved, reduce the per centum specified in subsection (a)(3)(B) to a per centum of not less than 50 per centum and not more than 70 per centum as the Secretary determines to be appropriate and commensurate with the nature of noncompliance by such State; except that such per centum may not be reduced by more than 10 percentage points in any 4-quarter period by reason of this subparagraph. No State shall be subject to a per centum reduction under this paragraph (i) before the fifth quarter beginning after such State's systems were initially approved, or (ii) on the basis of a review conducted before October 1, 1981.
- (C) The Secretary may retroactively waive a percentum reduction imposed under subparagraph (B), if the Secretary determines that the State's systems meet all current performance standards and other requirements for reapproval and that such action would improve the administration of the State's plan under this title, except that no such waiver may extend beyond the four quarters immediately prior to the quarter in which the State's systems are reapproved.
- (5) (A) In order to be initially approved by the Secretary, mechanized claims processing and information retrieval systems must be of the type described in subsection (a) (3) (B) and must meet the following requirements:
 - (i) The systems must be capable of developing provider, physician, and patient profiles which are sufficient to provide specific information as to the use of covered types of services and items, including prescribed drugs.
 - (ii) The State must provide that information on probable fraud or abuse which is obtained from, or developed by, the systems, is made available to the State's medicaid fraud control unit (if any) certified under subsection (q) of this section.
 - (iii) The systems must meet all performance standards and other requirements for initial approval developed by the Secretary under paragraph (6).
- (B) In order to be reapproved by the Secretary, mechanized claims processing and information retrieval systems must meet the requirements of subparagraphs (A)(i) and (A)(ii) and performance standards and other requirements for reapproval developed by the Secretary under paragraph (6).

- (6) The Secretary, with respect to State systems, shall-
 - (A) develop performance standards, system requirements, and other conditions for approval for use in initially approving such State systems, and shall further develop written approval procedures for conducting reviews for initial approval, including specific criteria for assessing systems in operation to insure that all such performance standards and other requirements are met;
 - (B) by not later than October 1, 1980, develop an initial set of performance standards, system requirements, and other conditions for reapproval for use in reapproving or disapproving State systems, and shall further develop written reapproval procedures for conducting reviews for reapproval, including specific criteria for reassessing systems operations over a period of at least six months during each fiscal year to insure that all such performance standards and other requirements are met on a continuo 3 basis;
 - (C) provide that reviews for reapproval, conducted before October 1, 1981, shall be for the purpose of developing a systems performance data base and assisting States to improve their systems, and that no per centum reduction shall be made under paragraph (4) on the basis of such a review;
 - (D) insure that review procedures, performance standards, and other requirements developed under subparagraph (B) are sufficiently flexible to allow for differing administrative needs among the States, and that such procedures, standards, and requirements are of a nature which will permit their use by the States for self-evaluation;
 - (E) notify all States of proposed procedures, standards, and other requirements at least one quarter prior to the fiscal year in which such procedures, standards, and other requirements will be used for conducting reviews for reapproval;
 - (F) periodically update the systems performance standards, system requirements, review criteria, objectives, regulations, and guides as the Secretary shall from time to time deem appropriate;
 - (G) provide technical assistance to States in the development and improvement of the systems so as to continually improve the capacity of such systems to effectively detect cases of fraud or abuse;
 - (H) for the purpose of insuring compatibility between the State systems and the systems utilized in the administration of title XVIII—
 - (i) develop a uniform identification coding system (to the extent feasible) for providers, other persons receiving payments under the State plans (approved under this title) or under title XVIII, and beneficiaries of medical services under such plans or title;

(ii) provide liaison between States and carriers and intermediaries having agreements under title XVIII to facilitate

timely exchange of appropriate data; and

(iii) improve the exchange of data between the States and the Secretary with respect to providers and other persons who have been terminated, suspended, or otherwise sanctioned under a State plan (approved under this title) or under title XVIII:

(I) develop and disseminate clear definitions of those types of reasonable costs relating to State systems which are reimbursable under the provisions of subsection (a) (3) of this section; and

(J) report on or before October 1, 1981, to the Congress on the extent to which States have developed and operated effective mechanized claims processing and information retrieval systems.

- (7) (A) The Secretary shall waive the provisions of this subsection with respect to initial operation and approval of mechanized claims processing and information retrieval systems with respect to any State which—
 - (i) had a 1976 population (as reported by the Bureau of the Census) of less than 1,000,000 and which made total expenditures (including Federal reimbursement) for which Federal financial participation is authorized under this title of less than \$100,000,000 in fiscal year 1976 (as reported by such State for such year), or

(ii) is a Commonwealth, or territory or possession, of the United

States

if such State reasonably demonstrates, and the Secretary does not formally disagree, that the application of such provisions would not significantly improve the efficiency of the administration of such State's

plan under this title.

(B) If the Secretary determines that the application of the provisions described in subparagraph (A) to a State would significantly improve the efficiency of the administration of the State's plan under this title, the Secretary may withdraw the State's waiver under subparagraph (A) and, in such case, the Secretary shall impose a timetable for such State with respect to compliance with the provisions of this subsection and the imposition of per centum reductions. Such-timetable shall be comparable to the timetable established under this subsection as to the amount of time allowed such State to comply and the timing of per centum reductions.

(8) (A) The per centum reductions provided for under this subsection shall not apply to a State for any quarter with respect to which the Secretary determines that such State is unable to comply with

the relevant requirements of this subsection-

- (i) for good cause (but such a waiver may not be for a period in excess of 2 quarters), or
 - (ii) due to circumstances beyond the control of such State.
- (B) If the Secretary determines under subparagraph (A) that such a reduction will not apply to a State, the Secretary shall report to the Congress on the basis for each such determination and on the modification of all time limitations and deadlines as described in subparagraph (C).
- (C) For purposes of determining all time limitations and deadlines imposed under this subsection, any time period during which a State was found under subparagraph (A) (ii) to be unable to comply with requirements of this subsection due to circumstances beyond its control shall not be taken into account, and the Secretary shall modify all such time limitations and deadlines with respect to such State accordingly.¹
- (s)(1)(A) Notwithstanding any other provision of this section (except as otherwise provided in this subsection), the amount of payments which a State is otherwise entitled to receive under this title for any quarter in—
 - (i) fiscal year 1982, shall be reduced by 3 percent,
 - (ii) fiscal year 1983, shall be reduced by 4 percent, and
- (iii) fiscal year 1984, shall be reduced by 4.5 percent, of the amount to which the State is otherwise entitled (without regard to payments under subsections (a) (6) and (t), without regard to payments for claims relating to expenditures made for medical assistance for services received through a facility of the Indian Health Service, and without regard to payments for claims relating to expenditures made before fiscal year 1982).
- (Bano reduction may be made under subparagraph (A) for a quarter unless, as of the first day of the quarter, the Secretary has promulgated and has in effect final regulations (on an interim or other basis) implementing paragraphs (10) (C) and (18) (A) of section 1902(a) (as amended by the Medicare and Medicaid Amendments of 1981).
- (C) For purposes of this paragraph, the term "State" only includes the fifty States and the District of Columbia and does not include any State which did not have a program in operation under a plan approved under this title of July 1, 1981.
- (2) The percentage reduction imposed by paragraph (1) for a State for a quarter shall be reduced—
 - (A) by one percentage point if the State has a qualified hospital cost review program (described in paragraph (3)) for the quarter,
 - (B) by one percentage point if the State has a high unemployment rate (as determined under paragraph (4)) for the quarter, and

¹ Subsec. (r) was added by sec. 901 of P.L. 96-898.

Subsec. (s) (1) was amended by sec. 187(15) (A), (B), and (C) of P.L. 97-248.

- (C) by one percentage point if the total amount of the State's third party and fraud and abuse recoveries (as defined in paragraph (5)(A)) for the previous quarter is equal to or exceeds one percent of the amount of Federal payments that the Secretary estimates are due the State under this title for that previous quarter (without regard to payments under subsection (t)).
- (3) For purposes of paragraph (2)(A), a State has a qualified hospital cost review program for a calendar quarter if such program meets the following requirements:
 - (A) The program must have been established by statute and in effect on July 1, 1981, and at the beginning of the quarter.
 - (B) The program must be operated directly by the State and must apply (i) to substantially all nonfederal acute care hospitals (as defined by the Secretary) in the State and (ii) to review of either all revenues or expenses for inpatient hospital services (other than revenues under title XVIII of this Act, unless approved by the Secretary) or at least 75 percent of all revenues or expenses for inpatient hospital services (including revenues under title XVIII of this Act).
 - (C) The State must provide the Secretary with satisfactory assurances as to the equitable treatment under the program of all entities (including Federal and State programs) that pay hospitals for inpatient hospital services, of hospital employees, and of hospital patients.
 - (D) The Secretary must determine that the annual rate of increase in aggregate hospital inpatient costs per capita or per admission (as defined by the Secretary) in the State during the most recent year (which shall consist of a 12-month period determined by the Secretary for this purpose) ending at least nine months before such quarter (or, at the State's option, during the 2- or 3year period ending with that year) is at least two percentage points less than the annual rate of increase during that year (or that period, as the case may be) in such costs per capita or per admission for hospitals located in the United States (excluding from such computation, with respect to any year in any period, any State which had in existence a qualified hospital cost review program (or, in the case of periods before January 1, 1982, had a hospital cost review program which the Secretary determines met for such periods the provisions of subparagraphs (A), (B). and (C) of this paragraph) during that entire year).1
- (4) (A) For purposes of paragraph (2) (B), a State has a high unemployment rate with respect to a quarter if the average of the monthly unemployment rates (as determined by the Bureau of Labor Statistics) for the State for the three months immediately before such

¹ Subpar. (D) was amended by sec. 187(b) (15) (D) (i), (ii), and (iii) of P.L. 97-248.

quarter is equal to or greater than 150 percent of the average of such rates for the United States for such months.

(B) For purposes of subparagraph (A) and paragraph (3) (D), the term "United States" only includes the fifty States and the District of Columbia.¹

(5) (A) For purposes of paragraph (2) (C), the term "third party and fraud and abuse recoveries" means, for a State for a previous

quarter-

(i) the total amount that State demonstrates to the Secretary that it has recovered or diverted (including amounts saved, to the extent such amounts can be documented to the satisfaction of the Secretary, by reason of the suspension or termination of a provider or other person for fraud or abuse, but only during the peiod of such suspension or termination or, if shorter, the 1-year period beginning on the date of such termination or suspension) in the quarter on the basis of (I) third-party payments (described in section 1902(a) (25)), (II) the operation of its State medicaid fraud control unit (defined in subsection (q)), and (III) other fraud or abuse control activities, plus

(ii) any amount carried forward from the previous quarter

under subparagraph (B).

Subclause (I) of clause (i) shall only apply to quarters during fiscal year 1982.

(B) If the total amount of the State's third party and fraud and abuse recoveries (defined in subparagraph (A)) for a quarter (beginning on or after October 1, 1981) exceeds one percent of the amount of Federal payments that the Secretary estimates are due the State under this title for that quarter (without regard to subsection (t)), the amount of such excess shall be carried forward to the following quarter or quarters for purposes of clause (ii) of subparagraph (A).23

(t) (1) The Secretary shall determine for each State (as defined in subsection (s) (1) (C)) for each of fiscal years 1982, 1988, and 1984, a target amount of Federal medicaid expenditures. Such target amount

for a State for fiscal year—

(A) 1982, is equal to 109 percent of the estimate (based upon the last such estimate for such State received by the Secretary before April 1, 1981) of the Federal share of expenditures under this title (other than payments under subsection (a) (6), interest paid under subsection (d) (5), and payments for claims relating to expenditures made for medical assistance for services received through a facility of the Indian Health Service, without taking into account reductions in payment under subsection (s) or additional payments under this subsection, and without regard to pay-

P.L. 97-85 subsec. (a) will be repealed as of Oct. 1, 1984.

¹ Subpar. (B) was amended by sec. 137(b) (15) (E) of P.L. 97-248.

Par. (5) was amended by sec. 187(b) (15) (F) and (27) of P.L. 97-248.

* Subsec. (s) was added by sec. 2161(a) of P.L. 97-85, and under sec. 2162(c) (1) of

ments for claims relating to expenditures made prior to October 1,

1980) in fiscal year 1981 for such State;

(B) 1983, is equal to the target amount determined under subparagraph (A) for the State increased or decreased by a percentage equal to the percentage increase or decrease (as the case may be) in the index of the medical care expenditure category of the Consumer Price Index for all urban consumers (U.S. city average) published by the Bureau of Labor Statistics for the 12-month period ending on September 30, 1983; and

(C) 1984, is equal to the target amount determined under subparagraph (A) for the State increased or decreased by a percentage equal to the percentage increase or decrease (as the case may be) in the index of the medical care expenditure category of the Consumer Price Index for all urban consumers (U.S. city average) published by the Bureau of Labor Statistics for the 24-

month period ending on September 80, 1984.

(2) Notwithstanding any other provision of this section (except as otherwise provided in this subsection), the amount of payments which a State (with a State plan approved under this title) is otherwise entitled to receive for the first quarter of any fiscal year (beginning with fiscal year 1983 and ending with fiscal year 1985) shall be supple-

mented by an amount equal to the lesser of-

(A) the amount by which the Secretary determines or estimates (subject to appropriate subsequent adjustments) the Federal share of expenditures under this title (other than payments under subsection (a) (6), interest paid under subsection (d) (5), and payments for claims relating to expenditures made for medical assistance for services received through a facility of the Indian Health Service, without taking into account reductions in payment under subsection (s) or payments under this subsection, without regard to payments for claims relating to expenditures made prior to October 1, 1980, and subject to paragraph (3) of this subsection) under the State's plan for the previous fiscal year was less than the target amount of Federal medicaid expenditures for that State for that fiscal year determined under paragraph (1), or

(B) the amount of the reductions imposed with respect to the State under subsection (s) for the quarters in the previous fiscal

year.

(3) Only for the purpose of computing under this subsection the Federal share of expenditures for a State for fiscal years 1982, 1983, and 1984 (in the case of the payment which may be made for the first quarter of fiscal years 1983, 1984, and 1985, respectively), the Federal medical assistance percentage for fiscal years 1982, 1983, and 1984 shall be the Federal medical assistance percentage for States in

effect for fiscal year 1981, disregarding any change in such percentage

after fiscal year 1981.1

- (u) (1) (A) Notwithstanding subsection (a) (1), if the ratio of a State's erroneous excess payments for medical assistance (as defined in subparagraph (D)) to its total expenditures for medical assistance under the State plan approved under this title exceeds 0.03, for the period consisting of the third and fourth quarters of fiscal year 1983, or for any full fiscal year thereafter, then the Secretary shall make no payment for such period or fiscal year with respect to so much of such erroneous excess payments as exceeds such allowable error rate of 0.03.
- (B) The Secretary may waive, in certain limited cases, all or part of the reduction required under subparagraph (A) with respect to any State if such State is unable to reach the allowable error rate for a period or fiscal year despite a good faith effort by such State.
- (C) In estimating the amount to be paid to a State under subsection (d), the Secretary shall take into consideration the limitation on Federal financial participation imposed by subparagraph (A) and shall reduce the estimate he makes under subsection (d)(1), for purposes of payment to the State under subsection (d)(3), in light of any expected erroneous excess payments for medical assistance (estimated in accordance with such criteria, including sampling procedures, as he may prescribe and subject to subsequent adjustment, if necessary, under subsection (d)(2)).
- (D) (i) For purposes of this subsection, the term "erroneous excess payments for medical assistance" means the total of—
 - (I) payments under the State plan with respect to ineligible individuals and families, and
 - (II) overpayments on behalf of eligible individuals and families by reason of error in determining the amount of expenditures for medical care required of an individual or family as a condition of eligibility.
- (ii) In determining the amount of erroneous excess payments for medical assistance to an ineligible individual or family under clause (i) (I), if such ineligibility is the result of an error in determining the amount of the resources of such individual or family, the amount of the erroneous excess payment shall be the smaller of (I) the amount of the payment with respect to such individual or family, or (II) the difference between the actual amount of such resources and the allowable resource level established under the State plan.
- (iii) In determining the amount of erroneous excess payments for medical assistance to an individual or family under clause (i) (II), the

¹Subsec. (t) was added by sec. 2161(b) of P.L. 97-35, amended by sec. 187(b) (16) (A), (B), (C), (D), and (E) of P.L. 97-248, and under sec. 2161(c) (2) subsec. (t) will be repealed as of June 1, 1985.

amount of the erroneous excess payment shall be the smaller of (I) the amount of the payment on behalf of the individual or family, or (II) the difference between the actual amount incurred for medical care by the individual or family and the amount which should have been incurred in order to establish eligibility for medical assistance.

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(E) For purposes of subparagraph (D), there shall be excluded, in determining both erroneous excess payments for medical assistance

and total expenditures for medical assistance—

(i) payments with respect to any individual whose cligibility therefor was determined exclusively by the Secretary under an agreement pursuant to section 1684 and such other classes of individuals as the Secretary may by regulation prescribe whose eligibility was determined in part under such an agreement; and

(ii) payments made as the result of a technical error.

- (2) The State agency administering the plan approved under this title shall, at such times and in such form as the Secretary may specify, provide information on the rates of erroneous excess payments made (or expected, with respect to future periods specified by the Secretary) in connection with its administration of such plan, together with any other data he requests that are reasonably necessary for him to carry out the provisions of this subsection.
- (3) (A) If a State fails to cooperate with the Secretary in providing information necessary to carry out this subsection, the Secretary, directly or through contractual or such other arrangements as he may find appropriate, shall establish the error rates for that State on the basis of the best data reasonably available to him and in accordance with such techniques for sampling and estimating as he finds appropriate.
- (B) In any case in which it is necessary for the Secretary to exercise his authority under subparagraph (A) to determine a State's error rates for a fiscal year, the amount that would otherwise be payable to such State under this title for quarters in such year shall be reduced by the costs incurred by the Secretary in making (directly or otherwise) such determination.
- (4) This subsection shall not apply with respect to Puerto Rico, Guam, the Virgin Islands, the Northern Mariana Islands, or American Samoa.¹

Operation of State Plans

Sec. 1904. If the Secretary, after reasonable notice and opportunity for hearing to the State agency administering or supervising the administration of the State plan approved under this title, finds—

(1) that the plan has been so changed that it no longer complies with the provisions of section 1902; or

¹ Subsec. (u) was added by sec. 188(a) of P.L. 97-248.

(2) that in the administration of the plan there is a failure to comply substantially with any such provision;

the Secretary shall notify such State agency that further payments will not be made to the State (or, in his discretion, that payments will be limited to categories under or parts of the State plan not affected by such failure), until the Secretary is satisfied that there will no longer be any such failure to comply. Until he is so satisfied he shall make no further payments to such State (or shall limit payments to categories under or parts of the State plan not affected by such failure).

Definitions

Sec. 1905. For purposes of this title—

- (a) The term "medical assistance" means payment of part or all of the cost of the following care and services (if provided in or after the third month before the month in which the recipient makes application for assistance) for individuals, and, with respect to physicians' or dentists' services, at the option of the State, to individuals (other than individuals with respect to whom there is being paid, or who are eligible, or would be eligible if they were not in a medical institution, to have paid with respect to them a State supplementary payment and are eligible for medical assistance equal in amount, duration, and scope to the medical assistance made available to individuals described in section 1909(a) (10) (A)) not receiving aid or assistance under any plan of the State approved under title I, X, XIV, or XVI, or part A of title IV, and with respect to whom supplemental security income benefits are not being paid under title XVI, who are
 - (i) under the age of 21, or, at the option of the State, under the age of 20, 19, or 18 as the State may choose,¹
 - (ii) relatives specified in section 406(b)(1) with whom a child is living if such child is (or would, if needy, be) a dependent child under part A of title IV,
 - (iii) 65 years of age or older,
 - (iv) blind, with respect to States eligible to participate in the State plan program established under title XVI,
 - (v) 18 years of age or older and permanently and totally disabled, with respect to States eligible to participate in the State plan program established under title XVI.
 - (vi) persons essential (as described in the second sentence of this subsection) to individuals receiving aid or assistance under State plans approved under title I, X, XIV, or XVI,
 - (vii) blind or disabled as defined in section 1614, with respect to States not eligible to participate in the State plan program established under title XVI, or

¹ Clause (i) was amended by sec. 2172(b) of P.L. 97-35 and sec. 187(b) (17) of P.L. 97-248, and clause (ii) was amended by sec. 2172(b) of P.L. 97-85.

- (viii) pregnant women 1 but whose income and resources are insufficient to meet all of such cost—
 - (1) inpatient hospital services (other than services in an institution for tuberculosis or mental diseases);
 - (2) (A) outpatient hospital services, and (B) consistent with State law permitting such services, rural health clinic services (as defined in subsection (1)) and any other ambulatory services which are offered by a rural health clinic (as defined in subsection (1)) and which are otherwise included in the plan; ²
 - (8) other laboratory and X-ray services;
 - (4) (A) skilled nursing facility services (other than services in an institution for tuberculosis or mental diseases) for individuals 21 years of age or older (B) effective July 1, 1969, such early and periodic screening and diagnosis of individuals who are eligible under the plan and are under the age of 21 to ascertain their physical or mental defects, and such health care, treatment, and other measures to correct or ameliorate defects and chronic conditions discovered thereby, as may be provided in regulations of the Secretary; and (C) family planning services and supplies furnished (directly or under arrangements with others) to individuals of child-bearing age (including minors who can be considered to be sexually active) who are eligible under the State plan and who desire such services and supplies;
 - (5) physicians' services furnished by a physician (as defined in section 1861(r)(1)), whether furnished in the office, the patient's home, a hospital, or a skilled nursing facility, or elsewhere;
 - (6) medical care, or any other type of remedial care recognized under State law, furnished by licensed practitioners within the scope of their practice as defined by State law;
 - (7) home health care services;
 - (8) private duty nursing services;
 - (9) clinic services;
 - (10) dental services;
 - (11) physical therapy and related services;
 - (12) prescribed drugs, dentures, and prosthetic devices; and eyeglasses prescribed by a physician skilled in diseases of the eye or by an optometrist, whichever the individual may select;
 - (13) other diagnostic, screening, preventive, and rehabilitative services;
 - (14) inpatient hospital services, skilled nursing facility services, and intermediate care facility services for individuals 65

¹ Clause (viii) was added by sec. 187(b) (18) of P.L. 97-248.
⁹ Par. (2) was amended by sec. 2(a) of P.L. 95-210.

years of age or over in an institution for tuberculosis or mental diseases:

- (15) intermediate care facility services (other than such services in an institution for tuberculosis or mental diseases) for individuals who are determined, in accordance with section 1902 (a)(31)(A), to be in need of such care;
- (16) effective January 1, 1978, inpatient psychiatric hospital services for individuals under age 21, as defined in subsection (h);
- (17) services furnished by a nurse-midwife (as defined in subsection (m)) which he is legally authorized to perform under State law (or the State regulatory mechanism provided by State law), whether or not he is under the supervision of, or associated with, a physician or other health care provider; and ¹
- (18) any other medical care, and any other type of remedial care recognized under State law, specified by the Secretary; except as otherwise provided in paragraph (16), such term does not include—
 - (A) any such payments with respect to care or services for any individual who is an inmate of a public institution (except as a patient in a medical institution); or
- (B) any such payments with respect to care or services for any individual who has not attained 65 years of age and who is a patient in an institution for tuberculosis or mental diseases. For purposes of clause (vi) of the preceding sentence, a person shall be considered essential to another individual if such person is the spouse of and is living with such individual, the needs of such person are taken into account in determining the amount of aid or assistance furnished to such individual (under a State plan approved under title I, X, XIV, or XVI), and such person is determined, under such a State plan, to be essential to the well being of such individual.
- (b) The term "Federal medical assistance percentage" for any State shall be 100 per centum less the State percentage; and the State percentage shall be that percentage which bears the same ratio to 45 per centum as the square of the per capita income of such State bears to the square of the per capita income of the continental United States (including Alaska) and Hawaii; except that (1) the Federal medical assistance percentage shall in no case be less than 50 per centum or more than 83 per centum, and (2) the Federal medical assistance percentage for Puerto Rico, the Virgin Islands, and Guam, the Northern Mariana Islands, and American Samoa shall be 50 per centum. The Federal medical assistance percentage for any State shall be determined and promulgated in accordance with the provisions of

¹ Par. (17) was added (and former (17) was redesignated as (18)) by sec. 965(a) (1) of P.L. 96-499 effective July 1, 1981. See sec. 965(c), in excerpts from P.L. 96-499, for deferred effective date for States requiring legislation.

subparagraph (B) of section 1101(a) (8). Notwithstanding the first sentence of this section, the Federal medical assistance percentage shall be 100 per centum with respect to amounts expended as medical assistance for services which are received through an Indian Health Service facility whether operated by the Indian Health Service or by an Indian tribe or tribal organization (as defined in section 4 of the Indian Health Care Improvement Act).¹

(c) For purposes of this title the term "intermediate care facility" means an institution which (1) is licensed under State law to provide, on a regular basis, health-related care and services to individuals who do not require the degree of care and treatment which a hospital or skilled nursing facility is designed to provide, but who because of their mental or physical condition require care and services (above the level of room and board) which can be made available to them only through institutional facilities, (2) meets such standards prescribed by the Secretary as he finds appropriate for the proper provision of such care, (3) meets such standards of safety and sanitation as are established under regulation of the Secretary in addition to those applicable to nursing homes under State law, and (4) meets the requirements of section 1861(j)(14) with respect to protection of patients' personal funds. The term "intermediate care facility" also includes any skilled nursing facility or hospital which meets the requirements of the preceding sentence. The term "intermediate care facility" also includes a Christian Science sanatorium operated, or listed and certified, by the First Church of Christ, Scientist, Boston, Massachusetts, but only with respect to institutional services deemed appropriate by the State. The term "intermediate care facility" also includes any institution which is located in a State on an Indian reservation and is certified by the Secretary as meeting the requirements of clauses (2), (8), and (4) of this subsection and providing

_ 1.Subsec. (b) was amended by sec. 402(e) of P.L. 94-487, sec. 2162(a) (2) of P.L. 97-85, and sec. 186(c) of P.L. 97-248.

the care and services required under clause (1). With respect to services furnished to individuals under age 65, the term "intermediate care facility" shall not include, except as provided in subsection (d), any public institution or distinct part thereof for mental diseases or mental defects.¹

- (d) The term "intermediate care facility services" may include services in a public institution (or distinct part thereof) for the mentally retarded or persons with related conditions if—
 - (1) The primary purpose of such institution (or distinct part thereof) is to provide health or rehabilitative services for mentally retarded individuals and which meet such standards as may be prescribed by the Secretary;
 - (2) the mentally retarded individual with respect to whom a request for payment is made under a plan approved under this title is receiving active treatment under such a program; and
 - (8) the State or political subdivision responsible for the operation of such institution has agreed that the non-Federal expenditures in any calendar quarter prior to January 1, 1975, with respect to services furnished to patients in such institution (or distinct part thereof) in the State will not, because of payments made under this title, be reduced below the average amount expended for such services in such institution in the four quarters immediately preceding the quarter in which the State in which such institution is located elected to make such services available under its plan approved under this title.
- (e) In the case of any State the State plan of which (as approved under this title)—
 - (1) does not provide for the payment of services (other than services covered under section 1902(a)(12)) provided by an optometrist; but
 - (2) at a prior period did provide for the payment of services referred to in paragraph (1);
- the term "physicians' services" (as used in subsection (a) (5)) shall include services of the type which an optometrist is legally authorized to perform where the State plan specifically provides that the term "physicians' services", as employed in such plan, includes services of the type which an optometrist is legally authorized to perform, and shall be reimbursed whether furnished by a physician or an optometrist.
- (f) For purposes of this title, the term "skilled nursing facility services" means services which are or were required to be given an individual who needs or needed on a daily basis skilled nursing care (provided directly by or requiring the supervision of skilled nursing personnel) or other skilled rehabilitation services which as a practical

¹ Subsec. (c) was amended by secs. 8(a) and 8(b) of P.L. 95-293 and by sec. 6(h) of P.L. 96-478.

matter can only be provided in a skilled nursing facility on an inpatient basis.

- (g) If the State plan includes provision of chiropractors' services, such services include only—
 - (1) services provided by a chiropractor (A) who is licensed as such by the State and (B) who meets uniform minimum standards promulgated by the Secretary under section 1861(r)(5); and
 - (2) services which consist of treatment by means of manual manipulation of the spine which the chiropractor is legally authorized to perform by the State.
- (h) (1) For purposes of paragraph (16) of subsection (a), the term "inpatient psychiatric hospital services for individuals under age 21" includes only—
 - (A) inpatient services which are provided in an institution which is accredited as a psychiatric hospital by the Joint Commission on Accreditation of Hospitals;
 - (B) inpatient services which, in the case of any individual, (i) involve active treatment which meets such standards as may be prescribed in regulations by the Secretary, and (ii) a team, consisting of physicians and other personnel qualified to make determinations with respect to mental health conditions and the treatment thereof, has determined are necessary on an inpatient basis and can reasonably be expected to improve the condition, by reason of which such services are necessary, to the extent that eventually such services will no longer be necessary; and
 - (C) inpatient services which, in the case of any individual, are provided prior to (i) the date such individual attains age 21, or (ii) in the case of an individual who was receiving such services in the period immediately preceding the date on which he attained age 21, (I) the date such individual no longer requires such services, or (II) if earlier, the date such individual attains age 22; ¹
- (2) Such term does not include services provided during any calendar quarter under the State plan of any State if the total amount of the funds expended, during such quarter, by the State (and the political subdivisions thereof) from non-Federal funds for inpatient services included under paragraph (1), and for active psychiatric care and treatment provided on an outpatient basis for eligible mentally ill children, is less than the average quarterly amount of the funds expended, during the 4-quarter period ending December 31, 1971, by the State (and the political subdivisions thereof) from non-Federal funds for such services.

¹The clauses and subclauses in subpar. (C) were redesignated by sec. 187(f) of P.L. 97-248.

(i) For purposes of this title, the term "skilled nursing facility" also includes any institution which is located in a State on an Indian reservation and is certified by the Secretary as being a qualified skilled nursing facility by meeting the requirements of section 1861(j).

(j) The term "State supplementary payment" means any cash payment made by a State on a regular basis to an individual who is receiving supplemental security income benefits under title XVI or who would but for his income be eligible to receive such benefits, as assistance based on need in supplementation of such benefits (as determined by the Secretary), but only to the extent that such payments are made with respect to an individual with respect to whom supplemental security income benefits are payable under title XVI, or would but for his income be payable under that title.

(k) Increased supplemental security income benefits payable pursuant to section 211 of Public Law 98-66 shall not be considered supplemental security income benefits payable under title XVI.

- (1) The terms "rural health clinic services" and "rural health clinic" have the meanings given such terms in section 1861(aa), except that (1) clause (ii) of section 1861 (aa) (2) shall not apply to such terms, and (2) the physician arrangement required under section 1861(aa) (2) (B) shall only apply with respect to rural health clinic services and, with respect to other ambulatory care services, the physician arrangement required shall be only such as may be required under the State plan for those services.1
- (m) The term "nurse-midwife" means a registered nurse who has successfully completed a program of study and clinical experience meeting guidelines prescribed by the Secretary, or has been certified by an organization recognized by the Secretary, and performs services in the area of management of the care of mothers and babies (throughout the maternity cycle) which he is legally authorized to perform in the State in which he performs such services.2

Sec. 1906. [Repealed.]

Observance of Keligious Beliefs

Sec. 1997. Nothing in this title shall be construed to require any State which has a plan approved under this title to compel any person to undergo any medical screening, examination, diagnosis, or treatment or to accept any other health care or services provided under such plan for any purpose (other than for the purpose of discovering and preventing the spread of infection or contagious disease or for the purpose of protecting environmental health), if such person objects (or, in case such person is a child, his parent or guardian objects) thereto on religious grounds.

Sub. (1) was added by sec. 2(b) of P.L. 95-210.
 Subsec. (m) was added by sec. 965(a) (2) of P.L. 96-499.

State Programs for Licensing of Administrators of Nursing Homes

Sec. 1908. (a) For purposes of section 1902(a) (29), a "State program for licensing of administrators of nursing homes" is a program which provides that no nursing home within the State may operate except under the supervision of an administrator licensed in the manner provided in this section.

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- (b) Licensing of nursing home administrators shall be carried out by the agency of the State responsible for licensing under the healing arts licensing act of the State, or, in the absence of such act or such an agency, a board representative of the professions and institutions concerned with care of chronically ill and infirm aged patients and established to carry out the purposes of this section.
 - (c) It shall be the function and duty of such agency or board to—
 - (1) develop, impose, and enforce standards which must be met by individuals in order to receive a license as a nursing home administrator, which standards shall be designed to insure that nursing home administrators will be individuals who are of good character and are otherwise suitable, and who, by training or experience in the field of institutional administration, are qualified to serve as nursing home administrators:
 - (2) develop and apply appropriate techniques, including examinations and investigations, for determining whether an individual meets such standards:
 - (8) issue licenses to individuals determined, after the application of such techniques, to meet such standards, and revoke or suspend licenses previously issued by the board in any case where the individual holding any such license is determined substantially to have failed to conform to the requirements of such standards;
 - (4) establish and carry out procedures designed to insure that individuals licensed as nursing home administrators will, during any period that they serve as such, comply with the requirements of such standards;
 - (5) receive, investigate, and take appropriate action with respect to, any charge or complaint filed with the board to the effect that any individual licensed as a nursing home administrator has failed to comply with the requirements of such standards; and
 - (6) conduct a continuing study and investigation of nursing homes and administrators of nursing homes within the State with a view to the improvement of the standards imposed for the licensing of such administrators and of procedures and methods for the enforcement of such standards with respect to administrators of nursing homes who have been licensed as such.
- (d) No State shall be considered to have failed to comply with the provisions of section 1902(a) (29) because the agency or board of such State (established pursuant to subsection (b)) shall have granted any waiver, with respect to any individual who, during all of the three calendar years immediately preceding the calendar year in which the requirements prescribed in section 1902(a) (29) are first met by the State, has served as a nursing home administrator, of any of the stand-

ards developed, imposed, and enforced by such agency or board pursuant to subsection (c).

- (e) As used in this section, the term-
 - (1) "nursing home" means any institution or facility defined as such for licensing purposes under State law, or, if State law does not employ the term nursing home, the equivalent term or terms as determined by the Secretary, but does not include a Christian Science sanatorium operated, or listed and certified, by the First Church of Christ, Scientist, Boston, Massachusetts; and
 - (2) "nursing home administrator" means any individual who is charged with the general administration of a nursing home whether or not such individual has an ownership interest in such home and whether or not his functions and duties are shared with one or more other individuals.

Penalties 1

Sec. 1909. (a) Whoever-

- (1) knowingly and willfully makes or causes to be made any false statement or representation of a material fact in any application for any benefit or payment under a State plan approved under this title,
- (2) at any time knowingly and willfully makes or causes to be made any false statement or representation of a material fact for use in determining rights to such benefit or payment,
- (3) having knowledge of the occurrence of any event affecting (A) his initial or continued right to any such benefit or payment, or (B) the initial or continued right to any such benefit or payment of any other individual in whose behalf he has applied for or is receiving such benefit or payment, conceals or fails to disclose such event with an intent fraudulently to secure such benefit or payment either in a greater amount or quantity than is due or when no such benefit or payment is authorized, or
- (4) having made application to receive any such benefit or payment for the use and benefit of another and having received it, knowingly and willfully converts such benefit or payment or any part thereof to a use other than for the use and benefit of such other person,
- shall (i) in the case of such a statement, representation, concealment, failure, or conversion by any person in connection with the furnishing (by that person) of items or services for which payment is or may be made under this title, be guilty of a felony and upon conviction thereof fined not more than \$25,000 or imprisoned for not more than five years

¹ Section 1909 was amended in its entirety by sec. 4(b) of Public Law 95-142.

or both, or (ii) in the case of such a statement, representation, concealment, failure, or conversion by any other person, be guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction thereof fined not more than \$10,000 or imprisoned for not more than one year, or both. In addition, in any case where an individual who is otherwise eligible for assistance under a State plan approved under this title is convicted of an offense under the preceding provisions of this subsection, the State may at its option (notwithstanding any other provision of this title or of such plan) limit, restrict, or suspend the eligibility of that individual for such period (not exceeding one year) as it deems appropriate; but the imposition of a limitation, restriction, or suspension with respect to the eligibility of any individual under this sentence shall not affect the eligibility of any other person for assistance under the plan, regardless of the relationship between that individual and such other person.

(b) (1) Whoever knowingly and willfully solicits or receives any remuneration (including any kickback, bribe, or rebate) directly or

indirectly, overtly or covertly, in cash or in kind-

(A) in return for referring an individual to a person for the furnishing or arranging for the furnishing of any item or service for which payment may be made in whole or in part under this title, or

(B) in return for purchasing, leasing, ordering, or arranging for or recommending purchasing, leasing, or ordering any good, facility, service, or item for which payment may be made in whole or in part under this title,

shall be guilty of a felony and upon conviction thereof, shall be fined not more than \$25,000 or imprisoned for not more than five years, or both.

(2) Whoever knowingly and willfully offers or pays any remuneration (including any kickback, bribe, or rebate) directly or indirectly, overtly or covertly, in cash or in kind to any person to induce such person—

(A) to refer an individual to a person for the furnishing or arranging for the furnishing of any item or service for which payment may be made in whole or in part under this title, or

(B) to purchase, lease, order, or arrange for or recommend purchasing, leasing, or ordering any good, facility, service, or item for which payment may be made in whole or in part under this title,

shall be guilty of a felony and upon conviction thereof, shall be fined not more than \$25,000 or imprisoned for not more than five years, or both.

(8) Paragraphs (1) and (2) shall not apply to—

¹ Par. (1) and (2) were amended by sec. 917 of P.L. 96–499.

- (A) a discount or other reduction in price obtained by a provider of services or other entity under this title if the reduction in price is properly disclosed and appropriately reflected in the costs claimed or charges made by the provider or entity under this title; and
- (B) any amount paid by an employer to an employee (who has a bona fide employment relationship with such employer) for employment in the provision of covered items or services.
- (c) Whoever knowingly and willfully makes or causes to be made, or induces or seeks to induce the making of, any false statement or representation of a material fact with respect to the conditions or operation of any institution or facility in order that such institution or facility may qualify (either upon initial certification or upon recertification) as a hospital, skilled nursing facility, intermediate care facility, or home health agency (as those terms are employed in this title) shall be guilty of a felony and upon conviction thereof shall be fined not more than \$25,000 or imprisoned for not more than five years, or both.
 - (d) Whoever knowingly and willfully-
 - (1) charges, for any service provided to a patient under a State plan approved under this title, money or other consideration at a rate in excess of the rates established by the State, or
 - (2) charges, solicits, accepts, or receives, in addition to any amount otherwise required to be paid under a State plan approved under this title, any gift, money, donation, or other consideration (other than a charitable, religious, or philanthropic contribution from an organization or from a person unrelated to the patient)—
 - (A) as a precondition of admitting a patient to a hospital, skilled nursing facility, or intermediate care facility, or
 - (B) as a requirement for the patient's continued stay in such a facility,

when the cost of the services provided therein to the patient is paid for (in whole or in part) under the State plan,

shall be guilty of a felony and upon conviction thereof shall be fined not more than \$25,000 or imprisoned for not more than five years, or both.

Certification and Approval of Skilled Nursing Facilities and of Rural Health Clinics 1

Sec. 1910. (a) (1) Whenever the Secretary certifies an institution in a State to be qualified as a skilled nursing facility under title XVIII, such institution shall be deemed to meet the standards for certification as a skilled nursing facility for purposes of section 1902(a) (28).

(2) The Secretary shall notify the State agency administering the medical assistance plan of his approval or disapproval of any institution which has applied for certification by him as a qualified skilled nursing facility.

(b) (1) Whenever the Secretary certifies a facility in a State to be qualified as a rural health clinic under title XVIII, such facility shall be deemed to meet the standards for certification as a rural health clinic for purposes of providing rural health clinic services under this title.

(2) The Secretary shall notify the State agency administering the medical assistance plan of his approval or disapproval of any facility in that State which has applied for certification by him as a qualified rural health clinic.

(c) (1) The Secretary may cancel approval of any skilled nursing or intermediate care facility at any time if he finds on the basis of a determination made by him as provided in section 1902(a) (33) (B) that a facility fails to meet the requirements contained in section 1902(a) (28) or section 1905(c), or if he finds grounds for termination of his agreement with the facility pursuant to section 1866(b). In that event the Secretary shall notify the State agency and the skilled nursing facility or intermediate care facility that approval of eligibility of the facility to participate in the programs established by this title and title XVIII shall be terminated at a time specified by the Secretary. The approval of eligibility of any such facility to participate in such programs may not be reinstated unless the Secretary finds that the reason for termination has been removed and there is reasonable assurance that it will not recur.

(2) Any skilled nursing facility or intermediate care facility which is dissatisfied with a determination by the Secretary that it no longer qualifies as a skilled nursing facility or intermediate care facility for purposes of this title, shall be entitled to a hearing by the Secretary to the same extent as is provided in section 205(b) and to judicial review of the Secretary's final decision after such hearing as is provided in section 205(g). Any agreement between such facility and the State agency shall remain in effect until the period for filing a request for a hearing has expired or, if a request has been filed, until a decision has been made by the Secretary; except that the agreement shall not be extended if the Secretary makes a written determination, specifying the reasons therefor, that the continuation of provider status constitutes

¹ Sec. 1910 was amended by sec. 2(d) of P.L. 95-210.

an immediate and serious threat to the health and safety of patients, and the Secretary certifies that the facility has been notified of its deficiencies and has failed to correct them.

Indian Health Service Facilities:

- Sec. 1911. (a) A facility of the Indian Health Service (including a hospital, intermediate care facility, or skilled nursing facility), whether operated by such Service or by an Indian tribe or tribal organization (as those terms are defined in section 4 of the Indian Health Care Improvement Act), shall be eligible for reimbursement for medical assistance provided under a State plan if and for so long as it meets all of the conditions and requirements which are applicable generally to such facilities under this title.
- (b) Notwithstanding subsection (a), a facility of the Indian Health Service (including a hospital, intermediate care facility, or skilled nursing facility) which does not meet all of the conditions and requirements of this title which are applicable generally to such facility, but which submits to the Secretary within six months after the date of the enactment of this section an acceptable plan for achieving compliance with such conditions and requirements, shall be deemed to meet such conditions and requirements (and to be eligible for reimbursement under this title), without regard to the extent of its actual compliance with such conditions and requirements, during the first twelve months after the month in which such plan is submitted.

Assignment of Rights of Payment'

Sec. 1912. (a) For the purpose of assisting in the collection of medical support payments and other payments for medical care owed to recipients of medical assistance under the State plan approved under this title, a State plan for medical assistance may—

(1) provide that, as a condition of eligibility for medical assistance under the State plan to an individual who has the legal capacity to execute an assignment for himself, the individual is required—

(A) to assign the State any rights, of the individual or of any other person who is eligible for medical assistance under this title and on whose behalf the individual has the legal authority to execute an assignment of such rights, to support (specified as support for the purpose of medical care by a court or administrative order) and to payment for medical care from any third party; and

¹ Subsec. (c) was added by sec. 916(b) (2) of P.L. 96-499.

² Sec. 1911 was added by sec. 402(a) of P.L. 94-487 subject to the conditions specified in sec. 402(b)-402(d) of that act which are printed in this document on page 75%.

^{*} Sec. 1912 was added by sec. 11(b) of P.L. 95-142.

- (B) to cooperate with the State (i) in establishing the paternity of such person (referred to in subparagraph (A)) if the person is a child born out of wedlock, and (ii) in obtaining support and payments (described in subparagraph (A)) for himself and for such person, unless (in either case) the individual is found to have good cause for refusing to cooperate as determined by the State agency in accordance with standards prescribed by the Secretary, which standards shall take into consideration the best interests of the individuals involved; and
- (2) provide for entering into cooperative arrangements (including financial arrangements), with any appropriate agency of any State (including, with respect to the enforcement and collection of rights of payment for medical care by or through a parent, with a State's agency established or designated under section 454(8)) and with appropriate courts and law enforcement officials, to assist the agency or agencies administering the State plan with respect to (A) the enforcement and collection of rights to support or payment assigned under this section and (B) any other matters of common concern.
- (b) Such part of any amount collected by the State under an assignment made under the provisions of this section shall be retained by the State as is necessary to reimburse it for medical assistance payments made on behalf of an individual with respect to whom such assignment was executed (with appropriate reimbursement of the Federal Government to the extent of its participation in the financing of such medical assistance), and the remainder of such amount collected shall be paid to such individual.

Hospital Providers of Skilled Nursing and Intermediate Care Services ¹

- Sec. 1913. (a) Notwithstanding any other provision of this title, payment may be made, in accordance with this section, under a State plan approved under this title for skilled nursing facility services and intermediate care facility services furnished by a hospital which has in effect an agreement under section 1883.
- (b) (1) Payment to any such hospital, for any skilled nursing or intermediate care facility services furnished pursuant to subsection (a), shall be at a rate equal to the average rate per patient-day paid for routine services during the previous calendar year under the State plan to skilled nursing and intermediate care facilities, respectively, located in the State in which the hospital is located. The reasonable cost of ancillary services shall be determined in the same

¹ Sec. 1918 was added by sec. 904(b) of P.L. 96-499 effective upon promulgation of final regulations not later than June 1, 1981. See sec. 904(c), in excerpts from P.L. 96-499, for evaluation requirement.

manner as the reasonable cost of ancillary services provided for inpatient hospital services.

(2) With respect to any period for which a hospital has an agreement under section 1883, in order to allocate routine costs between hospital and long-term care services, the total reimbursement for routine services due from all classes of long-term care patients (including title XVIII, title XIX, and private pay patients) shall be subtracted from the hospital total routine costs before calculations are made to determine reimbursement for routine hospital services under the State plan.

Withholding of Federal Share of Payments for Certain Medicare Providers 1

Sec. 1914. (a) The Secretary may adjust, in accordance with this section, the Federal matching payment to a State with respect to expenditures for medical assistance for care or services furnished in any quarter by—

- (1) an institution (A) which has or previously had in effect an agreement with the Secretary under section 1866; and (B)(i) from which the Secretary has been unable to recover overpayments made under title XVIII, or (ii) from which the Secretary has been unable to collect the information necessary to enable him to determine the amount (if any) of the overpayments made to such institution under title XVIII; and
- (2) any person (A) who (i) has previously accepted payment on the basis of an assignment under section 1842(b)(3)(B)(ii), and (ii) during the annual period immediately preceding such quarter submitted no claims for payment under title XVIII, or submitted claims for payment under title XVIII which aggregated less than the amount of overpayments made to him, and (B)(i) from whom the Secretary has been unable to recover overpayments received in violation of the terms of such assignment, or (ii) from whom the Secretary has been unable to collect the information necessary to enable him to determine the amount (if any) of the overpayments made to such person under title XVIII.
- (b) The Secretary may (subject to the remaining provisions of this section) reduce payment to a State under this title for any quarter by an amount equal to the lesser of the Federal matching share of payments to any institution or person specified in subsection (a), or the total overpayments to such institution or person under title XVIII, and may require the State to reduce its payment to such institution or person by such amount.

¹ Sec. 1914 was added by sec. 905(d) of P.L. 96-499.

- (c) The Secretary shall not make any adjustment in the payment to a State, nor require any adjustment in the payment to an institution or person, pursuant to subsection (b) until after he has provided adequate notice (which shall be not less than 60 days) to the State agency and the institution or person.
- (d) The Secretary shall by regulation provide procedures for implementation of this section, which procedures shall (1) determine the amount of the Federal payment to which the institution or person would otherwise be entitled under this section which shall be treated as a setoff against overpayments under title XVIII, and (2) assure the restoration to the institution or person of amounts withheld under this section which are ultimately determined to be in excess of overpayments under title XVIII and to which the institution or person would otherwise be entitled under this title.
- (e) The Secretary shall restore to the trust funds established under sections 1817 and 1841, as appropriate, amounts recovered under this section as setoffs against overpayments under title XVIII.
- (f) Notwithstanding any other provision of this title, an institution or person shall not be entitled to recover from any State any amount in payment for medical care and services under this title which is withheld by the State agency pursuant to an order by the Secretary under subsection (b).

Provisions Respecting Inapplicability and Waiver of Certain Requirements of this Title ¹

Sec. 1915. (a) A State shall not be deemed to be out of compliance with the requirements of paragraphs (1), (10), or (23) of section 1902 (a) solely by reason of the fact that the State (or any political subdivision thereof)—

(1) has entered into-

- (A) a contract with an organization which has agreed to provide care and services in addition to those offered under the State plan to individuals eligible for medical assistance who reside in the geographic area served by such organization and who elect to obtain such care and services from such organization, or by reason of the fact that the plan provides for payment for rural health clinic services only if those services are provided by a rural health clinic; or
- (B) arrangements through a competitive bidding process or otherwise for the purchase of laboratory services referred to in section 1905(a)(3) or medical devices if the Secretary has found that—
 - (i) adequate services or devices will be available under such arrangements, and

¹Sec. 1915 was added by sec. 2175(b) of P.L. 97-85 and amended by secs. 2176 and 2177 of P.L. 97-85.

- (ii) any such laboratory services will be provided only through laboratories—
 - (I) which meet the applicable requirements of section 1861(e)(9) or paragraphs (11) and (12) of section 1861(s), and such additional requirements as the Secretary may require, and
 - (II) no more than 75 percent of whose charges for such services are for services provided to individuals who are entitled to benefits under this title or under part A or part B of title XVIII; or

(2) restricts—

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- (A) for a reasonable period of time the provider or providers from which an individual (eligible for medical assistance for items or services under the State plan) can receive such items or services, if the State has found, after notice and opportunity for a hearing (in accordance with procedures established by the State), that the individual has utilized such items or services at a frequency or amount not medically necessary (as determined in accordance with utilitization guidelines established by the State), or
- (B) (through suspension or otherwise) for a reasonable period of time the participation of a provider of items or services under the State plan, if the State has found, after notice and opportunity for a hearing (in accordance with procedures established by the State), that the provider has (in a significant number or proportion of cases) provided such items or services either (i) at a frequency or amount not medically necessary (as determined in accordance with utilization guidelines established by the State), or (ii) of a quality which does not meet professionally recognized standards of health care,

if, under such restriction, individuals eligible for medical assistance for such services have reasonable access (taking into account geographic location and reasonable travel time) to such services of adequate quality.

(b) The Secretary, to the extent he finds it to be cost-effective and efficient and not inconsistent with the purpose of this title, may waive such requirements of section 1902 as may be necessary for a State—

(1) to implement a primary care case-management system or a specialty physician services arrangement which restricts the provider from (or through) whom an individual (eligible for medical assistance under this title) can obtain medical care services (other than in emergency circumstances), if such restriction does not substantially impair access to such services of adequate quality where medically necessary.

- (2) to allow a locality to act as a central broker in assisting individuals (eligible for medical assistance under this title) in selecting among competing health care plans, if such restriction does not substantially impair access to services of adequate quality where medically necessary,
- (3) to share (through provision of additional services) with recipients of medical assistance under the State plan cost savings resulting from use by the recipient of more cost-effective medical care, and
- (4) to restrict the provider from (or through) whom an individual (eligible for medical assistance under this title) can obtain services (other than in emergency circumstances) to providers or practitioners who undertake to provide such services and who meet, accept, and comply with the reimbursement, quality, and utilization standards under the State plan, which standards are consistent with access, quality, and efficient and economic provision of covered care and services, if such restriction does not discriminate among classes of providers on grounds unrelated to their demonstrated effectiveness and efficiency in providing those services.¹
- (c) (1) The Secretary may by waiver provide that a State plan approved under this part may include as "medical assistance" under such plan payment for part or all of the cost of home or community-based services (other than room and board) approved by the Secretary which are provided pursuant to a written plan of care to individuals with respect to whom there has been a determination that but for the provision of such services the individuals would require the level of care provided in a skilled nursing facility or intermediate care facility the cost of which could be reimbursed under the State plan.
- (2) A waiver shall not be granted under this subsection unless the State provides assurances satisfactory to the Secretary that—
 - (A) necessary safeguards (including adequate standards for provider participation) have been taken to protect the health and welfare of individuals provided services under the waiver and to assure financial accountability for funds expended with respect to such services:
 - (B) the State will provide, with respect to individuals who-
 - (i) are entitled to medical assistance for skilled nursing facility or intermediate care facility services under the State plan,
 - (ii) may require such services, and
 - (iii) may be eligible for such home or community-based care under such waiver,

for an evaluation of the need for such services;

¹ Subsec. (b) was amended by sec. 137(b) (19)(A) and (20) (A) and (B) of P.I.. 97-248.

- (C) such individuals who are determined to be likely to require the level of care provided in a skilled nursing facility or intermediate care facility are informed of the feasible alternatives, if available under the waiver, at the choice of such individuals, to the provision of skilled nursing facility or intermediate facility services;
- (D) under such waiver the average per capita expenditure estimated by the State in any fiscal year for medical assistance provided with respect to such individuals does not exceed the average per capita expenditure that the State reasonably estimates would have been made in that fiscal year for expenditures under the State plan for such individuals if the waiver had not been granted; and

(E) the State will provide to the Secretary annually, consistent with a data collection plan designed by the Secretary, information on the impact of the waiver granted under this subsection on the type and amount of medical assistance provided under the State plan and on the health and welfare of recipients.

- (3) A waiver granted under this subsection may include a waiver of the requirements of section 1902 (a) (1) (relating to statewideness) and section 1902(a) (10). A waiver under this subsection shall be for an initial term of three years and, upon the request of a State, shall be extended for additional three-year periods unless the Secretary determines that for the previous three-year period the assurances provided under paragraph (2) have not been met.
- (4) A waiver granted under this subsection may, consistent with paragraph (2)—
 - (A) limit the individuals provided benefits under such waiver to individuals with respect to whom the State has determined that there is a reasonable expectation that the amount of medical assistance provided with respect to the individual under such waiver will not exceed the amount of such medical assistance provided for such individual if the waiver did not apply, and
 - (B) provide medical assistance to individuals (to the extent consistent with written plans of care, which are subject to the approval of the State) for case management services, homemaker/home health aide services and personal care services, adult day health services, habilitation services, respite care, and such other services requested by the State as the Secretary may approve.
- (d) No waiver under this section (other than a waiver under subsection (c)) may extend over a period of longer than two years unless the State requests continuation of such waiver, and such request shall be deemed granted unless the Secretary denies such request in writing within 90 days after the date of its submission to the Secretary.

¹ Subsec. (c) was amended by sec. 137(b) (21), (22), and (23) (A) and (B) of P.L. 97-248.

- (e) (1) The Secretary shall monitor the implementation of waivers granted under this section to assure that the requirements for such waiver are being met and shall, after notice and opportunity for a hearing, terminate any such waiver where he finds noncompliance has occurred.
- (2) The Secretary shall report, not later than September 30, 1984, to Congress on waivers granted under this section.
- (f) A request to the Secretary from a State for approval of a proposed State plan or plan amendment or a waiver of a requirement of this title submitted by the State pursuant to a provision of this title shall be deemed granted unless the Secretary, within 90 days after the date of its submission to the Secretary, either denies such request in writing or informs the State agency in writing with respect to any additional information which is needed in order to make a final determination with respect to the request. After the date the Secretary receives such additional information, the request shall be deemed granted unless the Secretary, within 90 days of such date, denies such request.1

Use of Enrollment Fees, Premiums, Deductions, Cost Sharing, and Similar Charges²

Sec. 1916. (a) The State plan shall provide that in the case of individuals described in section 1902(a) (10) (A) who are eligible under the plan-

(1) no enrollment fee, premium, or similar charge will be

imposed under the plan;

(2) no deduction, cost sharing or similar charge will be im-

posed under the plan with respect to-

(A) services furnished to individuals under 18 years of age (and, at the option of the State, individuals under 21, 20, or 19 years of age, or any reasonable category of individuals 18 years of age or over),

- (B) services furnished to pregnant women, if such services relate to the pregnancy or to any other medical condition which may complicate the pregnancy (or, at the option of the State, any services furnished to pregnant women),
- (C) services furnished to any individual who is an inpatient in a hospital, skilled nursing facility, intermediate care facility, or other medical institution, if such individual is required, as a condition of receiving services in such institution under the State plan, to spend for costs of medical care all but a minimal amount of his income required for personal needs, or

² Sec. 1916 was added by sec. 181(b) of P.L. 97-248.

¹ Subsec. (f) was amended by sec. 137(b)(25) of P.L. 97-248.

- (D) emergency services (as defined by the Secretary), family planning services and supplies described in section 1905(a)(4)(C), or services furnished to such an individual by a health maintenance organization (as defined in section 1903(m)) in which he is enrolled; and
- (3) any deduction, cost sharing, or similar charge imposed under the plan with respect to other such individuals or other care and services will be nominal in amount (as determined by the Secretary in regulations which shall, if the definition of "nominal" under the regulations in effect on July 1, 1982 is changed, take into account the level of cash assistance provided in such State and such other criteria as the Secretary determines to be appropriate); except that a deduction, cost-sharing, or similar charge of up to twice the nominal amount established for outpatient services may be imposed by a State under a waiver granted by the Secretary for services received at a hospital emergency room if the services are not emergency services (referred to in paragraph (2) (D)) and the State has established to the satisfaction of the Secretary that individuals eligible for services under the plan have actually available and accessible to them alternative sources of nonemergency, outpatient services.
- (b) The State plan shall provide that in the case of individuals other than those described in section 1902(a) (10) (A) who are eligible under the plan—
 - (1) there may be imposed an enrollment fee, premium, or similar charge, which (as determined in accordance with standards prescribed by the Secretary) is related to the individual's income,
 - (2) no deduction, cost sharing, or similar charge will be imposed under the plan with respect to—
 - (A) services furnished to individuals under 18 years of age (and, at the option of the State, individuals under 21, 20, or 19 years of age, or any reasonable category of individuals 18 years of age or over),
 - (B) services furnished to pregnant women, if such services relate to the pregnancy or to any other medical condition which may complicate the pregnancy (or, at the option of the State, any services furnished to pregnant women),
 - (C) services furnished to any individual who is an inpatient in a hospital, skilled nursing facility, intermediate care facility, or other medical institution, if such individual is required, as a condition of receiving services in such institution under the State plan, to spend for costs of medical care all but a minimal amount of his income required for personal needs, or

- (D) emergency services (as defined by the Secretary), family planning services and supplies described in section 1905 (a) (4) (C), or (at the option of the State) services furnished to such an individual by a health maintenance organization (as defined in section 1903(m)) in which he is enrolled; and
- (3) any deduction, cost sharing, or similar charge imposed under the plan with respect to other such individuals or other care and services will be nominal in amount (as determined by the Secretary in regulations which shall, if the definition of "nominal" under the regulations in effect on July 1, 1982 is changed, take into account the level of cash assistance provided in such State and such other criteria as the Secretary determines to be appropriate): except that a deduction, cost-sharing. or similar charge of up to twice the nominal amount established for outpatient services may be imposed by a State under a waiver granted by the Secretary for services received at a hospital emergency room if the services are not emergency services (referred to in paragraph (2)(D)) and the State has established to the satisfaction of the Secretary that individuals eligible for services under the plan have actually available and accessible to them alternative sources of nonemergency, outpatient services.
- (c) The State plan shall require that no provider participating under the State plan may deny care or services to an individual eligible for such care or services under the plan on account of such individual's inability to pay a deduction, cost sharing, or similar charge. The requirements of this subparagraph shall not extinguish the liability of the individual to whom the care or services were furnished for payment of the deduction, cost sharing, or similar charge.
- (d) No deduction, cost sharing, or similar charge may be imposed under any waiver authority of the Secretary unless authorized under this section, unless such waiver is for a demonstration project which the Secretary finds after public notice and opportunity for comment—
 - (1) will test a unique and previously untested use of copayments,
 - (2) is limited to a period of not more than two years,
 - (3) will provide benefits to recipients of medical assistance which can reasonably be expected to be equivalent to the risks to the recipients,
 - (4) is based on a reasonable hypothesis which the demonstration is designed to test in a methodologically sound manner, including the use of control groups of similar recipients of medical assistance in the area, and
 - (5) in which participation is voluntary, or in which provision is made for assumption of liability for preventable damage to the health of recipients of medical assistance resulting from involuntary participation.

Liens, Adjustments and Recoveries, and Transfers of Assets 1

Sec. 1917. (a) (1) No lien may be imposed against the property of any individual prior to his death on account of medical assistance paid or to be paid on his behalf under the State plan, except—

(A) pursuant to the judgment of a court on account of benefits

incorrectly paid on behalf of such individual, or

(B) in the case of the real property of an individual—

- (i) who is an inpatient in a skilled nursing facility, intermediate care facility, or other medical institution, if such individual is required, as a condition of receiving services in such institution under the State plan, to spend for costs of medical care all but a minimal amount of his income required for personal needs, and
- (ii) with respect to whom the State determines, after notice and opportunity for a hearing (in accordance with procedures established by the State), that he cannot reasonably be expected to be discharged from the medical institution and to return home.

except as provided in paragraph (2).

(2) No lien may be imposed under paragraph (1) (B) on such individual's home if—

(A) the spouse of such individual,

- (B) such individual's child who is under age 21, or (with respect to States eligible to participate in the State program established under title XVI) is blind or permanently and totally disabled, or (with respect to States which are not eligible to participate in such program) is blind or disabled as defined in section 1614, or
- (C) a sibling of such individual (who has an equity interest in such home and who was residing in such individual's home for a period of at least one year immediately before the date of the individual's admission to the medical institution),

is lawfully residing in such home.

- (3) Any lien imposed with respect to an individual pursuant to paragraph (1) (B) shall dissolve upon that individual's discharge from the medical institution and return home.
- (b) (1) No adjustment or recovery of any medical assistance correctly paid on behalf of an individual under the State plan may be made, except—
 - (A) in the case of an individual described in subsection (a) (1) (B), from his estate or upon sale of the property subject to a lien imposed on account of medical assistance paid on behalf of such individual, and

¹ Sec. 1917 was added by sec. 132(b) of P.L. 97-248.

(B) in the case of any other individual who was 65 years of age or older when he received such assistance, from his estate.

(2) Any adjustment or recovery under paragraph (1) may be made only after the death of the individual's surviving spouse, if any, and only at a time—

- (A) when he has no surviving child who is under age 21, or (with respect to States eligible to participate in the State program established under title XVI) is blind or permanently and totally disabled, or (with respect to States which are not eligible to participate in such program) is blind or disabled as defined in section 1614; and
- (B) in the case of a lien on an individual's home under subsection (a) (1) (B), when—
 - (i) no sibling of the individual (who was residing in the individual's home for a period of at least one year immediately before the date of the individual's admission to the medical institution), and
 - (ii) no son or daughter of the individual (who was residing in the individual's home for a period of at least two years immediately before the date of the individual's admission to the medical institution, and who establishes to the satisfaction of the State that he or she provided care to such individual which permitted such individual to reside at home rather than in an institution),

is lawfully residing in such home and has lawfully resided in such home on a continuous basis since the date of the individual's admission to the medical institution.

- (c) (1) Notwithstanding any other provision of this title, an individual who would otherwise be eligible for medical assistance under the State plan approved under this title may be denied such assistance if such individual would not be eligible for such medical assistance but for the fact that he disposed of resources for less than fair market value. If the State plan provides for the denial of such assistance by reason of such disposal of resources, the State plan shall specify a procedure for implementing such denial which, except as provided in paragraph (2), is not more restrictive than the procedure specified in section 1613(c) of this Act, and which may provide for a waiver of denial of such assistance in any instance where the State determines that such denial would work an undue hardship.
- (2) (A) In any case where the uncompensated value of disposed of resources exceeds \$12,000, the State plan may provide for a period of ineligibility which exceeds 24 months. If a State plan provides for a period of ineligibility exceeding 24 months, such plan shall provide for the period of ineligibility to bear a reasonable relationship to such uncompensated value.

- (B) (i) In the case of any individual who is an inpatient in a skilled nursing facility, intermediate care facility, or other medical institution, if such individual is required, as a condition of receiving services in such institution under the State plan, to spend for costs of medical care all but a minimal amount of his income required for personal needs, and, who, at any time during or after the 24-month period immediately prior to application for medical assistance under the State plan, disposed of a home for less than fair market value, the State plan (subject to clause (iii)) may provide for a period of ineligibility for medical assistance in accordance with clause (ii).
- (ii) If the State plan provides for a period of ineligibility under clause (i), such plan—
 - (I) shall provide that such individual shall be ineligible for all medical assistance for a period of 24 months after the date on which he disposed of such home, except that, in the case where the uncompensated value of the home is less than the average amount payable under the State plan as medical assistance for 24 months of care in a skilled nursing facility, the period of incligibility shall be such shorter time as bears a reasonable relationship (based upon the average amount payable under the State plan as medical assistance for care in a skilled nursing facility) to the uncompensated value of the home, and
 - (II) may provide (at the option of the State) that, in the case where the uncompensated value of the home is more than the average amount payable under the State plan as medical assistance for 24 months of care in a skilled nursing facility, such individual shall be ineligible for all medical assistance for a period in excess of 24 months after the date on which he disposed of such home which bears a reasonable relationship (based upon the average amount payable under the State plan as medical assistance for care in a skilled nursing facility) to the uncompensated value of the home.
- (iii) An individual shall not be ineligible for medical assistance by reason of clause (ii) if—
 - (I) a satisfactory showing is made to the State (in accordance with any regulations promulgated by the Secretary) that the individual cannot reasonably be expected to be discharged from the medical institution and to return to that home,
 - (II) title to such home was transferred to the individual's spouse or child who is under age 21, or (with respect to States eligible to participate in the State program established under title XVI) is blind or permanently and totally disabled, or (with respect to States which are not eligible to participate in such program) is blind or disabled as defined in section 1614.

(III) a satisfactory showing is made to the State (in accordance with any regulations promulgated by the Secretary) that the individual intended to dispose of the home either at fair market value, or for other valuable consideration, or

(IV) if the State determines that denial of eligibility would

work an undue hardship.

(3) In any case where an individual is ineligible for medical assistance under the State plan solely because of the applicability to such individual of the provisions of section 1613(c), the State plan may provide for the eligibility of such individual for medical assistance under the plan if such individual would be so eligible if the State plan requirements with respect to disposal of resources applicable under paragraphs (1) and (2) of this subsection were applied in lieu of the provisions of section 1613(c).

TITLE XX—BLOCK GRANTS TO STATES FOR SOCIAL SERVICES 1

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Purposes of Title; Authorization of Appropriations

Sec. 2001. For the purposes of consolidating Federal assistance to States for social services into a single grant, increasing State flexibility in using social service grants, and encouraging each State, as far as practicable under the conditions in that State, to furnish services directed at the goals of—

- (1) achieving or maintaining economic self-support to prevent, reduce, or eliminate dependency;
- (2) achieving or maintaining self-sufficiency, including reduction or prevention of dependency;
- (3) preventing or remedying neglect, abuse, or exploitation of children and adults unable to protect their own interests, or preserving, rehabilitating or reuniting families;
- (4) preventing or reducing inappropriate institutional care by providing for community-based care, home-based care, or other forms of less intensive care; and
- (5) securing referral or admission for institutional care when other forms of care are not appropriate, or providing services to individuals in institutions,

there are authorized to be appropriated for each fiscal year such sums as may be necessary to carry out the purposes of this title.

Study of State Social Service Programs

Sec. 2355. The Secretary of Health and Human Services shall conduct a study to identify criteria and mechanisms which may be useful for the States in assessing the effectiveness and efficiency of the State social service programs carried out with funds made available under title XX of the Social Security Act. The study shall include consideration of Federal incentive payments as an option in rewarding States having high performance social service programs. The Secretary shall report the results of such study to the Congress within one year after the date of the enactment of this Act.

¹ Title XX was amended in its entirety by the Social Services Block Grant Act (Subtitle C of title XXIII of Public Law 97-35). Section 2355 of that Act provides as follows:

² This table of contents is not in the law.

Payments to States

- Sec. 2002. (a) (1) Each State shall be entitled to payment under this title for each fiscal year in an amount equal to its allotment for such fiscal year, to be used by such State for services directed at the goals set forth in section 2001, subject to the requirements of this title.
 - (2) For purposes of paragraph (1)—
 - (A) services which are directed at the goals set forth in section 2001 include, but are not limited to, child care services, protective services for children and adults, services for children and adults in foster care, services related to the management and maintenance of the home, day care services for adults, transportation services, family planning services, training and related services, employment services, information, referral, and counseling services, the preparation and delivery of meals, health support services and appropriate combinations of services designed to meet the special needs of children, the aged, the mentally retarded, the blind, the emotionally disturbed, the physically handicapped, and alcoholics and drug addicts; and
 - (B) expenditures for such services may include expenditures for—
 - (i) administration (including planning and evaluation),
 - (ii) personnel training and retraining directly related to the provision of those services (including both short- and long-term training at educational institutions through grants to such institutions or by direct financial assistance to students enrolled in such institutions); and
 - (iii) conferences or workshops, and training or retraining through grants to nonprofit organizations within the meaning of section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954 or to individuals with social services expertise, or through financial assistance to individuals participating in such conferences, workshops, and training or retraining (and this clause shall apply with respect to all persons involved in the delivery of such services).
- (b) The Secretary shall make payments in accordance with section 203 of the Intergovernmental Cooperation Act of 1968 (42 U.S.C. 4213) to each State from its allotment for use under this title.
- "(c) Payments to a State from its allotment for any fiscal year must be expended by the State in such fiscal year or in the succeeding fiscal year.
- (d) A State may transfer up to 10 percent of its allotment under section 2003 for any fiscal year for its use for that year under other provisions of Federal law providing block grants for support of health services, health promotion and disease prevention activities, or low-income home energy assistance (or any combination of those activi-

- ties). Amounts allotted to a State under any provisions of Federal law referred to in the preceding sentence and transferred by a State for use in carrying out the purposes of this title shall be treated as if they were paid to the State under this title but shall not affect the computation of the State's allotment under this title. The State shall inform the Secretary of any such transfer of funds.
- (e) A State may use a portion of the amounts described in subsection (a) for the purpose of purchasing technical assistance from public or private entities if the State determines that such assistance is required in developing, implementing, or administering programs funded under this title.

Allotments

Sec. 2003. (a) The allotment for any fiscal year to each of the jurisdictions of Puerto Rico, Guam, the Virgin Islands, and the Northern Mariana Islands shall be an amount which bears the same ratio to the amount specified in subsection (c) as the amount which was specified for allocation to the particular jurisdiction involved for the fiscal year 1981 under section 2002(a)(2)(C) of this Act (as in effect prior to the enactment of this section) bore to \$2,900,000,000.

(b) The allotment for any fiscal year for each State other than the jurisdictions of Puerto Rico, Guain, the Virgin Islands, and the Northern Mariana Islands shall be an amount which bears the same ratio to—

(1) the amount specified in subsection (c), reduced by

(2) the total amount allotted to those jurisdictions for that fiscal year under subsection (a),

as the population of that State bears to the population of all the States (other than Puerto Rico, Guam, the Virgin Islands, and the Northern Mariana Islands) as determined by the Secretary (on the basis of the most recent data available from the Department of Commerce) and promulgated (subject to subsection (d)) prior to the first day of the third month of the preceding fiscal year.¹

(c) The amount specified for purposes of subsections (a) and (b) shall be—

- (1) \$2,400,000,000 for the fiscal year 1982;
- (2) \$2,450,000,000 for the fiscal year 1983;
- (3) \$2,500,000,000 for the fiscal year 1984;
- (4) \$2,600,000,000 for the fiscal year 1985; and
- (5) \$2,700,000,000 for the fiscal year 1986 or any succeeding fiscal year.
- (d) The determination and promulgation required by subsection (b) with respect to the fiscal year 1982 shall be made as soon as possible after the enactment of the Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act of 1981.

¹ Subsec. (b) was amended by sec. 160(b) of P.L. 97-248.

State Administration

Sec. 2004. Prior to expenditure by a State of payments made to it under section 2002 for any fiscal year, the State shall report on the intended use of the payments the State is to receive under this title, including information on the types of activities to be supported and the categories or characteristics of individuals to be served. The report shall be transmitted to the Secretary and made public within the State in such manner as to facilitate comment by any person (including any Federal or other public agency) during development of the report and after its completion. The report shall be revised throughout the year as may be necessary to reflect substantial changes in the activities assisted under this title, and any revision shall be subject to the requirements of the previous sentence.

Limitations on Use of Grants

Sec. 2005. (a) Except as provided in subsection (b), grants made under this title may not be used by the State, or by any other person with which the State makes arrangements to carry out the purposes of this title—

(1) for the purchase or improvement of land, or the purchase, construction, or permanent improvement (other than minor re-

modeling) of any building or other facility;

(2) for the provision of cash payments for costs of subsistence or for the provision of room and board (other than costs of subsistence during rehabilitation, room and board provided for a short term as an integral but subordinate part of a social service, or temporary emergency shelter provided as a protective service):

(3) for payment of the wages of any individual as a social service (other than payment of the wages of welfare recipients

employed in the provision of child day care services);

(4) for the provision of medical care (other than family planning services, rehabilitation services, or initial detoxification of an alcoholic or drug dependent individual) unless it is an integral but subordinate part of a social service for which grants may be used under this title;

(5) for social services (except services to an alcoholic or drug dependent individual or rehabilitation services) provided in and by employees of any hospital, skilled nursing facility, intermediate care facility, or prison, to any individual living in such institution:

(6) for the provision of any educational service which the State makes generally available to its residents without cost and without regard to their income;

(7) for any child day care services unless such services meet applicable standards of State and local law; or

(8) for the provision of cash payments as a service (except as

otherwise provided in this section).

(b) The Secretary may waive the limitation contained in subsection (a) (1) and (4) upon the State's request for such a waiver if he finds that the request describes extraordinary circumstances to justify the waiver and that permitting the waiver will contribute to the State's ability to carry out the purposes of this title.

Reports and Audits

- Sec. 2006. (a) Each State shall prepare reports on its activities carried out with funds made available (or transferred for use) under this title. Reports shall be in such form, contain such information, and be of such frequency (but not less often than every two years) as the State finds necessary to provide an accurate description of such activities, to secure a complete record of the purposes for which funds were spent, and to determine the extent to which funds were spent in a manner consistent with the reports required by section 2004. The State shall make copies of the reports required by this section available for public inspection within the State and shall transmit a copy to the Secretary. Copies shall also be provided, upon request, to any interested public agency, and each such agency may provide its views on these reports to the Congress.
- (b) Each State shall, not less often than every two years, audit its expenditures from amounts received (or transferred for use) under this title. Such State audits shall be conducted by an entity independent of any agency administering activities funded under this title, in accordance with generally accepted auditing principles. Within 30 days following the completion of each audit, the State shall submit a copy of that audit to the legislature of the State and to the Secretary. Each State shall repay to the United States amounts ultimately found not to have been expended in accordance with this title, or the Secretary may offset such amounts against any other amount to which the State is or may become entitled under this title.
- (c) For other provisions requiring States to account for Federal grants, see section 202 of the Intergovernmental Cooperation Act of 1968 (42 U.S.C. 4212).

Child Day Care Services

Sec. 2007. (a) Subject to subsection (b), sums granted by a State to a qualified provider of child day care services (as defined in subsection (c)) to assist such provider in meeting its work incentive program expenses (as defined in subsection (c)) with respect to individuals

employed in jobs related to the provision of child day care services in one or more child day care facilities of such provider, shall be deemed for purposes of section 2002 to constitute expenditures made by the State in accordance with the provisions of this title for the provision of child day care services.

- (b) The provisions of subsection (a) shall not be applicable with respect to any grant made to a particular qualified provider of child day care services to the extent that (as determined by the Secretary) such grant is or will be used to pay wages to any employee at an annual rate in excess of \$6,000, in the case of a public or nonprofit private provider, or at an annual rate in excess of \$5,000, or to pay more than 80 percent of the wages of any employee, in the case of any other provider.
 - (c) For purposes of this subsection—
 - (1) the term "qualified provider of child day care services", when used in reference to a recipient of a grant by a State, includes a provider of such services only if, of the total number of children receiving such services from such provider in the facility with respect to which the grant is made, at least 20 percent thereof have some or all of the costs for the child day care services so furnished to them by such provider paid for under a program conducted pursuant to this title; and
 - (2) the term "work incentive program expenses" means expenses of a qualified provider of child day care services which constitute work incentive program expenses as defined in section 50B(a)(1) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954, or which would constitute work incentive program expenses as so defined if the provider were a taxpayer entitled to a credit (with respect to the wages involved) under section 40 of such Code.

(Page 557 follows)

SELECTED PROVISIONS OF THE INTERNAL REVENUE CODE OF 1954

SEC. 43. EARNED INCOME. 1

- (a) ALLOWANCE OF CREDIT.—In the case of an eligible individual, there shall be allowed as a credit against the tax imposed by this subtitle for the taxable year an amount equal to 10 percent of so much of the earned income for the taxable year as does not exceed \$5,000.
- (b) Limitation.—The amount of the credit allowable to a taxpayer under subsection (a) for any taxable year shall not exceed the excess (if any) of—
 - (1) \$500, over
 - (2) 12.5 percent of so much of the adjusted gross income (or, if greater, the earned income) of the taxpayer for the taxable year as exceeds \$6,000.
 - (c) DEFINITION.—For purposes of this section—
 - (1) ELIGIBLE INDIVIDUAL.—
 - (A) In GENERAL.—The term "eligible individual" means an individual who, for the taxable year—
 - (i) is married (within the meaning of section 143) and is entitled to a deduction under section 151 for a child (within the meaning of section 151(e)(3)),
 - (ii) is a surviving spouse (as determined under section 2(a)), or
 - (iii) is a head of a household (as determined under subsection (b) of section 2 without regard to subparagraphs (A)(ii) and (B) of paragraph (1) of such subsection).

¹ Section 43 was added by section 204 of Public Law 94-12 and amended by section 2 of Public Law 94-164, section 401(c) of Public Law 94-455, section 103(b) of Public Law 95-30, and sections 103-105 of Public Law 95-600.

- (B) CHILD MUST RESIDE WITH TAXPAYER IN THE UNITED STATES.—An individual shall be treated as satisfying clause (i) of subparagraph (A) only if the child has the same principal place of abode as the individual and such abode is in the United States. An individual shall be treated as satisfying clause (ii) or (iii) of subparagraph (A) only if the household in question is in the United States.
- (C) Individual who claims benefits of section 911 or 931 not eligible individual.—The term "eligible individual" does not include an individual who, for the taxable year, claims the benefits of—
 - (i) section 911 (relating to citizens or residents of the United States living abroad),
 - (ii) section 931 (relating to income from sources within possessions of the United States).¹

(2) EARNED INCOME.—

- (A) The term "earned income" means—
 - (i) wages, salaries, tips, and other employee compensation, plus
 - (ii) the amount of the taxpayer's net earnings from self-employment for the taxable year (within the meaning of section 1402(a)).

(B) For purposes of subparagraph (A)—

- (i) the earned income of an individual shall be computed without regard to any community property laws,
- (ii) no amount received as a pension or annuity shall be taken into account, and
- (iii) no amount to which section 871(a) applies (relating to income of nonresident alien individuals not connected with United States business) shall be taken into account.
- (d) Married Individuals.—In the case of an individual who is married (within the meaning of section 143), this section shall apply only if a joint return is filed for the taxable year under section 6013.
- (e) Taxable Year Must Be Full Taxable Year.—Except in the case of a taxable year closed by reason of the death of the taxpayer, no credit shall be allowable under this section in the case of a taxable year covering a period of less than 12 months.
 - (f) Amount of Credit To Be Determined Under Tables.—
 (1) In general.—The amount of the credit allowed by this section shall be determined under tables prescribed by the Secretary.

¹ Subpar. (C) was amended by sec. 101 of P.L. 96-222, and by secs. 111(b) and 112(b) of P.L. 97-34.

- (2) REQUIREMENTS FOR TABLES.—The tables prescribed under paragraph (1) shall reflect the provisions of subsections (a) and (b) and shall have income brackets of not greater than \$50 each—
 - (A) for earned income between \$0 and \$10,000, and
 - (B) for adjusted gross income between \$6,000 and \$10,000.
- (g) Coordination With Advance Payments of Earned Income Credit.—
 - (1) RECAPTURE OF EXCESS ADVANCE PAYMENTS.—If any payment is made to the individual by an employer under section 3507 during any calendar year, then the tax imposed by this chapter for the individual's last taxable year beginning in such calendar year shall be increased by the aggregate amount of such payments.
 - (2) RECONCILIATION OF PAYMENTS ADVANCED AND CREDITALLOWED.—Any increase in tax under paragraph (1) shall not be treated as tax imposed by this chapter for purposes of determining the amount of any credit (other than the credit allowed by subsection (a)) allowable under this subpart.

CHAPTER 2—TAX ON SELF-EMPLOYMENT INCOME

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Subsec. (g) was redesignated by sec. 101 of P.L .96-222.
 Page references do not appear in the law.

(Page 571 follows)

SEC. 1401. RATE OF TAX.1

- (a) OLD-AGE, SURVIVORS, AND DISABILITY INSURANCE.—In addition to other taxes, there shall be imposed for each taxable year, on the self-employment income of every individual, a tax as follows:
 - (1) in the case of any taxable year beginning before January 1, 1978, the tax shall be equal to 7.0 percent of the amount of the self-employment income for such taxable year;
 - (2) in the case of any taxable year beginning after December 31, 1977, and before January 1, 1979, the tax shall be equal to 7.10 percent of the amount of the self-employment income for such taxable year;
 - (3) in the case of any taxable year beginning after December 31, 1978, and before January 1, 1981, the tax shall be equal to 7.05 percent of the amount of the self-employment income for such taxable year;
 - (4) in the case of any taxable year beginning after December 31, 1980, and before January 1, 1982, the tax shall be equal to 8.00 percent of the amount of the self-employment income for such taxable year;
 - (5) in the case of any taxable year beginning after December 31, 1981, and before January 1, 1985, the tax shall be equal to 8.05 percent of the amount of the self-employment income for such taxable year;
 - (6) in the case of any taxable year beginning after December 31, 1984, and before January 1, 1990, the tax shall be equal to 8.55 percent of the amount of the self-employment income for such taxable year; and
 - (7) in the case of any taxable year beginning after December 31, 1989, the tax shall be equal to 9.30 percent of the amount of the self-employment income for such taxable year.²
- (b) Hospital Insurance.—In addition to the tax imposed by the preceding subsection, there shall be imposed for each taxable year, on the self-employment income of every individual, a tax as follows:
 - (1) in the case of any taxable year beginning after December 31, 1973, and before January 1, 1978, the tax shall be equal to 0.90 percent of the amount of the self-employment income for such taxable year;
 - (2) in the case of any taxable year beginning after December 31, 1977, and before January 1, 1979, the tax shall be equal to 1.00 percent of the amount of the self-employment income for such taxable year;

¹ Section 1401 was amended by section 1901(a) (154) of P.L. 94-455.
² Subsection (a) was amended by section 101(a) (3) of P.L. 95-216.

(3) in the case of any taxable year beginning after December 31, 1978, and before January 1, 1981, the tax shall be equal to 1.05 percent of the amount of the self-employment income for such taxable year:

(4) in the case of any taxable year beginning after December 31, 1980, and before January 1, 1985, the tax shall be equal to 1.30 percent of the amount of the self-employment income for such

taxable year:

(5) in the case of any taxable year beginning after December 31, 1984, and before January 1, 1986, the tax shall be equal to 1.35 percent of the amount of the self-employment income for such taxable year; and

(6) in the case of any taxable year beginning after December 31, 1985, the tax shall be equal to 1.45 percent of the amount

of the self-employment income for such taxable year.1

(c) Relief From Taxes in Cases Covered by Certain International Agreements.—During any period in which there is in effect an agreement entered into pursuant to section 233 of the Social Security Act with any foreign country, the self-employment income of an individual shall be exempt from the taxes imposed by this section to the extent that such self-employment income is subject under such agreement to taxes or contributions for similar purposes under the social security system of such foreign country.²

SEC. 1402. DEFINITIONS.

- (a) NET EARNINGS FROM SELF-EMPLOYMENT.—The term "net earnings from self-employment" means the gross income derived by an individual from any trade or business carried on by such individual, less the deductions allowed by this subtitle which are attributable to such trade or business, plus his distributive share (whether or not distributed) of income or loss described in section 702(a)(9) from any trade or business carried on by a partnership of which he is a member; except that in computing such gross income and deductions and such distributive share of partnership ordinary income or loss—
 - (1) there shall be excluded rentals from real estate and from personal property leased with the real estate (including such rentals paid in crop shares) together with the deductions attributable thereto, unless such rentals are received in the course of a trade or business as a real estate dealer; except that the preceding provisions of this paragraph shall not apply to any income derived by the owner or tenant of land if (A) such income is derived under an arrangement, between the owner or tenant and another individual, which provides that such other individual shall pro-

¹Subsection (b) was amended by section 101(b)(3) of P.L. 95–316.
²Subsection (c) was added by section 317(b)(1) of P.L. 95–316.

duce agricultural or horticultural commodities (including livestock, bees, poultry, and fur-bearing animals and wildlife) on such land, and that there shall be material participation by the owner or tenant (as determined without regard to any activities of an agent of such owner or tenant) in the production or the management of the production of such agricultural or horticultural commodities, and (B) there is material participation by the owner or tenant (as determined without regard to any activities of an agent of such owner or tenant) with respect to any such agricultural or horticultural commodity;

- (2) there shall be excluded dividends on any share of stock, and interest on any bond, debenture, note, or certificate, or other evidence of indebtedness, issued with interest coupons or in registered form by any corporation (including one issued by a government or political subdivision thereof), unless such dividends and interest (other than interest described in section 35) are received in the course of a trade or business as a dealer in stocks or securities;
 - (3) there shall be excluded any gain or loss—
 - (A) which is considered as gain or loss from the sale or exchange of a capital asset,
 - (B) from the cutting of timber, or the disposal of timber. coal, or iron ore, if section 631 applies to such gain or loss, or
 - (C) from the sale, exchange, involuntary conversion, or other disposition of property if such property is neither—
 - (i) stock in trade or other property of a kind which would properly be includible in inventory if on hand at the close of the taxable year, nor
 - (ii) property held primarily for sale to customers in the ordinary course of the trade or business:
- (4) the deduction for net operating losses provided in section 172 shall not be allowed;
 - (5) if--
 - (A) any of the income derived from a trade or business (other than a trade or business carried on by a partnership) is community income under community property laws applicable to such income, all of the gross income and deductions attributable to such trade or business shall be treated as the gross income and deductions of the husband unless the wife exercises substantially all of the management and control of such trade or business, in which case all of such gross income and deductions shall be treated as the gross income and deductions of the wife; and

- (B) any portion of a partner's distributive share of the ordinary income or loss from a trade or business carried on by a partnership is community income or loss under the community property laws applicable to such share, all of such distributive share shall be included in computing the net earnings from self-employment of such partner, and no part of such share shall be taken into account in computing the net earnings from self-employment of the spouse of such partner;
- (6) a resident of Puerto Rico shall compute his net earnings from self-employment in the same manner as a citizen of the United States but without regard to section 933;
- (7) the deduction for personal exemptions provided in section 151 shall not be allowed:
- (8) an individual who is a duly ordained, commissioned, or licensed minister of a church or a member of a religious order shall compute his net earnings from self-employment derived from the performance of service described in subsection (c)(4) without regard to section 107 (relating to rental value of parsonages), section 119 (relating to meals and lodging furnished for the convenience of the employer), section 911 (relating to citizens or residents of the United States living abroad) and section 931 (relating to income from sources within possessions of the United States); ¹
- (9) the term "possession of the United States" as used in sections 931 (relating to income from sources within possessions of the United States) and 932 (relating to citizens of possessions of the United States) shall be deemed not to include the Virgin Islands, Guam, or American Samoa;
- (10) there shall be excluded amounts received by a partner pursuant to a written plan of the partnership, which meets such requirements as are prescribed by the Secretary, and which provides for payments on account of retirement, on a periodic basis, to partners generally or to a class or classes of partners, such payments to continue at least until such partner's death, if—
 - (A) such partner rendered no services with respect to any trade or business carried on by such partnership (or its successors) during the taxable year of such partnership (or its successors), ending within or with his taxable year, in which such amounts were received, and
 - (B) no obligation exists (as of the close of the partnership's taxable year referred to in subparagraph (A)) from the other partners to such partner except with respect to retirement payments under such plan, and

¹ Par. (8) was amended by sec. 111(b)(8) of P.L. 97-34.

- (C) such partner's share, if any, of the capital of the partnership has been paid to him in full before the close of the partnership's taxable year referred to in subparagraph (A):
- (11) in the case of an individual described in section 911(d) (1)(B), the United States during the entire taxable year, the exclusion from gross income provided by section 911(a)(1) shall not apply; and ¹
- (12) there shall be excluded the distributive share of any item of income or loss of a limited partner, as such, other than guaranteed payments described in section 707(c) to that partner for services actually rendered to or on behalf of the partnership to the extent that those payments are established to be in the nature of remuneration for those services.²

If the taxable year of a partner is different from that of the partner-ship, the distributive share which he is required to include computing his net earnings from self-employment shall be based on the ordinary income or loss of the partnership for any taxable year of the partnership ending within or with his taxable year. In the case of any trade or business which is carried on by an individual or by a partnership and in which, if such trade or business were carried on exclusively by employees, the major portion of the services would constitute agricultural labor as defined in section 3121(g)—

- (i) in the case of an individual, if the gross income derived by him from such trade or business is not more than \$2,400, the net earnings from self-employment derived by him from such trade or business may, at his option, be deemed to be 66% percent of such gross income; or
- (ii) in the case of an individual, if the gross income derived by him from such trade or business is more than \$2,400 and the net earnings from self-employment derived by him from such trade or business (computed under this subsection without regard to this sentence) are less than \$1,600, the net earnings from self-employment derived by him from such trade or business may, at his option, be deemed to be \$1,600; and
- (iii) in the case of a member of a partnership, if his distributive share of the gross income of the partnership derived from such trade or business (after such gross income has been reduced by the sum of all payments to which section 707(c) applies) is not more than \$2,400, his distributive share of income described in section 702(a) (9) derived from such trade or business may, at his

¹ Par. (11) was amended by sec. 111(b)(5) of P.L. 97-34.

² Par. (12) was added by sec. 313(b) of P.L. 95-216.

option, be deemed to be an amount equal to 66% percent of his distributive share of such gross income (after such gross income has been so reduced); or

(iv) in the case of a member of a partnership, if his distributive share of the gross income of the partnership derived from such trade or business (after such gross income has been reduced by the sum of all payments to which section 707(c) applies) is more than \$2,400 and his distributive share (whether or not distributed) of income described in section 702(a)(9) derived from such trade or business (computed under this subsection without regard to this sentence) is less than \$1,600, his distributive share of income described in section 702(a)(9) derived from such trade or business may, at his option, be deemed to be \$1,600.

For purposes of the preceding sentence, gross income means—

(v) in the case of any such trade or business in which the income is computed under a cash receipts and disbursements method, the gross receipts from such trade or business reduced by the cost or other basis of property which was purchased and sold in carrying on such trade or business, adjusted (after such reduction) in accordance with the provisions of paragraphs (1) through (7) and paragraph (9) of this subsection; and

(vi) in the case of any such trade or business in which the income is computed under an accrual method, the gross income from such trade or business, adjusted in accordance with the provisions of paragraphs (1) through (7) and paragraph (9) of

this subsection:

and, for purposes of such sentence, if an individual (including a member of a partnership) derives gross income from more than one such trade or business, such gross income (including his distributive share of the gross income of any partnership derived from any such trade or business) shall be deemed to have been derived from one trade or business.

The preceding sentence and clauses (i) through (iv) of the second preceding sentence shall also apply in the case of any trade or business (other than a trade or business specified in such second preceding sentence) which is carried on by an individual who is self-employed on a regular basis as defined in subsection (h), or by a partnership of which an individual is a member on a regular basis as defined in subsection (h), but only if such individual's net earnings from self-employment as determined without regard to this sentence in the taxable year are less than \$1,600 and less than 66% percent of the sum (in such taxable year) of such individual's gross income derived from all trades or businesses carried on by him and his distributive share

of the income or loss from all trades or businesses carried on by all the partnerships of which he is a member; except that this sentence shall not apply to more than 5 taxable years in the case of any individual, and in no case in which an individual elects to determine the amount of his net earnings from self-employment for a taxable year under the provisions of the two preceding sentences with respect to a trade or business to which the second preceding sentence applies and with respect to a trade or business to which this sentence applies shall such net earnings for such year exceed \$1,600.1

- (b) Self-Employment Income.—The term "self-employment income" means the net earnings from self-employment derived by an individual (other than a nonresident alien individual) during any taxable year; except that such term shall not include—
 - (1) that part of the net earnings from self-employment which is in excess of—
 - (i) an amount equal to the contribution and benefit base (as determined under section 230 of the Social Security Act) which is effective for the calendar year in which such taxable year begins, minus (ii) the amount of the wages paid to such individual during such taxable year; or
 - (2) the net earnings from self-employment, if such net earnings for the taxable year are less than \$400.

For purposes of clause (1), the term "wages" (A) includes such remuneration paid to an employee for services included under an agreement entered into pursuant to the provisions of section 218 of the Social Security Act (relating to coverage of State employees), or under an agreement entered into pursuant to the provisions of section 3121(1) (relating to coverage of citizens of the United States who are employees of foreign subsidiaries of domestic corporations), as would be wages under section 3121(a) if such services constituted employment under section 3121(b), (B) includes compensation which is subject to the tax imposed by section 3201 or 3211, and (C) includes, but only with respect to the tax imposed by section 1401(b), remuneration paid for medicare qualified Federal employment (as defined in section 3121(u)(2)) which is subject to the taxes imposed by sections 3101(b) and 3111(b). An individual who is not a citizen of the United States but who is a resident of the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, the Virgin Islands, Guam, or American Samoa shall not, for purposes of this chapter be considered to be a nonresident alien individual.

¹ Subsection (a) was amended by section 708(j) (8) (A) of Public Law 95-800. ² See Appendix B.

³ Section 1402(b) was amended by Public Law 94-92, by section 1901(a) (155) (A) of Public Law 94-456, and by sec. 278(a) (2) of P.L. 97-248.

(c) Trade or Business.—The term "trade or business" when used with reference to self-employment income or net earnings from self-employment, shall have the same meaning as when used in section 162 (relating to trade or business expenses), except that such term shall not include—

- (1) the performance of the functions of a public office, other than the functions of a public office of a State or a political subdivision thereof with respect to fees received in any period in which the functions are performed in a position compensated solely on a fee basis and in which such functions are not covered under an agreement entered into by such State and the Secretary of Health, Education, and Welfare pursuant to section 218 of the Social Security Act;
- (2) the performance of service by an individual as an employee, other than—
 - (A) service described in section 3121(b)(14)(B) performed by an individual who has attained the age of 18,

(B) service described in section 3121(b) (16),

(C) service described in section 3121(b)(11), (12), or (15) performed in the United States (as defined in section 3121(e)(2)) by a citizen of the United States.

(D) service described in paragraph (4) of this subsection,

- (E) service performed by an individual as an employee of a State or a political subdivision thereof in a position compensated solely on a fee basis with respect to fees received in any period in which such service is not covered under an agreement entered into by such State and the Secretary of Health, Education, and Welfare pursuant to section 218 of the Social Security Act, and
 - (F) service described in section 3121(b)(20); 1

(3) the performance of service by an individual as an employee or employee representative as defined in section 3231;

(4) the performance of service by a duly ordained, commissioned, or licensed minister of a church in the exercise of his ministry or by a member of a religious order in the exercise of duties required by such order; or

(5) the performance of service by an individual in the exercise of his profession as a Christian Science practitioner; or

(6) The performance of service by an individual during the period for which an exemption under section (g) is effective with respect to him.²

The provisions of paragraph (4) or (5) shall not apply to service (other than service performed by a member of a religious order who has taken a vow of poverty as a member of such order) performed by an individual unless an exemption under subsection (e) is effective with respect to him.

(d) EMPLOYEE AND WAGES.—The term "employee" and the term "wages" shall have the same meaning as when used in chapter 21

² Subparagraph (F) was added by section 1207(e) (1) (B) of Public Law 94-455.

² Paragraph (6) was amended by section 703(j) (8) (B) of Public Law 95-600.

(sec. 3101 and following, relating to Federal Insurance Contributions Act).

- (e) MINISTERS, MEMBERS OF RELIGIOUS ORDERS, AND CHRISTIAN SCIENCE PRACTITIONERS—1
 - (1) Exemption.—Any individual who is (A) a duly ordained, commissioned, or licensed minister of a church or a member of a religious order (other than a member of a religious order who has taken a vow of poverty as a member of such order) or (B) a Christian Science practitioner, upon filing an application (in such form and manner, and with such official, as may be prescribed by regulations made under this chapter) together with a statement that either he is conscientiously opposed to, or because of religious principles he is opposed to, the acceptance (with respect to services performed by him as such minister, member, or practitioner) of any public insurance which makes payments in the event of death, disability, old age, or retirement or makes payments toward the cost of, or provides services for, medical care (including the benefits of any insurance system established by the Social Security Act), shall receive an exemption from the tax imposed by this chapter with respect to services performed by him as such minister, member, or practitioner. Notwithstanding the preceding sentence, an exemption may not be granted to an individual under this subsection if he had filed an effective waiver certificate under this section as it was in effect before its amendment in 1967.
 - (2) Time for filing application.—Any individual who desires to file an application pursuant to paragraph (1) must file such application on or before whichever of the following dates is later: (Λ) the due date of the return (including any extension thereof) for the second taxable year for which he has net earnings from self-employment (computed without regard to subsections (c) (4) and (c) (5)) of \$400 or more, any part of which was derived from the performance of service described in subsection (c) (4) or (c) (5); or (B) the due date of the return (including any extension thereof) for his second taxable year ending after 1967.
 - (3) Effective date of exemption.—An exemption received by an individual pursuant to this subsection shall be effective for the first taxable year for which he has not earnings from self-employment (computed without regard to subsections (c) (4) and (c) (5)) of \$400 or more, any part of which was derived from the performance of service described in subsection (c) (4) or (c) (5), and for all succeeding taxable years. An exemption received pursuant to this subsection shall be irrevocable.

¹ See also section 316 of Public Law 95-216 which is printed in this document on p. 771.

- (f) Partner's Taxable Year Ending as the Result of Death.—In computing a partner's net earnings from self-employment for his taxable year which ends as a result of his death (but only if such taxable year ends within, and not with, the taxable year of the partnership), there shall be included so much of the deceased partner's distributive share of the partnership's ordinary income or loss for the partnership taxable year as is not attributable to an interest in the partnership during any period beginning on or after the first day of the first calendar month following the month in which such partner died. For purposes of this subsection—
 - (1) in determining the portion of the distributive share which is attributable to any period specified in the preceding sentence, the ordinary income or loss of the partnership shall be treated as having been realized or sustained ratably over the partnership taxable year; and
 - (2) the term "deceased partner's distributive share" includes the share of his estate or of any other person succeeding, by reason of his death, to rights with respect to his partnership interest.
 - (g) Members of Certain Religious Faiths.—1
 - (1) Exemption.—Any individual may file an application (in such form and manner, and with such official, as may be prescribed by regulations under this chapter) for an exemption from the tax imposed by this chapter if he is a member of a recognized religious sect or division thereof and is an adherent of established tenets or teachings of such sect or division by reason of which he is conscientiously opposed to acceptance of the benefits of any private or public insurance which makes payments in the event of death, disability, old-age, or retirement or makes payments toward the cost of, or provides services for, medical care (including the benefits of any insurance system established by the Social Security Act). Such exemption may be granted only if the application contains or is accompanied by—
 - (A) such evidence of such individual's membership in, and adherence to the tenets or teachings of the sect or division thereof as the Secretary may require for purposes of determining such individual's compliance with the preceding sentence, and
 - (B) his waiver of all benefits and other payments under titles II and XVIII of the Social Security Act on the basis of his wages and self-employment income as well as all such benefits and other payments to him on the basis of the wages and self-employment income of any other person,

¹ Subsection (g) (formerly subsection (h)) was redesignated by section 1901(a) (155) (B) of Public Law 94-455 which also repealed the former subsection (g).

and only if the Secretary of Health, Education, and Welfare finds that-

- (C) such sect or division thereof has the established tenets or teachings referred '2 in the preceding sentence,
- (D) it is the practice, and has been for a period of time which he deems to be substantial, for members of such sect or division thereof to make provision for their dependent members which in his judgment is reasonable in view of their general level of living, and
- (E) such sect or division thereof has been in existence at all times since December 31, 1950.

An exemption may not be granted to any individual if any benefit or other payment referred to in subparagraph (B) became payable (or, but for section 203 or 222(b) of the Social Security Act, would have become payable) at or before the time of the filing of such waiver.

- (2) Time for filing applications.—For purposes of this subsection, an application must be filed on or before the time prescribed for filing the return (including any extension thereof) for the first taxable year for which the individual has self-employment income (determined without regard to this subsection or subsection (c)(6)), except that an application filed after such date but on or before the last day of the third calendar month following the calendar month in which the taxpayer is first notified in writing by the Secretary that a timely application for an exemption from the tax imposed by this chapter has not been filed by him shall be deemed to be filed timely.¹
- (3) Period for which exemption effective.—An exemption granted to any individual pursuant to this subsection shall apply with respect to all taxable years beginning after December 31, 1950, except that such exemption shall not apply for any taxable year—
 - (A) beginning (i) before the taxable year in which such individual first met the requirements of the first sentence of paragraph (1), or (ii) before the time as of which the Secretary of Health, Education, and Welfare finds that the sect or division thereof of which such individual is a member met the requirements of subparagraphs (C) and (D), or
 - (B) ending (i) after the time such individual ceases to meet the requirements of the first sentence of paragraph (1), or (ii) after the time as of which the Secretary of Health, Education, and Welfare finds that the sect or division thereof

Paragraph (2) was amended by section 1901(a) (153) (C) of Public Law 94-455.

of which he is a member ceuses to meet the requirements of

subparagraph (C) or (D).

(4) APPLICATION BY FIDUCIARIES OR SURVIVORS.—In any case where an individual who has self-employment income dies before the expiration of the time prescribed by paragraph (2) for filing an application for exemption pursuant to this subsection, such an application may be filed with respect to such individual within such time by a fiduciary acting for such individual's estate or by such individual's survivor (within the meaning of section 205(c) (1) (C) of the Social Security Act).

Regular Basis

(h) An individual shall be deemed to be self-employed on a regular basis in a taxable year, or to be a member of a partnership on a regular basis in such year, if he had net earnings from self-employment, as defined in the first sentence of subsection (a), of not less than \$400 in at least two of the three consecutive taxable years immediately preceding such taxable year from trades or businesses carried on by such individual or such partnership.¹

SEC. 1403. MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS.

- (a) TITLE OF CHAPTER.—This chapter may be cited as the "Self-Employment Contributions Act of 1954".
 - (b) Cross References.—
 - (1) For provisions relating to returns, see section 6017.
 - (2) For provisions relating to collection of taxes in Virgin Islands, Guam, American Samoa, and Puerto Rico, see section 7651.
 - (3) For provisions relating to declaration of estimated tax on self-employment income, see section 6015.

SUBTITLE C—EMPLOYMENT TAXES AND COLLECTION OF INCOME TAX AT SOURCE

Chapter 21. Federal insurance contributions act.

Chapter 22. Railroad retirement tax act. Chapter 28. Federal unemployment tax act.

Chapter 24. Collection of income tax at source on wages.

Chapter 25. General provisions relating to employment taxes.

CHAPTER 21—FEDERAL INSURANCE CONTRIBUTIONS ACT

Subchapter A. Tax on employees. Subchapter B. Tax on employers.

Subchapter C. General provisions.

¹ Subsection (h) (Cormerly subsection (i)) was redesignated by section 1901(a) (155) (B) of Public Law 94-455.

SUBCHAPTER A-TAX ON EMPLOYEES

SEC. 3101. RATE OF TAX.1

- (a) OLD-AGE, SURVIVORS, AND DISABILITY INSURANCE.—In addition to other taxes, there is hereby imposed on the income of every individual a tax equal to the following percentages of the wages (as defined in section 3121(a)) received by him with respect to employment (as defined in section 3121(b))—
 - (1) with respect to wages received during the calendar years 1974 through 1977, the rate shall be 4.95 percent;
 - (2) with respect to wages received during the calendar year 1978, the rate shall be 5.05 percent;
 - (3) with respect to wages received during the calendar years 1979 and 1980, the rate shall be 5.08 percent;
 - (4) with respect to wages received during the calendar year 1981, the rate shall be 5.35 percent;
 - (5) with respect to wages received during the calendar years 1982 through 1984, the rate shall be 5.40 percent;
 - (6) with respect to wages received during the calendar years 1985 through 1989, the rate shall be 5.70 percent; and
 - (7) with respect to wages received after December 31, 1989, the rate shall be 6.20 percent.²
- (b) Hospital Insurance.—In addition to the tax imposed by the preceding subsection, there is hereby imposed on the income of every individual a tax equal to the following percentages of the wages (as defined in section 3121(a)) received by him with respect to employment (as defined in section 3121(b))—
 - (1) with respect to wages received during the calendar years 1974 through 1977, the rate shall be 0.90 percent;
 - (2) with respect to wages received during the calendar year 1978, the rate shall be 1.00 percent;
 - (3) with respect to wages received during the calendar years 1979 and 1980, the rate shall be 1.05 percent;
 - (4) with respect to wages received during the calendar years 1981 through 1984, the rate shall be 1.30 percent;
 - (5) with respect to wages received during the calendar year 1985, the rate shall be 1.35 percent; and
 - (6) with respect to wages received after December 31, 1985, the rate shall be 1.45 percent.²
- (c) Relief From Taxes in Cases Covered by Certain International Agreements.—During any period in which there is in effect an agreement entered into pursuant to section 233 of the Social Security

<sup>Section 3101 was amended by section 1908(a) (1) of P.L. 94-455.
Subsection (a) was amended by section 101(a) (1) of P.L. 95-216.
Subsection (b) was amended by section 101(b) (1) of P.L. 95-216.</sup>

Act with any foreign country, wages received by or paid to an individual shall be exempt from the taxes imposed by this section to the extent that such wages are subject under such agreement to taxes or contributions for similar purposes under the social security system of such foreign country.¹

SEC. 3102. DEDUCTION OF TAX FROM WAGES.

- (a) REQUIREMENT.—The tax imposed by section 3101 shall be collected by the employer of the taxpayer, by deducting the amount of the tax from the wages as and when paid. An employer who in any calendar quarter pays to an employee cash remuneration to which paragraph (7) (B) of section 3121(a) is applicable may deduct an amount equivalent to such tax from any such payment of remuneration, even though at the time of payment the total amount of such remuneration paid to the employee by the employer in the calendar quarter is less than \$50; and an employer who in any calendar year pays to an employee cash remuneration to which paragraph (7) (C) or (10) of section 3121(a) is applicable may deduct an amount equivalent to such tax from any such payment of remuneration, even though at the time of payment the total amount of such remuneration paid to the employee by the employer in the calendar year is less than \$100; and an employer who in any calendar year pays to an employee cash remuneration to which paragraph (8) (B) of section 3121(a) is applicable may deduct an amount equivalent to such tax from any such payment of remuneration, even though at the time of payment the total amount of such remuneration paid to the employee by the employer in the calendar year is less than \$150 and the employee has not performed agricultural labor for the employer on 20 days or more in the calendar year for cash remuneration computed on a time basis; and an employer who is furnished by an employee a written statement of tips (received in a calendar month) pursuant to section 6053(a) to which paragraph (12) (B) of section 3121(a) is applicable may deduct an amount equivalent to such tax with respect to such tips from any wages of the employee (exclusive of tips) under his control, even though at the time such statement is furnished the total amount of the tips included in statements furnished to the employer as having been received by the employee in such calendar month in the course of his employment by such employer is less than \$20.2
 - (b) Indemnification of Employer.—Every employer required so to deduct the tax shall be liable for the payment of such tax, and shall be indemnified against the claims and demands of any person for the amount of any such payment made by such employer.
 - (c) Special Rule for Tips.—
 - (1) In the case of tips which constitute wages, subsection (a) shall be applicable only to such tips as are included in a written

¹ Subsection (c) was added by section 317(b) (2) of P.L. 95-216.
² Subsection (a) was amended by section 355(a) of P.L. 95-216.

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statement furnished to the employer pursuant to section 6053(a) and only to the extent that collection can be made by the employer, at or after the time such statement is so furnished and before the close of the 10th day following calendar month (or, if paragraph (3) applies, the 30th day following the year) in which the tips were deemed paid, by deducting the amount of the tax from such wages of the employee (excluding tips, but including funds turned over by the employee to the employer pursuant to paragraph (2)) as are under control of the employer.

- (2) If the tax imposed by section 3101, with respect to tips which are included in written statements furnished in any month to the employer pursuant to section 6053(a), exceeds the wages of the employee (excluding tips) from which the employer is required to collect the tax under paragraph (1), the employee may furnish to the employer on or before the 10th day of the following month (or, if paragraph (3) applies, on or before the 30th day of the following year) an amount of money equal to the amount of the excess.
- (3) The Secretary may, under regulations prescribed by him, authorize employers—
 - (A) to estimate the amount of tips that will be reported by the employee pursuant to section 6053(a) in any calendar year,
 - (B) to determine the amount to be deducted upon each payment of wages (exclusive of tips) during such year as if the tips so estimated constituted the actual tips so reported, and
 - (C) to deduct upon any payment of wages (other than tips, but including funds turned over by the employee to the employer pursuant to paragraph (2)) to such employee during such year (and within 30 days thereafter) such amount as may be necessary to adjust the amount actually deducted upon such wages of the employee during the year to the amount required to be deducted in respect of tips included in written statements furnished to the employer during the year.
- (4) If the tax imposed by section 3101 with respect to tips which constitute wages exceeds the portion of such tax which can be collected by the employer from the wages of the employee pursuant to paragraph (1) or paragraph (3), such excess shall be paid by the employee.¹

SUBCHAPTER B-TAX ON EMPLOYERS

¹ Subsection (c) was amended by section 355(b) of P.L. 95-216.

SEC. 3111. RATE OF TAX.1

- (a) OLD-AGE, SURVIVORS, AND DISABILITY INSURANCE.—In addition to other taxes, there is hereby imposed on every employer an excise tax, with respect to having individuals in his employ, equal to the following percentages of the wages (as defined in section 3121(a) and (t)) paid by him with respect to employment (as defined in section 3121(b))—
 - (1) with respect to wages paid during the calendar years 1974 through 1977, the rate shall be 4.95 percent;
 - (2) with respect to wages paid during the calendar year 1978, the rate shall be 5.05 percent;
 - (3) with respect to wages paid during the calendar years 1979 and 1980, the rate shall be 5.08 percent;
 - (4) with respect to wages paid during the calendar year 1981, the rate shall be 5.35 percent;
 - (5) with respect to wages paid during the calendar years 1982 through 1984, the rate shall by 5.40 percent;
 - (6) with respect to wages paid during the calendar years 1985 through 1989, the rate shall be 5.70 percent; and
 - (7) with respect to wages paid after December 31, 1989, the rate shall be 6.20 percent.²
- (b) Hospital Insurance.—In addition to the tax imposed by the preceding subsection, there is hereby imposed on every employer an excise tax, with respect to having individuals in his employ, equal to the following percentages of the wages (as defined in section 3121(a) and (t)) paid by him with respect to employment (as defined in section 3121(b))—
 - (1) with respect to wages paid during the calendar years 1974 through 1977, the rate shall be 0.90 percent;
 - (2) with respect to wages paid during the calendar year 1978, the rate shall be 1.00 percent;
 - (3) with respect to wages paid during the calendar years 1979 and 1980, the rate shall be 1.05 percent;
 - (4) with respect to wages paid during the calendar years 1981 through 1984, the rate shall be 1.30 percent;
 - (5) with respect to wages paid during the calendar year 1985, the rate shall be 1.35 percent; and
 - (6) with respect to wages paid after December 31, 1985, the rate shall be 1.5 percent.³
- (c) Relief From Taxes in Cases Covered by Certain International Agreements.—During any period in which there is in effect an agreement entered into pursuant to section 233 of the Social Security Act with any foreign country, wages received by or paid to an individ-

Section 3111 was amended by section 1903(a) (1) of P.L. 94-455.
 Subsection (a) was amended by sections 101(a) (2) and 315(b) of P.L. 95-216.
 Subsection (b) was amended by sections 101(b) (2) and 315(b) of P.L. 95-216.

ual shall be exempt from the taxes imposed by this section to the extent that such wages are subject under such agreement to taxes or contributions for similar purposes under the social security system of such foreign country.¹

SEC. 3112. INSTRUMENTALITIES OF THE UNITED STATES.

Notwithstanding any other provision of law (whether enacted before or after the enactment of this section) which grants to any instrumentality of the United States an exemption from taxation, such instrumentality shall not be exempt from the tax imposed by section 3111 unless such other provision of law grants a specific exemption, by reference to section 3111 (or the corresponding section of prior law), from the tax imposed by such section.

SEC. 3113, [Repealed] 2

SUBCHAPTER C-GENERAL PROVISIONS

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SEC. 3121. DEFINITIONS.

- (a) Wages.—For purposes of this chapter, the term "wages" means all remuneration for employment, including the cash value of all remuneration paid in any medium other than cash; except that such term shall not include—
 - (1) that part of the remuneration which, after remuneration (other than remuneration referred to in the succeeding paragraphs of this subsection) equal to the contribution and benefit base 4 (as determined under section 230 of the Social Security Act) with respect to employment has been paid to an individual by an employer during the calendar year with respect to which such contribution and benefit base is effective, is paid to such individual by such employer during such calendar year. If an employer (hereinafter referred to as successor employer) during any calendar year acquires substantially all the property used in a trade or business of another employer (hereinafter referred to as a predecessor), or used in a separate unit of a trade or business of a predecessor, and immediately after the acquisition employs in his trade or business an individual who immediately prior to the acquisition was employed in the trade or business of such prede-

<sup>Subsection (c) was added by section 317(b) (2) of P.L. 95-216.
Section 3118 was repealed by section 1908(a) (2) of P.L. 94-455.
Page reference do not appear in the law.
See Appendix B.</sup>

cessor, then, for the purpose of determining whether the successor employer has paid remuneration (other than remuneration referred to in the succeeding paragraphs of this subsection) with respect to employment equal to the contribution and benefit base '(as determined under section 230 of the Social Security Act) to such individual during such calendar year, any remuneration (other than renumeration referred to in the succeeding paragraphs of this subsection) with respect to employment paid (or considered under this paragraph as having been paid) to such individual by such predecessor during such calendar year and prior to such acquisition shall be considered as having been paid by such successor employer;

- (2) the amount of any payment (including any amount paid by an employer for insurance or annuities, or into a fund, to provide for any such payment) made to, or on behalf of, an employee or any of his dependents under a plan or system established by an employer which makes provision for his employees generally (or for his employees generally and their dependents) or for a class or classes of his employees (or for a class or classes of his employees and their dependents), on account of—
 - (A) retirement, or
 - (B) sickness or accident disability (but, in the case of payments made to an employee or any of his dependents, this subparagraph shall exclude from the term "wages" only payments which are received under a workmen's compensation law), or 1
 - (C) medical or hospitalization expenses in connection with sickness or accident disability, or
 - (D) death;
- (3) any payment made to an employee (including any amount paid by an employer for insurance or annuities, or into a fund, to provide for any such payment) on account of retirement;
- (4) any payment on account of sickness or accident disability, or medical or hospitalization expenses in connection with sickness or accident disability, made by an employer to, or on behalf of, an employee after the expiration of 6 calendar months following the last calendar month in which the employee worked for such employer;
- (5) any payment made to, or on behalf of, an employee or his beneficiary—
 - (A) from or to a trust described in section 401(a) which is exempt from tax under section 501(a) at the time of such payment unless such payment is made to an employee of the

¹ Subpar. (B) was amended by sec. 3 of P.L. 97-123.

trust as remuneration for services rendered as such employee and not as a beneficiary of the trust,

(B) under or to an annuity plan which, at the time of such

payment, is a plan described in section 403(a),

- (C) under or to a bond purchase plan which, at the time of such payment, is a qualified bond purchase plan described in section 405(a), or
- (D) under a simplified employee pension if, at the time of the payment, it is reasonable to believe that the employee will be entitled to a deduction under section 219 for such payment; ¹
- (6) the payment by an employer (without deduction from the remuneration of the employee)—
 - (A) of the tax imposed upon an employee under section 3101, or
- (B) of any payment required from an employee under a
 State unemployment compensation law,
 with respect to remuneration paid to an employee for demestic

with respect to remuneration paid to an employee for domestic service in a private home of the employer or for agricultural labor; *

- (7) (A) remuneration paid in any medium other than cash to an employee for service not in the course of the employer's trade or business or for domestic service in a private home of the employer;
- (B) cash remuneration paid by an employer in any calendar quarter to an employee for domestic service in a private home of the employer, if the cash remuneration paid in such quarter by the employer to the employee for such service is less than \$50. As used in this subparagraph, the term "domestic service in a private home of the employer," does not include service described in subsection (g) (5);

¹ Subpar. (D) was aded by sec. 101 of P.L. 96-222.

² Par. (6) was amended by sec. 1141(a)(1) of P.L. 96-499, effective as specified in sec. 1141(c) which provides:

[&]quot;(c) EFFECTIVE DATES .--

[&]quot;(1) IN GENERAL.—Except as provided in paragraph (2), the amendments made by this section shall apply with respect to remuneration paid after December 31, 1980.
"(2) EXCEPTION FOR STATE AND LOCAL GOVERNMENTS.—

[&]quot;(A) the amendments made by this section (insofar as they affect the application of section 218 of the Social Security Act) shall not apply to any payment made before January 1, 1984, by any governmental unit for positions of a kind for which all or a substantial portion of the social security employee taxes were paid by such governmental unit (without deduction from the remuneration of the employee) under the practices of such governmental unit in effect on October 1, 1980.

[&]quot;(B) For purposes of subparagraph (A), the term 'social securty employee taxes' means the amount required to be paid under section 218 of the Social Security Act as the equivalent of the taxes imposed by section 3101 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954

[&]quot;(C) For purposes of subpar. (A), the term 'governmental unit' means a State or political subdivision thereof within the meaning of sec. 218 of the Social Security Act."

(C) cash remuneration paid by an employer in any calendar year to an employee for service not in the course of the employer's trade or business, if the cash remuneration paid in such year by the employer to the employee for such service is less than \$100. As used in this subparagraph, the term "service not in the course of the employer's trade or business" does not include domestic service in a private home of the employer and does not include service described in subsection (g) (5);

(8) (A) remuneration paid in any medium other than cash for agricultural labor:

(B) cash remuneration paid by an employer in any calendar year to an employee for agricultural labor unless (i) the cash remuneration paid in such year by the employer to the employee for such labor is \$150 or more, or (ii) the employee performs agricultural labor for the employer on 20 days or more during such year for cash remuneration computed on a time basis;

(9) any payment (other than vacation or sick pay) made to an employee after the month in which he attains age 62, if such employee did not work for the employer in the period for which such payment is made: 2

- (10) remuneration paid by an employer in any calendar year to an employee for service described in subsection (d)(3)(C) (relating to home workers), if the cash remuneration paid in such year by the employer to the employee for such service is less than \$100;
- (11) remuneration paid to or on behalf of an employee if (and to the extent that) at the time of the payment of such remunera-

¹ Subpar. (C) was amended by sec. 356(a) of P.L. 95–216.

² Par. (9) was amended by sec. 104(i) of P.L. 92-603 effective with respect to payments after 1974.

^a Par. (10) was amended by sec. 356(a) of P.L. 95-216.

tion it is reasonable to believe that a corresponding deduction is allowable under section 217;

- (12) (A) tips paid in any medium other than cash;
- (B) cash tips received by an employee in any calendar month in the course of his employment by an employer unless the amount of such cash tips is \$20 or more;
- (13) any payment or series of payments by an employer to an employee or any of his dependents which is paid—
 - (A) upon or after the termination of an employee's employment relationship because of (i) death, (ii) retirement for disability, or (iii) retirement after attaining an age specified in the plan referred to in subparagraph (B) or in a pension plan of the employer, and

(B) under a plan established by the employer which makes provision for his employees generally or a class or classes of his employees (or for such employees or classes of employees and their dependents),

other than any such payment or series of payments which would have been paid if the employee's employment relationship had not been so terminated;

- (14) any payment made by an employer to a survivor or the estate of a former employee after the calendar year in which such employee died:
- (15) any payment made by an employer to an employee, if at the time such payment is made such employee is entitled to disability insurance benefits under section 223(a) of the Social Security Act and such entitlement commenced prior to the calendar year in which such payment is made, and if such employee did not perform any services for such employer during the period for which such payment is made;
- (16) remuneration paid by an organization exempt from income tax under section 501(a) (other than an organization described in section 401(a)) or under section 521 in any calendar year to an employee for service rendered in the employ of such organization, if the remuneration paid in such year by the organization to the employee for such service is less than \$100; or 1
- (17) any contribution, payment, or service provided by an employer which may be excluded from the gross income of an employee, his spouse, or his dependents, under the provisions of section 120 (relating to amounts received under qualified group legal services plans).²
- (18) any payment made, or benefit furnished, to or for the benefit of an employee if at the time of such payment or such fur-

¹ Paragraph (16) was added by section 356(b) of P.L. 95-216.

² Paragraph (17) was added by section 3(b) of Public Law 95-472, effective for taxable years beginning after December 31, 1976.

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nishing it is reasonable to believe that the employee will be able to exclude such payment or benefit from income under section 127 or 129.

Except as otherwise provided in regulations prescribed by the Secretary, any third party which makes a payment included in wages solely by reason of the parenthetical matter contained in subparagraph (B) of paragraph (2) shall be treated for purposes of this chapter and chapter 22 as the employer with respect to such wages.

(b) EMPLOYMENT.—For purposes of this chapter, the term "employment" means any service, of whatever nature, performed either (A) by an employer for the person employing him, irrespective of the citizenship or residence of either, (i) within the United States, or (ii) on or in connection with an American vessel or American aircraft under a contract of service which is entered into within the United

³ Paragraph (18) was added by sec. 164(b)(3) of P.L. 95-600 and amended by sec. 124(e)(2)(A) of P.L. 97-34.

⁴ This sentence was added by sec. 3 of P.L. 97-123.

States or during the performance of which and while the employee is employed on the vessel or aircraft it touches at a port in the United States, if the employee is employed on and in connection with such vessel or aircraft when outside the United States, or (B) outside the United States by a citizen of the United States as an employee for an American employer (as defined in subsection (h)); except that such term shall not include—1

- (1) service performed by foreign agricultural workers (A) under contracts entered into in accordance with title V of the Agricultural Act of 1949, as amended (7 U.S.C. 1461-1468), or (B) lawfully admitted to the United States from the Bahamas, Jamaica, and the other British West Indies, or from any other foreign country or possession thereof, on a temporary basis to perform agricultural labor; ¹
- (2) domestic service performed in a local college club, or local chapter of a college fraternity or sorority, by a student who is enrolled and is regularly attending classes at a school, college, or university;
- (3) (A) service performed by an individual in the employ of his spouse, and service performed by a child under the age of 21 in the employ of his father or mother;
- (B) service not in the course of the employer's trade or business, or domestic service in a private home of the employer, performed by an individual in the employ of his son or daughter; except that the provisions of this subparagraph shall not be applicable to such domestic service if—
 - (i) the employer is a surviving spouse or a divorced individual and has not remarried, or has a spouse living in the home who has a mental or physical condition which results in such spouse's being incapable of caring for a son, daughter, stepson, or stepdaughter (referred to in clause (ii)) for at least 4 continuous weeks in the calendar quarter in which the service is rendered, and
 - (ii) a son, daughter, stepson, or stepdaughter of such employer is living in the home, and
 - (iii) the son, daughter, stepson, or stepdaughter (referred to in clause (ii)) has not attained age 18 or has a mental or physical condition which requires the personal care and supervision of an adult for at least 4 continuous weeks in the calendar quarter in which the service is rendered;

¹Subsection (b) and paragraph (1) of subsection (b) were amended by section 1903(a) '8) of P.L. 94-453.

(4) service performed by an individual on or in connection with a vessel not an American vessel, or on or in connection with an aircraft not an American aircraft, if (A) the individual is employed on and in connection with such vessel or aircraft, when outside the United States and (B) (i) such individual is not a citizen of the United States or (ii) the employer is not an American employer;

(5) service performed in the employ of any instrumentality of the United States, if such instrumentality is exempt from the tax imposed by section 3111 by virtue of any provision of law which specifically refers to such section (or the corresponding

section of prior law) in granting such exemption;

(6) (A) service performed in the employ of the United States or in the employ of any instrumentality of the United States, if such service is covered by a retirement system established by a law

of the United States;

(B) service performed by an individual in the employ of an instrumentality of the United States if such an instrumentality was exempt from the tax imposed by section 1410 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1939 on December 31, 1950, and if such service is covered by a retirement system established by such instrumentality; except that the provisions of this subparagraph shall not be applicable to—

(i) service performed in the employ of a corporation which

is wholly owned by the United States;

(ii) service performed in the employ of a Federal land bank, a Federal intermediate credit bank, a bank for cooperatives, a Federal land bank association, a production credit association, a Federal Reserve Bank, a Federal Home Loan Bank, or a Federal Credit Union;

(iii) service performed in the employ of a State, county, or community committee under the Commodity Stabilization

Service:

(iv) service performed by a civilian employee, not compensated from funds appropriated by the Congress, in the Army and Air Force Exchange Service, Army and Air Force Motion Picture Service, Navy Exchanges, Marine Corps Exchanges, or other activities, conducted by an instrumentality of the United States subject to the jurisdiction of the Secretary of Defense, at installations of the Department of Defense for the comfort, pleasure, contentment, and mental and physical improvement of personnel of such Department; or

- (v) service performed by a civilian employee, not compensated from funds appropriated by the Congress, in the Coast Guard Exchanges or other activities, conducted by an instrumentality of the United States subject to the jurisdiction of the Secretary of Transportation, at installations of the Coast Guard for the comfort, pleasure, contentment, and mental and physical improvement of personnel of the Coast Guard; ¹
- (C) service performed in the employ of the United States or in the employ of any instrumentality of the United States, if such service is performed—
 - (i) as the President or Vice President of the United States or as a Member, Delegate, or Resident Commissioner of or to the Congress;
 - (ii) in the legislative branch;
 - (iii) in a penal institution of the United States by an inmate thereof;
 - (iv) by any individual as an employee included under section 5351(2) of title 5, United States Code (relating to certain interns, student nurses, and other student employees of hospitals of the Federal Government), other than as a medical or dental intern or a medical or dental resident in training;
 - (v) by any individual as an employee serving on a temporary basis in case of fire, storm, earthquake, flood, or other similar emergency; or
 - (vi) by any individual to whom subchapter III of chapter 83 of title 5, United States Code, does not apply because such individual is subject to another retirement system (other than the retirement system of the Tennessee Valley Authority);
- (7) service performed in the employ of a State, or any political subdivision thereof, or any instrumentality of any one more of the foregoing which is wholly owned thereby, except that this paragraph shall not apply in the case of—
 - (A) service which, under subsection (j), constitutes covered transportation service,
 - (B) service in the employ of the Government of Guam or the Government of American Samoa or any political subdivision thereof, or of any instrumentality of any one or

¹ Clause (v) was amended by section 1903(a)(3)(C) of P.L. 94-455.

more of the foregoing which is wholly owned thereby, performed by an officer or employee thereof (including a member of the legislature of any such Government or political subdivision), and, for purposes of this title with respect to the taxes imposed by this chapter—

(i) any person whose service as such an officer or employee is not covered by a retirement system established by a law of the United States shall not, with respect to such service, be regarded as an employee of the United States or any agency or instrumentality thereof, and

(ii) the remuneration for service described in clause (i) (including fees paid to a public official) shall be deemed to have been paid by the Government of Guam or the Government of American Samoa or by a political subdivision thereof or an instrumentality of any one or more of the forgoing which is wholly owned thereby, whichever is appropriate,

(C) service performed in the employ of the District of Columbia or any instrumentality which is wholly owned thereby, if such service is not covered by a retirement system established by a law of the United States; except that the provisions of this subparagraph shall not be applicable to service performed—

(i) in a hospital or penal institution by a patient or inmate thereof;

(ii) by any individual as an employee included under section 5351(2) of title 5, United States Code (relating to certain interns, student nurses, and other student employees of hospitals of the District of Columbia Government), other than as a medical or dental intern or as a medical or dental resident in training;

(iii) by an individual as an employee serving on a temporary basis in case of fire, storm, snow, earthquake, flood or other similar emergency; or

(iv) by a member of a board, committee, or council of the District of Columbia, paid on a per diem, meeting, or other fee basis, or

(D) service performed in the employ of the Government of Guam (or any instrumentality which is wholly owned by such Government) by an employee properly classified as a temporary or intermittent employee, if such service is not covered by a retirement system established by a law of Guam;

- except that (i) the provisions of this subparagraph shall not be applicable to services performed by an elected official or a member of the legislature or in a hospital or penal institution by a patient or inmate thereof, and (ii) for purposes of this subparagraph, clauses (i) and (ii) of subparagraph (B) shall apply;
- (8) (A) service performed by a duly ordained, commissioned, or licensed minister of a church in the exercise of his ministry or by a member of a religious order in the exercise of duties required by such order, except that this subparagraph shall not apply to service performed by a member of such an order in the exercise of such duties, if an election of coverage under section 3121(r) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954 is in effect with respect to such order, or with respect to the autonomous subdivision thereof to which such member belongs;
- (B) service performed in the employ of a religious, charitable, educational, or other organization described in section 501(c)(3) which is exempt from income tax under section 501(a), but this subparagraph shall not apply to service performed during the period for which a certificate, filed pursuant to subsection (k) (or the corresponding subsection of prior law) or deemed to have been so filed under paragraph (4) or (5) of such subsection, is in effect if such service is performed by an employee—
 - (i) whose signature appears on the list filed (or deemed to have been filed) by such organization under subsection (k) (or the corresponding subsection of prior law),
 - (ii) who became an employee of such organization after the calendar quarter in which the certificate (other than a certificate referred to in clause (iii) was filed (or deemed to have been filed), or
 - (iii) who, after the calendar quarter in which the certificate was filed (or deemed to have been filed) with respect to a group described in section 3121(k)(1)(E), became a member of such group,

except that this subparagraph shall apply with respect to service performed by an employee as a member of a group described in section 3121(k)(1)(E) with respect to which no certificate is (or is deemed to be) in effect; ¹

(9) service performed by an individual as an employee or employee representative as defined in section 3231;

¹ Subparagraph (B) was amended by section 1(b) of P.L. 94-563.

- (10) service performed in the employ of-
 - (A) a school, college, or university, or
 - (B) an organization described in section 509(a) (3) if the organization is organized, and at all times thereafter is operated, exclusively for the benefit of, to perform the functions of, or to carry out the purposes of a school, college, or university and is operated, supervised, or controlled by or in connection with such school, college, or university, unless it is a school, college, or university of a State or a political subdivision thereof and the services performed in its employ by a student referred to in section 218(c)(5) of the Social Security Act are covered under the agreement between the Secretary of Health, Education, and Welfare and such State entered into pursuant to section 218 of such Act:

if such service is performed by a student who is enrolled and regularly attending classes at such school, college, or university; 1

- (11) service performed in the employ of a foreign government (including service as a consular or other officer or employee or a nondiplomatic representative);
- (12) service performed in the employ of an instrumentality wholly owned by a foreign government—
 - (A) if the service is of a character similar to that performed in foreign countries by employees of the United States Government or of an instrumentality thereof; and
 - (B) if the Secretary of State, shall certify to the Secretary of the Treasury that the foreign government, with respect to whose instrumentality and employees thereof exemption is claimed, grants an equivalent exemption with respect to similar service performed in the foreign country by employees of the United States Government and of instrumentalities thereof; ²
- (13) service performed as a student nurse in the employ of a hospital or a nurses' training school by an individual who is enrolled and is regularly attending classes in a nurses' training school chartered or approved pursuant to State law;
- (14) (A) service performed by an individual under the age of 18 in the delivery or distribution of newspapers or shopping news, not including delivery or distribution to any point for subsequent delivery or distribution;

¹ Paragraph (10) was amended by section 356(c) of P.L. 95-216.
² Subparagraph (B) was amended by section 1906(b) (13) (C) of P.L. 94-455.

(B) service performed by an individual in, and at the time of, the sale of newspapers or magazines to ultimate consumers, under an arrangement under which the newspapers or magazines are to be sold by him at a fixed price, his compensation being based on the retention of the excess of such price over the amount at which the newspapers or magazines are charged to him, whether or not he is guaranteed a minimum amount of compensation for such service, or is entitled to be credited with the unsold newspapers or magazines turned back;

(15) service performed in the employ of an international

organization;

(16) service performed by an individual under an arrangement with the owner or tenant of land pursuant to which—

(A) such individual undertakes to produce agricultural or horticultural commodities (including livestock, bees, poultry, and fur-bearing animals and wildlife) on such land,

(B) the agricultural or horticultural commodities produced by such individual, or the proceeds therefrom, are to be divided between such individual and such owner or tenant, and

(C) the amount of such individual's share depends on the amount of the agricultural or horticultural commodities

produced;

(17) service in the employ of any organization which is performed (A) in any year during any part of which such organization is registered, or there is in effect a final order of the Subversive Activities Control Board requiring such organization to register, under the Internal Security Act of 1950, as amended, as a Communist-action organization, a Communist-front organization, or a Communist-infiltrated organization, and (B) after June 30. 1956; ¹

(18) service performed in Guam by a resident of the Republic of the Philippines while in Guam on a temporary basis as a non-immigrant alien admitted to Guam pursuant to section 101(a) (15) (H) (ii) of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C.

1101(a)(15)(H)(ii));

(19) service which is performed by a nonresident alien individual for the period he is temporarily present in the United States as a nonimmigrant under subparagraph (F) or (J) of section 101(a) (15) of the Immigration and Nationality Act, as amended, and which is performed to carry out the purpose specified in subparagraph (F) or (J), as the case may be; or

¹ Paragraph (17) was amended by section 356(d) of P.L. 95-216.

- (20) service performed by an individual on a boat engaged in catching fish or other forms of aquatic animal life under an arrangement with the owner or operator of such boat pursuant to which—
 - (A) such individual does not receive any cash remuneration (other than as provided in subparagraph (B)),
 - (B) such individual receives a share of the boat's (or the boats' in the case of a fishing operation involving more than one boat) catch of fish or other forms of aquatic animal life or a share of the proceeds from the sale of such catch, and
 - (C) the amount of such individual's share depends on the amount of the boat's (or the boats' in the case of a fishing operation involving more than one boat) catch of fish or other forms of aquatic animal life,

but only if the operating crew of such boat (or each boat from which the individual receives a share in the case of a fishing operation involving more than one boat) is normally made up of fewer than 10 individuals.¹

- (c) Included and Excluded Service.—For purposes of this chapter, if the services performed during one-half or more of any pay period by an employee for the person employing him constitute employment, all the services of such employee for such period shall be deemed to be employment; but if the services performed during more than one-half of any such pay period by an employee for the person employing him do not constitute employment, then none of the services of such employee for such period shall be deemed to be employment. As used in this subsection, the term "pay period" means a period (of not more than 31 consecutive days) for which a payment of remuneration is ordinarily made to the employee by the person employing him. This subsection shall not be applicable with respect to services performed in a pay period by an employee for the person employing him, where any of such service is excepted by subsection (b) (9).
- (d) EMPLOYEE.—For purposes of this chapter, the term "employee" means—
 - (1) any officer of a corporation; or
 - (2) any individual who, under the usual common law rules applicable in determining the employer-employee relationship, has the status of an employee; or

¹ Paragraph (20) was added by section 1207(e) (A) of Public Law 94-455.

- (3) any individual (other than an individual who is an employee under paragraph (1) or (2)) who performs services for remuneration for any person—
 - (A) as an agent-driver or commission-driver engaged in distributing meat products, vegetable products, fruit products, bakery products, beverages (other than milk), or laundry or dry-cleaning services, for his principal:
 - (B) as a full-time life insurance salesman;
 - (C) as a home worker performing work, according to specifications furnished by the person for whom the services are performed, on materials or goods furnished by such person which are required to be returned to such person or a person designated by him; or
 - (D) as a traveling or city salesman, other than as an agent-driver or commission-driver, engaged upon a full-time basis in the solicitation on behalf of, and the transmission to, his principal (except for side-line sales activities on behalf of some other person) of orders from wholesalers, retailers, contractors, or operators of hotels, restaurants, or other similar establishments for merchandise for resale or supplies for use in their business operations;

if the contract of service contemplates that substantially all of such services are to be performed personally by such individual; except that an individual shall not be included in the term "employee" under the provisions of this paragraph if such individual has a substantial investment in facilities used in connection with the performance of such services (other than in facilities for transportation), or if the services are in the nature of a single transaction not part of a continuing relationship with the person for whom the services are performed.

- (e) STATE, UNITED STATES, AND CITIZEN.—For purposes of this chapter—
 - (1) STATE.—The term "State" includes the District of Columbia, the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, the Virgin Islands, Guam, and American Samoa.
 - (2) United States.—The term "United States" when used in a geographical sense includes the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, the Virgin Islands, Guam, and American Samoa.

An individual who is a citizen of the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico (but not otherwise a citizen of the United States) shall be considered, for purposes of this section, as a citizen of the United States.

- (f) AMERICAN VESSEL AND AIRCRAFT.—For purposes of this chapter, the term "American vessel" means any vessel documented or numbered under the laws of the United States; and includes any vessel which is neither documented or numbered under the laws of the United States nor documented under the laws of any foreign country, if its crew is employed solely by one or more citizens or residents of the United States or corporations organized under the laws of the United States or of any State; and the term "American aircraft" mean an aircraft registered under the laws of the United States.
- (g) Agricultural Labor.—For purposes of this chapter, the term "agricultural labor" includes all service performed—
 - (1) on a farm, in the employ of any person, in connection with cultivating the soil, or in connection with raising or harvesting any agricultural or horticultural commodity, including the raising, shearing, feeding, caring for, training, and management of livestock, bees, poultry, and fur-bearing animals and wildlife;
 - (2) in the employ of the owner or tenant or other operator of a farm, in connection with the operation, management, conservation, improvement, or maintenance of such farm and its tools and equipment, or in salvaging timber or clearing land of brush and other debris left by a hurricane, if the major part of such service is performed on a farm;
 - (3) in connection with the production or harvesting of any commodity defined as an agricultural commodity in section 15(g) of the Agricultural Marketing Act, as amended (12 U.S.C. 1141j), or in connection with the ginning of cotton, or in connection with the operation or maintenance of ditches, canals, reservoirs, or waterways, not owned or operated for profit, used exclusively for supplying and storing water for farming purposes;
 - (4) (A) in the employ of the operator of a farm in handling, planting, drying, packing, packaging, processing, freezing, grading, storing, or delivering to storage or to market or to a carrier for transportation to market, in its unmanufactured state, any agricultural or horticultural commodity; but only if such operator produced more than one-half of the commodity with respect to which such service is performed;
 - (B) in the employ of a group of operators of farms (other than a cooperative organization) in the performance of service described in subparagraph (A), but only if such operators produced all of the commodity with respect to which such service is performed. For purposes of this subparagraph, any unincor-

porated group of operators shall be deemed a cooperative organization if the number of operators comprising such group is more than 20 at any time during the calendar year in which such service is performed; ¹

- (C) the provisions of subparagraphs (A) and (B) shall not be deemed to be applicable with respect to service performed in connection with commercial canning or commercial freezing or in connection with any agricultural or horticultural commodity after its delivery to a terminal market for distribution for consumption; or
- (5) on a farm operated for profit if such service is not in the course of the employer's trade or business or is domestic service in a private home of the employer

As used in this subsection, the term "farm" includes stock, dairy, poultry, fruit, fur-bearing animal, and truck farms, plantations, ranches, nurseries, ranges, greenhouses or other similar structures used primarily for the raising of agricultural or horticultural commodities, and orchards.

- (h) AMERICAN EMPLOYER.—For purposes of this chapter, the term "American employer" means an employer which is—
 - (1) the United States or any instrumentality thereof,
 - (2) an individual who is a resident of the United States,
 - (3) a partnership, if two-thirds or more of the partners are residents of the United States,
 - (4) a trust, if all of the trustees are residents of the United States, or
 - (5) a corporation organized under the laws of the United States or of any State.
 - (i) COMPUTATION OF WAGES IN CERTAIN CASES.—
 - (1) Domestic service.—For purposes of this chapter, in the case of domestic service described in subsection (a) (7) (B), any payment of cash remuneration for such service which is more or less than a whole-dollar amount shall, under such conditions and to such extent as may be prescribed by regulations made under this chapter, be computed to the nearest dollar. For the purpose of the computation to the nearest dollar, the payment of a fractional part of a dollar shall be disregarded unless it amounts to one-half dollar or more, in which case it shall be increased to \$1. The amount of any payment of cash remuneration so computed to the nearest dollar shall, in lieu of the amount actually paid, be deemed to constitute the amount of cash remuneration for purposes of subsection (a) (7) (B).

¹ Subparagraph (B) was amended by section 356(d) of P.L. 95-216.

- (2) Service in the uniformed services.—For purposes of this chapter, in the case of an individual performing service, as a member of a uniformed service, to which the provisions of subsection (m)(1) are applicable, the term "wages" shall, subject to the provisions of subsection (a)(1) of this section, include as such individual's remuneration for such service only his basic pay as described in section 102(10) of the Servicemen's and Veterans' Survivor Benefits Act.
- (3) Peace corps volunteer service.—For purposes of this chapter, in the case of an individual performing service, as a volunteer or volunteer leader with the meaning of the Peace Corps Act, to which the provisions of section 3121(p) are applicable, the term "wages" shall, subject to the provisions of subsection (a) (1) of this section, include as such individual's remuneration for such service only amounts paid pursuant to section 5(c) or 6(l) of the Peace Corps Act.
- (4) Service performed by certain members of religious orders.—For purposes of this chapter, in any case where an individual is a member of a religious order (as defined in subsection (r)(2)) performing service in the exercise of duties required by such order, and an election of coverage under subsection (r) is in effect with respect to such order or with respect to the autonomous subdivision thereof to which such member belongs, the term "wages" shall, subject to the provisions of subsection (a) (1), include as such individual's remuneration for such service the fair market value of any board, lodging, clothing, and other perquisites furnished to such member by such order or subdivision thereof or by any other person or organization pursuant to an agreement with such order or subdivision, except that the amount included as such individual's remuneration under this paragraph shall not be less than \$100 a month.
- (j) Covered Transportation Service.—For purposes of this chapter—
 - (1) Existing transportation systems—General rule.—Except as provided in paragraph (2), all service performed in the employ of a State or political subdivision in connection with its operation of a public transportation system shall constitute covered transportation service if any part of the transportation system was acquired from private ownership after 1936 and prior to 1951.
 - (2) Existing transportation systems—Cases in which no transportation employees, or only certain employees, are covered.—Service performed in the employ of a State or political

subdivision in connection with the operation of its public transportation system shall not constitute covered transportation service if—

- (A) any part of the transportation system was acquired from private ownership after 1936 and prior to 1951, and substantially all service in connection with the operation of the transportation system was, on December 31, 1950, covered under a general retirement system providing benefits which, by reason of a provision of the State constitution dealing specifically with retirement systems of the State or political subdivisions thereof, cannot be diminished or impaired; or
- (B) no part of the transportation system operated by the State or political subdivision on December 31, 1950, was acquired from private ownership after 1936 and prior to 1951;

except that if such State or political subdivision makes an acquisition after 1950 from private ownership of any part of its transportation system, then, in the case of any employee who—

- (C) became an employee of such State or political subdivision in connection with and at the time of its acquisition after 1950 of such part, and
- (D) prior to such acquisition rendered service in employment (including as employment service covered by an agreement under section 218 of the Social Security Act) in connection with the operation of such part of the transportation system acquired by the State or political subdivision,

the service of such employee in connection with the operation of the transportation system shall constitute covered transportation service, commencing with the first day of the third calendar quarter following the calendar quarter in which the acquisition of such part took place, unless on such first day such service of such employee is covered by a general retirement system which does not, with respect to such employee, contain special provisions applicable only to employees described in subparagraph (C).

(3) Transportation systems acquired after 1950.—All service performed in the employ of a State or political subdivision thereof in connection with its operation of a public transportation system shall constitute covered transportation service if the transportation system was not operated by the State or political subdivision prior to 1951 and, at the time of its first acquisition (after 1950) from private ownership of any part of its transportation system, the State or political subdivision did not have a general retirement system covering substantially all service per-

formed in connection with the operation of the transportation system.

- (4) Definitions.—For the purposes of this subsection—
 - (A) The term "general retirement system" means any pension, annuity, retirement, or similar fund or system established by a State or by a political subdivision thereof for employees of the State, political subdivision, or both; but such term shall not include such a fund or system which covers only service performed in positions connected with the operation of its public transportation system.
 - (B) A transportation system or a part thereof shall be considered to have been acquired by a State or political subdivision from private ownership if prior to the acquisition service performed by employees in connection with the operation of the system or part thereof acquired constituted employment under this chapter or subchapter A of chapter 9 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1939 or was covered by an agreement made pursuant to section 218 of the Social Security Act and some of such employees became employees of the State or political subdivision in connection with and at the time of such acquisition.
 - (C) The term "political subdivision" includes an instrumentality of—
 - (i) a State,
 - (ii) one or more political subdivisions of a State, or
 - (iii) a State and one or more of its political subdivisions.
- (k) Exemption of Religious, Charitable, and Certain Other Organizations.—
 - (1) WAIVER OF EXEMPTION BY ORGANIZATION.—
 - (A) An organization described in section 501(c) (3) which is exempt from income tax under section 501(a) may file a certificate (in such form and manner, and with such official, as may be prescribed by regulations made under this chapter) certifying that it desires to have the insurance system established by title II of the Social Security Act extended to service performed by its employees. Such certificate may be filed only if it is accompanied by a list containing the signature, address, and social security account number (if any) of each employee (if any) who concurs in the filing of the certificate. Such list may be amended at any time prior to the expiration of the twenty-fourth month following the calendar quarter in which the certificate is filed by filing with

the prescribed official a supplemental list or lists containing the signature, address, and social security account number (if any) of each additional employee who concurs in the filing of the certificate. The list and any supplemental list shall be filed in such form and manner as may be prescribed by regulations made under this chapter.

- (B) The certificate shall be in effect (for purposes of subsection (b) (8) (B) and for purposes of section 210(a) (8) (B) of the Social Security Act) for the period beginning with whichever of the following may be designated by the organization:
 - (i) the first day of the calendar quarter in which the certificate is filed,
 - (ii) the first day of the calendar quarter succeeding such quarter, or
 - (iii) the first day of any calendar quarter preceding the calendar quarter in which the certificate is filed, except that such date may not be earlier than the first day of the twentieth calendar quarter preceding the quarter in which such certificate is filed.
- (C) In the case of service performed by an employee whose name appears on a supplemental list filed after the first month following the calendar quarter in which the certificate is filed, the certificate shall be in effect (for purposes of subsection (b)(8)(B) and for purposes of section 210(a)(8)(B) of the Social Security Act) only with respect to service performed by such individual for the period beginning with the first day of the calendar quarter in which such supplemental list is filed.
- (D) The period for which a certificate filed pursuant to this subsection or the corresponding subsection of prior law is effective may be terminated by the organization, effective at the end of a calendar quarter, upon giving 2 years' advance notice in writing, but only if, at the time of the receipt of such notice, the certificate has been in effect for a period of not less than 8 years. The notice of termination may be revoked by the organization by giving, prior to the close of the calendar quarter specified in the notice of termination, a written notice of such revocation. Notice of termination or revocation thereof shall be filed in such form and manner, and with such official, as may be prescribed by regulations made under this chapter.
- (E) If an organization described in subparagraph (A) employs both individuals who are in positions covered by a

pension annuity, retirement, or similar fund or system established by a State or by a political subdivision thereof and individuals who are not in such positions, the organization shall divide its employees into two separate groups. One group shall consist of all employees who are in positions covered by such a fund or system and (i) are members of such fund or system, or (ii) are not members of such fund or system but are eligible to become members thereof; and the other group shall consist of all remaining employees. An organization which has so divided its employees into two groups may file a certificate pursuant to subparagraph (A) with respect to the employees in either group, or may file a separate certificate pursuant to such subparagraph with respect to the employees in each group.

- (F) If a certificate filed pursuant to this paragraph is effective for one or more calendar quarters prior to the quarter in which the certificate is filed, then—
 - (i) for purposes of computing interest and for purposes of section 6651 (relating to addition to tax for failure to file tax return or pay tax), the due date for the return and payment of the tax for such prior calendar quarters resulting from the filing of such certificate shall be the last day of the calendar month following the calendar quarter in which the certificate is filed; and
 - (ii) the statutory period for the assessment of such tax shall not expire before the expiration of 3 years from such due date.¹

(H) [Repealed] 1

(2) Termination of waiver period by secretary.—If the Secretary finds that any organization which filed a certificate pursuant to this subsection or the corresponding subsection of prior law has failed to comply substantially with the requirements applicable with respect to the taxes imposed by this chapter or the corresponding provisions of prior law or is no longer able to comply with the requirements applicable with respect to the taxes imposed by this chapter, the Secretary shall give such organization not less than 60 days' advance notice in writing that the period covered by such certificate will terminate at the end of the calendar quarter specified in such notice. Such notice of termination may be revoked by the Secretary by giving, prior to the close of the calendar quarter specified in the notice of termination, written notice of such revocation to the

¹ Subparagraph (F) (formerly subparagraph (G)) was redesignated by section 1903 (a)(8)(E) of P.L. 94-455 which also repealed subparagraph (H) and the former subparagraph (F).

organization. No notice of termination or of revocation thereof shall be given under this paragraph to an organization without the prior concurrence of the Secretary of Health, Education, and Welfare.

- (3) No RENEWAL OF WAIVER.—In the event the period covered by a certificate filed pursuant to this subsection or the corresponding subsection of prior law is terminated by the organization, no certificate may again be filed by such organization pursuant to this subsection.
- (4) Constructive filing of certificate where no refund or credit of taxes has been made.—
 - (A) In any case where—
 - (i) an organization described in section 501(c) (3) which is exempt from income tax under section 501(a) has not filed a valid waiver certificate under paragraph (1) of this subsection (or under the corresponding provision of prior law) as of the date of the enactment of this paragraph (or, if later, as of the earliest date on which it satisfies clause (ii) of this subparagraph.), but ¹
 - (ii) the taxes imposed by sections 3101 and 3111 have been paid with respect to the remuneration paid by such organization to its employees, as though such a certificate had been filed, during any period (subject to subparagraph (B)(i)) of not less than three consecutive calendar quarters,

such organization shall be deemed (except as provided in subparagraph (B) of this paragraph) for purposes of subsection (b)(8)(B) and section 210(a)(8)(B) of the Social Security Act, to have filed a valid waiver certificate under paragraph (1) of this subsection (or under the corresponding provision of prior law) on the first day of the period described in clause (ii) of this subparagraph effective (subject to subparagraph (C)) on the first day of the calendar quarter in which such period began, and to have accompanied such certificate with a list containing the signature, address, and social security number (if any) of each employee with respect to whom the taxes described in such subparagraph were paid (and each such employee shall be deemed for such purposes to have concurred in the filing of the certificate).

- (B) Subparagraph (A) shall not apply with respect to any organization if—
 - (i) the period referred to in clause (ii) of such subparagraph (in the case of that organization) terminated before the end of the earliest calendar quarter falling

² Subparagraph (A) was amended by sections 312(b)(2) and 312(f) of P.L. 95-216. (The period following the word "subparagraph" is a technical error in the law.)

wholly or partly within the time limitation (as defined in section 205(c)(1)(B) of the Social Security Act) immediately preceding the date of the enactment of this

paragraph, or

(ii) a refund or credit of any part of the taxes which were paid as described in clause (ii) of such subparagraph with respect to remuneration for services performed on or after the first day of the earliest calendar quarter falling wholly or partly within the time limitation (as defined in section 205(c)(1)(B) of the Social Security Act) immediately preceding the first day of the calendar quarter of enactment of this paragraph (other than a refund or credit which would have been allowed if a valid waiver certificate filed under paragraph (1) had been in effect) has been obtained by the organization or its employees prior to September 9, 1976, or 1

- (iii) the organization, prior to the end of the period referred to in clause (ii) of such subparagraph (and, in the case of an organization organized on or before October 9, 1969, prior to October 19, 1976), had applied for a ruling or determination letter acknowledging it to be exempt from income tax under section 501(c)(3), and it subsequently received such ruling or determination letter and did not pay any taxes under sections 3101 and 3111 with respect to any employee with respect to any quarter ending after the twelfth month following the date of mailing of such ruling or determination letter and did not pay any such taxes with respect to any quarter beginning after the later of (I) December 31, 1975 or (II) the date on which such ruling or determination letter was issued.²
- (C) In the case of any organization which is deemed under this paragraph to have filed a valid waiver certificate under paragraph (1), if—
 - (i) the period with respect to which the taxes imposed by sections 3101 and 3111 were paid by such organization (as described in subparagraph (A) (ii)) terminated prior to October 1, 1976, or
 - (ii) the taxes imposed by sections 3101 and 3111 were not paid during the period referred to in clause (i) (whether such period has terminated or not) with respect to remuneration paid by such organization to individuals

¹ Clause (ii) was amended by section 312(b) (4) of P.L. 95–216. ² Clause (iii) was added by section 312(g) of P.L. 95–216.

who became its employees after the close of the calendar quarter in which such period began,

taxes under sections 3101 and 3111-

- (iii) in the case of an organization which meets the requirements of this subparagraph by reason of clause (i), with respect to remuneration paid by such organization after the termination of the period referred to in clause (i) and prior to July 1, 1977; or
- (iv) in the case of an organization which meets the requirements of this subparagraph by reason of clause (ii), with respect to remuneration paid prior to July 1, 1977, to individuals who became its employees after the close of the calendar quarter in which the period referred to in clause (i) began,

which remain unpaid on the date of the enactment of this subparagraph, or which were paid after October 19, 1976, but prior to the date of the enactment of this subparagraph, shall not be due or payable (or, if paid, shall be refunded); and the certificate which such organization is deemed under this paragraph to have filed shall not apply to any service with respect to the remuneration for which the taxes imposed by sections 3101 and 3111 (which remain unpaid on the date of the enactment of this subparagraph, or were paid after October 19. 1976, but prior to the date of the enactment of this subparagraph) are not due and payable (or are refunded) by reason of the preceding provisions of this subperagraph. In applying this subparagraph for purposes of title II of the Social Security Act, the period during which reports of wages subject to the taxes imposed by section 3101 and 3111 were made by any organization may be conclusively treated as the period (described in subparagraph (A)(ii)) during which the taxes imposed by such sections were paid by such organization.1

- (5) Constructive filing of certificate where refund or credit has been made and new certificate is not filed.—In any case where—
 - (A) an organization described in section 501(c) (3) which is exempt from income tax under section 501(a) would be deemed under paragraph (4) of this subsection to have filed a valid waiver certificate under paragraph (1) if it were not excluded from such paragraph (4) (pursuant to subparagraph (B) (ii) thereof) because a refund or credit of all or a part of the taxes described in paragraph (4) (A) (ii) was obtained prior to September 9, 1976; and

¹ Subparagraph (C) was added by section 312(b) (1) of P.L. 95-216.

(B) such organization has not, prior to April 1, 1978, filed a valid waiver certificate under paragraph (1) which is effective for a period beginning on or before the first day of the first calendar quarter with respect to which such refund or credit was made (or, if later, with the first day of the earliest calendar quarter for which such certificate may be in effect under paragraph (1)(B)(iii)) and which is accompanied by the list described in paragraph (1)(A),

such organization shall be deemed, for purposes of subsection (b) (8) (B) and section 210(a) (8) (B) of the Social Security Act, to have filed a valid waiver certificate under paragraph (1) of this subsection on April 1, 1978, effective for the period beginning on the first day of the first calendar quarter with respect to which the refund or credit referred to in subparagraph (A) of this paragraph was made (or, if later, with the first day of the earliest calendar quarter falling wholly or partly within the time limitation (as defined in section 205(c) (1) (B) of the Social Security Act) immediately preceding the date of the enactment of this paragraph), and to have accompanied such certificate with a list containing the signature, address, and social security number (if any) of each employee described in subparagraph (a) of paragraph (4) including any employee with respect to whom taxes were refunded or credited as described in subparagraph (A) of this paragraph (and each such employee shall be deemed for such purposes to have concurred in the filing of the certificate). A certificate which is deemed to have been filed by an organization on April 1, 1978, shall supersede any certificate which may have been actually filed by such organization prior to that day except to the extent prescribed by the Secretary or his delegate.1

(6) APPLICATION OF CERTAIN PROVISIONS TO CASES OF CONSTRUCTIVE FILING.—All of the provisions of this subsection (other than subparagraphs (B), (F), and (H) of paragraph (1)), including the provisions requiring payment of taxes under section 3101 and 3111 with respect to the services involved (except as provided in paragraph (4)(C)), shall apply with respect to any certificate which is deemed to have been filed by an organization on any day under paragraph (4) or (5), in the same way they would apply if the certificate had been actually filed on that day under paragraph (1); except that—

(A) the provisions relating to the filing of supplemental lists of concurring employees in the third sentence of paragraph (1)(A), and in paragraph (1)(C), shall apply to the extent prescribed by the Secretary or his delegate;

¹ Paragraph (5) was amended by section 312(a) (1) of P.L. 95-216.

- (B) the provisions of paragraph (1) (E) shall not apply unless the taxes described in paragraph (4) (A) (ii) were paid by the organization as though a separate certificate had been filed with respect to one or both of the groups to which such provisions relate; and
- (C) the action of the organization in obtaining the refund or credit described in paragraph (5)(A) shall not be considered a termination of such organization's coverage period for purposes of paragraph (3). Any organization which is deemed to have filed a waiver certificate under paragraph (4) or (5) shall be considered for purposes of section 3102(b) to have been required to deduct the taxes imposed by section 3101 with respect to the services involved.¹
- (7) BOTH EMPLOYEE AND EMPLOYER TAXES PAYABLE BY ORGA-NIZATION FOR RETROACTIVE PERIOD IN CASES OF CONSTRUCTIVE FIL-ING.—Notwithstanding any other provision of this chapter, in any case where an organization described in paragraph (5)(A) has not filed a valid waiver certificate under paragraph (1) prior to April 1, 1978, this paragraph and is accordingly deemed under paragraph (5) to have filed such a certificate on April 1, 1978, the taxes due under section 3101. with respect to services constituting employment by reason of such certificate or any period prior to that date (along with the taxes due under section 3111 with respect to such services and the amount of any interest paid in connection with the refund or credit described in paragraph (5) (a)) shall be paid by such organization from its own funds and without any deduction from the wages of the individuals who performed such services; and those individuals shall have no liability for the payment of such taxes.2
- (8) Extended period for payment of taxes for retroactive coverage.—Notwithstanding any other provision of this title, in any case where—
- (A) an organization is deemed under paragraph (4) to have filed a valid waiver certificate under paragraph (1), but the applicable period described in paragraph (4) (A) (ii) has terminated and part or all of the taxes imposed by sections 3101 and 3111 with respect to remuneration paid by such organization to its employees after the close of such period remains payable notwithstanding paragraph (4) (C),
 - (B) an organization described in paragraph (5) (A) files a valid waiver certificate under paragraph (1) by March 31, 1978, as described in paragraph (5) (B), or (not having filed

¹.Paragraph (6) was amended by section 312(b) (3) of P.L. 95–216.
² Paragraph (7) was amended by section 312(a) (2) of P.L. 95–216.

such a certificate by that date) is deemed under paragraph (5) to have filed such a certificate on April 1, 1978, or

(C) an individual files a request under section 3 of Public Law 94-563, or under section 312(c) of the Social Security Amendments of 1977, to have service treated as constituting remuneration for employment (as defined in section 3121(b) and in section 210(a) of the Social Security Act),

the taxes due under sections 3101 and 3111 with respect to services constituting employment by reason of such certificate for any period prior to the first day of the calendar quarter in which the date of such filing or constructive filing occurs, or with respect to service constituting employment by reason of such request, may be paid in installments over an appropriate period of time, as determined under regulations prescribed by the Secretary, rather than in a lump sum.¹

- (1) Agreements Entered Into by Domestic Corporations With Respect to Foreign Subsidiaries.—
 - (1) AGREEMENT WITH RESPECT TO CERTAIN EMPLOYEES OF FOREIGN SUBSIDIARIES.—The Secretary shall, at the request of any domestic corporation, enter into an agreement (in such form and manner as may be prescribed by the Secretary) with any such corporation which desires to have the insurance system established by title II of the Social Security Act extended to service performed outside the United States in the employ of any one or more of its foreign subsidiaries (as defined in paragraph (8)) by all employees who are citizens of the United States, except that the agreement shall not be applicable to any service performed by, or remuneration paid to, an employee if such service or remuneration would be excluded from the term "employment"

.....

¹ Paragraphs (4), (5), (6), (7), and (8) were added by section 1(c) of Public Law 94-563 effective for services performed after 1950, to the extent covered by waiver certificates filed or deemed to have been filed under section 3121(k)(4) or (5). Paragraph (8) was amended by section 312(d) of P.L. 95-216.

or "wages", as defined in this section, had the service been performed in the United States. Such agreement may be amended at any time so as to be made applicable in the same manner and under the same conditions, with respect to any other foreign subsidiary of such domestic corporation. Such agreement shall be applicable with respect to citizens of the United States who, on or after the effective date of the agreement, are employees of and perform services outside the United States for any foreign subsidiary specified in the agreement. Such agreement shall provide—

(A) that the domestic corporation shall pay to the Secretary, at such time or times as the Secretary may by regulations prescribe, amounts equivalent to the sum of the taxes which would be imposed by sections 3101 and 3111 (including amounts equivalent to the interest, additions to the taxes, additional amounts, and penalties which would be applicable) with respect to the remuneration which would be wages if the services covered by the agreement constituted employment as defined in this section; and

(B) that the domestic corporation will comply with such regulations relating to payments and reports as the Secretary may prescribe to carry out the purposes of this subsection.

- (2) Effective period of agreement.—An agreement entered into pursuant to paragraph (1) shall be in effect for the period beginning with the first day of the calendar quarter in which such agreement is entered into or the first day of the succeeding calendar quarter, as may be specified in the agreement; except that in case such agreement is amended to include the services performed for any other subsidiary and such amendment is executed after the first month following the first calendar quarter for which the agreement is in effect, the agreement shall be in effect with respect to service performed for such other subsidiary only after the calendar quarter in which such amendment is executed.¹
- (3) Termination of Period by a domestic corporation.—The period for which an agreement entered into pursuant to para graph (1) of this subsection is effective may be terminated with respect to any one or more of its foreign subsidiaries by the domestic corporation, effective at the end of a calendar quarter, upon giving two year's advance notice in writing, but only if, at the time of the receipt of such notice, the agreement has been in effect for a period of not less than eight years. The notice of termination may be revoked by the domestic corporation by giving, prior to the close of the calendar quarter specified in the notice of termina-

¹ Paragraph (2) was amended by section 1908(a) (8) (F) of P.L. 94-455.

tion, a written notice of such revocation. Notice of termination or revocation thereof shall be filed in such form and manner as may be prescribed by regulations. Notwithstanding any other provision of this subsection, the period for which any such agreement is effective with respect to any foreign corporation shall terminate at the end of any calendar quarter in which the foreign corporation, at any time in such quarter, ceases to be a foreign subsidiary as defined in paragraph (8).

- (4) Termination of period by secretary.—If the Secretary finds that any domestic corporation which entered into an agreement pursuant to this subsection has failed to comply substantially with the terms of such agreement, the Secretary shall give such domestic corporation not less than sixty days' advance notice in writing that the period covered by such agreement will terminate at the end of the calendar quarter specified in such notice. Such notice of termination may be revoked by the Secretary by giving, prior to the close of the calendar quarter specified in the notice of termination, written notice of such revocation to the domestic corporation. No notice of termination or of revocation thereof shall be given under this paragraph to a domestic corporation without the prior concurrence of the Secretary of Health, Education, and Welfare.
- (5) No renewal of agreement.—If any agreement entered into pursuant to paragraph (1) of this subsection is terminated in its entirety (A) by a notice of termination filed by the domestic corporation pursuant to paragraph (3), or (B) by a notice of termination given by the Secretary pursuant to paragraph (4), the domestic corporation may not again enter into an agreement pursuant to paragraph (1). If any such agreement is terminated with respect to any foreign subsidiary, such agreement may not thereafter be amended so as again to make it applicable with respect to such subsidiary.
- (3) DEPOSITS IN TRUST FUNDS.—For purposes of section 201 of the Social Security Act, relating to appropriations to the Federal Old-Age and Survivors Insurance Trust Fund and the Federal Disability Insurance Trust Fund, such remuneration—
 - (A) paid for services covered by an agreement entered into pursuant to paragraph (1) as would be wages if the services constituted employment, and
 - (B) as is reported to the Secretary pursuant to the provisions of such agreement or of the regulations issued under this subsection.

shall be considered wages subject to the taxes imposed by this chapter.

(7) OVERPAYMENTS AND UNDERPAYMENTS.—

- (A) If more or less than the correct amount due under an agreement entered into pursuant to this subsection is paid with respect to any payment of remuneration, proper adjustments with respect to the amounts due under such agreement shall be made, without interest, in such manner and at such times as may be required by regulations prescribed by the Secretary.
- (B) If an overpayment cannot be adjusted under subparagraph (A), the amount thereof shall be paid by the Secretary, through the Fiscal Service of the Treasury Department, but only if a claim for such overpayment is filed with the Secretary within two years from the time such overpayment was made.
- (8) DEFINITION OF FOREIGN SUBSIDIARY.—For purposes of this subsection and section 210(a) of the Social Security Act, a foreign subsidiary of a domestic corporation is—
 - (A) a foreign corporation not less than 20 percent of the voting stock of which is owned by such domestic corporation; or
 - (B) a foreign corporation more than 50 percent of the voting stock of which is owned by the foreign corporation described in subparagraph (A).
- (9) Domestic corporation as separate entity.—Each domestic corporation which enters into an agreement pursuant to paragraph (1) of this subsection shall, for purposes of this subsection and section 6413(c)(2)(C), relating to special refunds in the case of employees of certain foreign corporations, be considered an employer in its capacity as a party to such agreement separate and distinct from its identity as a person employing individuals on its own account.
- (10) REGULATIONS.—Regulations of the Secretary to carry out the purposes of this subsection shall be designed to make the requirements imposed on domestic corporations with respect to services covered by an agreement entered into pursuant to this subsection the same, so far as practicable, as those imposed upon employers pursuant to this title with respect to the taxes imposed by this chapter.
- (m) Service in the Uniformed Services.—For purposes of this chapter—
 - (1) Inclusion of service.—The term "employment" shall, notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (b) of this section, include service performed by an individual as a member of a uni-

formed service on active duty; but such term shall not include any such service which is performed while on leave without pay.¹

- (2) ACTIVE DUTY.—The term "active duty" means "active duty" as described in section 102 of the Servicemen's and Veterans' Survivor Benefits Act, except that it shall also include "active duty for training" as described in such section.
- (3) INACTIVE DUTY TRAINING.—The term "inactive duty training" means "inactive duty training" as described in such section 102.
- (n) Member of a Uniformed Service.—For purposes of this chapter, the term "member of a uniformed service" means any person appointed, enlisted, or inducted in a component of the Army, Navy, Air Force, Marine Corps, or Coast Guard (including a reserve component of a uniformed service as defined in section 102(3) of the Servicemen's and Veterans' Survivor Benefits Act), or in one of those services without specification of component, or as a commissioned officer of the Coast and Geodetic Survey or the Regular or Reserve Corps of the Public Health Service, and any person serving in the Army or Air Force under call or conscription. The term includes—
 - (1) a retired member of any of those services;
 - (2) a member of the Fleet Reserve or Fleet Marine Corps Reserve;
 - (3) a cadet at the United States Military Academy, a midshipman at the United States Naval Academy, and a cadet at the United States Coast Guard Academy or United States Air Force Academy;
 - (4) a member of the Reserve Officers' Training Corps, the Naval Reserve Officers' Training Corps, or the Air Force Reserve Officers' Training Corps, when ordered to annual training duty for fourteen days or more, and while performing authorized travel to and from that duty; and
 - (5) any person while en route to or from, or at, a place for final acceptance or for entry upon active duty in the military or naval service—
 - (A) who has been provisionally accepted for such duty; or
 - (B) who, under the Universal Military Training and Service Act, has been selected for active military or naval service;

and has been ordered or directed to proceed to such place.

The term does not include a temporary member of the Coast Guard Reserve.

Paragraph (1) was amended by section 1903(a)(3)(G) of Public Law 94-455.

- (o) Crew Leader.—For purposes of this chapter, the term "crew leader" means an individual who furnishes individuals to perform agricultural labor for another person, if such individual pays (either on his own behalf or on behalf of such person) the individuals so furnished by him for the agricultural labor performed by them and if such individual has not entered into a written agreement with such person whereby such individual has been designated as an employee of such person; and such individuals furnished by the crew leader to perform agricultural labor for another person shall be deemed to be the employees of such crew leader. For purposes of this chapter and chapter 2, a crew leader shall, with respect to service performed in furnishing individuals to perform agricultural labor for another person and service performed as a member of the crew, be deemed not to be an employee of such other person.
- (p) Peace Corps Volunteer Service.—For purposes of this chapter, the term "employment" shall, notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (b) of this section, include service performed by an individual as a volunteer or volunteer leader within the meaning of the Peace Corps Act.
- (q) The Included for Employee Taxes.—For purposes of this chapter other than for purposes of the taxes imposed by section 3111, tips received by an employee in the course of his employment shall be considered remuneration for employment. Such remuneration shall be deemed to be paid at the time a written statement including such tips is furnished to the employer pursuant to section 6053(a) or (if no statement including such tips is so furnished) at the time received.
 - (r) Election of Coverage by Religious Orders.—
 - (1) CERTIFICATE OF ELECTION BY ORDER.—A religious order whose members are required to take a vow of poverty, or any autonomous subdivision of such order, may file a certificate (in such form and manner, and with such official, as may be prescribed by regulations under this chapter) electing to have the insurance system established by title II of the Social Security Act extended to services performed by its members in the exercise of duties required by such order or such subdivision thereof. Such certificate of election shall provide that—
 - (A) such election of coverage by such order or subdivision shall be irrevocable:
 - (B) such election shall apply to all current and future members of such order, or in the case of a subdivision thereof to all current and future members of such order who belong to such subdivision:
 - (C) all services performed by a member of such an order or subdivision in the exercise of duties required by such order

or subdivision shall be deemed to have been performed by such member as an employee of such order or subdivision; and

- (D) the wages of each member, upon which such order or subdivision shall pay the taxes imposed by sections 3101 and 3111, will be determined as provided in subsection (i) (4).
- (2) Definition of Member.—For purposes of this subsection, a member of a religious order means any individual who is subject to a vow of poverty as a member of such order and who performs tasks usually required (and to the extent usually required) of an active member of such order and who is not considered retired because of old age or total disability.
- (3) EFFECTIVE DATE FOR ELECTION.—(A) A certificate of election of coverage shall be in effect, for purposes of subsection (b) (8) (A) and for purposes of section 210(a) (8) (A) of the Social Security Act, for the period beginning with whichever of the following may be designated by the order or subdivision thereof:

(i) the first day of the calendar quarter in which the cer-

tificate is filed,

(ii) the first day of the calendar quarter succeeding such quarter, or

(iii) the first day of any calendar quarter preceding the calendar quarter in which the certificate is filed, except that such date may not be earlier than the first day of the twentieth calendar quarter preceding the quarter in which such certificate is filed.

Whenever a date is designated under clause (iii), the election shall apply to services performed before the quarter in which the certificate is filed only if the member performing such services was a member at the time such services were performed and is living on the first day of the quarter in which such certificate is filed.

- (B) If a certificate of election filed pursuant to this subsection is effective for one or more calendar quarters prior to the quarter in which such certificate is filed, then—
 - (i) for purposes of computing interest and for purposes of section 6651 (relating to addition to tax for failure to file tax return), the due date for the return and payment of the tax for such prior calendar quarters resulting from the filing of such certificate shall be the last day of the calendar month following the calendar quarter in which the certificate is filed; and
 - (ii) the statutory period for the assessment of such tax shall not expire before the expiration of 3 years from such due date.

- (4) COORDINATION WITH COVERAGE OF LAY EMPLOYEES.—Notwithstanding the preceding provisions of this subsection, no certificate of election shall become effective with respect to an order or subdivision thereof, unless—
 - (A) if at the time the certificate of election is filed a certificate of waiver of exemption under subsection (k) is in effect with respect to such order or subdivision, such order subdivision amends such certificate of waiver of exemption (in such form and manner as may be prescribed by regulations made under this chapter) to provide that it may not be revoked, or
 - (B) if at the time the certificate of election is filed a certificate of waiver of exemption under such subsection is not in effect with respect to such order or subdivision, such order or subdivision files such certificate of waiver of exemption under the provisions of such subsection except that such certificate of waiver of exemption cannot become effective at a later date than the certificate of election and such certificate of waiver of exemption must specify that such certificate of waiver of exemption may not be revoked. The certificate of waiver of exemption required under this subparagraph shall be filed notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (k) (3).
- (s) Concurrent Employment by Two or More Employers.—For purposes of sections 3102, 3111, and 3121(a) (1), if two or more related corporations concurrently employ the same individual and compensate such individual through a common paymaster which is one of such corporations, each such corporation shall be considered to have paid as remuneration to such individual only the amounts actually disbursed by it to such individual and shall not be considered to have paid as remuneration to such individual amounts actually disbursed to such individual by another of such corporations.¹
- (t) Special Rule for Determining Wages Subject to Employer Tax in Case of Certain Employers Whose Employees Receive Income From Tips.—If the wages paid by an employer with respect to the employment during any month of an individual who (for services performed in connection with such employment) receives tips which constitute wages, and to which section 3102(a) applies, are less than the total amount which would be payable (with respect to such employment) at the minimum wage rate applicable to such individual under section 6(a)(1) of the Fair Labor Standards Act of 1938 (determined without regard to section 3(m) of such Act), the wages so paid shall be deemed for purposes of section 3111 to be equal to such total amount.

¹ Subsection (s) was added by sec. 314(a) of P.L. 95-216 effective with respect to wages paid after December 31, 1978.

⁹ Subsection (t) was added by sec. 315(a) of P.L. 95-216.

- (u) Application of Hospital Insurance Tax to Federal Employment,—
 - (1) In GENERAL.—For purposes of the taxes imposed by sections 3101(b) and 3111(b)—
 - (A) paragraph (6) of subsection (b) shall be applied without regard to subparagraphs (A), (B), and (C) (i), (ii), and (vi) thereof, and
 - (B) paragraph (5) of subsection (b) (and the provisions of law referred to therein) shall not apply.
 - (2) Medicare qualified federal employment.—For purposes of this chapter, the term "medicare qualified Federal employment" means service which—
 - (A) is employment (as defined in subsection (b)) with the application of paragraph (1), but
 - (B) would not be employment (as so defined) without the application of paragraph (1).

SEC. 3122. FEDERAL SERVICE.

In the case of the taxes imposed by this chapter with respect to service performed in the employ of the United States or in the employ of any instrumentality which is wholly owned by the United States, including service which is medicare qualified Federal employment (as defined in section 3121(u)(2)), including service, performed as a member of a uniformed service, to which the provisions of section 8121(m)(1) are applicable, and including service, performed as a volunteer or volunteer leader within the meaning of the Peace Corps Act, to which the provisions of section 8121(p) are applicable, the determination whether an individual has performed service which constitutes employment as defined in section 3121(b), the determination of the amount of remuneration for such service which constitutes wages as defined in section 8121(a), and the return and payment of the taxes imposed by this chapter, shall be made by the head of the Federal agency or instrumentality having the control of such service, or by such agents as such head may designate. The person making such return may, for convenience of administration, make payments of the tax imposed under section 3111 with respect to such service without regard to the contribution and benefit base limitation in section 3121(a) (1), and he shall not be required to obtain a refund of the tax paid under section 3111 on that part of the remuneration not included in wages by reason of section 3121(a)(1). Payments of the tax imposed under sec-

² Subsec. (u) was added by sec. 278(a)(1) of P.L. 97-248.

² Sec. 8122 was amended by sec. 278(a)(8) of P.L. 97-248.

tion 3111 with respect to service, performed by an individual as a member of a uniformed service, to which the provisions of section 3121 (m) (1) are applicable, shall be made from appropriations available for the pay of members of such uniformed service. The provisions of this section shall be applicable in the case of service performed by a civilian employee, not compensated from funds appropriated by the Congress, in the Army and Air Force Exchange Service, Army and Air Force Motion Picture Service, Navy Exchanges, Marine Corps Exchanges, or other activities, conducted by an instrumentality of the United States subject to the jurisdiction of the Secretary of Defense, at installations of the Department of Defense for the comfort, pleasure, contentment, and mental and physical improvement of personnel of such Department; and for purposes of this section the Secretary of Defense shall be deemed to be the head of such instrumentality. The provisions of this section shall be applicable also in the case of service performed by a civilian employee, not compensated from funds appropriated by the Congress, in the Coast Guard Exchanges or other activities, conducted by an instrumentality of the United States subject to the jurisdiction of the Secretary of Transportation, at installations of the Coast Guard for the comfort, pleasure, contentment, and mental and physical improvement of personnel of the Coast Guard; and for purposes of this section the Secretary of Transportation shall be deemed to be the head of such instrumentality.1

SEC. 3123. DEDUCTIONS AS CONSTRUCTIVE PAYMENTS.

Whenever under this chapter or any act of Congress, or under the law of any State, an employer is required or permitted to deduct any amount from the remuneration of any employee and to pay the amount deducted to the United States, a State, or any political subdivision thereof, then for purposes of this chapter the amount so deducted shall be considered to have been paid to the employee at the time of such deduction.

SEC. 3124. ESTIMATE OF REVENUE REDUCTION.

The Secretary at intervals of not longer than 3 years shall estimate the reduction in the amount of taxes collected under this chapter by reason of the operation of section 3121(b)(9) and shall include such estimate in his annual report.

SEC. 3125. RETURNS IN THE CASE OF GOVERNMENTAL EMPLOYEES IN GUAM, AMERICAN SAMOA, AND THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA.

(a) GUAM.—The return and payment of the taxes imposed by this chapter on the income of individuals who are officers or employees of

¹ Section 3122 was amended by section 1903(a)(4) of Public Law 94-455.

the Government of Guam or any political subdivision thereof or of any instrumentality of any one or more of the foregoing which is wholly owned thereby, and those imposed on such Government or political subdivision or instrumentality with respect to having such individuals in its employ, may be made by the Governor of Guam or by such agents as he may designate. The person making such return may, for convenience of administration, make payments of the tax imposed under section 3111 with respect to the service of such individuals without regard to the contribution and benefit base limitation in section 3121(a) (1).

- (b) AMERICAN SAMOA.—The return and payment of the taxes imposed by this chapter on the income of individuals who are officers or employees of the Government of American Samoa or any political subdivision thereof or of any instrumentality of any one or more of the foregoing which is wholly owned thereby, and those imposed on such Government or political subdivision or instrumentality with respect to having such individuals in its employ, may be made by the Governor of American Samoa or by such agents as he may designate. The person making such return may, for convenience of administration, make payments of the tax imposed under section 3111 with respect to the service of such individuals without regard to the contribution and benefit base limitation in section 3121(a)(1).
- (c) DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA.—In the case of the taxes imposed by this chapter with respect to service performed in the employ of the District of Columbia or in the employ of any instrumentality which is wholly owned thereby, the return and payment of the taxes may be made by the Mayor of the District of Columbia or such agents as he may designate. The person making such return may, for convenience of administration, make payments of the tax imposed by section 3111 with respect to such service without regard to the contribution and benefit base limitation in section 3121(a) (1).

SEC. 3126. SHORT TITLE.

This chapter may be cited as the "Federal Insurance Contributions Act."

CHAPTER 22—RAILROAD RETIREMENT TAX ACT

Subchapter A. Tax on employees.

Subchapter B. Tax on employee representatives.

Subchapter C. Tax on employers.

Subchapter D. General provisions.

SUBCHAPTER A-TAX ON EMPLOYEES

Sec. 8201. Rate of tax.

Sec. 3202. Deduction of tax from compensation.

¹ Section 8125 was amended by section 1903(a) (5) of P.L. 94-455.

SEC. 3201. RATE OF TAX.

- (a) In addition to other taxes, there is hereby imposed on the income of each employee a tax equal to 2.0 percent of so much of the compensation paid in any calendar month to such employee for services rendered by him as is not in excess of an amount equal to one-twelfth of the current maximum annual taxable "wages" as defined in section 3121 for any month.
- (b) The rate of tax imposed by subsection (a) shall be increased by the rate of the tax imposed with respect to wages by section 3101(a) plus the rate imposed by section 3101(b) of so much of the compensation paid in any calendar month to such employee for services rendered by him as is not in excess of an amount equal to one-twelfth of the current maximum annual taxable "wages" as defined in section 3121 for any month.¹

SEC. 3202. DEDUCTION OF TAX FROM COMPENSATION.

(a) REQUIREMENT.—The tax imposed by section 3201 shall be collected by the employer of the taxpayer by deducting the amount of the tax from the compensation of the employee as and when paid. If an employee is paid compensation after September 30, 1978 by more than one employer for services rendered during any calendar month and the aggregate of such compensation is in excess of an amount equal to one-twelfth of the current maximum annual taxable "wages" as defined in section 3121 for any month, the tax to be deducted by each employer other than a subordinate unit of a national railway-labororganization employer from the compensation paid by him to the employee with respect to such month shall be that proportion of the tax with respect to such compensation paid by all such employers which the compensation paid by him to the employee for services rendered during such month bears to the total compensation paid by all such employers to such employee for services rendered during such month; and in the event that the compensation so paid by such employers to the employee for services rendered during such month is less than an amount equal to one-twelfth of the current maximum annual taxable "wages" as defined in section 3121 for any month, each subordinate unit of a national railway-labor-organization employer shall deduct such proportion of any additional tax as the compensation paid by such employer to such employee for services rendered during such month bears to the total compensation paid by all such employers to such employee for services rendered during such month. An employer who is furnished by an employee a written statement of tips (received in a calendar month) pursuant to section 6053(a) to which paragraph (3) of section 3231(e) is applicable may deduct an amount equivalent to such tax with respect to such tips from any compensation

¹Sec. 3201 was amended by P.L. 94-93, sec. 1903(a) (6) of P.L. 94-455, sec. 741(a).

of the employee (exclusive of tips) under his control, even though at the time such statement is furnished the total amount of the tips included in statements furnished to the employer as having been received by the employee in such calendar month in the course of his employment by such employer is less than \$20.1

¹ Subsecs. (a) and (b) were amended by sec. 1903(a) (7) of P.L. 94-455.

- (b) Indemnification of Employer.—Every employer required under subsection (a) to deduct the tax shall be liable for the payment of such tax and shall not be liable to any person for the amount of any such payment.¹
 - (c) SPECIAL RULE FOR TIPS.—
 - (1) In the case of tips which constitute compensation, subsection (a) shall be applicable only to such tips as are included in a written statement furnished to the employer pursuant to section 6053(a), and only to the extent that collection can be made by the employer, at or after the time such statement is so furnished and before the close of the 10th day following the calendar month (or, if paragraph (3) applies, the 30th day following the quarter) in which the tips were deemed paid, by deducting the amount of the tax from such compensation of the employee (excluding tips, but including funds turned over by the employee to the employer pursuant to paragraph (2)) as are under control of the employer.
 - (2) If the tax imposed by section 3201, with respect to tips which are included in written statements furnished in any month to the employer pursuant to section 6053(a), exceeds the compensation of the employee (excluding tips) from which the employer is required to collect the tax under paragraph (1), the employee may furnish to the employer on or before the 10th day of the following month (or, if paragraph (3) applies, on or before the 30th day of the following quarter) an amount of money equal to the amount of the excess.
 - (3) The Secretary may, under regulations prescribed by him, authorize employers—
 - (A) to estimate the amount of tips that will be reported by the employee pursuant to section 6058(a) in any quarter of the calendar year,
 - (B) to determine the amount to be deducted upon each payment of compensation (exclusive of tips) during such quarter as if the tips so estimated constituted actual tips so reported, and
 - (C) to deduct upon any payment of compensation (other than tips, but including funds turned over by the employee to the employer pursuant to paragraph (2)) to such employee during such quarter (and within 30 days thereafter) such amount as may be necessary to adjust the amount actually deducted upon such compensation of the employee during the quarter to the amount required to be deducted in respect of tips included in written statements furnished to the employer during the quarter.
 - (4) If the tax imposed by section 8201 with respect to tips which constitute compensation exceeds the portion of such tax which can

¹ Subsections (a) and (b) were amended by section 1903(a) (7) of P.L. 94-455.

be collected by the employer from the compensation of the employee pursuant to paragraph (1) or paragraph (3), such excess shall be paid by the employee.

SUBCHAPTER B-TAX ON EMPLOYEE REPRESENTATIVES

Sec. 3211. Rate of tax.

Sec. 8212. Determination of compensation.

SEC. 3211. RATE OF TAX.

- (a) In addition to other taxes, there is hereby imposed on the income of each employee representative a tax equal to 11.75 percent plus the sum of the rates of tax imposed with respect to wages by sections \$101(a), \$101(b), \$111(a), and \$111(b) of so much of the compensation paid in any calendar month to such employee representative for services rendered by him as is not in excess of an amount equal to one-twelfth of the current maximum annual taxable "wages" as defined in section \$121 for any month.
- (b) In addition to other taxes, there is hereby imposed on the income of each employee representative a tax at a rate equal to the rate of excise tax imposed on every employer, provided for in section 8221(c), for each man-hour for which compensation is paid to him for services rendered as an employee representative.

SEC. 3212. DETERMINATION OF COMPENSATION.

The compensation of an employee representative for the purpose of ascertaining the tax thereon shall be determined in the same manner and with the same effect as if the employee organization by which such employee representative is employed were an employer as defined in section 3231(a).

SUBCHAPTER C-TAX ON EMPLOYERS

Sec. 8221. Rate of tax.

SEC. 3221. RATE OF TAX.

(a) In addition to other taxes, there is hereby imposed on every employer an excise tax, with respect to having individuals in his employ, equal to 11.75 percent of so much of the compensation paid in any calendar month by such employer for services rendered to him as is, with respect to any employee for any calendar month, not in excess of an amount equal to one-twelfth of the current maximum annual taxable "wages" as defined in section 3121 for any month, except that if an employee is paid compensation by more than one employer for services rendered during any calendar month, the tax imposed by this section shall apply to not more than an amount equal to one-twelfth of the

¹ Sec. 3211(a) was amended by Public Law 94-98, by sec. 1903(a)(8) of Public Law 94-455 and by sec. 741(b) of Public Law 97-84.

current maximum annual taxable "wages" as defined in section 3121 for any month of the aggregate compensation paid to such employee by all such employers for services rendered during such month, and each employer other than a subordinate unit of a national railwaylabor-organization employer shall be liable for that proportion of the tax with respect to such compensation paid by all such employers which the compensation paid by him to the employee for services rendered during such months bears to the total compensation paid by all such employers to such employee for services rendered during such month; and in the event that the compensation so paid by such employers to the employee for services rendered during such month is less than an amount equal to one-twelfth of the current maximum annual taxable "wages" as defined in section 3121 for any month each subordinate unit of a national railway-labor-organization employer shall be liable for such proportion of any additional tax as the compensation paid by such employer to such employee for services rendered during such month bears to the total compensation paid by all such employers to such employee for services rendered during such month. Where compensation for services rendered in a month is paid an employee by two or more employers, one of the employers who has knowledge of such joint employment may, by proper notice to the Secretary, and by agreement with such other employer or employers as to settlement of their respective liabilities under this section and section 3202, elect for the tax imposed by section 3201 and this section to apply to all of the compensation paid by such employer for such month as does not exceed the maximum amount of compensation in respect to which taxes are imposed by such section 3201 and this section; and in such a case the liability of such other employer or employers under this section and section 3202 shall be limited to the difference, if any, between the compensation paid in any calendar month by the electing employer and the maximum amount of compensation to which section 3201 and this section apply.1

(b) The rate of tax imposed by subsection (a) shall be increased by the rate of tax imposed with respect to wages by section 3111(a)

plus the rate imposed by section 3111(b).2

(c) In addition to other taxes, there is hereby imposed on every employer an excise tax, with respect to having individuals in his employ, for each man-hour for which compensation is paid by such employer for services rendered to him during any calendar quarter, at such rate as will make available sufficient funds to meet the obligation to pay supplemental annuities at the level provided under section 3(j) of the Railroad Retirement Act of 1937 as in effect on Decem-

¹ Subsec. (a) was amended by P.L. 94-93, by secs. 1903(a) (9) (A) and 1906(b) (13) (G) of P.L. 94-455 and by sec. 741(c) of P.L. 97-34.

² Subsec. (b) was amended by sec. 1908(a) (9) (B) of P.L. 94-455.

ber 31, 1974 and administrative expenses in connection therewith. For the purpose of this subsection, the Railroad Retirement Board is directed to determine what rate is required for each calendar quarter. The Railroad Retirement Board shall make the determinations provided for not later than fifteen days before each calendar quarter. As soon as practicable after each determination of the rate, as provided in this subsection, the Railroad Retirement Board shall publish a notice in the Federal Register, and shall advise all employers, employee representatives, and the Secretary, of the rate so determined. With respect to daily, weekly, or monthly rates of compensation such tax shall apply to the number of hours comprehended in the rate together with the number of overtime hours for which compensation in addition to the daily, weekly, or monthly rate is paid. With respect to compensation paid on a mileage or piecework basis such tax shall apply to the number of hours constituting the hourly equivalent of the compensation paid.

Each employer of employees whose supplemental annuities are reduced pursuant to section 3(j)(2) of the Railroad Retirement Act of 1987 or section 2(h)(2) of the Railroad Retirement Act of 1974 shall be allowed as a credit against the tax imposed by this subsection an amount equivalent in each month to the aggregate amount of reductions in supplemental annuities accruing in such month to employees of such employer. If the credit so allowed to such an employer for any month exceeds the tax liability of such employer accruing under this subsection in such month, the excess may be carried forward for credit against such taxes accruing in subsequent months but the total credit allowed by this paragraph to an employer shall not exceed the total of the taxes on such employer imposed by this subsection. At the end of each calendar quarter the Railroad Retirement Board. shall certify to the Secretary with respect to each such employer the amount of credit accruing to such employer under this paragraph during such quarter and shall notify such employer as to the amount so certified.1

(d) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (c) of this section, the tax imposed by such subsection (c) shall not apply to an employer with respect to employees who are covered by a supplemental pension plan which is established pursuant to an agreement reached through collective bargaining between the employer and employees. There is hereby imposed on every such employer and excise tax equal to the amount of the supplemental annuity paid to each such employee under section 2(b) of the Railroad Retirement Act of 1974, plus a percentage thereof determined by the Railroad Retirement

¹ Subsection (c) was amended by sections 1908(a) (9) (C) and 1906(b) (18) (G) of P.L. 94-455.

Board to be sufficient to cover the administrative costs attributable to such payments under section 2(b) of such Act.

SUBCHAPTER D-GENERAL PROVISIONS

Sec. 3281. Definitions.

Sec. 2282. Court jurisdiction.

Sec. 8288. Short title.

SEC. 3231. DEFINITIONS.1

(a) EMPLOYER.—For purposes of this chapter, the term "employer" means any carrier (as defined in subsection (g)), and any company which is directly or indirectly owned or controlled by one or more such carriers or under common control therewith, and which operates any equipment or facility or performs any service (except trucking service casual service, and the casual operation of equipment or facilities) in connection with the transportation of passengers or property by railroad, or the receipt, delivery, elevation, transfer in transit, refrigeration or icing, storage, or handling of property transported by railroad, and any receiver, trustee, or other individual or body, judicial or otherwise, when in the possession of the property or operating all or any part of the business of any such employer; except that the term "employer" shall not include any street, interurban, or suburban electric railway, unless such railway is operating as part of a general steam-railroad system of transportation, but shall not exclude any part of the general steam-railroad system of transportation now or hereafter operated by any other motive power. The Interstate Commerce Commission is hereby authorized and directed upon request of the Secretary, or upon complaint of any party interested, to determine after hearing whether any line operated by electric power falls within the terms of this exception. The term "employer" shall also include railroad associations, traffic associations, tariff bureaus, demurrage bureaus, weighing and inspection bureaus, collection agencies and other associations, bureaus, agencies, or organizations controlled and maintained wholly or principally by two or more employers as hereinbefore defined and engaged in the performance of services in connection with or incidental to railroad transportation; and railway labor organizations, national in scope, which have been or may be organized in accordance with the provisions of the Railway Labor Act, as amended (45 U.S.C., chapter 8), and their State and National legislative committees and their general committees and their insurance departments and their local lodges and divisions, established pursuant to the constitutions and bylaws of such organizations. The term "employer" shall not include any company by reason of its being engaged in the mining of coal,

¹ Section 3231 was amended by section 1903(a) (10) of P.L. 94-455.

the supplying of coal to an employer where delivery is not beyond the mine tipple, and the operation of equipment or facilities therefor, or in any of such activities.

- (b) EMPLOYEE.—For purposes of this chapter, the term "employee" means any individual in the service of one or more employers for compensation; except that the term "employee" shall include an employee of a local lodge or division defined as an employer in subsection (a) only if he was in the service of or in the employment relation to a carrier on or after August 29, 1935. An individual shall be deemed to have been in the employment relation to a carrier on August 29, 1935, if—
 - (1) he was on that date on leave of absence from his employment, expressly granted to him by the carrier by whom he was employed, or by a duly authorized representative of such carrier, and the grant of such leave of absence was established to the satisfaction of the Railroad Retirement Board before July 1947; or
 - (2) he was in the service of a carrier after August 29, 1935, and before January 1946 in each of 6 calendar months, whether or not consecutive; or
 - (3) before August 29, 1935, he did not retire and was not retired or discharged from the service of the last carrier by whom he was employed or its corporate or operating successor, but—
 - (A) solely by reason of his physical or mental disability he ceased before August 29, 1935, to be in the service of such carrier and thereafter remained continuously disabled until he attained age 65 or until August 1945, or
 - (B) solely for such last stated reason a carrier by whom he was employed before August 29, 1935, or a carrier who is its successor did not on or after August 29, 1935, and before August 1945 call him to return to service, or
 - (C) if he was so called he was solely for such reason unable to render service in 6 calendar months as provided in paragraph (2); or
 - (4) he was on August 29, 1935, absent from the service of a carrier by reason of a discharge which, within 1 year after the effective date thereof, was protested, to an appropriate labor representative or to the carrier, as wrongful, and which was followed within 10 years of the effective date thereof by his reinstatement in good faith to his former service with all his seniority rights;

except that an individual shall not be deemed to have been on August 29, 1935, in the employment relation to a carrier if before that date he was granted a pension or gratuity on the basis of which a pension was awarded to him pursuant to section 6 of the Railroad Re-

tirement Act of 1937 (45 U.S.C. 228f), or if during the last payroll period before August 29, 1935, in which he rendered a service to a carrier he was not in the service of an employer, in accordance with subsection (d), with respect to any service in such payroll period, or if he could have been in the employment relation to an employer only by reason of his having been, either before or after August 29, 1935, in the service of a local lodge or division defined as an employer in subsection (a). The term "employee" includes an officer of an employer. The term "employee" shall not include any individual while such individual is engaged in the physical operations consisting of the mining of coal, the preparation of coal, the handling (other than movement by rail with standard railroad locomotives) of coal not beyond the mine tipple, or the loading of coal at the tipple.

(c) EMPLOYEE REPRESENTATIVE.—For purposes of this chapter, the term "employee representative" means any officer or official representative of a railway labor organization other than a labor organization included in the term "employer" as defined in subsection (a), who before or after June 29, 1937, was in the service of an employer as defined in subsection (a) and who is duly authorized and designated to represent employees in accordance with the Railway Labor Act (45 U.S.C., chapter 8), as amended, and any individual who is regularly assigned to or regularly employed by such officer or official representative in connection with the duties of his office.

(d) Service.—For purposes of this chapter, an individual is in the service of an employer whether his service is rendered within or without the United States, if—

(1) he is subject to the continuing authority of the employer to supervise and direct the manner of rendition of his service, or he is rendering professional or technical services and is integrated into the staff of the employer, or he is rendering, on the property used in the employer's operations, other personal services the rendition of which is integrated into the employer's operations, and

(2) he renders such service for compensation; except that an individual shall be deemed to be in the service of an employer, other than a local lodge or division or a general committee of a railway-labor-organization employer, not conducting the principal part of its business in the United States, only when he is rendering service to it in the United States; and an individual shall be deemed to be in the service of such a local lodge or division only if—

(3) all, or substantially all, the individuals constituting its membership are employees of an employer conducting the principal part of its business in the United States; or

(4) the headquarters of such local lodge or division is located in the United States:

and an individual shall be deemed to be in the service of such a general committee only if—

- (5) he is representing a local lodge or division described in paragraph (3) or (4) immediately above; or
- (6) all, or substantially all, the individuals represented by it are employees of an employer conducting the principal part of its business in the United States; or
- (7) he acts in the capacity of a general chairman or an assistant general chairman of a general committee which represents individuals rendering service in the United States to an employer, but in such case if his office or headquarters is not located in the United States and the individuals represented by such general committee are employees of an employer not conducting the principal part of its business in the United States, only such proportion of the remuneration for such service shall be regarded as compensation as the proportion which the mileage in the United States under the jurisdiction of such general committee bears to the total mileage under its jurisdiction, unless such mileage formula is inapplicable, in which case such other formula as the Railroad Retirement Board may have prescribed pursuant to section 1(c) of the Railroad Retirement Act of 1937 (45 U.S.C. 228a) shall be applicable, and if the application of such mileage formula, or such other formula as the Board may prescribe, would result in the compensation of the individual being less than 10 percent of his remuneration for such service, no part of such remuneration shall be regarded as compensation:

Provided, however, That an individual not a citizen or resident of the United States shall not be deemed to be in the service of an employer when rendering service outside the United States to an employer who is required under the laws applicable in the place where the service is rendered to employ therein, in whole or in part, citizens or residents thereof; and the laws applicable on August 29, 1935, in the place where the service is rendered shall be deemed to have been applicable there at all times prior to that date.

- (e) Compensation.—For purposes of this chapter—
 - (1) The term "compensation" means any form of money remuneration paid to an individual for services rendered as an employee to one or more employers. Such term does not include (i) the amount of any payment (including any amount paid by an employer for insurance or annuities, or into a fund, to provide for any such payment) made to, or on behalf of, an employee or any of his dependents under a plan or system established by an em-

ployer which makes provision for his employees generally (or for his employees generally and their dependents) or for a class or classes of his employees (or for a class or classes of his employees and their dependents), on account of sickness or accident disability or medical or hospitalization expenses in connection with sickness or accident disability, (ii) tips (except as is provided under paragraph (3)), or (iii) an amount paid specifically either as an advance, as reimbursement or allowance—for traveling or other bona fide and necessary expenses incurred or reasonably expected to be incurred in the business of the employer provided any such payment is identified by the employer either by a separate payment or by specifically indicating the separate amounts where both wages and expense reimbursement or allowance are combined in a single payment. Compensation which is earned during the period for which the Secretary shall require a return of taxes under this chapter to be made and which is payable during the calendar month following such period shall be deemed to have been paid during such period only. Compensation which is paid in one calendar month but which would be payable in a prior or subsequent taxable month but for the fact that prescribed date of payment would fall on a Saturday, Sunday or legal holiday shall be deemed to have been paid in such prior or subsequent taxable month. For the purpose of determining the amount of taxes under sections 3201 and 3221, compensation carned in the service of a local lodge or division of a railwaylabor-organization employer shall be disregarded with respect to any calendar month if the amount thereof is less than \$25. Compensation for service as a delegate to a national or international convention of a railway labor organization defined as an "employer" in subsection (a) of this section shall be disregarded for purposes of determining the amount of taxes due pursuant to this chapter if the individual rendering such service has not previously rendered service, other than as such a delegate, which may be included in his "years of service" for purposes of the Railroad Retirement Act.1

(2) A payment made by an employer to an individual through the employer's payroll shall be presumed, in the absence of evidence to the contrary, to be compensation for service rendered by such individual as an employee of the employer in the period with respect to which the payment is made. An employee receiving retroactive wage payments shall be deemed to be paid compensation in the period during which such compensation is earned only upon a written request by such employee, made within six months following the payment, and a showing that such compensation was

¹ Paragraph (1) was amended by section 4(b) of P.L. 94-547, and by secs. 741(c)(2) and 748(a) of P.L. 97-34.

carned during a period other than the period in which it was paid. An employee shall be deemed to be paid "for time lost" the amount he is paid by an employer with respect to an identifiable period of absence from the active service of the employer, including absence on account of personal injury, and the amount he is paid by the employer for loss of earnings resulting from his displacement to a less remunerative position or occupation. If a payment is made by an employer with respect to a personal injury and includes pay for time lost, the total payment shall be deemed to be paid for time lost unless, at the time of payment, a part of such payment is specifically apportioned to factors other than time lost, in which event only such part of the payment as is not so apportioned shall be deemed to be paid for time lost.

- (3) Solely for purposes of the tax imposed by section 3201 and other provisions of this chapter insofar as they relate to such tax, the term "compensation" also includes cash tips received by an employee in any calendar month in the course of his employment by an employer unless the amount of such cash tips is less than \$20.
- (4) (A) For purposes of applying sections 3201(b) and 3221 (b) (and so much of section 3211(a) as relates to the rates of the taxes imposed by sections 3101 and 3111), in the case of payments made to an employee or any of his dependents on account of sickness or accident disability, clause (i) of the second sentence of paragraph (1) shall exclude from the term "compensation" only—
 - (i) payments which are received under a workmen's compensation law, and
 - (ii) benefits received under the Railroad Retirement Act of 1974.
- (B) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, for purposes of the sections specified in subparagraph (A), the term "compensation" shall include benefits paid under section 2(a) of the Railroad Unemployment Insurance Act for days of sickness, except to the extent that such sickness (as determined in accordance with standards prescribed by the Railroad Retirement Board) is the result of on-the-job injury.
- (C) Under regulations prescribed by the Secretary, subparagraphs (A) and (B) shall not apply to payments made after the expiration of a 6-month period comparable to the 6-month period described in section 3121(a) (4).
- (D) Except as otherwise provided in regulations prescribed by the Secretary, any third party which makes a payment included in compensation solely by reason of subparagraph (A) or (B) shall be treated for purposes of this chapter as the employer with respect to such compensation.¹

¹ Sec. 3231(e) was amended by P.L. 94-92 and 94-93, sec. 748 of P.L. 97-34, and sec. 8 of P.L. 97-123.

- (f) Company.—For purposes of this chapter, the term "company" includes corporations, associations, and joint-stock companies.
- (g) CARRIER.—For purposes of this chapter, the term "carrier" means an express company, sleeping-car company, or carrier by railroad, subject to part I of the Interstate Commerce Act (49 U.S.C., chapter 1).
- (h) TIPS CONSTITUTING COMPENSATION, TIME DEEMED PAID.—For purposes of this chapter, tips which constitute compensation for purposes of the tax imposed under section 3201 shall be deemed to be paid at the time a written statement including such tips is furnished to the employer pursuant to section 6053(a) or (if no statement including such tips is so furnished) at the time received; and tips so deemed to be paid in any month shall be deemed paid for services rendered in such month.

SEC. 3232. COURT JURISDICTION.

The several district courts of the United States shall have jurisdiction to entertain an application by the Attorney General on behalf of the Secretary to compel an employee or other person residing within the jurisdiction of the court or an employer subject to service of process within its jurisdiction to comply with any obligations imposed on such employee, employer, or other person under the provisions of this chapter. The jurisdiction herein specifically conferred upon such Federal courts shall not be held exclusive of any jurisdiction otherwise possessed by such courts to entertain civil actions, whether legal or equi-

table in nature, in aid of the enforcement of rights or obligations arising under the provisions of this chapter.

SEC. 3233. SHORT TITLE.

This chapter may be cited as the "Railroad Retirement Tax Act."

CHAPTER 23—FEDERAL UNEMPLOYMENT TAX ACT

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SEC. 3301. RATE OF TAX.

There is hereby imposed on every employer (as defined in section 8306(a)) for each calendar year an excise tax, with respect to having individuals in his employ, equal to-

- (1) 3.5 percent, in the case of a calendar year beginning before the first calendar year after 1976, as of January 1 of which there is not a balance of repayable advances made to the extended unemployed compensation account (established by section 905(a) of the Social Security Act); or
- (2) 8.2 percent, in the case of such first calendar year and each calendar year thereafter;

of the total wages (as defined in section 3306(b)) paid by him during the calendar year with respect to employment (as defined in section 3306(c)).

SEC. 3302. CREDITS AGAINST TAX.

- (a) Contributions to State Unemployment Funds.
 - (1) The taxpayer may, to the extent provided in this subsection and subsection (c), credit against the tax imposed by section 8301 the amount of contributions paid by him into an unemploy-

Page references do not appear in the law.
 Section 8801 was amended by section 1908(a) (11) of Public Law 94-455, by section 211(b) of Public Law 94-566 (effective with respect to remuneration paid after December 81, 1976) and by sec. 271(b)(1) of P.L. 97-248. Effective for remuneration paid after Dec. 81, 1984, sec. 8801 is further amended by sec. 271(c)(1) of P.L. 97-248 so that the percentages specified in paragraphs (1) and (2) will be 6.2 and 6.0 percent rather than 8.5 and 8.2 percent.

8 Section 3302 was amended by section 1903(a)(12) of Public Law 94-455.

ment fund maintained during the taxable year under the unemployment compensation law of a State which is certified as provided in section 3304 for the 12-month period ending on October 31 of such year.

- (2) The credit shall be permitted against the tax for the taxable year only for the amount of contributions paid with respect to such taxable year.
- (3) The credit against the tax for any taxable year shall be permitted only for contributions paid on or before the last day upon which the taxpayer is required under section 6071 to file a return for such year; except that credit shall be permitted for contributions paid after such last day, but such credit shall not exceed 90 percent of the amount which would have been allowable as credit on account of such contributions had they been paid on or before such last day.
- (4) Upon the payment of contributions into the unemployment fund of a State which are required under the unemployment compensation law of that State with respect to remuneration on the basis of which, prior to such payment into the proper fund, the taxpayer erroneously paid an amount as contributions under another unemployment compensation law, the payment into the proper fund shall, for purposes of credit against the tax, be deemed to have been made at the time of the erroneous payment. If, by reason of such other law, the taxpayer was entitled to cease paying contributions with respect to services subject to such other law, the payment into the proper fund shall, for purposes of credit against the tax, be deemed to have been made on the date the return for the taxable year was filed under section 6071.
- (b) Additional Credit.—In addition to the credit allowed under subsection (a), a taxpayer may credit against the tax imposed by section 3301 for any taxable year an amount, with respect to the unemployment compensation law of each State certified as provided in section 3803 for the 12-month period ending on October 31, of such year, or with respect to any provisions thereof so certified, equal to the amount, if any, by which the contributions required to be paid by him with respect to the taxable year were less than the contributions such taxpayer would have been required to pay if throughout the taxable year he had been subject under such State law to the highest rate applied thereunder in such 12-month period to any person having individuals in his employ, or to a rate of 2.7 percent, whichever rate is lower.¹

³ Effective for remuneration paid after Dec. 31, 1984, subsec. (b) is amended by sec. 271(c)(2)(A) of P.L. 97-248 so that the percentage specified therein will be 5.4 percent rather than 2.7 percent.

- (c) LIMIT ON TOTAL CREDITS.—
 - (1) The total credits allowed to a taxpayer under this section shall not exceed 90 percent of the tax against which such credits are allowable.
 - (2) If an advance or advances have been made to the unemployment account of a State under title XII of the Social Security Act, then the total credits (after applying subsections (a) and (b) and paragraph (1) of this subsection) otherwise allowable under this section for the taxable year in the case of a taxpayer subject to the unemployment compensation law of such State shall be reduced—
 - (A) (i) in the case of a taxable year beginning with the second consecutive January 1 as of the beginning of which there is a balance of such advances, by 10 percent of the tax imposed by section 3301 with respect to the wages paid by such taxpayer during such taxable year which are attributable to such State; and ¹
 - (ii) in the case of any succeeding taxable year beginning with a consecutive January 1 as of the beginning of which there is a balance of such advances, by an additional 10 percent, for each such succeeding taxable year, of the tax imposed by section 3301 with respect to the wages paid by such tax-payer during such taxable year which are attributable to such State; ¹
 - (B) in the case of a taxable year beginning with the third or fourth consecutive January 1 as of the beginning of which there is a balance of such advances, by the amount determined by multiplying the wages paid by such taxable year which are attributable to such State by the percentage (if any) by which—
 - (i) 2.7 percent, exceeds
 - (ii) the average employer contribution rate for such State for the calendar year preceding such taxable year; and
 - (C) in the case of a taxable year beginning with the fifth or any succeeding consecutive January 1 as of the beginning of which there is a balance of such advances, by the amount determined by multiplying the wages paid by such taxpayer during such taxable year which are attributable to such State by the percentage (if any) by which—
 - (i) the 5-year benefit cost rate applicable to such State for such taxable year or (if higher) 2.7 percent, exceeds

¹ Effective for remuneration paid after Dec. 81, 1984, clauses (i) and (ii) are each amended by sec. 271(c)(8)(A) of P.L. 97-248 so that the percentage specified therein will be 5 percent rather than 10 percent.

- (ii) the average employer contribution rate for such State for the calendar year preceding such taxable year. The provisions of the preceding sentence shall not be applicable with respect to the taxable year beginning January 1, 1975, or any succeeding taxable year which begins before January 1, 1980; and, for purposes of such sentence, January 1, 1980, shall be deemed to be the first January 1 occurring after January 1, 1974, and consecutive taxable years in the period commencing January 1, 1980, shall be determined as if the taxable year which begins on January 1, 1980, were the taxable year immediately succeeding the taxable year which began on January 1, 1974. Subparagraph (C) shall not apply with respect to any taxable year to which it would otherwise apply (but subparagraph (B) shall apply to such taxable year) if the Secretary of Labor determines (on or before November 10 of such taxable year) that the State meets the requirements of subsection (f)(2)(B) for such taxable year.1
- (3) If the Secretary of Labor determines that a State, or State agency, has not—
 - (A) entered into the agreement described in section 239 of the Trade Act of 1974, with the Secretary of Labor before July 15, 1975, or
 - (B) fulfilled its commitments under an agreement with the Secretary of Labor as described in section 239 of the Trade Act of 1974,

then, in the case of a taxpayer subject to the unemployment compensation law of such State, the total credits (after applying subsections (a) and (b) and paragraphs (1) and (2) of this section) otherwise allowable under this section for a year during which such State or agency does not enter into or fulfill such an agreement shall be reduced by 15 percent of the tax imposed with respect to wages paid by such taxpayer during such year which are attributable to such State.²

- (d) Definitions and Special Rules Relating to Subsection (c).—
 - (1) RATE OF TAX DEEMED TO BE 3 PERCENT.—In applying subsection (c), the tax imposed by section 3301 shall be computed at the rate of 3 percent in lieu of the rate provided by such section.³
 - (2) Wages attributable to a particular state.—For purposes of subsection (c), wages shall be attributable to a particular State if they are subject to the unemployment compensation

¹Par. (2) was amended by P.L. 94-45 and by sec. 278 of P.L. 97-248.

² Par. (8) was amended by P.L. 94-45. Effective for remuneration paid after Dec. 81, 1984, par. (8) is further amended by sec. 271(c)(8)(B) of P.L. 97-248 so that the percentage specified therein will be 7½ percent rather than 10 percent.

^{*}Bifective for remuneration paid after Dec. 81, 1984, par. (1) is amended by sec. 271(c) (2)(B) so that the percentages specified in 2 places therein will be 6 percent rather than 8 percent.

law of the State, or (if not subject to the unemployment compensation law of any State) if they are determined (under rules or regulations prescribed by the Secretary) to be attributable to such State.

(3) Additional taxes inapplicable where advances are repaid before november 10 of taxable year.—Paragraph (2) of subsection (c) shall not apply with respect to any State

for the taxable year if (as of the beginning of November 10 of such year) there is no balance of advances referred to in such paragraph.

- (4) Average employer contribution rate.—For purposes of subparagraphs (B) and (C) of subsection (c)(2), the average employer contribution rate for any State for any calendar year is that percentage obtained by dividing—
 - (A) the total of the contributions paid into the State unemployment fund with respect to such calendar year, by
 - (B) the total of the remuneration subject to contributions under the State unemployment compensation law with respect to such calendar year.

For purposes of subparagraph (C) of subsection (c) (2), if the average employer contribution rate for any State for any calendar year (determined without regard to this sentence) equals or exceeds 2.7 percent, such rate shall be determined by increasing the amount taken into account under subparagraph (A) of the preceding sentence by the aggregate amount of employee payments (if any) into the unemployment fund of such State with respect to such calendar year which are to be used solely in the payment of unemployment compensation.

- (5) 5-YEAR BENEFIT COST RATE.—For purposes of subparagraph (C) of subsection (c) (2), the 5-year benefit cost rate applicable to any State for any taxable year is that percentage obtained by dividing—
 - (A) one-fifth of the total of the compensation paid under the State unemployment compensation law during the 5-year period ending at the close of the second calendar year preceding such taxable year, by
 - (B) the total of the remuneration subject to contributions under the State unemployment compensation law with respect to the first calendar year preceding such taxable year.
- (6) ROUNDING.—If any percentage referred to in either subparagraph (B) or (C) of subsection (c) (2) is not a multiple of .1 percent, it shall be rounded to the nearest multiple of .1 percent.
- (7) DETERMINATION AND CERTIFICATION OF PERCENTAGES.—The percentage referred to in subsection (c) (2) (B) or (C) for any taxable year for any State having a balance referred to therein shall be determined by the Secretary of Labor, and shall be certified by him to the Secretary of the Treasury before June 1 of such year, on the basis of a report furnished by such State to the Secretary of Labor before May 1 of such year. Any such State report shall be made as of the close of March 31 of the taxable year, and shall be made on such forms, and shall contain such

information, as the Secretary of Labor deems necessary to the performance of his duties under this section.

- (e) Successor EmpLoyer.—Subject to the limits provided by subsection (c), if—
 - (1) an employer acquires during any calendar year substantially all the property used in the trade or business of another person, or used in a separate unit of a trade or business of such other person, and immediately after the acquisition employs in his trade or business one or more individuals who immediately prior to the acquisition were employed in the trade or business of such other person, and
 - (2) such other person is not an employer for the calendar year in which the acquisition takes place,

then, for the calendar year in which the acquisition takes place, in addition to the credits allowed under subsections (a) and (b), such employer may credit against the tax imposed by section 3301 for such year an amount equal to the credits which (without regard to subsection (c)) would have been allowable to such other person under subsections (a) and (b) and this subsection for such year, if such other person had been an employer, with respect to remuneration subject to contributions under the unemployment compensation law of a State paid by such other person to the individual or individuals described in paragraph (1).

- (f) Limitation on Credit Reduction.—
 - (1) Limitation.—In the case of any State which meets the requirements of paragraph (2) with respect to any taxable year beginning before January 1, 1988, the reduction under subsection (c) (2) in credits otherwise applicable to taxpayers subject to the unemployment compensation law of such State shall not exceed the greater of—
 - (A) the reduction which was in effect with respect to such State under subsection (c) (2) for the preceding taxable year, or
 - (B) 0.6 percent of the wages paid by the taxpayer during such taxable year which are attributable to such State.
 - (2) REQUIREMENTS.—The requirements of this paragraph are met by any State with respect to any taxable year if the Secretary of Labor determines (on or before November 10 of such taxable year) that—
 - (A) no State action was taken during the 12-month period ending on September 30 of such taxable year (excluding any action required under State law as in effect prior to the date of the enactment of this subsection) which has resulted or will result in a reduction in such State's unemployment tax effort (as defined by the Secretary of Labor in regulations),

- (B) no State action was taken during the 12-month period ending on September 30 of such taxable year (excluding any action required under State law as in effect prior to the date of the enactment of this subsection) which has resulted or will result in a net decrease in the solvency of the State unemployment compensation system (as defined by the Secretary of Labor in regulations),
- (C) the State unemployment tax rate for the taxable year equals or exceeds the average benefit cost ratio for calendar years in the 5-calendar year period ending with the last calendar year before the taxable year, and
- (D) the outstanding balance for such State of advances under title XII of the Social Security Act on September 30 of such taxable year was not greater than the outstanding balance for such State of such advances on September 30 of the third preceding taxable year (or, for purposes of applying this subparagraph to taxable year 1983, September 30, 1981). The requirements of subparagraphs (C) and (D) shall not apply to taxable years 1981 and 1982.
- (3) CREDIT REDUCTIONS FOR SUBSEQUENT YEARS.—If the credit reduction under subsection (c)(2) is limited by reason of paragraph (1) of this subsection for any taxable year, for purposes of applying subsection (c)(2) to subsequent taxable years (including years after 1987), the taxable year for which the credit reduction was so limited (and January 1 thereof) shall not be taken into account.
- (4) STATE UNEMPLOYMENT TAX RATE.—For purposes of this subsection—
 - (A) In general.—The State unemployment tax rate for any taxable year is the percentage obtained by dividing—
 - (i) the total amount of contributions paid into the State unemployment fund with respect to such taxable year, by
 - (ii) the total amount of the remuneration subject to contributions under the State unemployment compensation law with respect to such taxable year (determined without regard to any limitation on the amount of wages subject to contribution under the State law).
 - (B) TREATMENT OF ADDITIONAL TAX UNDER THIS CHAPTER.—
 - (i) Taxable Year 1983.—In the case of taxable year 1983, any additional tax imposed under this chapter with respect to any State by reason of subsection (c) (2) shall be treated as contributions paid into the State unemployment fund with respect to such taxable year.

- (ii) Taxable Year 1984.—In the case of taxable year 1984, any additional tax imposed under this chapter with respect to any State by reason of subsection (c) (2) shall (to the extent such additional tax is attributable to a credit reduction in excess of 0.6 of wages attributable to such State) be treated as contributions paid into the State unemployment fund with respect to such taxable year.
- (5) BENEFIT COST RATIO.—For purposes of this subsection—

(A) In GENERAL.—The benefit cost ratio for any calendar year is the percentage determined by dividing—

- (i) the sum of the total of the compensation paid under the State unemployment compensation law during such calendar year and any interest paid during such calendar year on advances made to the State under title XII of the Social Security Act, by
- (ii) the total amount of the remuneration subject to contributions under the State unemployment compensation law with respect to such calendar year (determined without regard to any limitation on the amount of remuneration subject to contribution under the State law).
- (B) REIMBURSABLE BENEFITS NOT TAKEN INTO ACCOUNT.— For purposes of subparagraph (A), compensation shall not be taken into account to the extent—
 - (i) the State is entitled to reimbursement of such compensation under the provisions of any Federal law, or
 - (ii) such compensation is attributable to services performed for a reimbursing employer.
- (C) REIMBURSING EMPLOYER.—The term "reimbursing employer" means any governmental entity or other organization (or group of governmental entities or any other organizations) which makes reimbursements in lieu of contributions to the State unemployment fund.
 - (D) SPECIAL RULES FOR YEARS BEFORE 1985.—
 - (i) Taxable Year 1983.—For purposes of determining whether a State meets the requirements of paragraph (2) (C) for taxable year 1983, only regular compensation (as defined in section 205 of the Federal-State Extended Unemployment Compensation Act of 1970) shall be taken into account for purposes of determining the benefit ratio for any preceding calendar year before 1982.
 - (ii) TAXABLE YEAR 1984.—For purposes of determining whether a State meets the requirements of paragraph (2) (C) for taxable year 1984, only regular compensation (as so defined) shall be taken into account for purposes

of determining the benefit ratio for any preceding calendar year before 1981.

(E) ROUNDING.—If any percentage determined under subparagraph (A) is not a multiple of .1 percent, such percentage shall be reduced to the nearest multiple of .1 percent.

(6) Reports.—The Secretary of Labor may, by regulations, require a State to furnish such information at such time and in such manner as may be necessary for purposes of this subsection.

(7) Definitions and special rules set forth in subsection (d) shall apply to this subsection in the same manner as they apply to subsection (c).

(g) CREDIT REDUCTION NOT TO APPLY WHEN STATE MAKES CERTAIN

REPAYMENTS .--

- (1) In GENERAL.—In the case of any State which meets requirements of paragraph (2) with respect to any taxable year, subsection (c) (2) shall not apply to such taxable year; except that such taxable year (and January 1 of such taxable year) shall (except as provided in subsection (f) (3)) be taken into account for purposes of applying subsection (c) (2) to succeeding taxable years.
- (2) REQUIREMENTS.—The requirements of this paragraph are met by any State with respect to any taxable year if the Secretary of Labor determines that—
 - (A) the repayments during the 1-year period ending on November 9 of such taxable year made by such State of advances under title XII of the Social Security Act are not less than the sum of—
 - (i) the potential additional taxes for such taxable year, and

(ii) any advances made to such State during such 1-year period under such title XII,

(B) there will be sufficient amounts in the State unemployment fund to pay all compensation during the 3-month period beginning on November 1 of such taxable year without receiving any advance under title XII of the Social Security Act, and

(C) there is a net increase in the solvency of the State unemployment compensation system for the taxable year attributable to changes made in the State law after the date on which the first advance taken into account in determining the amount of the potential additional taxes was made (or, if later, after the date of the enactment of this subsection) and such net increase equals or exceeds the potential additional taxes for such taxable year.

- (3) Definitions.—For purposes of paragraph (2)—
 - (A) POTENTIAL ADDITIONAL TAXES.—The term "potential additional taxes" means, with respect to any State for any taxable year, the aggregate amount of the additional tax which would be payable under this chapter for such taxable year by all taxpayers subject to the unemployment compensation law of such State for such taxable year if paragraph (2) of subsection (c) had applied to such taxable year and any preceding taxable year without regard to this subsection but with regard to subsection (f).
 - (B) TREATMENT OF CERTAIN REDUCTIONS.—Any reduction in the State's balance under section 901(d)(1) of the Social Security Act shall not be treated as a repayment made by such State.
- (4) Reports.—The Secretary of Labor may require a State to furnish such information at such time and in such manner as may be necessary for purposes of paragraph (2).

SEC. 3303. CONDITIONS OF ADDITIONAL CREDIT ALLOW-ANCE.²

(a) STATE STANDARDS.—A taxpayer shall be allowed an additional credit under section 3302(b) with respect to any reduced rate of

²Sec. 271(b)(8) of P.L. 97-248 provides as follows:

(8) TRANSITIONAL BULE FOR CERTAIN EMPLOYEES .-

(A) IN GENERAL.—Notwithstanding section 3808 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954, in the case of taxable years beginning after December 31, 1984, and before January 1, 1989, a taxpayer shall be allowed the additional credit under section 3802(b) of such Code with respect to any employee covered by a qualified specific industry provision if the requirements of subparagraph (B) are met with respect to such employee.

(B) REQUIREMENTS.—The requirements of this subparagraph are met for any taxable year with respect to any employee covered by a specific industry provision if the amount of contributions required to be paid for the taxable year to the unemployment fund of the State with respect to such employee are not less than the product of the required rate multiplied by the wages paid by the employer during the taxable year.

(C) REQUIRED RATE.—For purposes of subparagraph (B), the required rate for any taxable year is the sum of—

(i) the rate at which contributions were required to be made under the specific industry provision as in effect on August 10, 1982, and

(ii) the applicable percentage of the excess of 5.4 percent over the rate described in clause (i).

- (D) APPLICABLE PERCENTAGE.—For purposes of subparagraph (C), the term "applicable percentage" means—
 - (i) 20 percent in the case of taxable year 1985, (ii) 40 percent in the case of taxable year 1986,
 - (iii) 60 percent in the case of taxable year 1987, and
 - (iv) 80 percent in the case of taxable year 1988.
- (E) QUALIFIED SPECIFIC INDUSTRY PROVISION.—For purposes of this paragraph, the term, "qualified specific industry provision" means a provision contained in a State unemployment compensation law (as in effect on August 10, 1982)—
 - (i) which applies to employees in a specific industry or to an otherwise defined type of employees, and
 - (ii) under which employers may elect to make contributions at a specified rate (without experience rating) which exceeds 2.7 percent.

¹ Subsec. (g) was added by sec. 272 of P.L. 97-248, effective for taxable years beginning after Dec. 31, 1982.

contributions permitted by a State law, only if the Secretary of Labor finds that under such law—

- (1) no reduced rate of contributions to a pooled fund or to a partially pooled account is permitted to a person (or group of persons) having individuals in his (or their) employ except on the basis of his (or their) experience with respect to unemployment or other factors bearing a direct relation to unemployment risk during not less than the 3 consecutive years immediately preceding the computation date;
- (2) no reduced rate of contributions to a guaranteed employment account is permitted to a person (or a group of persons) having individuals in his (or their) employ unless—

(A) the guaranty of remuneration was fulfilled in the year

preceding the computation date; and

(B) the balance of such account amounts to not less than 21/2 percent of that part of the payroll or payrolls for the

- 3 years preceding the computation date by which contributions to such account were measured; and
- (C) such contributions were payable to such account with respect to 3 years preceding the computation date;
- (3) no reduced rate of contributions to a reserve account is permitted to a person (or group of persons) having individuals in his (or their) employ unless—
 - (A) compensation has been payable from such account throughout the year preceding the computation date, and
 - (B) the balance of such account amounts to not less than five times the largest amount of compensation paid from such account within any 1 of the 3 years preceding such date, and
 - (C) the balance of such account amounts to not less than 2½ percent of that part of the payroll or payrolls for the 3 years preceding such date by which contributions to such account were measured, and
 - (D) such contributions were payable to such account with respect to the 3 years preceding the computation date.

For any person (or group of persons) who has (or have) not been subject to the State law for a period of time sufficient to compute the reduced rates permitted by paragraphs (1), (2), and (3) of this subsection on a 3-year basis (i) the period of time required may be reduced to the amount of time the person (or group of persons) has (or have) had experience under or has (or have) been subject to the State law, whichever is appropriate, but in no case less than 1 year immediately preceding the computation date, or (ii) a reduced rate (not less than 1 percent) may be permitted by the State law on a reasonal le basis other than as permitted by paragraph (1), (2), or (3).

- (b) CERTIFICATION BY THE SECRETARY OF LABOR WITH RESPECT TO ADDITIONAL CREDIT ALLOWANCE.—1
 - (1) On October 31 of each calendar year, the Secretary of Labor shall certify to the Secretary of the Treasury the law of each State (certified by the Secretary of Labor as provided in section 3304 for the 12-month period ending on such October 31), with respect to which he finds that reduced rates of contributions were allowable with respect to such 12-month period only in accordance with the provisions of subsection (a).
 - (2) If the Secretary of Labor finds that under the law of a single State (certified by the Secretary of Labor as provided in section 3304) more than one type of fund or account is maintained, and reduced rates of contributions to more than one type of fund

¹ Subsection (b) was amended by sections 1903(a) (13) and 1906(b) (13) (C) of P.L. 94-455.

or account were allowable with respect to any 12-month period ending on October 31, and one or more of such reduced rates were allowable under conditions not fulfilling the requirements of subsection (a), the Secretary of Labor shall, on such October 31, certify to the Secretary of the Treasury only those provisions of the State law pursuant to which reduced rates of contributions were allowable with respect to such 12-month period, under conditions fulfilling the requirements of subsection (a), and shall, in connection therewith, designate the kind of fund or account, as defined in subsection (c), established by the provisions so certified. If the Secretary of Labor finds that a part of any reduced rate of contributions payable under such law or under such provisions is required to be paid into one fund or account and a part into another fund or account, the Secretary of Labor shall make such certification pursuant to this paragraph as he finds will assure the allowance of additional credits only with respect to that part of the reduced rate of contributions which is allowed under provisions which do fulfill the requirements of subsection (a).

- (3) The Secretary of Labor shall, within 30 days after any State law is submitted to him for such purpose, certify to the State agency his findings with respect to reduced rates of contributions to a type of fund or account, as defined in subsection (c), which are allowable under such State law only in accordance with the provisions of subsection (a). After making such findings, the Secretary of Labor shall not withhold his certification to the Secretary of such State law, or of the provisions thereof with respect to which such findings were made, for any 12-month period ending on October 31 pursuant to paragraph (1) or (2) unless, after reasonable notice and opportunity for hearing to the State agency, the Secretary of Labor finds the State law no longer contains the provisions specified in subsection (a) or the State has, with respect to such 12-month period, failed to comply substantially with any such provision.
- (c) Definitions.—As used in this section—
 - (1) RESERVE ACCOUNT.—The term "reserve account" means a separate account in an unemployment fund, maintained with respect to a person (or group of persons) having individuals in his (or their) employ, from which account, unless such account is exhausted, is paid all and only compensation payable on the basis of services performed for such person (or for one or more of the persons comprising the group).
 - (2) POOLED FUND.—The term "pooled fund" means an unemployment fund or any part thereof (other than a reserve account

or a guaranteed employment account) into which the total contributions of persons contributing thereto are payable, in which all contributions are mingled and undivided, and from which compensation is payable to all individuals eligible for compensation from such fund.

- (3) Partially pooled account.—The term "partially pooled account" means a part of an unemployment fund in which part of the fund all contributions thereto are mingled and undivided, and from which part of the fund compensation is payable only to individuals to whom compensation would be payable from a reserve account or from a guaranteed employment account but for the exhaustion or termination of such reserve account or of such guaranteed employment account. Payments from a reserve account or guaranteed employment account into a partially pooled account shall not be construed to be inconsistent with the provisions of paragraph (1) or (4).
- (4) GUARANTEED EMPLOYMENT ACCOUNT.—The term "guaranteed employment account" means a separate account, in an unemployment fund, maintained with respect to a person (or group of persons) having individuals in his (or their) employ who, in accordance with the provisions of the State law or of a plan thereunder approved by the State agency,
 - (A) guarantees in advance at least 30 hours of work, for which remuneration will be paid at not less than stated rates, for each of 40 weeks (or if more, 1 weekly hour may be deducted for each added week guaranteed) in a year, to all the individuals who are in his (or their) employ in, and who continue to be available for suitable work in, one or more distinct establishments, except that any such individual's guaranty may commence after a probationary period (included within the 11 or less consecutive weeks immediately following the first week in which the individual renders services), and
 - (B) give security or assurance, satisfactory to the State agency, for the fulfillment of such guarantics, from which account, unless such account is exhausted or terminated, is paid all and only compensation, payable on the basis of services performed for such person (or for one or more of the persons comprising the group), to any such individual whose guaranteed remuneration has not been paid (either pursuant to the guaranty or from the security or assurance provided for the fulfillment of the guaranty), or whose guaranty is not renewed and who is otherwise eligible for compensation under the State law.

- (5) YEAR.—The term "year" means any 12 consecutive calendar months.
- (6) Balance.—The term "balance", with respect to a reserve account or a guaranteed employment account, means the amount standing to the credit of the account as of the computation date; except that, if subsequent to January 1, 1940, any moneys have been paid into or credited to such account other than payments thereto by persons having individuals in their employ, such term shall mean the amount in such account as of the computation date less the total of such other moneys paid into or credited to such account subsequent to January 1, 1940.

(7) COMPUTATION DATE.—The term "computation date" means the date, occurring at least once in each calendar year and within 27 weeks prior to the effective date of new rates of contributions, as of which such rates are computed.

(8) Reduced rate.—The term "reduced rate" means a rate of contributions lower than the standard rate applicable under the State law, and the term "standard rate" means the rate on the basis of which variations therefrom are computed.

(d) VOLUNTARY CONTRIBUTIONS.—A State law may, without being deemed to violate the standards set forth in subsection (a), permit voluntary contributions to be used in the computation of reduced rates if such contributions are paid prior to the expiration of 120 days after the beginning of the year for which such rates are effective.

(e) PAYMENTS BY CERTAIN NONPROFIT ORGANIZATIONS.—A State may, without being deemed to violate the standards set forth in subsection (a), permit an organization (or a group of organizations) described in section 501(c)(3) which is exempt from income tax under section 501(a) to elect (in lieu of paying contributions) to pay into the State unemployment fund amounts equal to the amounts of compensation attributable under the State law to service performed in the employ of such organization (or group).

(f) Thanstton.—To facilitate the orderly transition to coverage of service to which section 3309(a) (1) (A) applies, a State law may provide that an organization (or group of organizations) which elects before April 1, 1972, to make payments (in lieu of contributions) into the State unemployment fund as provided in section 3309(a) (2), and which had paid contributions into such fund under the State law with respect to such service performed in its employ before January 1, 1969, is not required to make any such payments (in lieu of contributions) on account of compensation paid after its election as heretofore described which is attributable under the State law to service performed in its employ, until the total of such compensation equals the amount—

- (1) by which the contributions paid by such organization (or group) with respect to a period before the election provided by section 3309(a) (2), exceed
- (2) the unemployment compensation for the same period which was charged to the experience-rating account of such organization (or group) or paid under the State law on the basis of wages paid by it or service performed in its employ, whichever is appropriate.¹
- TRANSITIONAL RULE FOR UNEMPLOYMENT COMPENSATION Amendments of 1976.—To facilitate the orderly transition to coverage of service to which section 3309(a)(1)(A) applies by reason of the enactment of the Unemployment Compensation Amendments of 1976, a State law may provide that an organization (or group of organizations) which elects, when such election first becomes available under the State law with respect to such service, to make payments (in lieu of contributions) into the State unemployment fund as provided in section 3309(a)(2), and which had paid contributions into such fund under the State law with respect to such service performed in its employ before the date of the enactment of this subsection, is not required to make any such payment (in lieu of contributions) on account of compensation paid after its election as heretofore described which is attributable under the State law to such service performed in its employ, until the total of such compensation equals the amount—
 - (1) by which the contributions paid by such organization (or group) on the basis of wages for such service with respect to a period before the election provided by section 3309(a)(2), exceed
 - (2) the unemployment compensation for the same period which was charged to the experience-rating account of such organization (or group) or paid under the State law on the basis of such service performed in its employ or wages paid for such service, whichever is appropriate.²

SEC. 3304. APPROVAL OF STATE LAWS.

- (a) REQUIREMENTS.—The Secretary of Labor shall approve any State law submitted to him, within 30 days of such submission, which he finds provides that—
 - (1) all compensation is to be paid through public employment offices or such other agencies as the Secretary of Labor may approve;
 - (2) no compensation shall be payable with respect to any day of unemployment occurring within 2 years after the first day of the first period with respect to which contributions are required;

¹ Subsection (f) was amended by section 122 of P.L. 94-566.

² Subsection (g) was added by section 122 of P.L. 94-566.

³ Section 3304 was amended by sections 1908(a)(14) and 1906(b)(13)(C) and (E) of P.L. 94-455.

- (3) all money received in the unemployment fund shall (except for refunds of sums erroneously paid into such fund and except for refunds paid in accordance with the provisions of section 3305(b)) immediately upon such receipt be paid over to the Secretary of the Treasury to the credit of the Unemployment Trust Fund established by section 904 of the Social Security Act (42 U.S.C. 1104);
- (4) all money withdrawn from the unemployment fund of the State shall be used solely in the payment of unemployment compensation, exclusive of expenses of administration, and for refunds of sums erroneously paid into such fund and refunds paid in accordance with the provisions of section 3305(b); except that—
 - (A) an amount equal to the amount of employee payments into the unemployment fund of a State may be used in the payment of cash benefits to individuals with respect to their disability, exclusive of expenses of administration; and
 - (B) the amounts specified by section 903(c)(2) of the Social Security Act may, subject to the conditions prescribed in such section, be used for expenses incurred by the State for administration of its unemployment compensation law and public employment offices;
- (5) compensation shall not be denied in such State to any otherwise eligible individual for refusing to accept new work under any of the following conditions:
 - (A) if the position offered is vacant due directly to a strike, lockout, or other labor dispute;
 - (B) if the wages, hours, or other conditions of the work offered are substantially less favorable to the individual than those prevailing for similar work in the locality;

(C) if as a condition of being employed the individual would be required to join a company union or to resign from or refrain from joining any bona fide labor organization;

- (6) (A) compensation is payable on the basis of service to which section 3309(a) (1) applies, in the same amount, on the same terms, and subject to the same conditions as compensation payable on the basis of other service subject to such law; except that—
 - (i) with respect to services in an instructional, research, or principal administrative capacity for an educational institution to which section 3309(a)(1) applies, compensation shall not be payable based on such services for any week commencing during the period between two successive academic years or terms (or, when an agreement provides instead for a similar period between two regular but not successive terms,

during such period) to any individual if such individual performs such services in the first of such academic years (or terms) and if there is a contract or reasonable assurance that such individual will perform services in any such capacity for any educational institution in the second of such academic years or terms,

(ii) with respect to services in any other capacity for an educational institution to which section 3309(a)(1) applies—

- (I) compensation payable on the basis of such services may be denied to any individual for any week which commences during a period between 2 successive academic years or terms if such individual performs such services in the first of such academic years or terms and there is a reasonable assurance that such individual will perform such services in the second of such academic years or terms, except that
- (II) if compensation is denied to any individual for any week under subclause (I) and such individual was not offered an opportunity to perform such services for the educational institution for the second of such academic years or terms, such individual shall be entitled to a retroactive payment of the compensation for each week for which the individual filed a timely claim for compensation and for which compensation was denied solely by reason of subclause (I),
- (iii) with respect to any services described in clause (i) or (ii), compensation payable on the basis of such services may be denied to any individual for any week which commences during an established and customary vacation period or holiday recess if such individual performs such services in the period immediately before such vacation period or holiday recess, and there is a reasonable assurance that such individual will perform such services in the period immediately following such vacation period or holiday recess,

- (iv) with respect to any services described in clause (i) or (ii), compensation payable on the basis of services in any such capacity may be denied as specified in clauses (i), (ii), and (iii) to any individual who performed such services in an educational institution while in the employ of an educational service agency, and for this purpose the term "educational service agency" means a governmental agency or governmental entity which is established and operated exclusively for the purpose of providing such services to one or more educational institutions, and ¹
- (B) payments (in lieu of contributions) with respect to service to which section 3309(a)(1) applies may be made into the State unemployment fund on the basis set forth in section 3309(a)(2);²
- (7) an individual who has received compensation during his benefit year is required to have had work since the beginning of such year in order to qualify for compensation in his next benefit year;

¹ Subparagraph (A) was amended by sec, 115(c) of P.L. 94-566, sec. 302(c) of P.L. 95-19, and sec. 2 of P.L. 95-171. Clause (ii) was amended by sec. 193(a) of P.L. 97-248. Sec. 193(b) (2) of P.L. 97-248 provides:

⁽²⁾ The amendment made by subsection (a), insofar as it requires retroactive payments of compensation to employees of educational institutions other than institutions of higher education (as defined in section 3304(f) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954), shall not be a requirement for any State law before January 1, 1984.

*Subparagraph (B) was amended by section 506(b) of P.L. 94-566.

(8) compensation shall not be denied to an individual for any week because he is in training with the approval of the State agency (or because of the application, to any such week in training, of State law provisions relating to availability for work, active search for work, or refusal to accept work);

(9) (A) compensation shall not be denied or reduced to an individual solely because he files a claim in another State (or a contiguous country with which the United States has an agreement with respect to unemployment compensation) or because he resides in another State (or such a contiguous country) at the

time he files a claim for unemployment compensation;

(B) the State shall participate in any arrangements for the payment of compensation on the basis of combining an individual's wages and employment covered under the State law with his wages and employment covered under the unemployment compensation law of other States which are approved by the Secretary of Labor in consultation with the State unemployment compensation agencies as reasonably calculated to assure the prompt and full payment of compensation in such situations. Any such arrangement shall include provisions for (i) applying the base period of a single State law to a claim involving the combining of an individual's wages and employment covered under two or more State laws, and (ii) avoiding duplicate use of wages and employment by reason of such combining;

(10) compensation shall not be denied to any individual by reason of cancellation of wage credits or total reduction of his benefit rights for any cause other than discharge for misconduct connected with his work, fraud in connection with a claim

for compensation, or receipt of disqualifying income;

(11) extended compensation shall be payable as provided by the Federal-State Extended Unemployment Compensation Act of 1970.

(12) no person shall be denied compensation under such State law solely on the basis of pregnancy or termination of

pregnancy; 1

(13) compensation shall not be payable to any individual on the basis of any services, substantially all of which consist of participating in sports or athletic events or training or preparing to so participate, for any week which commences during the period between two successive sport seasons (or similar periods) if such individual performed such services in the first of such seasons (or similar periods) and there is a reasonable assurance

¹.Paragraph (12) was amended, effective for 1978 and subsequent-year certifications, by section 512 of P.L. 94-566.

that such individual will perform such services in the later of such seasons (or similar periods); 1

- (14) (A) compensation shall not be payable on the basis of services performed by an alien unless such alien is an individual who was lawfully admitted for permanent residence at the time such services were performed, was lawfully present for purposes of performing such services, or was permanently residing in the United States under color of law at the time such services were performed (including an alien who was lawfully present in the United States as a result of the application of the provisions of section 203(a)(7) or section 212(d)(5) of the Immigration and Nationality Act),²
- (B) any data or information required of individuals applying for compensation to determine whether compensation is not payable to them because of their alien status shall be uniformly required from all applicants for compensation, and
- (C) in the case of an individual whose application for compensation would otherwise be approved, no determination by the State agency that compensation to such individual is not payable because of his alien status shall be made except upon a preponderance of the evidence; ¹
- (15) the amount of compensation payable to an individual for any week which begins after March 31, 1980, and which begins in a period with respect to which such individual is receiving a governmental or other pension, retirement or retired pay, annuity, or any other similar periodic payment which is based on the previous work of such individual shall be reduced (but not below zero) by an amount equal to the amount of such pension, retirement or retired pay, annuity, or other payment, which is reasonably attributable to such week except that—
- (A) the requirements of this paragraph shall apply to any pension, retirement or retired pay, annuity, or other similar periodic payment only if—
 - (i) such pension, retirement or retired pay, annuity, or similar payment is under a plan maintained (or contributed to) by a base period employer or chargeable employer (as determined under applicable law), and
 - (ii) in the case of such a payment not made under the Social Security Act or the Railroad Retirement Act of 1974 (or the corresponding provisions of prior law), services performed for such employer by the individual after the beginning of the base period (or remuneration for such services)

¹ Paragraphs (13), (14), and (15) were added (and the former paragraph (18) was redesignated as (16)) by section 314 of P.L. 94-566 effective for certifications starting 1978 (1979 in the case of States whose legislatures have no regular session in 1977).

² Subparagraph (A) was amended by section 302(a) of P.L. 95-19.

affect eligibility for, or increase the amount of such pension, retirement or retired pay, annuity, or similar payment, and

(B) the State law may provide for limitations on the amount of any such a reduction to take into account contributions made by the individual for the pensions, retirement or retired pay, annuity, or other similar periodic payment; 12

(16) (A) wage information contained in the records of the agency administering the State law which is necessary (as determined by the Secretary of Health, Education, and Welfare in regulations) for purposes of determining an individual's eligibility for aid or services, or the amount of such aid or services, under a State plan for aid and services to needy families with children approved under part A of title IV of the Social Security Act, shall be made available to a State or political subdivision thereof when such information is specifically requested by such State or political subdivision for such purposes, and

(B) such safeguards are established as are necessary (as determined by the Secretary of Health, Education, and Welfare in regulations) to insure that such information is used only for

the purposes authorized under subparagraph (A);

(17) all the rights, privileges, or immunities conferred by such law or by acts done pursuant thereto shall exist subject to the power of the legislature to amend or repeal such law at any time.3

(b) Notification.—The Secretary of Labor shall, upon approving

such law, notify the governor of the State of his approval.

(c) CERTIFICATION.—On October 31 of each taxable year the Secretary of Labor shall certify to the Secretary of the Treasury each State whose law he has previously approved, except that he shall not certify any State which, after reasonable notice and opportunity for hearing to the State agency, the Secretary of Labor finds has amended its law so that it no longer contains the provisions specified in subsection (a) or has with respect to the 12-month period ending on such October 31 failed to comply substantially with any such provision in such subsection. No finding of a failure to comply substantially with any provision in paragraph (5) of subsection (a) shall be based on an application or interpretation of State law (1) until all administrative review provided for under the laws of the State has been exhausted, or (2) with respect to which the time for judicial review provided by the laws

¹ Paragraphs (13), (14), and (15) were added (and the former paragraph (18) was redesignated as (16)) by section 314 of P.L. 94-566 effective for certifications starting 1978 (1979 in the case of States whose legislatures have no regular session in 1977).

² Paragraph (15) was amended by section 302(e) of P.L. 95-19 and was also amended (effective for certifications for 1981 and later) by sec. 414 of P.L. 96-364.

³ Paragraph (16) was added (and the former paragraph (16) was redesignated as (17)) by section 403(b) of P.L. 95-216.

of the State has not expired, or (3) with respect to which any judicial review is pending. On October 31 of any taxable year, the Secretary of Labor shall not certify any State which, after reasonable notice and opportunity for hearing to the State agency, the Secretary of Labor finds has failed to amend its law so that it contains each of the provisions required by law to be included therein (including provisions relating to the Federal-State Extended Unemployment Compensation Act of 1970 (or any amendments thereto) as required under subsection (a) (11)), or has, with respect to the twelve-month period ending on such October 31, failed to comply substantially with any such provision.¹

(d) Notice of Noncertification.—If at any time the Secretary of Labor has reason to believe that a State whose law he has previously approved may not be certified under subsection (c), he shall promptly so notify the governor of such State.

¹ Subsec. (c) was amended by sec. 2408(a) of P.L. 97-35.

- (e) Change of Law During 12-Month Period.—Whenever—
 - (1) any provision of this section, section 3302, or section 3303 refers to a 12-month period ending on October 31 of a year, and
 - (2) the law applicable to one portion of such period differs from the law applicable to another portion of such period, then such provision shall be applied by taking into account for each such portion the law applicable to such portion.

(f) Definition of Institution of Higher Education.—For purposes of subsection (a) (6), the term "institution of higher education"

means an educational institution in any State which-

(1) admits as regular students only individuals having a certificate of graduation from a high school, or the recognized equivalent of such a certificate:

(2) is legally authorized within such State to provide a pro-

gram of education beyond high school;

- (3) provides an educational program for it which awards a bachelor's or higher degree, or provides a program which is acceptable for full credi, toward such a degree, or offers a program of training to prepare students for gainful employment in a recognized occupation; and
 - (4) is a public or other nonprofit institution.1

SEC. 3305. APPLICABILITY OF STATE LAW²

- (a) Interstate and Foreign Commerce.—No person required under a State law to make payments to an unemployment fund shall be relieved from compliance therewith on the ground that he is engaged in interstate or foreign commerce, or that the State law does not distinguish between employees engaged in interstate or foreign commerce and those engaged in intrastate commerce.
- (b) FEDERAL INSTRUMENTALITIES IN GENERAL.—The legislature of any State may require any instrumentality of the United States (other than an instrumentality to which section 3306(c)(6) applies), and the individuals in its employ, to make contributions to an unemployment fund under a State unemployment compensation law approved by the Secretary of Labor under section 3304 and (except as

¹ Subsec. (f) was added by sec. 115(c) of P.L. 94-566.

² Sec. 8805 was amended by secs. 1908(a) (15) and 1906(b) (13) (C) of P.L. 94-455.

provided in section 5240 of the Revised Statutes, as amended (12 U.S.C., sec. 484), and as modified by subsection (c)), to comply otherwise with such law. The permission granted in this subsection shall apply (A) only to the extent that no discrimination is made against such instrumentality, so that if the rate of contribution is uniform upon all other persons subject to such law on account of having individuals in their employ, and upon all employees of such persons, respectively, the contributions required of such instrumentality or the individuals in its employ shall not be at a greater rate than is required of such other persons and such employees, and if the rates are determined separately for different persons or classes of persons having individuals in their employ or for different classes of employees, the determination shall be based solely upon unemployment experience and other factors bearing a direct relation to unemployment risk; (B) only if such State law makes provision for the refund of any contributions required under such law from an instrumentality of the United States or its employees for any year in the event such State is not certified by the Secretary of Labor under section 3304 with respect to such year; and (C) only if such State law makes provision for the payment of unemployment compensation to any employee of any such instrumentality of the United States in the same amount, on the same terms, and subject to the same conditions as unemployment compensation is payable to employees of other employers under the State unemployment compensation law.

- (c) National Banks.—Nothing contained in section 5240 of the Revised Statutes, as amended (12 U.S.C. 484), shall prevent any State from requiring any national banking association to render returns and reports relative to the association's employees, their remuneration and services, to the same extent that other persons are required to render like returns and reports under a State law requiring contributions to an unemployment fund. The Comptroller of the Currency shall, upon receipt of a copy of any such return or report of a national banking association from, and upon request of, any duly authorized official, body, or commission of a State, cause an examination of the correctness of such return or report to be made at the time of the next succeeding examination of such association, and shall thereupon transmit to such official, body, or commission a complete statement of his findings respecting the accuracy of such returns or reports.
- (d) FEDERAL PROPERTY.—No person shall be relieved from compliance with a State unemployment compensation law on the ground that services were performed on land or premises owned, held, or possessed by the United States, and any State shall have full jurisdiction and power to enforce the provisions of such law to the same extent

and with the same effect as though such place were not owned, held, or possessed by the United States.

- (e) Bonneville Power Administrator.—[Repealed.]
- (f) AMERICAN VESSELS.—The legislature of any State in which a person maintains the operating office, from which the operations of an American vessel operating on navigable waters within or within and without the United States are ordinarily and regularly supervised, managed, directed and controlled, may require such person and the officers and members of the crew of such vessel to make contributions to its unemployment fund under its State unemployment compensation law approved by the Secretary of Labor under section 3301 and otherwise to comply with its unemployment compensation law with respect to the service performed by an officer or member of the crew on or in connection with such vessel to the same extent and with the same effect as though such service was performed entirely within such State. Such person and the officers and members of the crew of such vessel shall not be required to make contributions, with respect to such service, to the unemployment fund of any other State. The permission granted by this subsection is subject to the condition that such service shall be treated, for purposes of wage credits given employees, like other service subject to such State unemployment compensation law performed for such person in such State, and also subject to the same limitation, with respect to contributions required from such person and from the officers and members of the crew of such vessel, as is imposed by the second sentence (other than clause (B) thereof) of subsection (b) with respect to contributions required from instrumentalities of the United States and from individuals in their employ.
- (g) Vessels Operated by General Agents of United States.— The permission granted by subsection (f) shall apply in the same manner and under the same conditions (including the obligation to comply with all requirements of State unemployment compensation laws) to general agents of the Secretary of Commerce with respect to service performed by officers and members of the crew on or in connection with American vessels—
 - (1) owned by or bareboat chartered to the United States, and
- (2) whose business is conducted by such general agents. As to any such vessel, the State permitted to require contributions on account of such service shall be the State to which the general agent would make contributions if the vessel were operated for his own account. Such general agents are designated, for this purpose, instrumentalities of the United States neither wholly nor partially owned by it and shall not be exempt from the tax imposed by section 3301. The permission granted by this subsection is subject to the same con-

ditions and limitations as are imposed in subsection (f), except that clause (B) of the second sentence of subsection (b) shall apply.

(h) REQUIREMENT BY STATE OF CONTRIBUTIONS.—Any State may, as to service performed, and on account of which contributions are made pursuant to subsection (g)—

(1) require contributions from persons performing such service under its unemployment compensation law or temporary disability insurance law administered in connection therewith, and

- (2) require general agents of the Secretary of Commerce to make contributions under such temporary disability insurance law to make such deductions from wages or remuneration as are required by such unemployment compensation or temporary disability insurance law.
- (i) GENERAL AGENT AS LEGAL ENTITY.—Each general agent of the Secretary of Commerce making contributions pursuant to subsection (g) or (h) shall, for purposes of such subsections, be considered a legal entity in his capacity as an instrumentality of the United States, separate and distinct from his identity as a person employing individuals on his own account.
- (j) DENIAL OF CREDITS IN CERTAIN CASES.—Any person required, pursuant to the permission granted by this section, to make contributions to an unemployment fund under a State unemployment compensation law approved by the Secretary of Labor under section 3304 shall not be entitled to the credits permitted, with respect to the unemployment compensation law of a State, by subsections (a) and (b) of section 3302 against the tax imposed by section 3301 for any taxable year if, on October 31 of such taxable year, the Secretary of Labor certifies to the Secretary of the Treasury his finding, after reasonable notice and opportunity for hearing to the State agency, that the unemployment compensation law of such State is inconsistent with any one or more of the conditions on the basis of which such permission is granted or that, in the application of the State law with respect to the 12-month period ending on such October 31, there has been a substantial failure to comply with any one or more of such conditions. For purposes of section 3310, a finding of the Secretary of Labor under this subsection shall be treated as a finding under section 3304(c).

SEC. 3306. DEFINITIONS.1

(a) EMPLOYER.—For purposes of this chapter—

(1) In general.—The term "employer" means, with respect to any calendar year, any person who—

(A) during any calendar quarter in the calendar year or the preceding calendar year paid wages of \$1,500 or more, or

³ Section 3306 was amended by section 1903(a) (16) of P.L. 94-455.

(B) on each of some 20 days during the calendar year or during the preceding calendar year, each day being in a different calendar week, employed at least one individual in employment for some portion of the day.

For purposes of this paragraph, there shall not be taken into account any wages paid to, or employment of, an employee per-

forming domestic services referred to in paragraph (3).

(2) AGRICULTURAL LABOR.—In the case of agricultural labor, the term "employer" means, with respect to any calendar year, any person who—

(A) during any calendar quarter in the calendar year or the preceding calendar year paid wages of \$20,000 or more

for agricultural labor, or

(B) on each of some 20 days during the calendar year or during the preceding calendar year, each day being in a different calendar week, employed at least 10 individuals in employment in agricultural labor for some portion of the day.

(3) Domestic service.—In the case of domestic service in a private home, local college club, or local chapter of a college fraternity or sorority, the term "employer" means, with respect to any calendar year, any person who during any calendar quarter in the calendar year or the preceding calendar year paid wages in cash

of \$1,000 or more for such service.

(4) Special rule.—A person treated as an employer under paragraph (3) shall not be treated as an employer with respect to wages paid for any service other than domestic service referred to in paragraph (3) unless such person is treated as an employer under paragraph (1) or (2) with respect to such other service.¹

(b) Wages.—For purposes of this chapter, the term "wages" means all remuneration for employment, including the cash value of all remuneration paid in any medium other than cash; except that such

term shall not include-

(1) that part of the remuneration which, after remuneration (other than remuneration referred to in the succeeding paragraphs of this subsection) equal to \$7,000 with respect to employment has been paid to an individual by an employer during any calendar year, is paid to such individual by such employer during such calendar year. If an employer (hereinafter referred to as successor employer) during any calendar year acquires substantially all the property used in a trade or business of another employer (hereinafter referred to as a predecessor), or used in a sepa-

¹ Subsection (a) was amended, effective with respect to wages paid after 1977, by section 114(a) of P.L. 94-566.

rate unit of a trade or business of a predecessor, and immediately after the acquisition employs in his trade or business an individual who immediately prior to the acquisition was employed in the trade or business of such predecessor, then, for the purpose of determining whether the successor employer has paid remuneration (other than remuneration referred to in the succeeding paragraphs of this subsection) with respect to employment equal to \$7,000 to such individual during such calendar year, and remuneration (other than remuneration referred to in the succeeding paragraphs of this subsection) with respect to employment paid (or considered under this paragraph as having been paid) to such individual by such predecessor during such calendar year and prior to such acquisition shall be considered as having been paid by such successor employer; ¹

(2) the amount of any payment (including any amount paid by an employer for insurance or annuities, or into a fund, to provide for any such payment) made to, or on behalf of, an employee or any of his dependents under a plan or system established by an employer which makes provision for his employees generally (or for his employees generally and their dependents) or for a class or classes of his employees (or for a class or classes of his em-

ployees and their dependents), on account of-

(A) retirement, or

(B) sickness or accident disability, or

(C) medical or hospitalization expenses in connection with sickness or accident disability, or

(D) death;

(8) any payment made to an employee (including any amount paid by an employer for insurance or annuities or into a fund, to

provide for any such payment) on account of retirement;

(4) any payment on account of sickness or accident disability, or medical or hospitalization expenses in connection with sickness or accident disability, made by an employer to or on behalf of, an employee after the expiration of 6 calendar months following the last calendar month in which the employee worked for such employer;

(5) any payment made to, or on behalf of, an employee or his

beneficiary-

(A) from or to a trust described in section 401(a) which is exempt from tax under section 501(a) at the time of such payment unless such payment is made to an employee of the

¹ Paragraph (1) was amended by section 211(a) of Public Law 94-566 and by sec. 271(a) of P.L. 97-248.

trust as remuneration for services rendered as such employee and not as a beneficiary of the trust, or

(B) under or to an annuity plan which, at the time of such

payment, is a plan described in section 403(a),

(C) under or to a bond purchase plan which, at the time of such payment, is a qualified bond purchase plan described in section 405(a), or

- (D) under a simplified employee pension if, at the time of the payment, it is reasonable to believe that the employee will be entitled to a deduction under section 219 for such payment;¹
- (6) the payment by an employer (without deduction from the remuneration of the employee)—
 - (Λ) of the tax imposed upon an employee under section 3101, or
 - (B) of any payment required from an employee under a State unemployment compensation law, with respect to remuneration paid to an employee for domestic service in a private home of the employer or for agricultural labor; ²
- (7) remuneration paid in any medium other than cash to an employee for service not in the course of the employer's trade or business:
- (8) any payment (other than vacation or sick pay) made to an employee after the month in which he attains the age of 65, if he did not work for the employer in the period for which such payment is made:
- (9) remuneration paid to or on behalf of an employee if (and to the extent that) at the time of the payment of such remuneration it is reasonable to believe that a corresponding deduction is allowable under section 217;
- (10) any payment or series of payments by an employer to an employee or any of his dependents which is paid—
 - (A) upon or after the termination of an employee's employment relationship because of (i) death, (ii) retirement for disability, or (iii) retirement after attaining an age specified in the plan referred to in subparagraph (B) or in a pension plan of the employer, and
 - (B) under a plan established by the employer which makes provision for his employees generally or a class or classes of his employees (or for such employees or class or classes of employees and their dependents), other than any such payment or series of payments which would have been paid if

¹ Subpar. (D) was added by sec. 101 of P.L. 96-222.

² Par. (6) was amended by sec. 1141(b) of P.L. 96-499.

ment for purposes of subchapter C of chapter 9 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1939 under the law applicable to the period in which such service was performed, and (A) any service, of whatever nature, performed after 1954 by an employee for the person employing him, irrespective of the citizenship or residence of either, (i) within the United States, or (ii) on or in connection with an American vessel or American aircraft under a contract of service which is entered into within the United States or during the performance of which and while the employee is employed on the vessel or aircraft it touches at a port in the United States, if the employee is employed on and in connection with such vessel or aircraft when outside the United States. and (B) any service, of whatever nature, performed after 1971 outside the United States (except in a contiguous country with which the United States has an agreement relating to unemployment compensation) by a citizen of the United States as an employee of an American employer (as defined in subsection (j)(3)), except—1

(1) agricultural labor (as defined in subsection (k)) unless—
(A) such labor is performed for a person who—

(i) during any calendar quarter in the calendar year or the preceding calendar year paid remuneration in cash of \$20,000 or more to individuals employed in agricultural labor (including labor performed by an alien referred to in subparagraph (B)), or

- (ii) on each of some 20 days during the calendar year or the preceding calendar year, each day being in a different calendar week, employed in agricultural labor (including labor performed by an alien referred to in subparagraph (B)) for some portion of the day (whether or not at the same moment of time) 10 or more individuals; and
- (B) such labor is not agricultural labor performed before January 1, 1984, by an individual who is an alien admitted to the United States to perform agricultural labor pursuant to sections 214(c) and 101(a)(15)(H) of the Immigration and Nationality Act;²
- (2) domestic service in a private home, local college club, or local chapter of a college fraternity or sorority unless performed for a person who paid cash remuneration of \$1,000 or more to individuals employed in such domestic service in any calendar quarter in the calendar year or the preceding calendar year; *

¹ The matter preceding par. (1) was amended by sec, 116(b) of P.L. 94-566.

² Par. (1) was amended, effective for wages paid after 1977 for services after 1977, by sec. 111(b) of P.L. 94-566 and was further amended by sec. 1 of P.L. 96-84 and by sec. 277 of P.L. 97-248.

² Par. (2) was amended, effective for wages paid after 1977 for services after 1977, by sec. 118 of P.L. 94-566.

(3) service not in the course of the employer's trade or business performed in any calendar quarter by an employee, unless the cash remuneration paid for such service is \$50 or more and such service is performed by an individual who is regularly employed by such employer to perform such service. For purposes of this paragraph, an individual shall be deemed to be regularly employed by an employer during a calendar quarter only if—

(A) on each of some 24 days during such quarter such in dividual performs for such employer for some portion of the day service not in the course of the employer's trade or busi-

ness, or

(B) such individual was regularly employed (as determined under subparagraph (A)) by such employer in the performance of such service during the preceding calendar quarter;

(4) service performed on or in connection with a vessel or aircraft not an American vessel or American aircraft, if the employee is employed on and in connection with such vessel or aircraft when outside the United States:

(5) service performed by an individual in the employ of his son, daughter, or spouse, and service performed by a child under the age of 21 in the employ of his father or mother;

(6) service performed in the employ of the United States Government or of an instrumentality of the United States which is—

(A) wholly or partially owned by the United States, or

(B) exempt from the tax imposed by section 3301 by virtue of any provision of law which specifically refers to such section (or the corresponding section of prior law) in

granting such exemption;

- (7) service performed in the employ of a State, or any political sub-livision thereof, or any instrumentality of any one or more of the foregoing which is wholly owned by one or more States or political sub-divisions; and any service performed in the employ of any instrumentality of one or more States or political sub-divisions to the extent that the instrumentality is, with respect to such service, immune under the Constitution of the United States from the tax imposed by section 3301;
- (8) service performed in the employ of a religious, charitable, educational, or other organization described in section 501(c)(3) which is exempt from income tax under section 501(a);
- (9) service performed by an individual as an employee or employee representative as defined in section 1 of the Railroad Unemployment Insurance Act (45 U.S.C. 351);

- (10) (A) service performed in any calendar quarter in the employ of any organization exempt from income tax under section 501(a) (other than an organization described in section 401(a)) or under section 521, if the remuneration for such service is less than \$50, or
- (B) service performed in the employ of a school, college, or university, if such service is performed (i) by a student who is enrolled and is regularly attending classes at such school, college, or university, or (ii) by the spouse of such a student, if such spouse is advised, at the time such spouse commences to perform such service, that (I) the employment of such spouse to perform such services is provided under a program to provide financial assistance to such student by such school, college, or university, and (II) such employment will not be covered by any program of unemployment insurance, or
- (C) service performed by an individual who is enrolled at a nonprofit or public educational institution which normally maintains a regular faculty and curriculum and normally has a regularly organized body of students in attendance at the place where its educational activities are carried on as a student in a full-time program, taken for credit at such institution, which combines academic instruction with work experience, if such service is an integral part of such program, and such institution has so certified to the employer, except that this subparagraph shall not apply to service performed in a program established for or on behalf of an employer or group of employers, or ¹
- (D) service performed in the employ of a hospital, if such service is performed by a patient of such hospital;
- (11) service performed in the employ of a foreign government (including service as a consular or other officer or employee or a nondiplomatic representative);
- (12) service performed in the employ of an instrumentality wholly owned by a foreign government—
 - (A) if the service is of a character similar to that performed in foreign countries by employees of the United States Government or of an instrumentality thereof; and
 - (B) if the Secretary of State shall certify to the Secretary of the Treasury that the foreign government, with respect to whose instrumentality exemption is claimed, grants an equivalent exemption with respect to similar service performed in the foreign country by employees of the United States Government and of instrumentalities thereof; ²

¹ Subpar. (C) was amended by sec. 276(a) of P.L. 97-248.

² Subpar. (B) was amended by sec. 1906(b) (13) (C) of P.L. 94-455.

- (13) service performed as a student nurse in the employ of a hospital or a nurses' training school by an individual who is enrolled and is regularly attending classes in a nurses' training school chartered or approved pursuant to State law; and service performed as an intern in the employ of a hospital by an individual who has completed a 4 years' course in a medical school chartered or approved pursuant to State law;
- (14) service performed by an individual for a person as an insurance agent or as an insurance solicitor, if all such service performed by such individual for such person is performed for remuneration solely by way of commission;
- (15) (A) service performed by an individual under the age of 18 in the delivery or distribution of newspapers or shopping news, not including delivery or distribution to any point for subsequent delivery or distribution;
- (B) service performed by an individual in, and at the time of, the sale of newspapers or magazines to ultimate consumers, under an arrangement under which the newspapers or magazines are to be sold by him at a fixed price, his compensation being based on the retention of the excess of such price over the amount at which the newspapers or magazines are charged to him, whether or not he is guaranteed a minimum amount of compensation for such service, or is entitled to be credited with the unsold newspapers or magazines turned back;
- (16) service performed in the employ of an international organization;
- (17) service performed by an individual in (or as an officer or member of the crew of a vessel while it is engaged in) the catching, taking, harvesting, cultivating, or farming of any kind of fish, shellfish, crustacea, sponges, seaweeds, or other aquatic forms of animal and vegetable life (including service performed by any such individual as an ordinary incident to any such activity), except—
 - (A) service performed in connection with the catching or taking of salmon or halibut, for commercial purposes, and
 - (B) service performed on or in connection with a vessel of more than 10 net tons (determined in the manner provided for determining the register tonnage of merchant vessels under the laws of the United States);
 - (18) service described in section 3121(b) (20);
- (19) service which is performed by a nonresident alien individual for the period he is temporarily present in the United States as a nonimmigrant under subparagraph (F) or (J) of section 101(a)(15) of the Immigration and Nationality Act, as

¹ Par. (18) was added by sec. 822(a) of P.L. 97-34. Under sec. 203 of P.L. 97-362, this provision is applicable during 1981 and 1982.

amended (8 U.S.C. 1101(a) (15) (F) or (J)), and which is performed to carry out the purpose specified in subparagraph (F) or (J), as the case may be; or ¹

(20) service performed by a full time student (as defined in

subsection (q)) in the employ of an organized camp—

(A) if such camp—

(i) did not operate for more than 7 months in the calendar year and did not operate for more than 7 months in the preceding calendar year, or

(ii) had average gross receipts for any 6 months in the preceding calendar year which were not more than 331/3 percent of its average gross receipts for the other 6 months in the preceding calendar year; and

(B) if such full time student performed services in the employ of such camp for less than 13 calendar weeks in such

calendar year.2

- (d) Included and Excluded Service.—For purposes of this chapter, if the services performed during one-half or more of any pay period by an employee for the person employing him constitute employment, all the services of such employee for such period shall be deemed to be employment; but if the services performed during more than one-half of any such pay period by an employee for the person employing him do not constitute employment, then none of the services of such employee for such period shall be deemed to be employment. As used in this subsection, the term "pay period" means a period (of not more than 31 consecutive days) for which a payment of remuneration is ordinarily made to the employee by the person employing him. This subsection shall not be applicable with respect to services performed in a pay period by an employee for the person employing him, where any of such service is excepted by subsection (c) (0).
- (e) STATE AGENCY.—For purposes of this chapter, the term "State agency" means any State officer, board, or other authority, designated under a State law to administer the unemployment fund in such State.
- (f) Unemployment Fund.—For purposes of this chapter, the term "unemployment fund" means a special fund, established under a State law and administered by a State agency, for the payment of compensation. Any sums standing to the account of the State agency in the Unemployment Trust Fund established by section 904 of the Social Security Act, as amended (42 U.S.C. 1104), shall be deemed to be a part of the unemployment fund of the State, and no sums paid out of the Unemployment Trust Fund to such State agency shall cease to be a part of the unemployment funds of the State until expended by

¹ Par. (19) was formerly par. (18) prior to redesignation by sec. 822(a) of P.L. 97-34. ² Par. (20) was added by sec. 276(b) (1) of P.L. 97-248, effective for remuneration paid after Dec. 31, 1982, and before Jan. 1, 1984.

such State agency. An unemployment fund shall be deemed to be maintained during a taxable year only if throughout such year, or such portion of the year as the unemployment fund was in existence, no part of the moneys of such fund was expended for any purpose other than the payment of compensation (exclusive of expenses of administration) and for refunds of sums erroneously paid into such fund and refunds paid in accordance with the provisions of section 3305(b); except that—

(1) an amount equal to the amount of employee payments into the unemployment fund of a State may be used in the payment of cash benefits to individuals with respect to their disability, exclusive of expenses of administration; and (2) the amounts specified by section 903(c)(2) of the Social Security Act may, subject to the conditions prescribed in such section, be used for expenses incurred by the State for administration of its unemployment compensation law and public employment offices.

(g) Contributions.—For purposes of this chapter, the term "contributions" means payments required by a State law to be made into an unemployment fund by any person on account of having individuals in his employ, to the extent that such payments are made by him without being deducted or deductible from the remuneration of individuals in his employ.

(h) Compensation.—For purposes of this chapter, the term "compensation" means cash benefits payable to individuals with respect to

their unemployment.

(i) EMPLOYEE.—For purposes of this chapter, the term "employee" has the meaning assigned to such term by section 3121(d), except that subparagraphs (B) and (C) of paragraph (3) shall not apply.

(j) STATE, UNITED STATES, AND AMERICAN EMPLOYER.—For pur-

poses of this chapter-

(1) STATE.—The term "State" includes the District of Columbia, the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, and the Virgin Islands.

(2) United States.—The term "United States" when used in a geographical sense includes the States, the District of Columbia, and the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, and the Virgin Islands.

(3) AMERICAN EMPLOYER.—The term "American employer"

means a person who is-

(A) an individual who is a resident of the United States,

(B) a partnership, if two-thirds or more of the partners are residents of the United States,

(C) a trust, if all of the trustees are residents of the United States, or

(D) a corporation organized under the laws of the United States or of any State.

An individual who is a citizen of the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico or the Virgin Islands (but not otherwise a citizen of the United States) shall be considered, for the purposes of this section, as a citizen of the United States.¹

(k) AGRICULTURAL LABOR.—For purposes of this chapter, the term "agricultural labor" has the meaning assigned to such term by subsection (g) of section 3121, except that for purposes of this chapter subparagraph (B) of paragraph (4) of such subsection (g) shall be treated as reading:

¹ Subsection (j) was amended by section 116(b) (2) of Public Law 94-566.

- "(B) in the employ of a group of operators of farms (or a cooperative organization of which such operators are members) in the performance of service described in subparagraph (A), but only if such operators produced more than one-half of the commodity with respect to which such service is performed;".
- (1) CERTAIN EMPLOYEES OF BONNEVILLE POWER ADMINISTRATION.—
 [Repealed.]
- (m) AMERICAN VESSEL AND AIRCRAFT.—For purposes of this chapter, the term "American vessel" means any vessel documented or numbered under the laws of the United States; and includes any vessel which is neither documented or numbered under the laws of the United States nor documented under the laws of any foreign country, if its crew is employed solely by one or more citizens or residents of the United States or corporations organized under the laws of the United States or of any State; and the term "American aircraft" means an aircraft registered under the laws of the United States.
- (n) VESSEL OPERATED BY GENERAL AGENTS OF UNITED STATES.—Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (c)(6), service performed by officers and members of the crew of a vessel which would otherwise be included as employment under subsection (c) shall not be excluded by reason of the fact that it is performed on or in connection with an American vessel—
 - (1) owned by or bareboat chartered to the United States, and
 - (2) whose business is conducted by a general agent of the Secretary of Commerce.

For purposes of this chapter, each such general agent shall be considered a legal entity in his capacity as such general agent, separate and distinct from his identity as a person employing individuals on his own account, and the officers and members of the crew of such an American vessel whose business is conducted by a general agent of the Secretary of Commerce shall be deemed to be performing services for such general agent rather than the United States. Each such general agent who in his capacity as such is an employer within the meaning of subsection (a) shall be subject to all the requirements imposed upon an employer under this chapter with respect to service which constitutes employment by reason of this subsection.

(o) SPECIAL RULE IN CASE OF CERTAIN AGRICULTURAL WORKERS .-

(1) CREW LEADERS WHO ARE REGISTERED OR PROVIDE SPECIALIZED AGRICULTURAL LABOR.—For purposes of this chapter, any individual who is a member of a crew furnished by a crew leader to perform agricultural labor for any other person shall be treated as an employee of such crew leader—

(A) if-

- (i) such crew leader holds a valid certificate of registration under the Farm Labor Contractor Registration Act of 1963; or
- (ii) substantially all the members of such crew operate or maintain tractors, mechanized harvesting or cropdusting equipment, or any other mechanized equipment, which is provided by such crew leader; and

(B) if such individual is not an employee of such other

person within the meaning of subsection (i).

(2) OTHER CREW LEADERS.—For purposes of this chapter, in the case of any individual who is furnished by a crew leader to perform agricultural labor for any other person and who is not treated as an employee of such crew leader under paragraph (1)—

(A) such other person and not the crew leader shall be

treated as the employer of such individual; and

- (B) such other person shall be treated as having paid cash remuneration to such individual in an amount equal to the amount of cash remuneration paid to such individual by the crew leader (either on his behalf or on behalf of such other person) for the agricultural labor performed for such other person.
- (3) CREW LEADER.—For purposes of this subsection, the term "crew leader" means an individual who—
 - (A) furnishes individuals to perform agricultural labor for any other person,
 - (B) pays (either on his behalf or on behalf of such other person) the individuals so furnished by him for the agricultural labor performed by them, and

(C) has not entered into a written agreement with such other person under which such individual is designated as an employee of such other person.¹

(p) Concurrent Employment by Two or More Employers.—For purposes of sections 3301, 3302, and 3306(b)(1), if two or more related corporations concurrently employ the same individual and compensate such individual through a common paymaster which is one of such corporations, each such corporation shall be considered to have paid as remuneration to such individual only the amounts actually disbursed by it to such individual and shall not be considered to have paid as remuneration to such individual amounts actually disbursed to such individual by another of such corporations. ²

Subsection (e) was added by section 112 of Public Law 94-566.
 Subsection (p) was added by sec. 314(b) of P.L. 95-216 effective with respect to wages paid after December 31, 1978.

- (q) FULL TIME STUDENT.—For purposes of subsection (c) (20), an individual shall be treated as a full time student for any period—
 - (1) during which the individual is enrolled as a full time student at an educational institution, or
 - (2) which is between academic years or terms if-
 - (A) the individual was enrolled as a full time student at an educational institution for the immediately preceding academic year or term, and
 - (B) there is a reasonable assurance that the individual will be so enrolled for the immediately succeeding academic year or term after the period described in subparagraph (A).

SEC. 3307. DEDUCTIONS AS CONSTRUCTIVE PAYMENTS.

Whenever under this chapter or any act of Congress, or under the law of any State, an employer is required or permitted to deduct any amount from the remuneration of an employee and to pay the amount deducted to the United States, a State, or any political subdivision thereof, then for purposes of this chapter the amount so deducted shall be considered to have been paid to the employee at the time of such deduction.

¹ Subsec. (q) was added by sec. 276(b) (2) of P.L. 97-248.

SEC. 3308. INSTRUMENTALITIES OF THE UNITED STATES.

Notwithstanding any other provision of law (whether enacted before or after the enactment of this section) which grants to any instrumentality of the United States an exemption from taxation, such instrumentality shall not be exempt from the tax imposed by section 3301 unless such other provision of law grants a specific exemption, by reference to section 3301 (or the corresponding section of prior law), from the tax imposed by such section.

SEC. 3309. STATE LAW COVERAGE OF SERVICES PER-FORMED FOR NONPROFIT ORGANIZATIONS OR GOVERNMENTAL ENTITIES.

- (a) STATE LAW REQUIREMENTS.— For purposes of section 3304(a) (6)—
 - (1) except as otherwise provided in subsections (b) and (c), the services to which this paragraph applies are—
 - (A) service excluded from the term "employment" solely by reason of paragraph (8) of section 3306(c), and
 - (B) service excluded from the term "employment" solely by reason of paragraph (7) of section 3306(c); and ¹
 - (2) the State law shall provide that a governmental entity or any other organization (or group of governmental entities or other organizations) which, but for the requirements of this paragraph, would be liable for contributions with respect to service to which paragraph (1) applies may elect, for such minimum period and at such time as may be provided by State law, to pay (in lieu of such contributions) into the State unemployment fund amounts equal to the amounts of compensation attributable under the State law to such service. The State law may provide safeguards to ensure that governmental entities or other organizations so electing will make the payments required under such elections.
- (b) Section Not To Apply to Certain Service.—This section shall not apply to service performed—
 - (1) in the employ of (A) a church or convention or association of churches, or (B) an organization which is operated primarily for religious purposes and which is operated, supervised, controlled, or principally supported by a church or convention or association of churches:
 - (2) by a duly ordained, commissioned, or licensed minister of a church in the exercise of his ministry or by a member of a religious order in the exercise of duties required by such order;

¹ Paragraph (1) was amended by section 115 (a) of Public Law 94-566 effective with respect to services performed after 1977.

² Paragraph (2) was amended by section 506(a) of P.L. 94-566 and section 302(b) of P.L. 95-19.

- (3) in the employ of a governmental entity referred to in paragraph (7) of section 3306(c), if such service is performed by an individual in the exercise of his duties—
 - (A) as an elected official;
 - (B) as a member of a legislative body, or a member of the judiciary, of a State or political subdivision thereof;
 - (C) as a member of the State National Guard or Air National Guard;
 - (D) as an employee serving on a temporary basis in case of fire, storm, snow, earthquake, flood, or similar emergency; or
 - (E) in a position which, under or pursuant to the State law, is designated as (i) a major nontenured policymaking or advisory position, or (ii) a policymaking or advisory position the performance of the duties of which ordinarily does not require more than 8 hours per week;
- (4) in a facility conducted for the purpose of carrying out a program of—
 - (A) rehabilitation for individuals whose earning capacity is impaired by age or physical or mental deficiency or injury, or
 - (B) providing remunerative work for individuals who because of their impaired physical or mental capacity cannot be readily absorbed in the competitive labor market,

by an individual receiving such rehabilitation or remunerative work;

- (5) as part of an unemployment work-relief or work-training program assisted or financed in whole or in part by any Federal agency or an agency of a State or political subdivision thereof, by an individual receiving such work relief or work training; and
 - (6) by an inmate of a custodial or penal institution.2
- (c) Nonprofit Organizations Must Employ 4 or More.—This section shall not apply to service performed during any calendar year in the employ of any organization unless on each of some 20 days during such calendar year or the preceding calendar year, each day being in a different calendar week, the total number of individuals who were employed by such organization in employment (determined without regard to section 3306(c)(8) and by excluding service to which this section does not apply by reason of subsection (b)) for some portion of the day (whether or not at the same moment of time) was 4 or more.
 - (d) [Repealed] 3

SEC. 3310. JUDICIAL BEVIEW.

(a) In General.—Whenever under section 3303(b) or section 3304(c) the Secretary of Labor makes a finding pursuant to which he

<sup>Paragraph (8) was amended by section 115(b) (1) of P.L. 94-566.
Paragraph (6) was amended by section 115(b) (2) of P.L. 94-566.
Subsection (d) was repealed by section 115(c) (3) of P.L. 94-566.</sup>

is required to withhold a certification with respect to a State under such section, such State may, within 60 days after the Governor of the State has been notified of such action, file with the United States court of appeals for the circuit in which such State is located or with the United States Court of Appeals for the District of Columbia, a petition for review of such action. A copy of the petition shall be forthwith transmitted by the clerk of the court to the Secretary of Labor. The Secretary of Labor thereupon shall file in the court the record of the proceedings on which he based his action as provided in section 2112 of title 28 of the United States Code.

- (b) FINDINGS OF FACT.—The findings of fact by the Secretary of Labor, if supported by substantial evidence, shall be conclusive; but the court, for good cause shown, may remand the case to the Secretary of Labor to take further evidence, and the Secretary of Labor may thereupon make new or modified findings of fact and may modify his previous action, and shall certify to the court the record of the further proceedings. Such new or modified findings of fact shall likewise be conclusive if supported by substantial evidence.
- (c) JURISDICTION OF COURT; REVIEW.—The court shall have jurisdiction to affirm the action of the Secretary of Labor or to set it aside, in whole or in part. The judgment of the court shall be subject to review by the Supreme Court of the United States upon certification as provided in section 1254 of title 28 of the United States Code.

(d) Stay of Secretary of Labor's Action.—

- (1) The Secretary of Labor shall not withhold any certification under section 3303(b) or section 3804(c) until the expiration of 60 days after the Governor of the State has been notified of the action referred to in subsection (a) or until the State has filed a petition for review of such action, whichever is earlier.
- (2) The commencement of judicial proceedings under this section shall stay the Secretary of Labor's action for a period of 30 days, and the court may thereafter grant interim relief if warranted, including a further stay of the Secretary of Labor's action and including such other relief as may be necessary to preserve status or rights.¹
- (e) Preference.—Any judicial proceedings under this section shall be entitled to, and, upon request of the Secretary of Labor or the State, shall receive a preference and shall be heard and determined as expeditiously as possible.¹

SEC. 3311. SHORT TITLE.

This chapter may be cited as the "Federal Unemployment Tax Act."

¹ Subsections (d) and (e) were amended by section 1906(b) (18) of P.L. 94-455.

CHAPTER 25—GENERAL PROVISIONS RELATING TO EMPLOYMENT TAXES

SEC. 3501. COLLECTION AND PAYMENT OF TAXES.

The taxes imposed by this subtitle shall be collected by the Secretary and shall be paid into the Treasury of the United States as internal-revenue collections.

SEC. 3502. NONDEDUCTIBILITY OF TAXES IN COMPUT-ING TAXABLE INCOME.¹

- (a) The taxes imposed by section 3101 of chapter 21, and by sections 3201 and 3211 of chapter 22 shall not be allowed as a deduction to the taxpayer in computing taxable income under subtitle A.
- (b) The tax deducted and withheld under subchapter A of chapter 24 shall not be allowed as a deduction either to the employer or to the recipient of the income in computing taxable income under subtitle A.
- (c) The tax withheld under subchapter B of chapter 24 shall not be allowed as a deduction in computing taxable income under subtitle A either to the person withholding the tax or to the recipient of the amounts subject to withholding.

SEC. 3503. ERRONEOUS PAYMENTS.

Any tax paid under chapter 21 or 22 by a taxpayer with respect to any period with respect to which he is not liable to tax under such chapter shall be credited against the tax, if any, imposed by such other chapter upon the taxpayer, and the balance, if any, shall be refunded.

SEC. 3504. ACTS TO BE PERFORMED BY AGENTS.

In case a fiduciary, agent, or other person has the control, receipt, custody, or disposal of, or pays the wages of an employee or group of employees, employed by one or more employers, the Secretary, under regulations prescribed by him, is authorized to designate such fiduciary, agent, or other person to perform such acts as are required of employers under this title and as the Secretary may specify. Except as may be otherwise prescribed by the Secretary, all provisions of law (including penalties) applicable in respect of an employer shall be applicable to a fiduciary, agent, or other person so designated but, except as so provided, the employer for whom such fiduciary, agent, or other person acts shall remain subject to the provisions of law (including penalties) applicable in respect of employers.

¹ Sec. 8502 was amended by sec. 805(b) of P.L. 97-248.

SEC. 3507. ADVANCE PAYMENT OF EARNED INCOME CREDIT.¹

(a) GENERAL RULE.—Except as otherwise provided in this section, every employer making payment of wages to an employee with respect to whom an earned income eligibility certificate is in effect shall,

¹ Section 3507 was added by section 105(b) of Public Law 95-600 effective for remuneration paid after June 30, 1978. The effective date was changed to June 30, 1979 by sec. 101 of P.L. 96-222.

at the time of paying such wages, make an additional payment to such employee equal to such employee's earned income advance amount.

- (b) EARNED INCOME ELIGIBILITY CERTIFICATE.—For purposes of this title, an carned income eligibility certificate is a statement furnished by an employee to the employer which—
 - (1) certifies that the employee will be eligible to receive the credit provided by section 43 for the taxable year,
 - (2) certifies that the employee does not have an earned income eligibility certificate in effect for the calendar year with respect to the payment of wages by another employer, and

(3) states whether or not the employee's spouse has an earned income eligibility certificate in effect.

For purposes of this section, a certificate shall be treated as being in effect with respect to a spouse if such a certificate will be in effect on the first status determination date following the date on which the employee furnishes the statement in question.

- (c) EARNED INCOME ADVANCE AMOUNT.—
 - (1) In general.—For purposes of this title, the term "earned income advance amount" means, with respect to any payroll period, the amount determined—
 - (A) on the basis of the employee's wages from the employer for such period, and
 - (B) in accordance with tables prescribed by the Secretary.
 - (2) Advance amount tables.—The tables referred to in paragraph (1)(B)—
 - (A) shall be similar in form to the tables prescribed under section 3402 and, to the maximum extent feasible, shall be coordinated with such tables, and
 - (B) if the employee is not married, or if no earned income eligibility certificate is in effect with respect to the spouse of the employee, shall treat the credit provided by section 43 as if it were a credit—
 - (i) of not more than 10 percent of the first \$5,000 of earned income, which
 - (ii) phases out between \$6,000 and \$10,000 of earned income, or
 - (C) if an earned income eligibility certificate is in effect with respect to the spouse of the employee, shall treat the credit provided by section 43 as if it were a credit—
 - (i) of not more than 10 percent of the first \$2,500 of earned income, which
 - (ii) phases out between \$3,000 and \$5,000 of earned income.

- (d) PAYMENTS TO BE TREATED AS PAYMENTS OF WITHHOLDING AND FICA TAXES.—
 - (1) In GENERAL.—For purposes of this title, payments made by an employer under subsection (a) to his employees for any payroll period—
 - (A) shall not be treated as the payment of compensation, and
 - (B) shall be treated as made out of-
 - (i) amounts required to be deducted and withheld for the payroll period under section 3401 (relating to wage withholding), and
 - (ii) amounts required to be deducted for the payroll period under section 3102 (relating to FICA employee taxes), and
 - (iii) amounts of the taxes imposed for the payroll period under section 3111 (relating to FICA employer taxes),

as if the employer had paid to the Secretary, on the day on which the wages are paid to the employees, an amount equal to such payments.

- (2) ADVANCE PAYMENTS EXCEED TAXES DUE.—In the case of any employer, if for any payroll period the aggregate amount of earned income advance payments exceeds the sum of the amounts referred to in paragraph (1) (B), each such advance payment shall be reduced by an amount which bears the same ratio to such excess as such advance payment bears to the aggregate amount of all such advance payments.
- (3) EMPLOYER MAY MAKE FULL ADVANCE PAYMENTS.—The Secretary shall prescribe regulations under which an employer may elect (in lieu of any application of paragraph (2))—
 - (A) to pay in full all earned income advance amounts, and
 - (B) to have additional amounts paid by reason of this paragraph treated as the advance payment of taxes imposed by this title.
- (4) FAILURE TO MAKE ADVANCE PAYMENTS.—For purposes of this title (including penalties), failure to make any advance payment under this section at the time provided therefor shall be treated as the failure at such time to deduct and withhold under subchapter A of chapter 24 an amount equal to the amount of such advance payment.¹
- (e) Furnishing and Taking Effect of Certificates.—For purposes of this section—
 - (1) When certificate takes effect.—
 - (A) First certificate furnished.—An earned income eligibility certificate furnished the employer in cases in which

¹ Par. (4) was amended by sec. 307(a) (3) of P.L. 97-248.

no previous such certificate had been in effect for the calendar year shall take effect as of the beginning of the first payroll period ending, or the first payment of wages made without regard to a payroll period, on or after the date on which such certificate is so furnished (or if later, the first day of the calendar year for which furnished).

- (B) Later certificate.—An earned income eligibility certificate furnished the employer in cases in which a previous such certificate had been in effect for the calendar year shall take effect with respect to the first payment of wages made on or after the first status determination date which occurs at least 30 days after the date on which such certificate is so furnished, except that at the election of the employer such certificate may be made effective with respect to any payment of wages made on or after the date on which such certificate is so furnished. For purposes of this section, the term "status determination date" means January 1, May 1, July 1, and October 1 of each year.
- (2) Period during which certificate remains in effect.—An earned income elegibility certificate which takes effect under this section for any calendar year shall continue in effect with respect to the employee during such calendar year until revoked by the employee or until another such certificate takes effect under this section.
 - (3) CHANGE OF STATUS.—
 - (A) REQUIREMENT TO REVOKE OR FURNISH NEW CERTIFICATE.—If, after an employee has furnished an earned income eligibility certificate under this section, there has been a change of circumstances which has the effect of—
 - (i) making the employee ineligible for the credit provided by section 43 for the taxable year, or
 - (ii) causing an earned income eligibility certificate to be in effect with respect to the spouse of the employee. the employee shall, within 10 days after such change in circumstances, furnish the employer with a revocation of such certificate or with a new certificate (as the case may be). Such a revocation (or such a new certificate) shall take effect under the rules provided by paragraph (1) (B) for a later certificate and shall be made in such form as the Secretary shall by regulations prescribe.
 - (B) CERTIFICATE NO LONGER IN EFFECT.—If. after an employee has furnished an earned income eligibility certificate under this section which certifies that such a certificate is in

effect with respect to the spouse of the employee, such a certificate is no longer in effect with respect to such spouse, then the employee may furnish the employer with a new earned income eligibility certificate.

(4) FORM AND CONTENTS OF CERTIFICATE.—Earned income eligibility certificates shall be in such form and contain such other information as the Secretary may by regulations prescribe.

(5) Taxable year DEFINED.—The term "taxable year" means the last taxable year of the employee under subtitle A beginning in the calendar year in which the wages are paid.

SEC. 3508. TREATMENT OF REAL ESTATE AGENTS AND DIRECT SELLERS.¹

- (a) General Rule.—For purposes of this title, in the case of services performed as a qualified real estate agent or as a direct seller—
 - (1) the individual performing such services shall not be treated as an employee, and
 - (2) the person for whom such services are performed shall not be treated as an employer.

(b) Definitions.—For purposes of this section—

- (1) QUALIFIED REAL ESTATE AGENT.—The term "qualified real estate agent" means any individual who is a sales person if—
 - (A) such individual is a licensed real estate agent,
 - (B) substantially all of the remuneration (whether or not paid in cash) for the services performed by such individual as a real estate agent is directly related to sales or other output (including the performance of services) rather than to the number of hours worked, and
 - (C) the services performed by the individual are performed pursuant to a written contract between such individual and the person for whom the services are performed and such contract provides that the individual will not be treated as an employee with respect to such services for Federal tax purposes.
- (2) Direct seller.—The term "direct seller" means any person if—

(A) such person—

(i) is engaged in the trade or business of selling (or soliciting the sale of) consumer products to any buyer on a buy-sell basis, a deposit-commission basis, or any similar basis which the Secretary prescribes by regulations, for resale (by the buyer or any other person) in

¹ Sec. 3508 was added by sec. 269 of P.L. 97-248.

the home or otherwise than in a permanent retail establishment, or

- (ii) is engaged in the trade or business of selling (or soliciting the sale of) consumer products in the home or otherwise than in a permanent retail establishment,
- (B) substantially all the remuneration (whether or not paid in cash) for the performance of the services described in subparagraph (A) is directly related to sales or other output (including the performance of services) rather than to the number of hours worked, and
- (C) the services performed by the person are performed pursuant to a written contract between such person and the person for whom the services are performed and such contract provides that the person will not be treated as an employee with respect to such services for Federal tax purposes.
- (3) COORDINATION WITH RETIREMENT PLANS FOR SELF-EMPLOYED.—This section shall not apply for purposes of subtitle A to the extent that the individual is treated as an employee under section 401(c)(1) (relating to self-employed individuals).

SEC. 3509. DETERMINATION OF EMPLOYERS' LIABILITY FOR CERTAIN EMPLOYMENT TAXES.¹

- (a) In General.—If any employer fails to deduct and withhold any tax under chapter 24 or subchapter A of chapter 21 with respect to any employee by reason of treating such employee as not being an employee for purposes of such chapter or subchapter, the amount of the employer's liability for—
 - (1) WITHHOLDING TAXES.—Tax under chapter 24 for such year with respect to such employee shall be determined as if the amount required to be deducted and withheld were equal to 1.5 percent of the wages (as defined in section 340 paid to such employee.
 - (2) EMPLOYEE SOCIAL SECURITY TAX.—Taxes under subchapter A of chapter 21 with respect to such employee shall be determined as if the taxes imposed under such subchapter were 20 percent of the amount imposed under such subchapter without regard to this subparagraph.
- (b) Employer's Liability Increased Where Employer Disregards Reporting Requirements.—
 - (1) In GENERAL.—In the case of an employer who fails to meet the applicable requirements of section 6041(a), 6041A, or 6051 with respect to any employee, unless such failure is due to

¹ Sec. 3509 was added by sec. 270 of P.L. 97-248.

reasonable cause and not willful neglect, subsection (a) shall be applied with respect to such employee-

(A) by substituting "3 percent" for "1.5 percent" in para-

graph (1); and

(B) by substituting "40 percent" for "20 percent" in paragraph (2).

- (2) Applicable requirements.—For purposes of paragraph (1), the term "applicable requirements" means the requirements described in paragraph (1) which would be applicable consistent with the employer's treatment of the employee as not being an employee for purposes of chapter 24 or subchapter A of chapter
- (c) Section Not To Apply in Cases of Intentional Disregard.— This section shall not apply to the determination of the employer's liability for tax under chapter 24 or subchapter A of chapter 21 if such liability is due to the employer's intentional disregard of the requirement to deduct and withhold such tax.

(d) Special Rules.—For purposes of this section—

- (1) DETERMINATION OF LIABILITY.—If the amount of any liability for tax is determined under this section—
 - (A) the employee's liability for tax shall not be affected by the assessment or collection of the tax so determined,
 - (B) the employer shall not be entitled to recover from the employee any tax so determined, and
 - (C) section 3402(d) and section 6521 shall not apply.
- (2) SECTION NOT TO APPLY WHERE EMPLOYER DEDUCTS WAGE BUT NOT SOCIAL SECURITY TAXES.—This section shall not apply to any employer with respect to any wages if-

(A) the employer deducted and withheld any amount of the tax imposed by chapter 24 on such wages, but

- (B) failed to deduct and withhold the amount of the tax imposed by subchapter A of chapter 21 with respect to such wages.
- (3) SECTION NOT TO APPLY TO CERTAIN STATUTORY EMPLOYEES.— This section shall not apply to any tax under subchapter A of chapter 21 with respect to an individual described in subsection (d) (3) of section 3121 (without regard to whether such individual is described in paragraph (1) or (2) of such subsection).

SEC. 6103. CONFIDENTIALITY AND DISCLOSURE OF RE-TURNS AND RETURN INFORMATION.

- (a) GENERAL RULE.—Returns and return information shall be confidential, and except as authorized by this title—
 - (1) no officer or employee of the United States,

- (2) no officer or employee of any State or of any local child support enforcement agency who has or had access to returns or return information under this section, and
- (8) no other person (or officer or employee thereof) who has or had access to returns or return information under subsection (e) (1) (D) (iii), subsection (m) (4) (B), or subsection (n),

¹ Paragraph 3 was amended by section 701(bb)(4)(B) of Public Law 95-600.

shall disclose any return or return information obtained by him in any manner in connection with his service as such an officer or an employee or otherwise or under the provisions of this section. For purposes of this subsection, the term "officer or employee" includes a former officer or employee.

- (1) DISCLOSURE OF RETURNS AND RETURN INFORMATION FOR PURPOSES OTHER THAN TAX ADMINISTRATION.—
 - (1) DISCLOSURE OF CERTAIN RETURNS AND RETURN INFORMA-TION TO SOCIAL SECURITY ADMINISTRATION AND RAILROAD RETIRE-MENT BOARD.—The Secretary may, upon written request, disclose returns and return information with respect to—
 - (A) taxes imposed by chapters 2, 21, and 24, to the Social Security Administration for purposes of its administration of the Social Security Act;
 - (B) a plan to which part I of subchapter D of chapter 1 applies, to the Social Security Administration for purposes of carrying out its responsibility under section 1131 of the Social Security Act, limited, however to return information described in section 6057(d); and
 - (C) taxes imposed by chapter 22, to the Railroad Retirement Board for purposes of its administration of the Railroad Retirement Act.
 - (5) DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH, EDUCATION, AND WELFARE.—Upon written request by the Secretary of Health, Education, and Welfare, the Secretary may disclose information returns filed pursuant to part III of subchapter A of chapter 61 of this subtitle for the purpose of carrying out, in accordance with an agreement entered into pursuant to section 232 of the Social Security Act, an effective return processing program.
 - (6) DISCLOSURE OF RETURN INFORMATION TO FEDERAL, STATE, AND LOCAL CHILD SUPPORT ENFORCEMENT AGENCIES.—
 - (A) RETURN INFORMATION FROM INTERNAL REVENUE SERVICE.—The Secretary may, upon written request, disclose to the appropriate Federal, State, or local child support enforcement agency—
 - (i) available return information from the master files of the Internal Revenue Service relating to the address, filing status, amounts and nature of income, and the number of dependents reported on any return filed by, or with respect to, any individual with respect to whom child support obligations are sought

to be established or enforced pursuant to the provisions of part D of title IV of the Social Security Act and with respect to any individual to whom such support obligations are owing, and

- (ii) available return information reflected on any return filed by, or with respect to, any individual described in clause (i) relating to the amount of such individual's gross income (as defined in section 61) or consisting of the names and addresses of payors of such income and the names of any dependents reported on such return, but only if such return information is not reasonably available from any other source.
- (B) RESTRICTION ON DISCLOSURE.—The Secretary shall disclose return information under subparagraph (A) only for purposes of, and to the extent necessary in, establishing and collecting child support obligations from, and locating, individuals owing such obligations.
- (7) DISCLOSURE OF CERTAIN RETURN INFORMATION BY SOCIAL SECURITY ADMINISTRATION TO DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE AND TO STATE FOOD STAMP AGENCIES.—
 - (A) In General.—The Commissioner of Social Security may disclose return information from returns with respect to net earnings from self-employment (as defined in section 1402), wages (as defined in section 3121(a) or 3401(a)), and payments of retirement income which have been disclosed to the Social Security Administration as provided by paragraph (1) or (5) of this subsection—
 - (i) upon request, to officers and employees of the Department of Agriculture, and
 - (ii) upon written request, to officers and employees of a State food stamp agency.
 - (B) RESTRICTION ON DISCLOSURE.—The Commissioner of Social Security shall disclose return information under subparagraph (A) only for purposes of, and to the extent necessary in, determining an individual's eligibility for benefits, or the amounts of benefits, under the food stamp program established under the Food Stamp Act of 1977.
 - (C) STATE FOOD STAMP AGENCY.—For purposes of this paragraph, the term "State food stamp agency" means any agency described in section 3(n)(1) of the Food Stamp Act of 1977 which administers the food stamp program established under such Act.¹

¹ This par. (7) was added by sec. 127 of P.L. 96-249, a technical error in P.L. 96-249 incorrectly indicates that the paragraph was added to subsec. (i) rather than subsec. (l).

- (8) Disclosure of certain return information by social security administration to state and local child support enforcement agencies.—
 - (A) In GENERAL.—Upon written request, the Commissioner of Social Security shall disclose directly to officers and employees of a State or local child support enforcement agency return information from returns with respect to net earnings from self-employment (as defined in section 1402), wages (as defined in section 3121(a) or 3401(a)), and payments of retirement income which have been disclosed to the Social Security Administration as provided by paragraph (1) or (5) of this subsection.
 - (B) RESTRICTION ON DISCLOSURE.—The Commissioner of Social Security shall disclose return information under subparagraph (A) only for purposes of, and to the extent necessary in, establishing and collecting child support obligations from, and locating, individuals owing such obligations. For purposes of the preceding sentence, the term "child support obligations" only includes obligations which are being enforced pursuant to a plan described in section 454 of the Social Security Act which has been approved by the Secretary of Health and Human Services under part D of title IV of such Act.
 - (C) STATE OR LOCAL CHILD SUPPORT ENFORCEMENT AGENCY.—For purposes of this paragraph, the term "State or local child support enforcement agency" means any agency of a State or political subdivision thereof operating pursuant to a plan described in subparagraph (B).
- (p) Procedure and Recordkeeping.-
 - (3) RECORDS OF INSPECTION AND DISCLOSURE.
 - (A) System of recordkeeping. Except as otherwise provided by this paragraph, the Secretary shall maintain a permanent system of standardized records or accountings of all requests for inspection or disclosure of returns and return information (including the reasons for and dates of such requests) and of returns and return information inspected or disclosed under this section. Notwithstanding the provisions of section 552a(c) of title 5, United States Code, the Secretary shall not be required to maintain a record or accounting of requests for inspection or disclosure of returns and return information, or of returns and return information inspected or disclosed, under the authority of subsections (c), (e),

¹Par. (8) was added by sec. 408 of P.L. 96-265 as amended by sec. 11(a)(2) of P.L. 96-611.

- (h) (1), (3) (A), or (4), (i) (4) or (7) (A) (ii), (k) (1), (2), or (6), (1) (1), (4) (B), (5), (7), or (8), (m), or (n). The records or accountings required to be maintained under this paragraph shall be available for examination by the Joint Committee on Taxation or the Chief of Staff of such joint committee. Such record or accounting shall also be available for examination by such person or persons as may be, but only to the extent, authorized to make such examination under section 552a(c) (3) of title 5, United States Code.
- (4) SAFEGUARDS.—Any Federal agency described in subsection (h)(2), (i)(1), (2), (3), or (5), (j)(1) or (2), (l)(1), (2), or (5), or (o)(1), the General Accounting Office, or any agency, body, or commission described in subsection (d), (i)(3)(B)(i), or (1), (3), (6), (7), or (8) shall, as a condition for receiving returns or return information—
 - (A) establish and maintain, to the satisfaction of the Secretary, a permanent system of standardized records with respect to any request, the reason for such request, and the date of such request made by or of it and any disclosure of return or return information made by or to it;
 - (B) establish and maintain, to the satisfaction of the Secretary, a secure area or place in which such returns or return information shall be stored;
 - (C) restrict, to the satisfaction of the Secretary, access to the returns or return information only to persons whose duties or responsibilities require access and to whom disclosure may be made under the provisions of this title:
 - (D) provide such other safeguards which the Secretary determines (and which he prescribes in regulations) to be necessary or appropriate to protect the confidentiality of the returns or return information:
 - (E) furnish a report to the Secretary, at such time and containing such information as the Secretary may prescribe, which describes the procedures established and utilized by such agency, body, or commission or the General Accounting Office for ensuring the confidentiality of returns and return information required by this paragraph; and

¹ Par. (3) was amended by sec. 127 of P.L. 96-249, by sec. 408 of P.L. 96-265 as amended by sec. 11(a)(2)(B)(i) of P.L. 96-611, and by sec. 356(b)(1)(A) of P.L. 97-248.

- (F) upon completion of use of such returns or return information—
 - (i) in the case of an agency, body, or commission described in subsection (d), (i)(3)(B)(i), or (l) (6), (7), or (8), return to the Secretary such returns or return information (along with any copies made therefrom) or make such returns or return information undisclosable in any manner and furnish a written report to the Secretary describing such manner; and

(ii) in the case of an agency described in subsections (h)(2), (i)(1), (2), (3), or (5), (j)(1) or (2), (l)(1), (2), or (5), or (o)(1), the commission described in subsection (l)(3), or the General Accounting Office, either—

(I) return to the Secretary such returns or return information (along with any copies made therefrom),

(II) otherwise make such returns or return information undisclosable, or

(III) to the extent not so returned or made undisclosable, ensure that the conditions of subparagraphs (A), (B), (C), (D), and (E) of this paragraph continue to be met with respect to such returns or return information.

except that the conditions of subparagraphs (A), (B), (C), (D), and (E) shall cease to apply with respect to any return or return information if, and to the extent that, such return or return information is disclosed in the course of any judicial or administrative proceeding and made a part of the public record thereof. If the Secretary determines that any such agency, body, or commission or the General Accounting Office has failed to, or does not, meet the requirements of this paragraph, he may, after any proceedings for review established under paragraph (7), take such actions as are necessary to ensure such requirements are met, including refusing to disclose returns or return information to such agency, body, or commission or the General Accounting Office until he determines that such requirements have been or will be met.

¹ Par. (4) was amended by sec. 127 of P.L. 96-249, by sec. 408 of P.L. 96-265 as amended by sec. 11(a)(2)(B) of P.L. 96-611, and by sec. 356(b)(1) of P.L. 97-248.

SEC. 6109. IDENTIFYING NUMBERS.

(a) Supplying of Identifying Number.—When required by regulations prescribed by the Secretary:

(1) INCLUSION IN RETURNS.—Any person required under the authority of this title to make a return, statement, or other document shall include in such return, statement, or other document such identifying number as may be prescribed for securing proper identification of such person.

(2) FURNISHING NUMBER TO OTHER PERSONS.—Any person with respect to whom a return, statement, or other document is required under the authority of this title to be made by another person shall furnish to such other person such identifying number as may be prescribed for securing his proper identification.

- (3) FURNISHING NUMBER OF ANOTHER PERSON.—Any person required under the authority of this title to make a return, statement, or other document with respect to another person shall request from such other person, and shall include in any such return, statement, or other document, such identifying number as may be prescribed for securing proper identification of such other person.
- (4) FURNISHING IDENTIFYING NUMBER OF INCOME TAX REPURN PREPARER.—Any return or claim for refund prepared by an income tax return preparer shall bear such identifying number for securing proper identification of such preparer, his employer, or both, as may be prescribed. For purposes of this paragraph, the terms "return" and "claim for refund" have the respective meanings given to such terms by section 6696(e).

For purposes of this subsection, the identifying number of an individual (or his estate) shall be such individual's social security account number.

(b) LIMITATION.—

(1) Except as provided in paragraph (2), a return of any person with respect to his liability for tax, or any statement or other document in support thereof, shall not be considered for purposes of paragraphs (2) and (3) of subsection (a) as a return, statement, or other document with respect to another person.

(2) For purposes of paragraphs (2) and (3) of subsection (a), a return of an estate or trust with respect to its liability for tax, and any statement or other document in support thereof, shall be considered as a return, statement, or other document with respect to each beneficiary of such estate or trust.

(c) REQUIREMENT OF INFORMATION.—For purposes of this section, the Secretary is authorized to require such information as may be necessary to assign an identifying number to any person.

(d) Use of Social Security Account Number.—The social security account number issued to an individual for purposes of section 205(c)(2)(A) of the Social Security Act shall, except as shall otherwise be specified under regulations of the Secretary, be used as the identifying number for such individual for purposes of this title.

SEC. 6157. PAYMENT OF FEDERAL UNEMPLOYMENT TAX ON QUARTERLY OR OTHER TIME PERIOD BASIS.

- (a) GENERAL RULE.—Every person who for the calendar year is an employer (as defined in section 3306(a)) shall—
 - (1) if the person is such an employer for the preceding calendar year (determined by only taking into account wages paid and employment during such preceding calendar year), compute the tax imposed by section 3301 for each of the first 3 calendar quarters in the calendar year on wages paid for services with respect to which the person is such an employer for such preceding calendar year (as so determined), and
 - (2) If the person is not such an employer for the preceding calendar year with respect to any services (as so determined), compute the tax imposed by section 3301 on wages paid for services with respect to which the person is not such an employer for the preceding calendar year (as so determined)—
 - (A) For the period beginning with the first day of the calendar year and ending with the last day of the calendar quarter (excluding the last calendar quarter) in which such person becomes such an employer with respect to such services, and
 - (B) for the third calendar quarter of such year, if the period specified in subparagraph (A) includes only the first two calendar quarters of the calendar year.

The tax for any calendar quarter or other period shall be computed as provided in subsection (b) and the tax as so computed shall, except as otherwise provided in subsection (c), be paid in such manner and at such time as may be provided in regulations prescribed by the Secretary.

(b) Computation of Tax.—The tax for any calendar quarter or other period referred to in paragraph (1) or (2) of subsection (a) shall be computed by multiplying the amount of wages (as defined in section 3306(b)) paid in such calendar quarter or other period by 0.5 percent. In the case of wages paid in any calendar quarter or other period during 1973, the amount of such wages shall be multiplied by 0.58 percent in lieu of 0.5 percent. In the case of wages paid in any calendar quarter

or other period during a calendar year to which paragraph (1) of section 3301 applies, the amount of such wages shall be multiplied by 0.8 percent in lieu of 0.5 percent.¹

(c) Special Rule Where Accumulated Amount Does Not Exceed \$100.—Nothing in this section shall require the payment of tax with respect to any calendar quarter or other period if the tax under section 3301 for such period, plus any unpaid amounts for prior periods in the calendar year, does not exceed \$100.

SEC. 6305. COLLECTION OF CERTAIN LIABILITY.

- (a) In General.—Upon receiving a certification from the Secretary of Health, Education, and Welfare, under section 452(b) of the Social Security Act with respect to any individual, the Secretary shall assess and collect the amount certified by the Secretary of Health, Education, and Welfare, in the same manner, with the same powers, and (except as provided in this section) subject to the same limitations as if such amount were a tax imposed by subtitle C the collection of which would be jeopardized by delay, except that—
 - (1) no interest or penalties shall be assessed or collected,
 - (2) for such purposes, paragraphs (4), (6), and (8) of section 6334(a) (relating to property exempt from levy) shall not apply,
 - (3) there shall be exempt from levy so much of the salary, wages, or other income of an individual as is being withheld therefrom in garnishment pursuant to a judgment entered by a court of competent jurisdiction for the support of his minor children, and
 - (4) in the case of the first assessment against an individual for delinquency under a court or administrative order against such individual for a particular person or persons, the collection shall be stayed for a period of 60 days immediately following notice and demand as described in section 6303.²
- (b) Review of Assessments and Collections.—No court of the United States, whether established under article I or article III of the Constitution, shall have jurisdiction of any action, whether legal or equitable, brought to restrain or review the assessment and collection of amounts by the Secretary or his delegate under subsection (a), nor shall any such assessment and collection be subject to review by the Secretary in any proceeding. This subsection does not preclude any legal, equitable, or administrative action against the State by an individual in any State court or before any State agency to determine his

¹ Subsec. (b) was amended by sec. 271(b) (2) (C) of P.L. 97-248. Effective for remuneration paid after Dec. 31, 1984, subsec. (b) is further amended by sec. 271(c) (3) (C) of P.L. 97-248 so that the percentage 0.5 percent which appears 3 times therein will instead be 0.6 percent.

²Sec. 6305(a) (4) was amended by sec. 2332 of P.L. 97-35.

liability for any amount assessed against him and collected, or to recover any such amount collected from him, under this section.

SOUTH STATES

SEC. 6402. AUTHORITY TO MAKE CREDITS OR REFUNDS.1

- (a) GENERAL RULE.—In the case of any overpayment, the Secretary, within the applicable period of limitations, may credit the amount of such overpayment, including any interest allowed thereon, against any liability in respect of an internal revenue tax on the part of the person who made the overpayment and shall, subject to subsection (c), refund any balance to such person.
- (b) CREDITS AGAINST ESTIMATED TAX.—The Secretary is authorized to prescribe regulations providing for the crediting against the estimated income tax for any taxable year of the amount determined by the taxpayer or the Secretary to be an overpayment of the income tax for a preceding taxable year.
- (c) Offset of Past-Due Support Against Overpayments.—The amount of any overpayment to be refunded to the person making the overpayment shall be reduced by the amount of any past-due support (as defined in section 464(c) of the Social Security Act) owed by that person of which the Secretary has been notified by a State in accordance with section 464 of the Social Security Act. The Secretary shall remit the amount by which the overpayment is so reduced to the State to which such support has been assigned and notify the person making the overpayment that so much of the overpayment as was necessary to satisfy his obligation for past-due support has been paid to the State. This subsection shall be applied to an overpayment prior to its being credited to a person's future liability for an internal revenue tax.

SEC. 7213. UNAUTHORIZED DISCLOSURE OF INFORMATION.

(a) RETURNS AND RETURN INFORMATION,-

(1) FEDERAL EMPLOYEES AND OTHER PERSONS.—It shall be unlawful for any officer or employee of the United States or any person described in section 6103(n) (or an officer or employee of any such person), or any former officer or employee, willfully to disclose to any person, except as authorized in this title, any return or return information (as defined in section 6103(b)). Any violation of this paragraph shall be a felony punishable upon conviction by a fine in any amount not exceeding \$5,000, or imprisonment of not more than 5 years, or both, together with the costs of prosecution, and if such offense is committed by any officer or employee of the United States, he shall, in addition to any other punishment, be dismissed from office or discharged from employment upon conviction of such offense.

¹ Sec. 6402 was amended by sec. 2331 of P.L. 97-35.

- (2) STATE AND OTHER EMPLOYEES.—It shall be unlawful for any person (not described in paragraph (1)) willfully to disclose to any person, except as authorized in this title, any return or return information (as defined in section 6103(b)) acquired by him or another person under subsection (d), (i)(3)(B)(i), (l)(6), (7), or (8), or (m)(4) of section 6103. Any violation of this paragraph shall be a felony punishable by a fine in any amount not exceeding \$5,000, or imprisonment of not more than 5 years, or both, together with the costs of prosecution.¹
- (3) OTHER PERSONS.—It shall be unlawful for any person to whom any return or return information (as defined in section 6103 (b)) is disclosed in a manner unauthorized by this title thereafter willfully to print or publish in any manner not provided by law any such return or return information. Any violation of this paragraph shall be a felony punishable by a fine in any amount not exceeding \$5,000, or imprisonment of not more than 5 years, or both, together with the costs of prosecution.
- (4) Solicitation.—It shall be unlawful for any person willfully to offer any item of material value in exchange for any return or return information (as defined in section 6103(b)) and to receive as a result of such solicitation any such return or return information. Any violation of this paragraph shall be a felony punishable by a fine in any amount not exceeding \$5,000, or imprisonment of not more than 5 years, or both, together with the costs of prosecution.
- (5) SHAREHOLDERS.—It shall be unlawful for any person to whom a return or return information (as defined in section 6103 (b)) is disclosed pursuant to the provisions of section 6103 (e) (1) (D) (iii) willfully to disclose such return or return information in any manner not provided by law. Any violation of this paragraph shall be a felony punishable by a fine in any amount not to exceed \$5,000, or imprisonment of not more than 5 years, or both, together with the costs of prosecution.
- (b) DISCLOSURE OF OPERATIONS OF MANUFACTURER OR PRODUCER.—Any officer or employee of the United States who divulges or makes known in any manner whatever not provided by law to any person the operations, style of work, or apparatus of any manufacturer or producer visited by him in the discharge of his official duties shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and, upon conviction thereof, shall be fined not more than \$1,000, or imprisoned not more than 1 year, or both, together with the costs of prosecution; and the offender shall be dismissed from office or discharged from employment.

¹Par. (2) was amended by sec. 127 of P.L. 92-249, sec. 4v8 of P.L. 96-265, sec. 802 of P.L. 96-499, sec. 11 of P.L. 96-011 and sec. 356(b)(2) of P.L. 97-248.

- (c) Disclosures by Certain Delegates of Secretary.—All provisions of law relating to the disclosure of information, and all provisions of law relating to penalties for unauthorized disclosure of information, which are applicable in respect of any function under this title when performed by an officer or employee of the Treasury Department are likewise applicable in respect of such function when performed by any person who is a "delegate" within the meaning of section 7701(a) (12) (B).
 - (d) Cross References.—
 - (1) Penalties for disclosure of information by preparers of returns.—For penalty for disclosure or use of information by preparers of returns, see section 7216.
 - (2) Penalties for disclosure of confidential information.— For penalties for disclosure of confidential information by any officer or employee of the United States or any department or agency thereof, see 18 U.S.C. 1905.

(Page 703 follows:)

Excerpt From the Consumer Credit Protection Act, as Amended (P.L. 90-321)

TITLE III—RESTRICTION ON GARNISHMENT

801. Findings and purpose. 802. Definitions. 303. Restriction on garnishment.

304. Restriction on discharge from employment by reason of garnishment.

305. Exemption for State-regulated garnishments.

306. Enforcement by Secretary of Labor.

307. Effect on State laws.

§ 301. Findings and purpose

(a) The Congress finds:

- (1) The unrestricted garnishment of compensation due for personal services encourages the making of predatory extensions of credit. Such extensions of credit divert money into excessive credit payments and thereby hinder the production and flow of goods in interstate commerce.
- (2) The application of garnishment as a creditors' remedy frequently results in loss of employment by the debtor, and the resulting disruption of employment, production, and consumption constitutes a substantial burden on interstate commerce.
- (3) The great disparities among the laws of the several States relating to garnishment have, in effect, destroyed the uniformity of the bankruptcy laws and frustrated the purposes thereof in many areas of the country.
- (b) On the basis of the findings stated in subsection (a) of this section, the Congress determines that the provisions of this title are necessary and proper for the purpose of carrying into execution the powers of the Congress to regulate commerce and to establish uniform bankruptcy laws.

§ 302. Definitions

For the purposes of this title:

(a) The term "earnings" means compensation paid or payable for personal services, whether denominated as wages, salary, commission, bonus, or otherwise, and includes periodic payments pursuant to a pension or retirement program.

- (b) The term "disposable earnings" means that part of the earnings of any individual remaining after the deduction from those earnings of any amounts required by law to be withheld.
- (c) The term "garnishment" means any legal or equitable procedure through which the earnings of any individual are required to be withheld for payment of any debt.

§ 303. Restriction on garnishment

- (a) Except as provided in subsection (b) and in section 305, the maximum part of the aggregate disposable earnings of an individual for any workweek which is subjected to garnishment may not exceed
 - (1) 25 per centum of his disposable earnings for that week, or
 - (2) the amount by which his disposable earnings for that weck exceed thirty times the Federal minimum hourly wage prescribed by section 6(a)(1) of the Fair Labor Standards Act of 1938 in effect at the time the earnings are payable.

whichever is less. In the case of earnings for any pay period other than a week, the Secretary of Labor shall by regulation prescribe a multiple of the Federal minimum hourly wage equivalent in effect to that set forth in paragraph (2).

- (b) (1) The restrictions of subsection (a) do not apply in the case of—
 - (A) any order for the support of any person issued by a court of competent jurisdiction or in accordance with an administrative procedure, which is established by State law, which affords substantial due process, and which is subject to judicial review.
 - (B) any order of any court of bankruptcy under chapter XIII of the Bankruptcy Act.
 - (C) any debt due for any State or Federal tax.
- (2) The maximum part of the aggregate disposable earnings of an individual for any workweek which is subject to garnishment to enforce any order for the support of any person shall not exceed—
 - (A) where such individual is supporting his spouse or dependent child (other than a spouse or child with respect to whose support such order is used), 50 per centum of such individual's disposable earnings for that week; and

(B) where such individual is not supporting such a spouse or dependent child described in clause (A), 60 per centum of such individual's disposable earnings for that week;

except that, with respect to the disposable earnings of any individual for any workweek, the 50 per centum specified in clause (A) shall be deemed to be 55 per centum and the 6) per centum specified in clause (B) shall be deemed to be 65 per centum, if and to the extent that such earnings are subject to garnishment to enforce a support order with respect to a period which is prior to the twelve-week period which ends with the beginning of such workweek.

(c) No court of the United States or any State, and no State (or officer or agency thereof), may make, execute, or enforce any order or process in violation of this section.¹

§ 304. Restriction on discharge from employment by reason of garnishment

- (a) No employer may discharge any employee by reason of the fact that his earnings have been subjected to garnishment for any one indebtedness.
- (b) Whoever willfully violates subsection (a) of this section shall be fined not more than \$1,000, or imprisoned not more than one year, or both.

§ 305. Exemption for State-regulated garnishments

The Secretary of Labor may by regulation exempt from the provisions of section 303(a) and (b) (2) garnishments issued under the laws of any State if he determines that the laws of that State provide restrictions on garnishment which are substantially similar to those provided in section 303(a) and (b) (2).

§ 306. Enforcement by Secretary of Labor

The Secretary of Labor, acting through the Wage and Hour Division of the Department of Labor, shall enforce the provisions of this title.

§ 307. Effect on State laws

This title does not annul, alter, or affect, or exempt any person from complying with, the laws of any State

- (1) prohibiting garnishments or providing for more limited garnishments than are allowed under this title, or
- (2) prohibiting the discharge of any employee by reason of the fact that his earnings have been subjected to garnishment for more than one indebtedness.

¹ Sections 303 and 305 were amended by sec. 501(e) of P.L. 95-30.

Excerpts From the Food Stamp Act of 1977, as Enacted by Section 1301 of the Food and Agriculture Act of 1977 (Public Law 95-113)

Sec. 6. (a) * * *

(g) No individual who receives supplemental security income benefits under title XVI of the Social Security Act, State supplementary payments described in section 1616 of such Act, or payments of the type referred to in section 212(a) of Public Law 93-66, as amended, shall be considered to be a member of a household for any month, if, for such month, such individual resides in a State which provides State supplementary payments (1) of the type described in section 1616(a) of the Social Security Act and section 212(a) of Public Law 93-66, and (2) the level of which has been found by the Secretary of Health, Education, and Welfare to have been specifically increased so as to include the bonus value of food stamps.

Sec. 11. (a) * * *

(j) The Secretary, in conjunction with the Secretary of Health, Education, and Welfare, is authorized to prescribe regulations permitting applicants for and recipients of social security benefits to apply for food stamps at social security offices and be certified for food stamp eligibility in such offices in order that the application and certification for food stamp assistance may be accomplished as efficiently and conveniently as possible.

Sec. 16. (a) * * *

(f) The Secretary and State agencies may (1) require, as a condition of eligibility for participation in the food stamp program, that each household member furnish to the State agency their social

security account number (or numbers, if they have more than one number), and (2) use such account numbers in the administration of the food stamp program. The Secretary and State agencies shall have access to the information regarding individual food stamp program applicants and participants who receive benefits under title XVI of the Social Security Act that has been provided to the Secretary of Health, Education, and Welfare, but only to the extent that the Secretary and the Secretary of Health, Education, and Welfare determine necessary for purposes of determining or auditing a household's eligibility to receive assistance or the amount thereof under the food stamp program, or verifying information related thereto.¹

[Note: The next page of this document is page 711]

¹ Sec. 16(f) was added by sec. 5 of P.L. 96-58.

Federal-State Extended Unemployment Compensation Act, As Amended

Excerpt From Public Law 91-373, August 10, 1970

Title II—Federal-State Extended Unemployment Compensation Program

Short Title

Sec. 201. This title may be cited as the "Federal-State Extended Unemployment Compensation Act of 1970".

Payment of Extended Compensation

State Law Requirements

Sec. 202. (a) (1) For purposes of section 3304(a) (11) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954, a State law shall provide that payment of extended compensation shall be made, for any week of unemployment which begins in the individual's eligibility period, to individuals who have exhausted all rights to regular compensation under the State law and who have no rights to regular compensation with respect to such week under such law or any other State unemployment compensation law or to compensation under any other Federal law and are not receiving compensation with respect to such week under the unemployment compensation law of Canada. For purposes of the preceding sentence, an individual shall have exhausted his rights to regular compensation under a State law (A) when no payments of regular compensation can be made under such law because such individual has received all regular compensation available to him based on employment or wages during his base period, or (B) when his rights to such compensation have terminated by reason of the expiration of the benefit year with respect to which such rights existed.1

(2) Except where inconsistent with the provisions of this title, the terms and conditions of the State law which apply to claims for regular compensation and to the payment thereof shall apply to claims for extended compensation and to the payment thereof.

¹ Paragraph (1) was amended by section 116(d) (1) of P.L. 94-564.

Extend. Unemp. Comp. Act 711-A Revised December 1980

- (3) (A) Notwithstanding the provisions of paragraph (2), payment of extended compensation under this Act shall not be made to any individual for any week of unemployment in his eligibility period—
 - (i) during which he fails to accept any offer of suitable work (as defined in subparagraph (c)) or fails to apply for any suitable work to which he was referred by the State agency; or
 - (ii) during which he fails to actively engage in seeking work.
- (B) If any individual is ineligible for extended compensation for any week by reason of a failure described in clause (i) or (ii) of subparagraph (A), the individual shall be ineligible to receive extended compensation for any week which begins during a period which—
 - (i) begins with the week following the week in which such failure occurs, and
 - (ii) does not end until such individual has been employed during at least 4 weeks which begin after such failure and the total of the remuneration earned by the individual for being so employed is not less than the product of 4 multiplied by the individual's average weekly benefit amount (as determined for purposes of subsection (b) (1) (c)) for his benefit year.
- (C) For purposes of this paragraph, the term "suitable work" means, with respect to any individual, any work which is within such individual's capabilities; except that, if the individual furnishes evidence satisfactory to the State agency that such individual's prospects for obtaining work in his customary occupation within a reasonably short period are good, the determination of whether any work is suitable work with respect to such individual shall be made in accordance with the applicable State law.
- (D) Extended compensation shall not be denied under clause (i) of subparagraph (A) to any individual for any week by reason of a failure to accept an offer of, or apply for, suitable work—
 - (i) if the gross average weekly remuneration payable to such individual for the position does not exceed the sum of—
 - (I) the individual's average weekly benefit amount (as determined for purposes of subsection (b)(1)(C)) for his benefit year, plus
 - (II) the amount (if any) of supplemental unemployment compensation benefits (as defined in section 501(c)(17)(D) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954) payable to such individual for such week;
- (ii) if the position was not offered to such individual in writing and was not listed with the State employment service;
- (iii) if such failure would not result in a denial of compensation under the provisions of the applicable State law to the extent that such provisions are not inconsistent with the provisions of subparagraphs (C) and (E); or

- (iv) if the position pays wages less than the higher of—
 - (I) the minimum wage provided by section 6(a)(1) of the Fair Labor Standards Act of 1938, without regard to any exemption; or
 - (II) any applicable State or local minimum wage.
- (E) For purposes of this paragraph, an individual shall be treated as actively engaged in seeking work during any week if—
 - (i) the individual has engaged in a systematic and sustained effort to obtain work during such week, and
 - (ii) the individual provides tangible evidence to the State agency that he has engaged in such an effort during such week.
- (F) For purposes of section 3304(a) (11) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954, a State law shall provide for referring applicants for benefits under this Act to any suitable work to which clauses (i), (ii), (iii), and (iv) of subparagraph (D) would not apply.¹
- (4) No provision of State law which terminates a disqualification for voluntarily leaving employment, being discharged for misconduct, or refusing suitable employment shall apply for purposes of determining eligibility for extended compensation unless such termination is based upon employment subsequent to the date of such disqualification.¹
- (5) Notwithstanding the provisions of paragraph (2), an individual shall not be eligible for extended compensation unless, in the base period with respect to which the individual exhausted all rights to regular compensation under the State law, the individual had 20 weeks of full-time insured employment, or the equivalent in insured wages. For purposes of this paragraph, the equivalent in insured wages shall be earnings covered by the State law for compensation purposes which exceed 40 times the individual's most recent weekly benefit amount or 1½ times the individual's insured wages in that calendar quarter of the base period in which the individual's insured wages were the highest (or one such quarter if his wages were the same for more than one such quarter). The State shall by law provide which one of the foregoing methods of measuring employment and earnings shall be used in that State.²
- (6) No payment shall be made under this Act to any State in respect of any extended compensation or sharable regular compensation paid to any individual for any week if, under the rules of paragraphs (3), (4), and (5), extended compensation would not have been payable to such individual for such week.

¹ Pars. (3), (4), and (5) (subsequently redesignated (6) and amended by sec. 2404 of P.L. 97-35), were added with respect to weeks of unemployment beginning after Mar. 31, 1981 by sec. 1024 of P.L. 96-499.

⁸ Par. (5) was added by sec. 2404 of P.L. 97-35, effective for weeks beginning after Sept. 25, 1982.

Individuals' Compensation Accounts

- (b) (1) The State law shall provide that the State will establish, for each eligible individual who files an application therefor, an extended compensation account with respect to such individual's benefit year. The amount established in such account shall be not less than whichever of the following is the least:
 - (A) 50 per centum of the total amount of regular compensation (including dependents' allowances) payable to him during such benefit year under such law.

(B) thirteen times his average weekly benefit amount, or

(C) thirty-nine times his average weekly benefit amount, reduced by the regular compensation paid (or deemed paid) to him during such benefit year under such law;

except that the amount so determined shall (if the State law so provides) be reduced by the aggregate amount of additional compensation paid (or deemed paid) to him under such law for prior weeks of unemployment in such benefit year which did not begin in an extended benefit period.

(2) For purposes of paragraph (1), an individual's weekly benefit amount for a week is the amount of regular compensation (including dependents' allowances) under the State law payable to such individual for such week for total unemployment.

Cessation of Extended Benefits When Paid Under an Interstate Claim in a State Where Extended Benefit Period Is Not in Effect

- (c) (1) Except as provided in paragraph (2), payment of extended compensation shall not be made to any individual for any week if—
 - (A) extended compensation would (but for this subsection) have been payable for such week pursuant to an interstate claim filed in any State under the interstate benefit payment plan, and
 - (B) an extended benefit period is not in effect for such week in such State.
- (2) Paragraph (1) shall not apply with respect to the first 2 weeks for which extended compensation is payable (determined without regard to this subsection) pursuant to an interstate claim filed under the interstate benefit payment plan to the individual from the extended compensation account established for the benefit year.
 - (3) Section 3304(a) (9) (A) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954

shall not apply to any denial of compensation required under this subsection. 1

Extended Benefit Period

Beginning and Ending

Sec. 203. (a) For purposes of this title, in the case of any State, an extended benefit period—

(1) shall begin with the third week after the first week for which there is a State "on" indicator; and

(2) shall end with the third week after the first week for which there is a State "off" indicator. 2

Special Rules 3

(b) (1) In the case of any State—

(A) no extended benefit period shall last for a period of less than thirteen consecutive weeks, and

¹ Subsec. (c) was added by sec. 416 of P.L. 96-364 which also provides:

[&]quot;(b) EFFECTIVE DATE.—
"(1) IN GENERAL.—The amendment made by subsection (a) shall apply to weeks of unemployment beginning after October 1, 1980; except that such amendment shall not be a requirement of any State law under section 3304(a)(11) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954 for any week which begins before June 1, 1981.
"(2) SPECIAL RULE FOR CERTAIN STATES.—In the case of any State the legislature of which

does not meet in a regular session which begins during calendar year 1981 and before April 1, 1981, paragraph (1) shall be applied by substituting June 1, 1982 for June 1, 1981."

³ Pars. (1) and (2) were amended in their entirety by sec. 2401 of P.L. 97-35.

² Subsec. (b) was amended by sec. 2401 of P.L. 97-35.

- (B) no extended benefit period may begin before the fourteenth week after the close of a prior extended benefit period with respect to such State.
- (2) When a determination has been made that an extended benefit period is beginning or ending with respect to a State, the Secretary shall cause notice of such determination to be published in the Federal Register.

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Eligibility Period

(c) For purposes of this title, an individual's eligibility period under the State law shall consist of the weeks in his benefit year which begin in an extended benefit period and, if his benefit year ends within such extended benefit period, any weeks thereafter which begin in such extended benefit period.

State "On" and "Off" Indicators 1

(d) For purposes of this section—

(1) There is a State "on" indicator for a week if the rate of insured unemployment under the State law for the period consisting of such week and the immediately preceding twelve weeks—

¹ Subsec. (d) was redesignated by sec. 2401 and amended effective for weeks after Sept. 25, 1982, by sec. 2403 of P.L. 97-35.

- (A) equaled or exceeded 120 per centum of the average of such rates for the corresponding thirteen-week period ending in each of the preceding two calendar years, and
 - (B) equaled or exceeded 5 per centum.

(2) There is a State "off" indicator for a week if, for the period consisting of such week and the immediately preceding twelve weeks, either subparagraph (A) or subparagraph (B) of paragraph (1) is not satisfied.

Effective with respect to compensation for weeks of unemployment beginning after March 30, 1977 (or, if later, the date established pursuant to State law) the State may by law provide that the determination of whether there has been a State "on" or "off" indicator beginning or ending any extended benefit period shall be made under this subsection as if (i) paragraph (1) did not contain subparagraph (A) thereof, and (ii) the figure "5" contained in subparagraph (B) thereof were "6"; except that, notwithstanding any such provision of State law, any week for which there would otherwise be a State "on" indicator shall continue to be such a week and shall not be determined to be a week for which there is a State "off" indicator. For purposes of this subsection, the rate of insured unemployment for any thirteen-week period shall be determined by reference to the average monthly covered employment under the State law for the first four of the most recent six calendar quarters ending before the close of such period.1

Rate of Insured Unemployment; Covered Employment²

- (e) (1) For purposes of subsection (d), the term "rate of insured unemployment" means the percentage arrived at by dividing—
 - (A) the average weekly number of individuals filing claims for regular compensation for weeks of unemployment with respect to the specified period, as determined on the basis of the reports made by the State agency to the Secretary, by
 - (B) the average monthly covered employment for the specified period.
- (2) Determinations under subsection (d) shall be made by the State agency in accordance with regulations prescribed by the Secretary.

¹ Par. (2) was amended by P.L. 94-45, and by P.L. 94-566.

Subsec. (e) was redesignated and amended by secs. 2401, and 2402 of P.L. 97-35.

Payments to States

Amount Payable

Sec. 204. (a) (1) There shall be paid to each State an amount equal to one-half of the sum of—

- (A) the sharable extended compensation, and
- (B) the sharable regular compensation, paid to individuals under the State law.
- (2) No payment shall be made to any State under this subsection in respect to compensation (A) for which the State is entitled to reimbursement under the provisions of any Federal law other than this Act. (B) paid for the first week in an individual's eligibility period for which extended compensation or sharable regular compensation is paid, if the State law of such State provides for payment (at any time or under any circumstances) of regular compensation to an individual for his first week of otherwise compensable unemployment, (C) paid for any week with respect to which such benefits are not payable by reason of section 233(d) of the Trade Act of 1974, or (D) paid to an individual with respect to a week of unemployment to the extent that such amount exceeds the amount of such compensation which would be paid to such individual if such State had a benefit structure which provided that the amount of compensation otherwise payable to any individual for any week shall be rounded (if not a full dollar amount) to the nearest lower full dollar amount.1
- (8) The amount which, but for this paragraph, would be payable under this subsection to any State in respect of any compensation paid to an individual whose base period wages include wages for services to which section 3306(c)(7) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954 applies shall be reduced by an amount which bears the same ratio to the amount which, but for this paragraph, would be payable under this subsection to such State in respect of such compensation as the amount of the base period wages attributable to such services bears to the total amount of the base period wages.²

This paragraph was added by sec. 212 of P.L. 94-566, effective for compensation for weeks of unemployment beginning after Dec. 31, 1978, Subsequently redesignated by sec. 2401 of P.L. 97-35.

¹ Par. (2) was amended by sec. 1022(a) of P.L. 96-499, sec. 2505 of P.L. 97-35 and, effective Oct. 1, 1988, by sec. 191(a) of P.L. 97-248. Sec. 191(b) (2) of P.L. 97-248 provides as follows:

⁽²⁾ In the case of a State with respect to which the Secretary of Labor has determined that State legislation is required in order to provide for rounding down of unemployment compensation amounts, the amendment made by this section shall apply in the case of compensation paid to individuals during eligibility periods which begin on or after October 1, 1983, and after the end of the first session of the State legislature which begins after the date of the enactment of this Act, or which began prior to the date of the enactment of this Act and remained in session for at least twenty-five calendar days after such date of enactment. For purposes of the preceding sentence, the term "session" means a regular, special, budget, or other session of a State legislature.

Extend. Unemp. Comp. Act 716

Shareable Extended Compensation

(b) For purposes of subsection (a) (1) (A), extended r mpensation paid to an individual for weeks of unemployment in such individual's eligibility period is sharable extended compensation to the extent that the aggregate extended compensation paid to such individual with respect to any benefit year does not exceed the smallest of the amounts referred to in subparagraphs (A), (B), and (C) of section 202(b) (1).

Shareable Regular Compensation

(c) For purposes of subsection (a) (1) (B), regular compensation paid to an individual for a week of unemployment is sharable regular compensation—

(1) if such week is in such individual's eligibility period (deter-

mined under section 208(c)), and

(2) to the extent that the sum of such compensation, plus the regular compensation paid (or deemed paid) to him with respect to prior weeks of unemployment in the benefit year, exceeds twenty-six times (and does not exceed thirty-nine times) the average weekly benefit amount (including allowances for dependents) for weeks of total unemployment payable to such individual under the State law in such benefit year.

Payment on Calendar Month Basis

(d) There shall be paid to each State either in advance or by way of reimbursement, as may be determined by the Secretary, such sum as the Secretary estimates the State will be entitled to receive under this title for each calendar month, reduced or increased, as the case may be, by any sum by which the Secretary finds that his estimates for any prior calendar month were greater or less than the amounts which should have been paid to the State. Such estimates may be made upon the basis of such statistical, sampling, or other method as may be agreed upon by the Secretary and the State agency.

Certification

(e) The Secretary shall from time to time certify to the Secretary of the Treasury for payment to each State the sums payable to such State under this section. The Secretary of the Treasury, prior to audit or settlement by the General Accounting Office, shall make payment to the State in accordance with such certification, by transfers from the extended unemployment compensation account to the account of such State in the Unemployment Trust Fund.

Definitions

Sec. 205. For purposes of this title-

(1) The term "compensation" means cash benefits payable to individuals with respect to their unemployment.

(2) The term "regular compensation" means compensation payable to an individual under any State unemployment compensation law (including compensation payable pursuant to 5 U.S.C. chapter 85), other than extended compensation and additional compensation.

(3) The term "extended compensation" means compensation (including additional compensation and compensation payable pursuant to 5 U.S.C. chapter 85) payable for weeks of unemployment beginning in an extended benefit period to an individual under those provisions of the State law which satisfy the requirements of this title with respect to the payment of extended compensation.

(4) The term "additional compensation" means compensation payable to exhaustees by reason of conditions of high unemployment or by reason of other special factors.

(5) The term "benefit year" means the benefit year as defined in the applicable State law.

(6) The term "base period" means the base period as determined under applicable State law for the benefit year.

(7) The term "Secretary" means the Secretary of Labor of the United States.

(8) The term "State" includes the District of Columbia, the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, and the Virgin Islands.¹

(9) The term "State agency" means the agency of the State which administers its State law.

(10) The term "State law" means the unemployment compensation law of the State, approved by the Secretary under section 3304 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954.

(11) The term "week" means a week as defined in the applicable State law.

Approval of State Laws

Sec. 206. Section 3204(a) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954 is amended by inserting after paragraph (10) (added by section 121(a) of this Act) the following new paragraph:

"(11) extended compensation shall be payable as provided by the Federal-State Extended Unemployment Compensation Act of 1970;".

¹ Paragraph (8) was amended by section 116(d)(2) of Public Law 64-566.

Effective Dates

Sec. 207. (a) Except as provided in subsection (b)—

(1) in applying section 203, no extended benefit period may begin with a week beginning before January 1, 1972; and

(2) section 204 shall apply only with respect to weeks of unemployment beginning after December 31, 1971.

- (b) (1) In the case of a State law approved under section 3304(a) (11) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954, such State law may also provide that an extended benefit period may begin with a week established pursuant to such law which begins earlier than January 1, 1972, but not earlier than 60 days after the date of the enactment of this Act.
- (2) For purposes of paragraph (1) with respect to weeks beginning before January 1, 1972, the extended benefit period for the State shall be determined under section 208(a) solely by reference to the State "on" indicator and the State "off" indicator.
- (8) In the case of a State law containing a provision described in paragraph (1), section 204 shall also apply with respect to weeks of unemployment in extended benefit periods determined pursuant to paragraph (1).
- (c) Section 8804(a) (11) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954 (as added by section 206) shall not be a requirement for the State law of any State—
 - (1) in the case of any State the legislature of which does not meet in a regular session which closes during the calendar year 1971, with respect to any week of unemployment which begins prior to July 1, 1972; or
 - (2) in the case of any other State, with respect to any week of unemployment which begins prior to January 1, 1972.

TITLE VI—FEDERAL SUPPLEMENTAL COMPENSATION PROGRAM ¹

Subtitle A-Extension of Benefits

SHORT TITLE

SEC. 601. This subtitle may be cited as the "Federal Supplemental Compensation Act of 1982".

FEDERAL-STATE AGREEMENTS

SEC. 602. (a) Any State which desires to do so may enter into and participate in an agreement with the Secretary of Labor (hereinafter in this title referred to as the "Secretary") under this subtitle. Any State which is a party to an agreement under this subtitle may, upon providing thirty days' written notice to the Secretary, terminate such agreement.

(b) Any such agreement shall provide that the State agency of the State will make payments of Federal supplemental compensation—

(1) to individuals who-

(A) have exhausted all rights to regular compensation under the State law:

(B) have no rights to compensation (including both regular compensation and extended compensation) with respect to a week under such law or any other State unemployment compensation law or to compensation under any other Federal law (and is not paid or entitled to be paid any additional compensation under any such State or Federal law); and

(C) are not receiving compensation with respect to such week under the unemployment compensation law of Canada;

(2) for any week of unemployment which begins in the individual's period of eligibility,

except that no payment of Federal supplemental compensation shall be made to any individual for any week of unemployment which begins more than two years after the end of the benefit year for which he exhausted his rights to regular compensation.

(c) For purposes of subsection (b) (1) (A), an individual shall be deemed to have exhausted his rights to regular compensation under a State law when—

(A) no payments of regular compensation can be made under such law because such individual has received all regular compensation available to him based on employment or wages during his base period; or

¹ Enacted as Title VI of P.L. 97-248.

- (B) his rights to such compensation have been terminated by reason of the expiration of the benefit year with respect to which such rights existed.
- (d) For purposes of any agreement under this subtitle—
 - (1) the amount of the Federal supplemental compensation which shall be payable to any individual for any week of total unemployment shall be equal to the amount of the regular compensation (including dependents' allowances) payable to him during his benefit year under the State law for a week of total unemployment; and
 - (2) the terms and conditions of the State law which apply to claims for extended compensation and to the payment thereof shall apply to claims for Federal supplemental compensation and the payment thereof; except where inconsistent with the provisions of this subtitle or with the regulations of the Secretary promulgated to carry out this subtitle.

Solely for purposes of paragraph (2), the amendment made by section 2404(a) of the Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act of 1981 shall be deemed to be in effect for all weeks beginning on or after September 12, 1982.

- (e) (1) Any agreement under this subtitle with a State shall provide that the State will establish, for each eligible individual who files an application for Federal supplemental compensation, a Federal supplemental compensation account with respect to such individual's benefit year.
- (2) (A) Except as otherwise provided in this paragraph, the amount established in such account for any individual shall be equal to the lesser of—
 - (i) 50 per centum of the total amount of regular compensation (including dependents allowances) payable to him with respect to the benefit year (as determined under the State law) on the basis of which he most recently received regular compensation; or
 - (ii) 6 times his average weekly benefit amount (as determined for purposes of section 202(b)(1)(C) of the Federal-State Extended Unemployment Compensation Act of 1970) for his benefit year.
- (B) If an extended benefit period was in effect under the Federal-State Extended Unemployment Compensation Act of 1970 in a State for any week which begins on or after June 1, 1982, and before the week for which the compensation is paid, subparagraph (A) shall be applied with respect to such State by substituting "10" for "6" in clause (ii) thereof.
- (C) (i) In the case of any State not described in subparagraph (B), subparagraph (A) shall be applied, only with respect to weeks during

- a high unemployment period, by substituting "8" for "6" in clause (ii) thereof.
- (ii) For purposes of clause (i), the term "high unemployment period" means, with respect to any State, the period—
 - (I) which begins with the third week after the first week in which the rate of insured unemployment in the State for the period consisting of such week and the immediately preceding 12 weeks equals or exceeds 3.5 percent, and
 - (II) which ends with the third week after the first week in which the rate of insured unemployment in the State for the period consisting of such week and the immediately preceding 12 weeks is less than 3.5 percent;

except that no high unemployment period shall last for a period of less than 4 weeks.

- (iii) For purposes of clause (ii), the rate of insured unemployment for any period shall be determined in the same manner as determined for purposes of section 203 of the Federal-State Extended Unemployment Compensation Act of 1970.
- (f) (1) No Federal supplemental compensation shall be payable to any individual under an agreement entered into under this subtitle for any week beginning before whichever of the following is the later:
 - (A) the week following the week in which such agreement is entered into; or
 - (B) September 12, 1982.
- (2) No Federal supplemental compensation shall be payable to any individual under an agreement entered into under this subtitle for any week beginning after March 31, 1983.

PAYMENTS TO STATES HAVING AGREEMENTS FOR THE PAYMENT OF FEDERAL SUPPLEMENTAL COMPENSATION

- SEC. 603. (a) There shall be paid to each State which has entered into an agreement under this subtitle an amount equal to 100 per centum of the Federal supplemental compensation paid to individuals by the State pursuant to such agreement.
- (b) No payment shall be made to any State under this section in respect of compensation to the extent the State is entitled to reimbursement in respect of such compensation under the provisions of any Federal law other than this subtitle or chapter 85 of title 5 of the United States Code. A State shall not be entitled to any reimbursement under such chapter 85 in respect of any compensation to the extent the State is entitled to reimbursement under under this subtitle in respect of such compensation.
- (c) Sums payable to any State by reason of such State's having an agreement under this subtitle shall be payable, either in advance

or by way of reimbursement (as may be determined by the Secretary), in such amounts as the Secretary estimates the State will be entitled to receive under this subtitle for each calendar month, reduced or increased, as the case may be, by any amount by which the Secretary finds that his estimates for any prior calendar month were greater or less than the amounts which should have been paid to the State. Such estimates may be made on the basis of such statistical sampling, or other method as may be agreed upon by the Secretary and the State agency of the State involved.

FINANCING PROVISIONS

SEC. 604. (a) (1) Funds in the extended unemployment compensation account (as established by section 905 of the Social Security Act) of the Unemployment Trust Fund shall be used for the making of payments to States having agreements entered into under this subtitle.

- (2) The Secretary shall from time to time certify to the Secretary of the Treasury for payment to each State the sums payable to such State under this subtitle. The Secretary of the Treasury, prior to audit or settlement by the General Accounting Office, shall make payments to the State in accordance with such certification, by transfers from the extended unemployment compensation account (as established by section 905 of the Social Security Act) to the account of such State in the Unemployment Trust Fund.
- (b) There are hereby authorized to be appropriated, without fiscal year limitation, to the extended unemployment compensation account, such sums as may be necessary to carry out the purposes of this subtitle. Amounts appropriated pursuant to the preceding sentence shall not be required to be repaid.
- (c) There are hereby authorized to be appropriated from the general fund of the Treasury, without fiscal year limitation, such funds, as may be necessary for purposes of assisting States (as provided in title III of the Social Security Act) in meeting the costs of administration of agreements under this subtitle.

DEFINITIONS

Sec. 605. For purposes of this subtitle—

(1) the terms "compensation", "regular compensation", "extended compensation", "base period", "benefit year", "State", "State agency", "State law", and "week" shall have the meanings assigned to them under section 205 of the Federal-State Extended Unemployment Compensation Act of 1970; and

(2) the term "period of eligibility" means, with respect to any individual, any week which begins on or after September 12,

1982, and begins before April 1, 1983; except that an individual shall not have a period of eligibility unless-

(A) his benefit year ends on or after June 1, 1982, or

(B) such individual was entitled to extended compensation for a week which begins on or after June 1, 1982.

FRAUD AND OVERPAYMENTS

SEC. 606. (a) (1) If an individual knowingly has made, or caused to be made by another, a false statement or representation of a material fact, or knowingly has failed, or caused another to fail, to disclose a material fact, and as a result of such false statement or representation or of such nondisclosure such individual has received an amount of Federal supplemental compensation under this subtitle to which he was not entitled, such individual-

(A) shall be ineligible for further Federal supplemental compensation under this subtitle in accordance with the provisions of the applicable State unemployment compensation law relating to fraud in connection with a claim for unemployment compensation: and

(B) shall be subject to prosecution under section 1001 of title 18, United States Code.

- (2) (A) In the case of individuals who have received amounts of Federal supplemental compensation under this subtitle to which they were not entitled, the State is authorized to require such individuals to repay the amounts of such Federal supplemental compensation to the State agency, except that the State agency may waive such repayment if it determines that-
 - (i) the payment of such Federal Supplemental compensation was without fault on the part of any such individual, and
 - (ii) such repayment would be contrary to equity and good conscience.
- (B) The State agency may recover the amount to be repaid, or any part thereof, by deductions from any Federal supplemental compensation payable to such individual under this subtitle or from any unemployment compensation payable to such individual under any Federal unemployment compensation law administered by the State agency or under any other Federal law administered by the State agency which provides for the payment of any assistance or allowance with respect to any week of unemployment, during the threeyear period after the date such individuals received the payment of the Federal supplemental compensation to which they were not entitled, except that no single deduction may exceed 50 per centum of the weekly benefit amount from which such deduction is made.
- (C) No repayment shall be required, and no deduction shall be made, until a determination has been made, notice thereof and an

opportunity for a fair hearing has been given to the individual, and the determination has become final.

(3) Any determination by a State agency under paragraph (1) or (2) shall be subject to review in the same manner and to the same extent as determinations under the State unemployment compensation law, and only in that manner and to that extent.

Revised October 1982 718-G Trade Adjustment Assistance

Excerpt From Public Law 93-618, The Trade Act of 1974 1

CHAPTER 2—ADJUSTMENT ASSISTANCE FOR WORKERS

Subchapter A—Petitions and Determinations SEC. 221. PETITIONS.

(a) A petition for a certification of eligibility to apply for adjustment assistance under this chapter may be filed with the Secretary of Labor (hereinafter in this chapter referred to as the "Secretary")

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¹ This chapter is effective April 8, 1975, and terminates September 80, 1988.

by a group of workers or by their certified or recognized union or other duly authorized representative. Upon receipt of the petition, the Secretary shall promptly publish notice in the Federal Register that he has received the petition and initiated an investigation.

(b) If the petitioner, or any other person found by the Secretary to have a substantial interest in the proceedings, submits not later than 10 days after the date of the Secretary's publication under subsection (a) a request for a hearing, the Secretary shall provide for a public hearing and afford such interested persons an opportunity to be present, to produce evidence, and to be heard.

SEC. 222. GROUP ELIGIBILITY REQUIREMENTS.1

The Secretary shall certify a group of workers as eligible to apply for adjustment assistance under this chapter if he determines—

(1) that a significant number or proportion of the workers in such workers' firm or an appropriate subdivision of the firm have become totally or partially separated, or are threatened to become totally or partially separated,

(2) that sales or production, or both, of such firm or subdivi-

sion have decreased absolutely, and

(3) that increases of imports of articles like or directly competitive with articles produced by such workers' firm or an appropriate subdivision thereof were a substantial cause of "substantial cause" such total or partial separation, or threat thereof, and of such decline in sales or production.

For purposes of paragraph (3), the term means a cause which is im-

portant and not less than any other cause.

SEC. 228. DETERMINATIONS BY SECRETARY OF LABOR.

(a) As soon as possible after the date on which a petition is filed under section 221, but in any event not later than 60 days after that date, the Secretary shall determine whether the petitioning group meets the requirements of section 222 and shall issue a certification of eligibility to apply for assistance under this chapter covering workers in any group which meets such requirements. Each certification shall specify the date on which the total or partial separation began or threatened to begin.

(b) A certification under this section shall not apply to any worker whose last total or partial separation from the firm or appropriate subdivision of the firm before his application under section 281

occurred-

(1) more than one year before the date of the petition on which such certification was granted, or

(2) more than 6 months before the effective date of this chapter.

(c) Upon reaching his determination on a petition, the Secretary

¹ Sec. 222 was amended by sec. 2501 of P.L. 97-35. The amendments are applicable, under sec. 204 of P.L. 97-362, as of October 1, 1983.

shall promptly publish a summary of the determination in the Federal Register together with his reasons for making such determination.

(d) Whenever the Secretary determines, with respect to any certification of eligibility of the workers of a firm or subdivision of the firm, that total or partial separations from such firm or subdivision are no longer attributable to the conditions specified in section 222, he shall terminate such certification and promptly have notice of such termination published in the Federal Register together with his reasons for making such determination. Such termination shall apply only with respect to total or partial separations occurring after the termination date specified by the Secretary.

SEC. 224. STUDY BY SECRETARY OF LABOR WHEN INTERNATIONAL TRADE COMMISSION BEGINS INVESTIGATION 1

- (a) Whenever the International Trade Commission (hereafter referred to in this chapter as the "Commission") begins an investigation under section 201 with respect to an industry, the Commission shall immediately notify the Secretary of such investigation, and the Secretary shall immediately begin a study of—
 - (1) the number of workers in the domestic industry producing the like or directly competitive article who have been or are likely to be certified as cligible for adjustment assistance, and
 - (2) the extent to which the adjustment of such workers to the import competition may be facilitated through the use of existing programs.
- (b) The report of the Secretary of the study under subsection (a) shall be made to the President not later than 15 days after the day on which the Commission makes its report under section 201. Upon making his report to the President, the Secretary shall also promptly make it public (with the exception of information which the Secretary determines to be confidential) and shall have a summary of it published in the Federal Register.

SEC. 225. BENEFIT INFORMATION TO WORKERS.

The Secretary shall provide full information to workers about the benefit allowances, training, and other employment services available under this chapter and about the petition and application procedures, and the appropriate filing dates, for such allowances, training and services. The Secretary shall provide whatever assistance is necessary to enable groups of workers to prepare petitions or applications for program benefits. The Secretary shall make every effort to insure that cooperating State agencies fully comply with the agreements entered into under section 239(a) and shall periodically

¹ Sec. 2513 of P.L. 97-35 amended the heading of sec. 224 and repealed sec. 234(e).

² Sec. 225 was added by sec. 2502 of P.L. 97-35.

review such compliance. The Secretary shall inform the State Board for Vocational Education or equivalent agency and other public or private agencies, institutions, and employers, as appropriate, of each certification issued under section 223 and of projections, if available, of the needs for training under section 236 as a result of such certification.

Subchapter B-Program Benefits

PART I—TRADE READJUSTMENT ALLOWANCES

SEC. 231. QUALIFYING REQUIREMENTS FOR WORKERS.1

- (a) Payment of a trade readjustment allowance shall be made to an adversely affected worker covered by a certification under subchapter A who files an application for such allowance for any week of unemployment which begins more than 60 days after the date on which the petition that resulted in such certification was filed under section 221, if the following conditions are met:
 - (1) Such worker's total or partial separation before his application under this chapter occurred—
 - (A) on or after the date, as specified in the certification under which he is covered, on which total or partial separation began or threatened to begin in the adversely affected employment,
 - (B) before the expiration of the 2-year period beginning on the date on which the determination under section 223 was made, and
 - (C) before the termination date (if any) determined pursuant to section 223(d).
 - (2) Such worker had, in the 52-week period ending with the week in which such total or partial separation occurred, at least 26 weeks of employment at wages of \$30 or more a week in adversely affected employment with a single firm or subdivision of a firm, or, if data with respect to weeks of employment with a firm are not available, equivalent amounts of employment computed under regulations prescribed by the Secretary. For the purposes of this paragraph, any week in which such worker—
 - (A) is on employer-authorized leave for purposes of vacation, sickness, injury, maternity, or inactive duty or active duty military service for training,
 - (B) does not work because of a disability that is compensable under a workmen's compensation law or plan of a State or the United States, or
 - (C) had his employment interrupted in order to serve as a full-time representative of a labor organization in such firm or subdivision,

¹ Sec. 231 was amended in its entirety by sec. 2508 of P.L. 97-35.

shall be treated as a week of employment at vages of \$30 or more, but not more than the following number of weeks may be treated as such weeks of employment under this sentence:

- (i) 3 weeks if no weeks described in subparagraph (B) occurred during the 52-week period concerned.
- (ii) 7 weeks if all are weeks described in subparagraph (B).
- (iii) 7 weeks in the case of weeks described in subparagraphs (B) and (A) or (C), or both, except that not more than 3 of such weeks may be other than weeks described in subparagraph (B).
- (3) Such worker-
 - (A) was entitled to (or would be entitled to if he applied therefor) unemployment insurance for a week within the benefit period (i) in which such total or partial separation tock place, or (ii) which began (or would have begun) by reason of the filing of a claim for unemployment insurance by such worker after such total or partial separation;
 - (B) has exhausted all rights to any unemployment insurance to which he was entitled (or would be entitled if he applied therefor); and
 - (C) does not have an unexpired waiting period applicable to him for any such unemployment insurance.
- (4) Such worker, with respect to such week of unemployment, would not be disqualified for extended compensation payable under the Federal-State Extended Unemployment Compensation Act of 1970 by reason of the work acceptance and job search requirements in section 202(a)(3) of such Act.
- (b) If the Secretary determines with respect to any labor market area that—
 - (1) a high level of unemployment exists,
 - (2) suitable employment opportunities are not available, and
 - (3) there are facilities available for the provision of training under section 236 in new or related job certifications,

the Secretary may, in accordance with such regulations as he shall prescribe, require all adversely affected workers who were totally or partially separated in such area and for whom such training is approved under section 236—

- (A) to accept such training, or
- (B) to search actively for work outside such area, whichever the worker may choose; except that no worker may be required (i) to accept training or undertake a job search under this subsection until after the first 8 weeks of his eligibility for trade readjustment allowances has expired, or (ii) to accept, or to participate in, such training for a period longer than the remaining period to which he is entitled to such allowances. For purposes of this sub-

section, the term "labor market area" has the same meaning as is given such term in the Introduction to the Directory of Important Labor Areas, 1980 edition, published by the Department of Labor, except that for any portion of any State which is not included within that term in such Introduction, the county or counties in which that portion is located shall be treated as the applicable labor market area.

SEC. 232 WEEKLY AMOUNTS.

- (a) Subject to subsections (b) and (c), the trade readjustment allowance payable to an adversely affected worker for a week of total unemployment shall be an amount equal to the most recent weekly benefit amount of the unemployment insurance payable to the worker for a week of total unemployment preceding the worker's first exhaustion of unemployment insurance (as determined for purposes of section 231(a)(3)(B)) reduced (but not below zero) by—
 - (1) any training allowance deductible under subsection (c), and
 - (2) income that is deductible from unemployment insurance under the disqualifying income provisions of the applicable State law or Federal unemployment insurance law.
- (b) Any adversely affected worker who is entitled to trade readjustment allowances and who is undergoing training approved by the Secretary, including on-the-job training, shall receive for each week in which he is undergoing any such training, a trade readjustment allowance in an amount (computed for such week) equal to the amount computed under subsection (a) or (if greater) the amount of any weekly allowance for such training to which he would be entitled under any other Federal law for the training of workers, if he applied for such allowance. Such trade readjustment allowance shall be paid in lieu of any training allowance to which the worker would be entitled under such other Federal law.
- (c) If a training allowance under any Federal law, is paid to an adversely affected worker for any week of unemployment with respect to which he would be entitled (determined without regard to any disqualification under section 236(c)) to a trade readjustment allowance if he applied for such allowance, each such week shall be deducted from the total number of weeks of trade readjustment allowance otherwise payable to him under section 233(a) when he applies for a trade readjustment allowance and is determined to be entitled to such allowance. If the training allowance paid to such worker for any week of unemployment is less than the amount of the trade readjustment allowance to which he would be entitled if he applied for such allowance, he shall receive, when he applies for a trade readjustment allowance and is determined to be entitled to such allowance, a trade readjustment allowance for such week equal to such difference.

^{*} Sec. 232 was amended by sec. 2504 of P.L. 97-35.

SEC. 283. LIMITATIONS ON TRADE READJUSTMENT ALLOWANCES.¹

- (a) (1) The maximum amount of trade readjustment allowances payable with respect to the period covered by any certification to an adversely affected worker shall be the amount which is the product of 52 multiplied by the trade readjustment allowance payable to the worker for a week of total unemployment (as determined under section 232(a)), but such product shall be reduced by the total sum of the unemployment insurance to which the worker was entitled (or would have been entitled if he had applied therefor) in the worker's first benefit period described in section 231(a)(3)(A).
- (2) A trade readjustment allowance shall not be paid for any week after the 52-week period beginning with the first week following the first week in the period covered by the certification with respect to which the worker has exhausted (as determined for purposes of section 231(a)(3)(B)) all rights to that part of his unemployment insurance that is regular compensation.
- (3) Notwithstanding paragraph (1), in accordance with regulations prescribed by the Secretary, payments may be made as trade readjustment allowances for up to 26 additional weeks in the 26-week period following the last week of entitlement to trade readjustment allowances otherwise payable under this chapter in order to assist the adversely affected worker to complete training approved for the worker under section 236. Payments for such additional weeks may be made only for weeks in such 26-week period during which the individual is engaged in such training and has not been determined under section 236(c) to be failing to make satisfactory progress in the training.
- (b) A trade readjustment allowance may not be paid for an additional week specified in subsection (a)(3) if the adversely affected worker who would receive such allowance did not make a bona fide application to a training program approved by the Secretary under section 236 within 210 days after the date of the worker's first certification of eligibility to apply for adjustment assistance issued by the Secretary, or, if later, within 210 days after the date of the worker's total or partial separation referred to in section 231(a)(1).
- (c) Amounts payable to an adversely affected worker under this part shall be subject to such adjustment on a week-to-week basis as may be required by section 232(b).
- (d) Notwithstanding any other provision of this Act or other Federal law, if the benefit year of a worker ends within an extended benefit period, the number of weeks of extended benefits that such worker would, but for this subsection, be entitled to in that extended benefit period shall be reduced (but not below zero) by the number of weeks for which the worker was entitled, during such benefit year, to

¹ Sec. 233 was amended in its entirety by sec. 2505 of P.L. 97-85.

trade readjustment allowances under this part. For purposes of this paragraph, the terms "benefit year" and "extended benefit period" shall have the same respective meanings given to them in the Federal-State Extended Unemployment Compensation Act of 1970.

SEC. 234. APPLICATION OF STATE LAWS.

Except where inconsistent with the provisions of this chapter and subject to such regulations as the Secretary may prescribe, the availability and disqualification provisions of the State law—

(1) under which an adversely affected worker is entitled to unemployment insurance (whether or not he has filed a claim for such insurance), or

(2) if he is not so entitled to unemployment insurance, of the

State in which he was totally or partially separated, shall apply to any such worker who files a claim for trade readjustment allowances. The State law so determined with respect to a separation of a worker shall remain applicable, for purposes of the preceding sentence, with respect to such separation until such worker becomes entitled to unemployment insurance under another State law (whether or not he has filed a claim for such insurance).

PART II—TRAINING, OTHER EMPLOYMENT SERVICES, AND ALLOWANCES 1

SEC. 235, EMPLOYMENT SERVICES.

The Secretary shall make every reasonable effort to secure for adversely affected workers covered by a certification under subchapter A of this chapter counseling, testing, and placement services, and supportive and other services, provided for under any other Federal law. The Secretary shall, whenever appropriate, procure such services through agreements with cooperating State agencies.

SEC. 236. TRAINING.

(a) (1) If the Secretary determines that—

- (A) there is no suitable employment (which may ude technical and professional employment) available for a worker,
 - (B) the worker would benefit from appropriate training,
- (C) there is a reasonable expectation of employment following completion of such training,
- (D) training approved by the Secretary is available to the worker from either governmental agencies or private sources (which may include area vocational education schools, as defined

¹ This heading was amended by sec. 2506 of P.L. 97-35.

^{*} Sec. 236 (a) and (b) were amended in their entirety by sec. 2508 of P.L. 97-35.

in section 195(2) of the Vocational Education Act of 1963, and employers), and

(E) the worker is qualified to undertake and complete such training.

the Secretary may approve such training for the worker. Upon such approval, the worker shall be entitled to have payment of the costs of such training paid on his behalf by the Secretary. Insofar as possible, the Secretary shall provide or assure the provision of such training on the job, which shall include related education necessary for the acquisition of skills needed for a position within a particular occupation.

- (2) A worker may not be determined to be ineligible or disqualified for unemployment insurance or program benefits under this subchapter because the individual is in training approved under paragraph (1), because of leaving work which is not suitable employment to enter such training, or because of the application to any such week in training of provisions of State law or Federal unemployment insurance law relating to availability for work, active search for work, or refusal to accept work. The Secretary shall submit to the Congress a quarterly report regarding the amount of funds expended during the quarter concerned to provide training under paragraph (1) and the anticipated demand for such funds for any remaining quarters in the fiscal year concerned.
- (3) For purposes of this subsection the term "suitable employment" means, with respect to a worker, work of a substantially equal or higher skill level than the worker's past adversely affected employment, and wages for such work at not less than 80 percent of the worker's average weekly wage.
- (b) The Secretary may, where appropriate, authorize supplemental assistance necessary to defray reasonable transportation and subsistence expenses for separate maintenance when training is provided in facilities which are not within commuting distance of a worker's regular place of residence. The Secretary may not authorize—
 - (1) payments for subsistence that exceed whichever is the lesser of (A) the actual per diem expenses for subsistence, or (B) payments at 50 percent of the prevailing per diem allowance rate authorized under the Federal travel regulations, or
 - (2) payments for travel expenses exceeding the prevailing mileage rate authorized under the Federal travel regulations.
- (c) Any adversely affected worker who, without good cause, refuses to accept or continue, or fails to make satisfactory progress in, suitable training to which he has been referred by the Secretary shall not thereafter be entitled to payments under this chapter until he enters or resumes the training to which he has been so referred.

SEC. 237. JOB SEARCH ALLOWANCES.

(a) Any adversely affected worker covered by a certification under subchapter A of this chapter may file an application with the Secretary

^{*} Sec. 237 was amended by sec. 2507 of P.L. 97-35.

for a job search allowance. Such allowance, if granted, shall provide reimbursement to the worker of 90 percent of the cost of necessary job search expenses as prescribed by regulations of the Secretary; except that—

- (1) such reimbursement may not exceed \$600 for any worker, and
- (2) reimbursement may not be made for subsistence and transportation expenses at levels exceeding those allowable under section 236(b) (1) and (2).

(b) A job search allowance may be granted only-

- (1) to assist an adversely affected worker who has been totally separated in securing a job within the United States;
- (2) where the Secretary determines that such worker cannot reasonably be expected to secure suitable employment in the commuting area in which he resides; and
- (3) where the worker has filed an application for such allowance with the Secretary before—
 - (A) the later of-
 - (i) the 365th day after the date of the certification under which the worker is eligible, or
 - (ii) the 365th day after the date of the worker's last total separation; or
 - (B) the 182d day after the concluding date of any training received by the worker, if the worker was referred to such training by the Secretary.

SEC. 238. RELOCATION ALLOWANCES.¹

- (a) Any adversely affected worker covered by a certification under subchapter A of this chapter may file an application with the Secretary for a relocation allowance, subject to the terms and conditions of this section, if such worker files such application before—
 - (1) the later of-
 - (A) the 425th day after the date of the certification, or
 - (B) the 425th day after the date of the worker's last total separation; or
 - (2) the 182d day after the concluding date of any training received by such worker, if the worker was referred to such training by the Secretary.
- (b) A relocation allowance may be granted only to assist an adversely affected worker in relocating within the United States and only if the Secretary determines that such worker cannot reasonably be expected to secure suitable employment in the commuting area in which he resides and that such worker—
 - (1) has obtained suitable employment affording a reasonable

¹ Sec. 238 was amended by sec. 2508 of P.L. 97-35.

expectation of long-term duration in the area in which he wishes to relocate, or

- (2) has obtained a bona fide offer of such employment, and
- (3) is totally separated from employment at the time relocation commences.
- (c) A relocation allowance shall not be granted to such worker unless his relocation occurs within 182 days after the filing of the application therefor or (in the case of a worker who has been referred to training by the Secretary) within 182 days after the conclusion of such training. Under regulations prescribed by the Secretary, a relocation allowance shall not be granted to more than one member of the family with respect to the same relocation.
- (d) For the purposes of this section, the term "relocation allowance" means—
 - (1) 90 percent of the reasonable and necessary expenses (including, but not limited to, subsistence and transportation expenses at levels not exceeding those allowable under section 236(b) (1) and (2)) specified in regulations prescribed by the Secretary, incurred in transporting a worker and his family, if any, and household effects, and
 - (2) a lump sum equivalent to three times the worker's average weekly wage, up to a maximum payment of \$600.

Subchapter C—General Provisions

SEC. 239. AGREEMENTS WITH STATES.

- (a) The Secretary is authorized on behalf of the United States to enter into an agreement with any State, or with any State agency (referred to in this subchapter as "cooperating States" and "cooperating States agencies" respectively). Under such an agreement, the cooperating State agency (1) as agent of the United States, will receive applications for, and will provide, payments on the basis provided in this chapter, (2) where appropriate, will afford adversely affected workers testing, counseling, referral to training, and placement services, and (3) will otherwise cooperate with the Secretary and with other State and Federal agencies in providing payments and services under this chapter.
- (b) Each agreement under this subchapter shall provide the terms and conditions upon which the agreement may be amended, suspended, or terminated.
- (c) Each agreement under this subchapter shall provide that unemployment insurance otherwise payable to any adversely affected worker will not be denied or reduced for any week by reason of any right to payments under this chapter.
- (d) A determination by a cooperating State agency with respect to entitlement to program benefits under an agreement is subject to review in the same manner and to the same extent as determinations

under the applicable State law and only in that manner and to that extent.

- (e) Section 3302(c) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954 (relating to credits against Federal unemployment tax) is amended by inserting after paragraph (3) the following new paragraph:
 - "(4) If the Secretary of Labor determines that a State, or State agency, has not—
 - "(A) entered into the agreement described in section 239 of the Trade Act of 1974, with the Secretary of Labor before July 1, 1975, or
 - "(B) fulfilled its commitments under an agreement with the Secretary of Labor as described in section 239 of the Trade Act of 1974,

then, in the case of a taxpayer subject to the unemployment compensation law of such State, the total credits (after applying subsections (a) and (b) and paragraphs (1), (2), and (3) of this section) otherwise allowable under this section for a year during which such State or agency does not enter into or fulfill such an agreement shall be reduced by 15 percent of the tax imposed with respect to wages paid by such taxpayer during such year which are attributable to such State."

SEC. 240. ADMINISTRATION ABSENT STATE AGREEMENT.

- (a) In any State where there is no agreement in force between a State or its agency under section 239, the Secretary shall arrange under regulations prescribed by him for performance of all necessary functions under subchapter B of this chapter, including provision for a fair hearing for any worker whose application for payments is denied.
- (b) A final determination under subsection (a) with respect to entitlement to program benefits under subchapter B of this chapter is subject to review by the courts in the same manner and to the same extent as is provided by section 205(g) of the Social Security Act (42 U.S.C. sec. 405(g)).

SEC. 241. PAYMENTS TO STATES.1

(a) The Secretary shall from time to time certify to the Secretary of the Treasury for payment to each cooperating State the sums necessary to enable such State as agent of the United States to make payments provided for by this chapter.

(b) All money paid a State under this section shall be used solely for the purposes for which it is paid; and money so paid which is not used for such purposes shall be returned, at the time specified in the agreement under this subchapter, to the Secretary of the Treasury.

(c) Any agreement under this subchapter may require any officer

¹ Sec. 241 (a) and (b) were amended by sec. 2513 of P.L. 97-35.

or employee of the State certifying payments or disbursing funds under the agreement or otherwise participating in the performance of the agreement, to give a surety bond to the United States in such amount as the Secretary may deem necessary, and may provide for the payment of the cost of such bond from funds for carrying out the purposes of this chapter.

SEC. 242. LIABILITIES OF CERTIFYING AND DISBURSING OFFICERS.

- (a) No person designated by the Secretary, or designated pursuant to an agreement under this subchapter, as a certifying officer, shall, in the absence of gross negligence or intent to defraud the United States, be liable with respect to any payment certified by him under this chapter.
- (b) No disbursing officer shall, in the absence of gross negligence or intent to defraud the United States, be liable with respect to any payment by him under this chapter if it was based upon a voucher signed by a certifying officer designated as provided in subsection (a).

SEC. 243. FRAUD AND RECOVERY OF OVERPAYMENTS.1

- (a) (1) If a cooperating State agency, the Secretary, or a court of competent jurisdiction determines that any person has received any payment under this chapter to which the person was not entitled, including a payment referred to in subsection (b), such person shall be liable to repay such amount to the State agency or the Secretary, as the case may be, except that the State agency or the Secretary may waive such repayment if such agency or the Secretary determines, in accordance with guidelines prescribed by the Secretary, that—
 - (A) the payment was made without fault on the part of such individual, and
 - (B) requiring such repayment would be contrary to equity and good conscience.
- (2) Unless an overpayment is otherwise recovered, or waived under paragraph (1), the State agency or the Secretary shall recover the overpayment by deductions from any sums payable to such person under this chapter, under any Federal unemployment compensation law administered by the State agency or the Secretary, or under any other Federal law administered by the State agency or the Secretary which provides for the payment of assistance or an allowance with respect to unemployment, and, notwithstanding any other provision of State law or Federal law to the contrary, the Secretary may require the State agency to recover any overpayment under this chapter by deduction from any unemployment insurance payable to such person under the State law, except that no single deduction under this paragraph shall exceed 50 percent of the amount otherwise payable.

¹ Sec. 248 was amended in its entirety by sec. 2509 of P.L. 97-35.

- (b) If a cooperating State agency, the Secretary, or a court of competent jurisdiction determines that an individual—
 - (1) knowingly has made, or caused another to make, a false statement or representation of a material fact, or
 - (2) knowingly has failed, or caused another to fail, to disclose a material fact.

and as a result of such false statement or representation, or of such nondisclosure, such individual has received any payment under this chapter to which the individual was not entitled, such individual shall, in addition to any other penalty provided by law, be ineligible for any further payments under this chapter.

- (c) Except for overpayments determined by a court of competent jurisdiction, no repayment may be required, and no deduction may be made, under this section until a determination under subsection (a) (1) by the State agency or the Secretary, as the case may be, has been made, notice of the determination and an opportunity for a fair hearing thereon has been given to the individual concerned, and the determination has become final.
- (d) Any amount recovered under this section shall be returned to the Treasury of the United States.

SEC. 244. PENALTIES.

Whoever makes a false statement of a material fact knowing it to be false, or knowingly fails to disclose a material fact, for the purpose of obtaining or increasing for himself or for any other person any payment authorized to be furnished under this chapter or pursuant to an agreement under section 239 shall be fined not more than \$1,000 or imprisoned for not more than one year, or both.

SEC. 245. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.¹

There are authorized to be appropriated to the Department of Labor, for each of fiscal years 1982 and 1983, such sums as may be necessary to carry out the purposes of this chapter.

SEC. 246. [REPEALED.] 2

SEC. 247. DEFINITIONS.

For purposes of this chapter—

- (1) The term "adversely affected employment" means employment in a firm or appropriate subdivision of a firm, if workers of such firm or subdivision are eligible to apply for adjustment assistance under this chapter.
- (2) The term "adversely affected worker" means an individual who, because of lack of work in adversely affected employment—

¹ Sec. 245 was amended in its entirety by sec. 2510 of P.L. 97-35.

² Sec. 246 was repealed by sec. 2513 of P.L. 97-35.

^{*}Sec. 2511 of F.L. 97-85 repealed pars. (3) and (7), amended pars. (12) and (14) in their entirety, and added par. (15).

- (A) has been totally or partially separated from such employment, or
- (B) has been totally separated from employment with the firm in a subdivision of which such adversely affected employment exists.
- (4) The term "average weekly wage" means one-thirteenth of the total wages paid to an individual in the high quarter. For purposes of this computation, the high quarter shall be that quarter in which the individual's total wages were highest among the first 4 of the last 5 completed calendar quarters immediately before the quarter in which occurs the week with respect to which the computation is made. Such week shall be the week in which total separation occurred, or, in cases where partial separation is claimed, an appropriate week, as defined in regulations prescribed by the Secretary.
- (5) The term "average weekly hours" means the average hours worked by the individual (excluding overtime) in the employment from which he has been or claims to have been separated in the 52 weeks (excluding weeks during which the individual was sick or on vacation) preceding the week specified in the last sentence of paragraph (4).
- (6) The term "partial separation" means, with respect to an individual who has not been totally separated, that he has had—
 - (A) his hours of work reduced to 80 percent or less of his average weekly hours in adversely affected employment, and
 - (B) his wages reduced to 80 percent or less of his average weekly wage in such adversely affected employment.
- (8) The term "State" includes the District of Columbia and the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico; and the term "United States" when used in the geographical sense includes such Commonwealth.
- (9) The term "State agency" means the agency of the State which administers the State law.
- (10) The term "State law" means the unemployment insurance law of the State approved by the Secretary of Labor under section 3304 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954.
- (11) The term "total separation" means the layoff or severance of an individual from employment with a firm in which, or in a subdivision of which, adversely affected employment exists.
- (12) The term "unemployment insurance" means the unemployment compensation payable to an individual under any State law or Federal unemployment compensation law, including chapter 85 of title 5, United States Code, and the Railroad Unemployment Insurance Act. The terms "regular compensation", "additional compensation", and "extended compensation" have the same respective meanings that are given them in section 205 (2), (3), and

- (4) of the Federal-State Extended Unemployment Compensation Act of 1970 (26 U.S.C. 3304 note).
- (13) The term "week" means a week as defined in the applicable State law.
- (14) The term "week of unemployment" means a week of total, part-total, or partial unemployment as determined under the applicable State law or Federal unemployment insurance law.
- (15) The term "benefit period" means, with respect to an individual—
 - (A) the benefit year and any ensuing period, as determined under applicable State law, during which the individual is eligible for regular compensation, additional compensation, or extended compensation, or
 - (B) the equivalent to such a benefit year or ensuing period provided for under the applicable Federal unemployment insurance law.

SEC. 248. REGULATIONS.

The Secretary shall prescribe such regulations as may be necessary to carry out the provisions of this chapter.

SEC. 249. SUBPENA POWER.

- (a) The Secretary may require by subpens the attendance of witnesses and the production of evidence necessary for him to make a determination under the provisions of this chapter.
- (b) If a person refuses to obey a subpena issued under subsection (a), a United States district court within the jurisdiction of which the relevant proceeding under this chapter is conducted may, upon petition by the Secretary, issue an order requiring compliance with such subpena.

SEC. 250. JUDICIAL REVIEW.

- (a) A worker, group of workers, certified or recognized union, or an authorized representative of such worker or group, aggrieved by a final determination by the Secretary under the provisions of section 223 may, within 60 days after notice of such determination, file a petition for review of such determination with the United States court of appeals for the circuit in which such worker or group is located or in the United States Court of Appeals for the District of Columbia Circuit. The clerk of such court shall send a copy of such petition to the Secretary. Upon receiving such petition, the Secretary shall promptly certify and file in such court the record on which he based such determination.
- (b) The findings of fact by the Secretary, if supported by substantial evidence, shall be conclusive; but the court, for good cause shown, may remand the case to the Secretary to take further evidence, and the Secretary may thereupon make new or modified findings of

fact and may modify his previous action, and shall certify to the court the record of the further proceedings. Such new or modified findings of fact shall likewise be conclusive if supported by substantial evidence.

(c) The court shall have jurisdiction to affirm the action of the Secretary or to set it aside, in whole or in part. The judgment of the court shall be subject to review by the Supreme Court of the United States upon certiorari or certification as provided in section 1254 of title 28, United States Code.

EXCERPTS FROM

TITLE 5 U.S.C.—GOVERNMENT ORGANIZATION AND EMPLOYEES

CHAPTER 85.—UNEMPLOYMENT COMPENSATION

| Sec. | SUBCHAPTER I—EMPLOYEES GENERALLY |
|-------|--|
| | D-0-14' |
| | Definitions |
| | Compensation under State agreement |
| 8503. | Compensation absent State agreement |
| 8504. | Assignment of Federal service and wages |
| 8505. | Payments to States |
| 8506. | Dissemination of information |
| 8507. | False statements and misrepresentations |
| 8508. | Regulations |
| | SUBCHAPTER II—EX-SERVICEMEN |
| 8521. | Definitions; application |
| 8522. | Assignment of Federal service and wages. |
| 8523. | Dissemination of information |
| 8524. | [Repealed.] |
| | Effect on other statutes |

SUBCHAPTER I—EMPLOYEES GENERALLY

§ 8501. DEFINITIONS.

For the purpose of this subchapter—

- (1) "Federal service" means service performed after 1952 in the employ of the United States or an instrumentality of the United States which is wholly or partially owned by the United States, but does not include service (except service to which subchapter II of this chapter applies) performed—
 - (A) by an elective official in the executive or legislative branch:
 - (B) as a member of the armed forces;
 - (C) by Foreign Service personnel for whom special separation allowances are provided under chapter 14 of title 22;
 - (D) outside the United States, the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, and the Virgin Islands by an individual who is not a citizen of the United States;

- (E) by an individual excluded by regulations of the Civil Service Commission from the operation of subchapter III of chapter 83 of this title because he is paid on a contract or fee basis;
- (F) by an individual receiving nominal pay and allowances of \$12 or less a year;
- (G) in a hospital, home, or other institution of the United States by a patient or inmate thereof;
- (H) by a student-employee as defined by section 5351 of this title;
- (I) by an individual serving on a temporary basis in case of fire, storm, earthquake, flood, or other similar emergency;
- (J) by an individual employed under a Federal relief program to relieve him from unemployment;
- (K) as a member of a State, county, or community committee under the Agricultural Stabilization and Conservation Service or of any other board, council, committee, or other similar body, unless the board, council, committee, or other body is composed exclusively of individuals otherwise in the full-time employ of the United States; or
- (L) by an officer or a member of the crew on or in connection with an American vessel—
 - (i) owned by or bareboat chartered to the United States; and
 - (ii) whose business is conducted by a general agent of the Secretary of Commerce;
- if contributions on account of the service are required to be made to an unemployment fund under a State unemployment compensation law under section 3305(g) of title 26;
- (2) "Federal wages" means all pay and allowances, in cash and in kind, for Federal service;
- (3) "Federal employee" means an individual who has performed Federal service;
- (4) "compensation" means cash benefits payable to an individual with respect to his unemployment including any portion thereof payable with respect to dependents;
 - (5) "benefit year" means the benefit year as defined by the applicable State unemployment compensation law, and if not so defined the term means the period prescribed in the agreement under this subchapter with a State or, in the absence of such an agreement, the period prescribed by the Secretary of Labor;
 - (6) "State" means the several States, the District of Columbia, the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, and the Virgin Islands;

¹ Paragraph (6) was amended by section 116(e) (1) of P.L. 94-566.

- (7) "United States", when used in a geographical sense, means the States; and
- (8) "base period" means the base period as defined by the applicable State unemployment compensation law for the benefit year.¹

§ 8502. COMPENSATION UNDER STATE AGREEMENT.

- (a) The Secretary of Labor, on behalf of the United States, may enter into an agreement with a State, or with an agency administering the unemployment compensation law of a State, under which the State agency shall—
 - (1) pay, as agent of the United States, compensation under this subchapter to Federal employees; and
 - (2) otherwise cooperate with the Secretary and with other State agencies in paying compensation under this subchapter.
- (b) The agreement shall provide that compensation will be paid by the State to a Federal employee in the same amount, on the same terms, and subject to the same conditions as the compensation which would be payable to him under the unemployment compensation law of the State if his Federal service and Federal wages assigned under section 8504 of this title to the State had been included as employment and wages under that State law.
 - (c) (Repealed.)
- (d) A determination by a State agency with respect to entitlement to compensation under an agreement is subject to review in the same manner and to the same extent as determinations under the State unemployment compensation law, and only in that manner and to that extent.
- (e) Each agreement shall provide the terms and conditions on which it may be amended or terminated.

§ 8503. COMPENSATION ABSENT STATE AGREEMENT.

(a) In the case of a Federal employee whose Federal service and Federal wages are assigned under section 8504 of this title to a State which does not have an agreement with the Secretary of Labor, the Secretary, under regulations prescribed by him, shall, on the filing by the Federal employee of a claim for compensation under this subsection, pay compensation to him in the same amount, on the same terms, and subject to the same conditions as would be paid to him under the unemployment compensation law of the State if his Federal service and Federal wages had been included as employment and wages under that State law. However, if the Federal employee, without regard to his Federal service and Federal wages, has employment or wages sufficient to qualify for compensation during the

² Paragraph (8) was added by section 214(b) of P.L. 94-566.

benefit year under that State law, then payments of compensation under this subsection may be made only on the basis of his Federal service and Federal wages.

(b) A Federal employee whose claim for compensation under subsection (a) of this section is denied is entitled to a fair hearing under regulations prescribed by the Secretary. A final determination by the Secretary with respect to entitlement to compensation under this section is subject to review by the courts in the same manner and to the same extent as is provided by section 405(g) of tile 42.

§ 8504. ASSIGNMENT OF FEDERAL SERVICE AND WAGES.

Under regulations prescribed by the Secretary of Labor, the Federal service and Federal wages of a Federal employee shall be assigned to the State in which he had his last official station in Federal service before the filing of his first claim for compensation for the benefit year. However—

- (1) if, at the time of filing his first claim, he resides in another State in which he performed, after the termination of his Federal service, service covered under the unemployment compensation law of the other State, his Federal service and Federal wages shall be assigned to the other State;
- (2) if his last official station in Federal service, before filing his first claim, was outside the United States, his Federal service and Federal wages shall be assigned to the State where he resides at the time he files his first claim.²

\$8505. PAYMENTS TO STATES.

- (a) Each State is entitled to be paid by the United States with respect to each individual whose base period wages included Federal wages an amount which shall bear the same ratio to the total amount of compensation paid to such individual as the amount of his Federal wages in his base period bears to the total amount of his base period wages.³
- (b) Each State shall be paid, either in advance or by way of reimbursement, as may be determined by the Secretary of Labor, the sum that the Secretary estimates the State is entitled to receive under this subchapter for each calendar month. The sum shall be reduced or increased by the amount which the Secretary finds that his estimate for an earlier calendar month was greater or less than the sum which should have been paid to the State. An estimate may be made on the basis of a statistical, sampling, or other method agreed on by the Secretary and the State agency.
- (c) The Secretary, from time to time, shall certify to the Secretary of the Treasury the sum payable to each State under this section. The

¹ Section 8503 was amended by section 116(e) (2) of P.L. 94-566.
² Section 8504 was amended by section 116(e) (3) of P.L. 94-566.
³ Subsection (a) was amended by section 214(a) of P.L. 94-566.

Secretary of the Treasury before audit or settlement by the General Accounting Office, shall pay the State in accordance with the certification from the funds for carrying out the purposes of this subchapter.

(d) Money paid a State under this subchapter may be used solely for the purposes for which it is paid. Money so paid which is not used for these purposes shall be returned, at the time specified by the agreement, to the Treasury of the United States and credited to current applicable appropriations, funds, or accounts from which payments to States under this subchapter may be made.

(e) An agreement may—

(1) require each State officer or employee who certifies payments or disburses funds under the agreement, or who otherwise participates in its performance, to give a surety bond to the United States in the amount the Secretary considers necessary; and

(2) provide for payment of the cost of the bond from funds for carrying out the purposes of this subchapter.

(f) In the absence of gross negligence or intent to defraud the United States, an individual designated by the Secretary, or designated under an agreement, as a certifying official is not liable for the payment of compensation certified by him under this subchapter.

(g) In the absence of gross negligence or intent to defraud the United States, a disbursing official is not liable for a payment by him under this subchapter if it was based on a voucher signed by a certifying official designated as provided by subsection (f) of this section.

(h) For the purpose of payments made to a State under subchapter III of chapter 7 of title 42, administration by a State agency under an agreement is deemed a part of the administration of the State unemployment compensation law.

§ 8506. DISSEMINATION OF INFORMATION.

(a) Each agency of the United States and each wholly or partially owned instrumentality of the United States shall make available to State agencies which have agreements under this subchapter, or to the Secretary of Labor, as the case may be, such information concerning the Federal service and Federal wages of a Federal employee as the Secretary considers practicable and necessary for the determination of the entitlement of the Federal employee to compensation under this subchapter. The information shall include the findings of the employing agency concerning—

(1) whether or not the Federal employee has performed Federal service:

(2) the periods of Federal service;

(3) the amount of Federal wages; and

(4) the reasons for termination of Federal service.

The employing agency shall make the findings in the form and manner prescribed by regulations of the Secretary. The regulations shall include provision for correction by the employing agency of errors and omissions. This subsection does not apply with respect to Federal service and F-deral wages covered by subchapter II of this chapter.¹

(b) The agency administering the unemployment compensation law of a State shall furnish the Secretary such information as he considers necessary or appropriate in carrying out this subchapter. The information is deemed the report required by the Secretary for the purpose of section 503(a) (6) of title 42.

§ 8507. FALSE STATEMENTS AND MISREPRESENTATIONS.

- (a) If a State agency, the Secretary of Labor, or a court of competent jurisdiction finds that an individual—
 - (1) knowingly has made, or caused to be made by another, a false statement or representation of a material fact, or knowingly has failed, or caused another to fail, to disclose a material fact; and
- (2) as a result of that action has received an amount as compensation under this subchapter to which he was not entitled; the individual shall repay the amount to the State agency or the Secretary. Instead of requiring repayment under this subsection, the State agency or the Secretary may recover the amount by deductions from compensation payable to the individual under this subchapter during the 2-year period after the date of the finding. A finding by a State agency or the Secretary may be made only after an opportunity for a fair hearing, subject to such further review as may be appropriate under sections 8502(d) and 8503(c) of this title.
- (b) An amount repaid under subsection (a) of this section shall be—
 - (1) deposited in the fund from which payment was made, if the repayment was to a State agency; or
 - (2) returned to the Treasury of the United States and credited to the current applicable appropriation, fund, or account from which payment was made, if the repayment was to the Secretary.

\$8508. REGULATIONS.

The Secretary of Labor may prescribe rules and regulations necessary to carry out this subchapter and subchapter II of this chapter. The Secretary, insofar as practicable, shall consult with representatives of the State unemployment compensation agencies before prescribing rules or regulations which may affect the performance by the State agencies of functions under agreements under this subchapter.

¹ Subsection (a) was amended by section 318 of P.L. 94-566.

§ 8509. FEDERAL EMPLOYEES COMPENSATION ACCOUNT 1

- (a) The Federal Employees Compensation Account (as established by section 909 of the Social Security Act, and hereafter in this section referred to as the 'Account') in the Unemployment Trust Fund (as established by section 904 of such Act) shall consist of—
 - (1) funds appropriated to or transferred thereto, and
 - (2) amounts deposited therein pursuant to subsection (c).
- (b) Moneys in the Account shall be available only for the purpose of making payments to States pursuant to agreements entered into under this chapter and making payments of compensation under this chapter in States which do not have in effect such an agreement.²

(c) (1) Each employing agency shall deposit into the Accountamounts equal to the expenditures incurred under this chapter on account of Federal service performed by employees and former employees of that agency.²

- (2) Deposits required by paragraph (1) shall be made during each calendar quarter and the amount of the deposit to be made by any employing agency during any quarter shall be based on a determination by the Secretary of Labor as to the amounts of payments, made prior to such quarter from the Account based on Federal service performed by employees of such agency after December 31, 1980, with respect to which deposit has not previously been made. The amount to be deposited by any employing agency during any calendar quarter shall be adjusted to take account of any overpayment or underpayment of deposit during any previous quarter for which adjustment has not already been made.
- (d) The Secretary of Labor shall certify to the Secretary of the Treasury the amount of the deposit which each employing agency is required to make to the Account during any calendar quarter, and the Secretary of the Treasury shall notify the Secretary of Labor as to the date and amount of any deposit made to such Account by any such agency.
- (e) Prior to the beginning of each fiscal year (commencing with the fiscal year which begins October 1, 1981) the Secretary of Labor shall estimate—
 - (1) the amount of expenditures which will be made from the Account during such year, and
- (2) the amount of funds which will be available during such year for the making of such expenditures, and if, on the basis of such estimate, he determines that the amount

described in paragraph (2) is in excess of the amount necessary—
(3) to meet the expenditures described in paragraph (1), and

¹ Sec. 8509 was amended by sec. 1028(b) of P.L. 96-499.

² Subsec. (b) was amended by sec. 201(a) (1) of P.L. 97-362.

^{*} Subsec. (c) (1) was amended by sec. 201(a) (1) of P.L. 97-362.

(4) to provide a reasonable contingency fund so as to assure that there will, during all times in such year, be sufficient sums available in the Account to meet the expenditures described in paragraph (1),

he shall certify the amount of such excess to the Secretary of the Treasury and the Secretary of the Treasury shall transfer, from the Account to the general fund of the Treasury, an amount equal to such excess.

- (f) The Secretary of Labor is authorized to establish such rules and regulations as may be necessary or appropriate to carry out the provisions of this section.
- (g) Any funds appropriated after the establishment of the Account, for the making of payments for which expenditures are authorized to be made from moneys in the Account, shall be made to the Account; and there are hereby authorized to be appropriated to the Account, from time to time, such sums as may be necessary to assure that there will, at all times, be sufficient sums available in the Account to meet the expenditures authorized to be made from moneys therein.
- (h) For purposes of this section, the term "Federal service" includes Federal service as defined in section 8521(a).

¹ Subsec. (h) was added by sec. 201(a)(2) of P.L. 97-362.

SUBCHAPTER II—EX-SERVICEMEN

\$ 8521. DEFINITIONS; APPLICATION.

(a) For the purpose of this subchapter—

- (1) "Federal service" means active service (not including active duty in a reserve status unless for a continuous period of 180 days or more) in the armed forces or the Commissioned Corps of the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration if with respect to that service—
 - (A) the individual was discharged or released under honorable conditions (and, if an officer, did not resign for the good of the service); and
 - (B)(i) the individual was discharged or released after completing his first full term of active service which the individual initially agreed to serve, or
 - (ii) the individual was discharged or released before completing such term of active service—
 - (I) for the convenience of the Government under an early release program,
 - (II) because of medical disqualification, pregnancy, parenthood, or any service-incurred injury or disability,
 - (III) because of hardship, or
 - (IV) because of personality disorders or inaptitude but only if the service was continuous for 365 days or more:¹.
- (2) "Federal wages" means all pa; and allowances, in cash and in kind, of Federal service, computed on the basis of the pay and allowances for the pay grade of the individual at the time of his latest discharge or release from Federal service as specified in the schedule applicable at the time he files his first claim for compensation for the benefit year. The Secretary of Labor shall issue, from time to time, after consultation with the Secretary of Defense, schedules specifying the pay and allowances for each pay grade of servicemen covered by this subchapter, which reflect representative amounts for appropriate elements of the pay and allowances whether in cash or in kind; and
- (3) "State" means the several States, the District of Columbia, the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, and the Virgin Islands.²
- (b) The provisions of subchapter I of this chapter, subject to the modifications made by this subchapter, apply to individuals who have had Federal service as defined by subsection (a) of this section.
- (c) (1) An individual shall not be entitled to compensation under this subchapter for any week before the fifth week beginning after the week in which the individual was discharged or released.

¹ Par. (1) was amended in its entirety by sec. 201(a) of P.L. 97-362.

² Par. (3) was amended by sec. 116(e) (4) of P.L. 94-566.

(2) The aggregate amount of compensation payable on the basis of Federal service (as defined in subsection (a)) to any individual with respect to any benefit year shall not exceed 13 times the individual's weekly benefit amount for total unemployment.

§ 8522. ASSIGNMENT OF FEDERAL SERVICE AND WAGES.

Notwithstanding section 8504 of this title, Federal service and Federal wages not previously assigned shall be assigned to the State in which the claimant first files claim for unemployment compensation after his latest discharge or release from Federal service. This assignment is deemed as assignment under section 8504 of this title for the purpose of this subchapter.²

§ 8523. DISSEMINATION OF INFORMATION.

- (a) When designated by the Secretary of Labor, an agency of the United States shall make available to the appropriate State agency or to the Secretary, as the case may be, such information, including findings in the form and manner prescribed by regulations of the Secretary, as the Secretary considers practicable and necessary for the determination of the entitlement of an individual to compensation under this subchapter.
- (b) Subject to correction of errors and omissions as prescribed by regulations of the Secretary, the following are final and conclusive for the purpose of sections 8502(d) and 8503(c) of this title:
 - (1) Findings by an agency of the United States made in accordance with subsection (a) of this section with respect to—
 - (A) whether or not an individual has met any condition specified by section 8521(a) (1) of this title;
 - (B) the periods of Federal service; and
 - (C) the pay grade of the individual at the time of his latest discharge or release from Federal service.
 - (2) The schedules of pay and allowances prescribed by the Secretary under section 8521(a) (2) of this title.

§ 8524. [Repealed.]

§ 8525. EFFECT ON OTHER STATUTES.

- (a) [Repealed].
- (b) An individual is not entitled to compensation under this subchapter for any period with respect to which he receives—
 - (1) a subsistence allowance under chapter 31 of title 38 or under part VIII of Veterans Regulation Numbered 1(a); or
 - (2) an educational assistance allowance under chapter 35 of title 38.

¹ Subsec. (c) was added by sec. 201(b) of P.L. 97-362.

² Sec. 8522 was amended by sec. 116(e) (5) of P.L. 94-566.

Excerpts From Public Law 93-66, As Amended

TITLE II—PROVISIONS RELATING TO THE SOCIAL SECURITY ACT

Part B—Provisions Relating to Federal Program of Supplemental Security Income

Supplemental Security Income Benefits For Essential Persons

Sec. 211. (a) (1) In determining (for purposes of Title XVI of the Social Security Act, as in effect after December 1973) the eligibility for and the amount of the supplemental security income benefit payable to any qualified individual (as defined in subsection (b)), with respect to any period for which such individual has in his home an essential person (as defined in subsection (c))—

(A) the dollar amounts specified in subsection (a) (1) (A) and (2) (A), and subsection (b) (1) and (2), of section 1611 of such Act, shall each be increased by \$876 \(^1\) for each such essential person,

and

(B) the income and resources of such individual shall (for purposes of such title XVI) be deemed to include the income and resources of such essential person;

except that the provisions of this subsection shall not, in the case of any individual, be applicable for any period which begins in or after the first month that such individual—

- (C) does not but would (except for the provisions of subparagraph (B)) meet—
 - (i) the criteria established with respect to income in section 1611(a) of such Act, or
 - (ii) the criteria established with respect to resources by such section 1611(a), (or, if applicable, by section 1611(g) of such Act).
- (2) The provisions of section 1611(g) of the Social Security Act (as in effect after December 1973) shall, in the case of any qualified

¹ Under section 1617 of the Social Security Act, the amount \$876 is increased to reflect cost-of-living changes. The amounts (on a monthly basis) are shown in item 2 of appendix E for 1975 and later years.

individual (as defined in subsection (b)), be applied so as to include, in the resources of such individual, the resources of any person (described in subsection (b)(2)) whose needs were taken into account in determining the need of such individual for the aid or assistance referred to in subsection (b)(1).

(b) For purposes of this section, an individual shall be a "qualified

individual" only if-

(1) for the month of December 1973 such individual was a recipient of aid or assistance under a State plan approved under title I, X, XIV, or XVI of the Social Security Act, and

- (2) in determining the need of such individual for such aid or assistance for such month under such State plan, there were taken into account the needs of a person (other than such individual) who—
 - (A) was living in the home of such individual, and
 - (B) was not eligible (in his or her own right) for aid or assistance under such State plan for such month.
- (c) The term "essential person", when used in connection with any qualified individual, means a person who—
 - (1) for the month of December 1973 was a person (described in subsection (b)(2)) whose needs were taken into account in determining the need of such individual for aid or assistance under a State plan referred to in subsection (b)(1) as such State plan was in effect for June 1973,
 - (2) lives in the home of such individual,
 - (3) is not eligible (in his or her own right) for supplemental security income benefits under title XVI of the Social Security Act (as in effect after December 1973), and
 - (4) is not the eligible spouse (as that term is used in such title XVI) of such individual or any other individual.

If for any month after December 1973 any person fails to meet the criteria specified in paragraph (2), (3), or (4) of the preceding sentence, such person shall not, for such month or any month thereafter be considered to be an essential person.

Mandatory Minimum State Supplementation of SSI Benefits Program

Sec. 212. (a) (1) In order for any State (other than the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, Guam, or the Virgin Islands) to be eligible for payments pursuant to title XIX, with respect to expenditures for any quarter beginning after December 1973, such State must have in effect an agreement with the Secretary of Health, Education, and Welfare (hereinafter in this section referred to as the "Secretary") whereby

the State will provide to individuals residing in the State supplementary payments as required under paragraph (2).

(2) Any agreement entered into by a State pursuant to paragraph

(1) shall provide that each individual who—

(A) is an aged, blind, or disabled individual (within the meaning of section 1614(a) of the Social Security Act, as enacted by section 301 of the Social Security Amendments of 1972), and

(B) for the month of December 1973 was a recipient of (and was eligible to receive) aid or assistance (in the form of money payments) under a State plan of such State (approved under title I, X, XIV, or XVI, of the Social Security Act)

shall be entitled to receive, from the State, the supplementary payment described in paragraph (3) for each month, beginning with January 1974, and ending with whichever of the following first occurs:

(C) the month in which such individual dies, or

(D) the first month in which such individual ceases to meet the condition specified in subparagraph (A);

except that no individual shall be entitled to receive such supplementary payment for any month, if, for such month, such individual was ineligible to receive supplemental income benefits under title XVI of the Social Security Act by reason of the provisions of section 1611(e)(1)(A), (2), or (3), 1611(f), or 1615(c) of such Act.

- (3) (A) The supplementary payment referred to in paragraph (2) which shall be paid for any month to any individual who is entitled thereto under an agreement entered into pursuant to this subsection, shall (except as provided in subparagraphs (D) and (E)) be an amount equal to (i) the amount by which such individual's "December 1973 income" (as determined under subparagraph (B)) exceeds the amount of such individual's "title XVI benefit plus other income" (as determined under subparagraph (C)) for such month, or (ii) if greater, such amount as the State may specify.
- (B) For purposes of subparagraph (A), an individual's "December 1973 income" means an amount equal to the aggregate of—
 - (i) the amount of the aid or assistance (in the form of money payments) which such individual would have received (including any part of such amount which is attributable to meeting the needs of any other person whose presence in such individual's home is essential to such individual's well-being) for the month of December 1973 under a plan (approved under title I, X, XIV, or XVI, of the Social Security Act) of the State entering into an agreement under this subsection, if the terms and conditions of such plan (relating to eligibility for and amount of such aid or assistance payable thereunder) were, for the month of December 1973, the same as those in effect, under such plan, for the month of

June 1973, together with the bonus value of food stamps for January 1972, as defined in section 401(b)(3) of Public Law 92-603, if, for such month, such individual resides in a State which provides State supplementary payments (I) of the type described in section 1616(a) of the Social Security Act, and (II) the level of which has been found by the Secretary pursuant to section 8 of Public Law 93-233 to have been specifically increased so as to include the bonus value of food stamps, and

(ii) the amount of the income of such individual (other than the aid or assistance described in clause (i)) received by such individual in December 1973, minus any such income which did not result, but which if properly reported would have resulted

in a reduction in the amount of such aid or assistance.

(C) For purposes of subparagraph (A), the amount of an individual's "title XVI benefit plus other income" for any month means an amount equal to the aggregate of—

(i) the amount (if any) of the supplemental security income benefit to which such individual is entitled for such month under

title XVI of the Social Security Act, and

(ii) the amount of any income of such individual for such month (other than income in the form of a benefit described in clause (i)).

(D) If the amount determined under subparagraph (B)(i) includes, in the case of any individual, an amount which was payable to such individual solely because of—

(i) a special need of such individual (including any special allowance for housing, or the rental value of housing furnished in kind to such individual in lieu of a rental allowance) which existed in December 1973, or

(ii) any special circumstance (such as the recognition of the needs of a person whose presence in such individual's home, in December 1973, was essential to such individual's well-being),

and, if for any month after December 1973 there is a change with respect to such special need or circumstance which, if such change had existed in December 1973, the amount described in subparagraph (B) (i) with respect to such individual would have been reduced on account of such change, then, for such month and for each month thereafter the amount of the supplementary payment payable under the agreement entered into under this subsection to such individual shall (unless the State, at its option, otherwise specifies) be reduced by an amount equal to the amount by which the amount (described in subparagraph (B) (i)) would have been so reduced.

(E)(i) In the case of an individual who, for December 1973 lived as a member of a family unit other members of which received aid

(in the form of money payments) under a State plan of a State approved under part A of title IV of the Social Security Act, such State at its option, may (subject to clause (ii)) reduce such individual's December 1973 income (as determined under subparagraph (B)) to such extent as may be necessary to cause the supplementary payment (referred to in paragraph (2)) payable to such individual for January 1974 or any month thereafter to be reduced to a level designed to assure that the total income of such individual (and of the members of such family unit) for any month after December 1973 does not exceed the total income of such individual (and of the members of such family unit) for December 1973.

- (ii) The amount of the reduction (under clause (i)) of any individual's December 1973 income shall not be in an amount which would cause the supplementary payment (referred to in paragraph (2)) payable to such individual to be reduced below the amount of such supplementary payment which would be payable to such individual if he had, for the month of December 1973 not lived in a family, members of which were receiving aid under part A of title IV of the Social Security Act, and had had no income for such month other than that received as aid or assistance under a State plan approved under title I, X, XIV, or XVI of the Social Security Act.
- (4) Any State having an agreement with the Secretary under paragraph (1) may, at its option, include individuals receiving benefits under section 1619 of the Social Security Act, or who would be eligible to receive such benefits but for their income, under the agreement as though they are aged, blind, or disabled individuals as specified in paragraph (2) (A).

(b) (1) Any State having an agreement with the Secretary under subsection (a) may enter into an administration agreement with the Secretary whereby the Secretary will, on behalf of such State, make the supplementary payments required under the agreement entered into under subsection (a).

(2) Any such administration agreement between the Secretary and a State entered into under this subsection shall provide that the State will (A) certify to the Secretary the names of each individual who, for December 1973, was a recipient of aid or assistance (in the form of money payments) under a plan of such State approved under title I, X, XIV, or XVI of the Social Security Act, together with the amount of such assistance payable to each such individual and the amount of such individual's December 1973 income (as defined in subsection (a)(3)(B)), and (B) provide the Secretary with such additional data at such times as the Secretary may reasonably require in order properly, economically, and efficiently to carry out such administration agreement.

¹ Subpar. (4) was added by sec. 201 of P.L. 96-265.

(3) Any State which has entered into an administration agreement under this subsection shall, at such times and in such installments as may be agreed upon between the Secretary and the State, pay to the Secretary an amount equal to the expenditures made by the Secretary as supplementary payments to individuals entitled thereto under the agreement entered into with such State under subsection (a).

- (c) (1) Supplementary payments made pursuant to an agreement entered into under subsection (a) shall be excluded under section 1612(b) (6) of the Social Security Act (as in effect after December 1973) in determining income of individuals for purposes of title XVI of such Act (as so in effect).
- (2) Supplementary payments made by the Secretary (pursuant to an administration agreement entered into under subsection (b)) shall, for purposes of section 401 of the Social Security Amendments of 1972, be considered to be payments made under an agreement entered into under section 1616 of the Social Security Act (as enacted by section 301 of the Social Security Amendments of 1972); except that nothing in this paragraph shall be construed to waive, with respect to the payments so made by the Secretary, the provisions of subsection (b) of such section 401.
- (d) For purposes of subsection (a) (1), a State shall be deemed to have entered into an agreement under subsection (a) of this section if such State has entered into an agreement with the Secretary under section 1616 of the Social Security Act under which—
 - (1) individuals, other than individuals described in subsection (a) (2) (A) and (B), are entitled to receive supplementary payments, and
 - (2) supplementary benefits are payable, to individuals described in subsection (a)(2) (A) and (B) at a level and under terms and conditions which meet the minimum requirements specified in subsection (a).
- (e) Except as the Secretary may by regulations otherwise provide, the provisions of title XVI of the Social Security Act (as enacted by section 301 of the Social Security Amendments of 1972), including the provisions of part B of such title, relating to the terms and conditions under which the benefits authorized by such title are payable shall, where not inconsistent with the purposes of this section, be applicable to the payments made under an agreement under subsection (b) of this section; and the authority conferred upon the Secretary by such title may, where appropriate, be exercised by him in the administration of this section.
- (f) The provisions of subsection (a) (1) shall not be applicable in the case of any State—
 - (1) the Constitution of which contains provisions which make it impossible for such State to enter into and commence carrying out (on January 1, 1974) an agreement referred to in subsection (a), and
 - (2) the Attorney General (or other appropriate State official) of which has, prior to July 1, 1973, made a finding that the State Constitution of such State contains limitations which prevent

such State from making supplemental payments of the type described in section 1616 of the Social Security Act.

Part D-Provisions Relating to Medicaid

Coverage of Essential Persons Under Medicaid

Sec. 230. In the case of any State plan (approved under title XIX of the Social Security Act) which for December 1973 provided medical assistance to persons described in section 1905(a) (vi) of such Act, there is hereby imposed the requirement (and such State plan shall be deemed to require) that medical assistance under such plan be provided to each such person (who for December 1973 was eligible for medical assistance under such plan) for each month (after December 1973) that—

(1) the individual (referred to in the last sentence of section 1905(a) of such Act) with whom such person is living continues to meet the criteria (as in effect for December 1973) for aid or assistance under a State plan (referred to in such sentence), and

(2) such person continues to have the relationship with such individual described in such sentence and meets the other criteria (referred to in such sentence) with respect to a State plan (so referred to) as such plan was in effect for December 1973.

Federal matching under title XIX of the Social Security Act shall be available for the medical assistance furnished to individuals eligible for such assistance under this section.

Persons in Medical Institutions

Sec. 231. For purposes of section 1902(a) (10) of the Social Security Act, any individual who, for all (or any part of) the month of December 1973—

(1) was an inpatient in an institution qualified for reimbursement under title XIX of the Social Security Act, and

(2) (A) received or would (except for his being an inpatient in such institution) have been eligible to receive aid or assistance under a State plan approved under title I, X, XIV, or XVI of such Act, and

(B) on the basis of his status as described in subparagraph (A), was included as an individual eligible for medical assistance under a State plan approved under title XIX of such Act (whether or not such individual actually received aid or assistance under a State plan referred to in subparagraph (A)),

shall be deemed to be receiving such aid or assistance for such month and for such succeeding month in a continuous period of months if, for each month in such period—

- (3) such individual continues to be (for all of such month) an inpatient in such an institution and would (except for his being an inpatient in such institution) continue to meet the conditions of eligibility to receive aid or assistance under such plan (as such plan was in effect for December 1973), and
- (4) such individual is determined (under the utilization review and other professional audit procedures applicable to State plans approved under title XIX of the Social Security Act) to be in need of care in such an institution.

Federal matching under title XIX of the Social Security Act shall be available for the medical assistance furnished to individuals eligible for such assistance under this section.

Blind and Disabled Medically Indigent Persons

Sec. 232. For purposes of section 1902(a) (10) of the Social Security Act, any individual who, for the month of December 1973 was eligible for medical assistance by reason of his having been determined to meet the criteria for blindness or disability (established by a State plan approved under title I, X, XIV, or XVI of such Act), shall be deemed for purposes of title XIX to be an individual who is blind or disabled within the meaning of section 1614(a) of the Social Security Act for each month in a continuous period of months (beginning with the month of January 1974), if, for each month in such period, such individual continues to meet the criteria for blindness or disability so established by such a State plan (as it was in effect for December 1973), and the other conditions of eligibility contained in the plan of the State approved under title XIX (as it was in effect in December 1973). Federal matching under title XIX of the Social Security Act shall be available for the medical assistance furnished to individuals eligible for such assistance under this section.

Excerpts From Public Law 93-233, As Amended

Eligibility of Supplemental Security Income Recipients for Food Stamps

Sec. 8. (a) * * *

[NOTE: Subsections (a) and (b) of section 8 are no longer effective as a result of the amendments made by P.L. 95-113, the Food and Agriculture Act of 1977.]

- (c) For purposes of section 6(g) of the Food Stamp Act of 1977 and subsections (b) (3) and (f) of this section, the level of State supplementary payment under section 1616(a) shall be found by the Secretary to have been specifically increased so as to include the bonus value of food stamps (1) only if, prior to October 1, 1973, the State has entered into an agreement with the Secretary or taken other positive steps which demonstrate its intention to provide supplementary payments under section 1616(a) at a level which is at least equal to the maximum level which can be determined under section 401(b) (1) of the Social Security Amendments of 1972 and which is such that the limitation on State fiscal liability under section 401 does result in a reduction in the amount which would otherwise be payable to the Secretary by the State, and (2) only with respect to such months as the State may, at its option, elect.
- (d) Upon the request of a State, the Secretary shall find, for purposes of the provisions specified in subsection (c), that the level of such State's supplementary payments of the type described in section 1616 (a) of the Social Security Act has been specifically increased for any month so as to include the bonus value of food stamps (and that such State meets the applicable requirements of subsection (c)(1)) if—
 - (1) the Secretary has found (under this subsection or subsection (c), as in effect in December 1980) that such State's supplementary payments in December 1980 were increased to include the bonus value of food stamps; and
 - (2) such State continues without interruption to meet the requirements of section 1618 of such Act for each month after the month referred to in paragraph (1) and up to and including the month for which the Secretary is making the determination.
- (e) Section 401(b)(1) of the Social Security Amendments of 1972 is amended by striking out everything after the word "exceed" and inserting in lieu thereof: "a payment level modification (as defined in paragraph (2) of this subsection) with respect to such plans."
- (f) The amendment made by subsection (e) shall not be effective in any State which provides supplementary payments of the type described in section 1616(a) of the Social Security Act the level of which

¹ Subsec. (d) was amended by sec. 2342 of P.L. 97-35.

has been found by the Secretary to have been specifically increased so as to include the bonus value of food stamps.¹

Continuation of Certain Demonstration Projects

Sec. 11. (a) If any State (other than the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, the Virgin Islands, or Guam) has any experimental, pilot, or demonstration project (referred to in section 1115 of the Social Security Act)—

¹ Section 8 was amended by sec. 8 of P.L. 94-44, by sec. 2 of P.L. 94-365, by P.L. 94-379, by sec. 3 of P.L. 95-59, by sec. 1302 of P.L. 95-113 and by sec. 2342 of P.L. 97-35.

- (1) which (prior to October 1, 1973) has been approved by the Secretary of Health, Education, and Welfare (hereinafter in this section referred to as the "Secretary"), for a period which ends on or after December 31, 1973, as being a project with respect to which the authority conferred upon him by subsection (a) or (b) of such section 1115 will be exercised, and
- (2) with respect to the costs of which Federal financial participation would (except for the provisions of this section) be denied or reduced on account of the enactment of section 301 of the Social Security Amendments of 1972,

then, for any period (after December 31, 1973) with respect to which such project is approved by the Secretary, Federal financial partici-

pation in the costs of such project shall be continued in like manner as if—

(3) such section 301 had not been enacted, and

- (4) such State (for the month of January 1974 and any month therafter) continued to have in effect the State plan (approved under title XVI) which was in effect for the month of October 1973, or the State plans (approved under titles I, X, and XIV of the Social Security Act) which were in effect for such month, as the case may be.
- (b) With respect to individuals—
 - (1) who are participants in any project to which the provisions of subsection (a) are applicable, and
 - (2) with respect to whom supplemental security income benefits are (or would, except for their participation in such project, be) payable under title XVI of the Social Security Act, or who meet the requirements for aid or assistance under a State plan approved under title I, X, XIV, or XVI of the Social Security Act of the State in which such project is conducted (as such State plan was in effect for July 1973),

the Secretary may waive such requirements of title XVI of such Act (as enacted by section 301 of the Social Security Amendments of 1972) to such extent as he determines to be necessary to the successful operation of such project.

- (c) In the case of any State which has entered into an agreement with the Secretary under section 1616 of the Social Security Act (or which is deemed, under section 212(d) of Public Law 93-66, to have entered into such an agreement), then, of the costs of any project of such State with respect to which there is (solely by reason of the provisions of subsection (a)) Federal financial participation, the non-Federal share thereof shall—
 - (1) be paid, from time to time, to such State by the Secretary, and
 - (2) shall for purposes of section 1616(d) of the Social Security Act and section 401 of the Social Security Amendments of 1972, be treated in like manner as if such non-Federal share were supplementary payments made by the Secretary on behalf of such State pursuant to such agreement.

Sec. 13. (a) * * *

Medicaid Eligibility for Individuals Receiving Mandatory State Supplementary Payments

(c) In addition to other requirements imposed by law as conditions for the approval of any State plan under title XIX of the Social

Security Act, there is hereby imposed (effective January 1, 1974) the requirement (and each such State plan shall be deemed to require) that medical assistance under such plan shall be provided to any individual—

- (1) for any month for which there (A) is payable with respect to such individual a supplementary payment pursuant to an agreement entered into between the State and the Secretary of Health, Education, and Welfare under section 212(a) of Public Law 93-66, and (B) would be payable with respect to such individual such a supplementary payment, if the amount of the supplementary payments payable pursuant to such agreement were established without regard to paragraph (3)(A)(ii) of such section 212(a), and
- (2) in like manner, and subject to the same terms and conditions, as medical assistance is provided under such plan to individuals with respect to whom benefits are payable for such month under the supplementary security income program established by title XVI of the Social Security Act.

Federal matching under title XIX of the Social Security Act shall be available for the medical assistance furnished to individuals who are eligible for such assistance under this subsection.

Basis of Medicare Payment for Services Provided by Agencies and Providers

Sec. 16. In the administration of titles V, XVIII, and XIX of the Social Security Act, the amount payable under such title to any provider of services on account of services provided by such hospital, skilled nursing facility, or home health agency shall be determined (for any period with respect to which the amendments made by section 233 of Public Law 92–603 would, except for the provisions of this section, be applicable) in like manner as if the date contained in the first and second sentences of subsection (f) of such section 233 were December 31, 1973, rather than December 31, 1972.

Postponement on Effective Date of Certain Requirements Imposed With Respect to Payment for Physical Therapy Services

Sec. 17. (a) In the administration of title XVIII of the Social Security Act, the amount payable thereunder with respect to physical therapy and other services referred to in section 1861(v)(5)(A) of such Act (as added by section 151(c) of the Social Security Amendments of 1972) shall be determined (for the period with respect to which the amendment made by such section 151(c) would, except for

the provisions of this section, be applicable) in like manner as if the "December 31, 1972", which appears in such subsection (d)(3) of such section 151, read "the month in which there are promulgated, by the Secretary of Health, Education, and Welfare, final regulations implementing the provisions of section 1861(v)(5) of the Social Security Act".

Modification of Provisions Establishing Supplemental Security Income Program

Sec. 19. (a) Section 303(c) of the Social Security Amendments of 1972 is amended to read as follows:

"(c) Section 9 of the Act of April 19, 1950 (64 Stat. 47) is amended to read as follows:

"'SEC. 9. Beginning with the quarter commencing July 1, 1950, the Secretary of the Treasury shall pay quarterly to each State (from sums made available for making payments to the States under section 403(a) of the Social Security Act) an amount, in addition to the amount prescribed to be paid to such State under such section, equal to 80 per centum of the total amount of contributions by the State toward expenditures during the preceding quarter by the State, under the State plan approved under the Social Security Act for aid to dependent children to Navajo and Hopi Indians residing within the boundaries of the State on reservations or on allotted or trust lands, with respect to whom payments are made to the State by the United States under section 403(a) of the Social Security Act, not counting so much of such expenditure to any individual for any month as exceeds the limitations prescribed in such section."

Excerpt From Public Law 94-114

SEC. 6. All property conveyed to tribes pursuant to this Act and all the receipts therefrom referred to in section 5 of this Act, shall be exempt from Federal, State, and local taxation so long as such property is held in trust by the United States. Any distribution of such receipts to tribal members shall neither be considered as income or resources of such members for purposes of any such taxation nor as income, resources, or otherwise utilized as the basis for denying or reducing the financial assistance or other benefits to which such member or his household would otherwise be entitled to under the Social Security Act or any other Federal or federally assisted program.

Excerpts From Public Law 94-182

UPDATING OF THE LIFE SAFETY REQUIREMENTS APPLICABLE TO NURSING HOMES

Sec. 106. (a) Section 1861(j) (13) of the Social Security Act is amended by striking out "(21st edition, 1967)" and inserting in liev thereof "(23d edition, 1973)".

- (b) Subject to subsection (c), the amendment made by subsection (a) shall be effective on the first day of the sixth month which begins after the date of enactment of this Act.¹
- (c) Any institution (or part of an institution) which complied with the requirements of section 1861(j)(13) of the Social Security Act on the day preceding the first day referred to in subsection (b) shall, so long as such compliance is maintained (either by meeting the applicable provisions of the Life Safety Code (21st edition, 1967), with or without waivers of specific provisions, or by meeting the applicable provisions of a fire and safety code imposed by State law as provided for in such section 1861(j)(13)), be considered (for purposes of titles XVIII and XIX of such Act) to be in compliance with the requirements of such section 1861(j)(13), as it is amended by subsection (a) of this section.

GRANTS FOR CERTAIN EXPERIMENTS AND DEMONSTRATION PROJECTS

Sec. 107. Nothing contained in section 222(a) of Public Law 92-603 shall be construed to preclude or prohibit the Secretary of Health, Education, and Welfare from including in any grant otherwise authorized to be made under such section moneys which are to be used for payments, to a participant in a demonstration or experiment with respect to which the grant is made, for or on account of costs incurred or services performed by such participant for a period prior to the date that the project of such participant is placed in operation, if

(1) the applicant for such grant is a State or an agency thereof,

(2) such participant is an individual practice association which has been in existence for at least 3 years prior to the date of enactment of this section and which has in effect a contract with such State (or an agency thereof), entered into prior to the date on which the grant is approved by the Secretary, under which such association will, for a period which begins before and ends arter the date such grant is so approved, provide health care services for individuals entitled to care and services under the State plan of such State which is approved under title XIX of the Social Security Act,

¹ Date of enactment was Dec. 31, 1975.

(3) the purpose of the inclusion of the project of such association is to test the utility of a particular rate-setting methodology, designed to be employed in prepaid health plans, in an individual practice association operation, and

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(4) the applicant for such grant affirms that the use of moneys from such grant to make such payments to such individual practice association is necessary or useful in assuring that such association will be able to continue in operation and carry out the project described in clause (3).

Excerpts From Public Law 94-202

Sec. 7. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, no regulation and no modification of any regulation, promulgated by the Secretary of Health, Education, and Welfare, after the date of enactment of this Act, shall become effective prior to the end of the eighteen-month period which begins with the first day of the first calendar month which begins after the date on which such regulation or modification of a regulation is published in the Federal Register, if and insofar as such regulation or modification of a regulation pertains, directly or indirectly, to the frequency or due dates for payments and reports required under section 218(e) of the Social Security Act.¹

Sec. 8. (a) This section may be cited as the "Combined Old-Age, Survivors, and Disability Insurance-Income Tax Reporting Amendments of 1975".

- (e) Any persons the Board of Trustees finds necessary to employ to assist it in performing its functions under section 201(g) (4) of the Social Security Act may be appointed without regard to the civil service or classification laws, shall be compensated, while so employed at rates fixed by the Board of Trustees, but not exceeding \$100 per day, and, while away from their bomes or regular places of business, they may be allowed traveling expenses, including per diem in lieu of subsistence, as authorized by law for persons in the Government service employed intermittently.

¹ Sec. 508(c) of P.L. 96-265 provides:

[&]quot;(c) The provisions of section 7 of Public Law 94-202 shall not be apparented to the regulation which becomes effective on or after July 1, 1980, and which is designed to the court out the purposes of subsection (a) of this section."

carrying out of the functions of the Department of Health, Education, and Welfare specified in section 232 of such Act, which relate to the administration of provisions of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954 (other than those referred to in clause (i) of the first sentence of section 201(g)(1)(A) of the Social Security Act), during fiscal years ending before the Board of Trustees prescribes the method of making such determinations, shall be made after the Board of Trustees has prescribed such method. The Secretary of Health, Educat. Ind Welfare shall certify to the Managing Trustee the amounts that should be transferred from the general fund in the Treasury to the Trust Funds (as referred to in section 201(g)(1)(A) of the Social Security Act) to insure that the general fund in the Treasury bears its proper share of the costs of carrying out such functions in such fiscal years. The Managing Trustee is authorized and directed to transfer any such amounts in accordance with any certification so made.

(k) Notwithstanding the provisions of section 218(i) of the Social Security Act, nothing contained in the amendments made by the preceding provisions of this section shall be construed to authorize or require the Secretary, in promulgating regulations or amendments thereto under such section 218(i), substantially to modify the procedures, as in effect on December 1, 1975, for the reporting by States to the Secretary of the wages of individuals covered by social security pursuant to Federal-State agreements entered into pursuant to section 218 of the Social Security Act.

Excerpt from Public Law 94-375

Section 1. This Act may be cited as the "Housing Authorization Act of 1976".

Sec. 2. (a) * * *

(h) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the value of any assistance paid with respect to a dwelling unit under the United States Housing Act of 1937, the National Housing Act, section 101 of the Housing and Urban Development Act of 1965, or title V of the Housing Act of 1949 may not be considered as income or a resource for the purpose of determining the eligibility of, or the amount of the benefits payable to, any person living in such unit for assistance under title XVI of the Social Security Act. This subsection shall become effective on October 1, 1976.

Excerpts From Public Law 94-437

Section 1. This Act may be cited as the "Indian Health Care Improvement Act".

TITLE IV—ACCESS TO HEALTH SERVICES

ELIGIBILITY OF INDIAN HEALTH SERVICE FACILITIES UNDER MEDICARE PROGRAM

Sec. 401: (a) * * * 1

- (c) Any payments received for services provided to beneficiaries hereunder shall not be considered in determining appropriations for health care and services to Indians.
- (d) Nothing herein authorizes the Secretary to provide services to an Indian beneficiary with coverage under title XVIII of the Social Security Act, as amended, in preference to an Indian beneficiary without such coverage.

SERVICES PROVIDED TO MEDICAID ELIGIBLE INDIANS

Sec. 402. (a) * * * 2

- (b) The Secretary is authorized to enter into agreements with the appropriate State agency for the purpose of reimbursing such agency for health care and services provided in Service facilities to Indians who are eligible for medical assistance under title XIX of the Social Security Act, as amended.
- (c) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, payments to which any facility of the Indian Health Service (including a hospital, intermediate care facility, or skilled nursing facility) is entitled under a State plan approved under title XIX of the Social Security Act by reason of section 1911 of such Act shall be placed in a special fund to be held by the Secretary and used by him (to such extent or in such amounts as are provided in appropriation Acts) exclusively for the purpose of making any improvements in the facilities of such Service which may be necessary to achieve compliance with the applicable conditions and requirements of such title. The preceding sentence shall cease to apply when the Secretary determines and certifies that substantially all of the health facilities of such Service in the United States are in compliance with such conditions and requirements.
- (d) Any payments received for services provided recipients hereunder shall not be considered in determining appropriations for the provision of health care and services to Indians.

¹ Subsection (a) added section 1880 to the Social Security Act.

² Subsection (a) added section 1911 to the Social Security Act.

REPORT

Sec. 403. The Secretary shall include in his annual report required by section 701 an accounting on the amount and use of funds made available to the service pursuant to this title as a result of reimbursements through titles XVIII and XIX of the Social Security Act, as amended.

Excerpts From Public Law 94-455, as Amended

Sec. 101. Short Title. This Act may be cited as the "Tax Reform Act of 1976".

Sec. 1207. * * *

(f) Effective Dates.—

(4) Subsection (e)1.—

(A) The amendments made by paragraphs (1) (A) and (2) (A) of subsection (e) shall apply to services performed after December 31, 1971. The amendments made by paragraphs (1) (B), (1) (C), and (2) (B) of such subsection shall apply to taxable years ending after December 31, 1954. The amendments made by paragraph (3) of such subsection shall apply to calendar years beginning after the date of the enactment of this Act.

(B) Notwithstanding subparagraph (A), if the owner or operator of any boat treated a share of the boat's catch of fish or other aquatic animal life (or a share of the proceeds therefrom) received by an individual after December 31, 1954, and before the date of the enactment of this Act for services performed by such individual after December 31, 1954, on such boat as being subject to the tax under chapter 21 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954, then the amendments made by paragraphs (1) (A) and (B) and (2) of subsection (e) shall not apply with respect to such services performed by such individual (and the share of the catch, or proceeds therefrom, received by him for such services).²

¹ Subsection (e) of section 1207 amended sections 3121(b), 1402(c) (2), 3401(a), 6050A, and 6652(b) of the Internal Revenue Code and sections 210(a) and 211(c) (2) of the Social Security Act.

² Paragraph (2) was amended by section 701(z) of Public Law 95–600.

SEC. 2111. EMPLOYER'S DUTIES IN CONNECTION WITH THE RECORDING AND REPORTING OF TIPS.

- (a) Suspension of Rulings.—Until January 1, 1979, the law with respect to the duty of an employer under section 6041(a) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954 to report charge account tips of employees to the Internal Revenue Service (other than charge account tips included in statements furnished to the employer under section 6053(a) of such Code) shall be administered—
 - (1) without regard to Revenue Rulings 75-400 and 76-231, and
 - (2) in accordance with the manner in which such law was administered before the issuance of such rulings.
- (b) Effective Date.—This section shall take effect on January 1, 1976.

Excerpts From Public Law 94-563, as Amended

Sec. 2. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, no refund or credit of any tax paid under section 3101 or 3111 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954 by an organization described in section 501(c) (3) of such Code which is exempt from income tax under section 501(a) of such Code shall be made on or after September 9, 1976, by reason of such organization's failure to file a waiver certificate under section 3121(k)(1) of such Code (or the corresponding provision of prior law), if such organization is deemed to have filed such a certificate under section 3121(k)(4) of such Code (as added by the first section of this Act).

Sec. 3. In any case where—

- (1) an individual performed service, as an employee of an organization which is deemed under section 3121(k)(5) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954 to have filed a waiver certificate under section 3121(k)(1) of such Code, at any time prior to the period for which such certificate is effective;
- (?) the taxes imposed by sections 3101 and 3111 of such Code were paid with respect to remuneration paid for such service, but such service (or any part thereof) does not constitute employment (as defined in section 210(a) of the Social Security Act and section 3121(b) of such Code) because the applicable taxes so paid were refunded or credited (otherwise than through a refund or credit which would have been allowed if a valid waiver certificate filed under section 3121(k)(1) of such Code had been in effect) prior to September 9, 1976; and
- (3) any portion of such service (with respect to which taxes were paid and refunded or credited as described in paragraph (2)) would constitute employment (as so defined) if the orga-

nization had actually filed under section 3121(k) (1) of such Code a valid waiver certificate effective as provided in section 3121(k) (5) (B) thereof (with such individual's signature appearing on the accompanying list),

the remuneration paid for the portion of such service described in paragraph (3) shall, upon the request of such individual (filed on or before April 15, 1980, in such manner and form, and with such official. as may be prescribed by regulations made under title II of the Social Security Act) accompanied by full repayment of the taxes which were paid under section 3101 of such Code with respect to such remuneration and so refunded or credited (or by satisfactory evidence that appropriate arrangements have been made for the repayment of such taxes in installments as provided in section 3121(k)(8) of such Code), be deemed to constitute remuneration for employment as so defined. In any case where remuneration paid by an organization to an individual is deemed under the preceding sentence to constitute remuneration for employment, such organization shall be liable (notwithstanding any other provision of such Code) for repayment of any taxes which it paid under section 3111 of such Code with respect to such remuneration and which were refunded or credited to it.1

Excerpts From Public Law 94-566

Section 1. Short title.

This Act may be cited as the "Unemployment Compensation Amendments of 1976".

TITLE V-MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS

SEC. 503. PRESERVATION OF MEDICAID ELIGIBILITY FOR INDIVID-UALS WHO CEASE TO BE ELIGIBLE FOR SUPPLEMENTAL SECURITY INCOME BENEFITS ON ACCOUNT OF COST-OF-LIVING INCREASES IN SOCIAL SECURITY BENEFITS.

In addition to other requirements imposed by law as a condition for the approval of any State plan under title XIX of the Social Security Act, there is hereby imposed the requirement (and each such State plan shall be deemed to require) that medical assistance under such plan shall be provided to any individual, for any month after June 1977 for which such individual is entitled to a monthly insurance benefit under title II of such Act but is not eligible for benefits under title XVI of such Act, in like manner and subject to the same terms and conditions as are applicable under such State plan in the case of individuals who are eligible for and receiving benefits under such title XVI for such month, if for such month such individual would be (or could become) eligible for benefits under such title XVI

¹ Sec. 3 was amended by sec. 312(e) of P.L. 95-216.

except for amounts of income received by such individual and his spouse (if any) which are attributable to increases in the level of monthly insurance benefits payable under title II of such Act which have occurred pursuant to section 215(i) of such Act, in the case of such individual, since the last month after April 1977 for which such individual was both eligible for (and received) benefits under such title XVI and was entitled to a monthly insurance benefit under such title II, and, in the case of such individual's spouse (if any), since the last such month for which such spouse was both eligible for (and received) benefits under such title XVI and was entitled to a monthly insurance benefit under such title XVI and was entitled to a monthly insurance benefit under such title II. Solely for purposes of this section, payments of the type described in section 1616(a) of the Social Security Act or of the type described in section 212(a) of Public Law 93-66 shall be deemed to be benefits under title XVI of the Social Security Act.

SEC. 508. STATE EMPLOYMENT OFFICES TO SUPPLY DATA IN AID OF ADMINISTRATION OF AFDC AND CHILD SUPPORT PROGRAMS.

- (a) In General.—Section 3(a) of the Act entitled "An Act to provide for the establishment of a national employment system and for cooperation with the States in the promotion of such system, and for other purposes", approved June 6, 1933 (29 U.S.C. 49b(a)), is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new sentence: "It shall be the further duty of the bureau to assure that such employment offices in each State, upon request of a public agency administering or supervising the administration of a State plan approved under part A of title IV of the Social Security Act or of a public agency charged with any duty or responsibility under any program or activity authorized or required under part D of title IV of such Act, shall (and, notwithstanding any other provision of law, is hereby authorized to) furnish to such agency making the request, from any data contained in the files of any such employment office, information with respect to any individual specified in the request as to (A) whether such individual is receiving, has received, or has made application for, unemployment compensation, and the amount of any such compensation being received by such individual, (B) the current (or most recent) home address of such individual, and (C) whether such individual has refused an offer of employment and, if so, a description of the employment so offered and terms, conditions, and rate of pay therefor.".
- (b) Provision for Reimbursement of Expenses.—For purposes of section 403 of the Social Security Act, expenses incurred to reimburse State employment offices for furnishing information requested of such offices pursuant to the third sentence of section 3(a) of the Act

entitled "An Act to provide for the establishment of a national employment system and for cooperation with the States in the promotion of such system, and for other purposes", approved June 6, 1933 (29 U.S.C. 49b(a), by a State or local agency administering a State plan approved under part A of title IV of the Social Security Act shall be considered to constitute expenses incurred in the administration of such State plan; and for purposes of section 455 of the Social Security Act, expenses incurred to reimburse State employment offices for furnishing information so requested by a State or local agency charged with the duty of carrying out a State plan for child support approved under part D of title IV of the Social Security Act shall be considered to constitute expenses incurred in the administration of such State plan.

Excerpts From Public Law 94-585

Sec. 1. (a) * * *

(b) Administrative costs incurred by a State plan for aid and services to needy families with children, approved under Part A of title IV of the Social Security Act, in conducting procedures (described in section 410 of such Act, as added by subsection (a) of this section) in connection with the food stamp program shall be paid from funds appropriated to carry out the Food Stamp Act of 1964, as amended. Sec. 2. (a) * * *

Excerpts From Public Law 95-142, as amended

SHORT TITLE

Section 1. This Act may be cited as the "Medicare-Medicaid Anti-Fraud and Abuse Amendments".

Sec. 4(a) * * *

(c) Section 204(a) of Public Law 94-505 (42 U.S.C. 3524) (relating to annual reports of the Health, Education, and Welfare Inspector General) is amended by adding at the end thereof the following sentences: "Such report also shall include a detailed description of the cases referred by the Department of Health, Education, and Welfare to the Department of Justice during the period covered by the report, an evaluation of the performance of the Department of Justice in the investigation and prosecution of criminal violations relating to fraud

in the programs of health insurance and medical assistance provided under titles XVIII and XIX of the Social Security Act, and any recommendations with respect to improving the performance of such activities by the Department of Justice. Promptly, after the Inspector General submits such a report to Congress, the Attorney General shall report to Congress concerning the details of the disposition of the cases referred to the Department of Justice and described in the Inspector General's report.".

SUSPENSION OF PRACTITIONERS CONVICTED OF MEDICARE- OR MEDICAID-RELATED CRIMES

Sec. 7. (a) * * *

(d) Section 332(c) of the Public Health Service Act (relating to considerations in the designation of health manpower shortage areas) is amended by inserting after paragraph (2) the following new paragraph:

"(3) The extent to which individuals who are (A) residents of the area, members of the population group, or patients in the medical facility or other public facility under consideration for designation, and (B) entitled to have payment made for medical services under title XVIII or XIX of the Social Security Act, cannot obtain such services because of suspension of physicians from the programs under such title.".

(e) (1) The amendment made by subsection (d) shall apply with respect to determinations and designations made on and after the date of the enactment of this Act.

Sec. 17(a) * * *

- (d) Section 402(a) (1) of the Social Security Amendments of 1967 (Public Law 90-248), as amended by section 222 of the Social Security Amendments of 1972 (Public Law 92-603), is amended—
 - (1) by striking out "and" at the end of subparagraph (H);
 - (2) by striking out the period at the end of subparagraph (I) and inserting in lieu thereof "; and"; and
 - (3) by adding after subparagraph (I) the following new subparagraph:
 - "(J) to develop or demonstrate improved methods for the investigation and prosecution of fraud in the provision of care or services under the health programs established by the Social Security Act.".
- (e) (1) The amendment made by subsection (a) shall apply with respect to calendar quarters beginning after September 30, 1977.

(2) The Secretary of Health, Education, and Welfare shall establish such regulations, not later than ninety days after the date of enactment of this Act, as are necessary to carry out the amendments made by this section.

Sec. 19. (a) * * *

(c) (1) The Secretary of Health, Education, and Welfare shall establish the systems described in section 1121(a) of the Social Security Act (added by subsection (a) of this section) only after consultation with interested parties and—

(A) for hospitals, skilled nursing facilities, and intermediate care facilities, not later than the end of the one-year period, and

(B) for other types of health services facilities and organizations, not later than the end of the two-year period,

beginning on the date of enactment of this Act.

- (2) (A) The amendments made by subsection (b) shall apply with respect to operations of a hospital, skilled nursing facility, or intermediate care facility, on and after the first day of its first fiscal year which begins after the end of the six-month period beginning on the date a uniform reporting system is established (under section 1121(a) of the Social Security Act) for that type of he 'services facility.
- (B) The amendments made by subsection hall apply, with respect to the operation of a health services it mity or organization which is neither a hospital, a skilled nursing facility, nor an intermediate care facility, on and after the first day of its first fiscal year which begins after such date as the Secretary of Health, Education, and Welfare determines to be appropriate for the implementation of the reporting requirement for that type of facility or organization.
- (C) Except as provided in subparagraphs (A) and (B), the amendments made by subsection (b) (2) shall apply, with respect to State plans approved under title XIX of the Social Security Act, on and after October 1, 1977.

Sec. 20. (a) * * *

- (c) (1) Except as provided in paragraph (2), the amendments made by this section shall be effective on October 1, 1977, and the Secretary of Health, Education, and Welfare shall promptly adjust payments made to States under section 1903 of the Social Security Act to reflect the changes made by such amendments.
- (2) The amount of any reduction in the Federal medical assistance percentage of a State, otherwise required to be imposed under section 1903(g)(1) of the Social Security Act because of an unsatisfactory

or invalid showing made by the State with respect to a calendar quarter beginning on or after January 1, 1977, shall be determined under such section as amended by this section. Subparagraph (B) of paragraph (4) of section 1903(g) of such Act, as added by this section, shall apply to any showing made by a State under such section with respect to a calendar quarter beginning on or after January 1, 1977.

PROTECTION OF PATIENT FUNDS

- SEC. 21. (a) Section 1861(j) of the Social Security Act is amended by striking out "and" at the end of paragraph (13) and inserting immediately after such paragraph (13) the following new paragraph:
 - "(14) establishes and maintains a system that (A) assures a full and complete accounting of its patients' personal funds, and (B) includes the use of such separate account for such funds as will preclude any commingling of such funds with facility funds or with the funds of any person other than another such patient; and".
- (b) The Secretary of Health, Education, and Welfare shall, by regulation, define those costs which may be charged to the personal funds of patients in skilled nursing facilities who are individuals receiving benefits under the provisions of title XVIII, or under a State plan approved under the provisions of title XIX, of the Social Security Act, and those costs which are to be included in the reasonable cost or reasonable charge for extended care services as determined under the provisions of title XVIII, or for skilled nursing and intermediate care facility services as determined under the provisions of title XIX, of such Act.
- (c) (1) The amendments made by subsection (a) shall be effective on the first day of the first calendar quarter which begins more than six months after the date of enactment of this Act.
- (2) The Secretary of Health, Education, and Welfare shall issue the regulations required under subsection (b) within ninety days after the date of enactment of this Act.

Excerpts From Public Law 95-210

Section 1. (a) * * *

(c) The Secretary of Health, Education, and Welfare (hereinafter in this Act referred to as the "Secretary") shall conduct a study of the feasibility and desirability of imposing a copayment for each visit to a rural health clinic for rural health clinic services under part B of title XVIII of the Social Security Act, instead of the deductible and coinsurance amounts otherwise required under section 1833 of such Act

¹ Paragraph (2) was amended by section 8(e) of P.L. 95-292.

with respect to the provision of such services. The Secretary shall report to the appropriate committees of Congress, not later than one year after the date of enactment of this Act, on such study and on any recommendations he may have for changes in the provisions of part B of title XVIII of the Social Security Act to reflect the findings of such study.

(e) Any private, nonprofit health care clinic that—

(1) on July 1, 1977, was operating and located in an area which on that date (A) was not an urbanized area (as defined by the Bureau of the Census) and (B) had a supply of physicians insufficient to meet the needs of the area (as determined by the Secretary), and

(2) meets the definition of a rural health clinic under section 1861(aa)(2) or section 1905(l) of the Social Security Act, except for clause (i) of section 1861(aa)(9)

for clause (i) of section 1861 (aa) (2),

shall be considered, for the purposes of title XVIII or XIX, respectively, of the Social Security Act, as satisfying the definition of a rural health clinic under such section.

DEMONSTRATION PROJECTS FOR PHYSICIAN-DIRECTED CLINICS IN URBAN MEDICALLY UNDERSERVED AREAS

- SEC. 3. (a) The Secretary shall provide, through demonstration projects, reimbursement on a cost basis for services provided by physician-directed clinics in urban medically underserved areas for which payment may be made under title XVIII of the Social Security Act and, notwithstanding any other provision of such title, for services provided by a physician assistant or nurse practitioner employed by such clinics which would otherwise be covered under such title if provided by a physician.
- (b) The demonstration projects developed under subsection (a) shall be of sufficient scope and carried out on a broad enough scale to allow the Secretary to evaluate fully—
 - (1) the relative advantages and disadvantages of reimbursement on the basis of costs and fee-for-service for physician-directed clinics employing a physician assistant or nurse practitioner;
 - (2) the appropriate method of determining the compensation for physician services on a cost basis for the purposes of reimbursement of services provided in such clinics;
 - (3) the appropriate definition for such clinics;
 - (4) the appropriate criteria to use for the purposes of designating urban medically underserved areas; and
 - (5) such other possible changes in the provisions of title XVIII of the Social Security Act as might be appropriate for the efficient

and cost-effective reimbursement of services provided in such clinics.

- (c) Grants, payments under contracts, and other expenditures made for demonstration projects under this section shall be made in appropriate part from the Federal Hospital Insurance Trust Fund (established by section 1817 of the Social Security Act) and the Federal Supplementary Medical Insurance Trust Fund (established by section 1841 of the Social Security Act). Grants and payments under contracts may be made either in advance or by way of reimbursement, as may be determined by the Secretary, and shall be made in such installments and on such conditions as the Secretary finds necessary to carry out the purpose of this section. With respect to any such grant, payment, or other expenditure, the amount to be paid from each trust fund shall be determined by the Secretary giving due regard to the purposes of the demonstration projects.
- (d) The Secretary shall submit to the Congress, no later than January 1, 1981, a complete, detailed report on the demonstration projects conducted under subsection (b). Such report shall include any recommendations for legislative changes which the Secretary finds necessary or desirable as a result of carrying out such demonstration projects.
- (e) As used in this section, the terms "physician assistant" and "nurse practitioner" have the meanings given such terms in section 1861(aa)(3) of the Social Security Act.

REPORT BY THE SECRETARY OF HEALTH, EDUCATION, AND WELFARE ON MENTAL HEALTH AND OTHER CENTERS

- Sec. 4. (a) The Secretary shall submit to the Congress, no later than six months after the date of enactment of this Act, a report on the advantages and disadvantages of extending coverage under title XVIII of the Social Security Act to urban or rural comprehensive mental health centers and to centers for treatment of alcoholism and drug abuse.
- (b) The report submitted under subsection (a) shall include evaluations of—
 - (1) the need for coverage under such title of services provided by such centers;
 - (2) the extent of present utilization of such centers by individuals eligible for benefits under such title;
 - (3) alternatives to services provided by such centers presently available to individuals eligible for benefits under such title;
 - (4) the appropriate definition for such centers;
 - (5) the types of treatment provided by such centers;
 - (6) present Federal and State funding for such centers;
 - (7) the extent of coverage by private insurance plans for services provided by such centers;

- (8) present and projected costs of services provided by such centers;
- (9) available methods for assuring proper utilization of such centers;
- (10) the effect of allowing coverage for services provided by such centers on other providers and practitioners; and
- (11) the need for any demonstration projects for further evaluation of the need for coverage for services provided by such centers.

Excerpts From Public Law 95-216

SECTION 1. This Act, with the following table of contents, may be cited as the "Social Security Amendments of 1977".

(2) No notification with respect to an increased exempt amount for individuals described in section 203(f)(8)(D) of the Social Security Act (as added by paragraph (1) of this subsection) shall be required under the last sentence of section 203(f)(8)(B) of such Act in 1977, 1978, 1979, 1980, or 1981; and section 203(f)(8)(C) of such Act shall not prevent the new exempt amount determined and published under section 203(f)(8)(A) in 1977 from becoming effective to the extent that such new exempt amount applies to individuals other than those described in section 203(f)(8)(D) of such Act (as so added).

STUDY OF UNIVERSAL COVERAGE

SEC. 311. (a) The Secretary of Health, Education, and Welfare is directed to undertake, as soon as possible after the date of the enactment of this Act, a thorough study with respect to the extent of the coverage under the old-age, survivors, and disability insurance programs and under the programs established by title XVIII of the Social Security Act. The study shall examine the feasibility and desirability of covering, under such social security programs, Federal employees, State and local governmental employees, and employees of non-profit organizations who are not now covered. The study shall include alternative methods of accomplishing such coverage together with any appropriate alternatives to extending coverage to such employees.

(b) With respect to each major alternative method or proposal included in the study described in subsection (a), such study shall also include an analysis of the changes which would be required in the programs established by the Social Security Act and in any other systems or programs (such as retirement, survivorship, disability, and health

programs) affecting the individuals who would be covered under such social security programs under such alternative method or proposal. Such analysis shall include the structural changes required in such programs, the financial impact of such changes, and the effect of such changes on the benefit rights and contribution liabilities of the affected individuals.

- (c) In conducting the study required by subsection (a), the Secretary of Health, Education, and Welfare shall consult, as appropriate with the Secretary of the Treasury, the Director of the Office of Management and Budget, and the Chairman of Civil Service Commission, and those officials shall provide him with such information and assistance as he may require. The Secretary shall also solicit the views of other appropriate officials and organizations.
- (d) The Secretary of Health, Education, and Welfare shall submit to the President and the Congress, not later than 2 years after the date of the enactment of this Act, a report of the findings of the study required by subsection (a) together with his recommendations for any appropriate legislative changes.

Sec. 312. (a) * * *

(c) In any case where—

- (1) an individual performed service, as an employee of an organization which is deemed under section 3121(k)(4) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954 to have filed a waiver certificate under section 3121(k)(1) of such Code, on or after the first day of the applicable period described in subparagraph (A)(ii) of such section 3121(k)(4) and before July 1, 1977; and
- (2) the service so performed does not constitute employment (as defined in section 210(a) of the Social Security Act and section 3121(b) of such Code) because the waiver certificate which the organization is deemed to have filed is made inapplicable to such service by section 3121(k)(4)(C) of such Code, but would constitute employment (as so defined) in the absence of such section 3121(k)(4)(C),

the remuneration paid for such service shall, upon the request of such individual (filed on or before April 15, 1980, in such manner and form, and with such official, as may be prescribed by regulations made under title II of the Social Security Act) accompanied by full payment of all of the taxes which would have been paid under section 3101 of such Code with respect to such remuneration but for such section 3121(k) (4)(C) (or by satisfactory evidence that appropriate arrangements have been made for the payment of such taxes in installments as provided in section 3121(k)(8) of such Code), be deemed to constitute remuneration for employment as so defined. In any case where remuneration paid by an organization to an individual is deemed under the

preceding sentence to constitute remuneration for employment, such organization shall be liable (notwithstanding any other provision of such Code) for payment of the taxes which it would have been required to pay under section 3111 of such Code with respect to such remuneration in the absence of such section 3121(k)(4)(C).

REVOCATION OF EXEMPTION FROM COVERAGE BY CLERGYMEN

SEC. 316. (a) Notwithstanding section 1402(e) (3) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954, any exemption which has been received under section 1402(e) (1) of such Code by a duly ordained, commissioned, or licensed minister of a church or a Christian Science practitioner, and which is effective for the taxable year in which this Act is enacted, may be revoked by filing an application therefor (in such form and manner, and with such official, as may be prescribed in regulations made under chapter 2 of such Code), if such application is filed—

- (1) before the applicant becomes entitled to benefits under section 202(a) or 223 of the Social Security Act (without regard to section 202(j) (1) or 223(b) of such Act), and
- (2) no later than the due date of the Federal income tax return (including any extension thereof) for the applicant's first taxable year beginning after the date of the enactment of this Act.

Any such revocation shall be effective (for purposes of chapter 2 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954 and title II of the Social Security Act), as specified in the application, either with respect to the applicant's first taxable year ending on or after the date of the enactment of this Act or with respect to the applicant's first taxable year beginning after such date, and for all succeeding taxable years; and the applicant for any such revocation may not thereafter again file application for an exemption under such section 1402(e)(1). If the application is filed on or after the due date of the applicant's first taxable year ending on or after the date of the enactment of this Act and is effective with respect to that taxable year, it shall include or be accompanied by payment in full of an amount equal to the total of the taxes that would have been imposed by section 1401 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954 with respect to all of the applicant's income derived in that taxable year which would have constituted net earnings from selfemployment for purposes of chapter 2 of such Code (notwithstanding section 1402 (c) (4) or (c) (5) of such Code) except for the exemption under section 1402(e) (1) of such Code.

(b) Subsection (a) shall apply with respect to service performed (to the extent specified in such subsection) in taxable years ending on or after the date of the enactment of this Act, and with respect to monthly insurance benefits payable under title II of the Social Security Act on the basis of the wages and self-employment income of any

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individual for months in or after the calendar year in which such individual's application for revocation (as described in such subsection) is filed (and lump-sum death payments payable under such title on the basis of such wages and self-employment income in the case of deaths occurring in or after such calendar year).

Sec. 817. (a) * * * (b) (1) * * *

(4) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, taxes paid by any individual to any foreign country with respect to any period of employment or self-employment which is covered under the social security system of such foreign country in accordance with the terms of an agreement entered into pursuant to section 233 of the Social Security Act shall not, under the income tax laws of the United States, be deductible by, or creditable against the income tax of, any such individual.

Sec. 334. (a) * * * * * * * * *

(f) The amendments made by this section shall apply with respect to monthly insurance benefits payable under title II of the Social Security Act for months beginning with the month in which this Act is enacted, on the basis of applications filed in or after the month in which this Act is enacted.

(g) (1) The amendments made by the preceding provisions of this section shall not apply with respect to any monthly insurance benefit payable, under subsection (b), (c), (e), (f), or (g) (as the case may be) of section 202 of the Social Security Act, to ar individual—

- (A) to whom there is payable for any month within the 60-month period beginning with the month in which this Act is enacted (or who is eligible in any such month for) a monthly periodic benefit (within the meaning of such provisions) based upon such individual's earnings while in the service of the Federal Government or any State (or political subdivision thereof, as defined in section 218(b)(2) of the Social Security Act); and
- (B) who at time of application for or initial entitlement to such monthly insurance benefit under such subsection (b), (c), (e), (f), or (g) meets the requirements of that subsection as it was in effect and being administered in January 1977.
- (2) For purposes of paragraph (1)(A), an individual is eligible for a monthly periodic benefit for any month if such benefit would be payable to such individual for that month if such individual were not

employed during that month and had made proper application for such benefit.

(3) If any provision of this subsection, or the application thereof to any person or circumstance, is held invalid, the remainder of this section shall not be affected thereby, but the application of this subsection to any other persons or circumstances shall also be considered invalid.

SEC. 336. (a) * * *

- (c) (1) The amendments made by this section shall apply only with respect to monthly benefits payable under title II of the Social Security Act for months after December 1978, and, in the case of individuals who are not entitled to benefits of the type involved for December 1978, only on the basis of applications filed on or after January 1, 1979.
- (2) In the case of an individual who was entitled for the month of December 1978 to monthly insurance benefits under subsection (e) or (f) of section 202 of the Social Security Act to which the provisions of subsection (e) (4) or (f) (5) applied, the Secretary shall, if such benefits would be increased by the amendments made by this section, redetermine the amount of such benefits for months after December 1978 as if such amendments had been in effect for the first month for which the provisions of section 202(e) (4) or 202(f) (5) became applicable.

(d) Where—

- (1) two or more persons are entitled to monthly benefits under section 202 of the Social Security Act for December 1978 on the basis of the wages and self-employment income of a deceased individual, and one or more of such persons is so entitled under subsection (e) or (f) of such section 202, and
- (2) one or more of such persons is entitled on the basis of such wages and self-employment income to monthly benefits under subsection (e) or (f) of such section 202 (as amended by this section) for January 1979, and
 - (3) the total of benefits to which all persons are entitled under section 202 of such Act on the basis of such wages and self-employment income for January 1979 is reduced by reason of section 203(a) of such Act as amended by this Act (or would, but for the first sentence of section 203(a) (4), be so reduced),

then the amount of the benefit to which each such person referred to in paragraph (1) is entitled for months after December 1978 shall in no case be less after the application of this section and such section 203(a) than the amount it would have been without the application of this section.

Excerpt From Public Law 95-478

SECTION 1. (a) This Act may be cited as the "Comprehensive Older Americans Act Amendments of 1978".

- (h) (1) Section 211 is amended by inserting "(a)" after the section designation and by adding at the end thereof the following new subsection:
- "(b) No part of the costs of any project under any title of this Act may be treated as income or benefits to any eligible individual (other than any wage or salary to such individual) for the purpose of any other program or provision of Federal or State law.".

Excerp From Public Law 95-524

SECTION 1. This Act may be cited as the "Comprehensive Employment and Training Act Amendments of 1978".

COMPREHENSIVE EMPLOYMENT AND TRAINING ACT REAUTHORIZATION

Sec. 2. The Comprehensive Employment and Training Act of 1973 is amended to read as follows:

"SHORT TITLE

"Section 1. This Act, with the following table of contents, may be cited as the 'Comprehensive Employment and Training Act'.

"TITLE IV—YOUTH PROGRAMS

"PART A-YOUTH EMPLOYMENT DEMONSTRATION PROGRAMS

"DISREGARDING EARNINGS

"Sec. 446. Earnings and allowances received by any youth under this part shall be disregarded in determining the eligibility of the youth's family for; and the amount of, any benefits based on need under any Federal or federally assisted programs.

Excerpt From Public Law 95-598

§ 523. Exceptions to discharge 1

- (a) A discharge under section 727, 1141, or 1328(b) of this title does not discharge an individual debtor from any debt—
 - (5) to a spouse, former spouse, or child of the debtor, for alimony to, maintenance for, or support of such spouse or child, in connection with a separation agreement, divorce decree, or property settlement agreement, but not to the extent that—
 - (A) such debt is assigned to another entity, voluntarily, by operation of law, or otherwise (other than debts assigned pursuant to section 402(a)(26) of the Social Security Act); or
 - (B) such debt includes a liability designated as alimony, maintenance, or support, unless such liability is actually in the nature of alimony, maintenance, or support;

Excerpts From Public Law 95-600

SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE; TABLE OF CONTENTS.

(a) Short title.—This Act may be cited as the "Revenue Act of 1978".

SEC. 530. CONTROVERSIES INVOLVING WHETHER INDI-VIDUALS ARE EMPLOYEES FOR PURPOSES OF THE EMPLOYMENT TAXES.

- (a) Termination of Certain Employment Tax Liability.—
 (1) In general.—If—
 - (A) for purposes of employment taxes, the taxpayer did not treat an individual as an employee for any period, and
 - (B) in the case of periods after December 31, 1978, all Federal tax returns (including information returns) required to be filed by the taxpayer with respect to such individual for such period are filed on a basis consistent with the taxpayer's treatment of such individual as not being an employee,

then, for purposes of applying such taxes for such period with respect to the taxpayer, the individual shall be deemed not to be

¹ Sec. 523 was amended by sec. 2834(b) of P.L. 97-35.

an employee unless the taxpayer had no reasonable basis for not treating such individual as an employee.

(2) STATUTORY STANDARDS PROVIDING ONE METHOD OF SATISFY-ING THE REQUIREMENTS OF PARAGRAPH (1).—For purposes of paragraph (1), a taxpayer shall in any case be treated as having a reasonable basis for not treating an individual as an employee for a period if the taxpayer's treatment of such individual for such period was in reasonable reliance on any of the following:

(A) judicial precedent, published rulings, technical advice with respect to the taxpayer, or a letter ruling to the taxpayer;

(B) a past Internal Revenue Service audit of the taxpayer in which there was no assessment attributable to the treatment (for employment tax purposes) of the individuals holding positions substantially similar to the position held by this individual; or

(C) long-standing recognized practice of a significant segment of the industry in which such individual was engaged.

- (3) Consistency required in the case of prior tax treatment.—Paragraph (1) shall not apply with respect to the treatment of any individual for employment tax purposes for any period ending after December 31, 1978, if the taxpayer (or a predecessor) has treated any individual holding a substantially similar position as an employee for purposes of the employment taxes for any period beginning after December 21, 1977.
- (4) REFUND OR CREDIT OF OVERPAYMENT.—If refund or credit of any overpayment of an employment tax resulting from the application of paragraph (1) is not barred on the date of the enactment of this Act by any law or rule of law, the period for filing a claim for refund or credit of such overpayment (to the extent attributable to the application of paragraph (1)) shall not expire before the date 1 year after the date of the enactment of this Act.
- (b) Prohibition Against Regulations and Rulings on Employment Status.—No regulation or Revenue Ruling shall be published on or after the date of the enactment of this Act and before the effective date of any law hereafter enacted clarifying the employment status of individuals for purposes of the employment taxes by the Department of the Treasury (including the Internal Revenue Service) with respect to the employment status of any individual for purposes of the employment taxes.

(c) Definitions.—For purposes of this section—

(1) EMPLOYMENT TAX.—The term "employment tax" means any tax imposed by subtitle C of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954.

(2) EMPLOYMENT STATUS.—The term "employment status" means the status of an individual, under the usual common law

rules applicable in determining the employer-employee relationship, as an employee or as an independent contractor (or other individual who is not an employee).

SEC. 554. REPORT ON EFFECTIVENESS OF JOBS CREDIT.

- (a) Report on Targeted Jobs Credit.—Not later than June 30, 1981, the Secretary of the Treasury and the Secretary of Labor shall jointly submit to the Committee on Ways and Means of the House of Representatives and the Committee on Finance of the Senate a report on—
 - (1) the effectiveness of the targeted jobs credit provided by the amendments made by this section in improving the employment situation of the targeted groups, and
 - (2) the types of employers claiming such credit.
- (b) GENERAL JOBS CREDIT.—The report required under paragraph (1) shall also include an evaluation of—
 - (1) the effectiveness of the general jobs credit provided by section 44B of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954 for 1977 and 1978 in stimulating employment and enhancing economic growth, and
 - (2) the types of employers claiming such credit.

Excerpts From Public Law 95-602

SECTION 1. (a) This Act may be cited as the "Rehabilitation, Comprehensive Services, and Developmental Disabilities Amendments of 1978".

TITLE II—COMMUNITY SERVICE PILOT PROGRAMS; PROJECTS WITH INDUSTRY

ESTABLISHMENT OF PROGRAMS

SEC. 201. The Rehabilitation Act of 1973 is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new title:

"TITLE VI—EMPLOYMENT OPPORTUNITIES FOR HANDICAPPED INDIVIDUALS

"SHORT TITLE

"SEC. 601. This title may be cited as the 'Employment Opportunities for Handicapped Individuals Act'.

¹ Sec. 580 was amended by sec. 9(d) of P.L. 96–167, sec. 1 of P.L. 96–541, and sec. 269(c) of P.L. 97–248. Sec. 269(c) (8) of P.L. 97–248 provides:

[&]quot;(8) CERTAIN REGULATIONS, ETC., PERMITTED.—Nothing in section 530 of the Revenue Act of 1978 shall be construed to prohibit the implementation of the amendments made by this section."

"PART A—COMMUNITY SERVICE EMPLOYMENT PILOT PROGRAMS FOR HANDICAPPED INDIVIDUALS

"ESTABLISHMENT OF PILOT PROGRAM

"Sec. 611. (a) * * * * * *

"Sec. 613(a) * * *

"(c) No part of the wages, allowances, or reimbursement for transportation and attendant care costs made available to an eligible individual employed in any project funded under this part shall be treated as income or benefits for the purpose of any other program or provision of State or Federal law, unless the Secretary makes a case by case determination that disallowance of such income or benefits is inequitable or does not carry out the purposes of this title.

TITLE IV—SPECIAL STUDIES AND MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS

RESEARCH AND DEMONSTRATION PROJECTS

Sec. 401. (a) * * *

(b) There are authorized to be appropriated to carry out this section such sums as may be necessary.

No funds other than those appropriated pursuant to this subsection can be used for the conduct of research specifically authorized by this section.

- (c) Within one year after the date appropriations are made under subsection (b) for purposes of research and demonstration projects under subsection (a), the Secretary shall prepare and transmit to the Congress a study concerning the impact of vocational rehabilitation services provided under the Rehabilitation Act of 1973 on recipients of disability payments under titles II and XVI of the Social Security Act. The study shall examine the relationship between the vocational rehabilitation services provided under the Rehabilitation Act of 1973 and the programs under sections 222 and 1615 of the Social Security Act, and shall include—
 - "(1) an analysis of the savings in disability benefit payments under titles II and XVI of the Social Security Act as a result of the provisions of vocational rehabilitation services under the Rehabilitation Act of 1973;
 - "(2) a specification of the rate of return to the active labor force by recipients of services under sections 222 and 1615 of the Social Security Act;

- "(3) a specification of the total amount of expenditures, in the five fiscal years preceding the date of submission of the report, for vocational rehabilitation services under the Rehabilitation Act of 1973 and under sections 222 and 1615 of the Social Security Act, and recommendations for the coordinated presentation of such expenditures in the Budget submitted by the President pursuant to section 201 of the Budget and Accounting Act, 1921; and
- "(4) recommendations to improve the coordination of services under the Rehabilitation Act of 1973 with programs under sections 222 and 1615 of the Social Security Act, including recommendations for increasing savings in disability benefits payments and the rate of return to the active labor force by recipients of services under sections 222 and 1615 of the Social Security Act.".

SPECIAL STUDY CONCERNING DISINCENTIVES TO EMPLOYMENT

SEC. 403. In consultation with appropriate Federal departments and agencies, the Secretary shall conduct a study of possible ways to structure Federal programs providing benefits to handicapped individuals in order to eliminate any disincentives for individuals receiving benefits under such programs to obtain and continue in employment. Upon the completion of such study, but not later than twenty-four months after the date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary shall submit the results of such study, together with such recommendations as the Secretary deems appropriate to the President and the Congress.

Excerpt From Public Law 96-88

SHORT TITLE; TABLE OF CONTENTS

Section 1. This Act may be cited as the "Department of Education Organization Act".

REDESIGNATION

SEC. 509. (a) The Department of Health, Education, and Welfare is hereby redesignated the Department of Health and Human Services, and the Secretary of Health, Education, and Walfare or any other official of the Department of Health, Education, and Welfare is hereby redesignated the Secretary or official, as appropriate, of Health and Human Services.

(b) Any reference to the Department of Health, Education, and Welfare, the Secretary of Health, Education, and Welfare, or any other official of the Department of Health, Education, and Welfare in

any law, rule, regulation, certificate, directive, instruction, or other official paper in force on the effective date of this Act shall be deemed to refer and apply to the Department of Health and Human Services or the Secretary of Health and Human Services, respectively, except to the extent such reference is to a function or office transferred to the Secretary or the Department under this Act.

Excerpt From Public Law 96-178-Jan. 2, 1980

WIN CREDIT

SEC. 3. (a) (1) Section 50B of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954 is amended by redesignating subsection (i) as subsection (j) and by adding after subsection (h) the following new subsection:

"(i) Special Rules With Respect to Employment of Day Care Workers.—

- "(1) ELIGIBLE EMPLOYEE.—An individual who would be an 'eligible employee' (as that term is defined for purposes of this section) except for the fact that such individual's employment is not on a substantially full-time basis, shall be deemed to be an eligible employee as so defined, if such employee's employment consists of services performed in connection with a child day care program of the taxpayer, on either a full-time or part-time basis.
- "(2) ALTERNATIVE LIMITATION WITH RESPECT TO CHILD DAY CARE SERVICES ELIGIBLE EMPLOYEES.—The amount of the credit allowed a taxpayer under the preceding provisions of this section with respect to work incentive program expenses paid or incurred by him with respect to an eligible employee whose services are performed in connection with a child day care services program conducted by the taxpayer shall, at the election of the taxpayer, be determined by including (in computing the amount of such expenses so paid or incurred by him) any amount with respect to such employee for which he was reimbursed from funds made available pursuant to section 3(c) of Public Law 94-401 or section 2007 of title XX of the Social Security Act, except that, if the total amount of such credit, as so computed, plus such amount reimbursed to him under such sections, exceeds the lesser of \$6,000 or 100 percent of the total expenses paid or incurred by him with respect to such employee, the amount of such credit shall be reduced (but not below zero) so as to provide that such total does not exceed the lesser of \$6,000 or 100 percent of the total expenses paid or incurred by him with respect to such employee.".
- (2) The amendment made by paragraph (1) shall become effective on the date of the enactment of this Act, and shall apply with respect to taxable years beginning after December 31, 1978, and before January 1, 1980.

(3) Section 50B(a)(2)(B) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954 as in effect prior to amendment by the Revenue Act of 1978 is amended, effective October 1, 1978, by striking out "October 1, 1978" and inserting in lieu thereof "January 1, 1979".

Excerpts from Public Law 96-223

SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE; AMENDMENT OF 1954 CODE; TABLE OF CONTENTS.

(a) SHORT TITLE.—This Act may be cited as the "Crude Oil Windfall Profit Tax Act of 1980".

SEC. 102. ALLOCATION OF NET REVENUES FROM WINDFALL PROFIT TAX TO CERTAIN USES.

- (a) SEPARATE ACCOUNT IN TREASURY ESTABLISHED.—The net revenues from the windfall profit tax for each fiscal year beginning after September 30, 1980, and before October 1, 1990, are hereby allocated for accounting purposes to a separate account in the Treasury to be known as the Windfall Profit Tax Account (hereinafter in this section referred to as the "Account").
 - (b) Specified Uses for Amounts in the Account.—
 - (1) Basic NET REVENUES.—In the case of the amount of basic net revenues allocated to the Account for any fiscal year, there shall be a further allocation to subaccounts for the following uses:

| Use for: | Percent |
|------------------------------------|---------|
| Income tax reductions | . 60 |
| Low-income assistance | |
| Energy and transportation programs | |

(2) Additional NET REVENUES.—In the case of the amount of additional net revenues allocated to the Account for any fiscal year, there shall be a further allocation to subaccounts for the following uses:

| Use for: | Percent |
|-----------------------|---------|
| Income tax reductions | 66% |
| Low-income assistance | 331/4 |

- (3) Special rule for low-income assistance for 1982 and subsequent years.—In the case of any amount allocated under paragraph (1) to the subaccount for low-income assistance for the fiscal year beginning October 1, 1981, or any subsequent fiscal year—
 - (A) 50 percent shall be allocated to a program to assist AFDC and SSI recipients under the Social Security Act, and
 - (B) 50 percent shall be allocated to a program of emergency energy assistance.
- (c) NET REVENUES DEFINED.—For purposes of this section—

- (1) In GENERAL.—The term "net revenues of the windfall profit tax" means, for any fiscal year, the amount which the Secretary estimates to be the excess of—
 - (A) the gross revenues from the tax imposed by section 4986 for the fiscal year, over
 - (B) the sum of-
 - (i) the refunds of and other adjustments to such tax for such fiscal year, plus
 - (ii) the decrease in the income taxes imposed by chapter 1 resulting from the tax imposed by section 4986.

For purposes of subparagraph (A), there shall not be taken into account any revenue attributable to an economic interest in crude oil held by the United States.

- (2) Basic NET REVENUES.—The term "basic net revenues" means the estimated net revenues which would result for any period under the assumptions for such period which were made in enacting the Crude Oil Windfall Profit Tax Act of 1980.
- (d) President To Propose Allocation of Net Revenues.—
 - (1) In general.—The President shall propose for each fiscal year to which this section applies an illocation of the net revenues among the uses set forth in subsection (b).
 - (2) Time and manner for proposing.—Except for the fiscal year beginning October 1, 1980, the proposal for each fiscal year shall be contained in the annual budget for such fiscal year. The proposal for the fiscal year beginning October 1, 1980, shall be submitted by the President within 90 days after the date of the enactment of this Act.
- (e) Reports.—The Secretary of the Treasury shall report to the Congress not later than January 1 of 1982 and of each calendar year thereafter before 1992—
 - (1) the net revenues derived from the windfall profit tax for the fiscal year ending on September 30 of the preceding year, and
 - (2) the actual disposition for such fiscal year of such revenues among the uses specified in subsection (b).

TITLE III—LOW-INCOME ENERGY ASSISTANCE 1

Excerpts From Public Law 96-265

SEC. 1. This Act may be cited as the "Social Security Disability Amendments of 1980".

¹ Repealed by sec. 2611 of P.L. 97-35.

TERMINATION OF ATTRIBUTION OF PARENTS' INCOME AND RESOURCES
WHEN CHILD ATTAINS AGE 18

SEC. 203. (a) Section 1614(f)(2) of the Social Security Act is amended by striking out "under age 21" and inserting in lieu thereof "under age 18".

(b) The amendment made by subsection (a) shall become effective on October 1, 1980; except that the amendment made by such subsection shall not apply, in the case of any child who, in September 1980, was 18 or over and received a supplemental security income benefit for such month, during any period for which such benefit would be greater without the application of such amendment.

DISABILITY DETERMINATIONS; FEDERAL REVIEW OF STATE AGENCY DETERMINATIONS

Sec. 304. (a) * * *

(g) The Secretary of Health and Human Services shall implement a program of reviewing, on his own motion, decisions rendered by administrative law judges as a result of hearings under section 221(d) of the Social Security Act, and shall report to the Congress by January 1, 1982, on his progress.

- (h) The amendments made by subsections (a), (b), (d), (e), and (f) shall be effective beginning with the twelfth month following the month in which this Act is enacted. Any State that, on the effective date of the amendments made by this section, has in effect an agreement with the Secretary of Health and Human Services under section 221(a) of the Social Security Act (as in effect prior to such amendments) will be deemed to have given to the Secretary the notice specified in section 221(a) (1) of such Act as amended by this section, in lieu of continuing such agreement in effect after the effective date of such amendments. Thereafter, a State may notify the Secretary in writing that it no longer wishes to make disability determinations, effective not less than 180 days after the notification is given.
- (i) The Secretary of Health and Human Services shall submit to the Congress by July 1, 1980, a detailed plan on how he expects to assume the functions and operations of a State disability determination unit when this becomes necessary under the amendments made by this section, and how he intends to meet the requirements of section 221(b)(3) of the Social Security Act. Such plan should assume the uninterrupted operation of the disability determination function and the utilization of the best qualified personnel to carry out such function. If any amendment of Federal law or regulation is required to carry out such plan, recommendations for such amendment should be included in the report.

TIME LIMITATIONS FOR DECISIONS ON BENEFIT CLAIMS

SEC. 308. The Secretary of Health and Human Services shall submit to the Congress, no later than July 1, 1980, a report recommending the establishment of appropriate time limitations governing decisions on claims for benefits under title II of the Social Security Act. Such report shall specifically recommend—

- (1) the maximum period of time (after application for a payment under such title is filed) within which the initial decision of the Secretary as to the rights of the applicant should be made;
- (2) the maximum period of time (after application for reconsideration of any decision described in paragraph (1) is filed) within which a decision of the Secretary on such reconsideration should be made;
- (3) the maximum period of time (after a request for a hearing with respect to any decision described in paragraph (1) is filed) within which a decision of the Secretary upon such hearing (whether affirming, modifying, or reversing such decision) should be made; and
- (4) the maximum period of time (after a request for review by the Appeals Council with respect to any decision described in paragraph (1) is made) within which the decision of the Secretary upon such review (whether affirming, modifying, or reversing such decision) should be made.

In determining the time limitations to be recommended, the Secretary shall take into account both the need for expeditious processing of claims for benefits and the need to assure that all such claims will be thoroughly considered and accurately determined.

REPORT BY SECRETARY

SEC. 312. The Secretary of Health and Human Services shall submit to the Congress not later than January 1, 1985, a full and complete report as to the effects produced by reason of the preceding provisions of this Act and the amendments made thereby.

AUTHORITY FOR DEMONSTRATION PROJECTS

SEC. 505. (a) (1) The Secretary of Health and Human Services shall develop and carry out experiments and demonstration projects designed to determine the relative advantages and disadvantages of (A) various alternative methods of treating the work activity of disabled beneficiaries under the old-age, survivors, and disability insurance program, including such methods as a reduction in benefits based on earnings, designed to encourage the return to work of

disabled beneficiaries and (B) altering other limitations and conditions applicable to such disabled beneficiaries (including, but not limited to, lengthening the trial work period, altering the 24-month waiting period for medicare benefits, altering the manner in which such program is a ministered, earlier referral of beneficiaries for rehabilitation, and greater use of employers and others to develop, perform, and otherwise stimulate new forms of rehabilitation), to the end that savings will accrue to the Trust Funds, or to otherwise promote the objectives or facilitate the administration of title II of the Social Security Act.

- (2) The experiments and demonstration projects developed under paragraph (1) shall be of sufficient scope and shall be carried out on a wide enough scale to permit a thorough evaluation of the alternative methods under consideration while giving assurance that the results derived from the experiments and projects will obtain generally in the operation of the disability insurance program without committing such program to the adoption of any particular system either locally or nationally.
- (3) In the case of any experiment or demonstration project under paragraph (1), the Secretary may waive compliance with the benefit requirements of titles II and XVIII of the Social Security Act insofar as is necessary for a thorough evaluation of the alternative methods under consideration. No such experiment or project shall be actually placed in operation unless at least ninety days prior thereto a written report, prepared for purposes of notification and information only and containing a full and complete description thereof, has been transmitted by the Secretary to the Committee on Ways and Means of the House of Representatives and to the Committee on Finance of the Senate. Periodic reports on the progress of such experiments and demonstration projects shall be submitted by the Secretary to such committees. When appropriate, such reports shall include detailed recommendations for changes in administration or law, or both, to carry out the objectives stated in paragraph (1).
- (4) The Secretary shall submit to the Congress no later than January 1, 1983, a report on the experiments and demonstration projects with respect to work incentives carried out under this subsection together with any related data and materials which he may consider appropriate.
- (c) The Secretary shall submit to the Congress a final report with respect to all experiments and demonstration projects carried out under this section no later than five years after the date of the enactment of this Act.

ADDITIONAL FUNDS FOR DEMONSTRATION PROJECT RELATING TO THE TERMINALLY ILL.

SEC. 506. (a) The Secretary of Health and Human Services is authorized to provide for the participation, by the Social Security Administration, in a demonstration project relating to the terminally ill which is currently being conducted within the Department of Health and Human Services. The purpose of such participation shall be to study the impact on the terminally ill of provisions of the disability programs administered by the Social Security Administration and to determine how best to provide services needed by persons who are terminally ill through programs over which the Social Security Administration had administrative responsibility.

(b) For the purpose of carrying out this section there are authorized to be appropriated such sums (not in excess of \$2,000,000 for any fiscal year) as may be necessary.

Excerpts From Public Law 96-272

SHORT TITLE

Section 1. This Act, with the following table of contents, may be cited as the "Adoption Assistance and Child Welfare Act of 1980".

TITLE I—FOSTER CARE AND ADOPTION ASSISTANCE

FEDERAL PAYMENTS FOR FOSTER CARE AND ADOPTION ASSISTANCE.

Sec. 101. (a) (1) * * * *

(2) (A) Effective with respect to expenditures made after September 30, 1980, section 408 of the Social Security Act is, subject to subparagraph (B), repealed.

(B) The repeal made by subparagraph (A) shall not be applicable in the case of any State for any quarter prior to the first quarter, which begins after September 30, 1980, in which such State has in effect a State plan approved under part E of the Social Security Act, or (if earlier) such repeal shall be effective with respect to expenditures made after September 30, 1982. During any period with respect to which the repeal made by subparagraph (A) is not applicable in the case of a State and during which a limitation is in effect under section 474(b) (1) of the Social Security Act, the aggregate of the sums payable to the State, under the State's plan approved under part A of title IV of such Act, with respect to expenditures (including administrative expenditures as determined by the Secretary of Health, Education, and Welfare) authorized or incurred by reason of the provisions of section 408 of such Act shall not exceed the amount of the allotment

which such State would have had for such period under section 474(b) if such State had had an approved plan under part E of such title IV. Any amount which would have been available to such State from its allotment for any period with respect which such repeal is not applicable in the case of a State (whether or not a limitation is in effect under section 474(b)(1) of such Act) under section 474(b) of the Social Security Act (if such State had had an approved plan under part E of title IV of such Act) which the State does not claim as reimbursement with respect to expenditures (including administrative expenditures as determined by the Secretary) authorized or incurred by reason of the provisions of section 408 of such Act, may be claimed by the State as reimbursement for expenditures in such period pursuant to part B of title IV of such Act in the same manner as amounts available to States from allotments under section 474(b) of such Act, and not claimed as reimbursement under part E of title IV of such Act, are authorized to be claimed under section 474(c) of such Act.

- (3)(A) Section 402(a)(20) of such Act is amended to read as follows:
 - "(20) provide that the State has in effect a State plan for foster care and adoption assistance approved under part E of this title;".
- (B) The amendment made by subparagraph (A) shall become effective with respect to any State at the same time as the repeal of section 408 becomes effective with respect to such State under the provisions of paragraph (2) of this subsection.
- (4) (A) Clause (B) of the first sentence of section 475(3) of the Social Security Act (as added by subsection (a) of this section) shall be effective with respect to adoption assistance agreements entered into on or after October 1, 1983.
- (B) The Secretary of Health, Education, and Welfare shall take all possible steps to encourage and assist the various States to enter into interstate compacts (which are hereby approved by the Congress) under which the interests of any adopted child with respect to whom an adoption assistance agreement has been entered into by a State under section 473 of the Social Security Act will be adequately protected, on a reasonable and equitable basis which is approved by the Secretary, if and when the child and his or her adoptive parent (or parents) move to another State.
- (b) (1) The Secretary of Health, Education, and Welfare shall conduct a study of programs of foster care and adoption assistance established under part IV-E of the Social Security Act (as added by subsection (a) of this section), and shall submit to the Congress, not later than October 1, 1983, a full and complete report thereon, together

with his recommendations as to (A) whether such part IV-E should be continued, and if so, (B) the changes (if any) which should be made in such part IV-E.

- (2) Such report shall include, but not be limited to, the following:
 - (A) a determination as to (i) the extent of reduction that has occurred in the duration of foster care under such programs, (ii) the extent to which such programs of adoption assistance have resulted in an increase in the adoption of children who otherwise would have remained in foster care under State plans approved under title IV-A or IV-E of the Social Security Act, and (iii) the extent to which the availability of Federal funding for adoption assistance under title IV-E of such Act has resulted in States' initiating or expanding programs for adoption assistance, and
 - (B) specific legislative recommendations for ways to bring about further reduction in the duration of foster care for children.

FEDERAL PAYMENTS FOR DEPENDENT CHILDREN VOLUNTARILY PLACED IN FOSTER CARE

Sec. 102. (a) * * *

- (d) (1) For purposes of section 472 of the Social Security Act, a child who was voluntarily removed from the home of a relative and who had a judicial determination prior to October 1, 1978, to the effect that continuation therein would be contrary to the welfare of such child, shall be deemed to have been so removed as a result of such judicial determination if, and from the date that, a case plan and a review meeting the requirements of section 471(a) (16) of such Act have been made with respect to such child and such child is determined to be in need of foster care as a result of such review. In the case of any child described in the preceding sentence, for purposes of section 472(a) (4) of such Act, the date of the voluntary removal shall be deemed to be the date on which court proceedings are initiated which led to such removal.
- (2) For purposes of section 408 of the Social Security Act (but subject to the repeal provided under section 101(a)(2) (A) and (B)), in any case where a child was voluntarily removed from the home of a relative prior to October 1, 1979, and a judicial determination was made (prior to October 1, 1978) to the effect that continuation in such home would have been contrary to the child's welfare
 - (A) such child shall be deemed to have been so removed as a result of a judicial determination to the effect that continuation in such home would be contrary to the welfare of such child, and
 - (B) Federal financial participation under the applicable State plan approved under section 402 of the Social Security Act for

quarters beginning prior to October 1, 1979, shall not be denied with respect to aid furnished under such plan to or on behalf of such child.

For purposes of subsection (a) (4) of such section 408, the date of such child's voluntary removal shall be deemed to be the date on which court proceedings were initiated which led to such removal.

(e) The Secretary of Health, Education, and Welfare, within three months after the close of each fiscal year with respect to which the amendments made by this section are in effect, shall submit to the Congress a full and complete report on the number of children placed in foster care pursuant to voluntary placement agreements under sections 408 and 472 of the Social Security Act and on the reasons for such placements together with a description of the extent to which such placements have contributed to the achievement of the objectives of this title, including such recommendations as he may deem appropriate with respect to the continuation (in such section 472) of authority to make Federal payments for dependent children voluntarily placed in foster care.

SEC. 103. (a) * * *

- (d) Notwithstanding section 422(b)(1) of the Social Security Act (as amended by subsection (a) of this section) if on December 1, 1974, the agency of a State administering its plan for child welfare services under part B of title IV of that Act was not the agency designated pursuant to section 402(a)(?) of that Act, such section 422(b)(1) shall not apply with respect to such agency, but only so long as such agency is not the agency designated under section 2003(d)(1)(C) of that Act; and if on December 1, 1974, the local agency administering the plan of a State under part B of title IV of that Act in a subdivision of the State was not the local agency in such subdivision administering the plan of such State under part A of that title, such section 422(b) (1) shall not apply with respect to such local agency, but only so long as such local agency is not the local agency administering the program of the State for the provision of services under title XX of that Act.
- (e) Section 2002(a)(8) of such Act is amended by striking out "or 422" and inserting in lieu thereof "or 423".
- (f) (1) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, funds which are appropriated for fiscal year 1980 pursuant to section 420 of the Social Security Act, and for which States are eligible for payment under part B of title IV of that Act, shall remain available, to the extent so provided in an appropriation Act hereafter enacted, for payment with respect to expenditures for child welfare services under part B of title IV of that Act until September 30, 1981.

(2) Section 420(b) of the Social Security Act (as added by subsection (a) of this section) shall apply only with respect to appropriation Acts, which appropriate funds for fiscal years after fiscal year 1981 pursuant to the authorization contained in section 420 of the Social Security Act, enacted after the date of enactment of this Act.

PERIOD WITHIN WHICH CERTAIN CLAIMS MUST BE FILED

Sec. 306. (a) * * *

- (b) (1) The amendment made by subsection (a) shall be effective only in the case of claims filed on account of expenditures made in calendar quarters commencing on or after October 1, 1979.
- (2) In the case of claims filed prior to the date of enactment of this Act on account of expenditures described in section 1132 of the Social Security Act made in calendar quarters commencing prior to October 1, 1979, there shall be no time limit for the payment of such claims.
- (3) In the case of such expenditures made in calendar quarters commencing prior to October 1, 1979, for which no claim has been filed on or before the date of enactment of this Act, payment shall not be made under this Act on account of any such expenditure unless claim therefor is filed (in such form and manner as the Secretary shall by regulation prescribe) prior to January 1, 1981.
- (4) The provisions of this subsection shall not be applied so as to deny payment with respect to any expenditure involving adjustments to prior year costs or court-ordered retroactive payments or audit exceptions. The Secretary may waive the requirements of paragraph (3) in the same manner as under section 1132(b) of the Social Security Act.
- (c) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, there shall be no time limit for the filing or payment of such claims except as provided in this section, unless such other provision of law, in imposing such a time limitation, specifically exempts such filing or payment from the provisions of this section.

POSTPONEMENT OF IMPOSITION OF CERTAIN PENALTIES RELATING TO CHILD SUPPORT REQUIREMENTS

SEC. 309. No reduction in the amount payable to any State under title IV of the Social Security Act with respect to any of the fiscal years 1977 through 1980 shall be made prior to October 1, 1981, on account of the provisions of section 403(h) of such Act.¹

¹ Sec. 309 was amended by sec. 11(b)(1) of P.L. 96-611.

CONTINUING MEDICAID ELIGIBILITY FOR CERTAIN RECIPIENTS OF VETERANS' ADMINISTRATION PENSIONS

SEC. 310. (a) (1) Part A of title XI of the Social Security Act is amended by adding after section 1132 (as added by section 305 of this Act) the following new section:

"APPLICANTS OR RECIPIENTS UNDER PUBLIC ASSISTANCE PROGRAMS NOT TO BE REQUIRED TO MAKE ELECTION RESPECTING CERTAIN VETERANS' BENEFITS

"Sec. 1133. (a) Notwithstanding any other provision of law (but subject to subsection (b)), no individual who is an applicant for or recipient of aid or assistance under a State plan approved under title I, X, XIV, or XVI, or part A of title IV, or of benefits under the Supplemental Security Income program established by title XVI shall—

"(1) be required, as a condition of eligibility for (or of continuing to receive) such aid, assistance, or benefits, to make an election under section 306 of the Veterans' and Survivors' Pension Improvement Act of 1978 with respect to pension paid by the Veterans' Administration, or

"(2) by reason of failure or refusal to make such an election, be denied (or suffer a reduction in the amount of) such aid, assistance, or benefits.

"(b) The provisions of subsection (a) shall be applicable only with respect to an individual, who is an applicant for or recipient of aid, assistance, or benefits described in subsection (a), during a period with respect to which there is in effect—

"(1) in case such individual is an applicant for or recipient of aid or assistance under a State plan referred to in subsection (a), in the State having such plan, or

"(2) in case such individal is an applicant for or recipient of benefits under the Supplemental Security Income program established by title XVI, in the State in which the individual applies for or receives such benefits,

a State plan for medical assistance, approved under title XIX, under which medical assistance is available to such individual only for periods for which such individual is a recipient of aid, assistance, or benefits described in subsection (a).".

(2) The amendment made by paragraph (1) shall be effective on and after January 1, 1979; except that nothing contained in such amendment shall be construed to authorize or require any payment (or increase in payment) of any aid or assistance or benefits referred to in section 1133(a) of the Social Security Act (as added by paragraph (1)) for any benefit period which begins prior to the date of enactment of this Act.

- (b) (1) (A) For purposes of section 1902(a) (10) (A) of the Social Security Act, any individual who, prior to the date of enactment of this Act and for the month of December 1978, was eligible for and received aid or assistance under a State plan approved under title I, X, XIV, or XVI, or part A of title IV of such Act, or was eligible for and received supplemental security income benefits under title XVI of such Act (or a supplementary payment described in section 13(c) of Public Law 93-233), and was also in receipt of (or was a dependent, for purposes of chapter 15 of title 38, United States Code, as in effect on December 31, 1978, of an individual in receipt of) pension from the Veterans' Administration for the month of December 1978 shall (subject to subparagraph (B)) be deemed to have been receiving such aid. assistance, supplemental security income, or supplementary payment, for each calendar month thereafter (prior to the month in which the provisions of this subparagraph cease to be effective with respect to him as determined under subparagraph (B)), if such individual would have been eligible therefor in December 1978 and in the month in which the provisions of this subparagraph cease to be effective with respect to him as determined under subparagraph (B) had the increase in income of such individual (or of the family of which such individual is a member), attributable to an election (made by such individual or another member of such individual's family) under section 306 of the Veterans' and Survivors' Pension Improvement Act of 1978, not occurred.
- (B) (i) The provisions of subparagraph (Λ) shall take effect on January 1, 1979, and shall cease to be effective, in the case of any individual, for and after the first calendar month beginning more than 10 days after an "informed election" (as defined in subdivision (ii) of this subparagraph) has been made by such individual (or, if such individual is not eligible to make such an election, by a member of such individual's family who is eligible to make such an election which affects such individual's eligibility for aid, assistance, or benefits under a plan or program referred to in subparagraph (Λ)).
- (ii) The term "informed election" means an election made under section 306 of the Veterans' and Survivors' Pension Improvement Act of 1978 (or a reaffirmation of such an election which previously was made under such section 306) after the date of compliance by the Administrator of Veterans' Affairs (hereinafter in this section referred to as the "Administrator") with the provisions of paragraph (2) (A) with respect to the individual concerned. An individual who fails, within the time limits prescribed in paragraph (2) (B), to disaffirm an election previously made by such individual under such section 306 shall be deemed, for purposes of this section and such section 306, to have reaffirmed such election.

- (2) (A) The Administrator shall provide to each individual to whom section 1133 of the Social Security Act (as added by subsection (a) (1) of this section) applies and who is eligible to make or has made an election under section 306 of the Veterans' and Survivors' Pension Improvement Act of 1978, a written notice, in clear and understandable language, which (i) describes the consequences to such individual (and possibly to such individual's family), in terms of a determination or possible determination of ineligibility for medical assistance under a State plan approved under title XIX of the Social Security Act, of making an election with respect to pension under such section 306, (ii) describes the provisions of subparagraph (B) of this paragraph and subsection (a) of this section, (iii) sets forth other relevant information that would be helpful to such individual in making an informed decision concerning such an election or the disaffirmation thereof, and (iv) in the case of any individual who has made such an election, is accompanied by a form prepared for the purpose of enabling such individual to the with the Administrator a written disaffirmation of such an election.
 - (B) Notwithstanding any other provision of law-
 - (i) any individual to whom section 1133 of the Social Security Act (as added by subsection (a) (1) of this section) applies may, within the 90-day period beginning with the day that there is mailed to such individual (at such individual's last known mailing address) a notice referred to in subparagraph (A), disaffirm an election previously made by such individual under section 306 of the Veterans' and Survivors' Pension Improvement Act of 1978 by completing and mailing to the Administrator the form furnished such individual for such purpose by the Administrator pursuant to subparagraph (A),
 - (ii) whenever any such individual files such a disaffirmation with the Administrator, the amount of pension payable to such individual shall be adjusted, beginning with the first calendar month which commences after the receipt by the Administrator of such disaffirmation, to the amount that such pension would have been if such an election by such individual had not been made.
 - (iii) any individual who has filed a disaffirmation, pursuant to this subparagraph, of an election made by such individual under such section 306 may again make an election thereunder, but such subsequent election may not be disaffirmed under this subsection, and
 - (iv) no indebtedness to the United States, as a result of the disaffirmation by an individual, pursuant to this subparagraph, of an election made by such individual under such section 306 shall be considered to arise from the payment of pension pursuant to such an election.

(C) The Administrator shall promptly advise the Secretary of Health, Education, and Welfare, and provide identification of the individuals involved and other pertinent information with respect to (i) disaffirmations of elections made by individuals pursuant to subparagraph (B), (ii) individuals who, by failing to disaffirm within the 90-day period prescribed in subparagraph (B), are deemed to have reaffirmed elections previously made, and (iii) individuals who, after having disaffirmed an election under subparagraph (B), subsequently again make an election under section 306 of the Veterans' and Survivors' Pension Improvement Act of 1978. The Secretary, upon receipt of any such information with respect to an individual, shall promptly notify the appropriate agencies administering State plans approved under title I, X, XIV, XIX, and part A of title IV of the Social Security Act, and State agencies making supplemental payments pursuant to section 1616 of such Act or an agreement entered into pursuant to section 212(a) of Public Law 93-66.

Excerpts from Public Law 96-499

Short Title

Section 101. This Act may be cited as the "Omnibus Reconciliation Act of 1980".

TITLE IX—MEDICARE AND MEDICAID RELATED PROVISIONS

Short Title; Table of Contents of Title

SEC. 900. This title may be cited as the "Medicare and Medicaid Amendments of 1980".

SEC. 904. (a) * * *.

- (c) Within three years after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Health and Human Services shall submit to the Congress a report evaluating the programs established by the amendments made by this section and shall include in such report an analysis of—
 - (1) the extent and effect of the agreements under such programs on availability and effective and economical provision of long-term care services,
 - (2) whether such programs should be continued,
 - (3) the results of any demonstration projects conducted under such programs, and
 - (4) whether eligibility to participate in such programs should be extended to other hospitals, regardless of bed size or geographic location, where there is a shortage of long-term care beds.

Sec. 914(a) * * *.

- (b) (2) (A) The amendments made by paragraph (1) shall (except as provided under subparagraph (B)) apply to medical assistance provided, under a State plan approved under title XIX of the Social Security Act, on and after the first day of the first calendar quarter beginning more than 30 days after the date of the enactment of this Act.
- (B) In the case of a State plan for medical assistance under title XIX of the Social Security Act which the Secretary determines requires State legislation in order for the plan to meet the additional requirements imposed by the amendments made by paragraph (1), the State plan shall not be regarded as failing to comply with the requirements of such title solely on the basis of its failure to meet these additional requirements before the first day of the first calendar quarter beginning after the close of the first regular session of the State legislature that begins after the date of the enactment of this Act.
- (d) The Secretary shall report to the Congress, not later than December 31, 1981, on actions the Secretary has taken (1) to coordinate the conduct of institutional audits and inspections which are required under the programs funded under title XVIII or XIX of the Social Security Act, and (2) to coordinate such audits and inspections

with those conducted by other cost payers, and he shall include in such report recommendations for such legislation as he deems appropriate to assure the maximum feasible coordination of such institutional audits and inspections.

Sec. 918(a) * * *.

- (b) (2) (A) The amendments made by paragraph (1) shall (except as otherwise provided in subparagraph (B)) apply to medical assistance provided, under a State plan approved under title XIX of the Social Security Act, on and after the first day of the first calendar quarter that begins more than six months after the date of the enactment of this Act.
- (B) In the case of a State plan for medical assistance under title XIX of the Social Security Act which the Secretary of Health and Human Services determines requires State legislation in order for the plan to meet the additional requirements imposed by the amendments made by paragraph (1), the State plan shall not be regarded as failing to comply with the requirements of such title solely on the basis of its failure to meet these additional requirements before the first day of the first calendar quarter beginning after the close of the first regular session of the State legislature that begins after the date of the enactment of this Act.

Study of Need for Dual Participation of Skilled Nursing Facilities

SEC. 919. (a) (1) The Secretary of Health and Human Services shall conduct a study of the availability and need for skilled nursing facility services covered under part A of title XVIII of the Social Security Act and under State plans approved under title XIX of such Act.

- (2) Such study shall include—
 - (A) an investigation of the desirability and feasibility of imposing a requirement that skilled nursing facilities (i) which furnish services to patients covered under State plans approved under title XIX of the Social Security Act also furnish such services to patients covered under part A of title XVIII of such Act, and (ii) which furnish services to patients covered under such title XVIII also furnish such services to patients covered under such State plans,

- (B) an evaluation of the impact of existing laws and regulations on skilled nursing facilities and individuals covered under such State plans and under part A of such title XVIII, and an evaluation of the extent to which existing laws and regulations encourage skilled nursing facilities to accept only title XVIII beneficiaries or title XIX recipients, and
- (C) an investigation of possible changes in regulations and legislation which would result in encouraging a greater availability of skilled nursing facility services.

(3) In developing such study, the Secretary shall consult with professional organizations, health experts, private insurers, nursing home providers, and consumers of skilled nursing facility services.

(b) Within one year after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary shall complete such study and shall submit to the Congress a full and complete report thereon, together with recommendations with respect to the matters covered by such study (including any recommendations for administrative or legislative changes).

Response of Professional Standards Review Organizations to Freedom of Information Act Requests

SEC. 928. No Professional Standards Review Organization designated (conditionally or otherwise) under part B of title XI of the Social Security Act shall be required to make available any records pursuant to a request made under section 552 of title 5, United States Code, until the later of (1) one year after the date of entry of a final court order requiring that such records be made available, or (2) the last date of the Congress during which the court order was entered.

Study of Professional Standards Review Organizations Norms, Standards, and Criteria

SEC. 929. The Secretary of Health and Human Services shall, in consultation with the National Professional Standards Review Council, conduct a nationwide study of the differences in medical criteria and length-of-stay norms utilized by Professional Standards Review Organizations in the various regions of the country. The study shall include an assessment of the rationale that contributes to these regional differences. The Secretary shall report the findings and conclusions made with respect to the study to the Congress within one year after the date of the enactment of this Act.

SEC. 947. (a) * * *

(e) The coverage period under part B of title XVIII of the Social Security Act of an individual whose coverage period attributable to a State agreement under section 1843 of such Act is terminated and who has filed notice before the end of the third calendar month beginning after the date of the enactment of this Act that he no longer wishes to participate in the insurance program established by part B of title XVIII shall terminate on the earlier of (1) the day specified in section 1838 without the amendments made by this section or (2) (unless the individual files notice before the day specified in this clause that he wishes his coverage period to terminate as provided in clause (1)) the day on which his coverage period would terminate if the individual filed notice in the fourth calendar month beginning after the date of the enactment of this Act.

Studies and Demonstration Projects

Sec. 958. (a) The Secretary of Health and Human Services shall develop and carry out a demonstration project to determine (1) the extent to which the commencement of nutritional therapy in early renal failure, utilizing (but not limited to) controlled protein substances, can retard or arrest the progression of the disease with a resultant substantive deferment of dialysis, and (2) the administrative, financial, and other aspects of making such nutritional therapy generally available as part of the benefits received under title XVIII of the Social Security Act.

- (b) The Secretary shall submit, to the Congress, within one year after the date of the enactment of this Act, a report on the demonstration projects being conducted by the Secretary with respect to waiving the applicable cost sharing amounts which beneficiaries under title XVIII of the Social Security Act have to pay for obtaining a second opinion on having surgery performed. Such report shall include any recommendations for legislative changes in such title which the Secretary finds desirable as a result of such demonstration projects.
- (c) The Secretary shall conduct a study of the circumstances and conditions under which services furnished by registered dietitians should be covered as a home health benefit under title XVIII of the Social Security Act.

- (d) The Secretary shall develop and carry out demonstration projects to determine the administrative, financial, and other aspects of making the services of clinical social workers more generally available as part of the benefits received under title XVIII of the Social Security Act.
- (e) The Secretary shall, in consultation with appropriate professional organizations, conduct a comprehensive study of methods for providing coverage under part B of title XVIII of the Social Security Act for orthopedic shoes for individuals with disabling or deforming conditions who require special fitting considerations to help protect against increasing disability or serious medical complications or who require special shoes in conjunction with the use of an orthosis or foot support. The Secretary shall submit to the Congress, no later than July 1, 1981, a report on the findings of this study and such specific legislative recommendations as is appropriate with respect to the utilization, cost control, quality of care, and equitable and efficient administration of such an extension of coverage.
- (f) The Secretary shall conduct a study of the circumstances and conditions under which services furnished with respect to respiratory therapy should be covered as a home health benefit under title XVIII of the Social Security Act.
- (g) The Secretary shall conduct a study involving a comprehensive analysis of the cost effects of alternative approaches to improving coverage under title XVIII of the Social Security Act for the treatment of various types of foot conditions.
- (h) The Secretary shall submit a report on each of the demonstration projects and studies described in subsections (a), (c), (d), (f), and (g). Each such report shall be submitted within twenty-four months of the date of the enactment of this Act and shall contain any recommendations for legislative changes which the Secretary finds desirable as a result of conducting the demonstration project or study with respect to which the report is submitted.
- (i) Where any study or demonstration project conducted under this section relates to payments with respect to services furnished by independent practitioners, such study or project shall include an evaluation of the effect of such payments on coordination of care, cost, quality, and the organization in the provision of services and the utilization of services.
- (j) Grants, payments under contracts, and other expenditures made for studies and demonstration projects under this section shall be made in appropriate part from the Federal Hospital Insurance Trust Fund (established by section 1817 of the Social Security Act) and the Federal Supplementary Medical Insurance Trust Fund (established by section 1841 of the Social Security Act). Grants and payments under contracts may be made either in advance or by way of reimbursement,

as may be determined by the Secretary, and shall be made in such installments and on such conditions as the Secretary finds necessary to carry out the purpose of this section. With respect to any such grant, payment, or other expenditure, the amount to be paid from each of such trust funds shall be determined by the Secretary, giving due regard to the purposes of the experiment or project involved.

SEC. 965. (a) * * *.

- (c) (1) The amendments made by this section shall (except as provided under paragraph (2)) be effective with respect to payments under title XIX of the Social Security Act for calendar quarters beginning more than one hundred and twenty days after the date of the enactment of this Act.
- (2) In the case of a State plan for medical assistance under title XIX of the Social Security Act which the Secretary of Health and Human Services determines requires State legislation in order for the plan to meet the additional requirements imposed by the amendments made by this section, the State plan shall not be regarded as failing to comply with the requirements of such title solely on the basis of its failure to meet these additional requirements before the first day of the calendar quarter beginning after the close of the first regular session of the State legislature that begins after the date of the enactment of this Act.

Demonstration Projects Relating to the Training of AFDC Recipients as Home Health Aides

SEC. 966. (a) The Secretary of Health and Human Services shall enter into agreements with States, selected at his discretion, for the purpose of conducting demonstration projects for the training and employment of eligible participants as homemakers or home health aides, who shall provide authorized services to elderly or disabled individuals, or other individuals in need of such services, to whom such services, are not otherwise reasonably and actually available or provided, and who would, without the availability of such services, be reasonably anticipated to require institutional care.

(b) For purposes of this section, the term "eligible participant" means an individual who has voluntarily applied for participation and who, at the time such individual enters the project established under this section, has been certified by the appropriate agency of

State or local government as being eligible for financial assistance under a State plan approved under part A of title IV of the Social Security Act and as having continuously received such financial assistance during the ninety-day period which immediately precedes the date on which such individual enters such project and who, within such ninety-day period, had not been employed as a homemaker or home health aide.

- (c) (1) The Secretary shall enter into agreements under this section with no more than twelve States. Priority shall be given to States which have demonstrated interest in providing services of the type authorized under this section.
- (2) A State may apply to enter into an agreement under this section in such manner and at such time as the Secretary may prescribe. The Secretary shall, not later than October 1, 1981, establish such guidelines and establish such regulations as may be necessary to assure that agreements with at least seven States are entered into under this section by not later than January 1, 1982.
- (3) Any State entering into an agreement with the Secretary under this section must—
 - (A) provide that the demonstration project shall be administered by a State health services agency designated for this purpose by the Governor (which may be the State agency administering or responsible for the administration of the State plan for medical assistance under title XIX of the Social Security Act);
 - (B) provide that the agency designated pursuant to subparagraph (A) shall, to the maximum extent feasible, arrange for coordinating its activities under the agreement with activities of other State agencies having related responsibilities;
 - (C) establish a formal training program, which meets such standards as the Secretary may establish to assure the adequacy of such program, to prepare eligible participants to provide part-time and intermittent homemaker services or home health aide services to individuals who are elderly, disabled, or otherwise in need of such services;
 - (D) provide for the full-time employment of those eligible participants who successfully complete the training program with one or more public agencies (or, by contract, with private bona fide nonprofit agencies) as homemakers or home health aides, rendering authorized services, under the supervision of persons determined by the State to be qualified to supervise the performance of such services, to individuals described in subsection (a) at wage levels comparable to the prevailing wage levels in the area for similar work;

¹ Sec. 966(c) (2) was amended by sec. 2156 of P.L. 97-85 and sec. 5 of P.L. 97-128.

- (E) provide that such services provided under subparagraph (D) shall be made available without regard to income of the individual requiring such services, but that a reasonable fee will be charged (on a sliding scale basis) for such services provided to individuals who have income in excess of 200 percent of the needs standard in such State under the State plan approved under part A of title IV of the Social Security Act for a household of the same size as such individual's household;
- (F) provide for a system of continuing independent professional review by an appropriate panel, which is not affiliated with the entity providing the services involved, to assure that services are provided only to individuals reasonably determined to be in need of such supportive services;
- (G) provide for evaluation of the project and review of all agencies providing services under the project;
- (H) submit periodic reports to the Secretary as he may require; and
- (I) meet such other requirements as the Secretary may establish for the proper and efficient implementation of the project.
- (4) The number of participants in any project shall not exceed that number which the Secretary determines to be reasonable, based upon the capability of the agencies involved to train, employ, and properly utilize eligible participants. Such number may be appropriately modified, subsequently, with the approval of the Secretary.
- (5) Any contract with a private bona fide nonprofit agency entered into pursuant to paragraph (3) (D) shall provide for reasonable reimbursement of such agencies for services on a basis proportionate to the amount of time allocated to individuals eligible to receive such services under this section (and, in case such agency is an institution, the amount of the reimbursement shall not exceed the amount of reimbursement which would have been payable if the services involved had been provided by a free-standing agency).
- (6) For purposes of this section, a facility of the Veterans' Administration shall, at the request of the Administrator of Veterans' Affairs, be considered to be a public agency. In the case of any such facility which is so considered to be a public agency, of the costs determined under this section which are attributable to such facility, 90 percent shall be paid by the State and 10 percent by the Veterans' Administration.
- (d)(1) For purposes of this section, authorized homemaker and home health aide services include part-time or intermittent—
 - (A) personal care, such as bathing, grooming, and toilet care;
 - (B) assisting patients having limited mobility;
 - (C) feeding and diet assistance;

- (D) home management, housekeeping, and shopping;
- (E) health-oriented recordkeeping;
- (F) family planning services; and
- (G) simple procedures for identifying potential health problems.
- (2) Such authorized services do not include any services performed in an institution, or any services provided under circumstances where institutionalization would be substantially more efficient as a means of providing such services.
- (e) (1) Agreements shall be entered into under this section between the Secretary and the State agency designated by the Governor. Under such agreement the Secretary shall pay to the State, as an additional payment under section 1903 of the Social Security Act for each quarter, an amount equal to 90 percent of the reasonable cos. incurred (less the Federal share of any related fees collected) by such State during such quarter in carrying out a demonstration project under this section, including reasonable wages and other employment costs of eligible participants employed full time under such project (and, for purposes of determining the amount of such additional payment, the 10 percent referred to in subsection (c) (6), paid by the Veterans' Administration, shall be deemed to be a cost incurred by the State in carrying out such a project).
- (2) Demonstration projects under this section shall be of a maximum duration of four years, plus an additional time period of up to six months for planning and development, and up to six months for final evaluation and reporting. Federal funding under this subsection shall not be available for the employment of any eligible participant under the project after such participant has been employed for a period of three years.
- (f) For purposes of title IV of the Social Security Act, any eligible participant taking part in a training program under a project authorized under this section shall be deemed to be participating in a work incentive program established by part C of such title.
- (g) For the first year (and such additional immediately succeeding period as the State may specify) during which an eligible participant is employed under the project established under this section, such participant shall, notwithstanding any other provision of law, retain any eligibility for medical assistance under a State plan approved under title XIX of the Social Security Act, and any eligibility for social and supportive services provided under the State plan approved under part A of title IV of such Act, which such participant had at the time such participant entered the training program established under this section.
- (h) The Secretary shall, during January 1982, submit to the Congress a report on steps taken by January 1, 1982, to enter into agreements under this section, including a general description of each of

such agreements entered into by such date and the timetable under which he anticipates other such agreements will be entered into. Thereafter, the Secretary shall submit annual reports to the Congress evaluating the demonstration projects carried out under this section, and shall submit a final report to the Congress not more than six months after he has received the final reports from all States participating in such projects.¹

(i) The Secretary shall, and is hereby authorized to, waive such requirements, including formal solicitation and approval requirements, as will further expeditious and effective implementation of this section.

TITLE X—OTHER SOCIAL SECURITY ACT PROGRAMS: UNEMPLOYMENT COMPENSATION

Waiting Period for Benefits

SEC. 1022. (a) * * *.

- (b) (1) Except as provided in paragraph (2), the amendments made by this section shall apply in the case of compensation paid to individuals during eligibility periods beginning on or after the date of the enactment of this Act.
- (2) In the case of a State with respect to which the Secretary of Labor has determined that State legislation is required in order to eliminate its current policy of paying regular compensation to an individual for his first week of otherwise compensable unemployment, the amendments made by this section shall apply in the case of compensation paid to individuals during eligibility periods beginning after the end of the first regularly scheduled session of the State legislature ending more than thirty days after the date of the enactment of this Act.

Excerpts From P.L. 97-35 (The Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act of 1981)

SEC. 2101(a) * * *

(b) (1) Notwithstanding section 1884(a) of the Social Security Act, the Secretary of Health and Human Services may not establish under such section transitional allowances with respect to more than 50 hospitals prior to January 1, 1984.

¹ Subsec. (h) was amended by sec. 2156(2) of P.L. 97-85.

(2) The Secretary of Health and Human Services shall evaluate the effectiveness of the program of transitional allowances established under section 1884 of the Social Security Act and shall, not later than January 1, 1983, report to the Congress on such evaluation and include in such report such recommendations for such legislative changes as he deems appropriate.

ASSESSMENT OF PSRO PERFORMANCE

SEC. 2112. (a) (1) * * *

(2) (D) The Secretary of Health and Human Services shall, not later than September 30, 1982, report to the Congress on his assessment (under section 1154(g) of the Social Security Act) of the relative performance of Professional Standards Review Organizations and on any determinations made not to renew agreements with such Organizations on the basis of such performance.

SEC. 2141. (a) * * *

(b) The Comptroller General shall conduct a study to determine the extent (if any) to which the average cost of efficiency providing routine inpatient nursing care to individuals entitled to benefits under title XVIII of the Social Security Act exceeds the average cost of providing such care to other patients. The Comptroller General shall submit a final report with respect to the results of such study to the Congress within six months after the date of the enactment of this Act.

Sec. 2161. (a) * * *

(c) (1) Effective for calendar quarters beginning on or after October 1, 1984, subsection (s) of section 1902 of the Social Security Act (added by subsection (a) of this section) is repealed.

(2) Effective after payments for the first quarter of fiscal year 1985, subsection (t) of section 1902 of the Social Security Act (added by subsection (b) of this section) is repealed.

STUDY OF FEDERAL MEDICAL ASSISTANCE PERCENTAGE FORMULA AND OF ADJUSTMENTS OF TARGET AMOUNTS FOR FEDERAL MED-ICAID EXPENDITURES

SEC. 2165. (a) The Comptroller General, in consultation with the Advisory Committee for Intergovernmental Relations, shall conduct a study of—

- (1) the formula, under section 1905(b) of the Social Security Act, defining the Federal medical assistance percentage, as it applies to distribution of Federal funds to States (as defined for purposes of title XIX of such Act) under that Act, and
- (2) the validity and equity of any adjustment to the target amount of Federal medical expenditures (under section 1903(t) of the Social Security Act, added by section 2161 of this subtitle) for all States or any particular State which ought to be made for fiscal year 1983 or fiscal year 1984 (including methodology for calculating and implementing such adjustments) to reflect economic and demographic factors affecting such State which are out of the ordinary sphere of control of such State.

Specifically, pursuant to paragraph (1) the Comptroller General shall examine the feasibility and consequences of revising the medicaid matching formula so as to take into account the relative economic positions and needs of the different States, the different amounts of support and income payments made by different States under the Social Security Act, the relative cost of living and the unemployment rates in the different States, the relative taxable wealth and amount of taxes raised per capita by the different States, and other relevant factors bearing on an equitable distribution of Federal funds to States under that Act.

(b) The Comptroller General shall report to the Congress on the study required under this section not later than October 1, 1982.

SEC. 2178. (a)***

(d) The Secretary of Health and Human Services shall conduct a study evaluating the extent of, and reasons for, the termination by medicaid beneficiaries of their memberships in health maintenance organizations. In conducting such study, the Secretary shall place special emphasis on the quantity and quality of medical care provided in health maintenance organizations and the quality of such care when provided on a fee-for-service basis. The Secretary shall submit an interim report to the Congress, within two years after the date of the enactment of this Act, and a final report within five years from such date containing, respectively, the interim and final findings and conclusions made as a result of the study.

SEC. 2210. (a) * * *

⁽c) (1) Notwithstanding the provisions of section 202(d) of the Social Security Act (as in effect prior to or after the amendments made by subsection (a)), any individual who—

- (A) has attained the age of 18;
- (B) is not under a disability (as defined in section 223(d) of such Act);
- (C) is entitled to a child's insurance benefit under such section 202(d) for August 1981; and
- (D) is a full-time student at a postsecondary school, college, or university that is an educational institution (as such terms are defined in section 202(d)(7) (A) and (C) of such Act as in effect prior to the amendments made by subsection (a)) for any month prior to May 1982;

shall be entitled to a child's benefit under section 202(d) of such Act in accordance with the provisions of such section as in effect prior to the amendments made by subsection (a) for any month after July 1981 and prior to August 1985 if such individual would be entitled to such child's benefit for such month under such section 202(d) if subsections (a) and (b) of this section had not been enacted, but such benefits shall be subject to the limitations set forth in this subsection.

- (2) No benefit described in paragraph (1) shall be paid to an individual to whom paragraph (1) applies for the months of May, June, July, and August, beginning with benefits otherwise payable for May 1982.
- (3) The amount of the monthly benefit payable under paragraph (1) to an individual to whom paragraph (1) applies for any month after July 1982 (prior to deductions on account of work required by section 203 of such Act) shall not exceed the amount of the benefit to which such individual was entitled for August 1981 (prior to deductions on account of work required by section 203 of such Act), less an amount—
 - (A) during the months after July 1982 and before August 1983, equal to 25 percent of such benefit for August 1981;
 - (B) during the months after July 1983 and before August 1984, equal to 50 percent of such benefit for August 1981; and
 - (C) during the months after July 1984 and before August 1985, equal to 75 percent of such benefit for August 1981.
- (4) Any individual to whom the provisions of paragraph (1) apply and whose entitlement to benefits under paragraph (1) ends after July 1982 shall not subsequently become entitled, or reentitled, to benefits under paragraph (1) or under section 202(d) of the Social Security Act as in effect after the amendments made by subsection (a) unless he meets the requirements of section 202(d) (1) (B) (ii) of that Act as so in effect.

STUDY OF STATE SOCIAL SERVICE PROGRAMS

SEC. 2355. The Secretary of Health and Human Services shall conduct a study to identify criteria and mechanisms which may be

useful for the States in assessing the effectiveness and efficiency of the State social service programs carried out with funds made available under title XX of the Social Security Act. The study shall include consideration of Federal incentive payments as an option in rewarding States having high performance social service programs. The Secretary shall report the results of such study to the Congress within one year after the date of the enactment of this Act.

TITLE XXVI—LOW-INCOME HOME ENERGY ASSISTANCE

SHORT TITLE

SEC. 2601. This title may be cited as the "Low-Income Home Energy Assistance Act of 1981".

HOME ENERGY GRANTS AUTHORIZED

SEC. 2602. (a) The Secretary of Health and Human Services is authorized to make grants, in accordance with the provisions of this title, to States to assist eligible households to meet the costs of home energy.

(b) There is authorized to be appropriated to carry out the purposes of this title \$1,875,000,000 of each of the fiscal years 1982, 1988,

and 1984.

DEFINITIONS

SEC. 2603. As used in this title:

(1) The term "energy crisis intervention" means weatherrelated and supply shortage emergencies.

(2) (A) The term "household" means all individuals who

occupy a housing unit.

- (B) For purposes of subparagraph (A), 1 or more rooms shall be treated as a housing unit when occupied as a separate living quarters.
- (3) The term "home energy" means a source of heating or cooling in residential dwellings.
- (4) The term "poverty level" means, with respect to a household in any State, the income poverty guidelines for the nonfarm population of the United States as prescribed by the Office of Management and Budget (and as adjusted annually pursuant to section 678(2) of this Act) as applicable to such State.
- (5) The term "Secretary" means the Secretary of Health and Human Services.
- (6) The term "State" means each of the several States and the District of Columbia.

(7) The term "State median income" means the State median income promulgated by the Secretary in accordance with procedures established under section 2002(a)(6) of the Social Security Act (as such procedures were in effect on the day before the date of the enactment of this Act) and adjusted, in accordance with regulations prescribed by the Secretary, to take into account the number of individuals in the household.

STATE ALLOTMENTS

SEC. 2604. (a) (1) (A) Except as provided in subparagraph (B), the Secretary shall, from that percentage of the amount appropriated under section 2602(b) for each fiscal year which is remaining after the amount of allotments for such fiscal year under subsection (b) (1) is determined by the Secretary, allot to each State an amount equal to such remaining percentage multiplied by the State's allotment percentage.

- (B) From the sums appropriated therefor, if for any period a State has a plan which is described in section 2605(c) (1), the Secretary shall pay to such State an amount equal to 100 percent of the expenditures of such State made during such period in carrying out such plan, including administrative costs (subject to the provisions of section 2605(b)(9)(B)), with respect to households described in section 2605(b)(2).
- (2) (A) For purposes of paragraph (1), a State's allotment percentage is the percentage which the amount the State was eligible to receive for fiscal year 1981 under the allotment formulas of the Home Energy Assistance Act of 1980 bears to the total amount available for allotment under such formulas.
- (B) For purposes of subparagraph (A), the allotment formulas of the Home Energy Assistance Act of 1980 shall be treated as including the rules provided by, and the rules referred to in, section 101(j) of the joint resolution entitled "Joint resolution making further continuing appropriations for the fiscal year 1981, and for other purposes", approved December 16, 1980 (Public Law 96-536; 94 Stat. 3168), except that such allotment formulas shall not include the reallotment procedures established in section 260.108 of title 45, Code of Federal Regulations (relating to reallotment of funds under the low-income energy assistance program).
- (3) If the sums appropriated for any fiscal year for making grants under this title are not sufficient to pay in full the total amount allocated to a State under paragraph (1) for such fiscal year, the amount which all States will receive under this title for such fiscal year shall be ratably reduced.
- (b) (1) The Secretary shall apportion not less than one-tenth of 1 percent, and not more than one-half of 1 percent, of the amounts

appropriated for each fiscal year to carry out this title on the basis of need among the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, Guam, American Samoa, the Virgin Islands, the Northern Mariana Islands, and the Trust Territory of the Pacific Islands. The Secretary shall determine the total amount to be apportioned under this paragraph for any fiscal year (which shall not exceed one-half of 1 percent) after evaluating the extent to which each jurisdiction specified in the preceding sentence requires assistance under this paragraph for the fiscal year involved.

(2) Each jurisdiction to which paragraph (1) applies may receive grants under this title upon an application submitted to the Secretary containing provisions which describe the programs for which assistance is sought under this title, and which are consistent with

the requirements of section 2605.

(c) Of the funds available to each State under subsection (a), a reasonable amount based on data from prior years shall be reserved by each State for energy crisis intervention.

(d) (1) If, with respect to any State, the Secretary—

- (A) receives a request from the governing organization of an Indian tribe within the State that assistance under this title be made directly to such organization; and
- (B) determines that the members of such tribe would be better served by means of grants made directly to provide benefits under this title;

the Secretary shall reserve from amounts which would otherwise be paid to such State from amounts allotted to it under this title for the fiscal year involved the amount determined under paragraph (2).

- (2) The amount determined under this paragraph for a fiscal year is the amount which bears the same ratio to the amount which would (but for this subsection) be allotted to such State under this title for such fiscal year (other than by reason of section 2607(b)(2)) as the number of Indian households described in subparagraphs (A) and (B) of section 2605(b)(2) in such State with respect to which a determination under this subsection is made bears to the number of all households described in subparagraphs (A) and (B) of section 2605 (b)(2) in such State.
- (3) The sums reserved by the Secretary on the basis of a determination under this subsection shall be granted to—
 - (A) the tribal organization serving the individuals for whom such a determination has been made; or
 - (B) in any case where there is no tribal organization serving an individual for whom such a determination has been made, such other entity as the Secretary determines has the capacity to provide assistance pursuant to this title.

- (4) In order for a tribal organization or other entity to be eligible for an amount under this susbection for a fiscal year, it shall submit to the Secretary a plan (in lieu of being under the State's plan) for such fiscal year which meets such criteria as the Secretary may by regulations prescribe.
- (e) At the option of a State, any portion of such State's allotment under this title may be reserved by the Secretary for the purpose of making direct payments to households described in section 2605(b)(2)(A)(ii) (taking into account the application of section 2605(i)), for low-income energy assistance in accordance with guidelines issued by the Secretary.
- (f) A State may transfer up to 10 percent of its allotment under this section for any fiscal year for its use for such fiscal year under other provisions of Federal law providing block grants for—
 - (1) support of activities under subtitle B of title VI (relating to community services block grant program);
 - (2) support of activities under title XX of the Social Security Act; or
 - (3) support of preventive health services, alcohol, drug, and mental health services, and primary care under title XIX of the Public Health Service Act, and maternal and child health services under title V of the Social Security Act;
- or any combination of the activities described in paragraphs (1), (2), and (3). Amounts allotted to a State under any provisions of Federal law referred to in the preceding sentence and transferred by a State for use in carrying out the purposes of this title shall be treated as if they were paid to the State under this title but shall not affect the computation of the State's allotment under this title. The State shall inform the Secretary of any such transfer of funds.

APPLICATIONS AND REQUIREMENTS

- SEC. 2605. (a) (1) Each State desiring to receive an allotment for any fiscal year under this title shall submit an application to the Secretary. Each such application shall be in such form as the Secretary shall require. Each such application shall contain assurances by the chief executive officer of the State that the State will meet the conditions enumerated in subsection (b).
- (2) After the expiration of the first fiscal year for which a State receives funds under this title, no funds shall be allotted to such State for any fiscal year under this title unless such State conducts public hearings with respect to the proposed use and distribution of funds to be provided under this title for such fiscal year.
- (b) As part of the annual application required by subsection (a), the chief executive officer of each State shall certify that the State agrees to—

- (1) use the funds available under this title for the purposes described in section 2602(a) and otherwise in accordance with the requirements of this title, and agrees not to use such funds for any payments other than payments specified in this subsection;
 - (2) make payments under this title only with respect to—
 - (A) households in which 1 or more individuals are receiving—
 - (i) aid to families with dependent children under the State's plan approved under part A of title IV of the Social Security Act (other than such aid in the form of foster care in accordance with section 408 of such Act);

(ii) supplemental security income payments under title XVI of the Social Security Act;

- (iii) food stamps under the Food Stamp Act of 1977; or
- (iv) payments under section 415, 521, 541, or 542 of title 38, United States Code, or under section 806 of the Veterans' and Survivors' Pension Improvement Act of 1978; or
- (B) households with incomes which do not exceed the greater of—
 - (i) an amount equal to 150 percent of the poverty level for such State; or
 - (ii) an amount equal to 60 percent of the State median income;
- (8) conduct outreach activities designed to assure that eligible households, especially households with elderly individuals or handicapped individuals, or both, are made aware of the assistance available under this title, and any similar energy-related assistance available under subtitle B of title VI (relating to community services block grant program) or under any other provision of law which carries out programs which were administered under the Economic Opportunity Act of 1964 before the date of the enactment of this Act:
- (4) coordinate its activities under this title with similar and related programs administered by the Federal Government and such State, particularly low-income energy-related programs under subtitle B of title VI (relating to community services block grant program), under the supplemental security income program, under part A of title IV of the Social Security Act, under title XX of the Social Security Act, under the low-income weatherization assistance program under title IV of the Energy Conservation and Production Act, or under any other provision of law which carries out programs which were administered under the Economic Opportunity Act of 1964 before the date of the enactment of this Act;

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(5) provide, in a manner consistent with the efficient and timely payment of benefits, that the highest level of assistance will be furnished to those households which have the lowest incomes and the highest energy costs in relation to income, taking into account family size:

(6) to the extent it is necessary to designate local administrative agencies in order to carry out the purposes of this title, give special consideration, in the designation of such agencies, to any local public or private nonprofit agency which was receiving Federal funds under any low-income energy assistance program or weatherization program under the Economic Opportunity Act, of 1964 or any other provision of law on the day before the date of the enactment of this Act, except that—

(A) the State shall, before giving such special consideration, determine that the agency involved meets program and

fiscal requirements established by the State; and

(B) if there is no such agency because of any change in the assistance furnished to programs for economically disadvantaged persons, then the State shall give special consideration in the designation of local administrative agencies to any successor agency which is operated in substantially the same manner as the predecessor agency which did receive funds for the fiscal year preceding the fiscal year for which the determination is made;

(7) if the State chooses to pay home energy suppliers directly,

establish procedures to-

(A) notify each participating household of the amount of

assistance paid on its behalf;

(B) assure that the home energy supplier will charge the eligible household, in the normal billing process, the difference between the actual cost of the home energy and the amount of the payment made by the State under this title;

(C) assure that the home energy supplier will provide assurances that any agreement entered into with a home energy supplier under this paragraph will contain provisions to assure that no household receiving assistance under this title will be treated any differently because of such assistance under applicable provisions of State law or public regulatory requirements; and

(D) assure that any home energy supplier receiving direct payments agrees not to discriminate, either in the cost of the goods supplied or the services provided, against the eligible

household on whose behalf payments are made;

(8) provide assurances that the State will treat owners and renters equitably under the program assisted under this title;

(9) provide that—

- (A) in each fiscal year, the State may use for planning and administering the use of funds available under this title an amount not to exceed 10 percent of its allotment under this title for such fiscal year; and
- (B) the State will pay from non-Federal sources the remaining costs of planning and administering the program assisted under this title and will not use Federal funds for such remaining costs;
- (10) provide that such fiscal control and fund accounting procedures will be established as may be necessary to assure the proper disbursal of and accounting for Federal funds paid to the State under this title, including procedures for monitoring the assistance provided under this title, and provide that at least every year the State shall prepare an audit of its expenditures of amounts received under this title and amounts transferred to carry out the purposes of this title;

(11) permit and cooperate with Federal investigations undertaken in accordance with section 2608;

(12) provide for public participation in the development of the plan described in subsection (c); and

(18) provide an opportunity for a fair administrative hearing to individuals whose claims for assistance under the plan described in subsection (c) are denied or are not acted upon with reasonable promptness.

The Secretary may not prescribe the manner in which the States will comply with the provisions of this subsection.

- (c) (1) As part of the annual application required in subsection (a), the chief executive officer of each State shall prepare and furnish to the Secretary a plan which contains provisions describing how the State will carry out the assurances contained in subsection (b). The chief executive officer may revise any plan prepared under this paragraph and shall furnish the revised plan to the Secretary.
- (2) Each plan prepared under paragraph (1) shall be made available for public inspection within the State involved in such a manner as will facilitate review of, and comment upon, such plan.
- (d) Whenever the Secretary determines that a waiver of any requirement in subsection (b) is necessary to assist in promoting the objectives of this title, the Secretary may waive such requirement to the extent and for the period the Secretary finds necessary to enable the State involved to carry out the program under the plan.
- (e) Each audit required by subsection (b) (10) shall be conducted by an entity independent of any agency administering activities or services carried out under this title and shall be conducted in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. Within 30 days after the

completion of each audit, the chief executive officer of the State shall submit a copy of such audit to the legislature of the State and to the Secretary.

- (f) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the amount of any home energy assistance payments or allowances provided to an eligible household under this title shall not be considered income or resources of such household (or any member thereof) for any purpose under any Federal or State law, including any law relating to taxation, food stamps, public assistance, or welfare programs.
- (g) The State shall repay to the United States amounts found not to have been expended in accordance with this title or the Secretary may offset such amounts against any other amount to which the State is or may become entitled under this title.
- (h) The Comptroller General of the United States shall, from time to time, evaluate the expenditures by States of grants under this title in order to assure that expenditures are consistent with the provisions of this title and to determine the effectiveness of the State in accomplishing the purposes of this title.
- (i) A household which is described in subsection (b) (2) (A) solely by reason of clause (ii) thereof shall not be treated as a household described in subsection (b) (2) if the eligibility of the household is dependent upon—
 - (1) an individual whose annual supplemental security income benefit rate is reduced pursuant to section 1611(e)(1) of the Social Security Act by reason of being in an institution receiving payments under title XIX of the Social Security Act with respect to such individual;
 - (2) an individual to whom the reduction specified in section 1612(a)(2)(A)(i) of the Social Security Act applies; or
 - (8) a child described in section 1614(f)(2) of the Social Security Act who is living together with a parent, or the spouse of a parent, of the child.
- (j) In verifying income eligibility for purposes of subsection (b) (2) (B), the State may apply procedures and policies consistent with procedures and policies used by the State agency administering programs under part A of title IV of the Social Security Act, under title XX of the Social Security Act, under subtitle B of title VI of this Act (relating to community services block grant program), under any other provision of law which carries out programs which were administered under the Economic Opportunity Act of 1964 before the date of the enactment of this Act, or under other income assistance or service programs (as determined by the State).
 - (k) Not more than 15 percent of the greater of—
 - (1) the funds allotted to a State under this title for any fiscal year; or

- (2) the funds available to such State under this title for such fiscal year;
- may be used by the State for low-cost residential weatherization or other energy-related home repair for low-income households.
- (1) (1) Any State may use amounts provided under this title for the purpose of providing credits against State tax to energy suppliers who supply home energy at reduced rates to low-income households.
- (2) Any such credit provided by a State shall not exceed the amount of the loss of revenue to such supplier on account of such reduced rate.
- (3) Any certification for such tax credits shall be made by the State, but such State may use Federal data available to such State with respect to recipients of supplemental security income benefits if timely delivery of benefits to households described in subsection (b) and suppliers will not be impeded by the use of such data.

NONDISCRIMINATION PROVISIONS

SEC. 2606. (a) No person shall on the ground of race, color, national origin, or sex be excluded from participation in, be denied the benefits of, or be subjected to discrimination under, any program or activity funded in whole or in part with funds made available under this title. Any prohibition against discrimination on the basis of age under the Age Discrimination Act of 1975 or with respect to an otherwise qualified handicapped individual as provided in section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973 also shall apply to any such program or activity.

- (b) Whenever the Secretary determines that a State that has received a payment under this title has failed to comply with subsection (a) or an applicable regulation, he shall notify the chief executive officer of the State and shall request him to secure compliance. If within a reasonable period of time, not to exceed 60 days, the chief executive officer fails or refuses to secure compliance, the Secretary is authorized to (1) refer the matter to the Attorney General with a recommendation that an appropriate civil action be instituted; (2) exercise the powers and functions provided by title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964, the Age Discrimination Act of 1975, or section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, as may be applicable; or (3) take such other action as may be provided by law.
- (c) When a matter is referred to the Attorney General pursuant to subsection (b), or whenever he has reason to believe that the State is engaged in a pattern or practice in violation of the provisions of this section, the Attorney General may bring a civil action in any appropriate United States district court for such relief as may be appropriate, including injunctive relief.

PAYMENTS TO STATES

SEC. 2607. (a) From its allotment under section 2604, the Secretary shall make payments to each State in accordance with section 203 of the Intergovernmental Cooperation Act of 1968, for use under this title.

(b) (1) If—

(A) the Secretary determines that, as of September 1 of any fiscal year, an amount allotted to a State under section 2604 for any fiscal year will not be used by such State during such fiscal year;

(B) the Secretary—

- (i) notifies the chief executive officer of such State; and
- (ii) publishes a timely notice in the Federal Register; that, after the 30-day period beginning on the date of the notice to such chief executive officer, such amount may be reallotted; and
- (C) the State does not request, under paragraph (2), that such amount be held available for such State for the following fiscal year;

then such amount shall be treated by the Secretary for purposes of this title as an amount appropriated for the following fiscal year to be allotted under section 2604 for such following fiscal year.

- (2) (A) Any State may request that an amount allotted to such State for a fiscal year be held available for such State for the following fiscal year. Any amount so held available for the following fiscal year shall not be taken into account in computing the allotment of such State for such fiscal year under this title.
- (B) No amount may be held available under this paragraph for a State from a prior fiscal year to the extent such amount exceeds 25 percent of the amount allotted to such State for such prior fiscal year. For purposes of the preceding sentence, the amount allotted to a State for a fiscal year shall be determined without regard to any amount held available under this paragraph for such State for such fiscal year from the prior fiscal year.
- (3) During the 30-day period described in paragraph (1) (B), comments may be submitted to the Secretary. After considering such comments, the Secretary shall notify the chief executive officer of the State of any decision to reallot funds, and shall publish such decision in the Federal Register.

WITHHOLDING

Sec. 2608. (a) (1) The Secretary shall, after adequate notice and an opportunity for a hearing conducted within the affected State, withhold funds from any State which does not utilize its allotment substantially in accordance with the provisions of this title and the assurances such State provided under section 2605.

- (2) The Secretary shall respond in an expeditious and speedy manner to complaints of a substantial or serious nature that a State has failed to use funds in accordance with the provisions of this title or the assurances provided by the State under section 2605. For purposes of this paragraph, a violation of any one of the assurances contained in section 2605(b) that constitutes a disregard of such assurance shall be considered a serious complaint.
- (b) (1) The Secretary shall conduct in several States in each fiscal year investigations of the use of funds received by the States under this title in order to evaluate compliance with the provisions of this title.
- (2) Whenever the Secretary determines that there is a pattern of complaints from any State in any fiscal year, he shall conduct an investigation of the use of funds received under this title by such State in order to ensure compliance with the provisions of this title.
- (3) The Comptroller General of the United States may conduct an investigation of the use of funds received under this title by a State in order to ensure compliance with the provisions of this title.
- (c) Pursuant to an investigation conducted under subsection (b), a State shall make appropriate books, documents, papers, and records available to the Secretary or the Comptroller General of the United States, or any of their duly authorized representatives, for examination, copying, or mechanical reproduction on or off the premises of the appropriate entity upon a reasonable request therefor.
- (d) In conducting any investigation under subsection (b), the Secretary may not request any information not readily available to such State or require that any information be compiled, collected, or transmitted in any new form not already available.

LIMITATION ON USE OF GRANTS FOR CONSTRUCTION

Sec. 2609. Grants made under this title may not be used by the State; or by any other person with which the State makes arrangements to carry out the purposes of this title, for the purchase or improvement of land, or the purchase, construction, or permanent improvement (other than low-cost residential weatherization or other energy-related home repairs) of any building or other facility.

STUDIES

Sec. 2610. (a) The Secretary, after consultation with the Secretary of Energy, shall provide for the collection of data, including—

- (1) information concerning home energy consumption;
- (2) the cost and type of fuels used;
- (3) the type of fuel used by various income groups;
- (4) the number and income levels of households assisted by this title; and

- (5) any other information which the Secretary determines to be reasonably necessary to carry out the provisions of this title.
- (b) The Secretary shall submit an annual report to the Congress containing a summary of data collected under subsection (a).

REPEALER

SEC. 2611. Effective October 1, 1981, the Home Energy Assistance Act of 1980 is repealed.

Excerpts from Public Law 97-248

SEC. 1(a) SHORT TITLE.—This Act may be cited as the "Tax Equity and Fiscal Responsibility Act of 1982."

TITLE I—PROVISIONS RELATING TO SAVINGS IN HEALTH AND INCOME SECURITY PROGRAMS

EXCLUSION FROM INCOME

SEC. 159. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, payments which are made, under a statutorily established State program, to meet certain needs of children receiving aid under the State's plan approved under part A of title IV of the Social Security Act, if—

- (1) the payments are made to such children by the State agency administering such plan, but are made without Federal financial participation (under section 403(a) of such Act or otherwise), and
- (2) the State program has been continuously in effect since be re January 1, 1979,

shall be excluded from the income of such children and their families for purposes of section 402(a) (17) of such Act, and for all the other purposes of such part A and of such plan, effective on the date of the enactment of this Act.

DELAYED EFFECTIVE DATE IN CASES REQUIRING CONFORMING STATE LEGISLATION

SEC. 161. In the case of a State with respect to which the Secretary of Health and Human Services has determined that State legislation is required in order to conform the State plan approved under part A of title IV of the Social Security Act to the requirements imposed by any amendment made by this subtitle, the State plan shall not be regarded as failing to comply with the requirements of such part solely by reason of its failure to meet the requirements imposed by

such amendment prior to the end of the first session of the State legislature which begins after October 1, 1982, or which began prior to October 1, 1982, and remained in session for at least twenty-five calendar days after such date. For purposes of the preceding sentence, the term "session" means a regular, special, budget, or other session of a State legislature.

DELAYED EFFECTIVE DATE IN CASES REQUIRING STATE LEGISLATION

Sec. 176. In the case of a State with respect to which the Secretary of Health and Human Services has determined that State legislation is required in order to conform the State plan approved under part D of title IV of the Social Security Act to the requirements imposed by any amendment made by this subtitle, the State plan shall not be regarded as failing to comply with the requirements of such part solely by reason of its failure to meet the requirements imposed by such amendment prior to the end of the first session of the State legislature which begins after October 1, 1982, or which began prior to October 1, 1982, and remained in session for at least twenty-five calendar days after such date. For purposes of the preceding sentence, the term "session" means a regular, special, budget, or other session of a State legislature.

SHORT-TIME COMPENSATION

SEC. 194. (a) It is the purpose of this section to assist States which provide partial unemployment benefits to individuals whose workweeks are reduced pursuant to an employer plan under which such reductions are made in lieu of temporary layoffs.

- (b) (1) The Secretary of Labor (hereinafter in this section referred to as the "Secretary") shall develop model legislative language which may be used by States in developing and enacting short-time compensation programs, and shall provide technical assistance to States to assist in developing, enacting, and implementing such short-time compensation program.
- (2) The Secretary shall conduct a study or studies for purposes of evaluating the operation, costs, effect on the State insured rate of unemployment, and other effects of State short-time compensation programs developed pursuant to this section.
- (3) This section shall be a three-year experimental provision, and the provisions of this section regarding guidelines shall terminate 3 years following the date of the enactment of this Act.
- (4) States are encouraged to experiment in carrying out the purpose and intent of this section. However, to assure minimum

uniformity, States are encouraged to consider requiring the provisions contained in subsections (c) and (d).

- (c) For purposes of this section, the term "short-time compensation program" means a program under which—
 - (1) individuals whose workweeks have been reduced pursuant to a qualified employer plan by at least 10 per centum will be eligible for unemployment compensation;
 - (2) the amount of unemployment compensation payable to any such individual shall be a pro rata portion of the unemployment compensation which would be payable to the individual if the individual were totally unemployed;
 - (3) eligible employees may be eligible for short-time compensation or regular unemployment compensation, as needed; except that no employee shall be eligible for more than the maximum entitlement during any benefit year to which he or she would have been entitled for total unemployment, and no employee shall be eligible for short-term compensation for more than twenty-six weeks in any twelve-month period; and
 - (4) eligible employees will not be expected to meet the availability for work or work search test requirements while collecting short-time compensation benefits, but shall be available for their normal workweek.
- (d) For purposes of subsection (c), the term "qualified employer plan" means a plan of an employer or of an employers' association which association is party to a collective bargaining agreement (hereinafter referred to as "employers' association") under which there is a reduction in the number of hours worked by employees rather than temporary layoffs if—
 - (1) the employer's or employers' association's short-time compensation plan is approved by the State agency;
 - (2) the employer or employers' association certifies to the State agency that the aggregate reduction in work hours pursuant to such plan is in lieu of temporary layoffs which would have affected at least 10 per centum of the employees in the unit or units to which the plan would apply and which would have resulted in an equivalent reduction of work hours;
 - (3) during the previous four months the work force in the affected unit or units has not been reduced by temporary layoffs of more than 10 per centum;
 - (4) the employer continues to provide health benefits, and retirement benefits under defined benefit pension plans (as defined in section 3(35) of the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974, to employees whose workweek is reduced under such plan as though their workweek had not been reduced; and
 - (5) in the case of employees represented by an exclusive bar-

gaining representative, that representative has consented to the plan.

The State agency shall review at least annually any qualified employer plan put into effect to assure that it continues to meet the requirements of this subsection and of any applicable State law.

- (e) Short-time compensation shall be charged in a manner consistent with the State law.
- (f) For purposes of this section, the term "State" includes the District of Columbia, the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, and the Virgin Islands.
- (g) (1) The Secretary shall conduct a study or studies of State short-time compensation programs consulting with employee and employer representatives in developing criteria and guidelines to measure the following factors:
 - (A) the impact of the program upon the unemployment trust fund, and a comparison with the estimated impact on the fund of layoffs which would have occurred but for the existence of the program;

(B) the extent to which the program has protected and preserved the jobs of workers, with special emphasis on newly hired

employees, minorities, and women;

(C) the extent to which layoffs occur in the unit subsequent to initiation of the program and the impact of the program upon the entitlement to unemployment compensation of the employees;

(D) where feasible, the effect of varying methods of admin-

istration;

(E) the effect of short-time compensation on employers' State unemployment tax rates, including both users and nonusers of short-time compensation, on a State-by-State basis;

(F) the effect of various State laws and practices under those laws on the retirement and health benefits of employees who

are on short-time compensation programs;

(G) a comparison of costs and benefits to employees, employers, and communities from use of short-time compensation and layoffs;

(H) the cost of administration of the short-time compensation

program; and

(I) such other factors as may be appropriate.

(2) Not later than October 1, 1985, the Secretary shall submit to the Congress and to the President a final report on the implementation of this section. Such report shall contain an evaluation of short-time compensation programs and shall contain such recommendations as the Secretary deems advisable, including recommendations as to

necessary changes in the statistical practices of the Department of Labor.

TITLE II—REVENUE MEASURES

SEC. 278. MEDICARE COVERAGE OF, AND APPLICATION OF HOSPITAL INSURANCE TAX TO, FEDERAL EMPLOYMENT.

(c) Effective Dates.—

- (1) Hospital insurance taxes.—The amendments made by subsection (a) shall apply to remuneration paid after December 31, 1982.
 - (2) MEDICARE COVERAGE.—
 - (A) In general.—The amendments made by subsection (b) are effective on and after January 1, 1983, and the amendments made by paragraph (3) of that subsection apply to remuneration (for medicare qualified Federal employment) paid after December 31, 1982.
 - (B) TREATMENT OF CURRENT DISABILITIES.—For purposes of establishing entitlement to hospital insurance benefits under part A of title XVIII of the Social Security Act pursuant to the amendments made by subsection (b) or the provisions of subsection (d), no individual may be considered to be under a disability for any period before January 1, 1983.
- (d) Transitional Provisions.—

such entitlement.

- (1) In general.—For purposes of sections 226, 226A, and 1811 of the Social Security Act, in the case of any individual—
 - (A) who performs service both during January 1983, and before January 1, 1983, which constitutes medicare qualified Federal employment (as defined in section 210(p) of such Act) and
- (B) who would be entitled, under section 226(a) (2) (C), 226(b) (2) (C), 226A(a) (1) (A) (ii), or 226A(a) (1) (B) (iii) of such Act, to hospital insurance benefits under part A of title XVIII of such Act but for the failure to include medicare qualified Federal employment (as so defined) within the meaning of the term "employment" for purposes of title II of such Act for remuneration paid before January 1, 1983, the individual's medicare qualified Federal employment (as so defined) performed before January 1, 1983, for which remuneration was paid before such date, shall be considered to be "employment" (as so defined), but only for the purpose of providing

- (2) ELIGIBILITY OF OTHER PERSONS.—Any individual who is entitled to hospital insurance benefits under part A of title XVIII of the Social Security Act by reason of the application of paragraph (1) of this subsection, shall be deemed to be entitled to an old-age benefit under section 202 of such Act, or a disability benefit under section 223 of such Act, for purposes of determining eligibility for such hospital insurance benefits for any other person. In applying this paragraph, any such other person who would be entitled to a monthly benefit under section 202 of such Act if such individual (to whom paragraph (1) applies) were entitled to such old-age or disability benefit, shall be deemed to be entitled to such monthly benefit, but only for purposes of determining such person's eligibility for hospital insurance benefits.
- (3) APPROPRIATIONS.—There are authorized to be appropriated to the Federal Hospital Insurance Trust Fund from time to time such sums as the Secretary of Health and Human Services deems necessary for any fiscal year, on account of—
 - (A) payments made or to be made during such fiscal year from such Trust Fund with respect to individuals who are entitled to benefits under title XVIII of the Social Security Act solely by reason of paragraph (1) or (2) of this subsection,
 - (B) the additional administrative expenses resulting or expected to result therefrom, and
 - (C) any loss in interest to such Trust Fund resulting from the payment of those amounts.

in order to place such Trust Fund in the same position at the end of such fiscal year as it would have been in if this subsection had not been enacted.

APPENDIX A-SECTION 215 UNDER FORMER LAW

Note: The 1977 Social Security Amendments greatly modified the manner of computing social security benefits. In a number of cases, however, the former law continues to be applied. The basic benefit computation section as previously in effect is reprinted in this appendix.

Computation of Primary Insurance Amount

Sec. 215. For the purposes of this title—

- (a) The primary insurance amount of an insured individual shall be determined as follows:
 - (1) Subject to the conditions specified in subsections (b), (c), and (d) of this section and except as provided in paragraphs (2) and (3) of this subsection, such primary insurance amount shall be whichever of the following amounts is the largest:
 - (A) the amount in column IV of the following table (or, if larger, the amount in column IV of the latest table deemed to be such table under subsection (i)(2)(D)) on the line on which in column III of such table appears his average monthly wage (as determined under subsection (b));
 - (B) the amount in column IV of such table on the line on which in column II appears his primary insurance amount (as determined under subsection (c)); or
 - (C) the amount in column IV of such table on the line on which in column I appears his primary insurance benefit (as determined under subsection (d)).
 - (2) In the case of an individual who was entitled to a disability insurance benefit for the month before the month in which he died, became entitled to old-age insurance benefits, or attained age 65, such primary insurance amount shall be—
 - (A) the amount in column IV of such table which is equal to the primary insurance amount upon which such disability insurance benefit is based; except that if such individual was entitled to a disability insurance benefit under section 223 for the month before the effective month of a new table (whether enacted by another law or deemed to be such table under subsection (i)(2)(D)) and in the following month became entitled to an old-age insurance benefit, or he died in such following month, then his primary insurance amount for such following month shall be the amount in column IV of the

new table on the line on which in column II of such table appears his primary insurance amount for the month before the effective month of the table (as determined under subsection (c)) instead of the amount in column IV equal to the primary insurance amount on which his disability insurance benefit is based. For purposes of this paragraph, the term "primary insurance amount" with respect to any individual means only a primary insurance amount determined under paragraph (1) (and such individual's benefits shall be deemed to be based upon the primary insurance amount as so determined); or

- (B) an amount equal to the primary insurance amount upon which such disability insurance benefit is based if such primary insurance amount was determined under paragraph (3).
- (3) Such primary insurance amount shall be an amount equal to \$9.00 multiplied by the individual's years of coverage in excess of 10 in any case in which such amount is higher than the individual's primary insurance amount as determined under paragraph (1) or (2).

For purposes of paragraph (3), an individual's "years of coverage" is the number (not exceeding 30) equal to the sum of (i) the number (not exceeding 14 and disregarding any fraction) determined by dividing the total of the wages credited to him (including wages deemed to be paid prior to 1951 to such individual under section 217, compensation under the Railroad Retirement Act of 1937 prior to 1951 which is creditable to such individual pursuant to this title, and wages deemed to be paid prior to 1951 to such individual under section 231) for years after 1936 and before 1951 by \$900, plus (ii) the number equal to the number of years after 1950 each of which is a computation base year (within the meaning of subsection (b) (2) (C)) and in each of which he is credited with wages (including wages deemed to be paid to such individual under section 217, compensation under the Railroad Retirement Act of 1937 which is creditable to such individual pursuant to this title, and wages deemed to be paid prior to 1951 to such individual under section 229) and self-employment income of not less than 25 percent of the maximum amount which, pursuant to subsection (e), may be counted for such year.

¹The amount in par. (3) as in effect in December 1978 was \$9.00. Sec. 215(a)(5) provides that this amount shall be increased, effective January 1979 to \$11.50.

TABLE FOR DETERMINING FRIMARY INSURANCE AMOUNT AND MAXIMUM FAMILY BENEFITS BEGINNING F. JUNE 1978

| | | | JOHE 13/9 | | | |
|--|--|---|--|--|---|---|
| | 1 | 11 | 11 | ı | IV | ٧ |
| | surance benefit act, as modified) | (Primary insur- ance amount effective for June 1977) | (Average mo | nthly wage) | (Primary insurance amount) | (Maximum family benefits) |
| an individual's primary in- surance benefit (as deter- mined under subsec. (d)) is— | | Or his primary insurance amount (as determined under subsec. | determined under subsec. (b)) | | The amount referred to in the preceding paragraphs of | And the max mum amou of benefit payable (provided sec. 293(a) on the basi of his wage and sel |
| At least— | But not more than— | (c)) is— | At least— | But not more than— | this subsection shall be— | employment income shall be- |
| \$16. 21 16. 85 17. 61 19. 25 20. 01 21. 29 22. 69 22. 40 22. 40 25. 91 26. 95 27. 28. 09 28. 69 29. 69 30. 37 32. 61 33. 31 33. 31 34. 41 42. 21 44. 45 44. 45 44. 45 | \$16. 20 16. 84 17. 60 18. 40 19. 40 20. 00 20. 54 21. 88 22. 68 23. 44 23. 76 24. 20 25. 49 27. 46 28. 29 29. 36 30. 32 31. 20 33. 38 35. 80 37. 60 38. 12 38. 63 39. 12 41. 74 41. 74 44. 45 45 46 46 47 47 44 45 46 46 47 47 44 46 46 47 47 44 46 46 47 47 44 46 46 47 47 44 46 46 46 47 47 44 46 46 46 47 47 48 48 48 48 48 48 48 48 48 48 48 48 48 | \$114. 30 116. 10 118. 80 121. 00 123. 90 125. 90 128. 10 130. 10 132. 70 135. 00 137. 20 139. 40 142. 30 144. 30 144. 30 144. 30 144. 30 145. 50 157. 00 158. 70 159. 40 164. 20 164. 70 169. 30 171. 80 174. 10 174. 30 181. 70 181. 70 181. 70 221. 20 223. 30 224. 30 224. 30 225. 30 | \$77 79 81 82 84 86 88 90 91 93 95 97 96 100 102 103 105 107 108 114 119 123 128 133 137 142 147 151 156 161 165 167 175 179 184 180 194 194 194 194 203 204 217 222 226 231 236 245 259 264 268 273 278 282 287 282 287 282 287 | \$76 78 81 83 85 87 89 90 92 94 97 99 101 102 104 106 107 109 113 118 122 127 132 136 141 146 150 164 164 164 164 178 183 183 193 193 202 207 211 221 225 235 239 249 253 263 263 263 263 263 263 263 263 263 26 | \$121. 80 123. 70 123. 80 124. 90 134. 00 134. 50 138. 60 144. 30 145. 30 153. 70 155. 70 156. 90 161. 60 167. 30 169. 80 172. 50 174. 90 177. 60 183. 00 183. 00 185. 50 185. 70 201. 30 203. 60 222. 40 225. 30 223. 00 233. 00 235. 60 224. 00 225. 30 225. 30 226. 70 227. 90 225. 30 226. 70 227. 90 226. 70 227. 90 227. 90 278. 10 283. 10 | \$182. 185. 189. 193. 1901. 201. 201. 212. 213. 213. 222. 227. 236. 238. 242. 246. 251. 254. 258. 268. 279. 278. 288. 290. 293. 313. 313. 313. 313. 326. 327. 338. 349. |

TABLE FOR DETERMINING PRIMARY INSURANCE AMOUNT AND MAXIMUM FAMILY BENEFITS BEGINNING JUNE 1978—Continued

| A search Common | • | l | 11 | • | II | IV | Y |
|--|--|----------------|--|--|--|--|---|
| an individual's primary insurance benefit (as determined under subsec. (d)) is— At least— But not more than— At least— But not more than— 258. 50 270. 70 271. 20 272. 80 272. 80 273. 20 273. 20 273. 20 273. 20 273. 20 273. 20 273. 20 274. 10 329 333 342 275. 80 225. 60 226. 50 226. 50 226. 50 227. 70 315 319 228. 30 228. 30 228. 30 228. 30 228. 30 228. 30 228. 30 228. 30 228. 30 228. 30 334. 337 335. 304. 20 229. 337 230. 322 231. 30 231. 30 232. 30 233. 342 331. 30 344. 337 346. 30 247. 90 348. 347 348. 347 349. 349 249. 358 349. 348 349. 349 | (Primary insurance benefit under 1939 Act, as modified) | | ance amount effective for | (Average mo | enthly wage) | insurance | (Maximum family benefits) |
| At least— But not more than— under subsec. (c)) is— At least— But not more than— than— at least— but not more than— than— than subsection subsection at least than— than than the least than— than the least than than than the least than than than than than than than tha | surance bene mined under | fit (as deter- | | Or his average m | onthly wage (as | wage (as The amount | And the man mum amou of benef payable (provided sec. 203(a on the bas |
| At least— than— (c)) is— At least— than— shall be— incording to the control of th | | But and man | determined | | | paragraphs of | of his wag and sel |
| 270, 76 273, 20 320 321 275, 80 324 328 228, 80 278, 10 329 333 289, 203, 80 281, 00 334 337 289, 30 281, 00 334 337 289, 30 281, 00 334 337 289, 30 281, 00 334 337 289, 30 342 281, 00 338 342 281, 00 338 342 281, 00 338 342 281, 00 338 342 301, 40 281, 00 388 381 382 381, 20 381 382 383 384 387 381 381 382 383 384 385 389 387 380 381 380 381 381 382 383 384 385 389 388 388 388 388 388 388 388 388 388 | At least— | | | At least— | | | employme income shall be |
| 285. 60 343 347 304. 20 288. 30 348 351 307. 10 290. 50 352 356 309. 40 293. 30 357 361 312. 40 295. 60 342 345 314. 90 297. 90 356 370 317. 30 300. 60 371 375 320. 20 303. 10 376 379 322. 90 305. 70 380 384 325. 60 307. 90 385 389 328. 00 310. 30 390 393 330. 50 310. 30 390 393 330. 50 311. 30 399 403 333. 40 315. 40 399 403 333. 40 315. 40 399 403 333. 40 315. 20 404 407 338. 90 322. 50 418 412 341. 10 322. 50 418 421 346. 00 327. 40 422 426 346. 70 329. 40 427 431 351. 10 327. 40 422 426 346. 70 329. 40 427 431 351. 10 331. 60 427 431 351. 10 331. 60 427 431 351. 10 331. 40 437 343. 50 341. 30 341. 30 341. 30 345. 50 341. 30 341. 30 341. 30 356. 20 334. 40 437 440 356. 20 334. 40 437 348. 70 446 450 360. 00 341. 30 341. 30 451 455 356. 30 347. 90 465 468 370. 50 355. 50 345. 80 460 464 368. 30 365. 90 345. 80 460 464 368. 30 365. 90 355. 80 479 482 378. 00 355. 70 469 473 373. 50 355. 50 366. 80 479 482 378. 00 357. 40 483 492 383. 10 355. 60 366. 80 507 510 392. 90 371. 10 511 515 395. 30 375. 80 521 524 400. 30 375. 8 | | | 270, 70 273, 20 27 5, 80 27 8 , 10 281, 00 | 315 320 324 329 334 | 319 323 328 333 337 | 288. 30 291. 00 293. 80 296. 20 299. 30 | 477. 485. 491. 498. 504. 512. |
| 300, 60 371 375 320, 20 303, 10 376 379 322, 90 305, 70 380 384 325, 60 307, 90 385 389 328, 00 310, 30 390 393 330, 50 313, 00 394 398 333, 40 315, 40 399 403 336, 00 318, 20 404 407 338, 90 320, 20 408 412 341, 10 322, 50 413 417 343, 50 324, 80 418 421 346, 00 327, 40 422 426 348, 70 329, 60 427 431 351, 10 329, 60 427 431 351, 10 331, 60 432 436 353, 20 334, 40 437 440 356, 20 334, 40 437 440 356, 20 334, 30 451 445 358, 40 341, 30 451 454 363, 50 364, 80 365, 80 365, 80 365, 80 365, 80 365, 80 365, 80 365, 80 365, 80 365, 80 366, 30 367, 90 465 468 370, 60 356, 30 357, 40 483 487 380, 70 359, 60 479 482 378, 00 357, 40 483 487 380, 70 359, 70 488 492 378, 00 357, 40 483 487 380, 70 357, 60 357, 70 488 492 378, 00 357, 40 483 487 380, 70 357, 60 357, 70 488 492 378, 00 357, 40 483 487 380, 70 357, 60 366, 60 50 497 501 388, 20 366, 60 502 506 390, 50 366, 80 371, 10 511 515 395, 30 373, 70 516 520 398, 30 375, 80 521 524 400, 30 375, 80 521 524 400, 30 378, 10 525 529 402, 70 380, 80 530 5530 5544 405, 60 | | | 285, 60 288, 30 290, 50 293, 30 295, 60 | 343 348 352 357 | 347 351 356 361 | 304, 20 307, 10 309, 40 312, 40 314, 90 | 519. 527. 533. (541. 548. (562. (|
| 318. 20 | | | 300. 60 303. 10 305. 70 307. 90 310. 30 313. 00 | 371 376 380 385 390 394 | 375 379 384 389 393 398 | 320. 20 322. 90 325. 60 328. 00 330. 50 333. 40 | 569. 9 576. 3 583. 9 591. 3 597. 4 605. 1 |
| 331. 60 | | | 318. 20 320. 20 322. 50 324. 80 327. 40 | 404 408 413 418 422 | 407 412 417 421 428 | 338, 90 341, 10 343, 50 346, 00 348, 70 | 612. 7 618. 6 626. 3 633. 8 639. 9 647. 5 655. 1 |
| 345.80 460 464 368.30 347.90 465 468 370.60 350.70 469 473 373.50 352.60 474 478 375.60 354.90 479 482 378.00 357.40 483 487 380.70 359.70 488 492 383.10 361.90 493 496 385.50 364.50 497 501 388.20 366.60 502 506 380.50 368.80 507 510 382.90 371.10 511 515 395.30 371.10 511 515 395.30 373.70 516 520 398.00 375.80 521 524 400.30 375.80 521 524 400.30 378.10 525 529 402.70 | | | 331. 60 334. 40 336. 50 338. 70 341. 30 | 432 437 441 446 451 | 436 440 445 450 454 | 353. 20 356. 20 358. 40 360. 80 363. 50 | 662. 7 665. 7 669. 7 673. 4 676. 3 680. 1 |
| 359, 70 488 492 383, 10 361, 90 493 496 385, 50 364, 50 497 501 388, 20 366, 60 502 506 390, 50 368, 80 507 510 392, 90 371, 10 511 515 395, 30 373, 70 516 520 398, 00 375, 80 521 524 400, 30 378, 10 525 529 402, 70 380, 80 530 534 405, 60 | | | 347. 90 350. 70 352. 60 354. 90 | 465 469 474 479 | 468 473 478 482 | 370, 60 373, 50 375, 60 378, 00 | 683. 8 687. 1 690. 8 694. 6 697. 7 701. 6 |
| 373, 70 516 520 398, 00 375, 80 521 524 400, 30 378, 10 525 529 402, 70 380, 80 530 534 405, 60 382, 80 535 538 407, 70 385, 10 539 543 410, 20 387, 60 544 548 412, 80 389, 90 549 553 415, 30 392, 10 554 556 417, 60 393, 90 557 560 419, 60 396, 10 561 563 421, 90 396, 20 564 567 424, 10 400, 40 568 570 426, 50 | | | 359. 70 361. 90 | 493 497 502 507 | 492 496 501 506 510 | 206 60 | 705. 4 708. 4 712. 1 715. 8 719. 0 722. 8 |
| 347. 60 544 548 412. 80 389. 90 549 553 415. 30 392. 10 554 556 417. 60 393. 90 557 560 419. 60 396. 10 561 563 421. 90 398. 20 564 567 424. 10 400. 40 568 570 426. 50 | | | 373. 70 375. 80 378. 10 380. 80 382. 80 | 516 521 525 530 535 | 520 524 529 534 538 | 398.00 400.30 402.70 405.60 407.70 | 712. 1 712. 8 719. 0 722. 8 726. 7 729. 7 733. 4 737. 1 740. 2(|
| 398. 20 564 567 424. 10 400. 40 568 570 426. 50 | | | 387, 60 389, 90 392, 10 393, 90 396, 10 | 544 549 554 557 | 553 556 560 | 412.80 415.30 417.60 419.60 421.90 | 740, 21 744, 18 747, 8 751, 6 753, 9 756, 3 762, 3 764, 5 727, 8 |
| 402.30 571 574 428.50 404.40 575 577 430.70 406.20 578 581 432.70 406.40 582 584 435.00 | | | | 568 571 575 578 | 574 577 581 | 424, 10 426, 50 428, 50 430, 70 432, 70 | 762, 30 764, 50 767, 56 769, 90 772, 80 775, 20 778, 20 780, 50 783, 50 |
| 406, 20 578 581 432, 70 408, 40 582 584 435, 00 410, 20 585 588 436, 90 412, 60 589 591 439, 50 414, 60 592 595 441, 60 | | | 410. 20 412. 60 414. 60 | 585 589 | 5 88 591 | 436. 90 439. 50 441. 60 | 778. 20 780. 50 783. 50 |

TABLE FOR DETERMINING PRIMARY INSURANCE AMOUNT AND MAXIMUM FAMILY BENEFITS BEGINNING
JUNE 1978—Continued

| 1 | 11 | 111 | | N | V | |
|--|---|---|--|--|--|--|
| (Primary insurance benefit nder 1939 Act, as modified) | (Primary insur- ance amount effective for June 1977) | (Average mon | thly wage) | (Primary insurance amount) | (Maximum family benefits) | |
| an individual's primary in- prance benefit (as deter- mined under subsec. (d)) | Or his primary insurance amount (as determined under subsec. | Or his average monthly wage (as determined under subsec. (b)) | | The amount referred to in the preceding paragraphs of | And the maximum amount of benefits payable (as provided in sec. 203(a)) on the basis of his wages and self- | |
| At least— than— | (c)) is— | At least- | then— | this subsection shall be— | employment income shall be- | |
| | 416. 70 418. 70 418. 70 420. 70 422. 80 424. 90 428. 90 431. 00 435. 10 437. 10 437. 10 448. 60 449. 90 441. 40 449. 90 451. 10 451. 10 454. 80 451. 70 454. 80 467. 70 468. 80 471. 90 481. 80 | 596 599 603 606 610 613 617 624 628 631 636 645 645 645 661 661 666 671 676 681 686 671 701 701 716 721 726 731 736 741 756 771 776 771 778 771 778 771 778 771 778 771 778 771 778 771 778 779 771 778 778 | 560 560 560 615 616 620 623 624 634 634 644 648 645 656 640 665 670 670 775 770 775 770 775 775 775 7 | 443, 40 446, 10 445, 30 455, 30 455, 30 456, 30 465, 40 461, 20 472, 10 472, 10 472, 10 473, 10 474, 50 477, 80 481, 80 481, 80 481, 70 482, 20 481, 70 482, 20 481, 70 482, 20 501, 70 513, 70 514, 70 515, 40 517, 40 518, 90 521, 40 521, 40 522, 50 530, 50 531, 90 531, 90 541, 90 541, 90 541, 90 541 | 785. 6 7787. 8 7787. 0 7787. 0 7798. 0 7798. 5 7798. 5 7798. 5 7798. 5 7798. 5 7798. 5 7798. 5 7798. 5 7798. 5 802. 5 802. 5 802. 6 803. 7 838. 4 844. 5 844. 6 844. 5 844. 6 844 | |

TABLE FOR DETERMINE PRIMARY INSURANCE AMOUNT AND MAXIMUM FAMILY BENEFITS BEGINNING
JUNE 1978—Continued

| - | JUNE 1978—Continued | | | | | |
|--|--|---|---|---|---|--|
| • | 11 | 191 | | N | ٧ | |
| (Primary insurance benefit nder 1939 Act, as modified) | (Primary insur- ance amount effective for June 1977) | (Average mont | hly wage) | (Primary insurance amount) | (Maximum family benefits) And the maximum amount of benefits peyable (as provided in sec. 203(a)) on the basis of i.is wages and self-employment | |
| an individual's primary in- surance benefit (as deter- mined under subsec. (d)) is— | Or his primary insurance amount (as determined under subsec. | Or his average modelermined under | nthly wage (as ir subsec. (b)) | The amount referred to in the preceding paragraphs of this subsection | | |
| At least— than— | (c)) is | At least— | then— | shall be | income shaft be- | |
| | 518. 20 519. 40 521. 00 522. 30 523. 10 525. 10 526. 30 527. 60 530. 40 531. 50 531. 50 532. 40 532. 60 541. 20 541. 20 543. 80 544. 60 547. 80 550. 20 551. 50 552. 60 555. 10 556. 20 557. 50 558. 80 568. 80 567. 70 577. 70 578. 20 589. 70 589. 80 589. 70 | 891 896 901 903 911 916 921 925 925 931 936 946 951 956 971 961 961 991 996 1,001 1,016 1,021 1,036 1,031 1,046 1,056 1,056 1,061 1,064 1,056 1,061 1,066 1,061 1,066 1, | \$95 900 905 910 915 920 925 935 940 945 945 945 945 945 945 945 1,000 1,025 1,000 1,025 1,030 1,035 1,045 1,050 1,055 1,050 1,055 1,000 1,055 1,000 1,055 1,000 1,055 1,000 1,055 1,000 1,055 1,000 1,055 1,000 1,055 1,000 1,055 1,000 1,055 1,000 1,055 1,000 1,155 1,000 1,155 1,000 1,155 1,160 1,155 1,160 1,155 1,160 1,155 1,160 1, | \$51. 90 \$53. 40 \$54. 30 \$55. 30 \$56. 60 \$56. 90 \$56. 30 \$56. 30 \$56. 30 \$57. 30 \$57. 30 \$57. 30 \$57. 30 \$57. 30 \$57. 30 \$57. 30 \$57. 30 \$57. 30 \$57. 30 \$57. 30 \$57. 30 \$57. 30 \$57. 30 \$57. 30 \$57. 30 \$57. 30 \$57. 40 \$57. 90 \$58. 50 \$58. 60 \$58. 60 \$58. 60 \$58. 60 \$59. 20 \$59. 30 \$601. 60 \$602. 20 \$604. 20 \$605. 40 \$615. 80 \$611. 60 \$615. 80 \$611. 60 \$615. 80 \$611. 60 \$615. 80 \$611. 60 \$615. 80 \$611. 60 \$615. 80 \$611. 7. 00 \$611. 80 | 964. 00 963. 30 973. 50 973. 50 973. 50 973. 50 974. 30 983. 40 983. 50 983. 50 983. 50 1, 003. 60 1, 004. 20 1, 034. 50 1, 034. 50 1, 044. 30 1, 054. 80 1, 057. 10 1, 058. 40 1, 058. 40 1, 066. 10 1, 077. 60 | |

TABLE FOR DETERMINING PRIMARY INSURANCE AMOUNT AND MAXIMUM FAMILY BENEFITS BEGINNING JUNE 1978—Continued

| 1 | | 11 | 111 | ļ | IA | ٧ |
|--|-------|---|--|--|---|---|
| (Primary insurance nder 1939 Act, as n | | (Primary insur- ance amount effective for June 1977) | (Average mon | (Primary insurance emonthly wage) amount) | | (Maximum family benefits) |
| If an individual's primary in- surance benefit (as deter- mined under subsec. (d)) is— But not more At least— than— | | Or his primary insurance amount (as determined under subsec. (c)) is— | Or his average monthly wage (as determined under subsec. (b)) is— | | The amount referred to in the preceding paragraphs of this subsection shall be- | And the maximum amount of benefits payable (as provided in sec. 203(a)) on the basis of his wages and self-employment |
| | than— | 598, 20 | At least— 1, 211 | 1, 215 | 637. 10 | income shall be- |
| | | 599, 30 600, 40 601, 60 602, 70 603, 80 605, 00 506, 10 607, 20 608, 50 610, 60 611, 70 613, 80 614, 90 617, 00 618, 10 619, 10 620, 20 621, 30 622, 30 623, 40 625, 50 627, 60 628, 70 629, 70 639, 90 631, 90 641, 90 642, 90 644, 90 644, 90 645, 90 644, 90 645, 90 644, 90 645, 90 645, 90 6550, 90 6551, 90 6551, 90 6550, 90 | 1, 216 1, 221 1, 226 1, 231 1, 241 1, 241 1, 256 1, 251 1, 266 1, 276 1, 281 1, 281 1, 291 1, 291 1, 306 1, 311 1, 336 1, 331 1, 336 1, 331 1, 336 1, 331 1, 336 1, 331 1, 336 1, 331 1, 336 1, 341 1, | 1, 220 1, 235 1, 240 1, 255 1, 255 1, 265 1, 270 1, 275 1, 285 1, 290 1, 305 1, 305 1, 305 1, 315 1, 325 1, 345 1, 345 1, 345 1, 350 1, 355 1, 345 1, 375 1, 385 1, 385 1, 385 1, 385 1, 385 1, 385 1, 405 1, 425 1, 425 1, 425 1, 426 1, 427 1, 428 1, 429 1, 435 1, 445 1, 446 1, 450 1, 500 1, 500 | 638. 30 641. 90 641. 90 643. 10 644. 40 645. 50 646. 70 647. 90 650. 30 651. 70 654. 90 656. 30 655. 70 654. 90 656. 30 657. 20 658. 30 667. 20 668. 30 667. 30 668. 40 668. 60 668. 60 668. 60 668. 80 668. 80 669. 60 683. 70 672. 90 674. 10 675. 20 678. 30 679. 40 689. 60 681. 60 683. 70 688. 80 689. 90 689. 90 689. 90 699. 40 699. 40 700. 40 770. 40 | 1, 167. 1, 169. 1, 171. 1, 173. 1, 177. 1, 177. 1, 179. 1, 181. 1, 183. 1, 185. 1, 187. 1, 199. 1, 190. 1, 192. 1, 194. 1, 198. 1, 200. 1, 202. 1, 203. 1, 205. 1, 207. 1, 209. 1, 211. 1, 213. 1, 215. 1, 218. 1, 222. 1, 224. 1, 225. 1, 227. 1, 229. 1, 232. 1, 232. |

TABLE FOR DETERMINING PRIMARY INSURANCE AMOUNT AND MAXIMUM FAMILY BENEFITS BEGINNING
JUNE 1978—Continued

| 1 | | 11 | | 1 | N | v |
|---|----------------|---|--|--|---|--|
| | 54 | (Primary insurance amount | | | (Primary | (Maximum |
| (Primary insurance binder 1939 Act, as mo | | effective for June 1977) | (Average mon | thly wage) | insurance amount) | family benefits) And the maxi- |
| f an individual's prima surance benefit (as mined under subsec is— | deter- | Or his primary insurance amount (as determined | Or his average monthly wage (as determined under subsec. (b)) | | The amount referred to in the preceding paragraphs of | mum amou of benef payable (provided sec. 203(a on the bes of his wag and se |
| At least— But no | t more then | under subsec. (c)) is— | At least— | But not more this subsection shall be- | employme income shall be | |
| | | | 1, 531 1, 536 1, 546 1, 546 1, 556 1, 566 1, 571 1, 576 1, 586 1, 571 1, 591 1, 591 1, 591 1, 606 1, 611 1, 621 1, 626 1, 631 1, 636 1, 631 1, 636 1, 631 1, 636 1, 631 1, 636 1, 631 1, 636 1, 631 1, 636 1, 631 1, 636 1, 631 1, 636 1, 631 1, 636 1, 631 1, 636 1, 631 1, 636 1, 631 1, 636 1, 631 1, 636 1, 631 1, 636 1, 631 1, 636 1, 701 1, 706 1, 711 1, 726 1, 731 1, 736 1, 736 1, 731 1, 736 1, 736 1, 731 1, 736 1, | 1, 535 1, 546 1, 545 1, 555 1, 560 1, 565 1, 560 1, 575 1, 580 1, 575 1, 605 1, 610 1, 610 1, 610 1, 610 1, 610 1, 625 1, 630 1, 640 1, 645 1, 655 1, 630 1, 645 1, 655 1, 670 1, 675 1, 670 1, 775 1, 785 1, 780 1, 775 1, 775 1, 776 1, 775 1, 776 1, 775 1, 7785 1, 780 1, 775 1, 785 1, 780 1, 775 1, 780 1, 775 1, 780 1, 775 1, 780 1, 775 1, 780 1, 775 1, 780 1, 775 1, 780 1, 775 1, 780 1, 785 1, 845 1, 845 1, 845 1, 845 | 707. 40 708. 40 710. 40 711. 40 711. 40 714. 40 715. 40 717. 40 721. 40 721. 40 722. 40 723. 40 727. 40 738. 40 738. 40 738. 40 739. 40 731. 40 | 1, 238. 1, 241. 1, 242. 1, 243. 1, 244. 1, 244. 1, 245. 1, 252. 1, 253. 1, 253. 1, 254. 1, 260. 1, 271. 1, 274. 1, 274. 1, 274. 1, 274. 1, 275. 1, 283. 1, 384 |

TABLE FOR DETERMINING PRIMARY INSURANCE AMOUNT AND MAXIMUM FAMILY BENEFITS BEGINNING
JUNE 1978—Centinued

| 1 | | H | III | | IV | ٧ |
|---|-------|---|--|--|---|--|
| (Primary insurance benefit under 1939 Act, as modified) If an individual's primary insurance benefit (as determined under subsec. (d)) is— | | (Primary insur- ance amount effective for June 1977) | (Average mor | ithly wage) | (Primary insurance amount) | (Meximum family benefits) |
| | | Or his primary insurance smount (as determined | Or his average monthly wage (as determined under subsect, (b)) is— | | The amount referred to in the preceding paragraphs of | And the maximum amount of benefits payable (as provided in sec. 203(a)) on the basis of his wayee and self- |
| At least— | than— | under subsec. (c)) is— | At least— | But not more then— | this subsection shall be— | employment income shall be- |
| | | | 1, 851 1, 856 1, 841 1, 866 1, 871 1, 881 1, 886 1, 891 1, 906 | 1, 255 1, 960 1, 865 1, 870 1, 875 1, 880 1, 885 1, 890 1, 996 1, 908 1, 910 | 771. 40 772. 40 773. 40 775. 40 775. 40 777. 40 778. 40 780. 40 781. 40 | 1, 350, 00 1, 351, 50 1, 353, 50 1, 355, 20 1, 357, 00 1, 356, 50 1, 360, 50 1, 364, 00 1, 364, 70 1, 367, 50 1, 360, 20 |

TABLE FOR DETERMINING PRIMARY INSURANCE AMOUNT AND MAXIMUM FAMILY BENEFITS BEGINNING JUNE 1982 FOR INDIVIDUALS TO WHOM PRE-1977 LAW APPLIES

| | 1 | II Primary insur- | 111 | | IV | ٧ |
|--|--|---|--|---|---|--|
| | (Primary insurance benefit under 1939 Act, as modified) | | amount tive for 1980) (Average monthly wage) | | (Primary insurance amount) | (Maximum family benefits) |
| | l's primary in- elit (as deter- r subsec. (d)) | Or his primary insurance amount (as determined | Or his average mo determined under | onthly wage (as er subsec. (B)) | The amount referred to in the preceding paragraphs of | And the maximum amount of benefits payable (as provided in sec. 203(a)) on the basis of his wages and self |
| At least— | But not more than— | under subsec. (c)) is— | At least— | But not more than— | this subsection | employment |
| 16. 21 16. 85 17. 61 18. 41 19. 25 20. 01 20. 65 21. 29 22. 29 22. 69 23. 45 23. 77 24. 21 25. 93 26. 41 26. 95 27. 47 28. 69 29. 69 | 16. 20 16. 84 17. 60 18. 40 19. 24 20. 64 21. 28 22. 28 22. 68 23. 44 23. 76 24. 20 25. 49 25. 49 27. 46 28. 68 29. 25 | 170, 30 173, 00 177, 10 180, 20 183, 40 187, 30 190, 90 193, 80 197, 70 201, 10 204, 30 223, 80 230, 00 233, 80 237, 40 244, 50 244, 50 244, 50 244, 50 255, 80 255, 80 262, 80 | 77 79 81 82 84 85 88 90 91 93 95 97 98 100 102 103 105 107 108 110 114 119 123 128 133 | 76 78 80 81 83 85 87 89 90 92 94 96 97 99 101 102 104 106 107 113 118 122 127 | 182. 90 185. 80 190. 20 193. 50 196. 90 201. 10 205. 02 212. 30 215. 90 227. 00 227. 00 230. 80 235. 30 242. 50 247. 00 254. 90 254. 90 262. 50 270. 70 274. 70 274. 70 | 274, 40 278, 70 285, 30 290, 50 295, 50 301, 90 307, 50 312, 20 318, 50 324, 00 329, 10 334, 60 346, 20 353, 00 357, 90 363, 70 370, 60 378, 70 388, 40 393, 90 399, 80 406, 10 412, 70 423, 443 |

TABLE FOR DETERMINING PRIMARY INSURANCE AMOUNT AND MAXIMUM FAMILY BENEFITS BEGINNING JUNE 1982 FOR INDIVIDUALS TO WHOM PRE-1977 LAW APPLIES—Continued

| 1 | (Brimany in us | 111 | | IV | V |
|---|--|---|--|---|---|
| (Primary insurance benefit under 1939 Act, as modified | (Primary insur- ance amount effective for June 1980) | (Average month | ly wage) | (Primary insurance amount) | (Maximum family benefits) And the maximum amount of benefits payable (as provided in sec. 203(a)) on the basis of his wages |
| If an individual's primary in- surance benefit (as deter- mined under subsec. (d)) is— | Or his primary insurance amount (as determined | Or his average mont determined under is— | hly wage (as subsec. (b)) | The amount referred to in the preceding paragraphs of | |
| At least— But not more than— | under subsec. (c)) is— | At least— | But not more than— | this subsection | and self- employment income shall be- |
| 30, 37 30, 92 30, 93 31, 36 31, 37 32, 00 32, 61 33, 20 33, 21 33, 83 34, 51 35, 80 35, 81 36, 40 36, 41 37, 08 37, 09 37, 60 37, 61 38, 20 38, 21 39, 12 39, 13 39, 68 39, 69 40, 33 40, 34 41, 12 41, 13 41, 76 41, 77 42, 44 42, 45 43, 20 43, 21 43, 76 43, 77 44, 44 44, 45 44, 88 44, 45 44, 88 | 273, 70 277, 70 284, 90 284, 90 284, 90 296, 20 299, 70 303, 307, 30 310, 90 315, 60 321, 50 322, 50 323, 30 334, 20 337, 50 331, 40 341, 20 373, 70 373, 70 373, 70 373, 70 410, 50 413, 90 418, 30 421, 20 425, 20 426, 20 427, 50 418, 30 441, 20 443, 40 447, 40 451, 20 448, 40 447, 40 451, 20 448, 60 449, 60 443, 40 447, 50 458, 30 466, 00 469, 50 473, 50 486, 00 487, 50 487, 50 488, 90 487, 50 488, 90 487, 50 | 142 147 151 156 161 165 170 175 179 184 194 194 198 203 208 212 217 222 231 240 245 254 254 259 264 273 278 282 287 292 290 301 305 315 329 334 348 349 349 349 349 349 349 349 349 349 349 | 146 150 155 160 164 169 174 183 183 193 197 202 207 211 216 221 225 230 235 244 249 253 267 277 281 295 300 305 309 314 319 323 333 337 347 351 361 365 379 389 393 393 393 393 393 393 393 393 39 | 296. 30 290. 60 293. 90 298. 20 305. 90 310. 10 318. 10 321. 80 326. 00 333. 90 334. 10 345. 20 349. 60 353. 60 368. 20 369. 60 373. 20 381. 50 384. 90 389. 70 401. 30 402. 30 402. 40 403. 30 404. 60 412. 90 424. 90 425. 60 446. 90 447. 50 448. 50 448. 50 448. 50 448. 50 448. 50 448. 50 488. 50 488. 50 488. 50 488. 50 488. 50 488. 50 488. 50 488. 50 488. 50 488. 50 488. 50 488. 50 488. 50 488. 50 508. 50 511. 90 5515. 10 5523. 30 5526. 50 5519. 10 | 429. 40 435. 90 440. 40 445. 40 445. 40 445. 40 445. 40 447. 40 447. 10 482. 80 495. 10 500. 90 507. 40 513. 30 517. 90 524. 90 554. 90 554. 90 568. 90 660. 10 669. 20 664. 10 673. 90 775. 90 778. 90 779. 60 982. 90 993. 90 994. 90 994. 90 994. 90 |
| | | 437 441 446 451 | 440 445 450 454 | 534, 50 537, 80 541, 50 545, 40 | 958, 90 1, 004, 90 1, 010, 40 1, 014, 70 |

TABLE FOR DETERMINING PRIMARY INSURANCE AMOUNT AND MAXIMUM FAMILY BENEFITS BEGINNING JUNE 1982 FOR INDIVIDUALS TO WHOM PRE-1977 LAW APPLIES—Continued

| 1 | | | 111 | | IV | V |
|--|---|---|---------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|---|---|
| (Primary insurunder 1939 Act, | rance benefit as modified) | (Primary insur- ance amount effective for June 1980) | (Average mon | thly wage) | (Primary insurance amount) | (Maximum family benefits) |
| If an individual's primary in- surance benefit (as deter- mined under subsec. (d)) | | insurance amount (as | Or his average mo determined under | nthly wage (as er subsec. (b)) | The amount referred to in the preceding | And the maximum amount of benefits payable (as provided in sec. 203(a)) on the basis of his wages |
| At least— | But not more than— | determined under subsec. (c)) is— | At least— | But not more than- | paragraphs of this subsection shall be— | and self- employment income shall be |
| | ······································ | | 400 | ASA | 240 10 | 1 020 44 |
| | | 511. 30 514. 60 | 455 460 | 459 464 | 549, 10 552, 60 | 1, 020. 40 1, 025. 90 |
| | | 517. 80 | 460 465 469 | 468 | 55 მ. 10 | 1, 030, 90 1, 036, 40 |
| | | 521. 90 524. 80 | 409 474 | 473 478 | 560. 50 563. 60 | 1, 036, 40 |
| ****** | | 528. 20 | 479 | 482 | 567, 20 | 1, 042, 20 1, 046, 80 1, 052, 70 |
| | | 531. 90 535. 40 | 483 4 88 | 487 492 | 571. 20 575. 00 | 1, 052, 70 1, 058, 40 |
| | | 538, 60 | 493 | 496 | 578. 40 | 1, 062. 90 |
| | | 542. 50 545. 60 | 497 502 | 501 506 | 582, 60 585, 90 | 1, 068. 40 1, 074. 00 |
| | | 548, 90 | 507 | 510 | 589. 50 593. 20 | 1, 078, 70 1, 084, 40 |
| | | 552, 40 556, 20 | 511 51 6 | 515 520 | 597, 30 | 1, 090. 40 |
| | | 559. 40 | 521 | 524 | 600, 70 | 1, 094, 60 1, 100, 40 |
| | | 562. 60 566. 70 | 52 5 530 | 529 534 | 604, 20 608, 60 | 1, 106. 00 |
| | | 569. 60 | 535 | 538 | 611.70 | 1, 110, 60 |
| | | 573. 20 576. 70 | 539 544 | 543 54 8 | 615. 60 619. 30 | 1, 116. 40 1, 122. 10 |
| | | 580. 30 | 549 | 553 | 623. 20 | 1, 127, 80 |
| | | 583, 50 586, 30 | 554 557 | 556 560 | 626. 60 62 9. 60 | i, 131, 10 1, 135, 70 |
| | | 589, 50 | 561 | 563 | 633. 10 | 1, 139. 20 |
| | | 592. 50 596. 00 | 564 568 | 567 570 | 636, 30 640, 10 | 1, 143, 80 1, 147, 00 |
| | | 598. 80 | 571 | 574 | 643. 10 | 1, 151. 50 |
| | | 601. 80 604. 60 | 57 5 57 8 | 577 581 | 64 6 , 30 64 9 , 30 | 1, 155. 30 1, 159. 50 |
| | | 607. 80 | 582 | 584 | 652. 70 | 1, 163. 10 |
| | | 610. 40 | 585 500 | 58 8 591 | 65 5 , 50 | 1, 167. 70 1, 171. 00 |
| | | 614. 10 617. 10 | 589 592 | 59 5 | 65 9 . 50 662. 70 | 1, 175. 60 |
| | | 620. 10 | 596 | 598 | 665. 90 | 1, 178. 70 1, 183. 70 |
| | | 623, 10 62 6 , 10 | 59 9 603 | 602 605 | 669. 20 672. 40 | 1, 187, 00 |
| | | 629. 10 | 606 | 609 | 675. 60 | 1, 191. 30 |
| | | 632. 40 635. 30 | 610 613 | 612 616 | 679. 10 682. 30 | 1, 195. 00 1, 199. 50 |
| | | 638. 30 | 617 | 620 | 685. 50 | 1, 204, 10 |
| | | 641. 50 644. 30 | 621 624 | 623 627 | 688. 90 691. 90 | 1, 207. 40 1, 212. 10 |
| *************************************** | | 647. 50 | 628 | 630 | 695. 40 | 1, 216, 40 |
| | | 650. 50 | 631 635 | 634 637 | 698. 50 702. 00 | 1, 222. 40 1, 228. 10 |
| | | 653. 70 656. 80 | 638 | 641 | 705. 40 | 1, 234. 00 |
| | | 659. 70 | 642 | 644 648 | 708. 50 711. 80 | 1, 239. 50 1, 245. 40 |
| | | 652. 80 665. 70 | 645 64 9 | 652 | 714. 90 | 1, 250. 90 |
| | | 667.70 | 653 | 656 | 717. 10 719 10 | 1, 254. 50 1, 257. 90 |
| *************************************** | | 659, 60 671, 90 | 657 661 | 660 665 | 719. 10 721. 60 | 1, 262. 70 |
| | • | 674, 30 | 666 | 670 | 724. 10 | 1, 267. 20 1, 271. 40 |
| | | 676, 80 679, 30 | 671 676 | 675 680 | 72 6. 80 72 9. 50 | 1, 271, 40 |
| | | 681.50 | 681 | 685 | 731. 90 | 1, 280. 50 |
| | | 684, 20 6 86, 40 | 686 691 | 690 695 | 734, 80 737, 10 | 1, 284, 80 1, 289, 80 |
| | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | 688, 60 | 696 | 700 | 73 9 . 50 | 1, 294. 10 |
| | | 691. 20 693. 60 | 701 706 | 705 71 0 | 742. 30 744. 90 | 1, 298. 60 1, 303. 20 |
| | | 696. 20 | 711 | * 715 | 747. 70 | 1, 307. 50 |
| | | 698. 50 | 716 721 | 72 0 725 | 750. 10 752. 70 | 1, 312, 20 1, 316, 70 |
| | | 700. 90 703. 40 | 721 72 6 | 725 730 | 755, 40 | 1, 316. 70 |
| | | 705. 70 | 731 | 735 | 757. 90 | 1, 325, 90 |
| | | 708. 20 710. 50 | 736 741 | 740 745 | 760. 60 763. 00 | 1, 330. 30 1, 335. 10 |
| | | , 10. 50 | , 4. | , ,,, | | -, |

TABLE FOR DETERMINING PRIMARY INSURANCE AMOUNT AND MAXIMUM FAMILY BENEFITS BEGINNING JUNE 1982 FOR INDIVIDUALS TO WHOM PRE-1977 LAW APPLIES—Continued

| 1 | 11 | 111 | 1 | IV | ٧ |
|---|---|---|-----------------------|--|---|
| (Primary insurance benefit under 1939 Act, as modified | (Primary insurance amount effective for June 1980) | (Average mo | nthly wage) | (Primary insurance amount) | (Maximum family benefits) |
| If an individual's primary in- surance benefit (as deter- mined under subsec. (d)) is— | Or his primary insurance amount (as determined | Or his average monthly wage (as determined under subsec. (b)) is— | | The amount referred to in the preceding | And the maximum amount of benefits payable (as provided in sec. 203(a)) on the basis of his wages |
| At least— But not more than— | under subsec. (c)) is— | At least— | But not more than— | paragraphs of this subsection shall be | and self-employ ment incom- shall be- |
| | 712.60 | 746 | 750 | 765. 30 | 1, 339, 2 |
| | 715.00 | 751 | 755 | 767. 90 | 1, 343. 4 |
| | | 75 6 761 | 760 765 | 770. 10 772. 30 | 1, 347. 0 1, 350. 9 |
| | | 76 6 | 770 | 774, 10 | 1, 354, 8 |
| | 723.00 | 771 | 775 | 776, 50 | 1, 358. 3 |
| | | 776 | 780 | 778.60 | 1, 362. 1 |
| | | 781 786 | 785 700 | 780. 90 | 1, 365. 9 1. 369. 6 |
| | | /80 791 | 790 795 | 782, 80 784, 90 | 1, 363. 6 1, 373. 4 |
| | 733.00 | 796 | 800 | 787, 20 | 1, 377. 2 |
| | 735. 10 | 801 | 805 | 789. 40 | 1, 381. 1 |
| | | 806 811 | 810 815 | 791. 60 793. 70 | 1, 384. 8 1, 388. 7 |
| | | 816 | 820 | 795, 90 | 1, 392, 3 |
| | 743. 10 | 821 | 825 | 798, 00 | 1, 396. 3 |
| | | 826 | 830 | 800.20 | 1, 399. 9 |
| | | 831 836 | 835 840 | 802, 30 804, 40 | 1, 403. 9 1, 407. 4 |
| | 761 14 | 841 | 845 | 806, 60 | i. 411. š |
| | 752. 90 | 846 | 850 | 808.60 | 1, 414. 8 |
| | 755. 20 | 851 | 855 | 811.00 | 1, 418. 9 |
| | 757. 10 759. 10 | 856 861 | 860 865 | 813. 10 815. 20 | 1, 422. 6 1, 42 6. 4 |
| | 761 66 | 866 | 870 | 817.50 | 1, 430. 2 |
| | | 871 | 875 | 819.60 | 1, 434. 0 |
| | | 876 881 | 880 885 | 821. 70 823. 90 | 1, 437. 6 1, 441. 6 |
| | 769.00 | 886 | 890 | 825. 90 | i, 445, i |
| | | 891 | 895 | 828, 10 | 1, 449. 4 |
| | | 896 | 900 | 830, 30 832, 60 | 1, 452. 7 1, 456. 7 |
| | 775. 30 777. 20 | 901 906 | 905 910 | 834. 70 | 1, 460, 5 |
| | 220 00 | 911 | 915 | 836. 90 | 1, 464. 3 |
| | | 916 | 920 | 839. 30 | 1, 467. 8 |
| | . 783. 20 | 921 | 925 930 | 841. 10 | 1, 471. 9 1, 475. 4 |
| | | 926 931 | 935 | 843, 10 845, 30 | 1, 479, 3 |
| | 200 00 | 936 | 940 | 847, 60 | 1, 483. 0 |
| | | 941 | 945 | 849. 70 | 1, 486. 9 |
| • | 793. 20 | 946 951 | 950 | 851. 80 854. 20 | 1, 490. 60 |
| · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | 795, 40 797, 60 | 956 951 | 957 960 | 856. 60 | 1, 494. 30 1, 498. 30 |
| | 799.60 | 961 | 960 965 | 358. 70 | 1, 501. 80 |
| | | 966 | 970 | 860. 30 | 1, 505. 80 |
| | | 971 97 6 | 975 980 | 862. 60 864. 70 | 1, 509. 7(1, 513. 2(|
| | A4 PA4 | 981 | 985 | 8 67, 20 | 1, 517. 00 |
| | 809. 30 | 986 | 990 | 869, 10 | 1, 520. 80 |
| | 811.30 | 991 996 | 995 1, 000 | 871. 30 | 1, 524, 70 |
| | | 1, 001 | 1,005 | 873, 60 875, 60 | 1, 528. 3 1, 531. 5 |
| | 816. 70 | 1,006 | 1, 010 | 877. 10 | 1, 535. 10 |
| | 818.80 | 1,011 | 1, 015 | 879. 30 | 1, 538. 30 |
| | 820. 70 822. 40 | 1,016 | 1, 020 1, 025 | 881, 40 887, 20 | 1, 542. 10 1, 545. 20 |
| | | 1, 021 1, 02 6 | 1, 030 | 884. 80 | 1, 548, 70 |
| | 826.00 | 1, 031 | 1, 035 | 887. 10 | 1, 552, 10 |
| | 827. 70 | 1, 036 | 1,040 | 888. 90 | 1, 555. 40 |
| | | 1, 041 1, 046 | 1, 045 1, 050 | 890, 90 893, 10 | 1, 559. 10 1. 562. 30 |
| | | 1, 051 | 1, 055 | 894, 60 | 1, 565. 3 |
| | 834. 90 | 1, 056 | 1, 060 | 896. 60 | 1, 569. 20 |
| | 836. 90 | 1, 061 | 1, 065 | 898. 80 | 1, 572. 40 |
| | | 1, 066 1, 071 | 1, 070 1, 075 | 900. 70 902. 60 | 1, 575. 9 1, 579. 4 |
| | | 1. W/ 1 | 14 V/ J | JUE. UV | 1. 5/6. 7 |
| | 842. 20 | 1, 076 | 1, 080 | 904, 50 | 1, 582. 70 1, 586. 00 |

TABLE FOR DETERMINING PRIMARY INSURANCE AMOUNT AND MAXIMUM FAMILY BENEFITS BEGINNING JUNE 1982 FOR INDIVIDUALS TO WHOM PKE-1977 LAW APPLIES—Continued

| 1 | (Brimary incurs | 111 |] | IV | ٧ |
|--|--|--------------------------|-----------------------|--|--|
| (Primary insurance benefit under 1939 Act, as modified) | (Primary insurance amount effective for June 1980) | (Average mor | nthly wage) | (Primary insurance amount) | (Maximum family benefits) |
| If an individual's primary in- surance benefit (as deter- mined under subsec. (d)) | Or his primary | | | The amount referred to in | And the maximum amount of benefits payable (as provided in sec. 203(a)) on the basis |
| | amount (as determined | | | the preceding paragraphs of | of his wages and self- |
| At least— But not more than— | under subsec. (c)) is— | At least— | But not more than— | this subsection | employment income shall be- |
| | 845. 80 | 1, 086 | 1, 090 | 908, 30 | 1, 589, 40 |
| | 847. 70 | 1, 091 | 1, 095 | 910. 40 | 1, 592. 90 |
| ••••• | 849. 70 851. 20 | 1, 096 | 1, 100 1, 105 | 912. 50 | 1, 596. 50 |
| *************************************** | 853. 10 | 1, 101 1, 10 6 | i. 110 | 914. 10 916. 20 | 1, 599, 60 1, 603, 10 |
| | 855. 00 | i, iii | 1, 115 | 918. 20 | 1, 606. 30 |
| | 856, 70 | 1, 116 | 1, 120 | 920.00 | 1, 610. 00 |
| | 858, 60 860, 30 | 1, 121 1, 126 | 1, 125 1, 130 | 922. 10 923. 90 | 1, 613. 20 1, 616. 70 |
| *************************************** | 862. 10 | 1, 131 | 1, 135 | 925. 80 | 1, 619, 90 |
| •••••• | 864.00 | 1, 136 | 1, 140 | 927. 90 | 1, 623. 60 |
| *************************************** | 866. 00 867. 70 | 1, 141 1, 146 | 1, 145 1, 150 | 930. 00 931. 90 | 1, 627, 00 1, 630, 30 |
| | 869. 20 | 1, 151 | 1, 155 | 933. 50 | 1, 633, 50 |
| •••••• | 871. 30 | 1, 156 1, 161 | 1, 160 1, 165 | 935. 70 | 1, 637, 00 |
| *************************************** | 873. 10 874. 90 | 1, 166 | 1, 105 1, 170 | 937. 70 939. 60 | 1, 640, 50 1, 644, 00 |
| *************************************** | 876. 80 | 1, 171 | 1, 175 | 941.60 | 1, 647, 40 |
| •••••• | 878. 40 | 1, 176 | 1, 180 | 943. 40 | 1, 650. 80 |
| ************************* | 880. 00 881. 80 | 1, 181 1, 186 | 1, 185 1, 190 | 945. 10 947. 00 | 1, 653. 70 1, 656. 80 |
| *************************************** | 883. 30 | i, i9i | 1, 195 | 948, 60 | 1, 660, 10 |
| •••••••••••••••••••••• | 885. 10 | 1, 196 | 1, 200 | 950. 50 | 1, 663. 30 |
| *********************** | 886. 80 888. 50 | 1, 201 1, 20 6 | 1, 205 1, 210 | 952. 40 954, 20 | 1, 666. 30 1, 669. 70 |
| | 890. 10 | i, 211 | i, 215 | 955. 90 | 1, 672, 70 |
| *************************************** | 891.80 | 1, 216 | 1, 220 | 957. 70 | 1, 675. 80 |
| | 893, 50 895, 30 | 1, 221 1, 22 6 | 1, 225 1, 230 | 959. 60 961. 50 | 1, 678, 80 1, 682, 20 |
| · • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • | 896. 80 | î, 23î | i, 235 | 963. 10 | 1, 682, 20 1, 685, 20 |
| | 898, 40 | 1, 236 | 1, 240 | 964. 80 | 1, 688. 50 |
| ****************** | 900, 20 901, 90 | 1, 241 1, 246 | 1, 245 1, 250 | 966. 80 | 1, 691. 70 |
| *************************************** | 903, 50 | i. 251 | 1, 255 | 968. 60 970. 30 | 1, 694, 80 1, 697, 80 |
| | 905. 20 | 1, 256 | 1, 260 | 972. 10 | 1, 701, 10 |
| | 907. 00 | 1, 261 1, 2 66 | 1, 265 1, 270 | 974. 10 | 1, 704. 30 |
| ••••••• | 90 8 , 60 910, 10 | 1, 271 | 1, 275 | 975. 80 977. 40 | 1, 707. 40 1, 710. 30 |
| ••••••• | 911. 90 | 1, 276 | 1, 280 | 979. 30 | i, 713, 70 |
| | 913.30 | 1, 281 | 1, 285 1, 290 | 980. 80 | 1, 716. 50 |
| | 915. 00 916. 70 | 1, 2 86 1, 291 | 1 295 | 982. 70 984. 50 | 1, 719, 50 1, 722, 40 |
| ••••••••••••••••• | 918, 10 | 1, 29 6 1, 301 | 1, 300 | 986, 00 | 1, 725. 40 |
| ••••••• | 919. 70 | 1, 301 1, 306 | 1, 305 1, 310 | 987. 70 | 1, 728. 30 |
| ••••••• | 921. 20 922. 90 | 1, 311 | 1. 315 | 989. 30 991. 10 | 1, 731. 30 1, 734. 20 |
| | 924, 60 | 1, 316 | 1.320 | 993, 00 | 1, 737. 30 |
| •••••• | 926.00 | ī, 321 1, 326 | 1, 325 1, 330 | 994. 50 | 1, 740.00 |
| •••••• | 927. 70 92 9 . 10 | 1. 331 | 1, 335 | 996. 30 997. 80 | 1, 743. 30 1, 746. 20 |
| *************************************** | 930. 80 | 1, 336 | 1, 340 | 999. 60 | 1, 749. 20 |
| ••••••••••• | 932. 40 | 1, 341 1, 346 | 1, 345 1, 350 | 1, 001. 30 | 1, 752. 10 |
| •••••••••• | 933. 80 935. 50 | 1, 351 | 1, 355 | 1, 002. 90 1, 004. 70 | 1, 755. 00 1, 757. 90 |
| | 937. 00 | 1. 356 | 1, 360 | 1, 006, 30 | 1, 760. 90 |
| | 938. 80 | 1, 361 | 1, 365 1, 370 | 1, 008. 20 | 1, 763. 80 |
| •••••••• | 940. 10 941. 80 | 1, 366 1, 371 | 1, 375 | 1, 009, 60 1, 011, 40 | 1, 766, 80 1, 769, 70 |
| ********************** | 943. 40 | 1, 376 | 1, 380 | 1, 013. 20 | 1, 772. 70 |
| | 944. 70 | 1, 381 | 1, 385 1, 390 | 1, 014. 60 | 1, 775. 40 |
| *************************************** | 946. 30 947. 70 | 1, 3 86 1, 391 | 1, 395 1, 395 | 1, 016. 30 1, 017. 80 | 1, 778. 30 1, 781. 10 |
| | 949. 10 | 1, 396 | 1, 400 | 1, 017, 30 | 1, 781. 10 1, 783. 90 |
| | 950. 70 | 1, 401 | 1, 405 | 1, 021. 00 | 1, 786, 50 |
| *************************************** | 952. 10 953. 60 | 1, 406 1, 411 | 1, 410 1, 415 | 1, 022. 50 1, 024. 10 | 1, 789. 40 1, 792. 20 |
| | 953. 60 955. 10 | 1, 416 | 1, 420 | 1, 02 4 . 10 1, 02 5 . 7 0 | 1, 792, 20 1, 795, 10 |
| *************************************** | 956. 60 | 1, 421 | 1, 425 | 1, 027. 30 | 1, 797. 90 |
| | = | • | | | |

TABLE FOR DETERMINING PRIMARY INSURANCE AMOUNT AND MAXIMUM FAMILY BENEFITS BEGINNING JUNE 1962 FOR INDIVIDUALS TO WHOM PRE-1977 LAW APPLIES—Continued

| 1 | | II (Primary insur- | III | | IV | ٧ |
|---|-----------------|---|--|--|---|---|
| (Primary insurance benefit under 1939 Act, as modified) If an individual's primary insurance benefit (as determined under subsec. (d)) is— But not more | | ance amount effective for June 1980) | Or his average monthly wage (as determined under subsec. (b)) | | (Primary insurance amount) The amount referred to in the preceding paragraphs of | (Maximum family benefits) And the maximum amount of benefits payable (as provided in sec. 203(a)) on the basis of his wages and self- |
| | | Or his primary insurance amount (as determined | | | | |
| *** | t more than— | under subsec. (c)) is— | At least— But not more than— | | this subsection | employment income shall be— |
| | | 958. 00 959. 70 961. 20 962. 60 964. 20 965. 60 970. 00 971. 50 972. 90 974. 40 975. 70 975. 70 981. 30 982. 70 988. 30 988. 30 988. 30 988. 30 989. 70 998. 30 999. 10 997. 50 998. 10 998. 10 998. 10 998. 10 999. 10 991. 10 992. 70 998. 10 991. 10 992. 70 993. 30 993. 30 994. 70 995. 30 996. 10 1, 002. 30 1, 003. 70 1, 012. 10 1, 012. 10 1, 014. 90 1, 015. 60 1, 016. 60 1, 017. 60 1, 018. 50 1, 019. 10 1, 019. 10 1, 020. 30 1, 010. 60 1, 012. 10 1, 013. 50 1, 014. 90 1, 015. 60 1, 016. 60 1, 017. 60 1, 018. 60 1, 019. 10 1, 026. 10 1, 027. 40 1, 028. 90 1, 030. 30 1, 030. 30 1, 031. 70 1, 031. 70 1, 030. 30 | 1, 426 1, 431 1, 446 1, 441 1, 446 1, 456 1, 461 1, 466 1, 476 1, 481 1, 486 1, 506 1, 511 1, 506 1, 511 1, 556 1, 551 1, 556 1, 551 1, 556 1, 551 1, 556 1, 551 1, 556 1, 551 1, 556 1, 551 1, 556 1, 551 1, 556 1, 551 1, 556 1, 551 1, 556 1, 551 1, 556 1, 561 1, 576 1, 586 1, 581 1, 591 1, 596 1, 616 1, 616 1, 621 1, 626 1, 631 1, 641 1, 646 1, 651 1, 656 1, 666 1, 661 1, 651 1, 656 1, 666 1, 671 1, 676 1, 686 1, 681 1, 686 1, 681 1, 686 | 1, 430 1, 435 1, 446 1, 445 1, 445 1, 446 1, 465 1, 465 1, 475 1, 480 1, 485 1, 500 1, 515 1, 525 1, 530 1, 530 1, 535 1, 545 1, 555 1, 555 1, 560 1, 565 1, 575 1, 580 1, 685 1, 675 1, 680 1, 685 1, 685 1, 685 1, 685 | 1, 028. 80 1, 030. 70 1, 032. 30 1, 033. 80 1, 035. 50 1, 037. 50 1, 037. 50 1, 040. 20 1, 041. 70 1, 044. 80 1, 046. 50 1, 047. 90 1, 053. 90 1, 055. 40 1, 055. 40 1, 055. 40 1, 055. 40 1, 055. 90 1, 055. 40 1, 057. 50 1, 061. 90 1, 062. 90 1, 063. 90 1, 064. 40 1, 065. 90 1, 067. 50 1, 068. 90 1, 070. 40 1, 071. 90 1, 071. 90 1, 074. 80 1, 076. 80 1, 076. 80 1, 076. 90 1, 077. 90 1, 083. 90 1, 076. 90 1, 085. 30 1, 086. 90 1, 099. 90 1, 086. 90 1, 099. 90 1, 099. 90 1, 091. 50 1, 095. 50 1, 096. 50 1, 097. 50 1, 099. 00 1, 103. 40 1, 103. 40 1, 105. 50 1, 108. 50 | 1, 800. 70 1, 803. 40 1, 806. 90 1, 812. 00 1, 812. 00 1, 814. 50 1, 820. 20 1, 823. 80 1, 825. 80 1, 828. 40 1, 831. 20 1, 838. 40 1, 839. 00 1, 844. 10 1, 846. 80 1, 852. 70 1, 865. 20 1, 865. 20 1, 873. 20 1, 873. 20 1, 874. 60 1, 879. 50 1, 979. 50 |
| | | 1, 034. 30 1, 035. 80 1, 037. 10 1, 038. 50 1, 039. 90 1, 041. 30 1, 042. 80 1, 044. 10 1, 045. 60 1, 046. 90 1, 048. 30 1, 049. 70 1, 052. 60 | 1, 696 1, 701 1, 706 1, 711 1, 716 1, 721 1, 726 1, 731 1, 736 1, 741 1, 746 1, 756 1, 756 | 1, 700 1, 705 1, 715 1, 715 1, 725 1, 730 1, 735 1, 745 1, 745 1, 750 1, 756 1, 765 | i, 110, 80 1, 112, 40 1, 113, 30 1, 115, 30 1, 118, 30 1, 118, 30 1, 119, 90 1, 121, 30 1, 122, 30 1, 124, 30 1, 125, 80 1, 127, 30 1, 128, 80 1, 130, 40 | 1, 944, 70 1, 944, 70 1, 949, 20 1, 951, 80 1, 954, 40 1, 957, 20 1, 964, 90 1, 967, 70 1, 972, 20 1, 975, 50 1, 975, 50 1, 975, 30 |

TABLE FOR DETERMINING PRIMARY INSURANCE AMOUNT AND MAXIMUM FAMILY BENEFITS BEGINNING JUNE 1982 FOR INDIVIDUALS TO WHOM PRE-1977 LAW APPLIES—Continued

| 1 | | II (Primary insur- | 111 | | IV | V |
|---|---|--|---|------------------|---|--|
| (Primary insurance benefit under 1939 Act, as modified) If an individual's primary insurance benefit (as determined under subsec. (d)) is— But not more | | ance amount effective for June 1980) | Or his average monthly wage (as determined under subsec. (b)) is— | | (Primary insurance amount) The amount referred to in the preceding paragraphs of this subsection | and self- |
| | | Or his primary insurance amount (as determined under subsec. | | | | |
| At least— | than- | (c)) is— | At least— | than- | shall be— | employment income shall be— |
| ••••• | | 1, 053. 90 | 1, 766 | 1, 770 | 1, 131. 80 | 1, 980. 60 |
| | | 1, 055. 30 1, 056. 70 | 1, 771 1, 776 | 1, 775 1, 780 | 1, 133, 30 1, 134, 80 | 1, 983. 30 1, 986, 00 |
| | | 1, 058, 10 | 1, 781 | 1, 785 | 1, 134, 80 | 1, 988, 00 1, 988, 80 |
| | | 1, 059, 50 | 1, 786 | 1. 790 | 1, 137, 90 | 1, 991, 10 |
| | • | 1, 060. 90 | 1, 791 | 1, 795 | 1, 139. 40 | 1, 993. 80 |
| ••••••••• | | 1, 062, 30 1, 063, 70 | 1, 796 1, 801 | 1, 800 1, 805 | 1, 140, 90 1, 142, 40 | 1, 996. 50 1, 999. 20 |
| | | 1, 065, 10 | 1, 801 | 1, 803 | 1, 142, 40 | 1, 999. 20 2, 001. 70 |
| | • | 1, 066. 50 | i, 811 | i, 815 | i, 145. 40 | 2, 004. 40 |
| | • | 1, 067, 90 | 1, 816 | 1, 820 | 1, 146, 90 | 2, 007. 00 |
| | • | 1, 069. 20 | 1, 821 | 1, 825 | 1, 148. 30 | 2, 009. 70 |
| •••••• | • | 1, 070. 70 1, 072. 10 | 1, 826 1, 831 | 1, 830 | 1, 149, 90 | 2, 012. 10 |
| | | 1, 073, 50 | 1, 836 | 1, 835 1, 840 | 1, 151, 40 1, 152, 90 | 2, 014, 99 2, 017, 60 |
| | | 1, 074. 90 | 1, 841 | 1, 845 | 1, 154, 40 | 2. 020. 30 |
| | • | 1, 076. 20 | 1, 846 | 1, 850 | 1, 155. 80 | 2, 022. 60 |
| | | 1, 077. 70 1, 079, 00 | 1, 851 1, 856 | 1, 855 | 1, 157. 40 | 2, 025. 40 |
| | | 1, 079, 00 | 1, 861 | 1. 860 1. 865 | 1, 158, 80 1, 160, 40 | 2, 028. 00 2. 030. 70 |
| | | 1, 081. 90 | 1, 866 | 1, 870 | 1, 161, 90 | 2, 033, 10 |
| | | 1, 083. 20 | 1, 871 | 1, 875 | 1, 163. 30 | 2, 035. 90 |
| ************* | | 1, 084. 70 | 1, 876 | 1, 880 | 1, 164. 90 | 2, 038, 50 |
| | | 1, 086. 00 1, 087. 50 | 1, 881 1, 886 | 1, 885 1, 890 | 1, 166, 30 | 2, 041. 20 2, 043. 70 |
| | | 1, 088, 80 | 1, 891 | 1, 895 | 1, 167, 90 1, 16 9 , 30 | 2, 043, 70 2, 046, 50 |
| | | 1, 090. 30 | 1, 896 | 1, 900 | 1, 170. 90 | 2, 049. 00 |
| | | 1, 091, 70 | 1, 901 | 1, 905 | 1, 172. 40 | 2, 051. 70 |
| | | 1, 093. 00 1, 094. 40 | 1, 90 6 1, 911 | 1, 910 1, 915 | 1, 173. 80 1, 175. 30 | 2, 054. 20 2, 056. 70 |
| | • | 1, 095, 60 | i, 91 6 | 1, 920 | 1, 176. 60 | 2, 059, 20 |
| | | 1, 096. 80 | 1, 921 | 1, 925 | 1, 177, 90 | 2, 061, 50 |
| | | 1, 098. 10 | 1, 926 | 1, 930 | 1, 179. 30 | 2, 064. 00 |
| | | 1, 099. 40 1, 100. 70 | 1, 931 1, 936 | 1, 935 1, 940 | 1, 180, 70 1, 182, 10 | 2, 066, 20 2, 068, 80 |
| | | 1, 101, 90 | 1, 936 1, 941 | 1, 945 | 1, 183, 40 | 2, 000. 00 2, 071. 10 |
| ************ | | 1, 103. 30 | 1, 946 | 1, 950 | 1, 184, 90 | 2. 073. 50 |
| | | 1, 104. 50 | 1, 951 | 1, 955 | 1, 186. 20 | 2, 075. 80 |
| | | 1, 105. 70 | 1, 956 | 1, 960 | 1, 187. 50 | 2, 078. 40 |
| | | 1, 107. 00 1, 108. 30 | 1, 961 1, 966 | 1, 965 1, 970 | 1, 188. 90 1, 190. 30 | 2, 080. 60 2, 083. 10 |
| | | 1, 109. 60 | 1, 971 | 1, 975 | 1, 191, 70 | 2, 085, 30 |
| | | 1, 110. 80 | 1. 976 | 1, 980 | 1, 192. 90 | 2, 087. 80 2, 090. 20 |
| | | 1, 112. 20 | 1, 981 1, 986 | 1, 985 | 1, 194. 50 | 2, 090. 20 |
| ************* | | 1, 113. 40 1, 114. 60 | 1, 986 1, 991 | 1, 990 1, 995 | 1, 195. 70 1, 197. 00 | 2, 092. 60 2, 094. 90 |
| | | 1, 115. 90 | 1, 996 | 2, 000 | 1, 198, 40 | 2, 097, 40 |
| | | 1, 117. 20 | 2, 001 | 2, 005 | 1, 199. 80 | 2, 099. 70 |
| | | 1, 118, 50 | 2,006 | 2,010 | 1, 201, 20 | 2, 102. 20 |
| ************* | | 1, 119. 70 1, 121, 10 | 2, 011 2, 016 | 2, 015 2, 020 | 1, 202. 50 1, 204. 00 | 2, 104 50 2, 106. 90 |
| | | 1, 122, 30 | 2, 021 | 2, 025 | 1, 205. 30 | 2, 109, 30 |
| | | 1, 123. 50 | 2, 026 | 2, 030 | 1, 206, 60 | 2, 109. 30 2, 111. 80 2, 114. 00 |
| | | 1, 124. 80 | 2, 031 2, 036 | 2, 035 | 1, 208. 00 | Z, 114.00 |
| | | 1, 126, 10 1, 127, 40 | 2, 036 2, 041 | 2, 040 2, 045 | 1, 209. 40 1, 210. 80 | 2, 116. 50 2, 118. 70 |
| | | 1, 128. 60 | 2, 046 | 2, 050 | 1, 212. 10 | <u>2</u> , 121. 30 |
| | ********** | 1, 130.00 | 2, 051 | 2, 055 | 1, 213. 60 | 2, 121. 30 2, 123. 60 2, 126. 00 |
| | | 1, 131. 20 | 2, 056 2, 061 | 2, 060 | 1, 214. 90 | Z, 125.00 |
| | | 1, 132. 40 1, 133. 70 | 2, 061 2, 066 | 2, 065 2, 070 | 1, 216. 10 1, 217. 50 | 2, 128, 30 2, 130, 90 |
| | | 1, 135, 00 | 2, 071 | 2, 075 | 1, 218. 90 | 2, 133, 10 |
| | | 1, 136, 30 | 2, 076 | 2, 080 | 1, 220. 30 | 2, 133, 10 2, 135, 60 2, 137, 90 |
| | | 1, 137. 50 | 2, 081 | 2, 085 | 1, 221. 60 | Ž, 137. 90 |
| | ••••• | 1, 138, 80 1, 140, 10 | 2, 086 2, 091 | 2, 090 2, 095 | 1, 223. 00 1, 224. 40 | 2, 140. 40 2, 142. 70 |
| | | 1, 141, 30 | 2, 091 2, 096 | 2, USS 2, 100 | 1, 225, 70 | 2, 142. 70 2, 145. 20 |
| | | ., . T4. UV | a, 131 | -, 4VV | 4, 22V, / V | a, a700 40 |

TABLE FOR DETERMINING PRIMARY INSURANCE AMOUNT AND MAXIMUM FAMILY BENEFITS BEGINNING JUNE 1982 FOR INDIVIDUALS TO WHOM PRE-1977 LAW APPLIES—Continued

| ı | | (Average monthly wage) Or his average monthly wage (as determined under subsec. (b)) | | IV | (Maximum family benefits) And the maximum amount of benefits payable (as provided in sec. 203(a)) on the basis of his wages and self-em- |
|--|---|--|--|---|--|
| (Primary insurance benefit under 1939 Act, as modified) | (Primary insurance amount effective for June 1980) | | | (Primary insurance amount) | |
| If an individual's primary insurance benefit (as determined under subsec. (d)) is— | Or his primary insurance amount (es determined | | | The amount referred to in the preceding paragraphs of | |
| At least— But not more than— | under subsec. (c)) is— | At least— | But not more than— | this subsection shall be— | ployment in- come shall be- |
| | 1, 198. 90 | 2, 101 2, 106 2, 111 2, 126 2, 126 2, 131 2, 146 2, | 2, 105 2, 110 2, 115 2, 120 2, 135 2, 145 2, 150 2, 165 2, 165 2, 175 2, 185 2, 195 2, 195 2, 120 2, 200 2, | 1. 227. 10 1, 228. 50 1, 229. 90 1, 231. 20 1, 232. 60 1, 235. 40 1, 235. 40 1, 236. 70 1, 237. 90 1, 239. 10 1, 240. 70 1, 243. 40 1, 244. 80 1, 244. 80 1, 245. 80 1, 245. 80 1, 250. 50 1, 251. 70 1, 252. 90 1, 253. 30 1, 256. 70 1, 256. 70 1, 266. 10 1, 267. 80 1, 276. 80 | 2, 147, 40 2, 152, 20 2, 152, 20 2, 153, 50 2, 164, 30 2, 164, 30 2, 164, 30 2, 166, 10 2, 171, 40 2, 173, 80 2, 178, 00 2, 182, 20 2, 184, 40 2, 184, 40 2, 184, 40 2, 184, 40 2, 184, 40 2, 184, 50 2, 194, 80 2, 194, 80 2, 203, 30 2, 203, 30 2, 211, 40 2, 213, 60 2, 213, 60 2, 213, 60 2, 224, 90 2, 234, 90 2, 234, 70 2, 247, 10 2, 247, 10 2, 253, 30 2, 247, 10 2, 253, 30 2, 253, 30 |

TABLE FOR DETERMINING PRIMARY INSURANCE AMOUNT AND MAXIMUM FAMILY BENEFITS BEGINNING JUNE 1962 FOR INDIVIDUALS TO WHOM PRE-1977 LAW APPLIES—Continued

| ı | (Primary insur- | 111 | | IA | ٧ |
|---|---|--|--|---|--|
| (Primary insurance benefit under 1939 Act, as modified) | (Primary insur- ance amount effective for June 1980) Or his primary insurance amount (as determined | Or his average monthly wage (as determined under subsec. (b)) | | (Primary insurance amount) | (Maximum famity benefits) And the maximum amount of benefits peyable (as provided in sec. 203(a)) on the basis of his wages and self- |
| If an individual's primary in- surance benefit (as deter- mined under subsec. (d)) is— | | | | The amount referred to in the preceding paragraphs of | |
| At least— But not more then— | under subsec. (c)) is— | At least— | But not more than— | this subsection shall be— | employment income shall be— |
| | 1. 211. 10 1. 212. 40 1. 213. 40 1. 213. 60 1. 215. 60 1. 216. 70 1. 221. 10 1. 222. 20 1. 223. 450 1. 224. 50 1. 225. 60 1. 226. 70 1. 228. 70 1. 231. 70 1. 231. 70 1. 232. 70 1. 233. 70 1. 233. 70 1. 233. 70 1. 234. 70 1. 234. 70 1. 244. 70 1. 244. 70 1. 244. 70 1. 244. 70 1. 244. 70 1. 254. 70 1. 255. 70 1. 256. 70 | 2, 401 2, 416 2, 416 2, 426 2, 426 2, 431 2, 436 2, 446 2, 451 2, 461 2, 461 2, 478 2, 481 2, 481 2, 481 2, 506 2, 511 2, 512 2, 526 2, 531 2, 546 2, 547 2, 548 2, | 2, 405 2, 415 2, 416 2, 420 2, 420 2, 435 2, 445 2, 445 2, 445 2, 455 2, 455 2, 465 2, 465 2, 470 2, 485 2, 485 2, 500 2, 515 2, 525 2, 535 2, 550 2, | 1, 300, 70 1, 301, 90 1, 303, 10 1, 304, 30 1, 306, 50 1, 306, 50 1, 307, 90 1, 310, 20 1, 311, 40 1, 312, 60 1, 313, 10 1, 315, 10 1, 315, 10 1, 316, 20 1, 317, 40 1, 320, 50 1, 321, 70 1, 322, 80 1, 323, 10 1, 324, 90 1, 324, 90 1, 325, 90 1, 336, 60 1, 337, 10 1, 338, 50 1, 338, 50 1, 338, 50 1, 338, 50 1, 338, 50 1, 337, 10 1, 344, 10 1, 344, 10 1, 344, 10 1, 344, 50 1, 344, 50 1, 344, 50 1, 344, 50 1, 345, 50 1, 355, 90 | 2, 276, 30 2, 278, 30 2, 278, 50 2, 282, 50 2, 284, 70 2, 286, 90 2, 297, 20 2, 297, 20 2, 297, 20 2, 301, 40 2, 301, 50 2, 301, 40 2, 313, 10 2, 313, 10 2, 313, 00 2, 324, 50 2, 324, 50 2, 324, 50 2, 333, 80 2, 333, 80 2, 334, 30 2, 344, 30 2, 356, 50 2, 356, 50 2, 356, 50 2, 378, 50 2, 378, 50 2, 378, 50 2, 378, 50 2, 378, 50 2, 378, 50 |

TABLE FOR DETERMINING PRIMARY INSURANCE AMOUNT AND MAXIMUM FAMILY BENEFITS BECHNING JANUARY 1983

| ı | | | II | | N | V (Maximum family benefits) | |
|--|---|---|---|------------------------|--|---|--|
| (Primary insurance benefit under 1939 act, as modified) | | (Primary insurance amount effective | (Average monthly wage) Or his average monthly wage (as determined under subsec. (b)) is— | | (Primary insurance amount) | | |
| If an individual's primary insurance benefit (as determined under subsect. (d)) is— | | for June 1981) | | | The amount | And the maximum amount of benefits | |
| At least— | But not more | Or his primary insurance amount (as determined under subsec. (c)) is— | At least But not more than | | referred to in the preceding paragraphs of this subsection shall be— | psyable (as provided in sec. 203(a)) on the basis of his wages and self-employment income shall be— | |
| | | | 2,701 | 2,705 | 1,366.80 1,367.80 | 2,391.90 | |
| ••••••••••• | | | 2,706 | 2,710 | | 2,393.60 | |
| | *************************************** | | 2,711 | 2,715 | 1,368.80 | 2,395.40 | |
| | | | 2.71 6 2.721 | 2,72 0 2,725 | 1,369 80 1,370. 80 | 2,397.10 2,398.90 | |
| | | | 2.726 | 2,723 | 1,371.80 | 2,400.60 | |
| | ····· | | 2.731 | 2,735 | 1,372.80 | 2,402.40 | |
| | | | 2,736 | 2,740 | 1,373.80 | 2,404.10 | |
| | | | 2,741 | 2,745 | 1,374.80 | 2,405.90 | |
| | | | 2,746 | 2,750 | 1,375.80 | 2,407.60 | |
| | | | 2,751 2,75 6 | 2,755 2,760 | 1,376.80 1,377.80 | 2,409.40 2,411.10 | |
| | | | 2,7 36 2,761 | 2,765 | 1,378.80 | 2,412.90 | |
| | *************************************** | | 2,766 | 2,770 | 1,379.80 | 2.414.60 | |
| | | | 2,771 | 2,775 | 1.380.80 | 2.416.40 | |
| | | | 2,776 | 2,780 | 1,381.80 | 2,418.10 | |
| *************************************** | | | 2,781 | 2,785 | 1,382.80 | 2,419.90 | |
| | •••••••••••• | | 2,786 | 2,790 | 1,383.80 | 2,421.60 | |
| | | | 2,791 2,79 6 | 2,795 2,800 | 1,384.80 1.385.80 | 2,423.40 2,425.10 | |
| | | | 2,7 36 2,801 | 2,805 2,805 | 1,385.80 | 2,425.10 | |
| | | | 2.806 | 2,810 | 1.387.80 | 3.428.60 | |
| | ····· | | 2.811 | 2,815 | 1,388.80 | 2,430.40 | |
| *************************************** | | | 2,816 | 2,820 | 1,389.80 | 2,432.10 | |
| | | | 2,821 | 2,825 | 1,390.80 | 2,433.90 | |
| | *************************************** | | 2,826 | 2,830 | 1,391.80 | 2,435.60 2,437.40 | |
| | | | 2,831 2.836 | 2,835 2,840 | 1,392.80 1,393.80 | 2,437.40 2,439.10 | |
| | •••••••••••• | ••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••• | 2.841 | 2,845 | 1,394.80 | 2,440.90 | |
| | •••• | | 2.846 | 2.850 | 1.395.80 | 2.442.60 | |
| | | | 2,851 | 2,855 | 1,396.80 | 2,444.40 | |
| | ••••••••••• | *************************************** | 2,856 | 2,860 | 1,397.80 | 2,446.10 | |
| | | *************************************** | 2,861 | 2,865 | 1,398.80 | 2,447.90 | |
| · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | ••••••••• | ······································ | 2, 866 2, 8 71 | 2,870 2,875 | 1,399.80 | 2,449.60 2,451.40 | |
| | *************************************** | | 2,87 6 | 2,875 2,8 80 | 1,400.80 1,401.80 | 2,451.40 2,453.10 | |
| | | | 2,881 | 2,885 | 1,402.80 | 2,454.90 | |
| | ······· | | 2,886 | 2,890 | 1,403.80 | 2,456.60 | |
| | | | 2,891 | 2,895 | 1,404.80 | 2,458.40 | |
| | | | 2,896 | 2,900 | 1,405.80 | 2,460.10 | |
| | | ••••••••••• | 2,901 | 2,905 | 1,406.80 | 2,451.90 | |
| | *************************************** | | 2,906 2,911 | 2,910 2,915 | 1,407.80 1,408.80 | 2,463.60 2.465.40 | |
| | | | 2.916 | 2,920 | 1,409.80 | 2,467.10 | |
| | ···· | | 2,921 | 2.925 | 1,410.80 | 2,468.90 | |
| | | | 2,926 | 2,930 | 1,411.80 | 2,470.60 | |
| | | | 2,931 | 2,935 | 1,412.80 | 2,472.40 | |
| | ••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••• | | 2,936 | 2,940 | 1,413.80 | 2,474.10 | |
| | *************************************** | | 2,941 2,946 | 2,945 2,950 | 1,414.80 1,415.80 | 2,475.90 2,477.60 | |
| | ••••••••••••• | | 2,9 40 2,951 | 2,955 2,955 | 1,415.80 1,416.80 | 2,479.40 2,479.40 | |
| | ····· | *************************************** | 2,956 | 2,960 | 1.417.80 | 2.481.10 | |
| | | *************************************** | 2,961 | 2,965 | 1,418.80 | 2,482.90 | |
| | •••••••••• | *************************************** | 2,966 | 2,970 | 1,419.80 | 2,484.60 | |
| | | | 2,971 | 2,975 | 1,420.80 | 2,486.40 | |

Average Monthly Wage

(b) (1) For the purposes of column III of the table appearing in subsection (a) of this section, an individual's "average monthly wage" shall be the quotient obtained by dividing—

(A) the total of his wages paid in and self-employment income credited to his "benefit computation years" (determined under

paragraph (2)), by

(B) the number of months in such years.

(2) (A) The number of an individual's "benefit computation years" shall be equal to the number of elapsed years (determined under para-

- graph (3) of this subsection), reduced by five, except that the number of an individual's benefit computation years shall in no case be less than two.
- (B) An individual's "benefit computation years" shall be those computation base years, equal in number to the number determined under subparagraph (Λ) , for which the total of his wages and self-employment income is the largest.

(C) For purposes of subparagraph (B), "computation base years" include only calendar years in the period after 1950 and prior to the

earlier of the following years—

(i) the year in which occurred (whether by reason of section 202 (j) (1) or otherwise) the first month for which the individual was entitled to old-age insurance benefits, or

(ii) the year succeeding the year in which he died.

Any calendar year all of which is included in a period of disability

shall not be included as a computation base year.

- (3) For purposes of paragraph (2), the number of an individual's elapsed years is the number of calendar years after 1950 (or, if later, the year in which he attained age 21) and before the year in which he died, or if it occurred earlier but after 1960, the year in which he attained age 62. For purposes of the preceding sentence, any calendar year any part of which was included in a period of disability shall not be included in such number of calendar years.
- (4) The provisions of this subsection shall be applicable only in the case of an individual—
 - (A) who becomes entitled to benefits under section 202(a) or section 223 in or after the month in which a new table that appears in (or is deemed by subsection (i) (2) (D) to appear in) subsection (a) becomes effective; or
 - (B) who dies in or after the month in which such table becomes effective without being entitled to benefits under section 202(a) or section 223; or
 - (C) whose primary insurance amount is required to be recomputed under subsection (f) (2).

(5) [Repealed.]

Primary Insurance Amount Under Prior Provisions

(c) (1) For the purpose of column II of the latest table that appears in (or is deemed to appear in) subsection (a) of this section, an in-

¹ P.L. 92-603, section 104(b), deleted "before—

(A) in the care of a woman, the year in which she died or, if it occurred earlier but after 1960, the year in which she attained age 62.

(B) in the case of a man who has died, the year in which he died or, if it occurred earlier but after 1960, the year in which he attained age 65, or

(C) in the case of a man who has not died, the year occurring after 1960 in which he attained (or would attain) age 65.

For" and inserted "before the year in which he died, or if it occurred earlier but after 1960, the year in which he attained age 62. For".

See feetnote to sec. 214(a)(1) for effective date.

dividual's primary insurance amount shall be computed on the basis of the law in effect prior to the month in which the latest such table became effective.

(2) The provisions of this subsection shall be applicable only in the case of an individual who became entitled to benefits under section 202(a) or section 223, or who died, before such effective month.

Primary Insurance Benefit Under 1939 Act 1

- (d) (1) For purposes of column I of the table appearing in subsection (a) of this section, an individual's primary insurance benefit shall be computed as follows:
 - (A) The individual's average monthly wage shall be determined as provided in subsection (b) (but without regard to paragraph (4) thereof) of this section, except that for purposes of paragraph (2) (C) and (3) of such subsection, 1936 shall be used instead of 1950.
 - (B) For purposes of subparagraphs (B) and (C) of subsection (b) (2), an individual whose total wages prior to 1951 (as defined in subparagraph (C) of this subsection)—

(i) do not exceed \$27,000 shall be deemed to have been paid such wages in equal parts in nine calendar years after 1936

and prior to 1951;

- (ii) exceed \$27,000 and are less than \$42,000 shall be deemed to have been paid (I) \$3,000 in each of such number of calendar years after 1936 and prior to 1951 as is equal to the integer derived by dividing such total wages by \$3,000, and (II) the excess of such total wages over the product of \$3,000 times such integer, in an additional calendar year in such period; or
- (iii) are at least \$42,000 shall be deemed to have been paid \$3,000 in each of the fourteen calendar years after 1936 and prior to 1951.
- (C) For the purposes of subparagraph (B), "total wages prior to 1951" with respect to an individual means the sum of (i) remuneration credited to such individual prior to 1951 on the records of the Secretary, (ii) wages deemed paid prior to 1951 to such individual under section 217, (iii) compensation under the Railroad Retirement Act of 1937 prior to 1951 creditable to him pursuant to this title, and (iv) wages deemed paid prior to 1951 to such individual under section 231.
- (D) The individual's primary insurance benefits shall be 45.6 per centum of the first \$50 of his average monthly wage as com-

¹ Subsection (d), as it appears here, is applicable only to individuals who become eligible for old-age or disability insurance benefits or die prior to 1978. Otherwise, the provisions of subsection (d) as it appears on pages 181–188 apply.

puted under this subsection, plus 11.4 per centum of the next \$200 of such average monthly wage.

- (2) The provisions of this subsection shall be applicable only in the case of an individual—
 - (A) with respect to whom at least one of the quarters elapsing prior to 1951 is a quarter of coverage;
 - (B) except as provided in paragraph (3), who attained age 22 after 1950 and with respect to whom less than six of the quarters elapsing after 1950 are quarters of coverage, or who attained such age before 1951; and
 - (C) (i) who becomes entitled to benefits under section 202(a) or 223 after the date of the enactment of the Social Security Amendments of 1967, or
 - (ii) who dies after such date without being entitled to benefits under section 202(a) or 223, or
 - (iii) whose primary insurance amount is required to be recomputed under section 215(f) (2) or (6), or section 231...
- (3) The provisions of this subsection as in effect prior to the enactment of the Social Security Amendments of 1967 shall be applicable in the case of an individual—
 - (A) who attained age 21 after 1936 and prior to 1951, or
 - (B) who had a period of disability which began prior to 1951, but only if the primary insurance amount resulting therefrom is higher than the primary insurance amount resulting from the application of this section (as amended by the Social Security Amendments of 1967) and section 220.

Certain Wages and Self-Employment Income Not To Be Counted

- (e) For the purposes of subsections (b) and (d)—
- (1) in computing an individual's average monthly wage there shall not be counted the excess over \$3,600 in the case of any calendar year after 1950 and before 1955, the excess over \$4,200 in the case of any calendar year after 1954 and before 1959, the excess over \$4,800 in the case of any calendar year after 1958 and before 1966, the excess over \$6,600 in the case of any calendar year after 1965 and before 1968, the excess over \$7,800 in the case of any calendar year after 1967 and before 1972, the excess over \$9,000 in the case of any calendar year after 1971 and before 1973, the excess over \$10,800 in the case of any calendar year after 1972 and before 1974, the excess over \$13,200 in the case of any calendar year after 1973 and before 1975, and the excess over an amount equal to the contribution and benefit base (as determined under section 230) in the case of any calendar year after 1974 with re-

.

¹ See Appendix E.

- spect to which such contribution and benefit base is effective of (A) the wages paid to him in such year, plus (B) the self-employment income credited to such year (as determined under section 212); and
- (2) if an individual's average monthly wage computed under subsection (b) or for the purposes of subsection (d) is not a multiple of \$1, it shall be reduced to the next lower multiple of \$1.

Recomputation of Benefits

- (f) (1) After an individual's primary insurance amount has been determined under this section, there shall be no recomputation of such individual's primary insurance amount except as provided in this subsection or, in the case of a World War II veteran who died prior to July 27, 1954, as provided in section 217(b).
- (2) If an individual has wages or self-employment income for a year after 1965 for any part of which he is entitled to old-age insurance benefits, the Secretary shall, at such time or times and within such period as he may by regulations prescribe, recompute such individual's primary insurance amount with respect to each such year. Such recomputation shall be made as provided in subsections (a)(1) (A) and (C) and (a)(3) as though the year with respect to which such recomputation is made is the last year of the period specified in subsection (b)(2)(C). A recomputation under this paragraph with respect to any year shall be effective—
 - (A) in the case of an individual who did not die in such year, for monthly benefits beginning with benefits for January of the following year; or
 - (B) in the case of an individual who died in such year, for monthly benefits beginning with benefits for the month in which he died.
- (3) In the case of any individual who became entitled to old-age insurance benefits in 1952 or in a taxable year which began in 1952 (and without the application of section 202(j)(1)), or who died in 1952 or in a taxable year which began in 1952 but did not become entitled to such benefits prior to 1952, and who had self-employment income for a taxable year which ended within or with 1952 or which began in 1952, then upon application filed by such individual after the close of such taxable year and prior to January 1961 or (if he died without filing such application and such death occurred prior to January 1961) by a person entitled to monthly benefits on the basis of such individual's wages and self-employment income, the Secretary shall recompute such individual's primary insurance amount. Such recomputation shall be made in the manner provided in the preceding subsections of this section (other than subsection (b) (4) (A)) for com-

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putation of such amount, except that (A) the self-employment income closing date shall be the day following the quarter with or within which such taxable year ended, and (B) the self-employment income for any subsequent taxable year shall not be taken into account. Such recomputation shall be effective (A) in the case of an application filed by such individual, for and after the first month in which he became entitled to old-age insurance benefits, and (B) in the case of an application filed by any other person, for and after the month in which such person who filed such application for recomputation became entitled to such monthly benefits. No recomputation under this paragraph pursuant to an application filed after such individual's death shall affect the amount of the lump-sum death payment under subsection (i) of section 202, and no such recomputation shall render erroneous any such payment certified by the Secretary prior to the effective date of the recomputation.

- (4) Any recomputation under this subsection shall be effective only if such recomputation results in a higher primary insurance amount.
- (5) In the case of a man who became entitled to old-age insurance benefits and died before the month in which he attained age 65, the Secretary shall recompute his primary insurance amount as provided in subsection (a) as though he became entitled to old-age insurance benefits in the month in which he died; except that (i) his computation base years referred to in subsection (b) (2) shall include the year in which he died, and (ii) his elapsed years referred to in subsection (b) (3) shall not include the year in which he died or any year thereafter. Such recomputation of such primary insurance amount shall be effective for and after the month in which he died.
- (6) Upon the death after 1967 of an individual entitled to benefits under section 202(a) or section 223, if any person is entitled to monthly benefits or a lump-sum death payment, on the wages and self-employment income of such individual, the Secretary shall recompute the decedent's primary insurance amount, but only if the decedent during his lifetime was paid compensation which was treated under section 205(o) as remuneration for employment.

Rounding of Benefits

(g) The amount of any primary insurance amount and the amount of any monthly benefit computed under section 202 or 223 which (after reduction under section 203(a) and deductions under section 203(b)) is not a multiple of \$0.10 shall be raised to the next higher multiple of \$0.10.

Remuneration of Certain Public Health Service Officers 1

(h) (1) Notwithstanding the provisions of subchapter III of chapter 83 of title 5, United States Code, remuneration paid for services to which the provisions of section 210(1)(1) of this Act are applicable

¹ Subsection title is not included in the statute.

and which is performed by an individual as a commissioned officer of the Reserve Corps of the Public Health Service prior to July 1, 1960, shall not be included in computing entitlement to or the amount of any monthly benefit under this title, on the basis of his wages and self-employment income, for any month after June 1960 and prior to the first month with respect to which the Civil Service Commission certifies to the Secretary that, by reason of a waiver filed as provided in paragraph (2), no further annuity will be paid to him, his wife, and his children, or, if he has died, to his widow and children, under subchapter III of chapter 83 of title 5, United States Code, on the basis of such service.

(2) In the case of a monthly benefit for a month prior to that in which the individual, on whose wages and self-employment income such benefit is based, dies, the waiver must be filed by such individual; and such waiver shall be irrevocable and shall constitute a waiver on behalf of himself, his wife, and his children. If such individual did not file such a waiver before he died, then in the case of a benefit for the month in which he died or any month thereafter, such waiver must be filed by his widow, if any, and by or on behalf of all his children, if any; and such waivers shall be irrevocable. Such a waiver by a child shall be filed by his legal guardian or guardians, or, in the absence thereof, by the person (or persons) who has the child in his care.

Cost-of-Living Increases in Benefits

(i) (1) For purposes of this subsection—

(A) the term "base quarter" means (i) the calendar quarter ending on March 31 in each year after 1974, or (ii) any other calendar quarter in which occurs the effective month of a general benefit increase under this title;

- (B) the term "cost-of-living computation quarter" means a base quarter, as defined in subparagraph (A)(i), in which the Consumer Price Index prepared by the Department of Labor exceeds, by not less than 3 per centum, such Index in the later of (i) the last prior cost-of-living computation quarter which was established under this subparagraph, or (ii) the most recent calendar quarter in which occurred the effective month of a general benefit increase under this title; except that there shall be no cost-of-living computation quarter in any calendar year if in the year prior to such year a law has been enacted providing a general benefit increase under this title or if in such prior year such a general benefit increase becomes effective; and
- (C) the Consumer Price Index for a base quarter, a cost-ofliving computation quarter, or any other calendar quarter shall be the arithmetical mean of such index for the 3 months in such quarter.

1

- (2) (A) (i) The Secretary shall determine each year beginning with 1975 (subject to the limitation in paragraph (1) (B)) whether the base quarter (as defined in paragraph (1) (A) (i)) in such year is a cost-of-living computation quarter.
- (ii) If the Secretary determines that the base quarter in any year is a cost-of-living computation quarter, he shall, effective with the month of June of such year as provided in subparagraph (B), increase the benefit amount of each individual who for such month is entitled to benefits under section 227 or 228, and the primary insurance amount of each other individual under this title (but not including a primary insurance amount determined under subsection (a) (3) of this section), by an amount derived by multiplying each such amount (including each such individual's primary insurance amount or benefit amount under section 227 or 228 as previously increased under this subparagraph) by the same percentage (rounded to the nearest one-tenth of 1 percent) as the percentage by which the Consumer Price Index for such cost-of-living computation quarter exceeds such index for the most recent prior calendar quarter which was a base quarter under paragraph (1)(A)(ii) or, if later, the most recent cost-of-living computation quarter under paragraph (1) (B). Any such increased amount which is not a multiple of \$0.10 shall be increased to the next higher multiple of \$0.10.
- (B) The increase provided by subparagraph (A) with respect to a particular cost-of-living computation quarter shall apply in the case of monthly benefits under this title for months after May of the calendar year in which occurred such cost-of-living computation quarter, and in the case of lump-sum death payments with respect to deaths occurring after May of such calendar year.
- (C) (i) Whenever the level of the Consumer Price Index as published for any month exceeds by 2.5 percent or more the level of such index for the most recent base quarter (as defined in paragraph (1) (A) (ii)) or, if later, the most recent cost-of-living computation quarter, the Secretary shall (within 5 days after such publication) report the amount of such excess to the House Committee on Ways and Means and the Senate Committee on Finance.
- (ii) Whenever the Secretary determines that a base quarter in a calendar year is also a cost-of-living computation quarter, he shall notify the House Committee on Ways and Means and the Senate Committee on Finance of such determination within 30 days after the close of such quarter, indicating the amount of the benefit increase to be provided, his estimate of the extent to which the cost of such increase would be met by an increase in the contribution and benefit base under section 230 and the estimated amount of the increase in such base, the

actuarial estimates of the effect of such increase, and the actuarial assumptions and methodology used in preparing such estimates.

- (D) If the Secretary determines that a base quarter in a calendar year is also a cost-of-living computation quarter, he shall publish in the Federal Register within 45 days after the close of such quarter, a determination that a benefit increase is resultantly required and the percentage thereof. He shall also publish in the Federal Register at that time (along with the increased benefit amounts which shall be deemed to be the amounts appearing in sections 227 and 228) a revision of the table of benefits contained in subsection (a) of this section (as it may have been most recently revised by another law or pursuant to this paragraph); and such revised table shall be deemed to be the table appearing in such subsection (a). Such revision shall be determined as follows:
 - (i) The headings of the table shall be the same as the headings in the table immediately prior to its revision, except that the parenthetical phrase at the beginning of column II shall reflect the year in which the primary insurance amounts set forth in column IV of the table immediately prior to its revision were effective.
 - (ii) The amounts on each line of column I and column III, except as otherwise provided by clause (v) of this subparagraph, shall be the same as the amounts appearing in each such column in the table immediately prior to its revision.
 - (iii) The amount on each line of column II shall be changed to the amount shown on the corresponding line of column IV of the table immediately prior to its revision.
 - (iv) The amounts on each line of column IV and column V shall be increased from the amounts shown in the table immediately prior to its revision by increasing each such amount by the percentage specified in subparagraph (A) (ii) of this paragraph. The amount on each line of column V shall be increased, if necessary, so that such amount is at least equal to one and one-half times the amount shown on the corresponding line in column IV. Any such increased amount which is not a multiple of \$0.10 shall be increased to the next higher multiple of \$0.10.
 - (v) If the contribution and benefit base (determined under section 230) for the calendar year in which the table of benefits is revised is lower than such base for the following calendar year, columns III, IV, and V of such table shall be extended. The amounts on each additional line of column III shall be the amounts on the preceding line increased by \$5 until in the last such line of column III the second figure is equal to, or exceeds by less than \$5, one-twelfth of the new contribution and benefit base for the calen-

dar year following the calendar year in which such table of benefits is revised. The amount on each additional line of column IV shall be the amount on the preceding line increased by \$1.00, until the amount on the last line of such column is equal to the last line of such column as determined under clause (iv) plus 20 percent of the excess of the second figure in the last line of column III as extended under the preceding sentence over such second figure for the calendar year in which the table of benefits is revised. The amount in each additional line of column V shall be equal to 1.75 times the amount on the same line of column IV. Any such increased amount which is not a multiple of \$0.10 shall be increased to the next higher multiple of \$0.10.1

(3) As used in this subsection, the term "general benefit increase under this title" means an increase (other than an increase under this subsection) in all primary insurance amounts on which monthly insurance benefits under this title are based.

¹ Clause (v) was amended by sec. 103(d) of P.L. 95-216.

APPENDIX B

SOCIAL SECURITY TAXES

MAXIMUM AMOUNT OF ANNUAL EARNINGS SUBJECT TO SOCIAL SECURITY TAX

| Years | Maximum taxable carnings |
|----------------------|--------------------------------|
| 1937-50 | |
| 1955-58 | 4, 200 |
| 1966-67 1968-71 | 6, 600 |
| 1972 1978 | 9, 000 |
| 1974 1975 | 18, 200 |
| 1976 | 15, 800 |
| 1977 1978 1979 | 17, 700 |
| 1980 | 25, 900 |
| 1982 | 32, 400 |
| 1984 | • |

 $^{^1}$ Amount is adjusted automatically for increases in earnings level under section 230 of the Social Security Act.

PAYROLL TAX RATES FOR EMPLOYERS AND EMPLOYEES (EACH)

| | | [In percent] | | <u> </u> | |
|----------------------|---------------------------------------|----------------------|-------------------------------|-----------------------|---------------|
| Years | Old-age and survivors insurance | Disability insurance | Subtotal, cash benefits | Hospital insurance | Total |
| 1937-49 | 1. 0 | | | | 1. 0 |
| 1950-53 | 1. 5 | | | | 1. 5 |
| 1954-56 | 2. 0 | | | | 2.0 |
| 1957-58 | 2. 0 | 0. 25 | | | 2. 25 |
| 1959 | 2. 25 | . 25 | 2.5 | | 2. 5 |
| 1960-61 | 2, 75 | . 25 | 3.0 | | 3.0 |
| 1962 | 2. 875 | . 25 | 3. 125 | | 3. 125 |
| 1963-65 | 3. 375 | . 25 | 3. 625 | | 3. 625 |
| 1966 | 3. 5 | . 35 | 3. 85 | 0. 35 | 4. 2 |
| 1967 | 3. 55 | . 35 | 3. 9 | . 5 | 4.4 |
| 1968 | 3, 325 | . 475 | 3. 8 | . 6 | 4.4 |
| 1969 | 3. 725 | . 475 | 4. 2 | . 6 | 4.8 |
| 1970 | 3. 65 | . 55 | 4. 2 | . 6 | 4.8 |
| 1971-72 | 4. 05 | . 55 | 46 | . 6 | 5. 2 |
| 1978 | 4.8 | . 55 | 4. 85 | 1. Ö | 5. 3 |
| 1974-77 | 4. 375 | . 575 | 4, 95 | . 9 | 5. 85 |
| 1978 | 4. 275 | . 775 | 5. 05 | 1. 00 | 6. 05 |
| 1979 | 4 330 | . 750 | 5. 08 | 1. 05 | 6. 13 |
| 1980 | 4, 520 | . 560 | 5. 08 | 1.05 | 6. 18 |
| 1981 | 4. 700 | . 650 | 5. 35 | 1. 30 | 6.63 |
| 1982-84 | 4. 575 | . 825 | 5. 40 | 1. 30 | 6. 70 |
| | 4. 750 | . 950 | 5. 70 | 1. 35 | 7. 05 |
| 4000 00 | 4. 750 | . 950 . 950 | 5. 70 5. 70 | 1. 45 | 7. 15 |
| 1986-89 1990-2010 | 5. 100 | 1. 100 | 6. 20 | 1. 45 | 7. 6 5 |
| | | | 6. 20 6. 20 | | 7. 65 |
| 2011 and later | 5. 100 | 1. 100 | 0. 20 | 1. 45 | 7. 00 |

TAX RATES FOR SELF-EMPLOYED PERSONS

[In percent]

| Yours | Old-age and survivers insurance | Disability insurance | Subtotal, cash benefits | Hospital insurance | Total |
|----------------|---------------------------------------|----------------------|-------------------------------|--------------------|--------------|
| 1961-53 | 2, 25 | | 2. 25 | ****** | 9 05 |
| 1954-56 | 8.0 | | | | 2. 25 |
| 1957-58 | ãŏ | 0. 875 | | | a . 0 |
| 1959 | 2. 375 | . 875 | | | 8. 878 |
| 1960-61 | 4 125 | | | | 8. 75 |
| | W 120 | . 3 75 | 4.5 _ | | 4.5 |
| 1962 | 4. 325 | . 875 | 4.7 | | |
| 1963-65 | 5. 025 | . 375 | | | 4.7 |
| 1966 | 5. 275 | | 5.4 | | 5. 4 |
| 1967 | | . 525 | 5. 8 | 0. 85 | 6. 15 |
| 1040 | 5. 875 | . 525 | 5. 9 | . 5 | 6.4 |
| 1968 | 5. 0875 | . 7125 | 5. 8 | . 6 | 6. 4 |
| 1969 | 5. 5875 | 7105 | | _ | |
| 1970 | | . 7125 | 6.8 | . 6 | 6. 9 |
| 1971-72 | 5. 475 | . 825 | 6. 3 | . 6 | 6. 9 |
| 1973 | 6. 075 | . 825 | 6. 9 | . 6 | 7. Š |
| | 6. 205 | . 795 | 7. 0 | 1. Ŏ | 8.0 |
| 1974-77 | 6. 185 | . 815 | 7. Ŏ | 9 | 7. 9 |
| 1978 | 6. 0100 | 1. 0900 | | | |
| 1979 | 6. 0100 | | 7. 1 | 1. CO | 8. 1 |
| | | 1. 0400 | 7. 05 | 1. 05 | 8.1 |
| :-::-: | 6. 2725 | 0. 77.75 | 7.05 | 1. 05 | 8.1 |
| | 7. 0250 | 0. 9750 | 8. 00 | 1. 80 | 9. 8 |
| 1982-84 | 6. 8125 | 1. 2875 | 8. 03 | 1. 30 | 9. 35 |
| 1985 | 7. 1250 | 1. 4250 | 8. 55 | 1. 85 | <u> </u> |
| 1986-89 | 7. 1250 | 1. 4250 | 0 ** | | 10.00 |
| 990-2010 | | | 8. 55 | 1. 45 | 10.00 |
| 2011 and later | 7. 6500 | 1. 6500 | 9. 30 | 1. 4 5 | 10. 75 |
| PVII AUU JAVET | 7. 6500 | 1. 6500 | .9. 30 | 1. 4 5 | 10. 75 |

Revised April 1982

APPENDIX C
FEDERAL FUNDS FOR SOCIAL SERVICES UNDER TITLE XX: FISCAL YEARS 1982-83

| | 1982 | 1983 |
|--|---|--|
| Total | \$2, 400, 000, 000 | \$2, 450, 000, 000 |
| AlabamaAlaskaArizonaArkansasCalifornia | 40, 962, 220 4, 212, 053 28, 620, 903 24, 071, 886 249, 237, 734 | 41, 815, 600 4, 299, 805 29, 217, 172 24, 573, 383 254, 430, 187 |
| Colorado | 30, 421, 556 32, 727, 656 6, 265, 431 6, 718, 226 102, 563, 502 | 31, 055, 339 33, 409, 482 6, 395, 959 6, 858, 189 104, 700, 242 |
| Georgia | 57, 536, 651 10, 161, 579 9, 940, 446 120, 233, 067 57, 810, 434 | 58, 735, 331 10, 373, 279 10, 147, 539 122, 737, 922 59, 014, 818 |
| lowaKansasKentuckyLouisianaMaine | 30, 674, 279 24, 882, 706 38, 550, 819 44, 268, 682 11, 846, 400 | 31, 313, 327 25, 401, 096 39, 353, 962 45, 190, 946 12, 093, 200 |
| Maryland | 44, 395, 044 60, 411, 377 97, 487, 978 42, 931, 355 26, 546, 467 | 45, 319, 940 61, 669, 947 99, 518, 977 43, 825, 758 27, 099, 518 |
| Missouri | 51, 776, 667 8, 287, 215 16, 532, 310 8, 413, 577 9, 698, 253 | 52, 855, 348 8, 459, 866 16, 876, 733 8, 538, 860 9, 900, 300 |
| New Jersey | 77, 543, 905 13, 689, 174 184, 877, 557 61, 854, 005 6, 876, 177 | 79, 159, 403 13, 974, 365 188, 729, 174 63, 142, 630 7, 019, 431 |
| Ohio | 113, 693, 853 31, 853, 654 27, 725, 842 124, 961, 097 9, 972, 037 | 116, 062, 475 32, 517, 272 28, 303, 464 127, 564, 453 10, 179, 787 |
| South Carolina South Dakota Tennessee Texas Utah South | 32, 843, 487 7, 265, 792 48, 343, 844 149, 822, 742 15, 384, 525 | 33, 527, 726 7, 417, 163 49, 351, 007 152, 944, 049 15, 705, 036 |
| Vermont | 5, 380, 898 56, 294, 095 43, 489, 452 20, 533, 761 49, 544, 279 | 5, 493, 000 57, 466, 888 44, 395, 482 20, 961, 547 50, 576, 451 |
| Wyoming. American Samoe 1 Guam Puerto Rico Trust Territory of the Pacific Islands 1 | 4, 959, 693 347, 494 413, 793 12, 413, 793 1, 232, 026 | 5, 063, 020 354, 734 422, 414 12, 672, 414 1, 257, 693 |
| Virgin Islands | 413, 793 82, 75 9 | 422, 414 .84, 483 |

¹ American Samoa and the Trust Territory of the Pacific Islands are not eligible to receive funding under title XX. The allocations to these jurisdictions are based on a technical error in Public Law 97-35.

APPENDIX D

FEDERAL PERCENTAGE AND FEDERAL MEDICAL ASSISTANCE PERCENTAGE, EFFECTIVE OCT. 1, 1961-SEPT. 30, 1963 (FISCAL YEARS 1962 AND 1963)

| Stole | Federal, percent- ages | Federal medical assist- ance percent- ages |
|---|--|--|
| Alabama. Alaska Arizona Arkansas California | 65, 00 50, 00 55, 41 65, 00 50, 00 | 71. 13 50.00 50. 87 72. 16 50, 00 |
| Colorado | 50, 00 50, 00 50, 00 50, 00 53, 24 | 52, 28 50, 00 50, 00 50, 00 57, 92 |
| Guergia | 62, 53 50, 00 50, 00 61, 50 50, 00 | 96, 28 1 50, 00 50, 00 65, 43 50, 00 |
| Indiana | 51. 92 50. 39 50. 00 64. 38 63. 17 | 56, 73 56, 35 52, 50 67, 96 66, 85 |
| Maine | 65, 00 50, 00 50, 06 50, 00 50, 00 | 70. 63 50. 00 53. 56 50. 00 54. 30 |
| Mississippi | 65. 00 55. 98 61. 49 53. 46 70. 00 | 77. 36 60. 38 65. 34 58. 12 50. 00 |
| New Hampshire | 54, 91 50, 00 63, 55 50, 00 64, 23 | 59, 41 50, 00 67, 19 50, 88 67, 81 |
| North Dekots | 57. 90 50. 00 50. 11 55. 46 50. 00 51. 98 | 62, 11 1 50, 00 55, 10 50, 91 52, 81 56, 78 |
| Puerto Rico | 50, 00 53, 08 65, 00 64, 65 65, 00 | 1 50. 00 57. 77 70. 77 68. 19 68. 53 |
| Texes | 50, 83 65, 00 65, 00 50, 00 51, 98 | 55, 75 68, 64 68, 59 1 50, 00 56, 74 |
| Washington | 50, 00 64, 3 8 53, 35 50, 00 | 50, 00 67, 95 58, 02 50, 00 |

 $^{^{-1}}$ For purposes of section 1118 of the Social Security Act, the percentage used under titles I, X, XIV, and XVI and Part \dot{A} of title IV will be 75 per centum.

Source: Federal Register (December 1, 1980).

APPENDIX E-VARIABLE AMOUNTS APPLICABLE TO SELECTED PROVISIONS

[Note: See Appendix B for Tax Rates and Bases]

1. Retirement test exempt amounts:

| Year | For persons un | ider age 65 | For perso | For persons 65-701 | | |
|------|----------------|---|----------------|--------------------|--|--|
| | Monthly amount | Annual amount | Monthly amount | Annuel amount | | |
| | \$250 | \$3, 000 | \$250.00 | \$3,000 | | |
| 978 | 270 | 3, 240 | 333. 33 | 4,000 | | |
| 979 | 290 | 3, 480 | 875. 00 | 4, 500 | | |
| 980 | 310 | 8, 720 | 416. 67 | 5, 000 | | |
| 981 | 340 | 4, 080 | 458. 33 | 5, 500 | | |
| 982 | 370 | 4. 440 | 500, 00 | 6, 000 | | |
| 983 | 410 | 4, 920 | 550 | 6, 600 | | |
| 984 | (9) | · • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • | ັັ (າ) | ٠, ۵ <u>۳</u> | | |

- ¹ Effective 1983 the age at which the retirement test ceases to apply will be reduced from 72 to 70.

 Amount is increased automatically to reflect increases in average wages.

2. Increased benefit levels under automatic provisions:

| | Monthly amount of— | | | | | | |
|--|--|--|---|---|---|--|---|
| : Year | Descentes | Special benefits * | | Special | Supp | income 4 | ity |
| | Year | Percentage increase i | Individual | Couple | minimum · | Individual | Couple |
| 1975 1976 1977 1978 1979 1980 1981 1982 | 8. 0 6. 4 5. 9 6. 5 9. 9 14. 3 11. 2 7. 4 | \$69. 60 74. 10 78. 50 83. 70 92. 00 105. 20 117. 00 125. 60 (*) | \$104. 40 111. 20 117. 80 125. 60 138. 10 157. 90 175. 70 188. 60 (*) | \$9. 00 9. 00 9. 00 • 11. 50 (7) (7) (7) (7) | \$157. 70 167. 80 177. 80 189. 40 208. 20 238. 00 264. 70 284. 30 (*) | \$236. 60 251. 80 266. 70 284. 10 312. 30 357. 00 397. 00 426. 40 | \$78. 90 84. 00 89. 00 94. 80 104. 20 119. 10 132. 60 142. 50 (*) |

This percentage is applied to increase social security benefits effective June of each year and supplemental security income benefits effective July of each year. (For persons becoming eligible for benefits after 178, these percentages are applied to increase the benefit determined by the basic formula for years after the 2d year before they reach age 62, die, or become disabled.)

**Under secs. 227 and 228.

**Under secs. 236(a)(1)(C)(i)(II).

**Automatically increased as Consumer Price Index rises.

**Effective for months after December 1978.

3. Formulas for determining benefit amounts under 1977 act:

For Determining Primary Insur- For Determining Maximum Famance Amount (PIA): ily Benefit

ance Amount (PIA):

90 percent of Average Indexed
Monthly Earnings
(AIME) up to "A"; plus

\$2 percent of AIME above "A"
but not above "B"; plus

15 percent of AIME above "B."

150 percent of PIA up to "C";
plus

878 percent of PIA above "C"
but not above "D"; plus

134 percent of PIA above "D"
but not above "E"; plus

175 percent of PIA above "E"

| Year of worker's 1st eligibility or death ! | A | В | σ | D | 2 |
|---|-------------------|--------------------|----------------------------|--------------------|-------------------|
| 1979 | \$180 194 | \$1, 085 1, 171 | \$230 248 | \$332 358 | \$433 467 |
| 1981 | 211 | 1. 274 | 270 | 390 | 508 |
| <u>1982</u> | 230 254 (3) | 1, 388 1, 528 | 29 4 82 4 | 42 <u>5</u> 468 | 554 610 (5) |
| 1984 | (2) | (3) | (2) | (3) | _(1) |

¹ The year in which the insured individual first becomes eligible for an old-age insurance benefit (i.e. age 62), or for a disability insurance benefit, or (if he did not become eligible for either) the year of his death ³ Automatically modified to reflect increases or decreases in wage levyls

4. Quarter of coverage amount:

[Norz: Prior to 1978, an individual generally gained one quarter of coverage under social security for every calendar quarter in which he earned \$50 or more in covered wages.]

| | Annual carnings under social security required for- | | | | | |
|--------------|---|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|--|--|
| Year | l quarter of coverage | 2 quarters of coverage | 8 quarters of coverage | 4 quarters of coverage | | |
| 1978 1979 | \$250 260 | \$500 520 | \$750 780 | \$1, 000 1, 040 | | |
| 1980 | 290 | 580 | 870 | 1, 160 | | |
| 1981 | 310 | 620 | 930 | 1, 240 | | |
| 1982 | 340 | 680 | 1, 020 | 1, 360 | | |
| 1983 | 370 | 740 | 1, 110 | 1,480 | | |
| 1984 | (1) | (1) _ | (1) | _,(i) | | |

Automatically increased as wage levels rise.

1

5. Average annual wages for indexing purposes:

| Yes | • | Astroge wages | Year | Locrage waget |
|------|---|---------------------|--------|----------------|
| 1951 | | \$2, 799. 16 | 1965 | \$4,658.72 |
| 1952 | | | 1966 _ | 4, 988. 86 |
| 1958 | | 8 , 139, 44 | | 5, 218. 44 |
| 1954 | | 8, 155, 64 | | 5, 571, 76 |
| 1955 | | | | 5, 898. 76 |
| 1956 | | 8, 532. 36 | 1970 _ | 6, 186, 24 |
| 1957 | | 8, 641, 72 | | 6, 497. 08 |
| | | 8, 678, 80 | | 7, 188, 80 |
| 1959 | | 3, 855, 80 | | 7, 580, 16 |
| | | 4, 007. 12 | | 8, 030. 76 |
| 1961 | | 4, 086. 76 | 1975 | 8, 630, 92 |
| 1962 | | 4, 291. 40 | | 9, 226, 48 |
| 1968 | | 4, 896. 64 | | 9, 779, 44 |
| 1964 | | 4, 576. 82 | | 10,556.03 |

| Year | Average wages |
|------------------------------|---------------|
| 1979 | \$11, 479, 46 |
| 1980 | 12, 513, 46 |
| 1981 | 13, 773. 10 |
| A Warn of common or amount t | · |

6. Year of coverage amount:

[Norz: For purposes of section 215(a)(1)(C)(i)(II), a "year of coverage" for years prior to 1978 equals 25% of the maximum amount of earnings subject to tax as shown in Appendix B.]

| Year: | • | Amount |
|------------|---------------------------------------|----------|
| 1978 | | \$4, 425 |
| 1979 | | 4, 725 |
| | | 5, 100 |
| 1961 | | 5, 550 |
| 1982 | | 6, 075 |
| 1983 | | 6, 675 |
| 1984 | | (1) |
| 1 Increase | es automatically as wage levels rise. | () |

7. TABLE FOR DETERMINING PRIMARY INSURANCE AMOUNT AND MAXIMUM FAMILY BENEFITS UNDER SUBPARA-GRAPH (CX1)(11) OF SUBSECTION 215(a)(1) BEGINNING JUNE 1962

| 1 | Ħ | |
|--|--|---|
| (Years of coverage) | (Primary insurance amount) | (Maximum family benefits) |
| If an individual's years of coverage (an estermined under sec. 215(A) (1)(C)(ii)) are— | The amount referred to in sec. 215 (a)(1)(C)(i)(II) shall be— | And the maninum amount of benefits payable (se provided in sec. 216(3)(2)(3)) on the basis of his or her images and self-employment income shall be— |
| 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 | \$17. 50 34. 80 51. 90 60. 10 83. 30 103. 70 120. 90 134. 20 154. 40 172. 50 207. 10 224. 50 241. 70 254. 90 276. 30 278. 30 281. 70 327. 90 345. 10 | \$26, 30 \$2, 00 78, 00 103, 80 128, 80 195, 80 181, 30 207, 30 233, 10 253, 90 281, 00 310, 80 322, 90 332, 60 344, 50 441, 50 448, 10 491, 90 517, 70 |

APPENDIX F

AMENDING LEGISLATION

Laws enacted since the 92nd Congress which amend or directly affect the Social Security Act or the other related Acts included in this document are listed below. For a listing of prior laws amending the Social Security Act see House Document 93-117, Compilation of the Social Security Laws, p. 675-677.

Private Law

Private Law 93-107, approved December 31, 1974 (88 Stat. 2386).

Public Laws

Public Law 93-53, approved July 1, 1973, (87 Stat. 134).

Public Law 93-58, approved July 6, 1973 (87 Stat. 141).

Public Law 93-66, approved July 9, 1973 (87 Stat. 152).

Public Law 93-69, approved July 10, 1973 (87 Stat. 162).

Public Law 93-233, approved December 31, 1973 (87 Stat. 947).

Public Law 93-256, approved March 28, 1974 (88 Stat. 52).

Public Law 93-329, approved June 30, 1974 (88 Stat. 288).

Public Law 93-335, approved July 8, 1974 (88 Stat. 291).

Public Law 93-368, approved August 7, 1974 (88 Stat. 420).

Public Law 93-406, approved September 2, 1974 (88 Stat. 829). The Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974.

Public Law 93-445, passed over veto October 16, 1974 (88 Stat. 1305).

Public Law 93-480, approved October 26, 1974 (88 Stat. 1454).

Public Law 93-484, approved October 26, 1974 (88 Stat. 1459).

Public Law 93-490, approved October 26, 1974 (88 Stat. 1459).

Public Law 93-572, approved December 31, 1974 (88 Stat. 1869).

The Emergency Unemployment Compensation Act of 1974.

Public Law 93-618, approved January 3, 1975 (88 Stat. 1978). The Trade Act of 1974.

Public Law 93-647, approved January 4, 1975 (88 Stat. 2337). The Social Services Amendments of 1974.

Public Law 94-12, approved March 29, 1975 (89 Stat. 26). The Tax Reduction Act of 1975.

Public Law 94-44, approved June 28, 1975 (89 Stat. 235).

Public Law 94-45, approved June 30, 1975 (89 Stat. 236). The Emergency Compensation and Special Unemployment Assistance Extension Act of 1975.

Public Law 94-46, approved June 30, 1975 (89 Stat. 245).

Public Law 94-48, approved July 1, 1975 (89 Stat. 247).

Public Law 94-88, approved August 9, 1975 (89 Stat. 433).

Public Law 94-92, approved August 9, 1975 (89 Stat. 461).

Public Law 94-93, approved August 9, 1975 (89 Stat. 466).

Public Law 94-114 (S. 1327), approved October 17, 1975 (89 Stat. 577).

Public Law 94-120, approved October 21, 1975 (89 Stat. 609).

Public Law 94-164, approved December 23, 1975 (89 Stat. 970).

The Revenue Adjustment Act of 1975.

Public Law 94-182, approved December 31, 1975 (89 Stat. 1051).

Public Law 94-202, approved January 2, 1976 (89 Stat. 1135).

Public Law 94-273 (S. 2445), approved April 21, 1976 (90 Stat. 375). The Fiscal Year Adjustment Act.

Public Law 94-274 (S. 2444). approved April 21, 1976 (90 Stat 383). The Fiscal Year Transition Act.

Public Law 94-331 (H.R. 10051), approved June 30, 1976 (90 Stat 781).

Public Law 94-354 (H.R. 13069), approved July 12, 1976 (90 Stat 888).

Public Law 94-365 (H.R. 14484), approved July 14, 1976 (90 Stat. 990).

Public Law 94-368 (H.R. 13501), approved July 16, 1976 (90 Stat. 997).

Public Law 94-375 (S. 3295), approved August 3, 1976 (90 Stat. 1067). The Housing Authorization Act of 1976.

Public Law 94-379 (H.R. 14514), approved August 10, 1976 (90 Stat. 1111).

Public Law 94-401 (H.R. 12455), approved September 7, 1976 (90 Stat. 1215).

Public Law 94-437 (S. 522), approved September 30, 1976 (90 Stat. 1400). The Indian Health Care Improvement Act.

Public Law 94-455 (H.R. 10612), approved October 4, 1976 (90 Stat. 1520). The Tax Reform Act of 1976.

Public Law 94-460 (H.R. 9019), approved October 8, 1976 (90 Stat. 1945). The Health Maintenance Organization Amendments of 1976.

Public Law 94-547 (H.R. 14041), approved October 18, 1976 (90 Stat. 2523).

Public Law 94-552 (H.R. 12961), approved October 18, 1976 (90 Stat. 2540).

Public Law 94-563 (H.R. 15571), approved October 19, 1976 (90 Stat. 2655).

Public Law 94-566 (H.R. 10210), approved October 20, 1976 (90 Stat. 2667). The Unemployment Compensation Amendments of 1976.

Public Law 94-569 (H.R. 7228), approved October 20, 1976 (90 Stat. 2699).

Public Law 94-585 (H.R. 13500), approved October 21, 1976 (90 Stat. 2899).

Public Law 95-19 (H.R. 4800), approved April 12, 1977 (91 Stat. 89). The Emergency Unemployment Compensation Extension Act of 1977.

Public Law 95-30 (H.R. 3477), approved May 23, 1977 (91 Stat. 126). The Tax Reduction and Simplification Act of 1977.

Public Law 95-59 (H.R. 1404), approved June 30, 1977 (91 Stat. 255).

Public Law 95-83 (H.R. 4975), approved August 1, 1977 (91 Stat. 883).

Public Law 95-113 (S. 275), approved September 29, 1977 (91 Stat. 918). The Food and Agriculture Act of 1977.

Public Law 95-142 (H.R. 3), approved October 25, 1977 (91 Stat. 1175). The Medicare-Medicaid Anti-Fraud and Abuse Amendments. Public Law 95-171 (H.R. 3387), approved November 12, 1977 (91 Stat. 1353).

Public Law 95-210 (H.R. 8422), approved December 18, 1977 (91 Stat. 1485).

Public Law 95-216 (H.R. 9346), approved December 20, 1977 (91 Stat. 1509). The Social Security Amendments of 1977.

Public Law 95-291 (H.R. 11370), approved June 12, 1978 (92 Stat. 304).

Public Law 95-292 (H.R. 8423), approved June 13, 1978 (92 Stat. 807).

Public Law 95-458 (H.R. 1337), approved October 14, 1978 (92 Stat. 1255).

Public Law 95-472 (H.R. 8811), approved October 17, 1978 (92 Stat. 1882).

Public Law 95-478 (H.R. 12255), approved October 18, 1978 (92 Stat. 1513). The Comprehensive Older Americans Act Amendments of 1978.

Public Law 95-482 (H.J. Res 1139), approved October 18, 1978 (92 Stat. 1603).

Public Law 95-524 (S. 2570), approved October 27, 1978 (92 Stat. 1909). The Comprehensive Employment and Training Act Amendments of 1978.

Public Law 95-559 (S. 2534), approved November 1, 1978 (92 Stat. 2131). The Health Maintenance Organization Amendments of 1978.

Public Law 95-598 (H.R. 8200) approved November 6, 1978 (92 Stat. 2549).

Public Law 95-600 (H.R. 13511), approved November 6, 1978 (92 Stat. 2763). The Revenue Act of 1978.

Public Law 95-602 (H.R. 12467), approved November 6, 1978 (92 Stat. 2955). The Rehabilitation, Comprehensive Services, and Developmental Disabilities Amendments of 1978.

Public Law 96-58 (H.R. 4057), approved August 14, 1979 (98 Stat. 389).

Public Law 96-79 (S. 544), approved October 4, 1979 (93 Stat. 592). Health Planning and Resources Development Act of 1979.

Public Law 96-84 (H.R. 3920), approved October 10, 1979 (93 Stat. 653).

Public Law 96-88 (S. 210), approved October 17, 1979 (98 Stat. 669). Department of Education Organization Act.

Public Law 96-167 (H.R. 5224), approved December 29, 1979 (98 Stat. 1275).

Public Law 96-178 (H.R. 3091), approved January 2, 1980 (98 Stat. 1295).

Public Law 96-222 (H.R. 2797), approved April 1, 1980 (94 Stat. 194). Technical Corrections Act of 1979.

Public Law 96-223 (H.R. 8919), approved April 2, 1980 (94 Stat. 229). Crude Oil Windfall Profit Tax Act of 1980.

Public Law 96-249 (S. 1309), approved May 26, 1980 (94 Stat. 357). Food Stamp Act Amendments of 1980.

Public Law 96-265 (H.R. 3236), approved June 9, 1980 (94 Stat. 441). Social Security Disability Amendments of 1980.

Public Law 96-272 (H.R. 3434), approved June 17, 1980 (94 Stat. 500). Adoption Assistance and Child Welfare Act of 1980.

Public Law 96-364 (H.R. 3904), approved September 26, 1980 (94 Stat. 1208). Multiemployer Pension Plan Amendments Act of 1980.

Public Law 96-398 (S. 1177), approved October 7, 1980 (94 Stat. 1564). Mental Health Systems Act.

Public Law 96-403 (H.R. 7670), approved October 9, 1980 (94 Stat. 1709).

Public Law 96-473 (H.R. 5295), approved October 19, 1980 (94 Stat. 2263).

Public Law 96-499 (H.R. 7765), approved December 5, 1980 (94 Stat. 2599). Omnibus Reconciliation Act of 1980 (including as Title IX the Medicare and Medicaid Amendments of 1980 and as Title XI the Revenue Adjustments Act of 1980).

Public Law 96-611 (H.R. 8406), approved December 28, 1980 (94 Stat. 3566).

Public Law 97-34 (H.R. 4242), approved August 13, 1981 (95 Stat. 172). The Economic Recovery Tax Act of 1981.

Public Law 97-35 (H.R. 3982), approved August 13, 1981 (95 Stat. 357). Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act of 1981 (including the Medicare and Medicaid Amendments of 1981 (in title XXI); the Maternal and Child Health Services Block Grant Act (in title XXI), the Social Services Block Grant Act (in title XXIII); and the Low-Income Home Energy Assistance Act of 1981 (title XXVI)).

Public Law 97-123 (H.R. 4331), approved December 29, 1981 (95 Stat. 1659).

Public Law 97-248 (HR. 4961), approved September 3, 1982 (96 Stat. 324). The Tax Equity and Fiscal Responsibility Act of 1982 - (including the Federal Supplemental Compensation Act of 1982 as Subtitle A of Title VI).

Public Law 97-300 (S. 2036), approved October 13, 1982 (96 Stat. 1322). Job Training Partnership Act.

Public Law 97-362 (H.R. 4717), approved October 25, 1982 (96 Stat. 1726).

Public Law 97-248 (H.R. 4961), approved September 3, 1982 (96